DOCKETED	
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Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Projections (EVI-Pro) Workshop

March 16, 2022



- 1) Welcome and Introductions
- 2) EVI-Pro model methodology, inputs and assumptions, and outputs
- 3) Scenarios and analysis for second Assembly Bill 2127 assessment
- 4) Q&A and Public Comment



- Workshop is being recorded
- Workshop Event Webpage:

https://www.energy.ca.gov/event/workshop/2022-03/electric-vehicleinfrastructure-projections-evi-pro-assembly-bill-ab-2127

 Written Comments to Docket # 19-AB-2127: <u>https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Lists/DocketLog.aspx?docketnumber=19-AB-2127</u>

Deadline: Friday, March 25, 2022

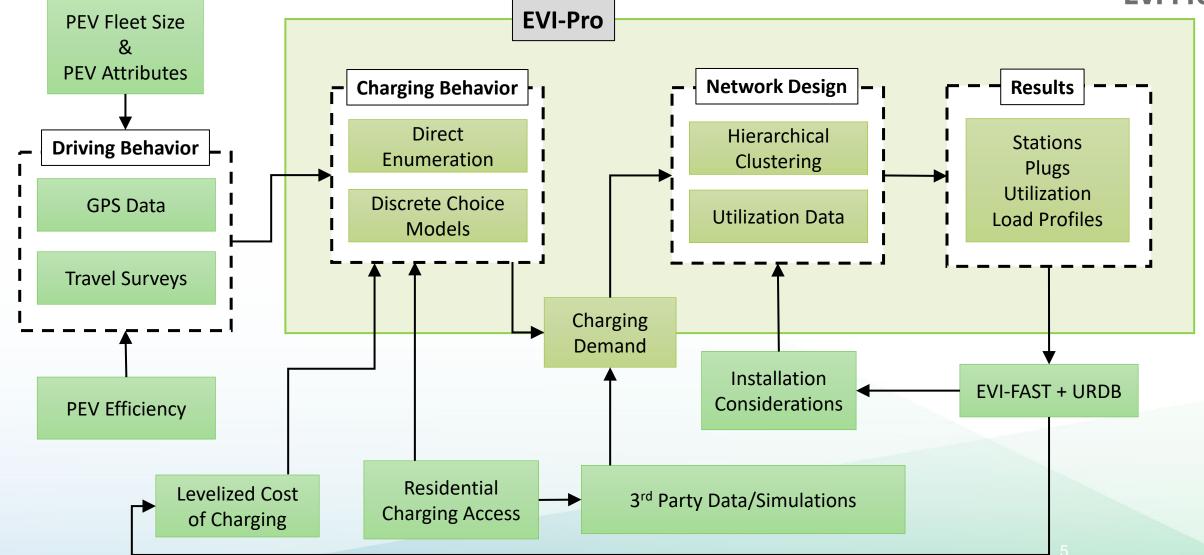


EVI-Pro Methodology



EVI-Pro Flow Diagram



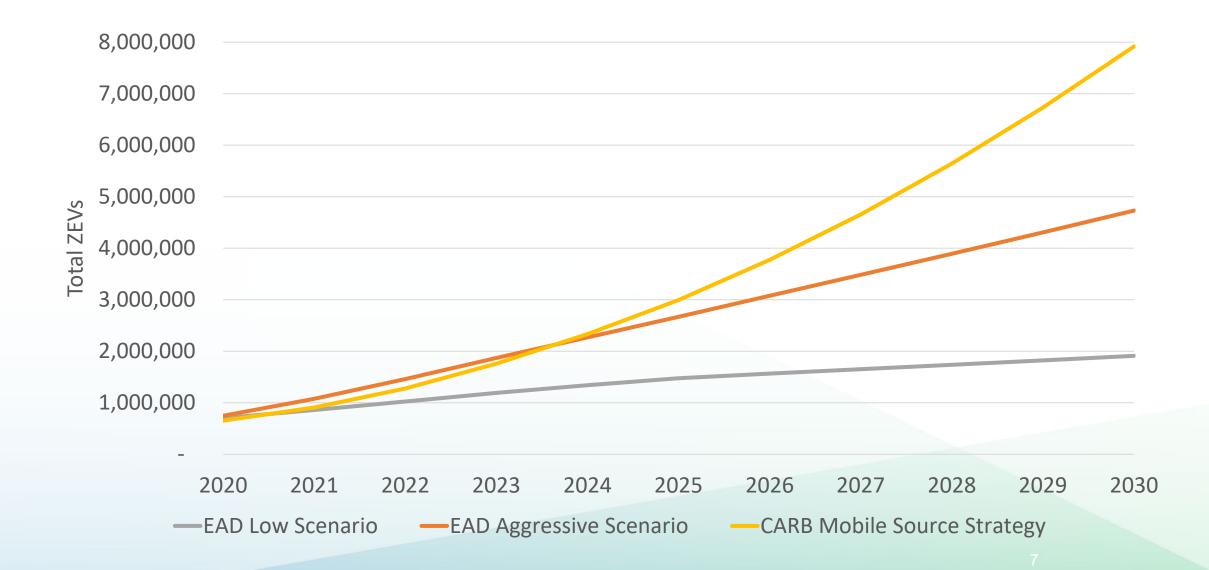




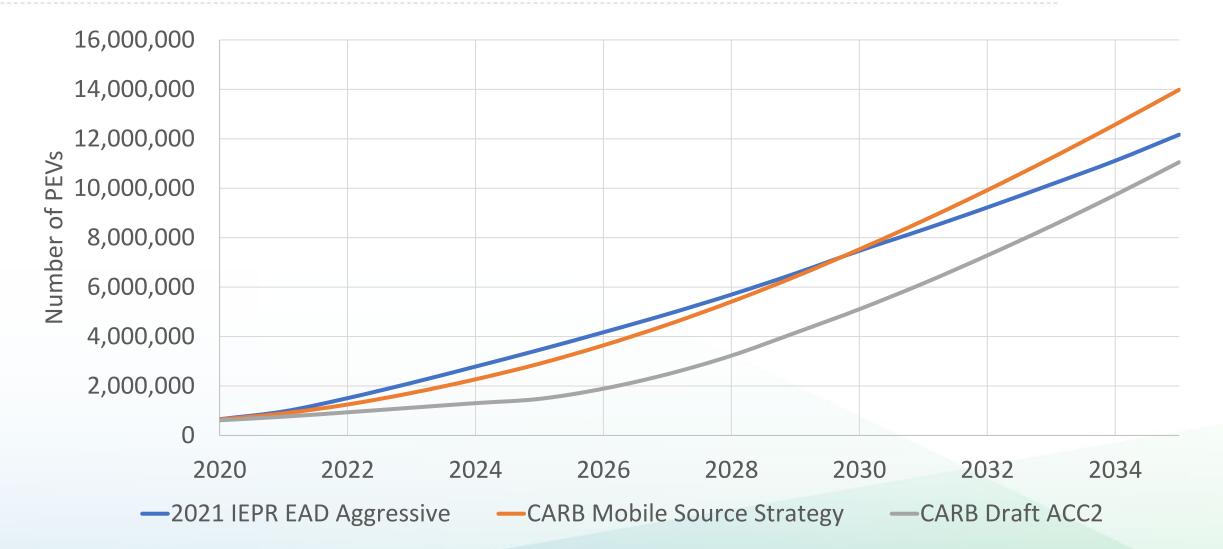
EVI-Pro Inputs and Assumptions









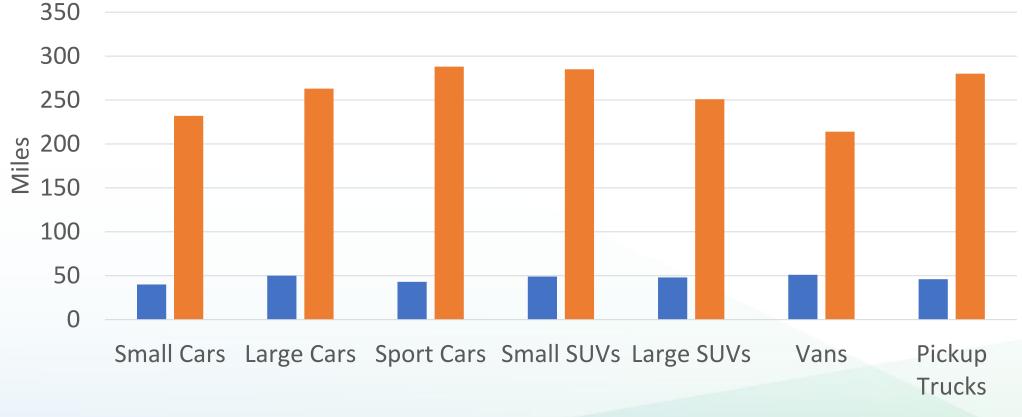




- Vehicles distributed according to current DMV county-shares of lightduty vehicles for vehicles 5 years old or less
- Assume that 77% of fleet resides in single-family homes, 23% in multifamily homes



2030 Fleet Average Electric Range



PHEV BEV

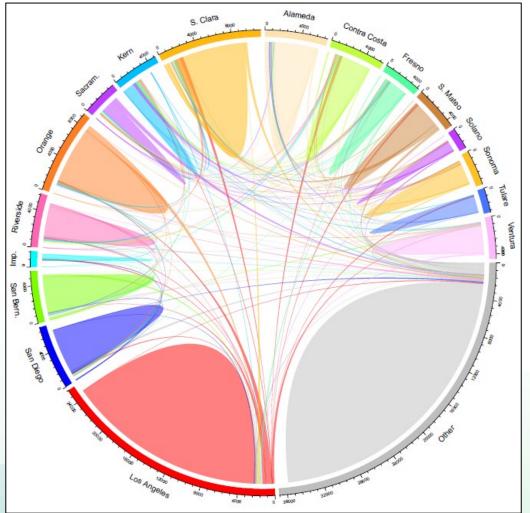


- Are there other approaches or assumptions we should use for the distribution of PEVs in the state?
- Are the attributes we used in the first assessment in line with what you are expecting in the market?
