#### COMMITTEE HEARING

#### BEFORE THE

## ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

### COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the matter of,	)		
	)	Docket	No.
	)		
Nonresidential Building Energy	)		
Use Disclosure Program (AB 1103)	)		

California Energy Commission

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CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

HEARING ROOM A

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SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

WEDNESDAY JULY 2, 2014

9:08 A.M.

Reported By: Kent Odell

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Commissioner Karen Douglas, Energy Commission

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\*Leslie Cook, US EPA

\*Tracy Narel, US EPA

Barry Hooper, San Francisco Department of the Environment

\*Jamie Ponce, Chicago C40

\*Nikhil Nadkarni, City of Boston

\*Ted Bardacke, Office of Los Angeles Mayor Eric Garcetti

Jennifer Svec, California Association of Realtors

Matthew Hargrove, California Business Properties Assoc.

Sara Neff, Kilroy Realty Corporation

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#### APPEARANCES (CONT.)

### Presenters/Panel Members Present(\*Via WebEx)

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Cheri Davis, Sacramento Municipal Utilities District

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Laura Mogilner, Pacific Gas and Electric Company

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2 JULY 2, 2014

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9:08 A.M.

- 3 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Good morning. I'm Dave
- 4 Ashuckian. I'm the Deputy Director for the Energy
- 5 Efficiency Division here at the California Energy
- 6 Commission.
- 7 And I'm going to be the day's master of
- 8 ceremonies, so to speak. We have a very full agenda
- 9 today so we want to get started and stay on time.
- 10 We have a number of folks who are on WebEx.
- 11 Right now the count is over 50. And a number of those
- 12 folks are from the East Coast so we want to make sure
- 13 that we keep things in the morning session primarily --
- 14 or particularly because of the time differences.
- 15 As you may all probably know that on June 18th
- 16 the Commission adopted an order instituting
- 17 investigation to evaluate the efficiency and the
- 18 efficacy of the Nonresidential Building Energy Use
- 19 Disclosure Program, also known as AB 1103.
- 20 And so, this is the first workshop we're holding
- 21 to talk about how the program has been operating, get
- 22 input on issues and recommendations for how we might be
- 23 able to improve the program.
- 24 There's going to be three panels, started with
- 25 an initial presentation by our staff to kind of give an

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- 1 overview and background of the program.
- 2 And then we're going to have a presentation by
- 3 the EPA on the Portfolio Benchmarking Program.
- 4 And then the panelists will include other
- 5 jurisdictions. The first panel will include other
- 6 jurisdictions that have adopted and developed
- 7 benchmarking programs, both here in California and
- 8 across the country.
- 9 The second panel will include building owners
- 10 and real estate industry folks to talk about how the
- 11 program is actually operating for them.
- 12 And then the final panel is the utility role in
- 13 participating in the program.
- 14 Just some housekeeping to start with, the
- 15 restrooms are across the hall here on the outside.
- 16 Emergency exits are probably the door you came
- in, as well as there's a door to the left as you exit
- 18 the building here.
- 19 If the fire alarm goes off, you should gather
- 20 across the street in the park area.
- 21 On the second floor we have a cafe and they
- 22 have, you know, refreshments as you might see fit.
- We'll start off with the opening remarks by our
- 24 Commissioners.
- 25 And with that, let's get started. Commissioner

- 1 McAllister.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: All right, well
- 3 thanks everybody for coming. I want to also thank Dave
- 4 and staff, Christine and Daniel, and other staff working
- 5 on this for sort of accelerating the time frame for our
- 6 work on AB 1103.
- 7 And I think this is a really important topic for
- 8 the Commission and it's good that we've been able to
- 9 move forward and sort of revisit it as we've gotten some
- 10 experience under our belt and seen some obvious
- 11 problems, and want to hear about any and all problems or
- 12 successes, actually, if there are some, from
- 13 stakeholders and just see how it's going out there in
- 14 the world.
- I want to acknowledge those of us here -- well,
- 16 those on the dais and our agency counterparts that are
- 17 here with us today.
- 18 Next to me, on my right, is Brian Stevens from
- 19 Chairman Peevey's Office at the PUC. I want to thank
- 20 Brian and we'll give him the opportunity to comment as
- 21 well, for coming.
- Jeanne Clinton from the Governor's Office and
- 23 the PUC is here, as well, and she's been a great
- 24 resource all along for many of the topics that we do
- 25 here at the Commission and helping us interface with the

- 1 PUC.
- 2 And to my left is Commissioner Douglas, who will
- 3 comment here, briefly.
- 4 On the far right is Pat Saxton, who's my
- 5 advisor, and Jennifer Nelson, Commissioner Douglas's
- 6 adviser.
- 7 So, just a couple of quick comments and so we
- 8 can get the agenda moving here.
- 9 But, you know, 1103 is what we have done to date
- 10 on disclosure in the nonresidential sphere in
- 11 California. Disclosure as a topic or as a policy area
- 12 is much, much broader than what 1103 contemplates.
- 13 And benchmarking is also much more broad. It's
- 14 a large topic, it's a useful tool to develop, scope
- 15 projects, understand a situation in any given building
- 16 relative to its peers. And that's also a very broad
- 17 topic.
- 18 So, 1103 really treats, I think, relatively
- 19 narrow parts of each of these topics. You know, energy
- 20 performance benchmarking is one thing. Benchmarking
- 21 that is required by 1103 is a different thing.
- 22 Performance benchmarking has a longitudinal
- 23 aspect to it. It's ongoing and you get regular updates
- 24 from your utility or, you know, your energy information.
- 25 And you look at how you're evolving over time so you can

- 1 make better decisions.
- 2 1103 is really a one-time thing at a
- 3 transaction. So, obviously, we encourage everyone who
- 4 is a position to do so to do performance benchmarking.
- 5 The State really needs to kind of move to
- 6 institutionalize that kind of an approach.
- 7 So, I want to just lay out that context that
- 8 1103 is a relatively narrow slice of these issues but
- 9 that there are broad benefits to going aggressively in
- 10 these directions more comprehensively.
- 11 You know, a relatively small set of buildings
- 12 are sold, leased, and re-fied, refinanced in any given
- 13 year or period of time. So, there's a much broader
- 14 market for this than just what is being treated by 1103.
- 15 So, at the same time I want to be clear there
- 16 are statute that mandates benchmarking and disclosure
- 17 for transacted commercial buildings. 1103 does that.
- 18 So, this is existing statute, there are existing
- 19 regulations and folks should be complying with those.
- 20 So, that's one -- we believe that that's not
- 21 actually happening anywhere near comprehensively in the
- 22 marketplace and so that's part of the motivation for
- 23 this workshop and for the OII and, potentially, if we
- 24 decide to do so, reopening the regulation discussion.
- 25 So, you know, I also want to point out that

- 1 there are lots of different flavors of disclosure. You
- 2 know, 1103 is between the transaction parties, so the
- 3 seller, the owner.
- 4 Our regulations do require that the Energy
- 5 Commission also be cc'd, essentially, on that
- 6 transaction, on that reporting, that disclosure. That's
- 7 our way of gathering information about the marketplace,
- 8 but also just making sure that compliance is happening
- 9 and one of the ways that we've -- how we've figured out
- 10 that it's not actually happening.
- 11 So, many places, and we'll be hearing from some
- 12 of them today, across the nation actually have public
- 13 disclosure in place.
- 14 So, this is not public disclosure. This is,
- 15 again, a subset of the possibilities in the disclosure
- 16 universe.
- So, public disclosure actually serves -- you
- 18 know, when it's between the parties at the transaction,
- 19 not even prior to the transaction, which is what 1103
- 20 does, it isn't actually something that's going to
- 21 influence the transaction very directly, if at all.
- It maybe gives the new owner some information to
- 23 decide about possible investments in the building or the
- 24 existing owner at refi.
- 25 So, public disclosure actually, you know, can

- 1 actually move the marketplace in ways that the sort of
- 2 limited 1103-type of disclosure may not.
- 3 And so, you know, California needs to learn from
- 4 the other experiences in public disclosure to see how it
- 5 is affecting the marketplace, whether it is creating
- 6 this kind of shift in culture towards energy efficiency
- 7 and optimally-performing buildings.
- 8 So again, this discussion on 1103 is within this
- 9 broader context.
- 10 So, the Energy Commission and the PUC are both
- 11 very interested in 1103 and the conversations and
- 12 dialogue that it inspires here, as we revisit it.
- 13 And we're very much aligned. I think, as the
- 14 primary State agency on this as to where we need to go
- 15 and what the benefits of various potential policies may
- 16 be.
- We're definitely interested in learning about it
- 18 from other jurisdictions, other states, and the cities
- 19 that are doing disclosure across the country, and also
- 20 hearing what our stakeholders here in California have to
- 21 say about it.
- 22 So, we see this, I see this as an important step
- 23 towards gathering the kinds of information we need to
- 24 understand where we want to go as a State, both ensuring
- 25 compliance with 1103, improving, potentially, those

- 1 regulations, but also thinking more broadly about future
- 2 approaches that might help us get where we need to go.
- 3 So, with that I will pass to Commissioner
- 4 Douglas to see if she has some opening comments.
- 5 And then we'll move to the PUC and get on with
- 6 the agenda.
- 7 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Wonderful, thank you.
- 8 Well, good morning, I'd like to welcome all of you to
- 9 the Energy Commission this morning.
- 10 My focus on this issue is fairly simple.
- 11 There's an existing requirement that, as part of certain
- 12 transactions for commercial real estate of a certain
- 13 size, this disclosure of energy information take place,
- 14 and that's got a statutory basis and an important policy
- 15 basis.
- 16 And as Commissioner McAllister noted, it's
- 17 really a first small step towards trying out and proving
- 18 the real possible benefits of this kind of approach.
- 19 And this is an approach, I think as we'll hear about
- 20 more this morning, is also being taken in other parts of
- 21 the country. And we'll hear about some of them today.
- 22 And so, really, my focus is that with this
- 23 requirement in place compliance should be simple, and
- 24 easy and straight forward.
- 25 And so, I'd really like to hear from all of the

- 1 speakers here about what the issues are with compliance
- 2 with this requirement, how can it be made easier and
- 3 more effective so that people can provide the required
- 4 information, and provide it with as few transaction
- 5 costs as possible, and as easily as possible so that we
- 6 can inform these transactions.
- 7 And also, so that as we think about how to make
- 8 this kind of process work better we gain needed
- 9 experience in this area and we find ways to make it
- 10 easier, not harder, to do that.
- 11 So, that's really what I'll be looking for
- 12 today. I really welcome the participation of everyone
- 13 here and on the WebEx, as well, and look forward to
- 14 hearing from you.
- 15 MR. STEVENS: Great. Good morning, I'm with the
- 16 Public Utilities Commission. I serve as an advisor to
- 17 President Michael Peevey.
- So, really quickly, the mission of the PUC is to
- 19 serve the public interest by protecting consumers and
- 20 ensuring the provision of safe reliable utility service
- 21 and infrastructure at reasonable rates, with a
- 22 commitment to environmental enhancement and a healthy
- 23 California economy.
- We regulate utility services, stimulate
- 25 innovation, and promote competitive markets, where

- 1 possible, in the communications, energy, transportation
- 2 and water industries.
- 3 So, President Peevey is the Lead Commissioner
- 4 for the Energy Efficiency Proceeding at the Public
- 5 Utilities Commission and so we have a significant
- 6 interest in ensuring that the Energy Commission has full
- 7 support from our agency to move forward with this
- 8 regulation.
- 9 We see this as an important component of
- 10 allowing the State to meet it's 2050 goals for GHG
- 11 reduction and kind of the broader environmental goals
- 12 that we have set so far.
- So, I'm very encouraged to be here and I'm
- 14 thankful that the Energy Commission invited me.
- 15 Really quickly, I want to make note to a
- 16 decision that came out of the PUC fairly recently. It
- 17 was D0405016, and the title of that was "The Decision
- 18 Adopting Rules to Provide Access to Energy Usage and
- 19 Usage Related Data While Protecting Privacy of Personal
- 20 Data".
- 21 And in there, there was a use case. It was use
- 22 case 7 that pertained exactly to the scenario of
- 23 transactions for large buildings.
- 24 And there are two paragraphs in there that state
- 25 it. Essentially, one paragraph says that the Energy

- 1 Commission has statutory rights to this data. And the
- 2 second paragraph says that the rules surrounding
- 3 disclosure are fully within the jurisdiction of the
- 4 Energy Commission.
- 5 And so, from my perspective I want to make sure
- 6 that those directions of the PUC are carried forward and
- 7 I look forward to helping the Energy Commission do so.
- 8 And I think that's about it. So, I'm really
- 9 appreciative to be here today and I look forward to
- 10 hearing the discussions.
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. Thanks Brian,
- 12 and we appreciate you being here as well and
- 13 representing President Peevey.
- 14 So, I'll pass it back to Dave and staff to get
- 15 things up.
- 16 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Thank you very much. So, we'll
- 17 start off with a background presentation by Brian -- I
- 18 mean by Daniel Johnson. And he's our lead person right
- 19 now on the AB 1103 program. And he was instrumental in
- 20 helping us launch the program when it was launched last
- 21 year, and did a lot of education and outreach to a lot
- 22 of folks, both the real estate industry and building
- 23 officials.
- 24 So with that, Daniel.
- 25 MR. JOHNSON: All right, good morning everyone.

- 1 So, I'm just going to start off really quickly and go
- 2 over the background of AB 1103.
- 3 Assemblywoman Lori Saldana authored Assembly
- 4 Bill 1103, which was approved by the Governor in October
- 5 2007.
- 6 The statute requires electric and gas utilities
- 7 to maintain energy use data and provide it to
- 8 nonresidential building owners upon request.
- 9 Additionally, the statute requires
- 10 nonresidential building owners or operators to disclose
- 11 Energy Star Portfolio Manager benchmarking data and
- 12 ratings for the most recent 12-month period to a
- 13 prospective buyer, lessee or lender.
- 14 So then, Assembly Bill 531 was approved in
- 15 October 2009 as a follow up to AB 1103, which amended
- 16 the Public Resources Code to allow the California Energy
- 17 Commission to manage the implementation schedule for AB
- 18 1103.
- 19 Regulations were adopted by the California
- 20 Energy Commission in October 2013. AB 1103
- 21 implementation for buildings, 10,000 square feet and
- 22 greater, began January 1st, 2014.
- Okay, so what is the Nonresidential Energy Use
- 24 Disclosure Program?
- 25 So, one, as Commission McAllister mentioned, it

- 1 is a private disclosure.
- 2 Benchmarking is where buildings are compared to
- 3 other buildings, nationwide, that have the same primary
- 4 use.
- 5 Metrics, such as square footage, operational
- 6 hours, and energy use intensity, or EUI, are all
- 7 calculated in Portfolio Manager in conjunction with the
- 8 electrical and gas energy use data to inform the owner
- 9 of their building's performance.
- 10 As far as AB 1103 goes, it does allow for energy
- 11 use estimation to protect real estate transactions.
- 12 Lastly, it transforms markets by making energy
- 13 efficiency part of the conversation.
- So right now you're going to see an infographic
- 15 that we made, that shows what triggers an AB 1103
- 16 disclosure.
- 17 And you have to answer yes to all three of these
- 18 questions.
- 19 So, the first one is, is the entire building,
- 20 with the emphasis on "entire", is the entire
- 21 nonresidential building being offered for sale, lease,
- 22 finance, or refinance?
- Does your building meet the size, which it has
- 24 to be 10,000 square feet and greater.
- 25 And then the third one, is it one of these

- 1 occupancy types?
- 2 And you'll see that the different occupancy
- 3 types listed are assembly, business, education,
- 4 institutional assisted living, mercantile, residential
- 5 transient, which would be like hotels and motels,
- 6 storage, and utility parking garages.
- 7 And on the right you see there are two exempt
- 8 classes, which would be factory and industrial, and also
- 9 residential.
- 10 So, if you answered yes to all three of those
- 11 questions, then you must make a disclosure for your
- 12 transaction.
- 13 And to kind of walk it through really fast, just
- 14 going to say that you have to make an Energy Star
- 15 Portfolio Manager account, you have to put in your
- 16 building's metrics, then you have to contact a utility
- 17 and confirm their procedures for providing the energy
- 18 use data.
- 19 You have to benchmark the building at least 30
- 20 days prior to a transaction.
- 21 Hold on one moment, people are saying that they
- 22 can't see the slides online. Oh gosh, let's see here.
- One more moment. Sorry guys, technology.
- 24 All right, so then, lastly, just a part of this
- 25 is that once you benchmark a building you have to

- 1 produce a report in Portfolio Manager known as the Data
- 2 Verification Checklist. And then you have to disclose
- 3 that checklist to the prospective buyer, lessee or
- 4 lender at least 24 hours prior to a signature agreement.
- 5 And then you have to also submit the Data Verification
- 6 Checklist to the Energy Commission by e-mailing it to
- 7 that address. So, that's a quick compliance rundown.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Dan, let me just ask
- 9 a question.
- MR. JOHNSON: Sure.
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, the slides will
- 12 be posted, right, or maybe already are, even, on the
- 13 website, just for --
- MR. JOHNSON: They will.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, so anybody who
- 16 missed the first little chunk can check them out, but
- 17 the verbal description that you've given covers them
- 18 pretty well so far.
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks.
- 21 MR. JOHNSON: Okay, so just a quick rundown of
- 22 the outreach and education that I did last year.
- We did webinars for both the IOUs and the POUs.
- 24 I did five workshops statewide for the real estate
- 25 industry.

- 1 Also, Bank of America in Los Angeles, the Los
- 2 Angeles Business Counsel, and OSHPD, which is the Office
- 3 of Statewide Health Planning and Development.
- 4 And then pretty much to tee up what today is all
- 5 about is this is just a graph of what we've received as
- 6 far as the reports.
- 7 And the top line is just sales. And I want to
- 8 definitely stress that AB 1103 covers sales, leases and
- 9 refinances. So, that is our compliance graphic for the
- 10 program so far since January 21st.
- 11 So with that, I'm going to turn over the
- 12 presentation to Mr. Andrew Burr, who works for the
- 13 Institute for Market Transformation. And he is going to
- 14 do a PowerPoint via WebEx so, yeah.
- MR. BURR: Hi Daniel, can you hear me?
- 16 MR. JOHNSON: Yes, we can. So, just click --
- 17 MR. BURR: Can you see my screen?
- 18 MR. JOHNSON: You have to go and click "share my
- 19 desktop", which I didn't do earlier. There we go.
- 20 MR. BURR: Okay, can you see it?
- 21 MR. JOHNSON: Nope, still can't.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, maybe you need to
- 23 exit out of our presentation there.
- 24 MR. JOHNSON: There we go. You're all good to
- 25 go.

- 1 MR. BURR: Okay, thanks. Well, thank you to the
- 2 Energy Commission for having me speak today. I'm Andrew
- 3 Burr. I'm the Policy Director at the Institute for
- 4 Market Transformation. We're a nonprofit. We're based
- 5 in Washington, D.C.
- 6 It's about a hundred degrees here today. I hope
- 7 it's cooler where you all are.
- 8 We act as an advisor to city, states and the
- 9 Federal government on energy efficiency policy programs,
- 10 codes.
- We also have staff in about ten cities around
- 12 the country, working within city government helping them
- 13 craft and implement energy-efficiency programs.
- Most of that is through a new project that we're
- 15 running called the City Energy Project, which is joint
- 16 with the Natural Resources Defense Council.
- 17 What I want to do today is just give an overview
- 18 of the landscape on benchmarking disclosure policy.
- 19 You'll hear much more detail from some of the
- 20 presenters. I'll give some thoughts on what we see
- 21 changing and then, hopefully, tee up the other speakers.
- 22 This first graphic is the landscape of adopted
- 23 policies around the country. There are nine cities, one
- 24 county and two states that have adopted benchmarking
- 25 disclosure. California obviously was the first.

- 1 There's a bill in Cambridge, Massachusetts that
- 2 is in process. We expect that to pass.
- 3 There are a number of cities not on this map
- 4 that are seriously considering some sort of disclosure
- 5 policy. In North America they include Toronto and
- 6 Vancouver. In the U.S. it includes Ann Arbor, Michigan
- 7 and Portland, Oregon.
- 8 The yellow states on this map have had previous
- 9 legislative proposals for benchmarking disclosures that
- 10 did not pass.
- 11 The places I would draw your attention to are
- 12 Minneapolis and Chicago, two cities, both adopted last
- 13 year in the Midwest, which I think is a bellwether for
- 14 this type of policy moving off the coasts.
- 15 This next graph gives a little bit more
- 16 information on all these policies. There are a couple
- 17 of trends in here I'll draw your attention to.
- 18 The first is that about half of these adoptions
- 19 have occurred within the last 24 months. So, we see the
- 20 trend accelerating.
- 21 The second, if you look in the middle column,
- 22 benchmarking building type and size, you're going to see
- 23 that the cities have really coalesced around a building
- 24 size threshold that runs 25,000 square feet to 50,000
- 25 feet.

- 2 threshold that you all have in California. It's very
- 3 different than what was initially in place in Seattle
- 4 and what is currently in place in the State of
- 5 Washington.
- 6 What the cities have basically come to is that
- 7 they want to start with larger buildings, understanding
- 8 that these are the owners and operators that are more
- 9 savvy and in a better position to comply with this
- 10 stuff, before moving further down the market into
- 11 smaller buildings with much different ownership and
- 12 management profiles.
- The third trend, this is the column on the
- 14 right, is you'll see that after 2010 there's been no
- 15 adoption that has been transacted-based. So, you're
- 16 really seeing a shift and a move into public disclosure,
- 17 where the market reports information to the city, or the
- 18 country, or the state and then that gets posted on a
- 19 public website.
- 20 This next slide, first of all, is only city and
- 21 county jurisdictions that have passed. These are IMT
- 22 estimates.
- We are estimating that the numbers of properties
- 24 that have to benchmark annually now, under law, is about
- 25 5 billion feet.

1	According,	again.	to	our	estimates.	. if	vou	add

- 2 California and Washington transaction-based
- 3 requirements, all properties that may need to comply,
- 4 you get up to about 11 billion feet.
- 5 So, these types of policies have gone from
- 6 something that was very boutique just a few years ago to
- 7 something that is affecting many of the largest real
- 8 estate markets around the country.
- 9 A couple words on policy goals. The first goal,
- 10 to reduce energy and carbon, and to create jobs is
- 11 really the top line goal that you hear most about.
- 12 And governments are trying to accomplish that by
- 13 strengthening market demand for energy efficiency,
- 14 building awareness with building owners and operators
- 15 about opportunities to improve efficiency.
- The second goal, to expand energy transparency,
- 17 is very similar to the first goal and is a component of
- 18 the first goal.
- 19 But we've heard from some cities that the goal
- 20 is transparency in and of itself, which is different.
- 21 If you think about it as the goal of like a nutritional
- 22 label on food, the value there is simply to convey
- 23 information, and it's not tied to dependent outcomes,
- 24 such as decline in the obesity rate throughout the
- 25 country.

1	So,	the	second	qoal	is	related	but	can	be

- 2 distinct from the first goal.
- 3 And the third is to make government smarter.
- 4 And I think everybody can agree nobody wants governments
- 5 crafting policy in areas that they know very little
- 6 about. Governments have, historically, known very
- 7 little about real estate markets, and even building
- 8 stocks, ownership profiles, things like that.
- 9 The information that is now being reported to
- 10 governments we think is going to help them design
- 11 policies that are much smarter, respond better to
- 12 conditions and, hopefully, allow governments to do more
- 13 efficiency with fewer taxpayer dollars.
- 14 A couple observations about what we see going
- 15 well and things that we think can be improved.
- I think what you're going to hear from many of
- 17 the cities, later on today, is that compliance rates are
- 18 quite high in most places. I'll let them talk about the
- 19 reasons for that.
- 20 One reason I'll talk about, each of these cities
- 21 set up benchmarking compliance help centers, with actual
- 22 people there, where the market could call in and ask
- 23 questions about the regulation, could get help getting
- 24 started benchmarking.
- 25 And then centers, we think, have been a really

- 1 critical part of the success to date and the high
- 2 compliance rate.
- 3 In Seattle, 64 percent of their buildings that
- 4 were covered under their law called in to the help
- 5 center. Last year they received -- this help center
- 6 received more than 10,000 calls and e-mails requesting
- 7 assistance.
- 8 In Washington, D.C., 75 percent of the covered
- 9 buildings had a representative call the help center.
- 10 In Chicago, which just passed its first
- 11 reporting deadline, there have already been more than
- 12 500 market interactions that have gone to the help
- 13 center, e-mails, proactive outreach by the help center,
- 14 and inbound calls.
- There is more and more emerging evidence that
- 16 the impact that benchmarking has and eventually what we
- 17 think the impact that disclosure will have.
- 18 The EPA ran a study on its set of benchmarked
- 19 buildings nationally and found a strong correlation
- 20 between benchmarking and annual decreases in energy
- 21 consumption. I think Leslie will probably talk more
- 22 about this.
- Resources for the Future is a D.C. think tank,
- 24 and the Georgia Tech Public Policy School both ran
- 25 studies that projected that these ordinances would, in

- 1 fact, save energy.
- 2 The CPUC commissioned a study a couple of years
- 3 ago that found a correlation between benchmarking and
- 4 improved enrollment rates in the utility incentive and
- 5 rebate programs, which we think is potentially a very
- 6 consequential finding.
- We're seeing more openness and appetite by
- 8 utilities and regulators to consider data access
- 9 solutions. I won't go into that a lot now.
- 10 And the last one is governments are beginning to
- 11 analyze the data that they have coming to them, which we
- 12 think is very positive.
- 13 The things that we think need to be improved are
- 14 that data mobility, the benchmarking data that is being
- 15 disclosed is not yet very mobile and it's not yet very
- 16 visible.
- So, cities, and states in some cases, are
- 18 setting up websites.
- 19 What, really, I think the goal would be to make
- 20 this information mobile and visible is to get it into
- 21 existing information databases that the industry uses,
- 22 such as CoStar.
- 23 The second, and this is kind of a byproduct of
- 24 the mobility, is that we think that awareness by tenants
- 25 is very low.

1	Ideally,	the	businesses	and	the	residents	in

- 2 multi-family buildings and commercial buildings are
- 3 using this information as part of the decision making
- 4 process. We're not really seeing that, yet.
- 5 Energy metrics can be a very tough thing to
- 6 convey well to markets.
- 7 I think the EPA metrics, including the 1 to 100
- 8 score are very good, but as these policies mature and as
- 9 we expect them to be impacting broader segments of the
- 10 market we need to be thinking about the best way to do
- 11 that.
- 12 And the last issue is that there are still major
- 13 issues, as you may hear later, with the energy data
- 14 access issue and utilities.
- 15 Very quickly on that, this graph gives you a
- 16 rundown of how several utilities that have data access
- 17 solutions have come to solutions.
- So, where we see data access being supported by
- 19 utilities, they are aggregating multiple customer
- 20 accounts within a building together and giving that
- 21 information as a lump sum to the building owner or
- 22 manager, with the hope that it masks privacy and
- 23 confidentiality of any individual tenant.
- 24 But it gives the owner/manager enough to
- 25 conveniently gather the information they need to

- 1 benchmark which, of course, is tremendously,
- 2 tremendously important.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Andrew, can I ask a
- 4 question? This is Andrew McAllister.
- 5 MR. BURR: Sure.
- 6 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Just a clarifying
- 7 question. So, are all the programs that you have list
- 8 there and that you've discussed in the map of the U.S.
- 9 there, that you showed, are they whole building data?
- 10 Is that the focus of the policy?
- 11 MR. BURR: They're all whole buildings, yes.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thank you.
- MR. BURR: So, this graph gives you two pieces
- 14 of information, one, the account aggregation threshold
- 15 that each utility is using.
- 16 We are seeing this from two accounts which is
- 17 essentially no threshold up to five, and whether the
- 18 utility has automated the upload of information into an
- 19 owner's Portfolio Manager account, which I believe the
- 20 California utilities have done, and several of these
- 21 utilities listed here are doing.
- 22 And lastly, just a couple notes that I hope will
- 23 be helpful perhaps later on in these conversations.
- We do expect adoption trends will accelerate.
- 25 There are about a dozen cities that are in some stage of

- 1 considering benchmarking disclosure policy in the U.S.
- 2 We will see resurgence, I think, of policy adoption at
- 3 the state level over the next 12 or 24 months.
- We are, again, seeing more appetite by utilities
- 5 and regulators to get their heads around the data access
- 6 issue, and troubleshoot, and come up with solutions.
- 7 There have been policy positions by both the
- 8 Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners and the
- 9 State Utility Consumer Advocates Association, both
- 10 encouraging regulators and utilities to come up with
- 11 solutions to get building owners better access to their
- 12 data.
- 13 Looking down the road, I do expect that there
- 14 will be some pretty significant changes to how
- 15 benchmarking disclosure policies are designed.
- 16 I think that the next tranche of cities and
- 17 states that looks at this will look at it with more
- 18 flexibility.
- 19 Meaning, if the goal of these things is to save
- 20 energy, there may be better designs to do that.
- I think you're going to see cities give a lot of
- 22 consideration to SMART exemptions, opting people out of
- 23 the market disclosure if they have poor scores, in
- 24 return for enrolling in programs that will help them get
- 25 to savings, in exchange for enrolling in utility

- 1 incentive programs.
- 2 Basically, using benchmarking disclosure
- 3 policies to channel building owners that need help with
- 4 efficiency into programs that can give them that help.
- 5 And that's very different than how these policies have
- 6 been set up today.
- 7 I also think benchmarking compliance centers
- 8 will be undergoing a lot of changes over the next couple
- 9 of years.
- Today they've been very effective in a very
- 11 narrow sense as compliance centers. They are a touch
- 12 point for all the buildings in these cities that need
- 13 the most help, so they're touch points for class B
- 14 buildings. They're touch points for buildings that
- 15 don't have management expertise to do the benchmarking
- 16 in-house, and the buildings that in general have less of
- 17 an idea of what their efficiency options are.
- 18 So, just to use these centers as a place to help
- 19 them comply with the benchmarking law I think is, in
- 20 some ways, a misallocation of resources.
- 21 And there are ways to tie in the help centers,
- 22 help get incentives in front of these owners, help get
- 23 them into other programs, help put financing programs
- 24 that the cities and states have crafted in front of
- 25 them, like PACE and On-Bill.

