

# Operational Challenges with High Inverter Penetration

11-IEP-1G

**DOCKET**

11-IEP-1H

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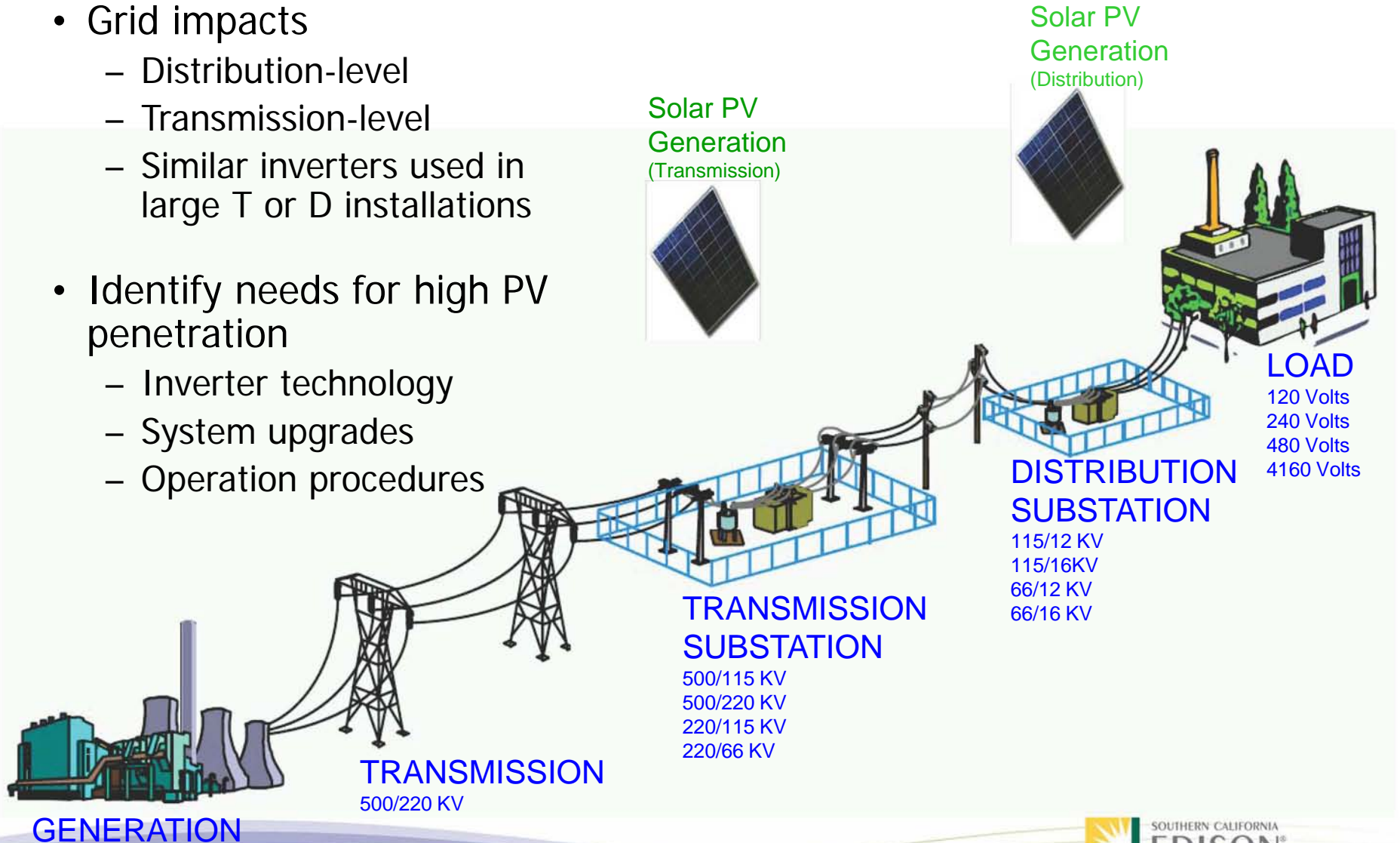
**ADVANCED  
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IEPR Workshop, Panel #2  
Questions 1, 2, 3, 4  
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# SCE PV Generation Studies

- Grid impacts
  - Distribution-level
  - Transmission-level
  - Similar inverters used in large T or D installations
- Identify needs for high PV penetration
  - Inverter technology
  - System upgrades
  - Operation procedures



GENERATION

TRANSMISSION  
500/220 KV

TRANSMISSION  
SUBSTATION  
500/115 KV  
500/220 KV  
220/115 KV  
220/66 KV

DISTRIBUTION  
SUBSTATION  
115/12 KV  
115/16KV  
66/12 KV  
66/16 KV

LOAD  
120 Volts  
240 Volts  
480 Volts  
4160 Volts

# Identified Grid Integration Questions

- Protection
  - Overall circuit protection coordination
  - Directional over-current relay capabilities for reverse current flow
  - Fault current effects on breaker ratings
  - Ground fault detection at the inverters
  - Subtransmission and transmission protection
- Engineering and Design
  - Voltage regulation
  - Transient over-voltage when islanded with little load
  - Lack of standard communications protocol
  - Harmonic issues on distribution circuits
  - Conductor and transformer sizing
- System Operation
  - Normal circuit switching impacts
  - Inverter monitoring
  - Low voltage ride through – LVRT/ System stability
  - Remote switching capability

# Protection Issues

- Overall circuit protection coordination
- Directional over-current relay capabilities for reverse current flow
- Fault current effects on breaker ratings
- Ground fault detection at the inverters
- Subtransmission and transmission protection

Solution Exists

Evaluating Best Solution

Technology/Standards Change



# Engineering and Design Issues

- Voltage regulation
- Transient over-voltage when islanded with little load
- Lack of standard communications protocol
- Harmonic Issues on distribution circuits
- Conductor and transformer sizing

Solution Exists

Evaluating Best Solution

Technology/Standards Change



# System Operation Issues

- Normal circuit switching impacts
- Inverter monitoring
- Low voltage ride through – LVRT/ System stability
- Remote switching capability

Solution Exists

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# Need to Improve Inverter Standards

- IEEE 1547
  - Developed with low penetration in mind
  - Does not allow some functions needed for high penetration:
    - Volt/VAR control
    - Low Voltage Ride Through
  - 1547.8 Recommended Practice to support high DG penetration
    - Will provide for advanced DG functionality
    - SCE taking an active role
- May also need to modify UL 1741 and CA Rule 21 to allow use of expanded inverter functionality

# Contemplated Inverter Characteristics

- Help regulate voltage through VAR control
- Fast overvoltage protection when islanded
- Limited fault current contribution
- Potential for low voltage ride-through
- Low harmonic distortion of output current
- Curtail power level remotely
- Communicate in a standard manner
- Contribute to system stability (voltage/frequency damping)



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