- Are there other considerations, trends, or data we should consider as we update vehicle attributes?



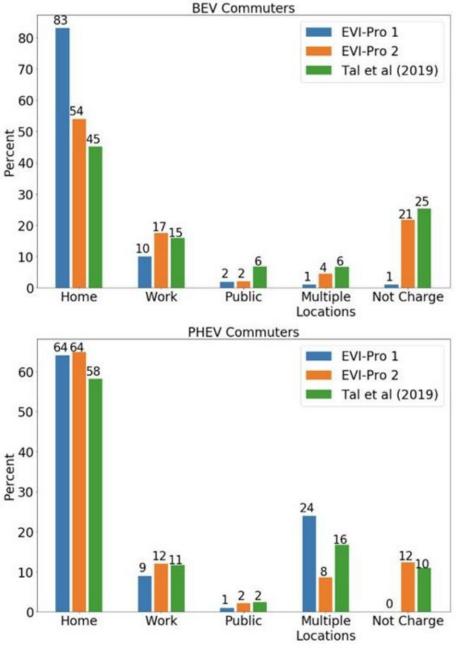
- 24-hour travel profiles from the 2012 California Household Travel Survey
- Supplemented with the California subset of the 2017 National Household Travel Survey
- Understand when and where drivers travel, the type of destination, how long vehicle is dwelled, etc.

CHTS County-by-County Travel Patterns



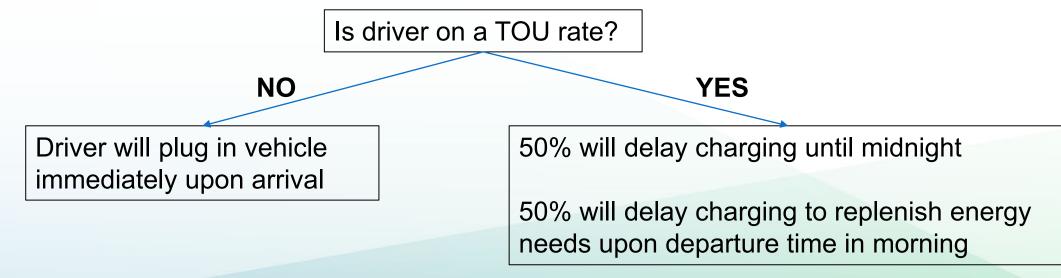
Charging Behavior and Preferences

- Calibrated charging behavior based on UC Davis research
- Simulate drivers to prioritize the lowest cost charging option available to them (typically home charging)
- Simulate PHEV drivers to maximize electric miles traveled