- 1 And the last thing I think is looking out, you
- 2 know, a number of years, the most disruptive change from
- 3 these laws I think will be the data that is being
- 4 generated, and given to the market, and to governments.
- 5 In New York, two and a half billion feet is
- 6 covered. In Chicago, a billion feet of space is
- 7 covered.
- 8 This is information at the building level on a
- 9 scale that the country just has not seen before.
- 10 So, I think as we keep going a lot of the focus
- 11 will be shifting to what can we do with this information
- 12 to make it powerful and to help accelerate energy
- 13 efficiency nationwide.
- 14 So, thank you. I hope this was helpful. last
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- 16 years, the most disruptive change from these laws I
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- 25 will be shifting to what can we do with this information

- 1 to make it powerful and to help accelerate energy
- 2 efficiency nationwide.
- 3 So, thank you. I hope this was helpful.
- 4 MR. JOHNSON: Thank you, Andrew.
- 5 Okay, so if you would just click "stop sharing",
- 6 perfect.
- 7 So, the next presentation we're going to have --
- 8 that was --
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, Dan, I wonder if
- 10 we might have a couple of minutes for questions.
- 11 MR. JOHNSON: Sure.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I guess he was
- 13 supposed to end right about now, so maybe there's a
- 14 chance for a couple of questions.
- 15 Andrew, are you still on the line?
- MR. BURR: Yes.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, well, thanks a
- 18 lot for your presentation, really appreciate it, and
- 19 IMT's leadership, and it's great the initiative with
- 20 NRDC, and we're all kind of -- I think we'll hear a
- 21 little bit more about that from L.A.'s perspective,
- 22 later, but really appreciate all the work that you guys
- have done.
- 24 Let's see, I guess I'm interested, we're all
- 25 definitely interested in monitoring the impacts of these

- 1 policies, and sort of you listed a few resources that
- 2 have cropped up and a few studies that have been.
- 3 You know, I'm wondering if there are any
- 4 feelings, say in New York City or some of the larger
- 5 jurisdictions, about the economic impact and sort of the
- 6 measurable -- you know, what metrics are the ones that
- 7 seem to be the ones that have the most traction?
- 8 You know, I'm hopeful that, say in New York
- 9 City, we'll start to see the pipeline for energy-
- 10 efficiency projects or for building upgrades generally
- 11 sort of be primed by this information, and then the
- 12 economy will grow, and you'll have sort of job flow
- 13 that's measurably increased as a result of this.
- I wonder if there's any evidence of that so far?
- 15 MR. BURR: There's limited evidence. You know,
- 16 I'd say, of course, anything that is market-based will
- 17 take some time to ramp up.
- We ran a somewhat limited study in New York
- 19 City, looking at the attitudes of the building energy
- 20 services industry toward the entirety of the Greener
- 21 Greater Buildings Plan, which New York City passed,
- 22 which it's disclosure, plus audits, and
- 23 retrocommissioning, and other measures.
- 24 And we found a lot of optimism among that
- 25 sector. These are large S Cos., these are also smaller

- 1 companies, and they're also software companies that are,
- 2 you know, leveraging data in new ways.
- I think it's important, if you're looking at
- 4 economic impacts, to be looking at the energy services
- 5 sector.
- I think if this sector is growing, it's going to
- 7 be a proxy for the type of economic impacts that you
- 8 would expect.
- 9 And, of course, this sector has been very
- 10 excited about these types of policies, understanding
- 11 it's very difficult for them to sell efficiency in the
- 12 markets, you know, where building owners and managers
- 13 don't have a good understanding of the opportunities.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks. And that --
- 15 we're all dependent on -- you know, interested in
- 16 hearing as anything evolves. So, if you could let us --
- 17 sort of keep us in the loop on what happens in those
- 18 primary jurisdictions that would be great.
- 19 So, you mentioned these centers. And I'm
- 20 wondering, is there kind of a standard definition or a
- 21 standard approach that the different jurisdictions are
- 22 using? Sort of is it a call line? Is it a physical
- 23 place? What kind of staffing, I guess?
- 24 You know, I'm hearing from you that that seems
- 25 to be a key component of getting good compliance. You

- 1 know, providing good customer service, basically, and
- 2 potentially creativity utilizing the information that's
- 3 coming in to help people make better decisions.
- 4 I'm wondering if you can expand on that just a
- 5 touch.
- 6 MR. BURR: Yes, I would expect that each of the
- 7 cities will talk about their own help centers.
- 8 They have all felt that they've been, again, a
- 9 critical part of the success. And I think each of the
- 10 cities has felt some obligation that if they were going
- 11 to pass these regulations that they set up the
- 12 appropriate things to help owners comply.
- 13 These are staffed centers. They are mostly
- 14 communicating with the market through phone calls and e-
- 15 mails.
- I know in Seattle they did set up -- they
- 17 scheduled time in computer labs around the city to help
- 18 owners or managers that did not have computers, which is
- 19 actually a problem that they ran into, especially when
- 20 they got down to around 20,000 feet for their building
- 21 threshold.
- 22 So, it's being done in a number of different
- 23 ways across jurisdictions.
- It is a capital outlay. It's not huge. But I
- 25 think what the cities will say later on is that it has

- 1 generated huge return for them in terms of acceptance in
- 2 the market for these laws and compliance rates.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, great.
- 4 Then, really, just one other question, you know,
- 5 we were talking about a -- you know, not just one city,
- 6 even a large city, but a whole state that's going to
- 7 pretty soon have 40 million people in it, and a number
- 8 of major, major metropolitan areas, but also a lot of
- 9 rural areas. So, we're talking about something that's a
- 10 little bit different.
- 11 So, you know, just keeping that in mind, I
- 12 guess, it does up the ante a little bit. And it means
- 13 that, you know, this idea of being flexible I think is
- 14 even more important in a case like California versus,
- 15 you know, an individual metropolitan area.
- So, it would be helpful -- so, we have EPA and
- 17 Leslie will be speaking here pretty soon. But I wanted
- 18 to kind of -- you know, we're very interested in a bit
- 19 of a two-way street, or at least building flexibility
- 20 into the program such that we can -- yeah, as
- 21 Commissioner Douglas said, decrease as much as possible
- 22 the transaction costs of compliance for this, you know,
- 23 very large market.
- 24 And I'm wondering sort of how you see the role
- 25 of Portfolio Manager in these programs? You know,

- 1 what's the level of standardization around Portfolio
- 2 Manager in the suite that's out there already?
- 3 MR. BURR: All of the places that have adopted
- 4 are leveraging Portfolio Manager. It's, I think, under-
- 5 appreciated how much this has help that it's standard
- 6 across all of the laws, and that the tool that was
- 7 chosen by governments, Portfolio Manager, is -- you
- 8 know, it's free, a lot of the market knows how to use it
- 9 already, things that I think have been critical to the
- 10 success.
- If you look at Europe, where this is required by
- 12 the commission, basically energy rating for all their
- 13 buildings, in the 26 or 28 member states, each one of
- 14 them has different schemes, different rating schemes,
- 15 different requirements, different tools.
- So, what was intended to bring some
- 17 standardization across the European markets has almost
- 18 totally failed.
- 19 The owners and operators have to run different
- 20 tools and methodologies in different countries. You
- 21 cannot compare these things from country to country.
- So, I think we've avoided a lot of that by
- 23 virtue of Portfolio Manager here. It's just been very,
- 24 very important.
- 25 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, yeah, great and

- 1 I'm glad to hear that pretty much comprehensively people
- 2 have seen the value and are using it.
- 3 And I guess I would -- so, finally, just
- 4 following up on that idea, you know, we -- California's
- 5 a big state, and it's got lots of people with a very
- 6 diverse population, demographics, geography, et cetera.
- Any ideas, just briefly, or in the future you
- 8 can chime in offline about migrating from, you know, a
- 9 city context, a more specific context say in, you know,
- 10 a New York City or Chicago and even though New York is
- 11 big, it's New York City, to a statewide effort, like our
- 12 case here in California?
- MR. BURR: Yeah, that's touch. I would consider
- 14 options that would give implementation authority at more
- 15 local levels. I don't know what they are, but there's
- 16 no question that, you know, cities have been a nice
- 17 contained environment.
- 18 City leadership, you know, there's a focus on
- 19 picking up trash and removing snow in cities, and this
- 20 has certainly helped, implementation for energy
- 21 initiatives, like this.
- I don't know what would be entailed there. So
- 23 that would be one thing, looking at where the authority
- 24 for implementation sits.
- 25 The other, last comment is each of the cities

- 1 has run analyses on their building stocks to help set
- 2 their thresholds. And where most of them have come out
- 3 is at what size building do we need to go down to, to
- 4 hit half or more of our total real estate footprint.
- 5 And for most cities that's been, you know,
- 6 between 25,000 and 50,000 feet.
- 7 So, there's been an emphasis on making this as
- 8 implementable as possible from the city administration
- 9 perspective, and also covering as much of the stock as
- 10 they can.
- I don't know that California has done that. It
- 12 is much more difficult, certainly, at the state level,
- 13 but it's something I would consider doing.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well great. Well
- 15 thanks. I'll stop there, but thanks very much. I
- 16 really appreciate your helping us set the context.
- 17 And anybody else on the dais have any questions?
- 18 MR. STEVENS: This is Brian Stevens from the
- 19 PUC. A really quick question, I'm trying to understand
- 20 the bookends of what's going on out there in terms of
- 21 different jurisdictions.
- 22 Have any jurisdictions proposed single-family
- 23 benchmarking or disclosure?
- MR. BURR: Yes, most of them have failed
- 25 politically.

- 1 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, I would imagine.
- 2 MR. BURR: The place that it is in effect is
- 3 Austin, Texas. And they have a single-family audit
- 4 requirement tied to the time of sale. This is for
- 5 single-family homes. It has been in effect for a couple
- 6 of years, now.
- 7 They also have a mandatory upgrade requirement
- 8 for multi-family buildings of five units or more, if the
- 9 multi-family building uses significantly more energy
- 10 than the average multi-family building in the Austin
- 11 Energy service territory.
- 12 So, those are probably the best examples of
- 13 programs that are operational.
- MR. STEVENS: Awesome, thank you.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, let's go back
- 16 to the agenda. Thanks Dan.
- 17 MR. JOHNSON: All right. Thank you, Andrew.
- MR. BURR: Thank you.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: Yes. So, next we're going to have
- 20 a presentation, we're joined by Leslie Cook and Tracy
- 21 Narel from the United States Environmental Protection
- 22 Agency. So, I'm going to turn it over to them.
- 23 All right, Leslie, are you there?
- 24 MS. COOK: Hi, I am here.
- MR. JOHNSON: All right.

- 1 MS. COOK: And I'm getting my slides up and
- 2 ready to go. Okay, can you see my first slide?
- 3 MR. JOHNSON: Real quick, Leslie, I'm going to
- 4 invite Alice Liddell up.
- 5 MS. COOK: Yeah, thank you.
- 6 So, while Alice is coming up, folks, thank you
- 7 for having us on. We appreciate the Commission for
- 8 having EPA participate in today's workshop.
- 9 I'm Leslie Cook with the EPA Energy Star
- 10 Program. And within our Buildings team I do lead our
- 11 state and local work, and that would include working
- 12 with all the cities and states that include benchmarking
- 13 as part of their mandatory policies, as Andrew
- 14 discussed, but also more broadly in their lead-by-
- 15 example or voluntary programs.
- 16 Tracy Narel is also on the line. And Tracy is
- 17 responsible for our utility partnerships across the
- 18 country. So, of course, that includes those in
- 19 California.
- 20 And I think Alice has joined you at the front
- 21 there. Alice Liddell is -- I'm happy she can be there
- 22 in person with you today. She works at ICF
- 23 International in support of our Utility Partnership
- 24 Program at Energy Star. So, she'll be there as a
- 25 resource during this session, but also throughout the

- 1 rest of the day.
- 2 So, I'll go ahead and get started. I really
- 3 wanted to join you today and, hopefully, go through some
- 4 of the ins and outs of Energy Star and focusing in on
- 5 our Portfolio Manager benchmarking took that is at the
- 6 heart of today's topic, and in the context of California
- 7 AB 1103.
- 8 And discuss about how some utilities around the
- 9 country and, of course, there in California are
- 10 leveraging Portfolio Manager in their programs.
- 11 First, I would like to thank you again for
- 12 having us as part of this workshop today. We are a
- 13 national voluntary program that is delivered through
- 14 EPA.
- 15 And, really, the rationale of our program, which
- 16 has been existence for over 20 years and we plan to
- 17 stick around for 20 years and beyond, is that there is a
- 18 huge cost-effective opportunity to reduce energy waste
- 19 as a way to get to protecting our climate and our air
- 20 quality.
- 21 And, of course, everyone who is implementing
- 22 these low-cost strategies or cost-effective strategies
- 23 are saving a lot of money along the way, and generating
- 24 activity in the marketplace, and green jobs, as Andrew
- 25 did a great job of covering.

1	Specifically,	to	the	CNI	sector	, we're	seeino

- 2 that up to a third of the energy use in these facilities
- 3 can be wasted. And so, narrowing down on existing
- 4 facilities and new facilities is a great way to target
- 5 the reduction of unnecessary greenhouse gas emissions
- 6 and energy costs.
- 7 So, Energy Star is a program for commercial and
- 8 industrial facilities. We've been around for over 15
- 9 years, now.
- 10 And really at the heart of the Energy Star
- 11 voluntary program is that managing energy with a
- 12 standardized measurement system for the buildings and
- 13 plants is a key strategy for successful energy
- 14 management, for asset management and for cost
- 15 management.
- 16 We do provide the Portfolio Manager tool as the
- 17 delivery mechanism for these standardized measurements,
- 18 and ways to set goals, and track your progress, and that
- 19 is at the heart of our program.
- We're going to focus on that today. But I would
- 21 be missing an opportunity if I didn't highlight that we
- 22 have a lot of other resources available for no cost,
- 23 through the Energy Star Program, such as energy
- 24 management approaches all the way from top execs in an
- 25 organization, state, company and nonprofit all the way

- 1 down to -- or not down, but through energy managers, and
- 2 those that are working in the facilities, and tenants,
- 3 and occupants that are making energy decisions every
- 4 day.
- 5 We've got these guidance documents, these
- 6 educational materials and recognition. It's all
- 7 available because we want this information coming out of
- 8 the activity of benchmarking to not only be very easily
- 9 understandable, but actionable. And that's the heart of
- 10 our Energy Star Program.
- 11 So, I promised I would focus on Portfolio
- 12 Manager as the topic of today. And, really, Portfolio
- 13 Manager is both at the heart of the tool management tool
- 14 and also a metric calculator.
- This is EPA's measurement tracking tool and
- 16 it's, again, cost-free, available online in a secure
- 17 environment. And it's available to benchmark and assess
- 18 properties of any type.
- 19 And Commissioner, you asked a question about
- 20 single-family homes. That's not really the focus of
- 21 Portfolio Manager. We do have a few folks across the
- 22 country using the tool to benchmark their homes. You're
- 23 welcome to.
- 24 But the interface is more designed for
- 25 commercial properties. And by that we mean, really, any

- 1 property that's not a single-family home or
- 2 institutional -- or, sorry, industrial, manufacturing
- 3 facilities. We've got tools for those different types
- 4 of buildings.
- 5 But Portfolio Manager is meant for those that
- 6 are covered under AB 1103.
- 7 And the tool enables you to track energy
- 8 intensity, energy cost, greenhouse gas emissions, and
- 9 water, if that's something that the user chooses to
- 10 track, which I know is of important in California, now.
- 11 And, you know, as a management took this really
- 12 is an asset that can be used to manage your whole
- 13 building energy and water consumption.
- 14 Understand where that consumption lies, not only
- 15 as compared to your own performance over time, as
- 16 building owners and managers are tracking their progress
- 17 towards meeting goals, but also as a way to compare
- 18 yourself to peers across the country. And that's
- 19 available for many building types through the 1 through
- 20 100 Energy Star score.
- 21 For all of these reasons, all of these functions
- 22 that are delivered through Portfolio Manager that we are
- 23 hearing that that is the reason why this is the tool
- 24 that has been chosen by the cities and states that have
- 25 existing benchmarking policies.

- 1 And the next slide shows a visual from our Data
- 2 Trend series. You know, I think another reason why
- 3 policymakers are choosing Portfolio Manager as the
- 4 platform to build upon -- build energy-efficiency
- 5 policies upon is that we are seeing, across the board,
- 6 as EPA and other organizations are doing some good
- 7 research into the connection between benchmarking and
- 8 then energy savings. We're seeing consistent
- 9 benchmarking is resulting in energy savings and improved
- 10 performance.
- 11 And, of course, there's a lot wrapped up here
- 12 and it's important to say what these graphs show and
- 13 what they don't show.
- 14 And what they do show is that over a class of
- 15 buildings, around 35,000 buildings actually had good,
- 16 consistent data from 2008 to 2011, showed a seven
- 17 percent savings over that whole period, so about a 2.4
- 18 percent savings per year.
- 19 And it showed a coordinating 6.0 increase. So
- 20 that is good. You know, the score is normalizing for
- 21 business activities. And there was a recession during
- 22 that time.
- So, it was good for us to see in the research
- 24 that the energy use decrease corresponded with an Energy
- 25 Star score increase.

- 1 MR. STEVENS: Hey, Leslie, this is Brian
- 2 Stevens. I have a quick clarifying question.
- 3 MS. COOK: Sure.
- 4 MR. STEVENS: So, are these the same buildings
- 5 that are measured over time or are these different
- 6 buildings?
- 7 MS. COOK: These are the same buildings.
- 8 MR. STEVENS: Okay, got it.
- 9 MS. COOK: So what we did is we isolated. There
- 10 are over 300,000 buildings, actually, benchmarking in
- 11 Portfolio Manager. We isolated these 35,000 buildings
- 12 and did one study on them.
- MR. STEVENS: Got it, thank you.
- MS. COOK: Sure.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Leslie, this is --
- MS. COOK: Yes?
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: This is Andrew
- 18 McAllister.
- 19 So, just kind of a clarifying question, I quess.
- 20 So, this is the subset that you were able to isolate
- 21 that has, you know, longitudinal information that you
- 22 were sort of confident in.
- I guess I'm wondering, of the whole population
- 24 of users which do you think, you know, what portion of
- 25 that is sort of one-off uploads versus people actually

- 1 doing performance benchmarking over time, and maybe
- 2 working with their utilities, or whatever, to get their
- 3 data monthly or regularly into the tool?
- 4 MS. COOK: Sure. Well, I would say that a good
- 5 proportion of our benchmarking activity is repeat
- 6 performers or repeat users.
- 7 I don't have the number right off the top of my
- 8 head, but I can get that for you. I believe it is at
- 9 least over half.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay.
- 11 MS. COOK: We see the same type of activity in
- 12 our Certified Buildings, which is available either as a
- 13 one-time deal, or something that organizations strive
- 14 for every year, or at some repeat time.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, that would be
- 16 helpful.
- MS. COOK: I would say that -- sure. And I
- 18 would say that any time where data availability is less
- 19 of a barrier, we would see probably a greater uptick in
- 20 repeat benchmarks. You know, removing that barrier
- 21 would help to decrease the time needed to continually
- 22 update your information.
- 23 Great, if there's nothing else right at this
- 24 moment for questions, before I move this from the slide,
- 25 there is a lot of other really great information in our

- 1 Data Trends Report series, available at the website
- 2 energystar.gov/datatrends.
- 3 This is just one graphic from one report and
- 4 there's a lot of good stuff there available for you.
- 5 So, we did refer to those 35,000 buildings that
- 6 were studied in that report. But I think it's good to
- 7 know, and Andrew mentioned that policymakers are
- 8 choosing this tool because a lot of the building owners
- 9 that they're targeting in jurisdictions are familiar
- 10 with Portfolio Manager because it has been adopted as
- 11 the energy standard.
- 12 And here are the numbers to support a statement
- 13 like that. As of last December, of 2013, the tool is
- 14 accessed by more than 70,000 accounts and that's
- 15 covering 325,000 buildings, and representing more than
- 16 30 billion square feet of commercial space.
- 17 And we're seeing that number grow pretty
- 18 exponentially each year.
- 19 You know, over time this has been the tool
- 20 that's adopted by leading commercial real estate,
- 21 healthcare, educational, governmental organizations
- 22 across the country.
- 23 And really, for the bulk of the history of
- 24 Energy Star's CNI Program all of that uptake was done
- 25 voluntary because these organizations have been adopting

- 1 energy management with Portfolio Manager as a best
- 2 practice.
- 3 And that's what led us to the point where I
- 4 believe that these governments, or states and locals are
- 5 now choosing the tool as a platform for their various
- 6 programs and policies.
- 7 And that -- there's a wide variety of the types
- 8 of programs and policies at state and local governments,
- 9 and the Federal government has incorporated benchmarking
- 10 into.
- One of which, at the Federal level, is that
- 12 Portfolio Manager is required for use to track and
- 13 benchmark Federal properties. And, you know, the
- 14 reports coming out of that process are used to track the
- 15 progress towards how the Federal government is reaching
- 16 their set goals to become more energy efficient.
- 17 It's also the tool that's been selected by the
- 18 Canadian government as their platform, as they build an
- 19 Energy Star-like program to our north.
- 20 So, that's the national landscape. You know,
- 21 what is driving benchmarking right there in California,
- 22 of course we all know there's AB 1103, that's what we're
- 23 here to discuss today. That's the statewide mandate.
- We also see there are other -- there's a local
- 25 ordinance in San Francisco that is driving benchmarking

- 1 in that market.
- 2 And you also have the CPUC benchmarking goals
- 3 for the State of California.
- 4 That's very important and something we're very
- 5 much wanting to continue to support. It's good to know
- 6 that there are other voluntary drivers that are bringing
- 7 customers, utility customers to Portfolio Manager.
- 8 And those are some of the great utility programs
- 9 that we're seeing throughout California that support
- 10 benchmarking and promote it as a best practice for
- 11 customers, and integrate benchmarking into program
- 12 design to get more bang for their buck.
- We're also seeing, like we have for the past 15
- 14 years, continuing to pursue benchmarking as a best
- 15 practice in general.
- 16 And also, seeking Energy Star certification,
- 17 which is the EPA recognition for top performers. That
- 18 is an activity that we see growing across the country
- 19 and, certainly, in California.
- 20 The City of Los Angeles actually has the most
- 21 Energy Star certified buildings of any city across the
- 22 country.
- 23 And then, of course, those that are seeking
- 24 recognition from industry associations. Many of those
- 25 industry associations have put out their own programs to

1	support	and	promote	energy	efficiency,	and	benchmarking
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- 2 is at the heart of those.
- To give you a bit of a visualization of, you
- 4 know, all of the -- these are voluntary and mandatory
- 5 programs that are in place across the country that
- 6 specifically mention the use of Portfolio Manager.
- 7 And you can see there are lots and we're
- 8 constantly shading in states and adding cities.
- 9 So, with all of that driving the benchmarking
- 10 activities, utilities certainly have been and continue
- 11 to come to the table to see how this tool can be
- 12 incorporated into programs, and also to help customers
- 13 get the most out of this benchmarking activity by
- 14 understanding the information and then acting on it,
- 15 perhaps going back to their DSM programs, for instance.
- 16 So, you know, at the broad scale there are many
- 17 ways that these energy-efficiency programs can use
- 18 Portfolio Manager to encourage that improvement at the
- 19 whole building level and in a performance-based way.
- 20 You know, first, utilities can use Portfolio
- 21 Manager as an educational tool simply by sharing
- 22 information about Portfolio Manager with all their
- 23 customers, and they are providing links to their
- 24 websites.
- 25 And, great, we've got some examples on the

- 1 screen here from some utilities, PG&E, and New Jersey's
- 2 Clean Energy Program, and also Wisconsin's focus on
- 3 energy, and folding it into these educational programs
- 4 and outreach.
- 5 As a next step, utilities are and have come to
- 6 us to learn more about how they can, in the future, use
- 7 Portfolio Manager in various ways as they are assessing
- 8 building performance within their customer base to
- 9 identify the buildings that have significant energy
- 10 efficiency potential.
- 11 And this is really a great took to empower the
- 12 utilities so that they can make the best use of their
- 13 program resources.
- 14 And then, finally, utilities can develop
- 15 programs that integrate benchmarking. Go a big deeper
- 16 and integrate benchmarking as a key component of program
- 17 delivery. You know, providing that higher level of
- 18 support for customers that are interested in
- 19 benchmarking their facilities.
- 20 And, you know, to support benchmarking at the
- 21 greatest scale, some utilities have, as they've already
- 22 done in California and some across the country, they can
- 23 use Portfolio Manager Web Services to take it to scale
- 24 and allow their customers to request the download of
- 25 their energy data into their Portfolio Manager accounts.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Leslie, can I ask a
- 2 clarifying question on that last point?
- 3 MS. COOK: Yes.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, in a multi-tenant
- 5 situation, say a building owner that wants whole-
- 6 building data, that is -- that can be uploaded directly
- 7 into Portfolio Manager; is that correct? I mean we've
- 8 heard about --
- 9 MS. COOK: That is correct.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, okay, so it
- 11 doesn't have to be account by account, it can be whole
- 12 building directly?
- MS. COOK: Yeah, there are various ways, various
- 14 paths to integrate Web Services. You know, the heart
- 15 of -- this is a machine-to-machine communication. And
- 16 the design of that interaction can be using whole-
- 17 building energy information. It can be using -- well,
- 18 let's say tenant-level information.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks.
- 20 MS. COOK: And furthermore, an account,
- 21 Portfolio Manager is capable of allowing a user to have
- 22 multiple utility providers using Web Services to import
- 23 energy data. So, you know, you can have an electricity
- 24 or natural gas provider, or even a water utility all
- 25 providing information to your Web Services account.

1	COMMISSIONER	MC ALLIES	TER: Oh.	interesting,

- 2 okay. Thanks very much. I appreciate that.
- 3 MS. COOK: Uh-hum. Okay, so to try to remove
- 4 any mystery around, you know, what does it take to
- 5 benchmark a building in this tool, what you see on your
- 6 screen or there, in person, is what it takes.
- 7 And this is not, you know, a terribly complex
- 8 process using very difficult-to-obtain information. But
- 9 the idea here is that once a building owner or manager
- 10 has decided to benchmark, either voluntarily or let's
- 11 say that there was an AB 1103-triggered event, they have
- 12 the responsibility of entering in some specific
- 13 information about the property into Portfolio Manager.
- 14 So, I just wanted to clarify that it's the
- 15 building owner, or manager, or perhaps the service
- 16 provider that they've hired that established their
- 17 Portfolio Manager account, or just continue to keep that
- 18 account up to date.
- 19 This is something they've set up for themselves
- 20 and, you know, accessed themselves, and they are
- 21 responsible for keeping these, you know, general pieces
- 22 of information up to date, like the address, the number
- 23 of buildings on that facility property, and then also
- 24 the space use information.
- 25 So, that's important to note because that

- 1 information is known by the facility owner, or manager,
- 2 or service provider and not necessarily by the utility
- 3 provider. So, that's their responsibility.
- 4 And then over time, once that information or a
- 5 building's profile is set up in their Portfolio Manager
- 6 account, the other item, very critical item needed to
- 7 benchmark a building is 12 consecutive months of energy
- 8 consumption.
- 9 And this is representing all fuels consumed
- 10 across the entire square footage of a property, so whole
- 11 building, real data from utility bills.
- 12 And this is what is kept up to date over time.
- 13 Certainly, you know, space use data such as hours of
- 14 operation may be tweaked over time, here and there, as
- 15 the operations of the building changes, but this over-
- 16 time benchmarking activity really is the process of
- 17 keeping the energy consumption and water consumption, if
- 18 that's part of what the user's tracking, keeping that up
- 19 to date.
- 20 And this is where a customer may call upon their
- 21 utilities to provide that information to help the with
- 22 their benchmarking activity.
- So, we do have, and I'm going to breeze through
- 24 the next couple of slides, but we have a very different
- 25 options of using the tool. It's very flexible. We've

- 1 got different organizations at different scales using
- 2 the tools.
- 3 So, these options are necessary to help meet all
- 4 the needs of our users.
- 5 Single-building manual entry is the simplest
- 6 way. That people are just signing into their account,
- 7 they've got all the information they need. This is
- 8 generally how people will interface with Portfolio
- 9 Manager for a small-scale, perhaps one or a few
- 10 buildings at a time.
- 11 For those partners, those users that are
- 12 benchmarking and managing a larger number of properties,
- 13 we've got a bulk data upload option. This is done via
- 14 Excel spread sheets. And this allows the users to
- 15 create, populate and update meters and their meter
- 16 consumption data a bit more quickly in bulk.
- 17 So, you know, rather than entering each value
- 18 into the Portfolio Manager interface screen by screen,
- 19 the user can collect all the data points and fields into
- 20 a single spread sheet, and upload the spread sheet into
- 21 Portfolio Manager.
- 22 And this is really a time-saving feature for
- 23 these users, but it also presents an opportunity for
- 24 utilities to assist.
- 25 So, for instance, we've had -- we've had the

- 1 case where some customers could conceivably download a
- 2 pre-defined template for one or more of their properties
- 3 that they're benchmarking in Portfolio Manager. And
- 4 they could request that a utility fill in that energy
- 5 consumption data and return it to them.
- 6 Of it made more sense, the utility could provide
- 7 the energy data to a customer, upon their request, and
- 8 then they drop that energy information into their spread
- 9 sheet and upload it to the tool.
- 10 Either way, this is a good solution for bulk
- 11 data via spread sheets.
- 12 And Web Services is not necessary in this type
- 13 of transaction.
- 14 So, the third example you see there is the Web
- 15 Services, Portfolio Manager Web Services example.
- 16 And like I said before, this is a more direct
- 17 machine-to-machine pass to support customers' data
- 18 needs.
- 19 And Web Services is allowing for the direct
- 20 transfer of data from a utility's data system to the
- 21 customers building record or records in Portfolio
- Manager.
- So, you know, once a connection between the
- 24 utility and the customer is established through Web
- 25 Services, you know, agreed upon by each party, the

- 1 utility has the ability to then provide ongoing transfer
- 2 of energy data each month.
- 3 And as part of that process, which can be
- 4 customized, there is a way for utilities to put in place
- 5 validation and terms and conditions for that agreement
- 6 between the customer and the utility to put this service
- 7 in place.
- 8 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, Leslie, a really quick
- 9 clarifying question.
- MS. COOK: Sure.
- 11 MR. STEVENS: For the Portfolio Manager Web
- 12 Services does the owner of the building -- or is the
- 13 owner of the building required to have a computer or
- 14 access to technology, or is that all through the
- 15 utility?
- 16 MS. COOK: Well, I would say someone would need
- 17 to have access to technology to use Portfolio Manager.
- MR. STEVENS: Okay.
- 19 MS. COOK: And perhaps if that building owner or
- 20 operator does not need to be directly involved, they may
- 21 hire a service provider to manage their Portfolio
- 22 Manager account.
- 23 But because that responsibility of, you know,
- 24 opening an account, keeping that building information up
- 25 to date and maintained is on the user side, someone on

- 1 that end of that process needs a computer.
- 2 MR. STEVENS: Got it. Okay, I'm trying to think
- 3 about how a less-tech savvy or lower-income folks would
- 4 use the tool. So, thank you.
- 5 MS. COOK: Yeah, I would say if that's the user
- 6 case then perhaps they would find it more helpful to use
- 7 just the single-building, manual data management, you
- 8 know, option where they're just typing numbers into a
- 9 computer.
- But again, they would need to have access to,
- 11 you know, a computer of some sort.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Leslie, this is
- 13 Andrew McAllister.
- 14 Let's see, I guess I'm envisioning the scenario
- 15 where you've got an owner who needs to comply with 1103,
- 16 and that means whole building data. And I'm wondering
- 17 what the pathway or pathways are for getting that data
- 18 into Portfolio Manager.
- 19 You know is the Web Services utilizable for that
- 20 aggregated data upload or does the Web Services only
- 21 apply to account-by-account?
- MS. COOK: I will do my best to cover this and
- 23 Tracy Narel may want to jump in if I leave something out
- 24 or get something wrong.
- 25 But in the most general sense Web Services can

- 1 import energy consumption information at the whole-
- 2 building aggregate level or at the tenant level.
- 3 So, you know, in terms of what the schema
- 4 supports, what the Energy Star Web Services supports,
- 5 that's a choice or those are two options.
- 6 You may even have, you know, a building owner
- 7 that is importing aggregate level information. Perhaps
- 8 they do a tenant outreach campaign and their tenant
- 9 decides to use the tool on their own to track their own
- 10 progress. And we like to see that and it's possible.
- 11 Tracy, do you have any input as to how this
- 12 is --
- MR. NAREL: Well, I think you've covered it.
- 14 The Web Services absolutely can import aggregate data
- 15 that represents the consumption for an entire building.
- 16 I think tens of thousands of buildings are
- 17 routinely benchmarked using that type of aggregate,
- 18 single-value energy number for a building because a
- 19 number of our service and product providers who offer
- 20 this as a service in the marketplace, that's their
- 21 approach.
- 22 And we've also seen utility users of the Web
- 23 Services transmit aggregate data, as well.
- 24 So, currently all of the -- I mean all the major
- 25 IOUs, and SMUD, and LADWP all use our Web Services to

- 1 transmit data on behalf of their customers into
- 2 Portfolio Manager.
- 3 And in fact, you know, as a group the California
- 4 utilities were the first utility users of the Web
- 5 Services and, you know, kind of pioneered that putting
- 6 in place -- they're first generation systems as far back
- 7 as 2007.
- 8 So, there's quite a bit of experience in your
- 9 market already.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thank you.
- 11 MS. COOK: Good. Okay and I think that long
- 12 history of integrating Web Services into how they're
- 13 interacting with customers in California, I think we've
- 14 seen really good examples come out of California that
- 15 show the value of Web Services for utilities.
- So, of course, there's great value for utility
- 17 customers in taking down the transactional costs, sort
- 18 of the barriers to accessing data.
- 19 There's a lot of benefits for utilities. And
- 20 again, a lot of these are coming out of California
- 21 experiences.
- 22 So, you know, it's great to provide a valuable
- 23 customer service and that's pretty obvious in this case.
- 24 It also allows utilities that are providing
- 25 these Web Services -- or are using Web Services to

- 1 provide energy data to engage their customers through
- 2 this new communication channel.
- 3 The third bullet I think is pretty important
- 4 here. From the utility's perspective, using Portfolio
- 5 Manager Web Services to provide a customer's energy data
- 6 into Portfolio Manager, that machine-to-machine
- 7 communication is a two-way street.
- 8 So, it allows the utility to access additional
- 9 Portfolio Manager information such as their whole-
- 10 building energy matrix, like weather normalized energy
- 11 intensity, the 1 through 100 Energy Star score about
- 12 these customers' buildings.
- So, you know, it's allowing the utility to match
- 14 meters which have been in place, but may not have
- 15 necessarily been connected all up to a physical
- 16 facility.
- 17 So that, in and of itself, is a great value to a
- 18 utility and certainly a program manager of a DSM
- 19 program.
- 20 Looking across the broad spectrum of all the
- 21 customers in a market, they can use these Portfolio
- 22 Manager metrics that are coming back through the Web
- 23 Services to identify trends and performance level by
- 24 building type, look at how various operating
- 25 characteristics are driving energy use, perhaps in a

- 1 certain, particular market.
- 2 So, that's important to note. Of course, this
- 3 is a great way to motivate building managers or owners,
- 4 or the service providers that they're working with to
- 5 understand their building's performance level past,
- 6 present and future, and drive those motivated customers
- 7 to participate and drive up numbers in these local or
- 8 regional DSM programs.
- 9 And then over time, as Web Services are
- 10 deployed, you're helping your customers track their own
- 11 buildings. But then you're also, as a utility, able to
- 12 track customer building performance over time and
- 13 evaluate the effectiveness of the various programs.
- 14 Tracy noted that there are a number of utilities
- 15 across the country that are using Portfolio Manager Web
- 16 Services to support customer benchmarking.
- 17 Here's an up-to-date rundown as of June of this
- 18 year. And you see a number of utilities in California
- 19 that are part of this growing number of utilities using
- 20 Web Services.
- 21 It's good to know that we did have a tool -- we
- 22 had an upgrade of Portfolio Manager and that's to the
- 23 user interface and also to the Web Services schema in
- 24 July of 2013. And some -- and all the utilities that
- 25 were providing support to their customers by using Web

- 1 Services did have to go through the update with us. And
- 2 we are seeing a good adoption across the board of those
- 3 that had provided services pre- and post-update are
- 4 getting back online.
- 5 And some, like those few in California are
- 6 getting back online and we're seeing that process
- 7 getting underway and we're here to support that moving
- 8 ahead.
- 9 So, I will end just with a few links where you
- 10 can go to get some examples of how EPA does provide
- 11 support, for no cost, to all of the users of Portfolio
- 12 Manager at the user interface. You know, those building
- 13 owners, managers, service providers, but then also the
- 14 utility providers and other service providers that use
- 15 Web Services to connect their customers to Portfolio
- 16 Manager.
- 17 And that's just a few good, key links I wanted
- 18 to leave you all with today. And I think, if we have
- 19 time for questions, now, Tracy and I, and Alice, in the
- 20 room, are happy to stick around.
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thank you very
- 22 much. I want to try to be brief here because we're a
- 23 little bit behind schedule by a few minutes, and staff
- 24 is looking nervously over at me.
- 25 But I really appreciate your presentation. I

- 1 mean, it's clear that Portfolio Manager is battle ready,
- 2 and ready for prime time, and all that. And it already
- 3 looks like probably over half of all the buildings in
- 4 the last chart there were in California, both in our
- 5 investor-owned utilities and in our large, publicly-
- 6 owned utilities. So, that's great.
- 7 And I just had a couple of follow-up questions.
- 8 You know, so it's terrific that, you know, Portfolio
- 9 Manager was upgraded and updated last year.
- 10 You know, I think it also caused a little bit of
- 11 trauma out here in California as we had this program
- 12 coming up and the tool went offline, and we sort of all
- 13 scrambled. And I know that at least one of our
- 14 utilities had to do a little bit of additional work
- 15 reprogramming with the new update, and sort of felt like
- 16 it caused a little bit of inefficiency for their
- 17 operations.
- 18 And so, you know, I guess my question really has
- 19 to do with sort of how -- you know, what's the
- 20 conversation between the EPA Energy Star team, or
- 21 Portfolio Manager team and the big users, you know,
- 22 California?
- 23 If we really are successful with 1103, this is
- 24 going to be a major uptick in uses and usage of the tool
- 25 and, certainly, we want to leverage that disclosure at

- 1 transaction to encourage and get people even more on
- 2 board, more and more buildings on board with regular
- 3 performance-oriented use of the tool.
- 4 So, we have a big stake in having the tool
- 5 evolve in a way that meets our needs.
- 6 And I wanted to kind of just put that out there
- 7 and see sort of what the process for, you know, making
- 8 sure that it's a predictable and usable product going
- 9 forward, and having that bilateral conversation happen.
- 10 MS. COOK: Sure, sure, so I would first start,
- 11 and I'm sure Tracy will want to chime in, to clarify
- 12 that the upgrade that happened in 2013 was really the
- 13 first overhaul of the interface and underlying software
- 14 in Web Services that EPA performed on Portfolio Manager.
- 15 We do not plan to, you know, have regular
- 16 changes to the tool at that scale.
- 17 You know, frankly, we had to keep the tool
- 18 modernized. It was in great need to be modernized and
- 19 streamlined. I think there were a lot of benefits for
- 20 the end-users on the user interface.
- 21 But also, at the end of the day, the new Web
- 22 Services that were put out, we certainly had a goal of
- 23 having those to be more scalable.
- We also needed to do the upgrade to position the
- 25 tool in a way that we can maintain the service with the

- 1 growth that we project over time.
- 2 That was really kind of a one-time deal. And,
- 3 you know, the tool, we do enhancements over time and we
- 4 do these -- we call them releases, about twice a year,
- 5 and those are on a set schedule.
- 6 But that type of major overhaul is not something
- 7 that we project to do, you know, again.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great.
- 9 MS. COOK: And we do very much appreciate the
- 10 work that was required by the service providers and
- 11 utilities that needed to update their system along with
- 12 us, and I know there was -- you know, the agency knows
- 13 that there was an investment on their end to do that,
- 14 and we very much appreciate that.
- 15 Tracy, maybe you have something to add, maybe
- 16 perhaps on how communication flows from EPA to your
- 17 partners when, you know, the upgrade happened but also,
- 18 you know, over time as these other releases will be
- 19 coming.
- MR. NAREL: Well, I think you've captured the
- 21 spirit of it. I mean just with respect to the use of
- 22 the Web Services, themselves, and that's sort of a
- 23 special group of Portfolio Manager users because it
- 24 does -- you know, to participate it does require
- 25 investment on, you know, the utility's end or the

- 1 service provider's end.
- 2 So, we have to be very sort of prudent about any
- 3 changes we made because depending on the change it may
- 4 require additional changes on the user's end.
- 5 So, I mean, you know, I think with respect to
- 6 the major upgrade of last year, I mean that was I think
- 7 the first time we had really rebuilt the tool to such a
- 8 significant extent and don't have any plans for that.
- 9 What we do, and a lot of this is linked to the
- 10 Web Services user needs, is we limit our what we call
- 11 major upgrades to the Web Services to twice a year. So,
- 12 basically, we're on a schedule, now, of sort of February
- 13 and August.
- 14 And we do communicate as early as we can about
- 15 what the scope of the changes will be. And then we
- 16 release the system into a beta environment several weeks
- 17 in advance of the changes going live, and have webinars
- 18 and, you know, have a support mechanism in place to
- 19 answer partners' questions so that they have time to
- 20 adjust to the chances we're making. And we try to
- 21 manage that with limiting those to periodic, twice-a-
- 22 year releases.
- COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. So, why
- 24 don't --
- 25 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: I'll just --

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Oh, go ahead.
- 2 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Just on this point, I
- 3 just wanted to break in, now, this is Commissioner
- 4 Douglas.
- 5 You know, we very much are interested in working
- 6 with this tool and using Energy Star Portfolio Manager.
- 7 Obviously, it's called out in the statute. It's also a
- 8 good way of ensuring, as much as possible, that there's
- 9 uniformity in approach and not sort of idiosyncratic
- 10 different platforms and requirements where they aren't
- 11 needed.
- 12 But it is going to be important to us that -- it
- 13 is important to us that implementation of this program
- 14 be as smooth as possible.
- 15 And, you know, we see utilities and also
- 16 building owners investing resources and time, frankly,
- 17 into learning how to use this tool and make this the
- 18 platform for this kind of work.
- 19 And so, we would just definitely welcome further
- 20 conversation with you about communication and
- 21 information flow so that we can make sure that
- 22 everything goes smoothly on both of our ends.
- MS. COOK: Absolutely. I mean we see that as a
- 24 key role for EPA to play in the context like what you
- 25 have with AB 1103.

