DOCKET 09-AFC-6			
DATE	MAY 20 2010		
RECD.	MAY 20 2010		

May 20, 2010

Alan Solomon Project Manager California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: **Blythe Solar Power Project, Docket No. 09-AFC-6** *Revised Health Risk Assessment for the Blythe Solar Power Project PDOC* Technical Area: Air Quality

Dear Mr. Solomon:

Attached please find the following Revised Health Risk Assessment for the Blythe Solar Power Project PDOC.

If you have any questions on this submittal, please feel free to contact me directly.

Sincerely,

Alice Harron Senior Director, Development



AECOM 1220 Avenida Acaso Camarillo, CA 93012

Memorandum

То	Roseana Navarro-Brasington, Mojave Desert AQMD	Page	1	
CC	Patrick McKean (AECOM), Denise Hazelman (AECOM), Elizabeth Ingram (Solar Millenniun Carl Lindner (AECOM), Arrie Bachrach (AECOM)			
Subject	Revised Health Risk Assessment for the Blythe Solar Power Project PDOC			
	Docket No. 09-AFC-6			
From	Russ Kingsley			
Date	May 17, 2010			

This correspondence presents the methodology and results of a revised health risk assessment (HRA) performed to assess impacts and public exposure associated with emissions of toxic air contaminants (TACs) from the Blythe Solar Power Project (BSPP). The HRA is being submitted in response to the Mojave Desert Air Quality Management District (MDAQMD) request for a revised HRA due to changes to the project design. The specific changes to the project that are evaluated in this revision include the following:

- The Site layout of the power blocks has been revised with new equipment locations. The location of power block sources was revised;
- Elimination of the natural gas-fired heat transfer fluid (HTF) heater from the Project operations;
- Increase in the boiler use and hence emissions (as a consequence of the HTF heater removal);
- Increase in hours of operation of the cooling tower;
- Increase in the number of mirror wash events assumed in the air quality impacts analysis;
- Change to the maintenance vehicle travel within the solar field; and
- Elimination of the vehicle travel associated with use of reverse osmosis (RO) concentrate for dust suppression.

1.1 Health Risk Assessment Procedures

The methods used to assess potential human health risks are consistent with the *Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments* published by the California Office of Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA 2003). The latest OEHHA cancer potency factors, and chronic and acute reference exposure levels (RELs) for each TAC were used. The California Air Resources Board (ARB) Hot Spots Analysis and Reporting Program (HARP, Version 1.4a) software was used to perform the risk analysis. The HARP software contains the latest OEHHA toxicity values, as well as the now outdated United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Industrial Source Complex (ISCST3) dispersion model. For this HRA, the ISCST3 model which is built-in to HARP was not used. Instead, the USEPA current guideline model, AERMOD was used along with the ARB-provided HARP On-Ramp tool. The HARP On-Ramp provides a convenient mechanism to convert AERMOD dispersion results into a format that is compatible with HARP's risk module.

Emissions Characterization

Facility stationary source emissions were calculated based on operational data for four auxiliary boilers, four diesel powered fire water pumps, four diesel-powered emergency generators, four Ullage Vent Stacks, and four two-cell cooling towers. **Table 1-1** summarizes the modeled TAC emission rates for the Auxiliary Boilers, **Table 1-2** summarizes the modeled TAC emission rates for the Diesel Powered Fire Water Pumps, **Table 1-3** summarizes the modeled TAC emission rates for the Diesel Powered Emergency Generators, **Table 1-4** summarizes the modeled emission rates for the Cooling Towers, and **Table 1-5** summarizes the modeled emission rates for the Ullage Vent Stacks.

