

**Firestone Building Products Company, LLC** 

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June 9, 2011

California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street Sacramento, California 95814-5512 docket@energy.state.ca.us

California Investor-Owned Utilities c/o Architectural Energy Corporation 142 Minna Street San Francisco, California 94105

**DOCKET** 10-BSTD-01 DATE Jun 09 2011 RECD. Jun 09 2011

Re: Docket No. 10-BSTD-01, June 10, 2011 Staff Workshop, 2013 Building **Efficiency Standards** 

Dear Sir or Madam:

The comments set out below are submitted by Firestone Building Products Company, LLC ("Firestone"), a major manufacturer of commercial roofing systems. These comments address two issues from the Stakeholders' Workshop held on June 1, 2011: the proposal by the Investor-Owned Utilities ("IOUs") to raise the prescriptive aged reflectance standard for lowsloped roofs to 0.70 across all climate zones; and the proposal by California Energy Commission ("Commission" or "CEC") staff to establish a mandatory minimum aged reflectance standard for low-sloped roofs of 0.55 for most climate zones.

Firestone appreciates the importance of building design in conserving energy, and the significance, in particular, of roofing systems to promote energy conservation. While Firestone supports the objective of energy efficiency, Firestone believes the proposed numerical standards would not be cost effective. If the Commission decides to adopt the new numerical standards, Firestone urges the Commission to phase-in the standards rather than making the proposed standards effective upon promulgation. As discussed below, imposing the new standards in a single step would have significant adverse effects on competition in the roofing market, negatively impacting both California consumers and businesses. This effect can be minimized by providing manufacturers time to develop and test roofing systems that meet the proposed numerical limits.





# The Key Factors the Commission Must Consider in Adopting Building Standards

The statutory authority of the Commission to promulgate and periodically update building standards to increase energy efficiency is set out in Cal. Pub. Res. Code § 25402. The standards adopted or revised by the Commission must be "cost-effective when taken in their entirety and when amortized over the economic life of the structure compared with historic practice." Cal. Pub. Res. Code §25402(b)(3). When considering cost-effectiveness, this same subsection requires the Commission to consider the value of energy saved, the impact on product efficacy for the consumer, and the life cycle costs of complying with the standard. It also requires the Commission to consider a number of additional factors, including the economic impact of a proposed standard on California businesses, and alternative approaches and their associated costs.

## The Proposed Numerical Standards Are Not Cost Effective

Slide number 5 presented at the June 1, 2011 workshop asserted that the cost of moving from the present prescriptive standard of 0.55 to the proposed prescriptive standard of 0.70 would not result in an increase in product cost. Slide number 8 maintained that field applied coatings and single-ply membranes meeting the 0.70 standard were less expensive than products meeting the 0.55 standard. Based in part on these conclusions, slide number 10 concluded that raising the prescriptive standard to 0.70 in climate zones 2 through 15 would be cost effective in terms of saving energy. Participants at the workshop requested copies of the data and analyses relied upon by the presenters to arrive at these conclusions. To date, this information has not been provided. Nevertheless, the conclusions are flawed.

For example, the conclusions concerning cost on slides 5 and 8 appear to be heavily influenced by the cost of field-applied liquid coatings. Yet liquid coatings are not comparable to single-ply membranes, because liquid coatings serve a different purpose (liquid coatings do not waterproof a building as do single-ply membranes), and must be re-applied much more frequently. As a consequence, field-applied coatings have very different cost factors than single-ply membranes. The material costs for liquid coatings are less, but the life cycle installation costs are higher. However, according to slide 5, the survey simply looked at material costs, incorrectly assuming that installations costs were the same. As a second example, it clearly would not be cost effective to expend substantial time and resources to develop a product that ultimately is tested as meeting a 0.70 standard, when there already are products available on the market that have been tested as meeting 0.69, which is well within the variability and margin of effort of the testing methods. We will discuss this further below.

# Implementation of the Proposed Numerical Standards Will Have A Negative Effect on California Consumers

The presentation on June 1, 2011 asserted that both field-applied coatings and single-ply membranes are currently available that meet the proposed 0.70 prescriptive aged reflectance standard. In particular, slide number 8 indicates that 22 of the 57 single-ply membranes that can be purchased today meet the aged reflective standard of 0.70. This was used to support the

proposed standard's cost effectiveness and to justify standards that are effective upon final promulgation.