1 Ar	ıd	Ι	think	that	would	be	incl	usive	of	the
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- 2 interaction and the tools we have in place to support
- 3 utilities, but then also your end-users.
- 4 And we have a lot of off-the-shelf training
- 5 resources. We've got new training resources coming.
- 6 And we look forward to kind of continuing to,
- 7 you know, engage with you on that front, too.
- 8 You know, we want this to be as actionable as
- 9 possible and that means keeping it as simple as
- 10 possible. And also, creating action is something we
- 11 want to do to help relay the value of this activity. So
- 12 it's not just an activity to check the box and say I
- 13 complied, but using some of our Energy Star resources to
- 14 help people -- and local resources that you've got to
- 15 help people understand what their benchmarking results
- 16 mean and then how they can start to tap into EPA, or
- 17 local programs to improve their performance.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, I think this is
- 19 super relevant for our climate action plans, and lots of
- 20 things that are happening at local jurisdictions, and so
- 21 we just want to get it right.
- 22 At the same time we don't -- you know, we want
- 23 to encourage the -- a lot of the big cities seemed to
- 24 have settled on 25,000, 30,000 square feet is sort of
- 25 their limit for the first tranche, and to not have huge

- 1 numbers of buildings, but get much of the energy
- 2 contained in their benchmarking programs.
- Well, you know, you scale that up to California
- 4 and you lower the limits, possibly. You know, right now
- 5 they're at 10,000 square feet. So, that's a lot of
- 6 activity.
- 7 And on the smaller end you will tend to have a
- 8 higher, you know, proportion of less sophisticated
- 9 users.
- 10 And so, really, we need to make their ability to
- 11 comply, those building owners, you know, those smaller
- 12 building owners that wear multiple hats and don't have a
- 13 lot of time, you know, really, to streamline their
- 14 implementation as much as possible.
- MS. COOK: Absolutely. We're on the same page.
- 16 We're seeing these programs bring in those types of
- 17 customers or users where we hadn't, perhaps, seen them
- 18 before. They weren't coming to us voluntarily.
- 19 So, we want to make their experience as pleasant
- 20 and as informative as possible.
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yes, absolutely.
- MS. COOK: You're going to see some things
- 23 coming out like short, YouTube clips that someone can
- 24 say I want to do a certain task, I want to get into the
- 25 training portal and watch what I need, and get out and

- 1 do what I need to do.
- 2 So, you'll see more of that type of resource
- 3 coming from EPA.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great and that's
- 5 terrific.
- 6 And I have one last question, are there any
- 7 plans to sort of streamline or interface with some of
- 8 the tools that DOE is developing, like the SEED and, you
- 9 know, the Building Exchange data -- or the Building
- 10 Energy Exchange Standard, for example, those sorts of
- 11 tools to sort of leverage across multiple tools?
- MS. COOK: Yes, so SEED, the software that I
- 13 think was recently just launched out of a pilot phase,
- 14 does have the ability to work with Portfolio Manager.
- 15 And the simplest way to explain it is that the
- 16 output of Portfolio Manager for a program manager that
- 17 has a lot of benchmarking results, that benchmarking
- 18 report can be downloaded from Portfolio Manager and then
- 19 uploaded into the SEED platform.
- 20 So, we have been working with DOE on that front.
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great.
- MS. COOK: On the Buildings Performance
- 23 Database, a lot of the information in there is -- at
- 24 least a portion of the information is coming from the
- 25 Energy Star Certified Buildings, so there was some

- 1 interaction there to take those data points and get it
- 2 into the BPD.
- 3 And then on the data exchange standard -- or
- 4 sorry, the BEDES program -- I'm getting a lot of static.
- 5 Sorry guys.
- 6 We are in regular conversations with the
- 7 Department of Energy as, you know, some of the terms in
- 8 the BEDES standard now -- or sorry, in the BEDES
- 9 definitions, some of those are coming from Portfolio
- 10 Manager. So, the intent there is to keep that consistent
- 11 and keep that streamlined, and ensure that what is
- 12 defined in Portfolio Manager is simply just lifted and
- 13 set into BEDES.
- 14 Of course, there's a lot of things beyond
- 15 Portfolio Manager in that system and we don't really
- 16 need to interact on that front.
- But where it overlaps with Portfolio Manager we
- 18 are in coordination.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thank you.
- 20 Do you have a question, Brian?
- 21 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, I have two really quick
- 22 questions and I'll be brief.
- One question is could you elaborate on any
- 24 licensing costs that the utilities must incur to use the
- 25 Portfolio Manager software?

- 1 And then the second question is could you
- 2 elaborate on any sort of reports that the utilities can
- 3 access on participating customers? That's something you
- 4 touched on, on slide 11.
- 5 MS. COOK: Sure, I will simply clarify that
- 6 anything that is being access from EPA, any of our
- 7 schemas or supporting documentation that's available for
- 8 no cost.
- 9 Tracy, I'm going to put you on the spot, again,
- 10 and see if you have anything to add on this question.
- 11 MR. NAREL: No, that's exactly right there is no
- 12 licensing fee, you know, to use any of the schema or Web
- 13 Services we provide.
- 14 And the only costs are whatever the user of our
- 15 Web Services needs to incur to set up the system on
- 16 their end.
- 17 MR. STEVENS: Great. And then the other
- 18 question was on reports on customers to the utilities.
- 19 Could you elaborate on that, please?
- 20 MS. COOK: So, you mean what types of reports do
- 21 the utility --
- 22 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, what type of data is
- 23 included on those, or analysis that the utility is able
- 24 to access on participating customers?
- 25 MS. COOK: So, the Portfolio Manager metrics

- 1 that are calculated and available through this process
- 2 would include key performance indicators, like total
- 3 annual energy use for that facility at the building
- 4 level; weather normalized site and source energy use,
- 5 also weather normalized site and source energy use per
- 6 square foot, so an EUI metric.
- 7 There's also the 1 through 100 Energy Star score
- 8 that's available for many building types is another
- 9 performance indicator that is, I think, quite valuable
- 10 for a utility to have access to.
- 11 MR. STEVENS: Great, very good to know. Thank
- 12 you.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thank you very much.
- 14 MR. NAREL: Yeah, the information's available in
- 15 two ways. For any third party using the Web Services,
- 16 you know, the full suite of metrics and data in
- 17 Portfolio Manager is available through the Web Services.
- 18 But separate from that and I think maybe Leslie
- 19 was talking about it is that, you know, all of that good
- 20 information in the metrics and the underlying data can
- 21 also be extracted from the tool through our reporting
- 22 functionality which is, you know, separate from the Web
- 23 Services.
- 24 It is a reporting functionality that is
- 25 available to any Portfolio Manager user.

- 1 MR. STEVENS: Fantastic, thank you.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, so we'll pass
- 3 it back. Thanks very much for being willing and able to
- 4 provide input, and really enjoyed your presentation.
- 5 Thanks so much.
- 6 You know, I'll just speak for the Commission,
- 7 for really both Commissions, but certainly for the
- 8 Energy Commission that we value very much our
- 9 partnership with EPA on a number of fronts and are
- 10 really happy to be deepening this conversation about
- 11 Portfolio Manager which, you know, clearly is a key tool
- 12 for us going forward. So, thank you very much.
- MS. COOK: Great. Thanks, my pleasure.
- MR. NAREL: Thank you. You're very welcome.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, we're going to move on to
- 16 Panel 1. Unfortunately, again due to timing we're
- 17 running a little bit late.
- 18 We're not going to have a break this morning so
- 19 feel free to stand up and stretch, if you need to, but
- 20 we're going to go right into Panel 1.
- 21 We have Barry Hooper here from the San Francisco
- 22 Department of the Environment.
- 23 And then on WebEx we have Jamie Ponce, Nikhil
- 24 and Ted, from the City of Los Angeles.
- 25 And with that, Christine Collopy will be our

- 1 facilitator for this first panel.
- 2 MS. COLLOPY: Good morning. Thank you for your
- 3 attendance this morning, we really appreciate it.
- 4 We have a really exciting group of panelists who
- 5 are going to be presenting to us today.
- 6 And the name of this panel is the Disclosure
- 7 Programs and Local Jurisdictions in Other States.
- 8 The purpose of this panel is so that we can all
- 9 understand the policies and practices of these programs
- 10 that are happening across the nation.
- And we've asked them to really speak about
- 12 describing their programs and what their best practices
- 13 are, successes, barriers and any other kind of
- 14 information about that.
- 15 So, we're going to go ahead. And we have Barry
- 16 Hooper in the room today, from the San Francisco
- 17 Department of the Environment.
- 18 Barry is going to stand behind the podium today
- 19 to advance his own slides and then we'll be able to have
- 20 some questions and answers after. Barry.
- 21 MR. HOOPER: Good morning. Thank you. I'm kind
- 22 of hands on with slides, myself.
- 23 Barry Hooper with the Department of Environment
- 24 in San Francisco, I'm glad to join you and talk about
- 25 the existing commercial buildings ordinance that's been

- 1 in effect for a few years in the City.
- 2 The ordinance was adopted, really, as a primary
- 3 measure to better understand the performance of our
- 4 building stock while motivating building owners to
- 5 improve performance of buildings throughout the City.
- 6 We recognize that San Francisco is, at its
- 7 essence, a city bounded on three sides by sea level
- 8 water which faces substantial infrastructure, public
- 9 health, resilience, and economic health issues with
- 10 relation to climate change.
- 11 And so, dealing with energy efficiency and the
- 12 performance of buildings is really critical to meeting
- 13 those challenges.
- 14 And so in 2009, then Mayor Newsom convened a
- 15 task force of stakeholders who were representative of
- 16 decision making across the commercial real estate
- 17 sector, particularly including Pacific Gas & Electric
- 18 Company, the San Francisco Building Owners and Managers
- 19 Association, Building Engineers and Owners and Managers,
- 20 as well as USEP.
- 21 And those three parties I mentioned have been
- 22 critical partners throughout the development, adoption
- 23 and implementation of this ordinance.
- 24 And I really want to express my appreciation to
- 25 all of them for a lot of great support over the years,

- 1 and to talk a bit about some of the areas of lessons
- 2 we've learned and also areas where we have some
- 3 challenges.
- 4 So, the fundamental observation of this task
- 5 force was data is the under-utilized resource to
- 6 motivate energy efficiency. We have codes, we have
- 7 incentives, we have substantial financing programs
- 8 available to us, and data was the tool that we were not
- 9 using systematically.
- 10 And so the ordinance, in essence, boils down to
- 11 the idea that every building owner should have some
- 12 basic information about how their building is performing
- 13 in the form of a benchmark, using Energy Star Portfolio
- 14 Manager, an action plan, and that's a term for an energy
- 15 audit delivered by a qualified professional, and there
- 16 would be some market transparency about how buildings
- 17 are performing over time and compared to each other.
- 18 Fundamentally, though, the energy efficiency
- 19 benefit of this type of program is voluntary. The
- 20 capital improvements, operational improvements, tenants'
- 21 actions, they're all fundamentally predicated on the
- 22 market having basic information about how buildings are
- 23 performing, having that on a convenient basis and then
- 24 taking advantage of the many resources that are
- 25 available from a lot of sides here in California.

- 1 I'm not going to go into this slide in a lot of
- 2 detail. But just for your reference, a little more
- 3 detail on the ordinance.
- 4 I'd just point out that at the bottom left we
- 5 talk about some of the exemptions from the benchmarking
- 6 requirement. And, of course, there are exemptions in
- 7 San Francisco for buildings that are vacant or brand-
- 8 new.
- 9 But also, we've been forced to have an exemption
- 10 for any building that's gone through a whole building
- 11 transaction or a change of any separately metered tenant
- 12 in the calendar year that the data -- for any particular
- 13 dataset.
- 14 And that's because, as a practical matter, there
- 15 isn't a mechanism to obtain energy use data from prior
- 16 tenants or prior owners.
- 17 And so, if it's fundamentally not possible for
- 18 someone to comply with our ordinance, we need to
- 19 recognize that and move on.
- 20 In San Francisco the ordinance affects buildings
- 21 down to 10,000 square feet. It affects both the private
- 22 sector and municipal facilities.
- 23 And the distribution of buildings really fall
- 24 into three size tranches from our point of view, of
- 25 large buildings that typically are professionally

- 1 manager of 50,000 square feet and larger; mid-sized
- 2 buildings, 25,000 to 50,000 square feet, which may have
- 3 some professional management but typically not on site.
- 4 And then the very diverse group of smaller buildings, of
- 5 10,000 to 25,000 square feet.
- 6 The floor area affected by the ordinance is
- 7 totally dominated by that smaller cohort of very large
- 8 buildings.
- 9 And the resources we need to put into outreach
- 10 are dominated by the 10,000 to 25,000 square foot
- 11 buildings.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, Barry, can I ask
- 13 a clarifying question?
- MR. HOOPER: Yeah.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, the exemption
- 16 about when there's tenant turnover, does that mean that
- 17 the whole building no longer has to -- for like until a
- 18 year has passed for that building -- the whole building
- 19 no longer has to comply or just that that -- how does
- 20 that play out in practice I guess is my question.
- 21 MR. HOOPER: Sure. So, administratively, we've
- 22 issued exemptions for the entire building because there
- 23 is not the capacity to obtain whole building data.
- 24 And we have had a difference of perspective with
- 25 the regulatory approach the Commission has taken here

- 1 where the purpose of the ordinance is to understand how
- 2 buildings are performing in practice. And Energy Star
- 3 is really predicated on measured energy performance in
- 4 practice.
- 5 And so, modeled energy use is counter to that
- 6 idea. And so, in cases where that's not possible we
- 7 recognize that and the building is exempted for that
- 8 particular year.
- 9 That means that there's certain large
- 10 facilities, such as shopping malls where, as a practical
- 11 matter it's very rare that they're going to be able to
- 12 benchmark the entire building under the current
- 13 framework.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, so that was
- 15 kind of what I was getting to. Any building at
- 16 transaction that has had -- so, you know, where you've
- 17 got high tenant turnover, you're basically not going to
- 18 be covering that segment of the marketplace, more or
- 19 less, or is that a fair statement?
- 20 MR. HOOPER: More or less. So, we do advise a
- 21 building owner that a lease is an effective time to talk
- 22 about this information and that they should begin to
- 23 develop that relationship, and continue to maintain it,
- 24 and many building owners do.
- 25 But if they haven't, there's really no going

- 1 back and fixing it right now.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, so if nine out
- 3 of ten tenants just say, you know, haven't turned over,
- 4 but one has, you didn't consider sort of going ahead and
- 5 sweeping the nine-tenths of the building, you know, or
- 6 whatever the square footage was for those nine into the
- 7 program?
- 8 MR. HOOPER: We do ask for a report from the
- 9 building owner to provide evidence that they have
- 10 described the building in Portfolio Manager but the
- 11 data, itself, is not treated as accurate.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thanks.
- MR. HOOPER: In terms of municipal facilities,
- 14 the San Francisco Public Utilities Commission, our
- 15 sister agency, is responsible for benchmarking them.
- 16 There have been two public reports that detail
- 17 energy performance building-by-building across the
- 18 City's own building stock, as well as the San Francisco
- 19 Unified School District.
- 20 Some great news is that this effort, and among
- 21 many others, has been helping to reduce carbon emissions
- 22 from the City's building stock consistently on a year-
- 23 over-year basis.
- 24 And this effort, as well as the tracking for
- 25 climate action reporting helped identify irregularities

- 1 in large portfolios of buildings, which I think you've
- 2 seen in every city that's begun this process. There's
- 3 information that can slip through the cracks if the
- 4 information isn't highly organized and reviewed.
- 5 Looking at the private sector, compliance has
- 6 been fairly good. We've taken a relatively lenient
- 7 approach to compliance, viewing the program as primarily
- 8 an educational effort.
- 9 So, we do provide written notice when a building
- 10 owner is not in compliance. We provide them some
- 11 assistance and support services, if we can help them.
- 12 And we do also make public who has complied and
- 13 who has not.
- 14 On the front of audits, also San Francisco's
- 15 probably the most -- has the most aggressive
- 16 implementation timeline for an audit program, and so
- 17 we've worked to be really, fundamentally lenient there
- 18 as well. We recognize that once a building is in
- 19 contract to complete an audit by a qualified service
- 20 provider, we allot them sufficient time to complete that
- 21 process.
- We have not published benchmarking data for the
- 23 private sector building stock. And one of the key
- 24 reasons has been we took some time to work with the
- 25 building owners to attain those levels of compliance.

And then, second, the energy usage data report	1	And	then,	second,	the	energy	usage	data	reporte
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- 2 is -- you know, turns out to be very flattering to
- 3 building owners and managers in the City, which is a
- 4 great thing. But it was so much so that it's been key
- 5 to really look at that information and to validate it.
- 6 As an example, Energy Star uses a 1 to 100 score
- 7 that's roughly a percentile to grade building energy
- 8 performance. And the median office Energy Star reported
- 9 in San Francisco, in 2011, was 86 on a scale of 1 to
- 10 100.
- 11 However, more than 90 percent of that floor area
- 12 has actually been through some form of validation,
- 13 either through Energy Star certification, preliminary
- 14 energy use analysis and retrocommissioning, or audits,
- 15 or lead for existing building certification.
- 16 So there is -- while we are looking at that
- 17 closely, there is not evidence of systematic error or
- 18 cheating at this point.
- 19 Some key lessons learned have been that these
- 20 types of programs really are a bit more of a marathon
- 21 than a sprint.
- 22 That we started out, and each city that's
- 23 implemented one of these programs has recognized that
- 24 their inventory of building stock had some limitations
- 25 and the program's been very helpful for understanding

- 1 just basic details about the presence and quantity of
- 2 buildings in the city.
- 3 And we've participated in a number of different
- 4 collaborations with peer cities across the country,
- 5 including Berkeley, San Jose and Oakland.
- And, you know, this benchmarking guide that I'd
- 7 really recommend taking a peak at, that Berkeley led,
- 8 and we contributed to through a grant from the United
- 9 States -- excuse me, Urban Sustainability Director's
- 10 Network which details some of the common issues and
- 11 success methods for engaging office building owners in
- 12 the Class B market, and for buildings of 50,000 square
- 13 feet and less.
- 14 So, there are a number of issues that we're
- 15 working on in terms of communication and engagement that
- 16 definitely we recognize a lot of room for improvement
- 17 and a lot of great collaboration with the private
- 18 sector.
- 19 And on the other hand, data access remains, you
- 20 know, a substantial issue that we -- that was really why
- 21 we were motivated to participate in the CPUC's recent
- 22 proceeding.
- 23 And I appreciate the presence of Brian Stevens
- 24 today.
- 25 And we're really looking forward to

- 1 collaborating with the Energy Commission and State
- 2 regulators on addressing those issues so that the
- 3 information can be made available on a convenient basis.
- 4 One note of hope in that realm has been that in
- 5 addition to the educational resources that PG&E's
- 6 provided, the work they've done on making data available
- 7 electronically once there is tenant consent, they've
- 8 also joined this national effort led by the White House
- 9 and the U.S. Department of Energy called the Better
- 10 Buildings Energy Data Accelerator, where we both have
- 11 made a commitment. And each of the California IOUs have
- 12 made a public commitment to engage stakeholders and go
- 13 pilot whole building data aggregation within our
- 14 jurisdictions.
- 15 So that that process is ongoing and stakeholders
- 16 have been engaged. And I really appreciate the support
- 17 and effort of PG&E in working with us on that.
- 18 And I think a real key thread that I would
- 19 really like to emphasize with you is that whole building
- 20 energy data aggregation is necessary not merely for
- 21 compliance, but also for the basic idea underlying it of
- 22 data energy management.
- 23 And then I would just point out that the last
- 24 two bullets on this slide are my personal observations,
- 25 professional observations, and do not necessarily

- 1 represent PG&E's perspective on this.
- 2 But it is pretty clear that we won't solve this
- 3 problem merely by talking about it with one another and
- 4 that some explicit support and direction from our State
- 5 regulators is critical.
- 6 And, you know, really appreciate that in --
- 7 recognizing the Energy Commission's authority on the
- 8 issue, CPUC really called on the Commission to address
- 9 energy data access for benchmarking.
- Because today's focus is on benchmarking, I'm
- 11 going to join the panel and leave the rest of my
- 12 slides -- cut them off.
- But I'd be glad to talk about the other elements
- 14 of our program, which do include financing, using the
- 15 audits for project development, and a number of other
- 16 efforts to both take to the State as fundamental, but
- 17 also use it to motivate energy efficiency investment and
- 18 improvement.
- 19 So, thank you.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks Barry.
- 21 MS. COLLOPY: Thanks so much, Barry.
- 22 Commissioner, do you have a question?
- 23 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: You know, I just want
- 24 to actually get -- quickly, sort of could you sort of
- 25 describe the -- I mean I guess we're all talking about

- 1 transaction costs and we've talked about it a little bit
- 2 in the previous panels, you know, how we can make it
- 3 easy for compliance from the building owner perspective
- 4 within the context of 1103.
- Now, San Francisco is a major city that has a
- 6 policy and is trying to implement it. And I guess, you
- 7 know, the transaction costs there are also an issue.
- 8 You know, local jurisdictions, as we all know, are under
- 9 the gun and have small budgets and, you know, we're
- 10 coming out of a recession and sort of we're all dealing
- 11 with the constraints that we have at the local level, as
- 12 well as the State level.
- So, could you maybe give us a sense of how --
- 14 you know, your transaction costs in sort of running this
- 15 program and where you spend a lot of time and energy
- 16 kind of making -- you know, linking up the dots and
- 17 making it all work?
- 18 MR. HOOPER: Sure. We've devoted, on average,
- 19 about one and a half FTE to the program since its design
- 20 period began.
- 21 And I definitely see how we could do better with
- 22 a little bit greater investment.
- 23 We've been able to maintain that level of effort
- 24 through support of some City resources, foundation
- 25 support, working with IMT, and also just by leveraging

- 1 the many other information tools and resources that are
- 2 out there.
- 3 And I did want to lean on that, I mean PG&E has
- 4 been manifestly helpful. EPA's been critical. The U.S.
- 5 Department of Energy has done, you know, a great deal of
- 6 work in helping us work with other cities across the
- 7 country and be able to learn lessons that we'll hear
- 8 from some of the other panelists.
- 9 So, it can be a little difficult to accurately
- 10 answer that question because a lot of what we do is
- 11 attempting to leverage the different programs and
- 12 resources.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Right okay. I guess
- 14 I'm thinking more on just the data front, trying to get
- 15 kind of sign off and things like that.
- MR. HOOPER: Yeah.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: How big of a barrier
- 18 is that in compared to all the other issues that you
- 19 have to deal with in sort of just making the program
- 20 run?
- 21 MR. HOOPER: Sure. I mean it's a substantial
- 22 barrier. It is the most frequent item that we talk with
- 23 building owners and managers about. And particularly
- 24 for buildings between 10,000 and 25,000 square feet
- 25 it's -- while Portfolio Manager is as simple of a tool

- 1 as one could imagine for condensing a lot of engineering
- 2 information, it's still -- when the City has a
- 3 requirement and Portfolio Manager is an EPA-managed
- 4 program, and then the data needs to flow from the
- 5 utilities, you have three parties working with the
- 6 building owner.
- 7 And it's very easy for them to not understand
- 8 which of them is the limiting factor in a given
- 9 transaction.
- 10 And so, we often have to troubleshoot and we
- 11 can't just stop at one particular boundary and say
- 12 that's one other party's problem. We need to actually
- 13 walk them through the process and provide direct
- 14 customer service.
- 15 And I think that PG&E's also recognized that
- 16 they've provided ongoing support to anybody who's been
- 17 through one of their classes.
- Nonetheless, the level of effort necessary to
- 19 assemble the data is observably different than when I
- 20 talk with my peers in New York, Chicago, Boston and
- 21 other cities because there is no building data access
- 22 option in California.
- COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, okay, so I
- 24 think that probably is -- likely, I think, going to be
- 25 an ongoing theme. But I want to let the agenda move on.

- 1 I really appreciate all your effort in
- 2 facilitating and greasing the wheels of that whole
- 3 program, and really showing leadership at a city level.
- 4 Thanks for being here.
- 5 MR. HOOPER: Glad to be here.
- 6 MS. COLLOPY: Great, thank you. Thanks, Barry.
- 7 Next up in our lineup is Jaime Ponce from
- 8 Chicago C40. And, Jaime, are you on the line?
- 9 MR. PONCE: I am, Christine, thank you.
- MS. COLLOPY: No worries. I think we're just
- 11 trying to get your PowerPoint up.
- 12 MR. JOHNSON: Yeah, he should be able to --
- MS. COLLOPY: He's been given presentation
- 14 rights, okay great. So, if you could just share your
- 15 desktop? Great, we can see you. Thank you.
- 16 MR. PONCE: Terrific. Well, thank you very
- 17 much, Christine, Commissioner Douglas, Commissioner
- 18 McAllister and other members of the Commission, and the
- 19 public.
- Is everyone able to hear me all right?
- MS. COLLOPY: Yes, thank you.
- 22 MR. PONCE: Okay, terrific. Very glad to join
- 23 this discussion and particularly to hear from allies
- 24 like Leslie and Tracy at the US EPA, and Andrew at the
- 25 City Energy Project

1	And	also	city	colleagues,	like	Barry	Nikhil	and

- 2 Ted.
- 3 By way of introduction, again my name is Jaime
- 4 Ponce. I'm the Chicago City Director for the C40 City's
- 5 Climate Leadership Group, which is a global network of
- 6 more than 70 cities around the world whose mayors and
- 7 senior officials are working together to reduce
- 8 greenhouse gas emissions and climate risk in the world's
- 9 megacities.
- 10 Related to the work that the City of Chicago is
- 11 doing under Mayor Emanuel, my position is based full
- 12 time in Chicago where I really support the City in
- 13 advancing the City of Chicago's sustainability agenda,
- 14 including energy efficiency, which drives nearly 71
- 15 percent of the City of Chicago's greenhouse gas
- 16 emissions, and supporting general partner outreach,
- 17 including our energy benchmarking and disclosure
- 18 efforts.
- 19 So, in Chicago energy benchmarking and
- 20 transparency really takes root in the City's broad goals
- 21 to make Chicago more competitive, livable, and
- 22 sustainable.
- In the immediate term that strategy, that vision
- 24 really takes shape in Sustainable Chicago 2015, Mayor
- 25 Emanuel's three-year sustainability action agenda that

- 1 focuses on seven themes, 24 goals and 100 actions that
- 2 all link back to those goals of competitiveness,
- 3 livability and sustainability in our City.
- 4 Among those seven themes, the plan leads with
- 5 economic development and job creation and is followed
- 6 quickly by energy efficiency and clean energy, which are
- 7 critical pieces of Chicago's economy and environment.
- 8 This three-year sustainable Chicago 2015 action
- 9 agenda draws on and builds from the long-term Chicago
- 10 Climate Action Plan, which sets Kyoto protocol, style,
- 11 greenhouse gas emission targets of 25 percent reduction
- 12 by 2020, 80 percent by 2050 below 1990 levels.
- 13 And it lays out specific focus areas and
- 14 strategies in buildings, energy, transportation, waste
- 15 and adaptation.
- 16 This quote on screen, from Mayor Emanuel, really
- 17 sums up the economic and environmental focus of
- 18 Chicago's sustainability vision.
- 19 And these are the words with which he leads
- 20 Sustainable Chicago 2015 in saying that "A sustainable
- 21 Chicago is a city that spends less on energy use with
- 22 each passing year, that creates good paying jobs in up
- 23 and coming industries, that responsibly maintains and
- 24 upgrades its infrastructure, and ensures that every
- 25 Chicagoan has the opportunity to live a healthy, active

- 1 lifestyle".
- 2 This quote not only sums up the Mayor and the
- 3 City of Chicago's goals related to sustainability in
- 4 general, it really sets the frame for energy
- 5 benchmarking and transparency.
- 6 So, when the City set out to pass what would
- 7 become the Chicago Energy Benchmarking ordinance, there
- 8 was really an emphasis on the economic and environmental
- 9 opportunity.
- 10 Again, Chicago's building energy use represents
- 11 more than 70 percent of total greenhouse gas emissions.
- 12 And at the same time, Chicago residents and businesses
- 13 together spend more than \$3 billion dollars a year on
- 14 building energy costs.
- So, this is really too big an economic and
- 16 environmental opportunity to pass up.
- 17 When the City looked to use policy levers to
- 18 drive awareness and transparency around big building
- 19 energy use, it was important to focus in a very
- 20 intentional way on our largest buildings that, as Andrew
- 21 started out, have the capacity, the wherewithal and the
- 22 ability to track and take action on energy performance.
- But these -- our largest buildings also
- 24 represent the greatest energy use citywide.
- So, our ordinance focuses on approximately 3,000

- 1 non-industrial buildings, larger than 50,000 square
- 2 feet. That's far less than one percent of Chicago's
- 3 total building stock, but those buildings represent
- 4 nearly 20 percent of total building energy use.
- 5 You can see on the pie chart, on the screen,
- 6 about 60 percent of these covered buildings are
- 7 commercial or primarily commercial buildings. About a
- 8 quarter are residential. And about 15 percent are
- 9 public or municipal buildings, including public schools.
- 10 Tracy and Leslie from EPA spoke about the energy
- 11 performance improvement correlation related to
- 12 benchmarking.
- When we run the numbers in Chicago, just a five
- 14 percent energy reduction, which is less than even EPA
- 15 saw in its studies over time, could yield real
- 16 greenhouse emission reductions and cost savings in
- 17 Chicago.
- 18 So last year the Mayor and City Council passed
- 19 an ordinance that really focuses on opening the market
- 20 for that energy-efficiency opportunity.
- Our ordinance has three primary pieces. One,
- 22 asking buildings, large buildings bigger than 50,000
- 23 square feet, in the sectors that I highlighted are asked
- 24 to track whole building energy use, to report to the
- 25 City annually and, uniquely in Chicago, to have their

- 1 data, their reported benchmarking data verified every
- 2 three years by a recognized in-house or third-party
- 3 professional.
- 4 And I'm happy to speak to that a little further
- 5 if there are questions.
- 6 And, importantly, Chicago has had the
- 7 opportunity to learn from cities like San Francisco and
- 8 New York, to draw on the lessons from the State of
- 9 California, the State of Washington and other
- 10 jurisdictions' energy benchmarking policies.
- 11 So, we've looked to both align with and build
- 12 upon those policies, while tailoring a solution that's
- 13 appropriate for Chicago's real estate market.
- 14 At the beginning of last month, on June 1st of
- 15 2014, we marked the first reporting deadline under the
- 16 ordinance in less than nine months from its passage
- 17 date.
- 18 So, we've been on an aggressive time frame. The
- 19 Mayor introduced the ordinance at City Council at about
- 20 this time last year. The City Council adopted the
- 21 ordinance, passed it into our Municipal Code in
- 22 September of 2013, which really kicked off a rulemaking
- 23 and partner engagement process in a very public facing
- 24 way.
- 25 This past March we notified buildings and we've

- 1 had terrific compliance responsiveness on this first
- 2 reporting deadline.
- 3 Since we've only just reached that first
- 4 deadline we're in the process of crunching data, we're
- 5 following up with buildings on any questions about their
- 6 data. And the City will be reporting later this year on
- 7 aggregate building energy performance, as well as trends
- 8 over time.
- 9 But what we've learned so far and some of the
- 10 really promising outcomes to date from this ordinance
- 11 include very strong initial compliance.
- 12 The City will soon be releasing the official
- 13 compliance numbers, but it's far surpassed our hopes and
- 14 targets across not just Chicago, but other cities as
- 15 well.
- 16 And in large part we credit that compliance and
- 17 engagement to a great deal of outreach and support
- 18 through the City and partners.
- 19 Andrew, earlier, talked about the Chicago Energy
- 20 Benchmarking Help Center which has had well over 500
- 21 inbound interactions with covered buildings and the real
- 22 estate industry since that help center went live full
- 23 time in March.
- 24 We've had more than 375 participants participate
- 25 in training sessions since February.