Pollutant	CAS Number Used in HARP	Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (Ib/hr)	Annual Average Emission Rate (Ib/yr)	
7,12- Dimethylbenz(a)anthracene	57976	5.33E-07	9.20E-04	
Acenaphthene	83329	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Acenaphthylene	208968	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Anthracene	120127	8.00E-08	1.38E-04	
Benz(a)anthracene	56553	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Benzene	71432	7.00E-05	1.21E-01	
Benzo(a)pyrene	50328	4.00E-08	6.90E-05	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	205992	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	191242	4.00E-08	6.90E-05	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	207089	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Chrysene	218019	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	53703	4.00E-08	6.90E-05	
p-Dichlorobenzene	106467	4.00E-05	6.90E-02	
Fluoranthene	206440	1.00E-07	1.73E-04	
Formaldehyde	50000	2.50E-03	4.31E+00	
Hexane	110543	6.00E-02	1.04E+02	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	193395	6.00E-08	1.04E-04	
Naphthalene	91203	2.03E-05	3.51E-02	
Phenanthrene	85018	5.67E-07	9.78E-04	
Pyrene	129000	1.67E-07	2.88E-04	
Toluene	108883	1.13E-04	1.96E-01	

Table 1-1 Modeled Auxiliary Boilers TAC Emissions¹

¹ Emissions for each auxiliary boiler

Pollutant	CAS Number Used in HARP	Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (lb/hr)	Annual Average Emission Rate (Ib/yr)	
Diesel Particulate Matter	9901	9.91E-02	4.96E+00	

Table 1-2 Modeled Diesel Powered Fire Water Pumps TAC Emissions¹

¹ Emissions for each diesel powered fire water pump

Table 1-3 Modeled Diesel Powered Emergency Generators TAC Emissions¹

Pollutant	CAS Number Used in HARP	Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (Ib/hr)	Annual Average Emission Rate (Ib/yr)
Diesel Particulate Matter	9901	9.65E-01	4.83E+01

¹ Emissions for each diesel powered emergency generator

Table 1-4 Modeled Cooling Tower TAC Emissions¹

Pollutant	CAS Number Used in HARP	Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (Ib/hr)	Annual Average Emission Rate (Ib/yr)
Chloroform	67663	1.58E-02	1.39E+02
Chromium (Hexavalent)	18540299	1.34E-08	1.17E-04
Copper	7440508	1.33E-07	1.16E-03
Vanadium	7440622	7.17E-08	6.28E-04
Zinc	7440666	3.27E-06	2.87E-02

¹ Emissions for each cooling tower (2 cells combined)

Table 1-5 Modeled Ullage Vent Stack TAC Emissions¹

Pollutant	CAS Number Used in HARP	Maximum Hourly Emission Rate (Ib/hr)	Annual Average Emission Rate (lb/yr)
Benzene	71432	7.50E-01	3.00E+02
Biphenyl	92524	7.50E-05	3.00E-02

¹ Emissions for each Ullage vent stack

Risk Assessment Dispersion Modeling Methodology

The AERMOD (version 09292) dispersion model was used in this assessment. The stationary source locations, building downwash, stack parameters, receptor grids, and meteorology were consistent with the criteria pollutant modeling submitted with the California Energy Commission Application for Certification (AFC). Meteorological data consisted of three years (January 2002-December 2004) of surface meteorological data collected at the Blythe Riverside County Airport and upper air soundings from the Desert Rock, Nevada station, as submitted with the AFC. **Figure 1-1** (figures are located at the end of this memo) presents a composite wind rose for the Blythe Riverside County Airport meteorological dataset. **Figure 1-2** provides a digitized site plan with the source locations used in the HRA.

Modeled stack parameters are provided in **Table 1-6**. The coordinates are in Universe Transverse Mercator (UTM), Zone 11, referenced in U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) North American Datum 1983 (NAD83).

