# Interconnection of Storage and Generating Facilities DOCKET

Distribution Interconnection Update: DATE MAY 14 2012
RECD. MAY 16 2012

Proposed Reform of CPUC Electric Rule 21



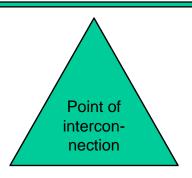
Presentation to IEPR Workshop May 14, 2012

Rachel Peterson, CPUC

# Role of an Interconnection Tariff In Serving DG Procurement

#### DG Procurement Programs:

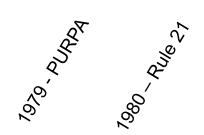
- Set overall program MW target and resource type goals
- Set individual project size cap, eligible generating technologies
- Set pricing methodology (feed-in tariff, auction, request for offers, adders)



#### Interconnection tariff:

- Sets technical standards for parallel operation of generating facilities to ensure safety and reliability of distribution system
- Comply with CPUC, FERC standards (open access, consistent standards)
- Neutral as to size, resource type, generating technology, pricing
- Sets engineering analysis tracks appropriate to generating facility characteristics
- Sets rules of communication, timelines, dispute resolution

# Success of DG Relies on Interconnection



200 AB 30 AB 30 B AB 30 BB

2017 OF Sottlement AM AUCTION #1

1980-2008: Qualifying Facilities (Rule 21)

2011-forward: QFs<20 MW Efficient CHP (Rule 21)

2000-2010: Self-Generation Incentive Program: 441 interconnected facilities, 227 MW installed capacity (Rule 21)

2006-present: California Solar Initiative: 113,860 interconnected facilities ,1.1 GW installed capacity

2008-present: Renewable FIT

SCE: 4 interconnected facilities, ~400

queued (Rule 21)

PG&E: 23 interconnected facilities, 79

queued (WDAT)

SDG&E: 4 interconnected facilities, 6

queued (WDAT)

179 MW in contract as of Jan 2012

2011: RAM auction #1 13 projects, 140 MW capacity (WDAT)

# Applicability of Rule 21, the Wholesale Distribution Access Tariffs, and the CAISO Tariff Generator Interconnection Procedure

Rule 21 **WDAT CAISO Tariff** Point of Point of Point of Point of interconnection interconnection interconnection on Interconnection on on IOU-controlled on IOU-controlled **IOU-controlled** CAISO-controlled distribution system distribution transmission distribution system "Compensation" for svstem Sale of full or partial svstem excess energy · Wholesale sale output at avoided Wholesale sale and/or electrical cost to host utility output is ("PURPA contract") interdependent with queuedahead transmission system applicants CPUC System-side DG CPUC System-side DG CPUC Customer-side DG CPUC System-side Programs likely to use Rule Programs that use WDAT: DG Programs that programs using Rule 21: 21: use CAISO tariff: Renewable Auction Net Energy Metering Renewable Feed-In Tariff Mechanism (RAM) Non-export RAM Self-Generation Incentive **Efficient Combined Heat** IOU Solar PV Programs IOU Solar PV Renewable Portfolio and Power Feed-In Tariff **Program Programs** Standard (RPS) Qualifying Facilities (QFs) RPS solicitations Storage selling to host utility at solicitations Virtual Net Energy Metering QFs with QFs with negotiated power avoided cost negotiated PPA purchase agreement (PPA) "Customer side of the meter" "System side of the meter"

IOU-Controlled Distribution System

CAISO-Controlled Transmission System

## The Need for Reform

Exporting
generating
facilities contribute
to penetration
levels more likely
to exceed 15%
threshold

Serial study process is inapt for higher volume of exporting facilities queuing in same electrical areas

Increase in developer complaints re: transparency, timelines

From 2008
forward: CPUC
procurement
programs
incentivize DG with
export onto the
distribution system

Rule 21 does not provide successful path to interconnection for emerging DG market segments