However, considering the listing of products by the Cool Roof Rating Council ("CRRC"), the 22 products listed on slide number 8 represent the number of single-ply membrane brand names, rather than products, that are currently on the market. Many of the brand names are manufactured by a single company. For example, Carlisle SynTec Incorporated ("Carlisle") manufactures Sure-Weld, which is also sold to three other companies that market the product under their own brand names. As shown on enclosed Table I, discussed below, if the number of actual products that are currently manufactured is considered, only four products sold today meet the aged reflectance standard of 0.70. The number of products, as opposed to the number of brand names, on the market is a much more significant indicator of product availability.

Table I enclosed with this letter identifies the manufacturers of single-ply membrane products listed by CRRC as of June 1, 2011. For each of the manufacturers, the table gives the solar reflectance rating for each of the products and brands. If PVC products; Carlisle, Cooley, and Sarnafil products sold under other brand names; and products that are no longer manufactured, are omitted, there are only four products that meet the proposed 0.70 standard: (1) Firestone's ReflexEON; (2) Cooley's TPO; (3) Sika Sarnafil's G410; and (4) Carlisle's TPO. As also shown on Table I, the vast majority of the single-ply products listed with CRRC do not meet an aged reflective standard of 0.70.

If the prescriptive aged reflectance standard increases from the current limit of 0.55 to the proposed limit of 0.70, most of the single-ply products currently on the market will be unavailable to California consumers. The availability of only four compliant products would have a material adverse affect on competition in the market, possibly resulting in product shortages, and significant increases in prices as supply decreases and demand increases, all to the detriment of California consumers.

Slide number 8 also indicated that there are 134 of 248 field-applied coatings available that currently meet the proposed prescriptive standard of 0.70. We suspect that as with single-ply membranes discussed above, the number of field-applied coatings represents brand names on the market, and that the number of products currently on the market is considerably smaller. In addition, many companies prefer single-ply membranes over field-applied coatings because of increased durability (most coatings must be re-applied in 5 to 10 years), and improved weather proofing. Thus, the availability of field-applied coatings does not alleviate the shortage of single-ply membranes currently meeting the proposed 0.70 standard.

The expected price increase for compliant products if the proposal is adopted is compounded by the existing high price of current products that meet an aged reflectance standard of 0.70. The only Firestone product currently listed with CRRC as meeting the 0.70 standard is ReflexEON TPO, White. That product has a relatively high cost as compared to Firestone's other products, and has been difficult to market in California, and elsewhere, because of its higher price.

# Implementation of the Proposed Numerical Standards Will Have a Negative Effect on Businesses

It will take Firestone, and other manufacturers of roofing systems, a significant amount of resources and time to develop and test products that comply with the proposed standards. As shown on enclosed Table II, discussed below, Firestone will be unable to sell up to ten different roofing products in California if the proposed standard becomes effective upon final promulgation. This result is unduly harsh to both producers and consumers in the market, as many existing products in the market are within the expected variability and margin for error of the 0.70 standard. This adverse market effect will come at a time when revenue will be needed to fund research and development programs.

Enclosed Table II lists all of Firestone's CRRC roofing products available today, including field-applied coatings, single-ply membranes, metal, and modified bitumen. As shown on the table, five Firestone products are listed with CRRC as having a reflectance level of 0.70 or higher, and ten products are listed as having a reflectance level below 0.70, or are undergoing the three year aging process required to test such products. Firestone intends to undertake an ambitious research and development program to design products that meet the proposed prescriptive standard of 0.70. However, it will take time to develop and test these products, and in the interim, Firestone will be unable to sell in California the ten products listed with CRRC as not meeting the standard or where the aging process is pending. In addition to the impact on consumers discussed above, this inability to sell many of Firestone's roofing products will have a serious negative impact on the company's sales and revenues. This negative effect is expected to last for five years, well beyond the expected effectiveness date of the proposed standards of early 2014. Even with an accelerated research and development program, Firestone estimates that it will take two years to develop products that can meet the proposed standards, and that an additional three years will be required to assess whether the new products satisfy the aged standard.