Source ID	UTM E (m)	UTM N (m)	Base Elev. (m)	Stack Height (m)	Stack Diameter (m)	Stack Temp. (K)	Stack Velocity (m/s)
AuxBoil1	709453.101	3729108.024	143.3	15.240	0.914	422.04	7.19
AuxBoil2	705756.585	3729034.134	175.3	15.240	0.914	422.04	7.19
AuxBoil3	706968.939	3727392.549	160.9	15.240	0.914	422.04	7.19
AuxBoil4	710303.730	3727458.573	135.6	15.240	0.914	422.04	7.19
FirPump1	709501.509	3729154.312	143.3	3.048	0.152	683.15	32.73
FirPump2	705806.556	3729080.621	175.3	3.048	0.152	683.15	32.73
FirPump3	707023.776	3727250.153	160.9	3.048	0.152	683.15	32.73
FirPump4	710358.224	3727311.723	135.6	3.048	0.152	683.15	32.73
EmerGen1	709479.470	3729160.276	143.3	7.010	0.229	683.15	141.70
EmerGen2	705784.102	3729086.741	175.3	7.010	0.229	683.15	141.70
EmerGen3	706998.489	3727341.104	160.9	7.010	0.229	683.15	141.70
EmerGen4	710332.822	3727405.669	135.6	7.010	0.229	683.15	141.70
Cool1_1	709511.356	3729098.372	143.3	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool2_1	709520.792	3729098.669	143.3	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool1_2	705815.705	3729024.375	175.3	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool2_2	705826.008	3729024.474	175.3	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool1_3	707039.404	3727405.114	160.9	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool2_3	707029.100	3727404.870	160.9	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool1_4	710363.065	3727469.290	135.6	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Cool2_4	710373.298	3727469.271	135.6	6.837	3.658	305.59	8.23
Ullage_1	709418.630	3729152.150	143.3	6.096	0.406	Ambient	14.33
Ullage_2	705722.080	3729078.510	175.3	6.096	0.406	Ambient	14.33
Ullage_3	706934.230	3727347.380	160.9	6.096	0.406	Ambient	14.33
Ullage_4	710269.520	3727413.130	135.6	6.096	0.406	Ambient	14.33

Table 1-6 Modeled Stack Parameters

A summary of the modeled receptor grid is provided below:

- Property line receptors placed every 25-meters (m);
- Cartesian receptor grid at 100-m spacing out to 2 km;
- Cartesian receptor grid at 250-m spacing out to 5 km from the facility; and
- Cartesian receptor grid at 500-m spacing out to 10 km from the facility.

The receptor grids were generated in UTM Zone 11 NAD83 coordinates. Receptor elevations were determined using AERMAP (version 09040) and National Elevation Data available from the United States Geological Survey, as submitted with the AFC. **Figure 1-3** shows the modeled receptor grid.

The AERMOD dispersion results were loaded into HARP using the HARP On-Ramp to calculate the maximum individual cancer risk, and the chronic non-carcinogenic and acute hazard indices over the entire receptor grid, as described below.

Risk Characterization

Carcinogenic risks, chronic non-carcinogenic, and acute health effects were assessed using the dispersion modeling described above and numerical values of toxicity provided by OEHHA. The HARP software performs the necessary risk calculations following the OEHHA risk assessment guidelines and the ARB Interim Risk Management Policy for risk management decisions (ARB 2003). These guidelines recommend that the following risk analysis methods be employed:

- Residential Cancer Risk: Derived (Adjusted) Method;
- Residential Chronic Hazard Index: Derived (OEHHA) Method;
- Acute Hazard Index for All Exposures: Acute HI Simple (Concurrent Max.); and
- Off-Site Worker Standard Work Schedule for Cancer Risk and Chronic Hazard Index.

To estimate the maximum cancer risk for residential exposures, the modeled exposure pathways included inhalation, homegrown produce (using non-urban default ingestion fractions), dermal, soil, and mother's milk absorption. The same pathways were assumed for off-site worker exposure.

1.2 Health Risk Assessment Results

Table 1-7 presents the predicted risks. The maximum residential and off-site worker risks are below the MDAQMD Rule 1320 Moderate Risk threshold for cancer risk (1-per-million), and below the Significant Health Risk thresholds for cancer risk (10-per-million), and chronic and acute hazard indices (1.0).

Table 1-7 Maximum Predicted Risks

Exposure Assumption	Cancer Risk (Per Million)	Chronic Hazard Index	Acute Hazard Index
Full-Time Resident	0.96	3.17E-04	7.45E-04
Off-Site Worker	0.19	3.17E-04	7.45E-04
Moderate Risk Thresholds	1	n/a	n/a
Significant Health Thresholds	10	1	1

References

California Air Resources Board (ARB) 2003. Air Resources Board Recommended Interim Risk Management Policy for Inhalation-Based Residential Cancer Risk. October 2003.