	1	Related	to	data	availability,	both	Chicago'	S
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- 2 electric and natural gas utilities have made whole
- 3 building data available to covered buildings to enable
- 4 compliance. So that no covered building in Chicago has
- 5 had to go door to door trying to compile tenant or other
- 6 occupants' energy use.
- 7 We had early compliance by all of the covered
- 8 municipal buildings.
- 9 And all of this has really been made possible by
- 10 a broad partnership. We had more than 85 real estate,
- 11 public interest, energy, environmental, labor
- 12 organizations that supported the ordinance really based
- 13 on those goals of economic savings, in terms of energy
- 14 use reduction, energy -- well, job creation through
- 15 energy performance improvement at covered buildings over
- 16 time. And, of course, the environmental benefits of
- 17 reduced energy use reduction and corresponding
- 18 greenhouse gas emissions reduction.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, Jaime, can I
- 20 ask a clarifying question there, on that slide?
- 21 This is Commissioner McAllister. Let's see, on
- 22 the whole building, availability of whole building
- 23 electricity and natural gas data, could you describe
- 24 sort of -- I think the chart that Andrew showed earlier
- 25 had your limit at two customers per building.

- 1 But could you just describe sort of, you know,
- 2 how you arrived at the conditions around that and what
- 3 those conditions are?
- 4 MR. PONCE: Sure. It was a little higher than
- 5 that. It's actually four accounts.
- 6 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks.
- 7 MR. PONCE: So, building owners or managers are
- 8 able to request, directly from the utilities, access to
- 9 whole building, aggregate monthly energy use by fuel
- 10 type, so electricity or natural gas.
- 11 As long as there are four or more accounts
- 12 within a building, the utilities can provide that
- 13 information, those 12 magic numbers that allow the
- 14 buildings to benchmark in Portfolio Manager directly.
- 15 When there are three or fewer accounts in a
- 16 covered building, those buildings actually have to get
- 17 those three or fewer tenants, or occupants, or account
- 18 holders to sign a release form to enable our utilities
- 19 to release those 12 magic numbers for electricity or
- 20 natural gas to the building manager or owner, and that
- 21 enables compliance.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Have you heard
- 23 anything from the marketplace and from complying
- 24 buildings about that being a barrier, or a problem, or
- 25 impacting compliance negatively in any way?

- 1 MR. PONCE: It's actually rolled out quite well.
- 2 When we were having public discussion and public input
- 3 over the ordinance during the legislative process this
- 4 was certainly a concern. I mean it is, potentially, a
- 5 time requirement of buildings if they have to collect
- 6 tenant or occupant utility bills in order to comply.
- 7 Fortunately, ComEd, the electricity utility in
- 8 Chicago, has had an automated process in place for
- 9 several years.
- 10 People's Gas, our natural gas distributor in
- 11 Chicago has been able to provide similar enabling data
- 12 for all of the buildings that were covered by the
- 13 ordinance.
- 14 So, we're in the process of evaluating that.
- 15 The automated systems certainly evolve over time. But
- 16 initial feedback from the market has been very strong
- 17 and that utility data is one of the key enablers of our
- 18 compliance rate.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks.
- 20 MR. PONCE: So, we've all talked about phased
- 21 implementation over time. This past June we had our
- 22 first reporting deadline and that applied to
- 23 nonresidential buildings larger than a quarter of a
- 24 million square feet.
- Next year, in 2015, we'll be bringing online

- 1 nonresidential buildings larger than 50,000 square feet,
- 2 as large as the city's largest residential buildings,
- 3 250,000 square feet and larger.
- 4 And again, according to Chicago's ordinance, in
- 5 the first year in which buildings are covered they
- 6 benchmark the data, they have it professionally verified
- 7 and they report to the City. The verification happens
- 8 every three years and the ordinance authorizes the City
- 9 of Chicago to disclose individual building performance
- 10 information after the second year of reporting.
- 11 And we've spoken to some of the covered building
- 12 support, these key enablers, including a comprehensive
- 13 website and guidance materials.
- 14 Those are all available to the public at
- 15 cityofchicago.org/energybenchmarking. Once again,
- 16 utility aggregation of the energy data was very
- 17 important to give covered buildings the data that they
- 18 need to easily comply using the Portfolio Manager tool.
- 19 We have had a full time staffed phone and e-mail
- 20 help center, as well as weekly trainings. And in
- 21 Chicago we delivered those weekly trainings through more
- 22 than 15 in-person and web-based sessions facilitated by
- 23 professionals in the industry.
- 24 For the data verification requirement in
- 25 Chicago, the City identified an expanded pool of

- 1 recognized data verifiers, including State-licensed
- 2 architects and engineers, building energy technologies
- 3 program graduates from the City Colleges of Chicago, as
- 4 well as our local building operator certifications
- 5 training, and ASHRAE's building energy assessment
- 6 professionals, AEE's certified energy manager
- 7 credential.
- 8 So, rather than creating a new credential, the
- 9 City vetted, engaged, and then eventually approved these
- 10 credentials as producing recognized data verifiers.
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Could you give us
- 12 a --
- MR. PONCE: And then we were also able to offer,
- 14 through pro bono volunteers, data verification support
- 15 for buildings in financial need.
- 16 That, again, didn't have a recognized data
- 17 verifier on staff and weren't necessarily prepared or
- 18 able to engage one from outside.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Who paid for the data
- 20 verification? Could you give us a sense of the scale
- 21 and sort of, you know, was that funded through the
- 22 ordinance or what's the funding of all that process?
- 23 MR. PONCE: So, data verification was the
- 24 responsibility, is the responsibility of the covered
- 25 buildings themselves.

- 1 That data verification takes the form of the
- 2 Energy Star Portfolio Manager Data Verification
- 3 Checklist that we discussed earlier.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Got it, thanks.
- 5 MR. PONCE: And it basically means walking --
- 6 that a recognized data verifier needs to walk through
- 7 that checklist and attest to its accuracy in cooperation
- 8 or collaboration with the building management ownership.
- 9 We do allow in-house staff. So, if a building
- 10 has a licensed architect, or a professional engineer, or
- 11 a building operator certification, or a city college's
- 12 energy technologies program grad on staff they could do
- 13 that, so there wouldn't be any out-of-pocket incremental
- 14 costs associated with that.
- 15 Some covered buildings chose to go outside or
- 16 worked with private service providers to deliver that
- 17 data verification.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks.
- 19 MR. PONCE: And I'm happy to take other
- 20 questions. On screen, now, I've put up the website for
- 21 our City energy benchmarking information and background,
- 22 as well as the link to the ordinance, and the rules and
- 23 regulations.
- 24 The City of Chicago's sustainability website,
- 25 broadly, has all of the contact information for C40.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. That looks a
- very well-conceived and well-implemented program.
- 3 Really, congratulations.
- 4 MR. PONCE: Thank you very much. It hasn't been
- 5 done in isolation. Again, I can't emphasize enough the
- 6 local partnership here in the Chicago real estate
- 7 market, with our energy organizations and also at a
- 8 national level looking through city organizations, like
- 9 the City Energy Project, like the C40, drawing on
- 10 expertise from EPA and many other partners who have
- 11 allowed this to really be an accelerated implementation
- 12 looking to great energy efficiency impact ahead.
- MS. COLLOPY: Great, thank you so much, Jaime,
- 14 for your presentation today.
- I just want to remind everyone that we will be
- 16 putting all of these presentations on the AB 1103
- 17 website for you to refer back to.
- We will also be sending out a notice of our list
- 19 serve. So, if you'd like to stay in touch with the AB
- 20 1103 program, please join the Energy Commission's list
- 21 serve. It is called AB 1103.
- Okay, great, we are now going to move on to our
- 23 next presenter, Nikhil Nadkarni from the City of Boston.
- 24 Are you on the phone?
- 25 MR. NADKARNI: Yes. Can everyone hear me?

- 1 MS. COLLOPY: We can hear you. And I believe
- 2 you just need to turn over -- push share. There we go.
- 3 Okay, and if you can expand that a little bit? There
- 4 you go, great.
- 5 Thank you, we can see and hear you.
- 6 MR. NADKARNI: Okay, sounds good. Hi everyone,
- 7 my name's Nikhil Nadkarni with the City of Boston
- 8 Environment Department.
- 9 I'm the Climate and Buildings Program Manager,
- 10 in which role I oversee implementation of our Building
- 11 Energy Reporting and Disclosure Ordinance.
- 12 So, thank you, Commissioners, for inviting me to
- 13 speak today. And thanks to everyone who's attending.
- 14 So, the Building Energy Reporting and Disclosure
- 15 Ordinance was developed from recommendations of our
- 16 Climate Action Leadership Committee and Community
- 17 Advisor Committee in 2010.
- 18 These were two stakeholder groups that were
- 19 formed to identify strategies for Boston to reach a 25
- 20 percent reduction in greenhouse gas emissions by 2020.
- 21 From their recommendations, the ordinance was
- 22 developed and enacted in May 2013.
- 23 Regulations were subsequently developed and
- 24 passed in December of last year, with input from a
- 25 stakeholder advisory committee, you know, comprised of

- 1 building owners in the residential, commercial and
- 2 institutional sectors.
- 3 So, what's required by this ordinance? So,
- 4 owners of large buildings are required annually to
- 5 report their energy and water use, and greenhouse gas
- 6 emissions using Portfolio Manager.
- 7 The City will start to make this information
- 8 publicly available on our website starting next year.
- 9 And buildings are also required to conduct an
- 10 energy assessment or upgrade action every five years.
- 11 And we have a number of exemptions for highly
- 12 efficient buildings and buildings that are making
- 13 significant progress on energy efficiency.
- 14 So, you know, like we've seen with other cities,
- 15 we have a phase-in schedule. Last year, the City of
- 16 Boston led by example, disclosing on all of its
- 17 municipal buildings.
- This year nonresidential buildings over 50,000
- 19 square feet are required to report.
- 20 And next year this extends to residential
- 21 buildings of the same size.
- 22 And in 2016 and 2017 we move to full
- 23 implementation, which is all buildings in Boston above
- 24 35,000 square feet or 35 units will be required to
- 25 report.

- 1 The annual reporting deadline is May 15th. This
- 2 year, in the first year of implementation, some
- 3 additional flexibility was introduced. And extension
- 4 until September 15th was implemented.
- 5 And at full rollout this encompasses about 2,100
- 6 buildings. And, you know, like we've spoken, like we've
- 7 heard about in terms of identifying the largest
- 8 buildings and, therefore, largest points of energy use,
- 9 reporting in Boston encompasses about 2.4 percent in the
- 10 number of buildings, but over 40 percent of the built
- 11 square footage.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: And Nikhil, this is
- 13 Commissioner McAllister.
- MR. NADKARNI: Yes.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Just a quick
- 16 question. So, I assume the limits of 50,000 and 35,000
- 17 are based on some kind of an analysis. Was there a
- 18 significant tranche of buildings between those two
- 19 limits and that's the basis for the difference?
- 20 MR. NADKARNI: Well, initially we -- you know,
- 21 as the ordinance, as initially proposed, went down to
- 22 25,000 square feet. And at that point, you know, there
- 23 was some discussion with the real estate community and
- 24 35,000 was a compromise level.
- 25 And I can tell you, you know, between 25,000 and

- 1 35,000 square feet that sort of the economy of scale was
- 2 disappearing.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Right.
- 4 MR. NADKARNI: That a larger number of buildings
- 5 would have to report but, you know, not that much was
- 6 won in terms of square footage.
- 7 Between 50,000 and 35,000 square feet, you know,
- 8 that's just something that was kind of developed in line
- 9 with what other cities were doing.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay.
- MR. NADKARNI: But definitely the bulk of
- 12 buildings -- for example, out of those 2,100 buildings
- 13 in Boston, half of them are reporting just this year.
- 14 Which is to say, you know, nonresidential buildings over
- 15 50,000 square feet are about 1,050 buildings.
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay. Okay great,
- 17 thanks.
- 18 MR. NADKARNI: So, yeah, we are definitely
- 19 getting, you know, sort of the largest buildings and
- 20 sort of the largest -- effectively, a majority of those
- 21 buildings in the first year.
- So, to make this process easy for building
- 23 owners, the utilities here have developed whole building
- 24 data services and this includes NSTAR, our electricity,
- 25 National Grid, our gas utility, and Veolia, the steam

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- 2 Under their data services, owners receive whole
- 3 building data, whole building energy use totals upon
- 4 request, without needing to ask tenants for energy
- 5 bills.
- 6 The data is aggregated at the building level and
- 7 provided in a format that can be uploaded into Portfolio
- 8 Manager.
- 9 And, you know, these data services really draw
- 10 on a strong existing partnership between the City and
- 11 the utilities. Renew Boston, dating back to 2009, is
- 12 the City's partnership with National Grid and NSTAR on
- 13 coordinating the City's energy efficiency interests and
- 14 the utilities' energy efficiency programming. You know,
- 15 they're really tracking the outreach.
- 16 And in 2011 a memorandum was signed, which
- 17 placed a full time utility program manager as a liaison
- 18 at City Hall to coordinate all of these efforts.
- 19 And, you know, based on that, the previous work,
- 20 both the utilities and the City felt that these whole
- 21 building data services would be a strong service and
- 22 touch point in getting building owners interested in the
- 23 energy efficiency offerings that the utilities and the
- 24 City were working on.
- 25 So, let me just give you a quick look at what

- 1 the whole building data services look like here.
- 2 So, this is a portal that NSTAR has developed,
- 3 the electric utility. So, you know, you create the log
- 4 in. Once you're logged in you find the building that
- 5 you want whole building data for.
- 6 The next step is the portal identifies all of
- 7 the units, you know, effectively the meters that are
- 8 associated with that service address.
- 9 And if you have additional units that haven't
- 10 been automatically populated, let's say you have a
- 11 second entrance to the building and it has a separate
- 12 address, or around the corner or whatever, you know,
- 13 you're able to find those units and add them in.
- 14 And, you know, equivalently, if there is a meter
- 15 associated with the building that you believe shouldn't
- 16 be associated with it, you can delete that meter.
- 17 You then verify that you are the building owner
- 18 by providing the account number and meter for the common
- 19 space.
- 20 And after this process NSTAR sends you the Excel
- 21 file of your whole building energy data for 2013.
- 22 National Grid has a very similar service. They,
- 23 however, handle the tenant and meter compilation behind
- 24 the scenes. So, building owners can contact them either
- 25 by e-mail, or their 1-800 number, provide the same

- 1 information for owner verification and the data is sent
- 2 to them by e-mail.
- 3 There are a couple of exemptions, exceptions,
- 4 you know, similar to what we just heard from Jaime.
- 5 Buildings that have three or fewer tenants or where the
- 6 tenant -- or where there's one tenant using the majority
- 7 of energy use in the building.
- 8 Tenants sign off, as required, to use those data
- 9 services.
- 10 Additionally, buildings that do not have a
- 11 common meter in the building have a separate
- 12 authorization form.
- 13 And both NSTAR and National Grid have
- 14 collaborated to create one set of forms that can be used
- 15 for either data service.
- 16 From the City, you know, we've made the Water
- 17 Informational Resources available, a step-by-step guide
- 18 to help to answer questions as people are going through
- 19 the process, as well as weekly office hours.
- We've conducted extensive outreach through
- 21 stakeholder engagement, direct mailings. And over the
- 22 past few months the City EPA Region 1 staff, as well as,
- 23 you know, utility staff from NSTAR and National Grid, we
- 24 conducted workshops with local real estate and
- 25 stakeholder groups to really walk people through the

- 1 process of completing their report in Portfolio Manager.
- In general, we've had very close coordination
- 3 between the City and the utilities. And the feedback
- 4 from the building owners has indicated this has been a
- 5 very seamless and successful process, including the
- 6 whole building data services that they've been using.
- 7 And so just to conclude, we expect that there
- 8 will be a number of positive impacts as a result of
- 9 Boston's energy reporting ordinance, echoing what we've
- 10 heard from Barry and Jaime.
- 11 Building owners will be able to identify
- 12 inefficient buildings, make comparisons to peer
- 13 buildings in Boston, and better market buildings that
- 14 are highly efficient.
- 15 And we've heard from members of the real estate
- 16 community that this new access to whole building data
- 17 has been extremely useful to them in a way -- you know,
- 18 they didn't have access to this information before.
- 19 We've heard that the process has been very
- 20 useful to owners. They're eager to see how they compare
- 21 to other buildings in Boston.
- 22 For residents, we value that this process and
- 23 especially disclosure will help residents be better
- 24 engaged in understanding the energy efficiency of the
- 25 buildings that they live and work in.

- 1 And, finally, you know, this data will help
- 2 shape Renew Boston and the other efficiency programs
- 3 that we do by better targeting the program incentives
- 4 that we offer.
- 5 So, thanks again and happy to take any
- 6 questions, you know, today, or by e-mail or phone.
- 7 MS. COLLOPY: Thank you so much.
- 8 Commissioner, did you have any questions?
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: No, I think in the
- 10 interest of time management, I'll pass on specific
- 11 questions.
- 12 But I really -- a few themes seem to be emerging
- 13 with respect to the motivations locally and some of the
- 14 challenges, but also kind of standard approaches to
- 15 meeting those challenges. So that's interesting to
- 16 hear. It gives us a good idea of sort of what's worked
- 17 and we really appreciate you, in Boston, being another
- 18 major data point for helping us work through these
- 19 issues as we consider scaling up, you know, to a large,
- 20 statewide kind of approach.
- 21 So, thanks very much.
- MS. COLLOPY: Thank you, Nikhil.
- MR. NADKARNI: Thank you.
- 24 MS. COLLOPY: Just we're going to be going to
- 25 our last panelist on here and then we will be having any

- 1 questions from Commissioner, or from Brian from the PUC.
- 2 And then we're going to be opening the room up to
- 3 questions. So, we will be taking questions over here at
- 4 the podium or at the -- what do we call that, a podium.
- 5 And then we'll be going out to lunch.
- 6 So, the last panelist for Panel 1 is Ted
- 7 Bardacke, from the Office of Los Angeles Mayor Eric
- 8 Garcetti.
- 9 Welcome. Welcome, Ted. I believe you have
- 10 talking points for us.
- MR. BARDACKE: Yeah, hi. Good morning, almost
- 12 afternoon. Can everyone hear me okay?
- MS. COLLOPY: Yes, thank you.
- MR. BARDACKE: Okay. Thanks for the opportunity
- 15 to participate in the panel. It's good to see what our
- 16 fellow cities are doing around the country because we
- 17 are about to embark on an effort to develop a local
- 18 benchmarking and disclosure ordinance, similar to what
- 19 you've just heard from San Francisco, Chicago, Boston.
- 20 And I wanted to do two things today. One, talk
- 21 a little bit about why we're thinking about it. And
- 22 then, because sort of the framing of today is somewhat
- 23 around 1103, talk a little bit about, as we go into our
- 24 ordinance development process where issues revealed by
- 25 the implementation of 1103 sort of highlight some

- 1 challenges that we will face here, locally.
- 2 So, the first is why are we thinking about this?
- 3 And there's a number of sort of confluence of issues
- 4 that are coming together.
- 5 The first is the Mayor has a goal of by 2020,
- 6 since we own our own utility we have an interesting
- 7 relationship here, but to have our local utility, the
- 8 Department of Water and Power, get 15 percent of its
- 9 energy resources through efficiency programs.
- 10 And David Jacot, who runs the Efficiency
- 11 Solutions for the utility, will be talking on the panel
- 12 later this afternoon.
- But, essentially, this means that we want to
- 14 look at our power needs projections in 2020 and get 15
- 15 percent of those resources from efficiency.
- 16 And to do that we need, really, to make a
- 17 connection between the buildings that need efficiency
- 18 upgrades, and the programs and incentives that exist at
- 19 the Department of Water and Power.
- 20 And we do see somewhat of a disconnect right now
- 21 and we need to feel -- we need to, through an ordinance,
- 22 build a bridge from the buildings that need to help to
- 23 the help that exists.
- 24 And one key area where there's an opportunity
- 25 here is through data and data transparency.

- 1 And, you know, the other speakers have talked a
- 2 lot about how they see data transparency as potentially
- 3 transformational.
- 4 And I just wanted to sort of up that a little
- 5 bit by saying that for us, we are on a big data
- 6 transparency kick in Los Angeles in general.
- We've, last month, released an open data portal.
- 8 The Mayor's second executive directive was all about
- 9 open data. The City has released over 1,400 datasets
- 10 that were previously privately held by departments now
- 11 out into the marketplace. And anyone can go onto
- 12 data.lacity.org and use, and do research, and develop
- 13 apps, and do a whole host of things with data that was
- 14 previously privately held by the City, and now is public
- 15 and out there in the marketplace.
- And so, part of it is the idea that open data
- 17 access drives innovation across a range of sectors, not
- 18 just energy although, clearly, energy is one of the
- 19 important ones.
- 20 Two other quick things about why we will start
- 21 pursuing this. One is that we've been very successful
- 22 so far in seeing voluntary measures or voluntary
- 23 commitments to energy use benchmarking efforts in the
- 24 City. We have a very, very successful Better Buildings
- 25 Challenge, L.A. Bette Buildings Challenge.

1	We've	qot	over	30	million	square	feet,

- 2 approaching I think even 40 million square feet of
- 3 owners who have voluntarily committed to actions that
- 4 will reduce their energy use by 20 percent by 2020.
- 5 So, we're seeing, you know, real leaders in the
- 6 marketplace as paving the way for a regulatory approach.
- 7 And then, finally, we here in Los Angeles and
- 8 our Mayor very much pride ourselves on collaboration
- 9 with other big cities across the nation and the world.
- We're active members in C40. We're participants
- 11 in the City Energy Project and really believe that.
- But also, here at the local level, you know, we
- 13 are one of 88 cities in L.A. County. And we know that
- 14 there are a number of smaller cities in the county that
- 15 also are interested in benchmarking and disclosure
- 16 ordinances.
- 17 And we have property owners that own buildings
- 18 across multiple jurisdictions in the county. And
- 19 feeling like if we can get this right that it will open
- 20 up the opportunities for some of our neighbors to have a
- 21 platform through which they can do local ordinances, as
- 22 well.
- So, we feel a great deal of responsibility in
- 24 terms of following what some of our national leaders are
- 25 doing, but also in setting the stage for what some of

- 1 the local parties can do.
- 2 So, how does this relate to 1103? There are
- 3 three things that are really important for us as we
- 4 embark on this initiative development process that
- 5 relate to 1103.
- 6 The first is around thresholds. The second is
- 7 on data access. And the third is on compliance.
- Regarding thresholds, as we've done our initial
- 9 analysis of energy use across the building stock, we
- 10 realized that to hit a significant amount of energy use
- 11 in the City we're probably going to have to have
- 12 thresholds that are -- reporting thresholds that are
- 13 lower than some of the cities that you've just heard
- 14 from.
- We're not going to go as low as 1103 does, but
- 16 we are going to start to hit buildings that will have
- 17 less sophisticated owners and a higher need for
- 18 education, and outreach and training than many of the
- 19 folks who have larger buildings who, when we talk to
- 20 them, they're like, yeah, disclosure, whatever, we can
- 21 do that.
- 22 So, the issue of 1103 and how it's addressing
- 23 those smaller buildings is really important to us to
- 24 understand some of the challenges that we expect to
- 25 face.

- 1 The second issue is around data access. And,
- 2 you know, we know folks who have really found complying
- 3 with the San Francisco ordinance very, very time
- 4 consuming and because of the data access issues, and
- 5 tenant permission.
- 6 And that whole issue, for us, really needs some
- 7 resolution across the utility industry for us to feel
- 8 comfortable that we're setting our own building owners
- 9 up for success.
- 10 We have the Department of Water and Power and
- 11 David will talk about it a little bit more this
- 12 afternoon.
- We have a bit of streamlined approach that's
- 14 somewhat easier than I believe the IOUs have set up, but
- 15 probably not as streamlined as we need to be, and
- 16 certainly not as streamlined as what we've heard from
- 17 Chicago, and Boston, and what I know New York has as
- 18 well.
- 19 So, to the extent that data access at the State
- 20 level is bound up in the discussion about how 1103 is
- 21 doing, we really welcome that discussion.
- I think the other thing that's important about
- 23 data access is we also recognize that to hit the amount
- 24 of energy use that we'd like to hit here in L.A., we are
- 25 going to have to make a run at multi-family buildings.

	1	And	the	issue	then,	again,	about	whole	building
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- 2 data access in multi-family buildings is huge. And to
- 3 think about in a 200-unit apartment building having to
- 4 go get meter numbers and tenant approval for each one of
- 5 those units is, frankly, just not practical.
- 6 And if we really want this to have the success
- 7 in inspiring people to act, something around whole
- 8 building data needs to be streamlined.
- 9 The third area that we really are thinking a lot
- 10 about, spurred on by what we're seeing in 1103, is
- 11 compliance.
- 12 You know, we've heard from cities that
- 13 compliance rates on their local ordinances are pretty
- 14 high so far, and think that folks are responding.
- 15 However, we know anecdotally, from 1103, that
- 16 that's not been the case statewide. Just, again,
- 17 anecdotally I believe David will report that since 1103
- 18 has been in force less than 10 buildings, or right
- 19 around 10 buildings have approached the utility for
- 20 1103-compliant data downloads.
- 21 And we know that there have been thousands, if
- 22 not tens of thousands of transactions in L.A. County.
- 23 We're about half of L.A. County, so you can just do the
- 24 quick math.
- 25 And I don't say this to sort of criticize the

- 1 1103 thing, more to say that word gets around quick
- 2 about whether you really have to comply with new laws or
- 3 ordinances.
- 4 And so we, on the local side, are really going
- 5 to have to make sure that we have a robust compliance
- 6 mechanism in place to be able to track it, as well as
- 7 figure out how to notify people, and what that
- 8 compliance mechanism is going to be on the back end.
- 9 And to the extent, again, in the Commission's
- 10 implementation of 1103 that you start to have a robust
- 11 compliance mechanism in place that will make our job
- 12 easier.
- So, I'll stop there and, you know, participate
- 14 in any questions.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, Ted thanks very
- 16 much. This is Andrew McAllister. I really appreciate
- 17 you being here.
- 18 And, you know, of course, as one of the few big
- 19 dog jurisdictions, probably the biggest in the State,
- 20 you know, we really want to make sure we support what
- 21 L.A. wants to do, and the direction you want to go. And
- 22 I think, you know, your sort of call for a robust,
- 23 incredible program is something we're very much hearing.
- 24 So, I want to just thank you for being here and
- 25 certainly to Mayor Garcetti for his vision of where L.A.

- 1 wants to go.
- 2 And I know you've got a really robust set of
- 3 collaborators there across the university and, you know,
- 4 your agencies within the City and with your utility
- 5 there.
- 6 So, thanks for being here and if you could stay
- 7 on the line that would be great.
- 8 MR. BARDACKE: Sure.
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I wanted to just
- 10 quickly give Bob Raymer, from the CBIA a chance because
- 11 he's got to go. And we're going to have public comment
- 12 a little bit later, but I'm going to just treat Bob
- 13 special because he has to leave.
- 14 MR. RAYMER: Thank you, Commissioner and staff.
- 15 Bob Raymer with the California Building Industry
- 16 Association and if I could, through the chair, ask
- 17 Boston and Chicago if they had any real issues in the
- 18 beginning of their programs with the utilities and the
- 19 need for privacy versus the ability to get this
- 20 information and allow its distribution.
- 21 How did they get over that rather significant
- 22 hurdle? We're still dealing with that here in
- 23 California.
- 24 So, if there's any quick response from that,
- 25 that would be very helpful.

- 1 MS. COLLOPY: So, I'm going to go ahead and
- 2 start with Jaime Ponce from Chicago C40 and then,
- 3 Nikhil, after that you can go ahead and chime in.
- 4 MR. PONCE: Hi, this is Jaime. I am on the
- 5 line, but I had a little trouble hearing the last
- 6 question.
- 7 MR. RAYMER: Okay. In particular, I'm
- 8 interested in understanding how your jurisdiction and
- 9 the development of your program dealt with a desire by
- 10 the utility, if there was a desire, I'm assuming there
- 11 was, to maintain user privacy of billing information, as
- 12 opposed to getting it into a process that would allow
- 13 its relatively free distribution to those interested
- 14 parties.
- I mean, was that an issue in Chicago?
- 16 MR. PONCE: You know, it -- thank you for
- 17 repeating. It hasn't been a critical issue here in
- 18 large part because we have had a precedent within our
- 19 utility service territories for providing whole building
- 20 data.
- 21 As it relates to billing information, there
- 22 really is a distinction between whole building energy
- 23 consumption by fuel type and billing information because
- 24 they're really not the same thing because buildings
- 25 generally consume energy at a building level with common

- 1 systems that drive heating, ventilation, air
- 2 conditioning, and other building systems.
- 3 I mean that really is distinct everywhere from
- 4 individual billing data.
- 5 The privacy and aggregation thresholds that are
- 6 in place ensure that it's not easy to single out any
- 7 individual utility customer. Because, again, building
- 8 benchmarking as it's been brought into policy force in
- 9 our cities is at the whole building level versus
- 10 individual tenants.
- 11 And in cases where individual tenants represent
- 12 a big piece of the whole building's consumption there's
- 13 permission required.
- 14 But again, at least thus far in Chicago's
- 15 implementation, since we've focused on large buildings,
- 16 that hasn't been a critical issue.
- MR. RAYER: Boston?
- 18 MR. NADKARNI: Yeah, this is Nikhil in Boston.
- 19 So, when we were developing our ordinance we spoke with
- 20 the utilities. And as I think I mentioned earlier, both
- 21 NSTAR and National Grid viewed this as a service that
- 22 they were ready to provide their customers.
- 23 This past fall, when we were discussing the
- 24 details of it, one of the utilities said that they would
- 25 want a threshold of ten accounts or higher for providing

- 1 whole building data. And that was something that their
- 2 legal team had advised them that below ten tenants
- 3 there's a risk of, you know, private data being shared.
- 4 The other utility said three. And so, we
- 5 basically facilitated a conversation saying can you both
- 6 agree on the number, ideally being three and that's
- 7 where it wound up.
- 8 So, it wasn't a, I would say, major issue. If
- 9 it had been ten or higher it would have been, you know,
- 10 a more pressing concern. But the conversation between
- 11 their respective legal teams sort of came down to a more
- 12 workable number.
- MR. RAYMER: Well, thank you.
- 14 As far as the industry in general, I know that
- 15 this afternoon's session with various industry reps,
- 16 Matthew Hargrove will be representing CPP and BOMA, I
- 17 believe. And he'll speak to some of the specific
- 18 efficiencies that might be applied to this.
- 19 But it seems to me of the development of the
- 20 approval of the legislation, actually both pieces of the
- 21 legislation, and with the development and implementation
- 22 of the regulations more often than not we're seeing
- 23 people file the statement that they can't get the
- 24 information. They tried, but they couldn't get it
- 25 within a period of time, which is not the type of

- 1 compliance that the CEC is seeking.
- 2 And so, having been a student of regulations for
- 3 a very long time, there's a lot to be said for getting
- 4 the parties together, not necessarily in a smoke-filled
- 5 room. But to find out what would be that level of
- 6 comfort for the utilities, in particular to sort of make
- 7 this work what is their minimum needs or whatever.
- 8 And I'd be very interested in finding that out
- 9 because we want to make this work on the commercial
- 10 sector. Because, quite frankly, a big chunk of this
- 11 could be used in the residential sector, which I'm
- 12 assuming is going to ultimately be one of the next
- 13 steps.
- 14 And quite frankly, given the level of efficiency
- 15 that's going into new residential units, whether it's
- 16 single-family or multi-family, there's a lot to be said
- 17 for being able to show a potential homebuyer or renter,
- 18 you know, here is where you're at in this facility.
- 19 However, look at this one that's 30 to 40 years old,
- 20 make the choice.
- 21 And it would be good to have some apples and
- 22 apples that you can kind of judge. And this helps.
- 23 There's a huge marketing bonanza here that we
- 24 can use to actually provide some value for these energy
- 25 efficiency and renewable upgrades that we're doing now.