### An Alternative Approach

Based on the recognized variability of test results, any new prescriptive solar reflectance standard for nonresidential low-sloped roofs should be no more than 0.65. As shown on enclosed Tables I and II, many single-ply products listed with CRRC have an aged solar reflectance level of 0.69 or 0.68, including four Firestone roofing products. Per the ASTM C1549 test standard typically used in testing for both initial and aged reflectivity values, the difference between a measured reflectance level of 0.70, and 0.69 or 0.68, is well within expected variability and margin for error. The CRRC allows for a five percent (5%) variation when performing random testing for verification of initial values. In addition, there is greater than two percent (2%) measurement uncertainty with aged values. This variability and margin for error is the result of several factors, including a procedure by which samples from the CRRC weathering farm are handled several times by different individuals; and demonstrated variations of several percentage points within testing laboratories. Moreover, weathering farms used by CRRC to determine average aged value are not representative of the California climate zones. It is important to emphasize that the testing procedures and the length of testing is not within Firestone's control but is based on the California Energy Code.

To prohibit the sale of products that are only slightly under the proposed standards, and are within the range of expected testing variability, would be unreasonable (and potentially arbitrary), and would create the very real potential for shortages and increased prices. There would be little, if any, gain in energy efficiency by banning these products from the market, especially during the time companies are developing new products to meet the ultimate standards.

In addition, based upon the importance of modified bitumen to consumers and the housing industry, any mandatory minimum solar reflectance standard should be set at a level that would allow continued use of modified bitumen. Energy efficiency would not be compromised because the trade-off approach under the prescriptive standard would provide for overall building energy efficiency.

If the Commission adopts the proposed prescriptive standard of 0.70, and establishes a mandatory minimum standard of 0.55, the new standards should not be effective upon promulgation, but instead should be phased in. The Commission could retain the .55 standard as a mandatory minimum, with a higher imposed standard three (3) years later, which would allow existing products to be marketed while companies develop and test products that can satisfy the proposed standards at such later date. Adopting a phase-in approach also would provide companies time to adequately test the new products for effectiveness and durability. This phase-in approach would be similar to the approach routinely used by the CEC for its periodic review and update of Title 24 standards.

Thank you for this opportunity to comment on the proposed standards. I would be pleased to arrange a meeting with you and the technical staff and representatives of Firestone to discuss our concerns in further detail. To arrange such a discussion, please telephone me at (317) 575-7134.

Very truly yours,

Brian C. Fritts

Secretary and Senior Counsel Firestone Building Products Company, LLC

Enclosures: Table I and Table II

### 16 Products ≥ 0.65

			Solar Reflect	eflect.	Therm Emit	Fmit	9			г
Manufacturer Information	Brand	Model	init	3 yr	init	3 yr	init	3 yr	Comments	
								Section 1		1
Dow-Roofing-Systems, LLC	Dow Viento (PVC)	SRW 1202 White	0.87	0.82	98:0	0.79	100	#	Discontinued, Dow exited the single-ply-business in January 2011.	
Firestone Building Products LLC	Firestone	ReflexEON TPO	0.84	0.78	0.83	0.86	105	90		
Howloan Book Contain		vville							rifestolle s hellexcolv IPO	
Ecology Roor systems	White Elvaloy Roof System	ERS-8000 FB								
SR Products	SR Products	Sion								
Viridian Systems	HK 5000/5001	White	0.87	92.0	0.87	0.84	110	93	Flex's PVC	
Flex Membrane International, Inc.	Flex Roof Membrane	White								
IB Roof Systems	IB Roof Systems	50, 60, 80 mil White PVC, Sandblast	0.87	0.74	0.88	0.89	110	91	IB's PVC (made by CGT)	
SR Products	SR Products	SuperiorPly TPO White								
Cooley Incorporated	CSP (with or without fleeceback)	TPO - White	62.0	0.72	0.87	0.87	86	88	Coaley's TPO	
Tremco, Inc.	Tremco TPO/ TPO FB	White								
Conklin Company Inc.	Cenklin	Hyerown							or Constitution of the Con	-
Burkeline Roofing	M-358-Hypalen	NA.	0.83	P <del>.7</del> 4	0.88	28.0	<del>1</del> 04	248	discontinuing Hypalon	
Dow Reofing-Systems, LLC	Dow Viento (PVC)	White	98-0	02:0	98-0	0.82	408	48	Discontinued, Dow exited the single ply	
Cooley Incorporated	C3 (with or without fleeceback)	PVC White							Troo Amana Incana	
Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.	Mule-Hide	F-PEM								
Johns Manville	JM PVC	White	0.86	0.70	98.0	0.82	108	84	Cooley's PVC	
Carlisle SynTec Incorporated	Sure-Flex PVC Kee	White								diam'r.
Tremco, Inc.	Tremco	TPA/TPA FB White								
Skyline Building Systems, Inc.	DecTec	R12000						Ī		
Sika Sarnafil Inc.	Samafil	G410 Energy Smart White	0.83	0.70	06.0	98.0	104	82	Sarnafil's G410	
WeatherBond	WeatherBond Pro	White TPO								
Versico incorporated	Versiweld	White TPO								
Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.		TPO-C White	0.79	0.70	06.0	98.0	66	85 (	Carliste's TPO	
Carlisle SynTec Incorporated		TPO White								
Firestone Building Products LLC	Firestone	UltraPly TPO XR White	0.40	000	-	3				24
GenFlex Roofing System, LLC	GenFlex	Fleece Backed TPO White			0,70	0.0	000	78	Firestone's Fleece-backed TPO	Produ
		White	0.68	99.0	0.87	0.84	111	82 E	Duro-Last's PVC	cts ?
CC	TPO White	TPO White	H	H	-	000	- 5		(this is not currently sold	≥ 0.
GenFlex Roofing System, LLC	GenFlex	TPO Std. White	a/:0	0.08	0,86	0.83	98	81 b	on the last two	60