California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA) 2003. Air Toxics Hot Spots Program Guidance Manual for Preparation of Health Risk Assessments. August 2003.

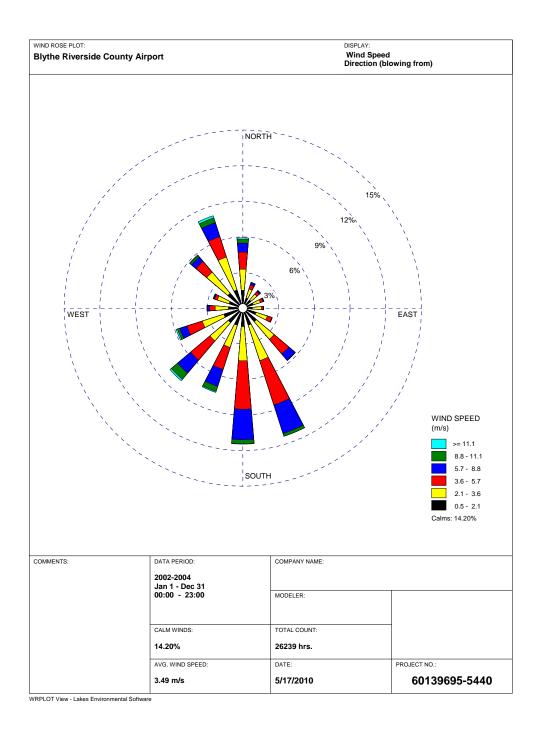


Figure 1-1 Blythe Riverside County Airport Composite Wind Rose

6

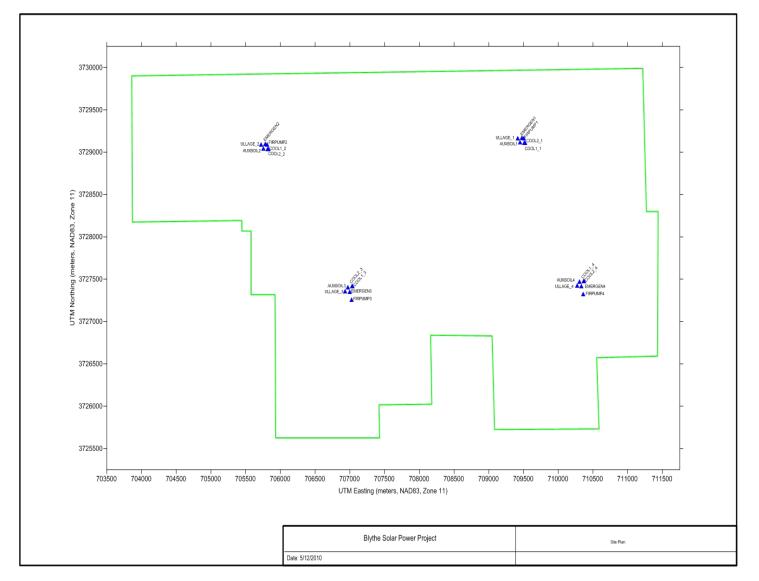


Figure 1-2 Digitized Site Plan

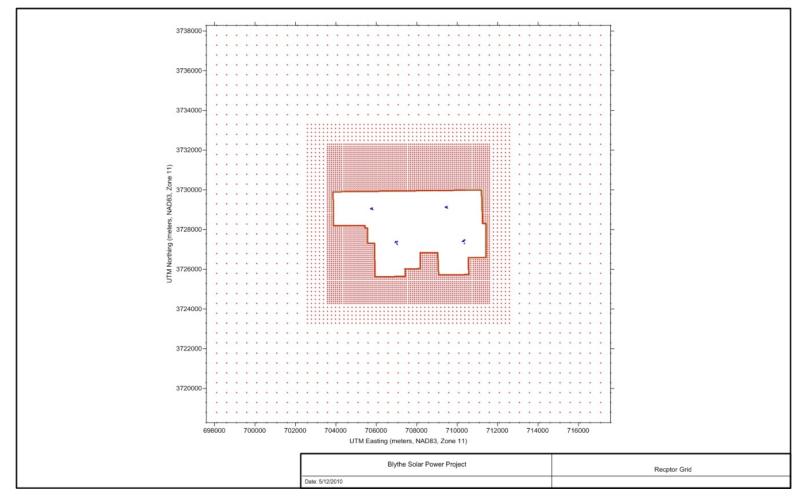


Figure 1-3 Modeled Receptor Grid

STATE OF CALIFORNIA ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

In the Matter of: APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATION for the BLYTHE SOLAR POWER PROJECT

