California Energy Commission
DOCKETED
12-HVD-1

TN # 66091 JUL 02 2012

# Hydrogen Station Requirements 2012

Robert Boyd - Boyd Hydrogen, LLC

The Hydrogen Cycle: fuel for electro-mobility



#### BOYD Hydrogen



2003-2004 Developed Pacific Spirit Station for Ford, Fuel Cells

Canada, Natural Resources Canada, NRC-IFCI and BOC

2004-2005 Developed City of Taylor fueling station for Ford, BP, BOC

2004 to 2006 Developed indoor fueling system to support FC fork lifts

for BOC / Linde

2002 to 2012 Active support of developing codes and standards for H2

fueling at SAE, CGA, CSA, ICC, NFPA

The Hydrogen Cycle: fuel for electro-mobility

More info: <u>Bob@BoydH2.com</u> 925.330.6838 PO Box 2273 Orinda, CA 94563

#### Top Priorities in 2012

- \* Need to build stations that are installed and put into operation quickly
- \* Stations must be publicly accessible: public sale, no (or easy) user agreements.
- \* Need stations that dispense H70 with reasonable speed: 1 to 2 kg per minute so that the consumer can experience 3 to 7 kg fills in about 5 minutes
- \* Consumers need lot of stations: options and places to fuel

#### Station Capacity

Station Size	Cars per day	Kg per day	Dispenser Revenue \$1000 per year
Small	5 to 10	25 to 50	\$37 to \$140
Medium	10 to 30	50 to 150	\$140 to \$400
Large	30 to 120	150 to 600	\$400 to \$1,700

- \* Dispenser fills are average of 5 kg per fill
- \* Dispenser retail price of hydrogen: \$10 per kg

#### Fueling Performance

- \* 700 bar service pressure or H70 service is required: H30 is OK for buses and fork lifts, but fuel for 2015 FCVs is H70
- \* Dispenser must be capable of back to back fills with some flexibility on fueling time allowed for sequential fills and first fill of the day.
- \* Fast fueling requires cooling and use of a fueling protocol that meets intent of SAE J-2601.
- \* Alternative fueling protocols can be approved that meet requirements of CSA HVG-4.3

Certify stations to CSA HGV-4.3 to validate compliance with the intent and performance requirements of SAE j2601

## Dispenser Performance Certification retail sales and consumer protection

- \* to validate SAE j2601 compliance station operator must certify station dispenser performance to CSA HGV-4.3
- \* To certify the **dispenser meter accuracy** and allow for retail sales station operator must validate the dispenser accuracy using test vessels that meet **DMS and NIST** requirements.
- \* To certify fuel quality at the dispenser station operator must hire a third party test company to collect samples at the nozzle and analyze for compliance with SAE J2719

#### Permitting Challenges

- \* NFPA-2 Hydrogen Technologies Code was just published in 2013 and has good (but not perfect) support for H2 vehicle fuelling. Target for good code: 2015
- \* ICC Model Fire and Building Codes are basis of CFC, CBC, and on a 3 year change cycle. Target for good code: 2015
- \* 2010 California Fire Code, Building and Mechanical codes are flawed with respect to support for H2 vehicle fuelling

expect permitting challenges on each installation until about 2016 and require outreach to code officials (AHJ)

#### Renewable Hydrogen

- \* The use of renewable resources to manufacture hydrogen is a noble effort but adds unneeded cost to the early demonstration projects
- \* Large scale renewable hydrogen projects makes sense when the demand is large: 1 million cars = 1000 tons per day
- \* H2 produced from Natural Gas and water enable the FCV to operate at close to half the net (wells to wheels) GHG emissions of a comparable CNG vehicle
- Need to encourage renewable H2 production but not for small scale fueling projects where a renewable requirement is huge cost penalty
- \* It is unfair to burden H2 fueling project with a renewability requirement when CNG and BEV deployments have no equivalent

### Summary of key points for CEC 2012 Hydrogen Station workshop

- \* Need to build stations that are installed and put into operation quickly
- \* Stations must be publicly accessible: public sale of hydrogen, easy (or no) user agreements.
- \* H70 fast fill with dispenser certification for CSA HVG-4.3 compliance
- \* expect permitting challenges on each installation until about 2016 and plan for outreach to code officials (AHJ)
- \* Size of station may not be as important as station performance and commitment of proponent to deploy and operate station
- \* encourage renewable H2 generation, but do not burden small fuel station projects with renewable requirements