Lack of pathway to Resource Adequacy value despite statutory requirements

## **CPUC-Led Reform Process**

- Rule 21 Working Group Active 2000-2008, workshops April & August 2011
- 8/23/2011 Confidential Distribution System Interconnection Settlement Process launched by CPUC Staff
- 9/22/2011 Interconnection rulemaking on CPUC's own motion approved (R.11-09-011)
  - Procedural forum for results of Settlement
  - Interconnection issues identified within OIR could be addressed within Settlement, as OIR Phase 1, or OIR Phase 2
- 3/16/2012 Proposed Settlement filed in R.11-09-011
  - Centerpiece: Revised Rule 21
- 4/23/2012 IOU Transition Plans filed
  - Proposals to move queued applicants from presently effective Rule 21 to Proposed Rule 21
- 6/6/2012 Distribution Group Study Process Workshop
  - Proposal to be filed in R.11-09-011
- Q2-Q3 2012 CPUC consideration of Proposed Settlement
  - Conclusion of R.11-09-011, Phase 1
- Q2-Q3 2012 Launch Phase 2

# Distribution System Interconnection Settlement Details

#### Resources:

- Technical assistance from Energy Commission
  - Engineering expert available to consult with parties and CPUC Staff
- NREL Technical white paper addressing 15% penetration threshold

## **Negotiations and Parties:**

- 80 Settlement Parties in weekly confidential negotiations:
  - IOUs, CAISO, DRA, TURN, developers of solar, combined heat and power, and storage facilities; California and national DG and solar advocacy groups
  - 12 full-day, all-Party negotiation meetings (Aug 2011-Feb 2012)
  - 10 full-day drafting sessions by core drafting team

## Degree of Consensus:

- 14 Settling Parties signed Proposed Settlement
- One issue within Proposed Settlement protested by DRA
- **Settling Parties:** 
  - PG&E
  - SDG&E
  - SCE
  - Aloha Systems
  - California Farm Bureau Federation
- Center For Energy Efficiency and Renewable Technologies
- Interstate Renewable
   Sustainable **Energy Council**
- Sierra Club

- Solar Energy **Industries** Association
- SunEdison
- Clean Coalition
   Sunlight Partners
  - Conservation
    - Vote Solar Initiative

# Proposed Settlement: High-Level Summary

- Settlement Agreement:
  - Recommends CPUC approval of full Settlement
  - Recommends priorities for next phase of reform
- Rule 21 Tariff
  - Technical reforms: Appropriate engineering analysis of export, non-export, and net energy metered facilities
  - Transparency reforms: Procedural clarity, predictability, alignment with wholesale distribution tariffs
- Standardized Interconnection Request Application
  - Uniform application across utilities
- Standardized Interconnection Agreement for Exporting Facilities
  - Uniform interconnection agreement across utilities

# Highlights of Rule 21 Technical Reforms

#### Fast Track

- Initial Review:
  - 8 → 13 screens without increase in time for review\*
  - Exporting generating facilities eligible (3 MW SCE, PG&E; 1.5 MW SDG&E)\*
  - Storage eligible\*
  - Articulates transmission dependency test\*
  - Resource Adequacy achievable through CAISO deliverability assessment or DG Deliverability Initiative (pending approval)\*
- Supplemental Review
  - 100% of minimum load penetration threshold national best practice\*
  - Power quality, voltage, safety, reliability tests\*

## Detailed Study

- Independent Study Process drawn from wholesale tariffs\*
- Distribution Group Study Process June 2012 workshop\*
- Transmission Cluster Study Process clear transition for Rule 21 applicants with transmission system dependencies\*

<sup>\*</sup>Identified as a need in R.11-09-011.

# Highlights of Rule 21 Transparency Reforms

#### Timelines

- Clear timelines for Fast Track or Detailed Study completion by utility, decisions by applicant\*
- Clear withdrawal standards, procedures\*