APPLICANT

Alice Harron Senior Director of Project Development 1625 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 270 Berkeley, CA 94709-1161 harron@solarmillenium.com

Elizabeth Ingram Developer, Solar Millennium LLC 1625 Shattuck Avenue, Suite 270 Berkeley, CA 94709 ingram@solarmillennium.com

APPLICANT'S CONSULTANT

Carl Lindner AECOM Project Manager 1220 Avenida Acaso Camarillo, CA 93012 carl.lindner@aecom.com

Ram Ambatipudi Chevron Energy Solutions 150 E. Colorado Blvd., Ste 360 Pasadena, CA 91105 rambatipudi@chevron.com

CO-COUNSEL FOR APPLICANT

Scott Galati, Esq. Galati/Blek, LLP 455 Capitol Mall, Suite 350 Sacramento, CA 95814 sgalati@gb-llp.com Peter Weiner Matthew Sanders Paul, Hastings, Janofsky & Walker LLP 55 2nd Street, Suite 2400-3441 San Francisco, CA 94105 peterweiner@paulhastings.com matthewsanders@paulhastings.com

INTERESTED AGENCIES

Holly L. Roberts, Project Manager Bureau of Land Management Palm Springs-South Coast Field Office 1201 Bird Center Drive Palm Springs, CA 92262 CAPSSolarPalen@blm.gov

California ISO <u>e-recipient@caiso.com</u>

INTERVENORS

California Unions for Reliable Energy (CURE) Tanya A. Gulesserian, Marc D. Joseph Adams Broadwell Joseph & Cardozo 601 Gateway Boulevard, Suite 1000 South San Francisco, CA 94080 tgulesserian@adamsbroadwell.com

Docket No. 09-AFC-6 PROOF OF SERVICE

(Revised 1/26/2010)

ENERGY COMMISSION

Karen Douglas Chair and Presiding Member <u>kldougla@energy.state.ca.us</u>

Robert Weisenmiller Commissioner and Associate Member rweisenm@energy.state.ca.us

Raoul Renaud Hearing Officer rrenaud@energy.state.ca.us

Alan Solomon Project Manager asolomon@energy.state.ca.us

Lisa DeCarlo Staff Counsel Idecarlo@energy.state.ca.us

Public Adviser's Office publicadviser@energy.state.ca.us

DECLARATION OF SERVICE

I, Carl Lindner, declare that on, May 20, 2010, I served and filed copies of the attached Blythe Solar Power Project Materials:

Revised Health Risk Assessment for the Blythe Solar Power Project PDOC

The original document, filed with the Docket Unit, is accompanied by a copy of the most recent Proof of Service list, located on the web page for this project at:

[http://www.energy.ca.gov/sitingcases/solar_millennium_blythe].

The document has been sent to the other parties in this proceeding (as shown on the Proof of Service list) and to the Commission's Docket Unit, in the following manner:

(Check all that Apply)

For service to all other parties:

<u>X</u> sent electronically to all email addresses on the Proof of Service list;

_____ by personal delivery or by overnight delivery service or depositing in the United States mail at <u>Camarillo</u>, <u>California</u> with postage or fees thereon fully prepaid and addressed as provided on the Proof of Service list above to those addresses **NOT** marked "email preferred."

AND

For filing with the Energy Commission:

<u>X</u> sending an original paper copy and one electronic copy, mailed and emailed respectively, to the address below (preferred method);

OR

depositing in the mail an original and 12 paper copies, along with 13 CDs, as follows:

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

Attn: Docket No. 09-AFC-6 1516 Ninth Street, MS-4 Sacramento, CA 95814-5512

docket@energy.state.ca.us

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Carl E. Lindner