- 1 And it helps us -- getting this off and rolling
- 2 is key to having a successful program for AB 1103.
- 3 So, to the extent that we can help, we look
- 4 forward to doing that.
- 5 Right now I think, so to speak the ball is sort
- 6 of in the utilities' court. I'd love to hear how we
- 7 could do this and keep them comfortable so that their
- 8 privacy concerns, which may well be justified, aren't
- 9 violated.
- 10 So with that, thank you for giving me the
- 11 opportunity to speak.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Absolutely. Thanks
- 13 for being here.
- 14 MS. COLLOPY: Great, thank you. So, we are
- 15 going to round out Panel 1 with any further questions
- 16 from you, and then we're going to open it up to the
- 17 room. We are then going to open it up to the web.
- 18 For those on the web, if you do not have access
- 19 to speak, then please go ahead and put any questions you
- 20 might have in the chat and we can read those aloud for
- 21 you.
- 22 Brian?
- 23 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, yeah, Brian.
- 24 MR. STEVENS: A really quick question for Ted at
- 25 the City of L.A. So, you touched on this data

- 1 initiative that's going on with the City. And I can say
- 2 from the CPUC we've been very impressed with what we've
- 3 seen, especially what's coming out of LADWP in
- 4 collaboration with UCLA.
- 5 So, you're saying that the big push is to get as
- 6 much transparency as possible with data.
- 7 What has been the cost to the City to make that
- 8 happen in terms of energy and what has been the burden
- 9 on IT infrastructure?
- 10 MR. BARDACKE: So, there's two areas here. One
- 11 is, you know, on the utility side providing the data to
- 12 the California Center for -- I can't remember what they
- 13 call it.
- 14 MR. STEVENS: The Environment and --
- 15 MR. BARDACKE: Yeah, yeah, the Institute of the
- 16 Environment at UCLA to be able to do that.
- 17 That cost has really -- you know, that was
- 18 basically a data dump to the university and then the
- 19 university has sort of borne the cost of -- I don't want
- 20 to say cleaning up the data, but linking that to
- 21 particular parcels and that kind of thing. So, I can't
- 22 really speak to that.
- 23 The City, for all of this sort of portal and
- 24 data stuff, the City bought a license to an off-the-
- 25 shelf portal called -- run by a company called Socrata,

- 1 which is based in Seattle.
- 2 And they have basically a way that any
- 3 department can put in its data and then it becomes
- 4 public, and then can be manipulated by the public as
- 5 well, either on that portal, itself, or by -- it can be
- 6 downloaded.
- 7 I don't know the cost of that contract, but I do
- 8 know that it was not as expensive as you would think.
- 9 MR. STEVENS: Great. Thank you so much. I
- 10 appreciate that you are serving as a model for how the
- 11 rest of California should be.
- MR. BARDACKE: Thank you.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I guess, you know,
- 14 we're a little bit behind here and I want to definitely
- 15 open it up for public comment, if we can, and I think
- 16 that's where we are, right?
- MS. COLLOPY: That is.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: It looks like we have
- 19 a few candidates here in the room, so maybe I'll leave
- 20 it to you, Christine, to sort of tee them up.
- 21 MS. COLLOPY: Okay, I'll go ahead and facilitate
- 22 that.
- I know a few people have put in blue cards and I
- 24 think Dave Ashuckian has those.
- Otherwise, after we do that, we'll just be

- 1 having folks come up here, so to come up to the podium.
- 2 Dave, do you have them?
- 3 MR. ASHUCKIAN: We're going to start with our
- 4 first blue card for Jody London. And then after Jody
- 5 will be Neal from the City of Berkeley.
- 6 MS. LONDON: Hi, I'm Jody London. I'm here
- 7 today on behalf of the Local Government Sustainable
- 8 Energy Coalition.
- 9 The local governments are extremely
- 10 interested -- we're a statewide organization and we
- 11 represent many of the leading local governments that are
- 12 working on implementation of these and related programs.
- 13 And they're extremely interested in being able
- 14 to have access to this data. We've been very engaged in
- 15 the process that occurred at the CPUC and we're now
- 16 excited to be here at the CEC to work with you all.
- In the conversation this morning, I just wanted
- 18 to observe, I really appreciated the speakers who came
- 19 back and said what is it that's going to help customers
- 20 participate and what are the barriers to customer
- 21 participation. I think that's really important.
- 22 Also, in the preparation that we did as a group
- 23 several of our members were asking, wanting to make
- 24 sure, and we'll put this in our written comments as
- 25 well, that the CEC is using some of the data that we

- 1 believe you have access to already. I'm not a technical
- 2 expert, so I can follow up with the staff later about
- 3 what those are about what is current usage, what's
- 4 current participation?
- 5 We heard some of that today and, frankly, as a
- 6 citizen of California it's pretty disappointing.
- 7 So, you know, I think anything you can do to
- 8 make it easier for building owners and their tenants to
- 9 participate is going to make it easier for the State to
- 10 get to its goals around having people have this data.
- 11 And others have spoken to the value of that, so
- 12 I'll leave that to the rest of them. Thank you.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks Jody.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: After Neal we'll have Tony
- 15 Andreoni.
- MR. DE SNOO: Neal DeSnoo with the City of
- 17 Berkeley.
- 18 First, I want to applaud the Commission for
- 19 taking on this issue and asserting your authority to
- 20 access the data issues and I think it's very important.
- I'd like to make three points. One is to
- 22 reemphasize the importance of this issue. The second is
- 23 to reflect on where we are relative to that. And the
- 24 third is to kind of give some suggestions on what we
- 25 need to do.

1 And the first is this is really important
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- 2 because we know that codes and standards, which is an
- 3 important part of our portfolio is not going to affect
- 4 the building stock, the existing building stock very
- 5 quickly. It's going to take a long time for that to
- 6 have an effect.
- 7 The second is that our other major tool, that is
- 8 rebates, we can't afford to apply enough rebates to the
- 9 existing building stock to help it to achieve our goals,
- 10 our AB 32 goals in California.
- 11 So, that leaves us with this third tool as a
- 12 major lever in the existing building stock. So, it's
- 13 important.
- 14 And then I reflect back as to where we are.
- 15 Thirty years ago I was working with the City of Chicago
- 16 and we looked to California for leadership on this
- 17 issue. And we brought in Ralph Cavanaugh and he helped
- 18 us put together a plan.
- 19 And I'm really happy to see Chicago doing so
- 20 well, but I'm also a little dismayed that we're now in
- 21 the game of catch up. So, we can get there. We need to
- 22 get there. We haven't lost it, but we're not -- we're
- 23 no longer number one. Maybe we were 30 years ago.
- 24 Thank you, Chicago, for doing so well.
- 25 The third point is what do we need to do? We

- 1 need to really get access to these multi-tenant
- 2 buildings. 1103 doesn't really get us there. They are
- 3 a major portion of the stock. The data issue is
- 4 critical to this.
- 5 So, those thresholds for aggregated data are the
- 6 key issue.
- 7 The second kind of reflects what Jody mentioned
- 8 is making the systems and the support available for this
- 9 really easy, and having that done on a statewide basis.
- 10 It's very expensive for local governments to all
- 11 run their individual help centers. It would be nice to
- 12 have some common platforms at the State level so that
- 13 support -- so that this could be easy and we could all
- 14 plug into it.
- 15 And also allow local governments to use their
- 16 programs to plug into a statewide system. Even if it's
- 17 not required at a statewide level, allow our reporting
- 18 requirements to roll up at the statewide level so we're
- 19 not all keeping separate databases. Thank you.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks for being
- 21 here, Neal.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Tony, and then after Tony it
- 23 will be Marika.
- 24 MR. ANDREONI: Thank you. Good morning, almost
- 25 afternoon, Commissioners.

- 2 MR. ANDREONI: I swear it wasn't me.
- 3 I'm Tony Andreoni with the California Municipal
- 4 Utilities Association. And CMUA has been a strong
- 5 supporter and very happy to assist in many of the
- 6 utility-related programs at the Energy Commission, which
- 7 includes AB 1103.
- 8 And we're also working very closely with you all
- 9 on Prop 39 implementation and trying to determine what
- 10 type of data, and how it's going to be provided to the
- 11 Energy Commission.
- 12 As I was listening to many of the speakers
- 13 before me, the presenters, it dawned on me that some of
- 14 the issues that were mentioned have been discussed
- 15 before.
- 16 But I do want to make one major point and that
- 17 is, you know, related more towards the privacy and the
- 18 owner of the data.
- 19 I know some of the folks that are on the panel
- 20 this afternoon, SMUD and LADWP, will probably be able to
- 21 talk a little bit more about their programs.
- 22 But many of our members on the medium and
- 23 smaller utility side not only has challenges in trying
- 24 to deal with some of the web-related data aspects of
- 25 working with Portfolio Manager, and we have been working

- 1 with staff in a recent AB 1103 webinar on understanding
- 2 and trying to deal with some of those challenges.
- 3 But I would just throw out that it probably
- 4 would be great if the Energy Commission can work with
- 5 the stakeholders in trying to figure out the privacy
- 6 issue. Is there any conflicting requirements to the
- 7 Government Code that makes it a little bit more
- 8 challenging on providing the information?
- 9 Is there a keeper of making sure that that
- 10 information is not hacked and that privacy is not a
- 11 problem?
- 12 And I think if there's some type of
- 13 clarification on the data on the privacy. I think many
- 14 of the codes, at least what I've read through Government
- 15 Code sections, make it clear that this data should be
- 16 shared.
- But I think the ownership of the data and making
- 18 sure that information is not somehow invaded by --
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Are you talking about
- 20 privacy or security?
- 21 MR. ANDREONI: Security is really the focus.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay.
- 23 MR. ANDREONI: Once that data is submitted to
- 24 the Portfolio Manager, if it can be provided to them
- 25 through a web base, that's great. Some of our members

- 1 don't have that ability.
- 2 But obviously, once that information is there,
- 3 if that information were to be hacked and then somehow
- 4 released, that would be an issue, and just making sure
- 5 that there's some chain of custody associated with that
- 6 information.
- 7 Many of our members are still struggling on
- 8 getting the information to the owner of the data, which
- 9 is their customer. How that then trickles down to
- 10 making sure that that information's available.
- 11 Again, we want to work with the Energy
- 12 Commission to make sure that's a little more seamless.
- 13 But it's still a little foggy and it would be great to
- 14 have more dialogue on that.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks.
- 16 Thanks for being here.
- MR. ANDREONI: Thank you.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Marika?
- 19 MS. ERDELY: I think it's great that we're
- 20 having this meeting. I'm Marika Erdely and I'm the
- 21 founder and CEO of Green Economy, and we are a service
- 22 provider of the AB 1103 reports. We've probably
- 23 completed about 125 of them since the beginning of this
- 24 year.
- 25 And I personally have been presenting in front

- 1 of -- probably 35 times in front of commercial real
- 2 estate brokers, attorneys, whoever would like to hear
- 3 what's going on with AB 1103. So, I have a very good
- 4 pulse of what's wrong with this law and what's not
- 5 happening.
- 6 And I have been calling Daniel, Joe, I mean
- 7 everyone, I'm sure, knows who I am.
- First off, I'd like to really ask the question,
- 9 and it's mind-boggling to me, has it not dropped to
- 10 5,000 square feet as of July 1?
- 11 Someone sent an e-mail to me, one of the brokers
- 12 that I deal with. I look on the website, it still says
- 13 it's dropping to 5,000 July 1. I have received no e-
- 14 mail, even though I'm on the list serve.
- 15 So, I'd like to first have an answer on are we
- 16 down to 5,000 square feet or are we still at 10,000?
- 17 And if we didn't drop, why did we not get
- 18 notified?
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: It's a great
- 20 question. Let's see, I'm going to defer to staff after
- 21 I just give a high level comment.
- We projected, so we scheduled this workshop,
- 23 acknowledging issues that we're digging into the -- we
- 24 opened a new OII at the last business meeting and we've
- 25 been projecting public comments at that business

- 1 meeting.
- I directed staff to look at delaying the 5,000
- 3 square foot provision of the current regulations. It
- 4 looks like -- the reason I asked them to look at it is
- 5 that it looks like there is a process we have to go
- 6 through and it may include emergency regulations to
- 7 delay that, the implementation of that.
- 8 So, we're projecting that that's our plan and
- 9 we're just looking at best how to do it.
- Not suspending enforcement of the program at its
- 11 current level, but delaying the implement for one year
- 12 of the 5,000 square foot.
- So, the reason that that didn't go out formally
- 14 on the list serve is that that is not a formal
- 15 determination, yet.
- And I'm going to defer to legal on that or staff
- 17 on this.
- 18 But your question is a very good question. You
- 19 know, we sort of saw that compliance was low, realized
- 20 for many stakeholders that this program is not seeing
- 21 the compliance that we would like and really, you know,
- 22 got ourselves into high gear to schedule this workshop
- 23 and open an OII.
- 24 So, those are the two concrete things we've done
- 25 to date. But this is the next one in the hopper.

- 1 MS. ERDELY: I guess I don't understand why you
- 2 would delay it if you're trying to get more people
- 3 involved.
- 4 My phone has been ringing more because people
- 5 think it's going to be 5,000, and they're scared and
- 6 they want to participate.
- 7 Versus if you delay it, you're going to have
- 8 less action. I really do feel that, being a person in
- 9 the field dealing with this issue.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, I understand
- 11 that, but if we have a program that's not functional in
- 12 its current terms and we're about to triple, quadruple
- 13 the number of people who have to comply, then that
- 14 doesn't add up, so that's the underlying motivation.
- 15 And so if it's unclear for people who are
- 16 relatively sophisticated and who are having a hard time
- 17 complying, maybe you're able to make it not be hard for
- 18 them.
- 19 But across the State we're seeing very little
- 20 compliance, as you saw from the graphic.
- 21 So, anyway, I want to defer to maybe Galen or
- 22 Dan.
- 23 MR. LEMEI: Yeah, sure. This is Galen Lemei. I
- 24 am a staff counsel for the California Energy Commission
- 25 working on this program.

- 1 We have received direction to work on delaying
- 2 the extension to 5,000 square feet. And I've personally
- 3 been working on a package for emergency regulations that
- 4 is currently undergoing review.
- 5 As of today, as a legal matter, there is an
- 6 obligation to 5,000 square feet, but the staff is
- 7 working on amending that.
- 8 MS. ERDELY: I disagree with that completely as
- 9 someone who's in the field doing this.
- 10 One thing that I think would really help is if
- 11 we could redesign the report. I think the report is
- 12 very poorly designed report. Those boxes, every single
- 13 time I send the report out and I even have an
- 14 explanation in the e-mail, I even have an attachment
- 15 that says this is what's going on in the report, ignore
- 16 the boxes, ignore the professional signature on the last
- 17 page. If we could just -- I would be very happy, I've
- 18 already offered my services to help redesign the report.
- 19 Why is the EUI section -- it doesn't even say
- 20 EUI. And I asked the Energy -- the EPA and they said
- 21 you have to speak to California, the CEC to see if they
- 22 could redesign their report.
- 23 The information, if you want people to comply
- 24 and actually use the information, it needs to be in a
- 25 format that's usable.

- 1 Right now that report is really -- I think it's
- 2 a terrible report.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, so I would
- 4 welcome you to submit written comments and be as
- 5 concrete as you can about what that report, from your
- 6 perspective, ought to include. And, you know, this is
- 7 what this OII is for to receive comments.
- 8 You know, substantive and sort solutions-
- 9 oriented are definitely things that we would like to
- 10 see.
- And, you know, that's what this OII is for. I
- 12 think it's highly likely that we will end up, you know,
- 13 discussing very concretely what any changes to the
- 14 regulations might look like as a result of this order,
- 15 this information gathering rulemaking. We'll make that
- 16 decision in due course, but we're moving really quickly.
- On the CEC's time frame, you know, having picked
- 18 this up we're moving very quickly and we'll continue to
- 19 do so.
- 20 So, I really appreciate your engagement on this
- 21 and giving us the sort of boots-on-the-ground
- 22 perspective.
- MS. ERDELY: Okay and then I don't understand
- 24 what's going on with the enforcement of this law and
- 25 you're saying that people aren't following it.

1 All	you	would	have	to	do	is	find	а	couple	of

- 2 those sales that have actually occurred and that weren't
- 3 complied with, and send them a letter and get everybody
- 4 moving. That's all you have to do.
- 5 Because the brokers, I speak to the brokers and
- 6 many times they call me and I give them the information,
- 7 and then they don't call me back. And I call them and
- 8 they say, oh, the building owner decided they don't need
- 9 to do it because they're never going to get caught,
- 10 anyway.
- 11 So, if you actually caught a couple of the
- 12 people and made a big deal about it, you wouldn't have a
- 13 compliance issue and you wouldn't have to drop it down
- 14 to 5,000 square feet and spend time doing emergency
- 15 legislation for something that -- if the ball is
- 16 rolling, you're going to stop the ball right now by
- 17 reducing it, by waiting another year instead of actually
- 18 looking at enforcement actions because that's where the
- 19 ball should be.
- 20 What do we do to get the word out there with the
- 21 commercial real estate brokers that, look, this is going
- 22 to be enforced, you need to follow it, it's the law.
- 23 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, maybe Galen, you
- 24 could comment on enforcement?
- MR. LEMEI: Well, the Energy Commission has been

- 1 actively monitoring compliance with the program. There
- 2 have been a number of barriers to compliance identified
- 3 and the purpose of this OII is just to focus on
- 4 overcoming those barriers.
- 5 In terms of enforcement of the program in its
- 6 current form, I think that a lot of our efforts have
- 7 been focused on achieving compliance.
- 8 And, certainly, the possibility of pursuing more
- 9 aggressive enforcement is under consideration and on the
- 10 table. I think that, yeah, that's also under
- 11 consideration.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Let me just add, I
- 13 mean if we were to gather up a bunch of -- you know, 95
- 14 or 98 percent of the noncompliant buildings that
- 15 transact -- of the transactions that don't comply and
- 16 refer that to the Attorney General for enforcement,
- 17 they're going to come back to us and say this program --
- 18 everybody's saying this program's really difficult to
- 19 comply with so, you know, fix the program.
- 20 So, you know, I appreciate your perspective but
- 21 that's exactly why we're here. So, I'd appreciate your
- 22 submitting comments that have some substantive fixes for
- 23 what you're seeing out there in the actual compliance
- 24 and sort of reducing transaction costs, and that kind of
- 25 thing we're talking, making it usable for people.

- 1 MS. ERDELY: Okay, the only problem I have in
- 2 complying with this law is the fact that LADWP's data
- 3 will not connect with Energy Star. That's the only
- 4 problem.
- We've gone to the tenants, we've done malls,
- 6 we've got the authorizations for Edison and gas from all
- 7 the individual mall tenants, submitted them. Southern
- 8 California Edison, Razi over there does an excellent
- 9 job.
- There's no reason for compliance problems.
- 11 We've been able to do every single one of our buildings.
- 12 The problem has been I've got like three
- 13 buildings right now sitting on my desk and they're LADWP
- 14 buildings and they're not downloading, and we can't even
- 15 get the data.
- 16 Send \$10 with this form. No, we need this form.
- 17 We need that form. That's your compliance issue.
- Other than that, I don't see any other problems
- 19 with compliance. What are the other problems that
- 20 people are bringing up because I'd like to know what
- 21 those are.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. So I
- 23 appreciate that. That's terrific input to know that
- 24 you're finding it not be as difficult as many, many
- 25 people. But, you know, the record is built from all the

- 1 stakeholders and so we've -- you know, that's what we're
- 2 trying to do is build that record, so I appreciate it.
- 3 MS. ERDELY: Well, because the software, when it
- 4 was upgraded, became much more complicated. The EPA
- 5 Energy Star software became much more complicated after
- 6 the upgrade than before the upgrade. And so, probably
- 7 people are confused on using it.
- 8 But other than the software what are the -- I'm
- 9 just trying to understand why we wouldn't be focusing
- 10 on -- you know, if you say the Attorney General's going
- 11 to come back, what are the other problems that people
- 12 are having? I'd like to understand what that is because
- 13 it's --
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, I'm sure staff
- 15 can work with you on that but, yeah, thanks very much.
- 16 Do we have any more blue cards?
- 17 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah, Chris Warner, PG&E.
- 18 MR. WARNER: Thank you. I'm Chris Warner from
- 19 PG&E and I think you'll be happy to hear --
- 20 (Audio interruption)
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: That must not have
- 22 been for us.
- MR. WARNER: I'll try and go ahead. I don't
- 24 want to stand between you and lunch.
- 25 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, go for it.

1	MR.	WARNER:	Chris	Warner	at.	PG&E.	And T	really

- 2 appreciate and I think you've done a really good job
- 3 putting the right people in the room together here to
- 4 talk through these issues.
- 5 And I know we'll have more to discuss later this
- 6 afternoon on rolling up our sleeves on the data access
- 7 and privacy issues.
- 8 But I actually had a couple of questions for the
- 9 Chicago and Boston representatives because I think
- 10 they've been very helpful in terms of their programs.
- 11 They really relate to the data aggregation
- 12 standards by the utilities in their areas.
- 13 My understanding and they can correct me if I'm
- 14 wrong, is that the Chicago and Boston ordinances
- 15 actually do mandate that each individual tenant in a
- 16 covered building provide and report their individually
- 17 metered energy usage data as part of the program.
- 18 So, in terms of there being a tenant obligation
- 19 to report their own energy usage, those ordinances do
- 20 actually require that and in fact directly regulate the
- 21 tenants, and in fact provide -- if the tenants don't
- 22 provide that data, those tenants, themselves, are
- 23 subject to enforcement.
- 24 My first question for Chicago and Boston is if
- 25 the tenants in your areas have an obligation to report

- 1 their individually metered data to their landlords, why
- 2 is there any aggregation standard required at all?
- 3 Why isn't it just a matter of the utilities
- 4 understanding that the tenants have an obligation to
- 5 report their individually metered data, and then that
- 6 data is just reported to Energy Star Portfolio on behalf
- 7 of the landlords?
- 8 So, maybe if Jaime and Nikhil can respond on
- 9 that? Yeah, maybe Nikhil and maybe we can follow up
- 10 with Jaime.
- 11 MS. COLLOPY: Yeah, it sounds like Jaime has
- 12 dropped off the line, but Nikhil, you're on the call?
- MR. NADKARNI: Yeah. So, it's a good question,
- 14 yeah. You're correct in the understanding of our
- 15 regulations in that tenants are required to provide
- 16 this, nonresidential tenants are required to provide
- 17 this information as requested.
- 18 In practice, a few building owners have come
- 19 forward this year, saying, you know, my tenant hasn't
- 20 signed off on the authorization form and I'm in a
- 21 building that has three tenants.
- 22 And, you know, we've intervened on their behalf
- 23 and said to the tenant, look, this is a required and
- 24 potentially finable violation.
- 25 So that said, it's a good point that given that

- 1 it's mandatory here why don't utilities just aggregate
- 2 at any level.
- 3 You know, fundamentally, it's that we don't have
- 4 any authority over utilities as a city. All of our
- 5 utilities are state level and, you know, that's
- 6 something that we have sort of spoken with our state
- 7 counterparts about.
- 8 But the utility legal teams felt that this was
- 9 the level of aggregation that they felt comfortable
- 10 with. And beyond that it was for the city to make sure
- 11 that the requirements on the tenant was enforced by the
- 12 city.
- MR. WARNER: And if I might make a comment and
- 14 just a follow-up question on that.
- 15 And by the way, I appreciate that Brian and
- 16 Jeanne are here because I think part of the CPUC effort
- 17 on this whole privacy data access balance has been a
- 18 multi-year effort to try to really provide specific
- 19 technical guidance on where that balance is.
- 20 And so, as one who's participated over the last
- 21 five years in that CPUC effort that, I think, has been a
- 22 very good, very extensive effort.
- 23 And by the way I would not suggest, since I am
- 24 an attorney, that attorneys be the ones to decide what
- 25 the right aggregation standard is. It's more of a

- 1 technical, factual issue, I think.
- 2 But to that point, to the extent that Boston or
- 3 Chicago have an aggregation standard from their
- 4 utilities or from their utilities commission that's at,
- 5 let's say, four, then what percentage of building stock
- 6 in Boston, for example, is then not covered by that
- 7 utility aggregation?
- 8 So, in other words, how much of that additional
- 9 building stock do you have to go to the individual
- 10 tenants to get the data?
- 11 MR. NADKARNI: So far it's been a very minor
- 12 issue. A thousand buildings are required to report this
- 13 year. About half of those buildings have. And that
- 14 only two buildings said that they were having issues
- 15 with tenant sign off.
- 16 MR. WARNER: So, but how many buildings are
- 17 actually covered by the utility aggregation without
- 18 having to go to the tenants at all?
- 19 MR. NADKARNI: That is something I don't know
- 20 off the top of my head. That's something that our
- 21 utility counterparts would know. But I don't believe
- 22 it's a -- you know, I believe the number that is covered
- 23 without tenant sign off is pretty high.
- 24 Because at this point, you know, it's pretty
- 25 large numbers of tenants in the buildings that are

- 1 reporting.
- MR. WARNER: Well, thanks very much.
- 3 MR. NADKARNI: Sure.
- 4 MR. WARNER: And again, I think certainly PG&E
- 5 and the other utilities are available to hopefully roll
- 6 up our sleeves this afternoon and talk a little bit more
- 7 about that data access issue, but thanks for the
- 8 opportunity.
- 9 MR. ASHUCKIAN: We have one more comment and
- 10 then we need to move on. Tim Cahill, with Charles C.
- 11 Bell, Incorporated.
- MR. CAHILL: Good morning. Thank you very much,
- 13 Commissioner for this opportunity. I've learned a lot
- 14 this morning.
- 15 But I'd like to make a couple of comments. I'm
- 16 from the private sector. I'm President and General
- 17 Counsel for Charles C. Bell Company, a private
- 18 commercial real estate owner.
- 19 And as you indicated, this is a transactional
- 20 based, it's sale, lease and financing.
- 21 The problem that I'm concerned about is where we
- 22 have to report data from -- that are tenants. And most
- 23 of our tenants have individually metered suites. So,
- 24 all of the tenants contract directly with SMUD and PG&E.
- 25 We are strangers to their contract, but yet we have to

- 1 report if we're going to sell the building, or finance
- 2 it, or if we have a single tenant.
- 3 And the difficulty with that can be immense. I
- 4 mean we have in our leases that they're supposed to
- 5 require certain things -- they're supposed to cooperate.
- But in point of fact, if they do not we're left
- 7 in a bind because there isn't really a good legal remedy
- 8 or is there time.
- 9 So, if you take the circumstance of a sale or a
- 10 finance that takes place -- can take place in a very
- 11 rapid time frame, 30, 60, 90 days.
- 12 If a tenant decides not to comply, what do you
- 13 do?
- 14 Well, I heard this morning about this concept of
- 15 whole building data, which I think is a great
- 16 opportunity.
- 17 But in a single-tenant building or if you have a
- 18 limited number of tenants that don't fall within that
- 19 whole building data, then what is a landlord, an owner
- 20 to do? Does he lose the sale? Does he lose the
- 21 financing?
- 22 If he loses the financing, does his building
- 23 then go into default? What does he do?
- 24 He can't necessarily go and get a quick legal
- 25 remedy.

- 1 So, I would ask that you consider some sort of
- 2 exemption or work around. I don't know what the answer
- 3 is.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: There is a work
- 5 around that's in statute, or that's in our current regs
- 6 that Dave can tell you about. There are exemptions for
- 7 this already.
- 8 MR. CAHILL: Well, good I'm glad to hear that
- 9 and I'll look at that more clearly.
- 10 But the whole building data system seems to me
- 11 to make a whole lot of sense. You know, just as long as
- 12 you're sensitive to the real problem, real life problem
- 13 of how do you get something done when you've got a
- 14 tenant that is not going to comply.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, certainly, you
- 16 know, your concern is something that we -- it's not the
- 17 first time we've heard them.
- 18 Now, there is a modeling option, there's a --
- 19 anyway, why don't Dave or Galen, you talk to that.
- 20 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah, under the current
- 21 regulations there's what we call safe harbor provisions
- 22 which allows for either estimates or approximated, or
- 23 looking at the benchmarking information on the Energy
- 24 Portfolio Manager to provide information on a like type
- 25 building with similar size tenants.

- 1 So, that is already in statute. That's already
- 2 in our regulations. So, if you cannot get the actual
- 3 data, you can provide that estimated information.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: And just to be clear,
- 5 you know, part of the goal here is to decrease the need
- 6 for that estimation so that we do actually get relevant,
- 7 real building information at the whole building level
- 8 because that's the kind of information that the
- 9 marketplace can use to make better decisions.
- 10 The modeled, average estimated data is not that
- 11 kind of data.
- 12 So, it's really, you know, a second best in our
- 13 view, but it is there and it's in our regulations. And
- 14 it's perfectly -- it's certainly meant not to get in the
- 15 way of your transaction.
- 16 MR. CAHILL: That's good. The only comment I'd
- 17 make about the estimated is sometimes you may not know
- 18 what that is. But if you can go to the EPA, that may be
- 19 it.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Well, again, the regulations
- 21 provide for providing the best information that you can
- 22 acquire at the time. And there's also a caveat in there
- 23 that you have to disclose to the party that that
- 24 information is estimated and not actual data, so that
- 25 they are aware that that information is not necessarily

- 1 accurate.
- MR. CAHILL: Great. Well, thank you.
- 3 MS. COLLOPY: So we are going to break for
- 4 lunch, I promise.
- 5 We are going to take a few questions, however,
- 6 from the folks on the web. Thank you for being patient
- 7 on the web.
- 8 So, you can raise your hand and we can take you
- 9 off mute or you can go ahead and key your question into
- 10 comments. And I know Dave has one question from the
- 11 web, now.
- 12 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah, we do have a chat room
- 13 question from Cecilia Jackson and it's a similar issue.
- 14 "How will noncompliance of 1103 be implemented and can
- 15 compliance be done retroactively? If so, how?"
- 16 I will just take a shot at this. Again, with
- 17 noncompliance the current practice is that if we receive
- 18 information regarding noncompliance, we will follow up
- 19 on that information.
- 20 And then retroactively, again, certainly anybody
- 21 can benchmark their building at any time, whether it's
- 22 for 1103 or not.
- 23 The regulations provide for that to be handled
- 24 at the time of the transaction. But, certainly, the
- 25 buyer -- or the seller can provide that information to

- 1 the buyer, you know, after the fact.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: And I want to just
- 3 sort of highlight the fact that we heard from most of
- 4 the jurisdictions, explicitly, that this morning
- 5 presented. You know, the goal is that their sort of
- 6 enforcement regime is relatively light-handed and it's
- 7 because they -- this is something that's in everybody's
- 8 best interest to do. The reason of the policy is that
- 9 it's good and it opens up from transparency and, you
- 10 know, we've heard from everybody that that's the goal.
- 11 So, the idea is not to create a punitive regime,
- 12 but actually help the local jurisdictions implement this
- 13 in a way that helps them with the climate action
- 14 planning and grow partnerships with their real estate
- 15 industries, and get this information out there.
- 16 So, certainly, you know, we have to look at how
- 17 we're going to get increased compliance. But, you know,
- 18 we definitely have a problem here in California with
- 19 respect to even though -- really, just with the
- 20 remarkably low compliance rates, and really across the
- 21 State.
- 22 And so, we've got to figure out how to make the
- 23 program more usable, more customer friendly, lower
- 24 transaction costs, but at the same time be very clear
- 25 that the expectation is there that people comply.

- 1 And, you know, hopefully at the end of this
- 2 process we end up with that, with that proper balance.
- 3 MS. COLLOPY: Great, thank you.
- 4 It doesn't look like we have any other questions
- 5 on the web so we are going to break for a one-hour
- 6 lunch.
- 7 Just to remind everyone that this is -- the
- 8 notice for this workshop has -- you know, it's posted on
- 9 the website and the public comment period for this
- 10 workshop runs until July 21st, which is a Monday so,
- 11 just reminding folks that we welcome all of your
- 12 comments for this workshop.
- Okay, so with that we're going to break and
- 14 thank you so much for your participation this morning.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, when are we
- 16 coming back, now?
- MS. COLLOPY: One hour, which will take us to
- 18 1:20, so less than an hour, so 1:20 we're going to come
- 19 back.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Everybody back at
- 21 1:20.
- 22 (Off the record at 12:23 p.m.)
- 23 (On the record at 1:28 p.m.)
- 24 MR. JOHNSON: Okay, everybody welcome back. I
- 25 hope everyone had a good lunch.

- 1 So, now, we're going to get into our second
- 2 panel which is going to be, let's see here, the AB 1103
- 3 Impact on Building Owners and the Real Estate Industry.
- 4 So the purpose, obviously, understanding
- 5 building owner and real estate industry experiences with
- 6 AB 1103, including utility company cooperation, barriers
- 7 to compliance and suggestions for improvements.
- 8 So today on our panel, I'd like to introduce, we
- 9 have Jennifer Svec from the California Association of
- 10 Realtors.
- We have Matthew Hargrove who's from the
- 12 California Business Properties Association.
- We have Sara Neff, and she's on WebEx, and she
- 14 is from Kilroy Realty Corporation.
- 15 And lastly, we have Fran Inman and she is with
- 16 Majestic Realty.
- So, I guess we'll start with Jennifer, if you'd
- 18 like to say some words.
- 19 MS. SVEC: Thank you for the opportunity to
- 20 present today to the Commission, we really appreciate
- 21 being here.
- With regards to AB 1103, the California
- 23 Association of Realtors represents 162,000 realtors
- 24 statewide. A subsection of our membership does
- 25 represent commercial properties. However, generally we

- 1 do work on the smaller property side for transactions,
- 2 sort of the mom and pops.
- 3 With regards to time of sale requirements there
- 4 has always been an opposition as they do not effectively
- 5 reach the goals intended.
- 6 We believe that benchmarking of this nature
- 7 should be done across the board for all commercial
- 8 buildings, regardless of sale, lease or refinance.
- 9 Inspections and disclosures being required upon
- 10 entering into a contract is another problematic issue
- 11 that we have in this particular regulation.
- 12 AB 1103 requires upon execution that you provide
- 13 the benchmarking information. This is opposite or
- 14 adverse to how our transactions generally run where our
- 15 disclosures are done throughout the process, after the
- 16 execution of the contract.
- 17 So our NHDs and things of that nature are
- 18 provided after you have a willing buyer and willing
- 19 seller agree on a price and start to move forward for
- 20 their inspection process.
- 21 Generally speaking, the concept that we are
- 22 working on is a fallback position right now, where we
- 23 are giving our best guess on what the energy consumption
- 24 is of these buildings as opposed to actually getting the
- 25 aggregated data from the utilities.