Table I: Single-Ply Thermoplastic and Thermoset Products Listed with CRRC on June 1, 2011

Table I: Single-Ply Thermoplastic and Thermoset Products Listed with CRRC on June 1, 2011

			Solar Reflect.	eflect.	Therm Emit.	Emit.	SRI		
Manufacturer Information	Brand	Model	init	3 yr	init	3 yr	init	3 yr	Comments
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard®	Freedom(tm) TPO White							
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard®	TPO FB Ultra White	-						
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard**	Steep Slope TPO White	97.0	99.0	06:0	0.83	94	81	GAF's TPO product line
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard®	TPO White							
GenFlex Roofing System, LLC	GenFlex TPO	GenFlex TPO Plus	0.79	99'0	0.85	0.87	86	82	This is a thicker version of the standard GenFlex TPO
GenFlex Roofing System, LLC	GenFlex	White TPO	0.77	0.68	0.87	0.87	95	82	
Johns Manville	JM TPO ,045, ,060	NIA	0.77	99.0	0.87	0.87	95	82	
Seaman Corporation	FiberTite Roofing Systems	DC196 Off White	0.83	99'0	0.85	0.74	104	92	
Sika Sarnafil Inc.	Sarnafil	Tan 7101 G410 & S327	0.73	99.0	0.85	0.86	88	78	
Carlisle SynTec Incorporated	Sure-White	EPDM White							
Commercial Innovations, Inc.	Rubbertite	White EPDM	92.0	0.64	0.90	0.87	94	77	Carliste's White FDDM
Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.	Mule-Hide	EPDM White-on-							
Conklin Company Inc.	Conklin	Flexion 50, 60	0.84	0.64	0.87	0.78	105	74	
Republic Powdered Metals, Inc.	Geoffex	100	0.84	0.64	0.79	0.80	104	75	
Carlisle SynTec Incorporated	Sure-Weld	Tan TPO			Ī	l			
Flex Membrane International, Inc.	Flex Roofing Membrane	TPO Tan							
Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.	Mule-Hide	TPO-C Tan	0.71	0.64	0,86	0.87	86	77	Carlisle's Tan TPO
Versico incorporated	Versiweld	Tan TPO							
WeatherBond	WeatherBond Pro	Tan TPO							
Sika Sarnafil Inc.	Sarnafil	S327 Energy Smart White	0.83	0.63	06:0	98:0	104	75	
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard®	EGFB White	0.85	0.62	0,86	0,84	107	73	
Sika Sarnafil Inc.	Sikaplan White	45, 50, 60, 72, 80	0.81	0.62	0.85	0.85	101	73	
Carlisle SynTec Incorporated	Sure-Flex	White PVC	l			l	r	Ī	
Crestwood Membranes Inc. ta I2M	HSR	White 61030 50, 60, 80				<del></del>	<del></del>		
GAF Materials Corp	EverGuard®	PVC White	0.87	0.61	0.95	0.86	111	72	I2M's PVC
Mule-Hide Products Co., Inc.	Mule-Hide	PVC							
Versico incorporated	Versiflex	White PVC							

