Renewables Committee3-RPS-1078 DOCKET DOCKET 02-REN-1038 DATEDEC =8 2005

Proposed Changes to RPS Guidelines

December 7, 2005

HEATHER RAITT
Technical Director
Renewable Energy Program















RECDDEC - 8 2001

OVERVIEW

- Renewables Portfolio Standard Eligibility Guidebook
- facilities for RPS and Supplemental Energy Payments (SEPs) Describes eligibility requirements and process for certifying
- Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS) Describes interim tracking system in place until the Western s operational
- New Renewable Facilities Guidebook
- Describes requirements to qualify for SEPs and process for how SEPs are awarded
- Overall Renewable Energy Program Guidebook
- □ Describes how Renewable Energy Program is administered and defines program terms



BACKGROUND

- RPS established in 2002 by SB 1078 and SB 1038
- □ Specific roles in statute for CEC and CPUC collaborative process
- Energy Commission's RPS Roles:
- □ Certify renewable generating facilities as eligible for RPS & SEPS
- □ Certify incremental geothermal production
- Design and implement an RPS tracking and verification system
- □ Award SEPs
- Energy Commission adopted RPS Decision Documents in 2003 and Guidebooks in 2004
- Guidebooks are revised as needed to respond to statutory, market, and regulatory developments



SUMMARY OF CHANGES RPS Eligibility Guidebook

- Implement Incremental Geothermal Certification
 - ☐ Clarify supplemental information needed for RPS certification, for example, applicants should:
 - ◆ Provide facility-specific data, not aggregated for the steam field.
 - ◆ Describe capital investments.
 - Provide data showing forecast production per facility with and without capital investments.
 - □ New certification of 'partial' incremental generation facilities.
 - ◆ Certification identifies capacity that is restricted to baseline/adjusting the baseline and capacity eligible as incremental geothermal.
- Account for Incremental Geothermal Generation
 - Calculate percent incremental geothermal capacity and apply it to the quantity of electricity generated = incremental geothermal energy produced per facility.

RPS Eligibility Guidebook -cont'd

- Discussion of Annual Procurement Target (APT) Changes to Reflect CPUC Decisions: Revise
- APT is mandatory and consists of two components:
- previous years. Baseline is retail sellers' RPS-eligible procurement portfolio to continue to satisfy its obligations under RPS targets of Baseline: amount of renewable generation a utility must retain in in year 2001, adjusted to include renewable procurement in subsequent years.
- Incremental Procurement Target: at least 1 percent of the previous year's total retail electrical sales.
- APT = baseline in previous year + current year IPT
- CPUC Decision 04-06-014, Standard Contract Terms & Conditions, Appendix B



SUMMARY OF CHANGES RPS Eligibility Guidebook –cont'd

- More Changes to Reflect CPUC Decisions
 - □ Distributed Generation
 - ◆ May 2005 CPUC ruled energy from renewable distributed generation facilities cannot be counted for the RPS until issues surrounding measurement, metering, and subsidies are resolved. (Decision 05-05-011)
 - □ Definition of Renewable Energy Credits
 - ◆ CPUC adopted an initial definition for RECs as part of its decision outlining RPS standard contract terms and conditions. (Decision 04-06-014)



RPS Eligibility Guidebook -cont'd SUMMARY OF CHANGES

□ Specifies the 20 percent target by 2010 target

□ Clarifies certain RPS-eligibility criteria

- Eligibility depends on date first commercially operational (this also applies if facility shuts down and later recommences operations).
- If facility is repowered, repowering date is considered commercial operation date and facility may qualify for SEPs.
- Biomass facilities seeking SEPs are subject to CA Timber Harvest Plan requirements.
- □ Clarifies delivery requirements for out-of-state facilities
- California with first point of interconnection to the WECC transmission Delivery requirements do not apply to facilities located outside of system located in California.
- Out-of-state facilities must provide the Energy Commission with North American Electricity Reliability Council (NERC) ID number when applying for RPS certification.

RPS Eligibility Guidebook -cont'd

- Implement AB 200
- □ Modifies definition of eligible renewable resources Pacific Power, which serve customers both in and corporations, such as PacifiCorp and Sierra to include out-of-state facilities for electric outside California.
- end-use customers outside California with 60,000 □ Applies to electric corporations that serve retail or fewer customer accounts in California.
- □ Out-of-state delivery requirements do not apply to these corporations.



RPS Eligibility Guidebook -cont'd

- Describe Interim Tracking System
- □ Adds new reporting form (CEC-RPS-GEN) for RPS-certified facilities to annually report their generation per month. Attach payment statements from retail seller as third party verification.
- Allows retail sellers to provide generation data for the QFs they certify. Filing the CEC-RPS-Track form satisfies this requirement.
- baseline or towards the Incremental Procurement Target, and banked Modifies the RPS-Track Form for utilities to identify generation as status of generation.
- □ Describes Interim Tracking System.
- ▼ Verify that procurement is from RPS-certified facilities
- Compare generation data (CEC-RPS-GEN) and procurement to verify that procurement does not exceed generation per facility
- Verify that procurement was counted once and only once



New Renewable Facilities Guidebook

Clarify SEP Process

- Process clarified for requesting SEPs and issuing Funding Award Agreements.
- potential demand for SEP funds (Short List Data Request form) ◆ IOUs must provide the Energy Commission with data about
- Created form for requesting SEPs.
- Energy Commission will announce the name of the seller, procuring IOU, total anticipated SEP award and incentive evel after contract is approved by CPUC.
- wage law re: construction, alteration, demolition, installation, Projects seeking SEPs are subject to California's prevailing repaır.



Overall Renewable Energy Program Guidebook

- Clarify eligibility definitions for commercial operations and repowered facilities.
- Clarify that organic sludge waste is eligible as biomass.
- sellers" does not include local publicly owned electric utilities Define "retail sellers" as electrical corporations, community choice aggregators, and electric service providers. "Retail (municipal utilities) or entities employing cogeneration technology.
- Revise definitions for "community choice aggregator," "electric service provider," "electrical corporation," and "investor owned utillity."



Next Steps

- Stakeholder input welcome
- Written comments due 5:00 pm Dec. 9, 2005
 - □ Mail or e-mail ok
 - □ Will be docketed and become part of public record
- Estimated Schedule:
 - □ Revised documents available January 6, 2006
 - ☐ Considered for adoption January 18, 2006
- Guidebooks available at:

www.energy.ca.gov/portfolio/documents/index.html



For More Information:

www.energy.ca.gov/portfolio

Heather Raitt
Renewable Energy Program
hraitt@energy.state.ca.us