- 1 From our perspective, no data is better than bad
- 2 data.
- 3 We've got a problem on the residential side
- 4 where people aren't trusting what's happening and the
- 5 same thing is going to happen on the commercial side if
- 6 we continue to use best guess as we move forward.
- 7 We hope to be a constructive participant. We're
- 8 happy to answer any questions.
- 9 I know Mr. Hargrove and some of his members have
- 10 more insights as to how it works within the large
- 11 commercial structures as they have already been working
- 12 within this program.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I would just
- 14 invite -- and so, you know, thanks for being here,
- 15 really, for all of you. And I know it's post-lunch and,
- 16 you know, hopefully we'll all -- you know, we all got
- 17 some caffeine over lunch and I'm sure it will be an
- 18 invigorating panel though, so --
- 19 But I think, you know, we have statute that is
- 20 what it is. We have to get it working and it needs
- 21 to -- you know, at the same time I think we'd all like
- 22 it to lay the groundwork for some of the ideas you
- 23 brought up, which is to do it right, and better, and
- 24 more expansively, and more targeted in a way that
- 25 building owners and operators can use. So, I appreciate

- 1 that.
- I just wanted to point out that this -- you
- 3 know, I think we've heard many times that time of sale,
- 4 you know, you don't think it works. And I think there's
- 5 kind of an existing conversation going on, on that
- 6 issue.
- 7 But you know, AB 1103 is what it is and we need
- 8 to sort of work it out in a way that the marketplace
- 9 causes, I think, the least amount of trauma, really, in
- 10 the marketplace, but also helps us move towards our
- 11 long-term goals.
- 12 So, that's the idea and I think I heard you're
- 13 on board with that and I'm appreciative of your being
- 14 here.
- MS. SVEC: Yeah, we're actually in complete
- 16 agreement with you, Commissioner. We would just like to
- 17 see an expansion so that it's just -- it's not just
- 18 focused on that one particular point.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: Do you have anything else? Any
- 20 other questions?
- Okay, we're going to move on, then, to Matthew
- 22 Hargrove.
- MR. HARGROVE: Thank you for having me here
- 24 today. I'm Matthew Hargrove. I'm with the California
- 25 Business Properties Association. We're a commercial

- 1 real estate association active in legislative and
- 2 regulatory affairs on behalf of our members, in
- 3 Sacramento.
- 4 We represent all the major national commercial
- 5 real estate groups, including the International Council
- 6 of Shopping Centers, NAOP, and BOMA. We represent BOMA
- 7 California here in California, as well as six other
- 8 smaller associations all focused on commercial real
- 9 estate.
- 10 So, I'm here today to speak from that
- 11 perspective. But as you know, commercial real estate is
- 12 very broad.
- We have buildings, everything from very large
- 14 warehouse distribution centers to very shiny, brand-new
- 15 Class A office buildings.
- 16 And that's part of the issue with this law and
- 17 with this regulation is that it's trying to cover those
- 18 two buildings and everything in between.
- 19 And we've known for a long time that this
- 20 approach is -- it has issues with being able to do that.
- I think I'm probably the only person in the room
- 22 that was at the very first Policy Committee of AB 1103.
- 23 Attended all the policy committees, everything in the
- 24 legislature, was part of the negotiations and have been
- 25 part of all the stakeholder processes since then.

1	So,	if	you'll	excuse	me	going	through	а	little

- 2 bit of history, I think part of why we're here
- 3 discussing some of the issues that we're discussing
- 4 today have to do with the implementing legislation and
- 5 some of the thought that was behind that implementing
- 6 legislation.
- 7 And with all due respect to the conversation
- 8 that happened just previous, I think a key to making
- 9 this work in California is going back and revisiting
- 10 that authorizing legislation.
- I think that as the bill went through the
- 12 Legislature it was portrayed as something that was going
- 13 to be very simple to do, that building owners were just
- 14 basically going to have to press a couple buttons, do
- 15 Energy Star and everyone was going to be happy and
- 16 everyone was going to be more informed.
- I think, as we've seen today from the local
- 18 jurisdictions that are implementing similar programs,
- 19 it's much, much more complicated than that.
- 20 And I think after seven years of having
- 21 information on this and understanding how much more
- 22 difficult this program is, and really where the State
- 23 wants to go with this program, this program that we've
- 24 talked about today is not just a simple benchmarking
- 25 disclosure program.

	1	I me	ean,	all	the	local	programs	we '	ve '	heard	from
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- 2 today are really much more than that. And the State of
- 3 California, as we should, I think, want to have a
- 4 statewide program that is much bigger than just putting
- 5 numbers in Energy Star, providing that in a transaction
- 6 and having it be a disclosure.
- 7 So, we're very supportive of working with you on
- 8 doing that. But I do think that the two key pieces in
- 9 the legislation that are the cause for us being here
- 10 today, that we should seriously consider revisiting, are
- 11 the fact that it is mandated that all buildings be part
- 12 of this process.
- Not a single local government program that was
- 14 here today, that talked about their programs have every
- 15 single building as being part of their programs.
- 16 In fact, the numbers from Chicago was less than
- 17 one percent. Boston is less than 2.4 percent of all
- 18 their buildings are part of the program.
- 19 And we understand, again, as part of the
- 20 conversation of why we wanted all buildings in the
- 21 legislation, but we've seen that it really doesn't work.
- 22 And you really do have a point of diminishing
- 23 returns on this as you move down, we all know that.
- 24 So, we believe that that is a way forward is
- 25 looking at that, going back to the authorizing

- 1 legislation, and that is a key tweak that needs to be
- 2 made.
- 3 Additionally, we do think that this being keyed
- 4 with the transaction does not deliver the State with an
- 5 advanced program that moves the ball forward in terms of
- 6 energy efficiency.
- What you're doing by having the program -- and
- 8 again, these are things that we discussed as the bill
- 9 was moving through the Legislature. But at the time,
- 10 input from the real estate community was not welcomed
- 11 with open arms.
- 12 So, we actually predicted some of these issues
- 13 seven years ago, as the legislation was moving through.
- 14 But by keying this on your transactional issues
- 15 what you're doing is you're putting building owners,
- 16 managers, title agents, real estate agents in a real
- 17 pickle in terms of trying to be able to do an economic
- 18 transaction and then all of the sudden you have to, by
- 19 State law, deal with this particular disclosure.
- Instead of having a program, like some of these
- 21 local programs, where it's a knowable, predictable
- 22 yearly disclosure or I think San Francisco you have to
- 23 do it once every year, we have in the past supported
- 24 legislation on -- there's been issues with water
- 25 efficiency where we, as an industry, did believe that it

- 1 was much more efficacious for the State to say you have
- 2 a deadline. Industry, you have a deadline, a few years
- 3 out in the future and by then all the buildings of this
- 4 type of cohort need to comply with that deadline. And
- 5 then, on a yearly basis after that there's checkups on
- 6 that.
- 7 So, we do think that revisiting the legislation
- 8 is key.
- 9 If we're not going to do that, then I think that
- 10 a lot of these issues that we're struggling over are
- 11 going to be unresolvable. I mean, there's very big
- 12 issues here that are difficult, especially with the
- 13 statewide implementation.
- 14 As we heard today from the local programs that
- 15 are doing this successfully, in most cases they're
- 16 dealing with one electrical entity, one gas entity.
- Being a California native, hearing a steam
- 18 entity was kind of interesting to me.
- 19 But, you know, the local program, San Francisco,
- 20 having to just deal with one energy provider makes it
- 21 much easier for them to implement the program.
- What you're having to deal with on the State
- 23 level, you know how difficult it is.
- 24 And we're getting feedback from some of our
- 25 members on this that in some areas this is no problem.

- 1 It's very easy to do. Complying with 1103 is, you know,
- 2 no big deal at all.
- In other areas, depending on the luck of the
- 4 draw, or the area you're in, or which utility you're
- 5 dealing with we're getting feedback, everything from my
- 6 local utility has never heard of 1103, to they've heard
- 7 of it but they won't give us any information, to the
- 8 biggest issue that a lot of our members have is that
- 9 some utilities are requiring that they go get sign-off
- 10 from their tenants.
- 11 And that is not the way we read the law. We
- 12 understand it's not the way the Energy Commission reads
- 13 the law. And it makes it very, very difficult for
- 14 compliance.
- 15 So, when we hear, earlier someone testified,
- 16 asking the Energy Commission to get out there and start
- 17 really pushing compliance and going after companies,
- 18 that's something that we think is a little bit premature
- 19 at this point because there are significant hurdles for
- 20 companies being able to comply.
- 21 Even companies that fully want to comply and
- 22 have energy staff on board, there are certain things out
- 23 there that are making it difficult.
- 24 As the regulations were moving through, the
- 25 Energy Commission and International Council of Shopping

- 1 Centers pulled together a group of individuals to talk
- 2 with your staff about how to apply this in the shopping
- 3 mall setting.
- 4 Now, there's a lot of shopping malls that can do
- 5 this very easily. But there's a lot of things that can
- 6 go wrong as you're moving through this process, or you
- 7 might not be able to do within a 30-day escrow process
- 8 that makes it difficult to comply.
- 9 And you get very simple questions with this on
- 10 what is a building in that type of setting, where you
- 11 have a series of buildings that may or may not be
- 12 connected in a mall situation.
- 13 And I think having that legislation that says
- 14 "all buildings must be part of this" just exacerbates
- 15 that type of problem that there's a lot of different
- 16 types of real estate out there.
- 17 And I'm wrapping up. But seven years' working
- 18 on this there's a lot to talk about.
- 19 And again, we're supportive of this. We
- 20 ultimately were supportive of the piece of legislation
- 21 that came out and went to Governor Schwarzenegger's
- 22 desk.
- We do see a lot of value in benchmarking,
- 24 sharing that information and having a program that
- 25 facilitates that.

1	Unfortunately,	the	way	it'	s	rolled	out	in

- 2 California we went from being the first state in the
- 3 nation to having such a law, to being a little bit
- 4 behind the ball in terms of implementing it.
- 5 The issue that was asked three times this
- 6 morning of the local groups that were implementing
- 7 successful programs were, basically, what's the cost to
- 8 implement this? What's the type of staff you have?
- 9 And we never heard a clear answer this morning.
- 10 But I think that that is key, that I think that these
- 11 local programs, especially San Francisco, have
- 12 appropriate staffing and have dedicated resources and
- 13 incentives to their local community to make this program
- 14 work.
- 15 Unfortunately, with 1103 at the State level, and
- 16 this goes back to that implementing legislation, is as
- 17 the bill moved through the Legislature the Energy
- 18 Commission told the Legislature that the bill could be
- 19 implemented out of existing resources, and that allowed
- 20 the bill to skip a couple of fiscal committees.
- 21 And I think that we've seen that this program
- 22 takes some fiscal resources, especially statewide. Just
- 23 the legal bills, alone, for the Energy Commission on
- 24 dealing on this have to have been through the roof.
- 25 So, as part of going back to the Legislature and

- 1 tweaking with this authorization, we would stand side by
- 2 side with the PUC and the Energy Commission asking for
- 3 some resources to implement this.
- 4 We think it's an important program and one that
- 5 the State should dedicate some monies to.
- I think I'll leave it at that. Again, we want
- 7 to be helpful. There are serious implementing issues.
- 8 And I know after me are some real life building owners
- 9 and folks who have been through this process that can
- 10 get to the nitty-gritty.
- 11 One thing that I'm happy about hearing today, at
- 12 this meeting, is that instead of talking about the
- 13 generalities today, we are kind of starting to get into
- 14 the weeds and the actual implementation issues of this.
- 15 And I think that it's clear that there's uneven
- 16 implementation throughout the State of California
- 17 depending on what area you're in, and that is making it
- 18 difficult for compliance.
- 19 And we want to see a hundred percent compliance
- 20 and looking forward to working with you on that.
- 21 So, thank you for having me here today.
- COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks Matt, I
- 23 appreciate it.
- 24 And we'll -- before we move on I just really
- 25 have a kind of a -- well, an invitation and a clarifying

- 1 question.
- 2 So, certainly, on the threshold issue I think we
- 3 heard different things this morning. And it seems like
- 4 analysis of the building stock to figure out, you know,
- 5 square footage versus number of buildings, and kind of
- 6 like figuring out what that population looks like.
- 7 I know we've done some analysis here at the
- 8 Commission, but from your perspective it would be nice
- 9 to have sort of a little bit of an assessment of where
- 10 the buildings with the most bang for buck actually are,
- 11 you know, thresholds of different impacts versus sort of
- 12 transaction costs.
- I guess that's sort of my suggestion that it
- 14 would be helpful to hear from you guys. I mean you may
- 15 already have it developed, you know, multiple times over
- 16 the course of this whole proceeding but -- go ahead.
- MR. HARGROVE: So, actually, very early on this
- 18 process, as we were moving towards the implementation of
- 19 this and before we got to the stepped implementation
- 20 that we currently have now, our suggestion was to rely
- 21 on Energy Star.
- The whole program is focused on Energy Star.
- 23 Energy Star is something that everyone agreed on was
- 24 kind of the common language to make this happen.
- 25 And at the time Energy Star was -- Energy Star

- 1 can do it now. Their staff can very easily tell you the
- 2 types of buildings and thresholds that their program is
- 3 going to work best for.
- 4 So, our suggestion early on in this program
- 5 before we got, again, to the step process was for the
- 6 first few years of the program -- because we thought
- 7 California could have come out the year after this bill
- 8 was passed and had a program up and running, but it
- 9 would have been focused on 15 to 20 percent of the
- 10 buildings that Energy Star at the time was really
- 11 focused on.
- 12 But California let the perfect be the enemy of
- 13 the good at that time. And kind of instead of moving
- 14 forward incrementally and focusing on that, and relying
- 15 on Energy Star, at one point the regulations had an
- 16 entirely different energy program written into it, in
- 17 addition to Energy Star, as well as the focus was
- 18 really, really on making sure that every single building
- 19 down to your 50 square foot shed out on somebody's
- 20 property was a piece of this.
- 21 Because that's what the implementing legislation
- 22 said and it was taken very literally.
- 23 So we would say, and still, is let's look
- 24 towards Energy Star and we think that they have,
- 25 probably, some good guidance on how to make that happen.

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- 2 legislative front, I mean I kind of think if there is a
- 3 push on legislation it's going to be about disclosure,
- 4 generally. It's probably not going to be 1103, per se.
- 5 So, that may -- that's not the conversation
- 6 today and it's for another day I think, but we have an
- 7 existing statute and existing regulations that it's
- 8 really our obligation to try to make work. So, I think
- 9 that's really why we're here today.
- 10 But I appreciate the perspective and the
- 11 historical perspective on this and, you know, how the
- 12 State more broadly speaking might best move forward.
- 13 So, appreciate your expertise on that front.
- 14 MR. HARGROVE: If I could just add onto my last
- 15 answer, too, the focus of the regulations, too, has
- 16 treated all buildings exactly the same.
- 17 And there really needs to be a recognition that
- 18 there are different building types.
- 19 Under this type of a regime, a Class A office
- 20 building is much easier, and many of them are already
- 21 doing this, than is an older industrial building.
- 22 And the other issue that goes along with that,
- 23 that you heard from earlier, is because there's no
- 24 exemptions in the law or in the regulations.
- 25 We do hit that issue of not having 12 months' of

- 1 actual data in order to be able to Energy Star
- 2 buildings.
- 3 So, especially in those multi-tenant situations,
- 4 you just see a lot of folks who say, well, I can't get
- 5 an Energy Star score what do I do? Well, you default to
- 6 safe harbor then.
- 7 And then you get folks saying, especially folks
- 8 who know Energy Star, they say, well, if I'm putting in
- 9 bad data that means I'm skewing all the numbers.
- 10 So, we know that you recognize that that's an
- 11 issue and that is a short-term fix, that safe harbor.
- 12 But that is something that really needs to be addressed.
- 13 Is California getting good data out of this if you're
- 14 forcing every single building type to do this on every
- 15 single transaction?
- 16 Some buildings might transact three times in a
- 17 single year. Others might not transact for 20 years.
- 18 Thank you.
- 19 MR. JOHNSON: Thank you, Matt.
- 20 All right, so next we're going to move on to
- 21 Sara Neff. Sara, are you there?
- MS. NEFF: Yes, I'm here.
- MR. JOHNSON: All right, go ahead.
- MS. NEFF: Can everybody hear me?
- MR. JOHNSON: Yes.

- 1 MS. NEFF: Great. Hi, my name is Sara Neff. I
- 2 am the Vice-President of Sustainability at Kilroy
- 3 Realty. And I think I may be the first person to talk
- 4 today who has actually complied with AB 1103 in some
- 5 buildings.
- 6 (Laughter)
- 7 MS. NEFF: Kilroy Realty is a Class A commercial
- 8 office building owner. We own about 13 million square
- 9 feet between San Diego and Seattle, the great bulk of
- 10 which is in California.
- 11 Then I'm the full time sustainability person, so
- 12 I, in wearing the hat that we're dealing with today,
- 13 deal with making all of our buildings more energy
- 14 efficient.
- So, the energy usage of my buildings is, you
- 16 know, more or less my full time job and it's something
- 17 that I focus on all the time.
- 18 And I have complied with AB 1103 I believe six
- 19 times at this point. And so, I will go through what my
- 20 experience has been with that.
- I also want to say that I also comply with the
- 22 benchmarking ordinances in Seattle and San Francisco.
- 23 And so, you know, how has AB 1103 been for me?
- 24 And I want to say that I am probably the person for whom
- 25 AB 1103 would be the easiest. I'm a full time person.

- 1 I'm already here. I already deal with energy. I'm not
- 2 learning this for the first time and I'm very conversant
- 3 in Energy Star.
- 4 That said, it did take a while to figure it out.
- 5 There are things about this regulation that don't make a
- 6 ton of sense because it's sort of a square peg/round
- 7 hole issue.
- 8 But I will say that, you know, now it's
- 9 something that we at Kilroy, at least, are comfortable
- 10 with.
- 11 So, what has been my experience? Well, the
- 12 painful part has been scrambling to get data for
- 13 buildings for which we don't have the energy usage.
- 14 This is something that has come up on this call. I'm
- 15 sorry, it's a call for me, but a meeting for you and
- 16 it's come up a lot today.
- 17 You know, those buildings are -- those buildings
- 18 happen to be in San Diego. San Diego Gas & Electric has
- 19 made it incredibly clear that anything for which we do
- 20 not have a signed letter of authorization we are not
- 21 getting the data for.
- 22 Those letters of authorization are pretty
- 23 intense looking. They say right at the top, you know,
- 24 this is a legal form, you must read it. And that tends
- 25 to be kind of scary for tenants.

- 1 So, the times we've had to comply in San Diego
- 2 have involved begging our tenants for the data, more or
- 3 less.
- But my asset managers, because we're Class A,
- 5 even with triple net tenants have a good, you know, sort
- 6 of hands-on relationship with them. And so, that kind
- 7 of ask wasn't so big of a deal for us.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Sara, can I jump in
- 9 and just ask a clarifying question?
- MS. NEFF: Yes.
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: This is Commissioner
- 12 McAllister.
- MS. NEFF: Sure.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: In those cases has
- 15 there been -- are those buildings with lots of tenants,
- 16 with a few tenants, variable? What's been the kind of
- 17 types of tenants?
- 18 MS. NEFF: It was variable. I think each of
- 19 those buildings has three tenants. But again, it was
- 20 the poor property manager and not me who had to go --
- 21 who had to go after the data.
- Yeah, I think in that case it was two buildings,
- 23 each of which had two tenants in it.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thanks.
- MS. NEFF: So, you know, yeah, that had to

- 1 happen.
- There's a little bit of silliness. You know,
- 3 for example, and we had a whole building lease, like on
- 4 January 6th -- I may be the first person who actually
- 5 complied with AB 1103 because I did it on January 6th.
- 6 But that was a building that had been vacant for
- 7 two years and so though we complied with AB 1103, I'm
- 8 not quite sure what good that did anybody. I think
- 9 there should be exemption made for vacant buildings.
- 10 And then there are some surmountable technical
- 11 issues with it. I mean this has come up before, but the
- 12 data verification checklist is confusing.
- Now, my legal team gets why there are all these
- 14 blank checkboxes, but that has caused some confusion.
- 15 And the other thing, and I realize this is a
- 16 small technical error, but right now my experience and
- 17 the experience of everybody I know who has complied is
- 18 that you send your data to the California Energy
- 19 Commission and you get no response.
- It's just sent out into the ether and so we just
- 21 save the copies of the sent e-mail, but we don't get
- 22 anything back.
- 23 The only time I ever got anything back was when
- 24 we actually did it incorrectly. There were some dates
- 25 issues. And then I got a response within an hour

- 1 saying, uh-hum, you did this wrong. And so then we
- 2 fixed it and sent it in, and then got nothing.
- 3 (Laughter)
- 4 MS. NEFF: But that's okay, we're now ready
- 5 to -- we're now able to comply.
- So, we have never received a response to an AB
- 7 1103 disclosure from the other party in our transaction.
- 8 The buyers of the buildings and the lessee has never
- 9 asked a single question about this data.
- 10 And I think that's because of the issues that
- 11 have been brought up previously where, you know, if the
- 12 goal was to make this actionable information for a
- 13 transaction, the fact that you can't provide it more
- 14 than 30 days in advance and, in fact, usually provide it
- 15 about 24 hours in advance doesn't really make a ton of
- 16 sense.
- I mean those who are doing due diligence and
- 18 care about energy usage have asked about the energy
- 19 usage of their buildings months in advance and those who
- 20 don't care are not going to do much about it.
- 21 So, maybe the idea is that later on then they,
- 22 you know, have some -- have at least the foundation to
- 23 make decisions on the energy usage of their buildings.
- 24 But as far as influencing the transaction, the timing is
- 25 such that that won't happen.

- 1 So, the major barrier, and this has come up a
- 2 lot, is just getting this utility data. Everything else
- 3 is solvable.
- But, you know, these work-arounds more or less
- 5 make the compliance somewhat meaningless.
- 6 But, you know, really it's just this utility
- 7 data issue. And we are solving this at Kilroy, again,
- 8 because we're very proactive Class A, highly sustainable
- 9 office owners, you know, we -- we were part of the
- 10 inaugural class of real estate owners to join the Green
- 11 Lease Leaders program this year. We were part of the
- 12 first 14.
- And so, we now have language incorporated into
- 14 our leases that require tenants to give us this data.
- 15 This is the one thing that I get pushback on.
- 16 Of all the things we require in our leases, I would say
- 17 this is what the lawyers come back and say the
- 18 tenants -- or at least the tenant brokers really
- 19 dislike.
- 20 And I'm not quite sure, to be honest, where
- 21 that's coming from. And I think maybe with more comfort
- 22 with the law we'll see less of that, but that is
- 23 something that I do get quite a bit pushback when we
- 24 have -- when we do our leasing.
- 25 And so just, you know, the -- and then the

- 1 square peg/round hole issues are just that the data
- 2 verification checklist, it just wasn't designed with AB
- 3 1103 in mind.
- 4 And I know some people, during the meeting, have
- 5 offered their forms that they have created. I really
- 6 would really endorse that idea.
- 7 The other problem with the data verification
- 8 checklist that hasn't been brought up, yet, is that it
- 9 contains additional information that's irrelevant to AB
- 10 1103, but that can cause transaction issues.
- 11 You know, meter start dates and end dates can
- 12 get touchy in sort of a contentious transaction of,
- 13 okay, why am I paying for this meter when it started on
- 14 this date and you actually said it started on this date?
- 15 And that's unfortunate because, you know, that
- 16 information isn't relevant to AB 1103 but because of AB
- 17 1103 that information, then, becomes part of the legal
- 18 transaction that is taking place.
- 19 So there are just -- the data verification
- 20 checklist is an issue. And so, we highly recommend
- 21 aligning.
- 22 And then the other issues is sometimes, as we've
- 23 also mentioned, AB 1103 wants information differently
- 24 than how Energy Star collects it.
- 25 Again, I have it quite easy. But say we have,

- 1 you know, buildings joined by a central plant that
- 2 aren't sub-metered and that becomes very difficult.
- 3 And so, you know, overall our experience has
- 4 been -- you know, we've figured it out. It has taken
- 5 some training.
- I teach AB 1103 compliance workshops here in Los
- 7 Angeles for the Building Owners and Managers
- 8 Association. So, I have the easiest, I think, time of
- 9 it. And there are still some issues but we think
- 10 they're solvable.
- And we think it's really important, you know, we
- 12 who sort of are on the forefront of sustainability
- 13 really want other owners to have to pay attention as
- 14 much as we have. We've put a lot of time, and
- 15 resources, and energy into understanding the consumption
- 16 of our buildings. And we feel that, you know, if other
- 17 owners had to do the same, our buildings would seem even
- 18 more competitive.
- 19 So, we were in favor of this but -- and some of
- 20 the implementation issues are really solvable.
- I mean, right now what I'm saying, to echo
- 22 what's been said earlier, is that because this law isn't
- 23 being enforced those who can comply, like me, are. And
- 24 those who have difficulty complying more or less are
- 25 not.

- 1 And I think that's going to be an ongoing trend
- 2 until some compliance -- until some enforcement happens.
- 3 So, we -- I'm going to echo Matt's statements
- 4 that, you know, it just depends on your asset type.
- 5 But yes, for office, the barriers are
- 6 surmountable with the exception of utility data. I
- 7 don't know really what we would have done if my property
- 8 managers hadn't been able to convince the tenants to
- 9 hand the data over.
- 10 And I can also just -- I want to take a brief
- 11 second to talk about what it's like to comply in Seattle
- 12 and San Francisco.
- Both places make it very easy. In Seattle there
- 14 isn't a form at all, you just share your data in
- 15 Portfolio Manager with the City, and then you basically
- 16 check in with them yearly to say, hey, are we still in
- 17 compliance?
- 18 And that works quite well because it's -- what
- 19 Energy Star Portfolio Manager does well is, you know --
- 20 I mean the sharing portion is difficult, but once that's
- 21 set up then the data does go back and forth.
- 22 In San Francisco there's a form. That also
- 23 works well. I would say that in San Francisco we've had
- 24 some problems with the link that allows that form to
- 25 show up being not provided correctly, and then the link

- 1 doesn't show up. And then it's hard to realize that it
- 2 hasn't show up, so it just looks like the form isn't
- 3 available and then the deadline has passed.
- 4 That's a little bit confusing but just believe
- 5 me that to comply you have to click on a link and then a
- 6 form shows up and it's straight forward.
- 7 But if you don't have the link or the link is
- 8 outdated then the form doesn't show up at all.
- 9 But those two are fairly straight forward and I
- 10 think both those systems work really well. And we'd
- 11 love to see something like that happen with AB 1103 so
- 12 it's still within Energy Star, but not this other form
- 13 that causes some problems.
- 14 And I'm happy to answer any other questions
- 15 about our compliance, either with AB 1103 or the cities,
- 16 or energy usage in our buildings.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, thank you very
- 18 much, Sara.
- 19 So, just to clarify, so Seattle it sounds like
- 20 you set up through the web tool and get ongoing
- 21 reporting --
- MS. NEFF: Yes.
- 23 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: -- between the
- 24 building and the city and then you're sort of -- it's on
- 25 autopilot after that. Is that a correct statement?

- 1 MS. NEFF: That's correct.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, so that's
- 3 actually more along the lines of performance
- 4 benchmarking, you know, ongoing reporting versus kind of
- 5 a one time.
- 6 MS. NEFF: Yes, that's correct. You're only
- 7 checking in about it once a year.
- 8 So, for example, you know, if I complied in
- 9 April and then I didn't input any more data, I wouldn't
- 10 be out of compliance, you know, until the following
- 11 April. They're not checking to make sure that you're
- 12 uploading the data every month or every four months.
- But yes, in theory, they could access the data
- 14 if it is being inputted on my side, any time they needed
- 15 it.
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, interesting.
- 17 Okay, well, it sounds like there are a couple of
- 18 opportunities for us to circle with Energy Star but, you
- 19 know, depending on how things shake out on other issues.
- 20 But anyway, I wanted to offer anybody on the
- 21 dais here who wants to ask a question?
- I find it incredibly refreshing to have a real-
- 23 world practitioner tell us their blow-by-blow because
- 24 it's a little reality check and helps us figure out how
- 25 to provide better customer serve and design programs

- 1 that actually work out there in the world. So, I think,
- 2 yeah, that's kind of job one at this point.
- 3 So, anyway, thanks for being on the panel and
- 4 hope you can stay on and answer questions.
- 5 MS. NEFF: Thank you so much for having me.
- 6 MR. STEVENS: Really quickly, this is Brian
- 7 Stevens. I work for one of the State agencies, the
- 8 Public Utilities Commission.
- 9 MS. NEFF: Uh-hum.
- 10 MR. STEVENS: And I'm very compelled by your
- 11 anecdote here. I work for the President of that
- 12 Commission and I'm going to share your story. And if
- 13 it's okay, Sara, could I contact you next week and
- 14 follow up a little bit more?
- MS. NEFF: Sure, absolutely.
- MR. STEVENS: Great, thank you so much.
- 17 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Well, I just wanted to
- 18 say briefly, this is not a question but I share the
- 19 sentiment that it is really refreshing to hear real-
- 20 world experiences both from within California and from
- 21 outside of California.
- 22 So that we're as informed as we can be about how
- 23 to make this program work as well as it possibly can
- 24 and, therefore, what changes we need to be considering
- 25 in California's approach in order to make this as

- 1 effective as possible. So, we're hearing some good
- 2 ideas. We'll be no doubt hearing more throughout the
- 3 day and then, hopefully, subsequent to the workshop.
- 4 This is really helpful.
- 5 MS. NEFF: Yes. And I just want to say I can't
- 6 possibly emphasize enough the utility portion. That's,
- 7 to me, just a major sticking point.
- 8 And in speaking to my utilities, you know, I
- 9 have a very -- I like to think a very good relationship
- 10 with my utilities. I mean my SCE utility rep was here
- 11 this morning and, you know, we were having another face-
- 12 to-face meeting.
- But, you know, they're quite -- I mean we'll
- 14 hear from the utilities later. But they've been placed
- 15 into quite a bind in terms of, you know, wanting --
- 16 knowing that we, as landlords, need to comply with this
- 17 law and then also having, you know, I would say
- 18 legitimate concerns on their other legal side with the
- 19 liabilities.
- 20 And so, you know, right now the utilities, when
- 21 I -- I do quite a bit of speaking to utilities. And the
- 22 sentiment I get is, boy, those customers, they sure are
- 23 in a bind, but there's not a ton of -- there's not a ton
- 24 of, I would say, motivation to be the agent of change
- 25 because they're more or less bound not to be able to be

- 1 that agent of change.
- 2 And in a situation where, you know, the
- 3 customer, in this case me, doesn't have the legal right
- 4 to access particular data.
- 5 So, I just can't say enough that that really
- 6 needs to get addressed. And the rest of the technical,
- 7 you know, auto compliance, you know, square peg/round
- 8 hole things, I think those can get solved very quickly.
- 9 So, I have faith in my government that it will be.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, that's terrific
- 11 to hear. You know, we're here to serve, right.
- MS. NEFF: Yeah.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, I guess I do want
- 14 to -- you know, could you highlight the differences,
- 15 again, between Seattle and AB 1103, I guess in terms of
- 16 those sensitivities with respect to what the particular
- 17 position the utility represents that it is into you?
- 18 MS. NEFF: Well, I'm not a super great person to
- 19 speak to that because none of my buildings in Seattle or
- 20 San Francisco are triple-net which means that in all of
- 21 those buildings I, the landlord, have the data.
- I will say that I really love Barry Hooper's
- 23 team. And I will say that the City of San Francisco
- 24 is -- does a really good job of being cognizant and
- 25 understanding of issues with compliance in buildings,

- 1 and of being understanding.
- 2 For example, if you have a building under
- 3 construction obviously it can't comply with the
- 4 ordinance.
- If you have a building that, you know, they have
- 6 an auditing requirement, well, I got the building
- 7 audited two years ago. Oh, okay, then we know when to
- 8 push your timeline.
- 9 So, I would say that -- I mean it's not a big
- 10 team over there, but they really do get a lot done and
- 11 it's kudos to them.
- 12 So, yeah, my experience -- the utility portion
- 13 of my experience does not overlap with my -- it just
- 14 happens to be luck of the draw that I don't have triple-
- 15 net buildings in those areas. And in fact, my fee
- 16 structures are actually pretty straight forward.
- I will say that in Seattle I do deal with
- 18 having, you know, steam coming from one utility and
- 19 power coming from another utility, and having to
- 20 integrate those two.
- 21 And I haven't had to deal with it with AB 1103,
- 22 but I do live in fear of having -- if we sell a building
- 23 where it's SCE as the broader power with SoCal Gas,
- 24 because the Semper Utilities haven't figured -- haven't
- 25 gotten automated benchmarking back online, yet. So,

- 1 that makes -- it just slows things down. They will give
- 2 you your data if you ask for it, but there's not
- 3 currently a way for us to get it online.
- 4 Although, I'm heartened by these 25 buildings
- 5 that apparently do get their data automatically again
- 6 and I'm hoping it to be buildings like, you know,
- 7 whatever, 26 through 40 would be great.
- 8 (Laughter)
- 9 MS. NEFF: So, let me know. So, yeah, it
- 10 doesn't really affect me.
- I will say that in Seattle they do make a big
- 12 effort to do a lot of training and provide automated
- 13 benchmarking so that it's easy.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks very
- 15 much.
- 16 MR. JOHNSON: Hi, Sara, this is Daniel Johnson.
- 17 I was just going to tell you that we do have a
- 18 confirmation message for when people submit to AB 1103
- 19 report. It was briefly not functioning, though. And I
- 20 know you've complied six times, so maybe it was during
- 21 that period.
- 22 But if you want to test it, send an e-mail to it
- 23 and you should get something back.
- 24 MS. NEFF: Oh, I will try that, thank you.
- MR. JOHNSON: Okay. All right, so thank you so

- 1 much.
- 2 Next is going to be Fran Inman with Majestic
- 3 Realty.
- 4 MS. INMAN: Good afternoon and thank you for
- 5 letting me share our story, as well.
- 6 I, like Matthew, have been in the trenches on
- 7 this one since it was across the street and being
- 8 considered.
- 9 So, I think what's important for all of us today
- 10 is really compliance with the benefit, or compliance --
- 11 I said compliance with the cause, initially, and I think
- 12 compliance with the benefit is really, really important.
- 13 As Commissioner McAllister mentioned earlier, it
- 14 was really are we getting information that people can
- 15 make informed decisions on at the proper time? And I
- 16 think that's so very important for all of this.
- 17 So, a little bit of background on Majestic. Our
- 18 model is a little different. We're privately held
- 19 portfolio builders. We have 70 million square feet in
- 20 our portfolio today across the United States, but nearly
- 21 40 million of that is in California.
- 22 So that is comprised, today, of 258 buildings.
- 23 And we are different in that we have a full
- 24 integration of services that we all report to the same
- 25 chairman.