# Table II: CRRC Listed Products from Firestone Building Products

Company of the last of the las	The Part of the last of the la										
CRRC	Brand	Model	Color Category	lor Category   Product Tyne	Color	Solar Bofloct	The	11.11			
Prod. ID				74	Join 4	יבוופרו.	inern :	inerm Emit.	SRI		Slope Application
0008-0003	0608-0003 AcryliTop	PC-100 White	Bright White	Cipld Application	IIII	3 yr	Init	3 yr	init	3 yr	
0608-0033	0608-0033 Firestone	Ultraply TDO SA White	חוופוור אאוווה	rieid-Applied Coating	0.82	0.73	0.87	0.84	102	89	Low/Steep
0608-0009	0608-0009 Firestone	200 A0+1 [1-4]	bright White	Single-Ply-Thermoplastic	0.74	0.58	0.84	0.84	90	89	Low/Steep
0608-0028	0608-0038 Eirestone	App 400 His with	Metallic	Modified Bitumen	0.81	0.75	0.44	0.43	92	82	Low/Steep
0609 0010	10000	Arr too Ultrawnite	Bright White	Modified Bitumen	0.72	pending	0.89	pending	88	pending	low/Steen
0000-0014	0000-0014 Firestone	ReflexEON TPO White	Bright White	Single-Ply-Thermoplastic	0.84	0.78	0.83	98.0	105		dan's control
0608-0016	0608-0016 Firestone	UltraPly TPO XR White	Bright White	Single-Ply-Thermonlastic	07.0	0000	000	0.90	7.03	1	Low/steep
		SBS FR UltraWhite SRS FR Torch IlltraWhite		Surgice of the mobile and	67.0	60.0	0.78	0.81	96	82	Low/Steep
0608-0030	0608-0030 Firestone	SBS Glass FR UltraWhite, SBS Glass FR Torch UltraWhite, SBS Premium FR UltraWhite, SBS Premium FR UltraWhite, SBS Premium FR Torch UltraWhite	Bright White	Modified Bitumen	0.72	pending	0.92	pending	89	pending	pending Low/Steep
0608-0029	0608-0029 Firestone	APP 180 FR UltraWhite, APP Premium FR UltraWhite, APP 180 FR Cool UltraWhite	Bright White	Modified Bitumen	0.72	pending	6.0	pending	88	pending	pending Low/Steep
0608-0031	0608-0031 Firestone	SBS Cap UltraWhite, SBS Torch UltraWhite, SBS Premium Torch UltraWhite, SBS Glass UltraWhite, SBS Premium UltraWhite	Bright White	Modified Bitumen	0.72	pending	0.84	pending	87	pending l	pending Low/Steep
0608-0027	0608-0027 Firestone	RubberGard(TM) EcoWhite(TM) EPDM	Bright White	Single-Ply-Thermoset	0	a dipodo	500		6		
8000-8090	0608-0008 UltraPly TPO White			Single Bly Thermostic	0.0	pending 900	0.04	pending	25	ng	ow/steep
2806-0002	0806-0002 Unaclad Roof Panel	Woothor V Color White		Single-Fly-Inermoplastic	0.79	0.68	0.85	0.83	86	81	Low/Steep
3806-0003	0806-0003 Hazelad Boof Banal	Weather A Solar Willie		Metal	0.7	0.7	0.85	0.85	85	85	Low/Steep
2000 2020	Unaclad noof Pariet	riuropon L/s solar Wnite	e E	Metal	0.7	89.0	0.85	0.81	85	81	Low/Steep
9000 9000	OSOS OOOS UTALITATION ROOF Panel	Fluropon Bone White		Metal	0.7	69.0	0.84	0.84	85	83	Low/Steep
2000-0000	vous-vuus   Unaciad Koot Panel	Fluropon L/S Regal White	Bright White	Metal	0.7	0.7	0.85	0.85	85	85	Low/Steen