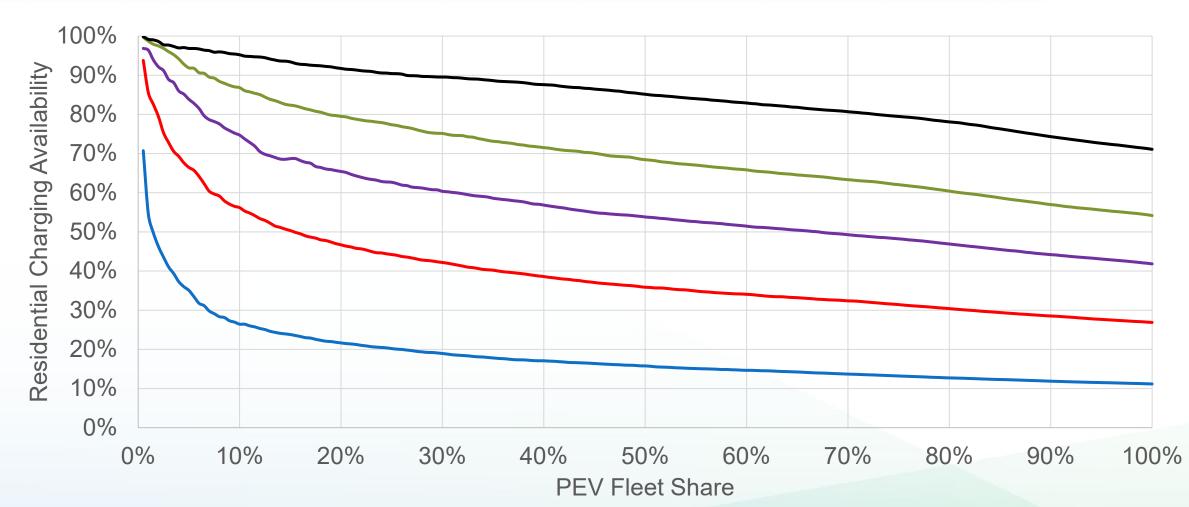
- Assume charging type preferences as follows:
 - Home > Work Level 2 > Public DCFC > Public Level 2
- TOU participation for home charging
 - Participation rates forecasted by Energy Assessments Division staff





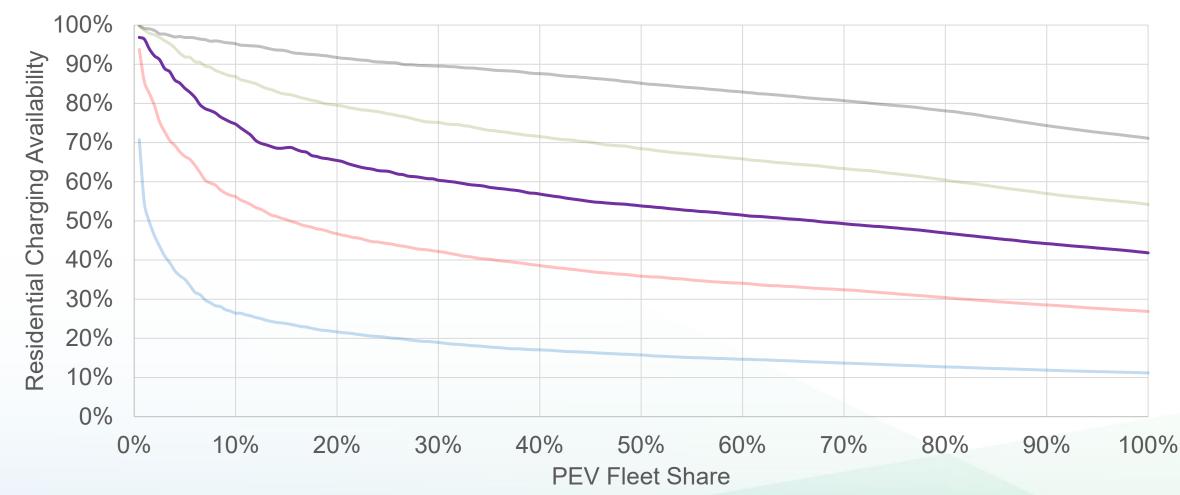
- Adding new options for charging (e.g., curbside chargers)
- More robust DCFC power levels
- Re-evaluating treatment of PHEV eVMT