- 1 So, I think we have a little advantage in terms
- 2 of we do our in-house property management, we do our own
- 3 construction and design. So, we live with those
- 4 properties and then we own them for the long term. So,
- 5 we're certainly motivated.
- 6 Our company has been committed to energy
- 7 efficiency. A little different from Sara's model, we
- 8 don't have a sustainability officer. Our model is more
- 9 it's all of our responsibility, so it's a little bit
- 10 different approach.
- But I think they're both important.
- So, we have a wide range of asset types. So,
- 13 the comments that you've heard earlier on the Class A
- 14 office buildings, I would say that has generally been
- 15 our experience as well that, to date, when I checked
- 16 with our team in advance of this workshop, we've done
- 17 about 50. Our reporting has involved 50 different
- 18 buildings. So, that's kind of where we are in our
- 19 journey.
- 20 And not being in compliance wasn't an option for
- 21 us. So, we have been on this journey with you all. We
- 22 suffered through the hiccups of the Energy Star software
- 23 update. I think we actually did some of our work a
- 24 couple of times.
- 25 And then, also, because we do have different

- 1 asset classes we have very, very different leases and,
- 2 therefore, different relationships with our utility
- 3 partners.
- 4 So, clearly, on the Class A where we have the
- 5 information, where those operate on a full-service gross
- 6 lease, so we have very timely information.
- 7 On another aside, earlier this week I was
- 8 listening to NPR about the malware software that is able
- 9 to tap in and get real-time energy usage. And it was
- 10 just a little ironic to me that we all know there's some
- 11 bad buys out there, as we struggle to get good
- 12 information in a timely manner.
- 13 So, that's kind of the world that we live in.
- 14 So, on our industrial warehouse distribution is
- 15 really where the core of our holdings are and those
- 16 operate on a triple-net lease, so that has been the
- 17 challenge.
- 18 So, initially, when we started this we thought,
- 19 okay, we'll just put all of our buildings in. We don't
- 20 sell on a general basis, so we knew that our triggering
- 21 mechanisms were going to be move outs or if we were
- 22 refinancing.
- 23 And we do have loan expiration reports that we
- 24 get and we also get move out reports.
- 25 But we initially said we're just going out. We

- 1 went out with letters to our tenants and started that
- 2 journey.
- Well, it kind of fell on deaf ears for us, so
- 4 that didn't work. And so we had to go to plan B.
- 5 And so, we began working with our move out
- 6 reports and our loan expiration reports just to make
- 7 sure.
- 8 So today we're right at about 50 buildings that
- 9 we have completed or are in the process of being
- 10 completed as we speak.
- 11 So, the journey that we were on, and our
- 12 utilities, we have several but they'll remain anonymous
- 13 because I'd like to have the power on when we get back.
- But we've had the same kind of challenge.
- MR. STEVENS: I can assure you it will be on.
- (Laughter)
- MS. INMAN: I don't know, we just did Southern
- 18 California grid reliability meetings last week, so we're
- 19 hoping Mother Nature will be kind to us in Southern Cal.
- 20 But anyway, so we reached out to our tenants.
- 21 We don't have all the space data information,
- 22 necessarily. We've been in business since 1948, so some
- 23 of our buildings are a little older. Some are newer.
- 24 So, clearly, we operate from the landlord
- 25 perspective. And depending on, you know, when that

- 1 building was built and what information we have deemed
- 2 important to have in our software, at our fingertips
- 3 wasn't always in alignment.
- 4 So, we had to dig around a little bit to find
- 5 out the hours of operation that the tenant was using.
- 6 And it changes because, remember, most of our large
- 7 buildings will be warehouse distribution centers and the
- 8 hours of operation can change with diversions of cargo,
- 9 or seasonality, whatever.
- 10 So, we had to reach out to our tenants. And it
- 11 really was labor-intensive in terms of phone call, e-
- 12 mail or whatever it would take is basically what we did.
- 13 Like I say, we were advantaged because we do our
- 14 own property management and we're all in the same
- 15 building, so it was a little easier for us, perhaps, to
- 16 communicate than if someone had outsourced that service.
- 17 I can imagine that it's compounded.
- 18 But anyway, so we reached out to our tenants and
- 19 found the information we needed to build our records and
- 20 to the Energy Star.
- We heard this morning discussion about that and
- 22 I really would encourage us -- I think having one
- 23 platform, when you're in multiple markets, is really one
- 24 of the things we did get right.
- 25 And even though it hasn't been a hundred percent

- 1 perfect, I think that it is what we want to do. We
- 2 definitely don't want to have everybody inventing their
- 3 own different mechanism. So, Energy Star has worked.
- 4 We found the information and then reached out to
- 5 our utility partners and ran into the challenge of we're
- 6 not party to their agreement. It's the tenant, for the
- 7 most part, that has the utility agreement. So, we were
- 8 told that we had to get releases.
- 9 We found a wide range of responses from our
- 10 tenants. Some on-site managers had no problem, but
- 11 others it became a process and it took longer than we
- 12 would have hoped for in terms of that form to get up
- 13 through their corporate culture and back.
- 14 And then what happened with us, we did that only
- 15 to be told that wasn't the right form. So, we actually
- 16 did it twice. So, call us slow learners or whatever.
- 17 But at least for our 50 projects that are in
- 18 compliance today we have found a way. I don't think
- 19 that's necessarily been an efficient operation in terms
- 20 of resource utilization. I think if we put more of our
- 21 energy into really figuring out how we can reduce
- 22 consumption, it would be better than the journey.
- 23 But whenever you start something it's a little
- 24 more of a challenge. But I think we do -- I'm
- 25 interested to hear from our utility partners later today

- 1 where we can find that common ground.
- 2 So, when I hear about some automatically being
- 3 transferred in just with the landlord release of
- 4 compliance, I think that would be definitely a step in
- 5 the right direction.
- 6 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Can I ask --
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Fran, can I -- oh, go
- 8 ahead.
- 9 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Yeah, we both have
- 10 clarification here.
- MS. INMAN: Okay.
- 12 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: When you said that it
- 13 took maybe longer than you might have hoped or desired
- 14 for this form to make it through, you know, the approval
- 15 process, or the tenants, different layers of management,
- 16 can you give us a time range around that? You know, is
- 17 there an average? What was the longest? You know, what
- 18 was the range more or less?
- 19 MS. INMAN: You know, it was everything from
- 20 immediate signature to weeks. And then because we could
- 21 not lose a deal because we hadn't complied, we then
- 22 would put more pressure onto, you know, do we have to
- 23 have our attorney call, help them understand what the
- 24 law is, more background information on why we're asking.
- 25 That it wasn't a Majestic, something that we were trying

- 1 to do on our own, that we were trying to be in
- 2 compliance.
- 3 So, it varies. You know, we have tenants in
- 4 buildings anywhere from maybe 10,000 square feet, a
- 5 couple of old buildings, up to, you know, a million
- 6 three in one building. So, you get all range of
- 7 business types, and operations, and levels of
- 8 sophistication.
- 9 And I want to agree with Sara, I think it was
- 10 Sara's comment, that when the form, the release form
- 11 starts out "this is a legal document", it automatically
- 12 sends the other side to rally their team to make sure
- 13 that, you know, they are comfortable signing that.
- 14 So, we got them, but it just wasn't efficient.
- 15 MS. NEFF: Yeah, that was me. Yeah, I would say
- 16 it's the legal team that's the least likely to hand over
- 17 the tenant energy information. Usually, the asset
- 18 manager or the tenant, you know, office coordinator
- 19 doesn't mind and this is not considered particularly
- 20 sensitive information for most tenants.
- 21 But as soon as you, you know, necessarily get
- 22 the legal team involved that's when life becomes much,
- 23 much more difficult.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I had a question just
- 25 as to how you manage your properties. Is Portfolio

- 1 Manager something you already use to do benchmarking and
- 2 kind of analyze your properties to help you to know
- 3 where to make investments, or do you have other tools,
- 4 or what?
- 5 MS. INMAN: We use that for our Class A
- 6 buildings, where we are in the position to make the
- 7 energy consumption decision.
- 8 But I would say that, generally speaking, the
- 9 Energy Star, if the tenant is interested, and we do have
- 10 major -- you know, we have one of our tenants that's in
- 11 several different buildings, probably totaling 5 million
- 12 square feet. And we have worked with them to get their
- 13 building rated to the gold level on Energy Star.
- 14 But it was driven, primarily, by the tenant's
- 15 decision because as a landlord, at least in the
- 16 warehouse distribution facilities, those are concrete,
- 17 tilt-up buildings.
- 18 I mean what we actually have control over after
- 19 they're built is minimal. I mean we own it, but we're
- 20 not -- the tenant improvement decisions, usually those
- 21 are negotiated early on and then the tenant actually
- 22 specs.
- Now, we do on our side, typically our new
- 24 construction qualifies for Section 179(d), energy tax
- 25 credits as it relates to the lighting and the HVAC to

- 1 the extent that we are actually making that payment.
- 2 And that's where it gets into each lease is a little bit
- 3 different.
- 4 But with that information, when we're working
- 5 with our tenants we definitely make them aware.
- 6 And in that particular ruling, anything larger
- 7 than 160,000 square feet, it's been our experience, are
- 8 good candidates to quality for those tax credits.
- 9 So, you know, it really all depends, but it
- 10 needs to be a partnership with the tenant.
- 11 So, I think, you know, in really thinking about
- 12 how to make this better and more effective, I think we
- 13 heard earlier it's the timing of information, getting to
- 14 the right decision maker at the right time.
- 15 And while we have complied, we have not been
- 16 asked by a lender to show this form. But with that
- 17 said, there are so many forms that all of us sign when
- 18 we do any transaction today, you know, I'm not sure how
- 19 valuable that really is.
- 20 Because we've heard earlier that so much of
- 21 those negotiations are done in advance of the actual
- 22 time that we go through the signature blocks and do all
- 23 of that.
- 24 I think that getting the information to the
- 25 tenants about their operations, we did have one tenant

- 1 that's in one of our campuses, that is on a modified
- 2 lease, and they came to us because they were way over
- 3 the BOMA standards in terms of a building of that type
- 4 and what it should be.
- 5 So, we offered to come help them, if they were
- 6 interested in doing an energy audit. And what we found,
- 7 the primary driver had to do with their collective
- 8 bargaining agreement.
- 9 And we had an office with 500 employees that had
- 10 86 refrigerators, and a fan at every desk, and a cup
- 11 holder at every desk, and I forget how many microwaves,
- 12 but it was a comfort clause.
- So, I think we have to look where we have
- 14 misaligned objectives, sometimes, and really have the
- 15 good discussions at the right time to be able to change
- 16 our behavior.
- 17 But that building still has that agreement and
- 18 that's, you know, how it has to operate at least for
- 19 now.
- 20 So, I think in terms of the big message here for
- 21 us is not all asset types. We need to really be
- 22 sensitive to the fact that it cannot be a one-size-fits-
- 23 all. And the more we do that, the less beneficial our
- 24 activities are and that takes away from the real
- 25 objection, in my opinion, which is reducing our energy

- 1 consumption.
- 2 And then I was also thinking about, because I
- 3 spend a lot of time on transportation issues in my other
- 4 job, as we push to alternative fuel vehicles we will
- 5 inherently have some of our energy utility, electricity
- 6 use go up at some of our buildings as we try to plug in
- 7 some vehicles there.
- 8 So, I think we'll have to have a way to
- 9 accommodate for that and certainly not penalize anyone
- 10 who is doing that. But we will have some increased
- 11 energy usage.
- 12 So, I think the thing for business, for all of
- 13 us, is really just that economic balance and making sure
- 14 that the efforts we're putting forth actually give us
- 15 the intended outcome or the ability to have the intended
- 16 outcome.
- 17 And, certainly, having benchmarking we all
- 18 understand that, you know, that's kind of how we measure
- 19 success. But we've got to make sure that our timing is
- 20 right and to the right folks who can make the changes.
- 21 Thank you.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks very much,
- 23 appreciate you being here.
- MR. JOHNSON: Thank you, Fran.
- We're going to move on to our next panel.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Do you have any
- 2 questions or --
- 3 MR. JOHNSON: Any questions? No. Questions?
- 4 Comments?
- 5 MR. HARGROVE: Commissioner Douglas, you said
- 6 you like to see real comments. We surveyed our members
- 7 and have compiled six pages worth of raw comments. And
- 8 they are raw, some of them.
- 9 We debated whether or not to submit them but I
- 10 mean, I think after this conversation, especially your
- 11 comments that you'd like to see some direct from some
- 12 folks, we will submit these for the record. And I think
- 13 you'll find them interesting to read, especially from
- 14 some of the smaller companies that are kind of learning
- 15 about this as they're trying to refinance their
- 16 building.
- 17 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Thanks. I would look
- 18 forward to seeing that.
- 19 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Before the panelists leave, we
- 20 have potential comments and questions from the audience.
- 21 MS. CLINTON: Yes, so I'm Jeanne Clinton. I'm
- 22 at the Public Utilities Commission as an energy
- 23 efficiency advisor and also advise the Governor's
- 24 Office.
- 25 I'm struck by hearing from all four panelists

- 1 that perhaps there's room for improvement in constraints
- 2 between the way the statute was enacted and sort of the
- 3 realities of the real estate marketplace and how it
- 4 works, and just timing of decisions and that sort of
- 5 thing.
- 6 And I'm just curious, I'm not asking on behalf
- 7 of the Energy Commission or the PUC, I'm just asking in
- 8 my curiosity mode.
- 9 Would you -- what would you advise the Energy
- 10 Commission to do in terms of how much effort to put into
- 11 improving and streamlining 1103 as the statute exists
- 12 today, and/or how much effort to put into modifying the
- 13 statute based on maybe some of the experiences that
- 14 cities around the U.S. have had?
- 15 MR. HARGROVE: I think you have to deal with
- 16 1103 because it's on the books. But I think, not to be
- 17 flippant, what could easily be done is 1103 basically be
- 18 repealed and all this be done under the authority of
- 19 758.
- It seems that under AB 758, which is the
- 21 existing Building Energy Efficiency Program, I know
- 22 that's not the full title. But this type of program
- 23 fits exactly within that. It was contemplated. 758 was
- 24 built off of 1103 functioning properly.
- 25 And we've posited that 758's never going to work

- 1 well if 1103 isn't working well because of some of the
- 2 issues that we've talked about today.
- 3 But also just because folks are wondering, if
- 4 the State can't implement the benchmarking program, how
- 5 is it going to get into some of the more sophisticated
- 6 programs?
- 7 So, I mean I think just as a legislative person
- 8 that is kind of the easy way to do this. Though I know
- 9 that actually repealing a law would make people's heads
- 10 spin, but I think that the CEC has the authority under
- 11 your existing energy efficiency authority, and under
- 12 what was given to you under 758 to do what San Francisco
- 13 is doing, statewide easily.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, great question
- 15 and terrific answer.
- So, as the lead on energy efficiency and AB 758,
- 17 you know, I think your point is extremely well taken. I
- 18 mean 758, I think people think it probably endows us
- 19 with direct kind of mandate to do things than it
- 20 actually does. It's pretty broad.
- 21 And, of course, the resource issue is always
- 22 there.
- But, you know, I think what you stated I think
- 24 is exactly where most of us are which is that, you know,
- 25 this is a small step in the direction of disclosure.

- 1 We've got to get it to work before we can expand it.
- Now, if there's one version of that is that we
- 3 learn from this and we figure out what to do going
- 4 forward. And then whatever that entails, that's what we
- 5 try to do.
- 6 And so, I don't think it's necessarily a linear
- 7 through 1103, got to work perfectly, and then figure out
- 8 what comes next.
- 9 But as you say, you know, this is on the books
- 10 so I think we have to take it seriously and implement
- 11 it. And take advantage of the learning to have a
- 12 discussion among the parties and the Legislature, if we
- 13 think there is a legislative role there, you know,
- 14 through the Natural Resources Agency, and all of the
- 15 parties to such a discussion.
- So, I appreciate your injecting that perspective
- 17 a little bit long term.
- 18 MS. INMAN: I would just --
- 19 MS. NEFF: This is -- oh, sorry, go on.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, go ahead, Fran,
- 21 and then --
- 22 MS. INMAN: Oh, I just wanted to add that I
- 23 think not all stakeholders are equal in terms of helping
- 24 us move the needle.
- 25 And I certainly think we need some tiering and

- 1 if I were in charge of energy, which I am definitely
- 2 not --
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Neither am I.
- 4 MS. INMAN: I think we have lots of folks in
- 5 charge, yeah.
- I think that, you know, looking at some of the
- 7 top tier, and I would work my way through. So, to have
- 8 the same reporting requirements for, you know, a tenant
- 9 that has a million three versus 9,000 square feet, to
- 10 me, I'm wasting some energy there, and no pun intended,
- 11 in terms of being able to move the needle.
- 12 So, some of our businesses require more and
- 13 we've been, you know, at the table all along with this
- 14 saying, you know, we've got identical buildings that,
- 15 from a landlord perspective our buildings are identical.
- 16 However, one tenant's a manufacturer and one is
- 17 dry storage, they're going to have different energy
- 18 uses.
- 19 So, in terms of really being able to make
- 20 improvements, anything I can help that manufacturer be
- 21 more efficient I think is a better investment for all of
- 22 us that just, you know, the dry storage.
- 23 But we've got conflicting objectives sometimes
- 24 where, you know, with our ports we try to extend the
- 25 hours so we can use those big assets more efficiently.

- 1 Well, that means some of our warehouses are open longer
- 2 hours and, therefore, turn on more lights. And, you
- 3 know, it's a different operation if I'm running two
- 4 shifts than if I'm running one shift, so I think
- 5 holistic.
- 6 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Disclosure. I mean,
- 7 that's a great point but disclosure -- you know, a good
- 8 benchmarking tool doesn't -- you know, if it knows that
- 9 you've got two shifts instead of one, or something, it's
- 10 going to put it in context and, hopefully, you know the
- 11 analytical tools that are available and that you use are
- 12 going to speak to that.
- MS. INMAN: Well, but it depends on how long you
- 14 have two shifts. And, you know, was your information
- 15 really reflective of what you're doing at that moment in
- 16 time? I don't know. You know, but it gets back to some
- 17 of the timing issues, too.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah.
- 19 MS. INMAN: But I think it's -- my biggest wish
- 20 would be that we look in some kind of a tiering manner
- 21 so that we can have the biggest impact.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks very
- 23 much.
- So, Jennifer, you had something to say?
- 25 MS. SVEC: I just wanted to kind of note what

- 1 realtors are good at is we're good at disclosure. The
- 2 problem is we have to have the right information to
- 3 disclose to prospective buyers, lessees, or if we're
- 4 doing a refinance to the banks.
- 5 I think it's vitally important that while we're
- 6 not trying to look at the comprehensive program, I think
- 7 what Matt's point is, is incorporating it into AB 758 to
- 8 create that comprehensive look at the program so that we
- 9 have that information available at whatever point the
- 10 transaction starts.
- Obviously, in commercial properties it actually
- 12 starts before the execution of the contract, whereas in
- 13 residential properties they start doing those
- 14 disclosures after the execution of the original
- 15 contract.
- 16 And so we're looking at a variety of
- 17 opportunities here. I think we also have the problem
- 18 that we see in multi-family with the split incentives.
- 19 And we're having a hard time finding a way to reconcile
- 20 that both in multi-family as well as in the commercial
- 21 properties in finding a way to get the owners and the
- 22 tenants to be able to sit on the same page.
- 23 And so some it's an educational component, which
- 24 I'm happy to see the Energy Commission is starting to
- 25 make much headway on. And I'm seeing commercials and

- 1 radio ads on a fairly regular basis about Energy Upgrade
- 2 California.
- 3 I think pushing more of the education both for
- 4 our tenants, both on the commercial side and the multi-
- 5 family side, will be vitally important to our making
- 6 success in disclosures across the board whether it's at
- 7 time of sale, or if it's at some other point in a
- 8 building's lifecycle.
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thanks.
- 10 MS. NEFF: And this is Sara. I just wanted to
- 11 say, A that I did send the test e-mail to the AB 1103 e-
- 12 mail address and I did get a response. So, clearly,
- 13 things are getting fixed.
- MR. JOHNSON: All right.
- 15 MS. NEFF: And which gives me hope that some of
- 16 the other technical glitches, and especially this square
- 17 peg/round hole data verification checklist thing could
- 18 also get solved.
- 19 So, I realize we may have sort of larger endemic
- 20 issues. And if it's, you know, do we adopt a tier
- 21 approach? Do we wait for 758? I'm on the 758 panel
- 22 committee and I'm concerned that that law is so broad
- 23 that we wouldn't -- I'm not sure that this would get
- 24 solved under 758, either.
- 25 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I appreciate that

- 1 manifestation of faith in our process. No, I'm kidding.
- 2 MS. NEFF: Listen, I'm in the process. I'm on
- 3 the calls. And it's great and it's wonderful, but it's
- 4 not going to -- I think we need the data now. So, I'm
- 5 not sure that waiting for 758 to sort of coalesce is --
- 6 or mature is maybe the right -- or at least 758 would
- 7 have to come together I think a lot faster than I think
- 8 it's ready to.
- 9 But I think within like by the end of this week
- 10 we could solve, you know, the issue with the form and,
- 11 you know, that kind of thing.
- 12 So, I think that in the short term there are
- 13 problems that are solvable. And then, you know, whether
- 14 or not we then go back legislation I think is something
- 15 to deal with.
- 16 Also, on the enforcement side, I think a clear,
- 17 easy fix is enforcing it for the one percent that's the
- 18 20 percent, and then figuring out the rest of it later.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Do we have any other public
- 21 questions, comments for this panel?
- 22 Go ahead and state your name, yeah.
- MR. SCHMALZEL: My name is Bill Schmalzel with
- 24 Cooper Rhodes. I've heard a couple comments about how
- 25 hard it is to get the --

- 1 MR. ASHUCKIAN: The microphone, there's a
- 2 button.
- 3 MR. SCHMALZEL: My name is Bill Schmalzel, with
- 4 Cooper Rhodes.
- 5 I've heard a couple of comments on how hard it
- 6 is to get the triple-net tenants' utility information.
- 7 Being in the benchmarking for about three, four years,
- 8 it was my understanding that you can get an aggregate
- 9 number from the utility companies through the house
- 10 meter account number. Has that changed?
- 11 And maybe when the utilities come up they could
- 12 speak to that. But I didn't know there was still a gap
- 13 between -- I thought you could bypass the tenants and go
- 14 directly to the --
- 15 MS. NEFF: No, that's only if you have a certain
- 16 amount of tenants. So, I believe -- and I think every
- 17 utility interprets it differently, but it's like 15/15
- 18 or 15/40. Like you have to have 15 or more tenants and
- 19 no one tenant can have more than 40 percent of the space
- 20 and then you can have the aggregate. But I certainly
- 21 don't have any buildings like that.
- 22 MR. HARGROVE: And this is the part of my
- 23 comment earlier, it's being unequally applied throughout
- 24 the State. With some utilities it's no problem, they'll
- 25 give you all the information you need for the building.

- 1 With other utilities it's much more difficult
- 2 based on privacy issues.
- 3 And so, that's one of the issues we're having is
- 4 unequal application of what we understand the law and
- 5 the regulations to be.
- 6 MS. NEFF: And that's correct. I am
- 7 experiencing that gap currently and I would be happy to,
- 8 you know, provide what that correspondence with the
- 9 utility looks like when you're trying to get data for
- 10 which you don't have the right permissions for it.
- 11 MR. ASHUCKIAN: That might be a great segue to
- 12 our next panel, which are the utilities.
- So, Panelist Cheri Davis from the Sacramento
- 14 Municipal Utility District, Manual Alvarez from SoCal
- 15 Edison, Laura Mogilner from PG&E, Janisse Martinez from
- 16 San Diego Gas & Electric, and David Jacot from LADWP.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I want to welcome our
- 18 panelists and say thanks to our previous panel. Really
- 19 appreciate everybody taking the time to be here today
- 20 and for your ongoing and long-term participation in this
- 21 discussion.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Well, we've heard a lot today
- 23 about some of the challenges with the utilities
- 24 providing data and the unequal treatment of the
- 25 regulation by different utilities.

- 1 A question that I'm also going to want to hear
- 2 from the utilities is kind of furthering the comment
- 3 that was made about the potential for a date certain,
- 4 across-the-board benching requirement. If we were to
- 5 adopt something of that nature, would that create a
- 6 significant challenge for utilities in that, you know,
- 7 right now there's a very small number of transactions
- 8 that are occurring compared to the total number of
- 9 buildings in the State.
- 10 And if we were to say, again by date certain,
- 11 either by a certain size or by time, if all buildings
- 12 had to be benchmarked would that create significant
- 13 opposition by the utilities saying, you know, they
- 14 cannot provide that level of data.
- 15 So, that's a question that I think it would be
- 16 interesting to hear from you guys on.
- 17 So with that, Cheri, would you like to start
- 18 off?
- 19 MS. DAVIS: Sure. So, my name is Cheri Davis
- 20 and I'm a Principal Demand Side Specialist at SMUD, and
- 21 the definition of that means I plan energy efficiency
- 22 programs.
- So, I'll start with the first question, what has
- 24 been our experience complying with AB 1103.
- 25 So, first I'll address it from an IT

- 1 perspective. And I'd like state that SMUD really was on
- 2 the bleeding edge because we had a lot of State -- we
- 3 have a lot of State buildings in our territory and they
- 4 needed to be benchmarked, so we really had to get a
- 5 system in place.
- 6 We were actually the first California utility to
- 7 implement true automated benchmarking.
- 8 Then as we all know, Portfolio Manager went
- 9 through an upgrade and IT spent a lot of time
- 10 integrating our SAP system with Portfolio Manager,
- 11 again, in fact redesigning SMUD's system in response to
- 12 the recent upgrade is estimated to have taken over 2,000
- 13 hours of IT staff time.
- 14 And that was just for the upgrade, so imagine
- 15 how many hours were spent on the initial coding way back
- 16 when.
- 17 Another aspect of our experience is customers
- 18 require a lot of hand holding. Most of our customers
- 19 don't understand the regulations. They don't understand
- 20 Portfolio Manager.
- We recently established a program manager
- 22 position to manage customer inquiries, web page content,
- 23 and our contract for Portfolio Manager training. And
- 24 that's helped out quite a bit because our key accounts
- 25 representatives were being bombarded with questions that

- 1 they couldn't answer.
- 2 The EPA site upgrade posed considerable
- 3 challenges for utility compliance with AB 1103. During
- 4 the upgrade, utilities were not allowed to access the
- 5 user interface for testing.
- 6 This created a number of problems. The first of
- 7 which is it prevented the utility from testing the
- 8 customer experience before it actually went live. So,
- 9 we didn't know what the customers were going to see.
- 10 And then because we couldn't -- we didn't have
- 11 the user interface, testing the data transfer system was
- 12 very complicated and required a great deal of time.
- 13 I'm going to take the next three questions out
- 14 of order because it just makes more sense to me.
- 15 So, the next question, do you treat utility data
- 16 requests for energy performance benchmarking differently
- 17 than utility data requests for AB 1103 compliance?
- 18 Yes, we do treat it differently. The user has a
- 19 choice of signing up for either continuous monthly data
- 20 or a one-time data transfer for purposes of complying
- 21 with AB 1103, which provides a snapshot of their energy
- 22 usage.
- 23 A user requesting continuous monthly data must
- 24 provide an account number and a location number for each
- 25 meter in the building, which is pretty standard.

- 1 A user requesting single-use data need only
- 2 provide one meter number for the entire building.
- 3 SMUD compiles the data from all meters at that
- 4 specific address and sends the aggregated energy usage
- 5 to Portfolio Manager.
- If the building is on a corner and they have two
- 7 addresses, then they have to provide a meter
- 8 corresponding to each address.
- 9 So, we are an example of a utility that is not
- 10 making a distinction between one tenant, two tenants, 20
- 11 tenants. They provide one meter number and we are
- 12 providing the data to EPA.
- 13 And under California Government Code section
- 14 6254.16, the utility is -- I don't know if it's
- 15 obligated or allowed to provide energy usage data to
- 16 another government agency when it's necessary. So, that
- 17 is our interpretation that we are following.
- 18 So that really answers the next question, in
- 19 what circumstances, if any, are you requiring tenant
- 20 consent?
- 21 We're really not requiring tenant consent. If
- 22 they're doing the one-time data for purposes of
- 23 disclosure, it's aggregated at the property address and
- 24 no tenant consent whatsoever is required.
- 25 If the user is requesting continuous data,

- 1 again, they have to provide the account number and the
- 2 location number for each meter in the building. And the
- 3 only way to obtain that information is to get a copy of
- 4 your SMUD bill. So this, in a sense, is tenant consent.
- 5 Next, I'll answer the question about the number
- 6 of data requests that we've received. So, in our
- 7 territory, in 2014, we had 50 new Portfolio Manager
- 8 account connects, so that's new Portfolio Manager
- 9 accounts. And, of course, one Portfolio Manager account
- 10 could be many buildings.
- 11 We had 340 properties shared with us, so that's
- 12 new meters that requested SMUD data at least once this
- 13 year.
- 14 232 of these meters have been set up to receive
- 15 continuous monthly updates. And 24 -- we received 24
- one-time aggregated data requests, so that's 24
- 17 buildings that requested data for purposes solely of
- 18 disclosure.
- 19 Do you have any questions about that before I
- 20 move on?
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I don't think so.
- MS. DAVIS: Okay.
- COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, I guess -- so
- 24 were there three categories or just two? There was the
- 25 one-time aggregated and then there was the continuous,

- 1 right?
- MS. DAVIS: Yes. So, we had 232 meters that
- 3 were set up this year to receive the continuous monthly
- 4 updates.
- 5 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Right, okay.
- 6 MS. DAVIS: And then 24 buildings or properties
- 7 that requested data, one-time data specifically for
- 8 disclosure.
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Oh, and I think we've
- 10 received significantly less than that in terms of what
- 11 the Energy Commission has gotten, so there's a gap there
- 12 that we need to look into, as well.
- But that, I guess, isn't necessarily anything
- 14 you would know about because --
- MS. DAVIS: Correct.
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: -- that's a different
- 17 chain. So great, thanks.
- MS. DAVIS: Okay, the next question I'll answer
- 19 is what steps have we taken to enable AB 1103
- 20 compliance?
- We do not conduct customer outreach per se, but
- 22 as of 2014 we are providing customer support. We
- 23 support our customers in several ways.
- 24 The first is we have a web page with basic
- 25 information and FAQs. We offer on-site benchmarking

- 1 training through SMUD's Energy Technology Center.
- 2 We have a contract with a third party to provide
- 3 on-demand webinars and call-in support to customers.
- 4 We have one SMUD staffer, working approximately
- 5 half-time, dedicated to responding to customer inquiries
- 6 and keeping the website current.
- 7 And then, IT continues to provide support for
- 8 the system, anywhere from 20 to 40 hours per month.
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, can I just ask,
- 10 so I understood you're doing all this aggregation behind
- 11 the scenes, and uploading, and providing the whole
- 12 building data; is that correct?
- So, you've put in the IT resources to have a
- 14 system that does the aggregation such that the property
- 15 owner does not have to deal with that.
- MS. DAVIS: Yes.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: That's correct.
- 18 Okay, just wanted to clarify. Way to go.
- 19 MS. DAVIS: And then, finally, what are our
- 20 recommendations for improving the system?
- 21 And we interpret this question to mean how can
- 22 the process be made easier for SMUD and/or customers?
- We think the customer outreach should happen at
- 24 the State level. And one idea would be to have a one-
- 25 stop-shop for customer education, such as a statewide

- 1 utility portal for online training. That could be
- 2 fairly helpful.
- 3 Because getting the word out and, really, it's a
- 4 lot of one -- you know, single phone calls and we're
- 5 having to walk the customer through the process and that
- 6 takes a great deal of time.
- 7 And then, if there's some way to provide some
- 8 uniform customer experience, which we heard other people
- 9 requesting earlier.
- 10 One property manage may need to obtain data from
- 11 multiple utilities. In fact, we had one property
- 12 management company that said they had to work with 16
- 13 utilities, some with automated processes, some that were
- 14 manual. And, you know, I feel for them.
- 15 And in response to the question about if you
- 16 were to put forward a date certain by which all
- 17 buildings need to be benchmarked, I -- because our
- 18 systems are already in place, I don't think it will be
- 19 impossible.
- 20 But I think, you know, certainly our costs would
- 21 go up, our staff time would go up, but we probably are
- 22 in a position to be able to manage that better than a
- 23 lot of other utilities.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Thank you, Cheri.
- 25 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thank you.

- 1 MR. ASHUCKIAN: David, would you like to go
- 2 next?
- 3 MR. JACOT: Well, I kind of messed up the order
- 4 by sitting where I sat. We actually had a --
- 5 (Laughter)
- 6 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I think the agenda
- 7 order is probably what we ought to just go by.
- 8 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, so then let's have Steve
- 9 from SoCal Edison.
- 10 MR. GALANTER: Sure. I'm not Manny Alvarez.
- 11 I'm Steve Galanter. And I'm the Principal Manager in
- 12 charge of DSM Engineering for Southern California
- 13 Edison.
- 14 And part of my responsibilities, or at least
- 15 under me, Matt Evans is responsible for the
- 16 infrastructure associated with support of AB 1103
- 17 implementation.
- 18 And I will do as my predecessor and I will go
- 19 through the questions.
- The answer to the first question, what is our
- 21 general experience, well, we have -- we're all in. We
- 22 built an automated information system to do the
- 23 automated benchmarking as of 2011.
- 24 And we made updates in 2013 with the change of
- 25 Portfolio Manager.