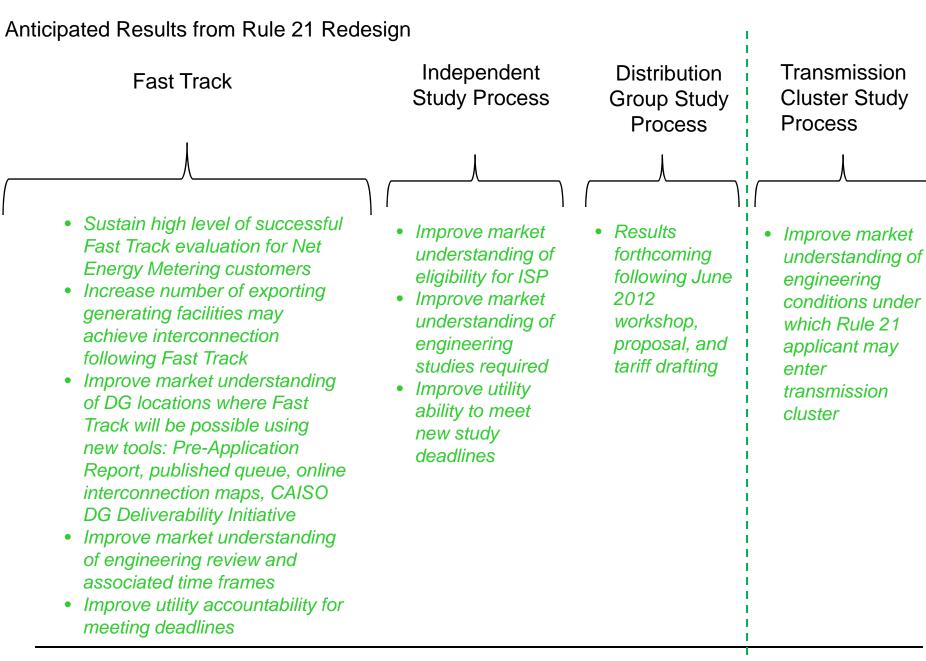
#### First looks

- Pre-Application Report
- Integrated, public Rule 21 and WDAT queue, including requests queued ahead on circuit or substation\*

## Dispute resolution

- Missed deadlines: IOU ombudsman, CPUC CAB, CPUC ALJ Alternative Dispute Resolution Program
- Non-deadline disputes: Meet-and-confer, ADR, formal complaint\*

<sup>\*</sup>Identified as a need in R.11-09-011.



# R.11-09-011: Next Steps

- Proposed Decision and CPUC Consideration of Proposed Settlement: Q2-Q3 2012
- Settling Parties' recommended Phase 2 scope
  - 1. Metering requirements;
  - 2. Reconsideration of Fast Track size limits, 15% screen;
  - 3. Cost allocation and certainty issues, e.g., earlier cost certainty, cost averaging, cost sharing, planned distribution system upgrades appropriate for rate-based support;
  - 4. IOU reporting on actual cost of system impact studies and facilities studies;
  - 5. Distribution Group Study Process development; and
  - 6. Reconsideration of timelines, timeline compliance, and timeline remedies.
- CPUC consideration of IOU transition plans (filed 4/23/2012)
- CPUC consideration of additional standardized interconnection agreements (to be filed June 2012)
- Staff proposal addressing IOU reporting on DG interconnection success, Rule 21 compliance

# Look Ahead: Interconnection and CPUC Actions, 2012-2013

## Implementation:

- Developer use of siting tools
  - Rule 21 Pre-Application Report
  - Published integrated Rule 21 and WDAT queues
  - IOU online interconnection maps
  - CAISO DG Deliverability Initiative

#### Technical:

- Net Energy Metering program open to all RPS-eligible generation technologies as of 1/2012 (adding bioenergy, geothermal, landfill gas, ocean-based)
- Technology certification
- Tie DG functions to technical standards, e.g., metering R.11-09-011, Phase 2

### Policy:

- Cost issues Tension between cost certainty and volume of queued interconnection applicants; appropriateness of ratepayer contribution to distribution system upgrades – R.11-09-011, Phase 2
- Cost-benefit analysis (e.g., jobs, environmental benefit, ratepayer impact) of DG procurement and siting – CPUC technical expert analysis

# Questions, Conclusions

# Proposed Settlement:

http://docs.cpuc.ca.gov/EFILE/MOTION/162852.PDF

Rachel Peterson

rachel.peterson@cpuc.ca.gov

(415) 703-2872