California Energy Commission

Title XXIV

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- Honeywell supports the initiative in concept and looks forward to participating.
- HVAC evolving to advanced communicating systems. It's not about the "thermostat".
- Focus on Ease-of-Use for Customer (Homeowner and Contractor)
- HVAC distribution is very slow to implement change. Must optimize available resources.

(2) Communicating HVAC System - A Communicating HVAC System capable of receiving demand response signals including price and emergency signals by at least one public method. Upon receiving a demand response signal, the HVAC System shall be capable of setting up the set point in the electric cooling mode and setting down the set point in electric or gas heating modes. The HVAC System must have the capability to "lock out" any customer override of the heating and cooling setpoints during the emergency broadcast signals.

The HVAC System shall have the following minimum features:

- A receiver capable of receiving emergency and economic price signal broadcast signals from the state's Emergency Alert System (EAS,), Independent System Operator (ISO), and the utilities. Upon receiving an emergency or price signal, the HVAC System shall be able to adjust the heating and cooling setpoint in 2 degrees increments, up or down) during the demand response period
- Must be capable of providing low-cost remote method for diagnosing and augmenting the basic device without two-way communication.
- The HVAC System will communicate to the user when an action or event is in effect.