California Energy Commission

# **DOCKETED**

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# **Natural Gas in Transportation**

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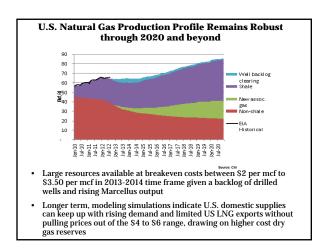
# **Key Points to be Covered**

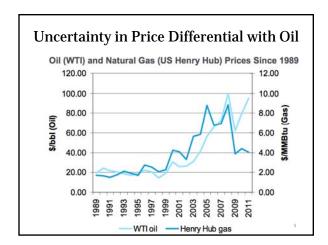
- How sustainable is the shale gas revolution in the United States?
- What is the potential for natural gas as a direct or indirect transportation fuel in California in light of the shale revolution?
- What does initial ITS scenarios analysis, as well as other sources, show about the potential for natural gas to displace petroleum and reduce greenhouse gas emissions and improve air quality in CA and the U.S.?

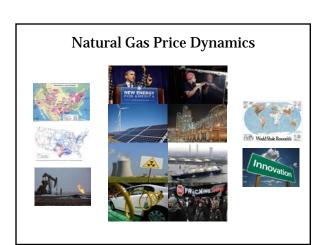
### Over ten U.S. shale plays have high liquids potential

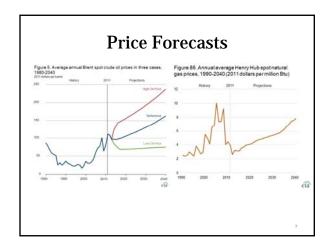


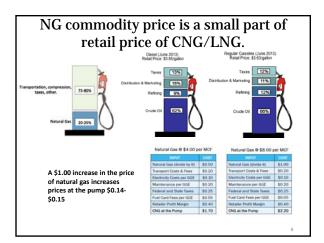
- U.S. shale oil and shale gas potential is widely distributed geographically
- Increasingly, natural gas is being produced as associated gas by product of shale oil production
- U.S. natural gas surpluses expected to be extended and large











# Natural Gas for Transportation: Lessons from Oklahoma

- Natural gas producers increasingly focused on creating new demand markets for natural gas including transportation
- State of Oklahoma initiative multi-state RFP for the purchase of CNG vehicles resulted in major cost savings for direct purchases from OEMs, combined with simultaneous station provider commitments. Incentives 75% cost of filling stations, 50% home refueling costs, funded via 0.25 GGE surcharge
- Transportation demand in US could top 1 Bcf/d to 3Bcf/d if oil-gas price ratio holds
- Oklahoma model an example for future initiatives in NGVs where natural gas production is high

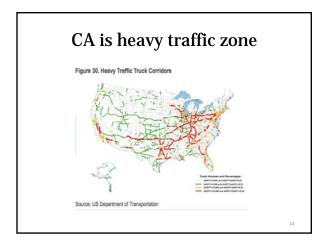
Oklahoma Ir	nitiative Nego	rnment tiated Lower vernment Pu	Costs from	<b>es</b> OEMs through Bul	k
	White Reserved	Previous Contract Option I Fuel ATP Option	Sales		
	Godge Rum 2500, Crow Cab (b)	Bellevi \$90,902 After \$20,900	56,309		
	Handa Chric GX (40)	Softre \$27,045 When \$34,664	SLIRE		
	Rand Transit Connect (b)	Sefure \$31,000 After \$29,738	SUNI		
	Fund 8-250 (b)	After SILANI After SILANI	SLAM		
	Aurel 5-550 (b)	Selove \$35,827 After \$30,368	\$5,409		
	% Ton CNG Dodge Ram				
		Gasoline	CNG		
	Vehicle Cost	\$24,352	\$29,993		
	Fuel Economy	14	14		
	Fuel Cost/GGE	\$3.91	\$1.19		
	Useful Life	175,000	175,000		
	Lifecycle Cost	\$73,227	\$44,868	Source:	
OK's purchase of 242 units = \$6.9 million in lifecycle cost savings!				Jay Albert Deputy Secretary of Energy State of Oklahoma	10

# Trucks- Payback Period What works and what does not:

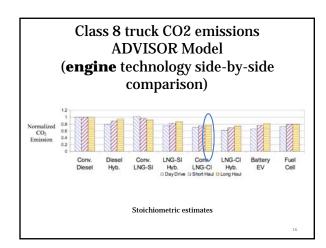
- Limited Range Trips Given restrictions on fuel carrying capacity and fuel mileage, the ideal CNG/LNG haul is roughly 400 miles
- High Annual Mileage Trucks need to be utilized well in order for the economics to work, and despite the shorter length of haul, tractors need to average more than 100k miles a year
- Access to Terminal Fueling Infrastructure Refueling natural gas tanks takes longer than diesel, requires more safety procedures and precautions, and fueling stations are ideally placed near pipelines or other natural gas feeder facilities
- Density of current stations is limited, though GE in a Box modular technologies are enabling faster growth

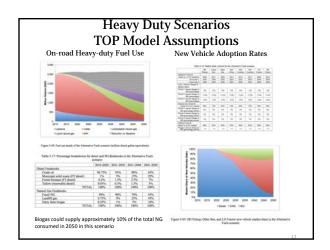
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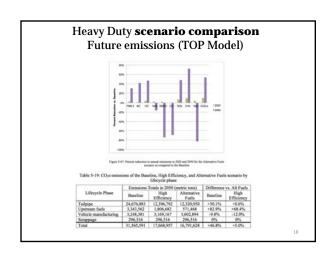
# Projections NGV Class 8 Truck Adoption: Penetration Likely limited Over Next 5 Years, but Could Scale by 2020 Figure 34. Long-Term Class 8 Natural Gas Penetration Forecasts ON ACT Research NOT CHAPMAN ACT RESEARCH NOT C



Greenhouse gas emissions reductions: Key factors, circumstances and assumptions.







# Social Costs TOP model Include both the direct costs incurred by HD vehicle users as well as the monetized externality costs imposed by HD vehicles, including air pollution, climate change, noise, and the military expenditures required to secure energy resources abroad.

## Ongoing research issues

- Consequential LCA
- Rebound effect
- Time horizon to calculate GWP (20 or 100 years)
- Only difference between shale gas and conventional natural gas is production phase. Distribution infrastructure is the same as conventional gas.
- Part of the problem is that price of natural gas is low:
  - Lots of venting (LOTS)
  - New Federal EPA regs in 2015 will require green completions that greatly reduce methane leakage at wellhead

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## **Sources**

- Amy M. Jaffe and Rosa Dominguez-Faus. Exploring Options for Natural Gas in Transportation The February 2013 NextSTEPS Natural Gas Scenarios Workshop Report (May 20, 2013)
- Benjamin Rodriguez Sharpe. Examining the Costs and Benefits of Technology Pathways for Reducing Fuel Use and Emissions from On-road Heavy-duty Vehicles in California. PhD. Thesis (2013)
- Hengbing Zhao, Andrew Burke, Marshall Miller. Analysis of Class 8 Truck Technologies for their Fuel Savings and Economics. Transportation Research Part D Volume 23 (August 2013)
- Delucchi, M.A., The Social-Cost Calculator (SCC): Documentation of Methods and Data, and Case Study of Sacramento 2006, Institute of Transportation Studies, University of California, Davis: Davis, CA, (2013 update)

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