- -Existing Access with 120V Perception
- -Potential Access
- -Potential Access with Parking Behavior Modification
- Existing Access
 Existing Access with Parking Behavior Modification

Assume Potential Access Scenario in EVI-Pro simulations



- Existing Access with 120V Perception
- -Potential Access
- -Potential Access with Parking Behavior Modification
- Existing Access
 Existing Access with Parking Behavior Modification



- DCFC and public L2 utilization based on historical data
- Workplace L2 assumed to serve 1 2 events per day
- MFH L1 assumed to serve ~1.0 1.1 events per day
- MFH L2 assumed to serve 1 2 events per day
- SFH L1 and L2 assumed to serve 1.0 1.1 events per day



- Are there other approaches or assumptions we should use for future utilization?
- Is there more recent and/or robust utilization data stakeholders could provide (especially high-powered DCFCs)?

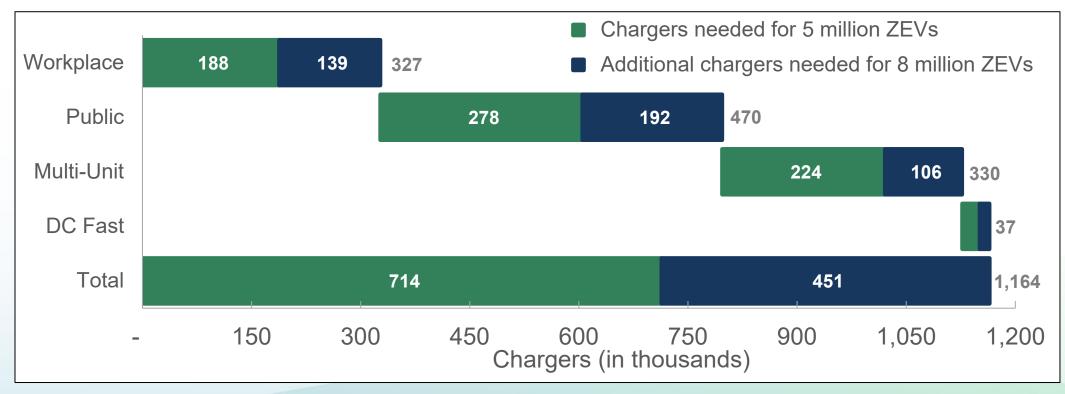


EVI-Pro Outputs

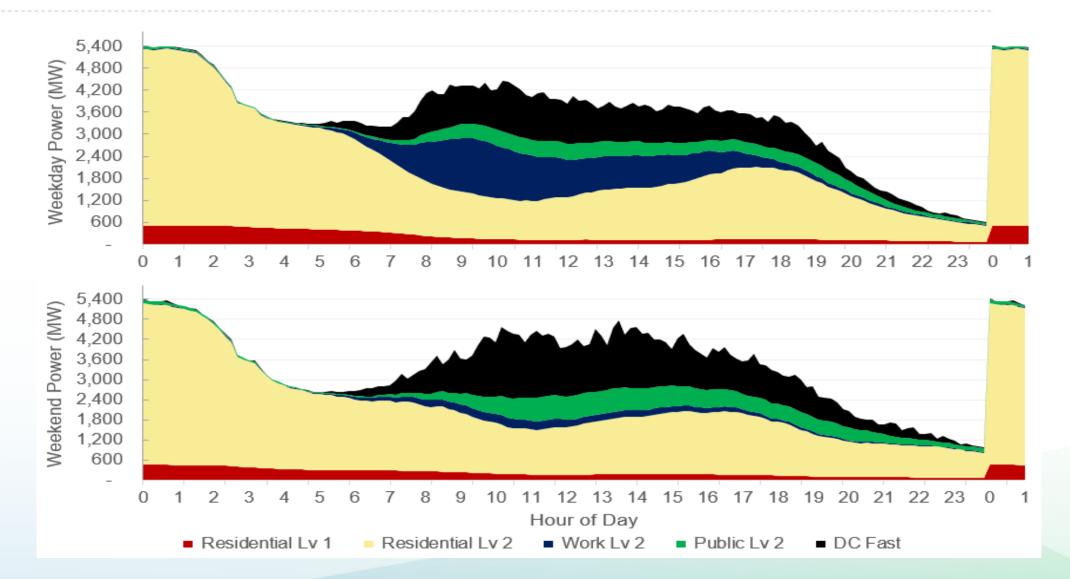




- Number of chargers by type (home, work, public L2, public DCFC)
- Location of chargers at the county level





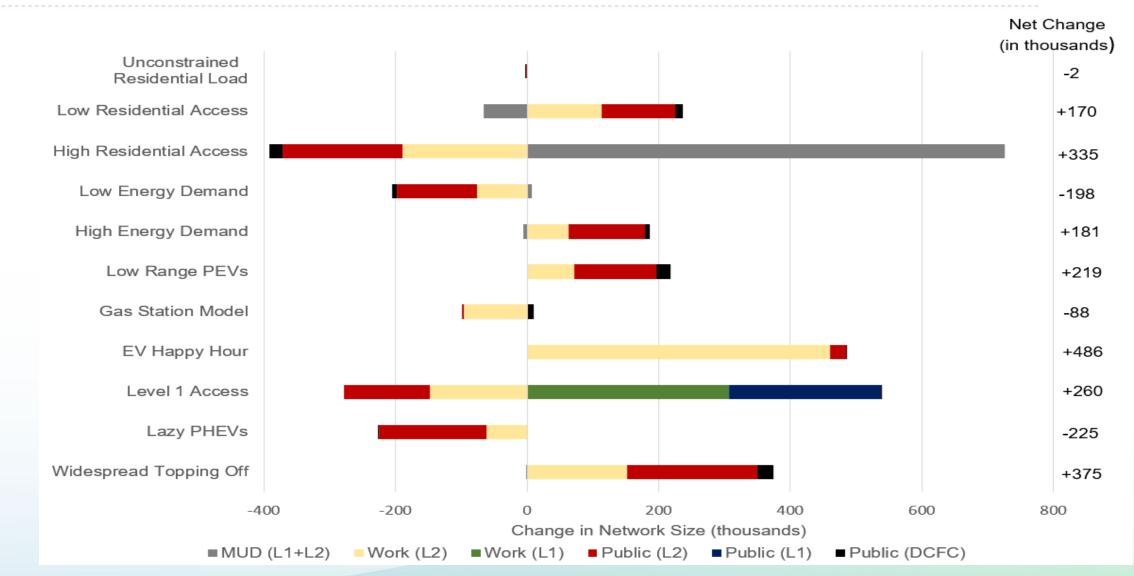




• Planning to automate many metrics in the outputs of the model:

- Average annual energy throughput per charger
- Average energy delivered per charging session
- Average utilization (hours used) per charger
- Estimated GHG emissions from charging (and GHG emissions avoided)
- Electric miles traveled
- Others?

Alternative Future Scenarios





- Are there more types of scenarios or conditions we should explore when considering uncertainty in the future?
- Are there other sensitivities in the model you would like to see?



Future Model Updates





1) Enhanced geographic resolution

- Aiming to get results at the traffic analysis zone level
- Leveraging UC Davis' EV Toolbox

2) Smart charging analysis

- Incorporating elements like pricing signals to influence charging behavior and explore V1G and V2G smart charging scenarios
- 3) Integrating different infrastructure models to output composite results



- How should we consider and test smart charging? What kinds of scenarios should be prioritized?
- Are there data sources you recommend or could provide to inform smart charging trends and behaviors?



Zoom Participants:

• Use the "raise hand" feature to make verbal comments

Telephone Participants:

- Dial *9 to raise your hand
- Dial *6 to mute/unmute your phone line.



Electronic Commenting System

Visit the comment page for this docket at: https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Ecomment/Ecomment.aspx?docketnumber=19-AB-2127

All comments due by Friday, March 25, 2022





Thank You