- 1 And which I think I'll go to the second
- 2 question, how many data requests have we had since we've
- 3 had this in place?
- 4 From inception we've had 395 customers who have
- 5 actually benchmarked through our system. That's 4,000
- 6 service accounts and represents 160 million square feet
- 7 of commercial structures.
- 8 Since 2014 we've had -- because I think that was
- 9 one of the questions. Since 2014 we've had 82 accounts,
- 10 so a little bit of a slow down there. And there was
- 11 pent up demand because -- well, anyhow, a little bit of
- 12 a slowdown. That represented 9,600,000 square feet.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, do you know
- 14 whether these are sort of automated, monthly type
- 15 benchmarking setting up through Web Services, or one-
- 16 offs, or what?
- 17 MR. GALANTER: Early on they were one-offs. The
- 18 majority of them were through the automated system.
- 19 So, question three, do you treat utility data
- 20 requests any differently, AB 1103 differently than any
- 21 other requests?
- The answer, quite frankly, is no. We require a
- 23 scissors, what we call a release, and we do aggregation,
- 24 but we use the 15/15 rule.
- What steps have we taken to enable AB 1103

- 1 compliance or to help enable Ab 1103 compliance?
- We do a lot of training. We've had -- offered
- 3 four hours of training at our Energy Education Center in
- 4 Irwindale and in Visalia.
- 5 We do workshops for particular or specific
- 6 customer groups, which is much the same information.
- 7 The training covers AB 1103 basics, the benefits
- 8 of benchmarking and, essentially, how to use Energy Star
- 9 Portfolio Manager.
- In what circumstances are you requiring tenant
- 11 consent? I think I mentioned that before, if it's
- 12 anything less than 15/15.
- And then, lastly, any recommendations that we
- 14 might suggest?
- 15 I think in the long term we're very much
- 16 supportive of DOU's Energy Data Accelerator Initiative.
- 17 You know, that's looking at, essentially, trying to
- 18 crack the conundrum that we have in terms of the release
- 19 of data and the confidentiality, and potential ways,
- 20 maybe through statistics or whatever to mask that
- 21 information.
- I think in more of the intermediate term we
- 23 would hope to be able to utilize the anticipated results
- 24 from the Pacific Northwest National Laboratory's
- 25 statistical analysis study that they're doing. I think

- 1 that should be forthcoming.
- 2 Again, our desire is to work with others to see
- 3 if we can't get past this issue.
- 4 And, really, that's my comments.
- 5 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks. I guess, so
- 6 looking forward to having a discussion across the
- 7 various -- sort of once we hear how everybody's treating
- 8 data.
- 9 Do you want to go ahead and ask a question?
- 10 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, so really quick, so why do
- 11 you go with the 15/15 rule?
- MR. GALANTER: My attorney is sitting out there.
- 13 But it's mainly because of our -- the legal issue
- 14 associated with that. And the guidance we've used,
- 15 actually for quite some time across the board, as I
- 16 mentioned, for release of data.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Guidance from the
- 18 PUC, I assume or where is that guidance from? Is
- 19 that --
- 20 MR. GALANTER: I believe that was the PUC
- 21 guidance, yes.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: It would be good to
- 23 know sort of where that actually is written down but,
- 24 yeah.
- MR. STEVENS: It would be helpful to get a legal

- 1 memo on that. I'd be curious what the rationale is.
- 2 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: There are some volunteers
- 3 in the audience if -- go ahead.
- 4 MR. WARNER: For PG&E, if you want me to I
- 5 can --
- 6 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: If you could go to the
- 7 microphone?
- 8 MR. WARNER: We could also provide a kind of a
- 9 roadmap of the 15/15 rule, generally. But very
- 10 succinctly, the CPUC back in 1997, as part of industry
- 11 restructuring, had to develop an aggregation rule for
- 12 direct access and, ultimately, for community choice
- 13 aggregation.
- 14 And in a 1997 decision the Commission adopted a
- 15 15/15 rule.
- 16 Now, flash forward to what we just went through
- 17 at the CPUC over, I think, a two and a half year period
- 18 on energy data center rules, that's where we had
- 19 extensive technical advice and discussion among all the
- 20 stakeholders regarding what was the inadequate technical
- 21 aggregation standard, generally, for data access?
- 22 And the Commission, in its recent decision, came
- 23 up with a little bit of a sliding scale of aggregation.
- 24 But for purposes of this question, they came up
- 25 with kind of a reaffirmation of the 15/15 rule for

- 1 commercial data aggregation, as well as I think they
- 2 came up with 15/20 for local government.
- 3 At the same time, and I think as we heard
- 4 earlier today, the Commission made very clear that it
- 5 was not adopting that data aggregation standard as
- 6 necessarily applicable to the CEC's AB 1103 rule.
- 7 Nonetheless, it's the only technical adopted
- 8 data aggregation standard right now in the State that
- 9 applies to utilities.
- 10 So, I think it's fair to say that the record now
- 11 reflects, in the absence of any better standard, the
- 12 standard that the CPUC adopted.
- 13 And we can provide that in a little bit more
- 14 legal detail, if that would be helpful.
- MR. STEVENS: Yeah, thank you, I appreciate
- 16 that.
- So, given the direction taken in D140516, where
- 18 we did punt that to the Energy Commission, if the Energy
- 19 Commission developed a regulation around AB 1103 that
- 20 said monthly data release without tenant consent, would
- 21 you comply with that?
- MR. WARNER: Well, yes, of course if it's a
- 23 lawful decision of the Energy Commission and the Energy
- 24 Commission has discretion to examine the facts, and the
- 25 technical record and come up with its own

- 1 confidentiality standards in AB 1103.
- 2 So, of course, that's within their purview.
- 3 It's their statute, not the CPUC's.
- 4 However, to the extent that we, as utilities,
- 5 are under two different standards in which one agency
- 6 basically says, and this is what the CPUC said in its
- 7 decision, that we find that 15/15 is the adequate
- 8 standard for data aggregation to prevent re-
- 9 identification of customer records, and then the CEC
- 10 comes in with a different standard that says, let's just
- 11 say for the sake of argument, we think that aggregation
- 12 at a level of four is adequate to prevent re-
- 13 identification then --
- 14 MR. STEVENS: I don't even think re-
- 15 identification is an issue in this circumstance, though.
- 16 MR. WARNER: Well, it actually is. That's the
- 17 data aggregation issue.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: This is not a
- 19 public -- so, I guess, would you draw any distinction
- 20 between a public disclosure program and a between-the-
- 21 parties program or is that all the same to you?
- MR. WARNER: From the stand point of our
- 23 customers, disclosure to any third party is something
- 24 that affects the privacy and the confidentiality of
- 25 their data.

1 So, it doesn't matter whether it's a Pub	1	SO, It	aoesn't	matter	wnetner	lt'S	а	Publi
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- 2 Records Act issue or disclosure to their landlord, we
- 3 have customers that basically say we don't want our
- 4 data, our commercial data disclosed to our landlord.
- 5 MR. STEVENS: Do they have a legal basis for
- 6 that?
- 7 MR. WARNER: Sure, they have trade secret and
- 8 commercial proprietary interests.
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, let me actually
- 10 ask a -- let me ask a direct question about that. So,
- 11 if we were to go forward with this regulation and
- 12 actually establish in regulation some bar, low or high,
- 13 or whatever we determine, that what kinds of
- 14 justifications or what kinds of assertions of commercial
- 15 interest would be reasonable for a tenant to say?
- You know, really, truly IP or some bar that they
- 17 had to get over and they had to submit a response in
- 18 order to opt out, would that be something you'd support?
- 19 MR. WARNER: I don't know. I can't answer for
- 20 you, for PG&E, in terms of what we would support. But
- 21 rolling up our sleeves, we would be willing to look at
- 22 anything that balances the interests of our commercial
- 23 customers who do have certain confidentiality interests,
- 24 and commercial interests in terms of protecting the
- 25 privacy and confidentiality of their data, and something

- 1 reasonable that achieves the public benefits that I
- 2 think you want to try to achieve with this benchmarking.
- 3 So, for example, if you had an aggregation
- 4 standard that commercial tenants accept, based on the
- 5 technical and factual basis, whether it's four, or ten,
- 6 or two, that may be adequate.
- 7 To the extent you allow tenants to opt out where
- 8 they object to the disclosure of their data, as opposed
- 9 to opt in, that may be another possibility to look at.
- 10 To the extent that you have some sort of
- 11 firewall, or some approach that protects the data so
- 12 that it's not actually disclosed to the landlord, that
- 13 may be another approach.
- 14 Again, we should -- we really should be willing
- 15 to roll up our sleeves and look at where we can achieve
- 16 that balance.
- 17 I'm not sure that it needs legislation. I think
- 18 the Commission -- or the Energy Commission has a statute
- 19 that says preserve confidentiality, and I think you have
- 20 a certain amount of discretion to try to determine how
- 21 to preserve confidentiality with input from the public,
- 22 and from interested parties.
- Does that answer your question?
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yes. I mean, a lot
- 25 of the devil's in the details here, obviously. And, you

- 1 know, I think it's worth pointing out, though, that
- 2 individual customers just because they don't want --
- 3 just because they just don't want their data sort of,
- 4 you know, to be part of this process, you know, that's
- 5 not necessarily a basis for public policy.
- 6 So, we've got to think through it and drill down
- 7 and say, you know, let's define the terms that we're
- 8 using.
- 9 MR. WARNER: I do respectfully disagree that a
- 10 customer doesn't have an interest in protecting the
- 11 confidentiality of what they view as their data.
- 12 In fact, the whole Public Records Act has, as
- 13 one of its exceptions, the trade secret and proprietary
- 14 data exemption from disclosure. And the Energy
- 15 Commission has its own process for evaluating --
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Absolutely.
- 17 THE WARNER: -- the balance under the Public
- 18 Records Act.
- 19 Something similar may apply here. Certainly,
- 20 PG&E agrees that there has to be a balance between the
- 21 public benefits of a program like this and the interest
- 22 of our customers in terms of protecting their privacy
- 23 and their confidentiality.
- 24 But to the extent that a particular customer,
- 25 whether large or small, it's a commercial tenant, views

- 1 their energy data as sensitive and confidential that
- 2 does deserve consideration, and I think the law does
- 3 provide for that.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Certainly, it
- 5 deserves consideration and, you know, don't disagree.
- 6 Does Edison have any different view of this or I
- 7 quess as --
- 8 MR. GALANTER: No, I think largely we're in step
- 9 with that. I think, also, we're more than willing to
- 10 talk about that threshold, 15/15, should it be -- you
- 11 know, we heard this morning three, four.
- 12 And I think what we would be interested in is
- 13 what level of aggregation would be correct.
- 14 I think 15 -- you know, this is just personally,
- 15 I think 15 is kind of high. I don't know if three is
- 16 maybe too low.
- 17 But I do think that there are some people
- 18 studying this that are probably smarter than me on this.
- 19 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, no doubt
- 20 they're smarter than me, too.
- 21 But I guess the place that I would like to get
- 22 is to a place where most of the buildings -- you know,
- 23 we're lowering the bar for the folks, you know, whether
- 24 they're local jurisdictions, the utilities, yourselves,
- 25 or folks that want to comply where it's not -- they're

- 1 not investing, you know, like we heard from some of the
- 2 cities, they're not investing most of their program
- 3 resources, or running around getting tenant consent.
- I mean, that would be the optimal outcome here
- 5 where, you know, yes, when it's really important sure,
- 6 but let's reduce it so that it's a small number of the
- 7 overall tenants in buildings that are supposed to
- 8 comply. And that way, we've sort of reduced the
- 9 transaction cost across the board and only doing it
- 10 where it's truly necessary.
- 11 And I think, you know, in general that's going
- 12 to be where I would want to come down, but we need to
- 13 have the discussion in some detail and sort of in
- 14 earnest, I would say.
- 15 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, it's sad to me that we spent
- 16 all morning hearing about these jurisdictions that have
- 17 incredibly low thresholds, and very successful programs,
- 18 and then I hear, you know, barriers such as the 15/15
- 19 rule for monthly data.
- I mean it's just quite bizarre to me. It
- 21 doesn't make sense. And I certainly support the Energy
- 22 Commission in keeping a low threshold on this.
- MR. WARNER: May I respond briefly to that?
- 24 California has always been a leader on a lot of issues,
- 25 particularly energy efficiency and energy policy.

- 1 We also have been a leader in looking at privacy
- 2 issues. Our perspective on these other jurisdictions is
- 3 that they have not had the extent of the record
- 4 developed on technical issues related to data
- 5 aggregation and privacy that we've had in California, in
- 6 various laws and various proceedings.
- 7 So, from our perspective, what has been
- 8 developed and I think was referred to as the lawyers
- 9 getting in the room and flipping a coin, that is not the
- 10 same as the technical record that we had at the CPUC
- 11 with privacy advocates, with some of the national,
- 12 technical, statistical experts that provided a record in
- 13 terms of the risks of privacy breaches and re-
- 14 identification.
- 15 So, if anything, I think the other jurisdictions
- 16 may have established their aggregation standard a little
- 17 bit by default as opposed to based on a public record.
- 18 So, from PG&E's perspective, we would not jump
- 19 to necessarily defer to those other jurisdictions.
- 20 MR. STEVENS: I'll quickly respond and say that
- 21 the Commission has spoken very clearly that this is in
- 22 the CEC's jurisdiction. So, I certainly encourage the
- 23 CEC to develop a regulation that is at a level of a
- 24 threshold that they're comfortable with.
- 25 And I would say it is encumbent on the utilities

- 1 to then comply with that. And if they don't comply,
- 2 then they would certainly be out of compliance with that
- 3 decision.
- 4 I'll be interested to see what happens going
- 5 forward.
- 6 MR. WARNER: Thank you.
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: And, you know, we'll
- 8 keep the CPUC in the room all along the way because I
- 9 think part of -- you know, California has a relatively
- 10 complex environment. You know, the largest agencies
- 11 that have to work together and I think we're doing that
- 12 reasonably well these days, probably historically very
- 13 well in context.
- 14 And making sure that all of our ducks are in the
- 15 same row I think is always a challenge and, in this
- 16 case, this is one of the -- we all have recognized
- 17 throughout the day that disclosure is something that
- 18 could be a keystone policy going forward and that
- 19 there's a lot of good stuff going on out there.
- 20 So, we want to try to keep -- you know, get that
- 21 effort moving down the road and keeping in lock step
- 22 with all the stakeholders, but certainly the PUC and the
- 23 other agencies.
- So, I don't want to -- well, we've sort of
- 25 gotten ahead of ourselves, I think, a little bit because

- 1 we haven't even finished with our panelists. We're just
- 2 two in, I think, so -- so I'll try to be quiet.
- 3 Thanks for your presentation.
- 4 So, let's see who's next.
- 5 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Laura, would you like to have
- 6 more words from PG&E?
- 7 MS. MOGILNER: Hello, Laura Mogilner with PG&E.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, Laura.
- 9 MS. MOGILNER: I manage one of our California
- 10 statewide programs that leverages big data technologies
- 11 and behavior strategies to motivate customers to reduce
- 12 energy use, and benchmarking falls within that program.
- So, in terms of our experience complying with AB
- 14 1103, just a brief history lesson, you know, for the
- 15 last seven years PG&E has partnered with Energy Star
- 16 Portfolio Manager to support our customers with building
- 17 benchmarking, both for voluntary and compliance purposes
- 18 because we do see it as an important tool for energy
- 19 management.
- 20 So, because we've had support and resources in
- 21 place for many years, the introduction of AB 1103 has
- 22 been rather seamless for us.
- In terms of the volume of data requests, we've
- 24 automated data transfer since 2011. And since then
- 25 we've helped customer benchmark over 10,000 properties.

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- 2 year we benchmarked 1,400 properties. We're already at
- 3 that level this year. So, I think that's an indication
- 4 that compliance is in full swing.
- 5 We do not, right now, ask our customers the
- 6 reason for why they benchmark, so I'm really making an
- 7 estimate of how many people may have benchmarked for AB
- 8 1103. Just looking at the building profiles, it may be
- 9 around the 200 range this year.
- 10 For question three, do we treat utility data
- 11 requests for benchmarking differently? No, we treat all
- 12 data requests the same, whether you're benchmarking for
- 13 1003, for the San Francisco ordinance, for Prop 39, or
- 14 voluntarily, we treat them all the same from a privacy
- 15 and operational stand point.
- 16 So, we will release up to three years of
- 17 historical data and data every month going forward.
- 18 So, that's our standard practice.
- 19 In terms of customer consent, as Chris just
- 20 spoke in great detail to, we do operate under California
- 21 laws and CPUC decisions that require PG&E to get
- 22 explicit written consent from every customer before we
- 23 release their energy data.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, that's different
- 25 from applying the 15/15 rule?

- 1 MS. MOGILNER: We do not apply aggregation at
- 2 this time.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Oh, so every
- 4 applicant to 1103, every 1103 effort to comply requires
- 5 that no matter how many tenants are in a building you
- 6 get customer consent from every single one?
- 7 MS. MOGILNER: Yes, that's our privacy policy.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: And PG&E does not do
- 9 any aggregation behind the scenes and upload aggregated
- 10 whole building data?
- MS. MOGILNER: No.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, that's really
- 13 interesting.
- 14 (Laughter)
- 15 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: I'll just say I can't
- 16 help but comment that this underscores some of the
- 17 issues we heard on earlier panels with the problem
- 18 that's caused by different rules in different utility
- 19 service territories. It's just really not practical to
- 20 have, you know, commercial building owners and people
- 21 involved in commercial real estate transactions not only
- 22 have to figure out how to use Portfolio Manager and
- 23 comply with the law, but also comply with different --
- 24 or deal with different utility level rules for data
- 25 that's provided. And particularly when people do

- 1 business all over the State I think it really
- 2 underscores the need for the Energy Commission to work
- 3 with stakeholders to actually find a workable threshold
- 4 here that can be applied consistently.
- 5 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I guess I also just
- 6 wonder, I mean how is it -- how is it that SMUD has
- 7 developed -- I mean you guys always are out there being
- 8 the good student, you know. Bringing an apple to the
- 9 teacher, you know, I tell you.
- (Laughter)
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: But how is it that --
- MS. DAVIS: We are the closest.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, exactly, you
- 14 have some important customers, yeah.
- But I'm a PG&E customer.
- (Laughter)
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I guess I'm just kind
- 18 of astonished that how can SMUD, you know, have seen fit
- 19 to go ahead and put together the aggregation tools, and
- 20 staff it, and sort of take it seriously in that way to
- 21 aggregate a building and report directly to Portfolio
- 22 Manager behind the scenes, saving everyone a lot of time
- 23 and effort, and sort of taking that on.
- 24 And PG&E really has a lot of folks scurrying
- 25 around, begging their customers for consent.

- 1 And so, it seems -- it just seems like a little
- 2 bit of a disconnect in terms of what we're trying to
- 3 accomplish here.
- 4 MS. DAVIS: I'd like to say I'm just as confused
- 5 as you are because our attorneys are just as
- 6 conservative as the next attorney. But you'd have to
- 7 talk to them to find out exactly how they came to that
- 8 conclusion.
- 9 MS. MOGILNER: So, I'll defer that to our legal
- 10 counsel.
- 11 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, that's probably
- 12 a good answer.
- 13 MR. WARNER: In the spirit of back and forth on
- 14 this, I certainly can answer. I understood SMUD's
- 15 situation to be different. They're a government agency.
- 16 And if I understand correctly, their lawyers cited their
- 17 ability as a government agency to comply with the
- 18 privacy law separately, as if they were under the Public
- 19 Records Act which does, as I understand it, allow them
- 20 an exemption from the kinds of privacy requirements that
- 21 investor-owned utilities are subject to.
- I could be wrong, when I heard Cheri talk about
- 23 that, but I think her attorneys basically take a
- 24 position that when they gather data from their customers
- 25 they can share that date, even on a one-on-one basis,

- 1 with any other government agency that has authority to
- 2 get the data.
- 3 So, that seems to be different than a private
- 4 entity where we have a separate privacy statute, we have
- 5 separate CPUC privacy rules.
- 6 The question on aggregation is one that if you
- 7 determine that aggregation at a certain level for the
- 8 CEC rule is, let's say, four for the sake of argument,
- 9 or two, rather than 15/15, then you do have an
- 10 interpretation of the CEC statute that says preserve
- 11 confidentiality.
- Right now, as a private investor-owned utility,
- 13 we have no guidance from either the CPUC or the CEC as
- 14 to what level of aggregation is sufficient.
- 15 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Uh-hum.
- MR. WARNER: And the statute says we may only
- 17 upload data if we preserve the confidentiality of the
- 18 customer.
- 19 I don't think that SMUD has that same concern
- 20 because they're a government agency. So that, I think,
- 21 may be the difference.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Well, so I mean any
- 23 sort of concrete, hopefully simple, suggestion about how
- 24 we can provide you cover in order to actually get there,
- 25 I think would be very welcome.

- 1 MR. WARNER: And again, I think if you, based on
- 2 a record in a proceeding, with public input from all
- 3 parties, came out and concluded that aggregation at X is
- 4 adequate to mitigate the risk of re-identification of
- 5 customer confidential data that, based on adequate
- 6 record, and as Brian pointed out, you put in that as a
- 7 rule, we will have to comply with that.
- 8 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thanks, I
- 9 appreciate that. All right.
- 10 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: I'm just going to add
- 11 that, you know, the representative from SMUD noted that
- 12 she might want to ask her attorneys how this works and
- 13 that would be valuable because, of course, we always
- 14 like to hear directly from the party answering the
- 15 question what the answer is.
- So, you don't have to do that this second, of
- 17 course, but that would be helpful. Unless you want to
- 18 just call them up?
- 19 MS. DAVIS: Well, actually, I did ask the
- 20 question this morning and I was referred to the
- 21 California Government Code section 6254.16.
- Now, I don't happen to know if that section
- 23 applies to all utilities or just publicly-owned
- 24 utilities.
- 25 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Thank you.

- 1 MS. MOGILNER: I'll just wrap up the rest of the
- 2 questions.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, yeah, thanks.
- 4 MS. MOGILNER: So, in terms of what steps have
- 5 we taken to enable AB 1103 compliance?
- 6 As I've already said, we've had robust resources
- 7 in place for education, training and technical services.
- 8 We continue to refine and improve those offerings.
- 9 We have trained our entire sales force on AB
- 10 1103 basics for education and outreach.
- 11 We have a dedicated team of benchmarking
- 12 specialists who provide one-on-one phone and e-mail
- 13 support. They've already clocked in 400 hours this year
- 14 to supporting our customers with benchmarking, so that's
- 15 a really invaluable resource to hand-hold our customers
- 16 through the process.
- We also offer dozens of classes every year, free
- 18 of charge, professionally taught. These are very highly
- 19 regarded classes. I think we see them as a successful
- 20 education channel for us.
- 21 Earlier this year we also launched an online
- 22 learning management system which offers a convenient
- 23 training alternative and I think it applies well to
- 24 those hard-to-reach, small-to-medium business customers,
- 25 as well. There, we have a module dedicated to AB 1103.

- 1 And PG&E was really kind of at the leading edge
- 2 of technical solutions, back in 2011 we developed our
- 3 web services to automate the transfer of energy use
- 4 which is -- you know, I think we remain one of the 14
- 5 utilities in the country to do that.
- 6 So, in terms of what are our recommendations for
- 7 improving data access? We do realize there are
- 8 frustrations with the tenant consent process, because
- 9 these are our customers, too.
- 10 PG&E's participating, along with the other IOUs,
- 11 on the DOE Better Buildings Data Accelerator project.
- 12 So, we are working with the building industry and
- 13 stakeholders to find practical solutions to data access.
- 14 It is challenging. As part of that project
- 15 we're evaluating different options, all of which have
- 16 pros and cons, like green leases, data blurring, and
- 17 anonymization approaches, and data aggregation is also
- 18 on the table.
- 19 So, I think Chris spoke a lot to the data
- 20 aggregation point. One thing I would add is for
- 21 aggregation to work in a practical way, and to truly
- 22 minimize the frustration for customers, it would need to
- 23 be at a relatively low threshold.
- 24 So, for us with an aggregation threshold of,
- 25 say, 15/20, given rough estimates, less than one percent

- 1 of our customers fall into our category, so it's a very
- 2 low impact.
- If we're looking at a rule of four, it's closer
- 4 to 20 to 30 percent of our customer base that would
- 5 benefit from that.
- 6 So, I think, really, a rule of two would be
- 7 something that would benefit the greater proportion of
- 8 our territory. But that, again, needs to be balanced
- 9 with the privacy concerns.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, could you repeat
- 11 those percentages? If it were a rule of four, it would
- 12 be what portion?
- MS. MOGILNER: About 20 to 30 percent.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Oh, okay.
- 15 MS. MOGILNER: And we're using Portfolio Manager
- 16 data to get that estimate.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. And then you
- 18 said rule of two would be?
- 19 MS. MOGILNER: I don't have the numbers for rule
- 20 of two.
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay.
- MS. MOGILNER: The rule of 15/20 would be less
- 23 than one percent of our customers.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah.
- 25 MS. MOGILNER: It just wouldn't be practical.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, well thanks a
- 2 lot. I mean, you know, I've got to give PG&E kudos for
- 3 having almost half in California, over half of all the
- 4 Energy Star Portfolio Manager buildings in the country.
- 5 So, I mean that's great.
- 6 And this program and disclosure, generally,
- 7 really ought to be driving the comprehensive use of that
- 8 and other benchmarking tools to really drive -- and then
- 9 drive decisions. And we ought to be able to, you know,
- 10 detect the uptick in economic activity, and retrofits
- 11 and upgrades of existing buildings based on that kind of
- 12 information.
- 13 And then we could even broach other topics like,
- 14 okay, well, how do we really filter and target the right
- 15 buildings and provide the right kinds of help.
- 16 So, I think, you know, this is part of this
- 17 bigger discussion of how can we really transform our
- 18 existing building stock?
- 19 We know that without doing that it's just going
- 20 to be that much harder to meet our long-term goals. We
- 21 have aggressive goals and this is an obvious place that
- 22 has all sorts of upsides to get those benefits and help
- 23 people really live better lives. I mean that's what it
- 24 boils down to.
- 25 So, anyway, thanks for your participation.

- 1 So, is it to Janisse now?
- 2 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah.
- 3 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great.
- 4 MS. MARTINEZ: Good afternoon, my name is
- 5 Janisse Martinez. I work -- I'm the CNI Services
- 6 Manager for the small and midsize business team.
- 7 I'm also the business owner for benchmarking AB
- 8 1103 and the energy data accelerator.
- 9 I was also the property management segment
- 10 account executive. So, Kilroy was one of my customers
- 11 about a year ago. So, I'm very, very familiar with the
- 12 pain points the customers are having with the data
- 13 release issues.
- 14 While I was there at account management, just
- 15 getting a letter of authorization signed by a tenant is
- 16 very troublesome because of the legal language on the
- 17 form. And all the utilities, I think all the IOUs have
- 18 been working very closely together. I know Matt Evans,
- 19 and Laura, and I, and SoCal Gas, Peter Tanis (phonetic),
- 20 have been working on being statewide compliant on a lot
- 21 of the requirements.
- 22 So, if you have a customer, like Kilroy, that
- 23 has properties in multiple IOU territories, that they
- 24 don't have to go through different processes.
- 25 It's not only the process of getting

- 1 authorization for the -- for the letter of
- 2 authorization, but also on sharing the data on our
- 3 systems because everybody has different validation
- 4 systems for their web services tool.
- 5 So, I just want to tell Sara that actually we
- 6 went live on June 14 for the web services. We haven't
- 7 really outreached, yet, because we were having a lot of
- 8 defects as we rolled out the tool, but I think we're
- 9 finally at a point where we can actually advertise it to
- 10 our customers.
- 11 So far, we have 53 properties shared through web
- 12 services.
- 13 And the first question about our experience
- 14 complying with AB 1103, I think that it's been very
- 15 challenging for us, first of all, because of the privacy
- 16 and aggregation rules.
- 17 The reason why San Diego Gas & Electric was the
- 18 last one to come online for web services is because when
- 19 Portfolio Manager was shutting down for the upgrade, we
- 20 were actually programming to do aggregation at 4/4. And
- 21 when we started talking with the other utilities, we
- 22 were completely out of compliance with statewide
- 23 compliance.
- 24 And our legal team and our executive team
- 25 decided that we wanted to be statewide consistent and we

- 1 had to start from scratch in July 2013. So, we had to
- 2 program again for a year to be statewide consistent.
- 3 The other part was the ESPM integration. When
- 4 we were actually ready to roll the testing, back when we
- 5 were doing aggregation, we couldn't test the user
- 6 interface, just like SMUD talked about.
- 7 And as we're rolling out the tool we encounter
- 8 more and more defects. So, we had to program and
- 9 reprogram.
- In order to comply with AB 1103, we had to
- 11 develop a manual upload procedure where we leveraged web
- 12 process, where we downloaded their templates and then
- 13 had a tool that uploaded all the information. And we
- 14 gave that Excel spread sheet back to the customer and
- 15 they can upload it to the manual work around.
- 16 And the other thing that we found, it was
- 17 resources on capital funding on this project and people
- 18 just to manage questions from the customers, and IT
- 19 resources to bring the tool back on line.
- We did have the ABS system running pretty well
- 21 before ESPM went down in June 2013. And now, we're
- 22 coming back online and trying to catch up with all the
- 23 other utilities and getting web services rolling for our
- 24 customers.
- 25 How many data requests for AB 1103? We were not

- 1 counting AB 1103 compliance requests. We have been --
- 2 we have a total of 420 properties that we have released
- 3 data for. And we're estimating about 50 percent of
- 4 those properties are AB 1103 related.
- 5 Do we treat utility data requests differently?
- 6 We do and we don't. We don't preclude anybody from
- 7 using the system for energy efficiency, but our terms
- 8 and conditions are explicitly AB 1103 legal language.
- 9 We also don't provide costing information which,
- 10 when you're doing energy efficiency benchmarking you
- 11 really want to see the dollar signs at the end. And
- 12 it's only because the AB 1103 language says that we have
- 13 to share usage and not costing. So, our legal team
- 14 interpreted that the kWh was the only thing that we
- 15 could share for AB 1103 compliance.
- And also, we only share or upload 14 months of
- 17 data. So, if you want to do energy efficiency
- 18 performance, you probably want to have more than 14
- 19 months of data and keep your history going.
- We do have the manual upload process right now
- 21 still going and we could do energy efficiency uploads
- 22 through that way, but it requires the intervention of
- 23 one of our people to help the customer do that upload.
- 24 Right now we're evaluating to either change our
- 25 terms and conditions, but that will require an update of

- 1 our letter authorization which states that the tenant is
- 2 releasing the data for benchmarking purposes, and it's
- 3 only releasing usage. So, we will need to update that
- 4 to include costing.
- 5 We are evaluating two navigation options where
- 6 you are doing it for AB 1103, get the terms and
- 7 conditions for AB 1103 or do it for energy efficiency
- 8 and get terms and conditions for energy efficiency.
- 9 What steps have you taken to enable AB 1103
- 10 compliance? We update our letter of authorization to be
- 11 statewide consistent, adding that benchmarking line item
- 12 on the form.
- 13 We finally released web services to our
- 14 customers. We have training, a step-by-step guide that
- 15 is in development, and online videos in development and
- 16 we have one-on-one consultation with education and
- 17 helping with benchmarking.
- 18 What we're seeing, though, is that a lot of our
- 19 customers are actually needing us to benchmark for them.
- 20 So, it's really -- it's not only giving them the data,
- 21 but it's also sitting with them and explaining what the
- 22 tool does and how to use it.
- So, it's become another service that we provide
- 24 on top of just releasing the data.
- 25 When are we requiring tenant consent? We also

- 1 require tenant consent unless the owner has our
- 2 authorization and they can ask them to do it through the
- 3 online services, which is the account number, the meter
- 4 number and the last amount of the last bill.
- 5 Which it's almost like having tenant
- 6 authorization because you have to go through the tenant
- 7 for that information. But if they have those three
- 8 parameters, they can do it online and we don't intervene
- 9 with that portion.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So that doesn't
- 11 matter, that's for all buildings no matter how few or
- 12 many tenants?
- MS. MOGILNER: Yes. We don't aggregate. The
- 14 only utility IOU that aggregates, and it's on an
- 15 exception basis, is SCE.
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Oh, okay. So, 1103
- 17 is about whole building information, so you all realize
- 18 that, right?
- 19 MS. MOGILNER: Yeah, we do. And we've been
- 20 asking this -- I mean I'm really happy to see the CPUC
- 21 and the CEC in the same room for this because we've been
- 22 asking for the guidance from both of them. And the CPUC
- 23 has deferred to the CEC for guidance and we haven't seen
- 24 that aggregation rule come down from the CEC or the
- 25 CPUC.

- 1 As soon as you have it, I think all of us will
- 2 be willing to comply with that. But until then,
- 3 nobody's willing to take the risk.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, yeah, so I'm
- 5 feeling -- I mean it's no surprise to me that your
- 6 customers are asking you to do it all because it sounds
- 7 really complicated the way things are set up. When
- 8 that, certainly, I don't think was the intent at any
- 9 moment along the way.
- 10 So, in any case, I mean this is why we're here
- 11 to sort these issues out and determine what's needed,
- 12 and to get reasonable, pragmatic sort of solutions
- 13 oriented and result here so that we can move forward.
- So, sorry I interrupted you. I don't know if
- 15 you're done?
- 16 MS. MOGILNER: No, the last question is our
- 17 recommendations. I think that once, like I mentioned
- 18 before, if we have aggregation rules that both entities
- 19 agree to, I think that will be a huge step forward.
- We're, like Laura mentioned, we're working on
- 21 the Energy Data Accelerator with city partners and
- 22 working on city ordinances across the State.
- 23 And one of the solutions will be to have one
- 24 statewide system where all the customers enter the same
- 25 validation information so they don't have to enter to

- 1 four different sites, and the utilities don't all have
- 2 to program for their own systems. And that way you have
- 3 jurisdiction on that system and what requirements are
- 4 that. It will be cost efficient and it will streamline
- 5 the development because then we will be all on the same
- 6 schedule.
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, would that be --
- 8 would a solution there -- well, so who, I guess do
- 9 you -- several people have said that. Who would you
- 10 envision developing that statewide solution? Would that
- 11 be one utility on behalf of the others, as well, or you
- 12 know --
- MS. MOGILNER: We were throwing ideas on the
- 14 table and I think one of the ideas was to have an RFP
- 15 for an external consultant to just develop the database
- 16 for all utilities and we all fund the project that way.
- 17 And that way you have business requirements from all
- 18 utilities and it's gathered by a third party that's
- 19 really not -- has more power than the other utility on
- 20 that process.
- 21 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Let me ask LADWP and
- 22 SMUD, so I imagine there must be some precedence. You
- 23 know, often it's the PUC and the POWs, and so there
- 24 seems to be a firewall sometimes between those two
- 25 groups, but not in all cases.

- 1 And I guess I would wonder if it's within the
- 2 realm of possibility to have the investor-owned
- 3 utilities and at least the larger POUs kind of partner
- 4 on a project like that, if the possibility of some kind
- 5 of standardization would even be something -- would be
- 6 something that, you know, that sort of statewide
- 7 approach might be amenable, you guys might be amenable
- 8 to as well.
- 9 MS. DAVIS: Well, it's interesting that you ask
- 10 the question because I actually put that in as a
- 11 recommendation that I had, but then our IT people said,
- 12 wait a minute, no, we'd have to reprogram everything all
- 13 over again.
- 14 So, I think that would be the main concern, but
- 15 looking at it from a statewide perspective that
- 16 certainly makes a lot of sense.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: You know, I mean we
- 18 do have these -- you know, DOE, the data accelerator and
- 19 DOE is doing a lot of tools that are all about
- 20 standardizing data exchange protocols, and that
- 21 Portfolio Manager is being evolved to sort of interface
- 22 with seamlessly.
- 23 So, I guess it seems like this infrastructure is kind
- 24 of evolving in a direction that might make this
- 25 possible, and not easy, but possible.

- 1 So, sorry David.
- 2 MR. JACOT: Thank you. And I couldn't
- 3 necessarily commit right here to it, except that we'd be
- 4 very interested to look at it. And just in general,
- 5 when we can partner with other utilities, contribute
- 6 resources and do something that's standardized, we're
- 7 very interested to look at it.
- 8 Yeah, I don't know what our IT considerations
- 9 and concerns might be, obviously. Everybody's concerned
- 10 about the security of the off-site repository, et
- 11 cetera. But if it's something that worked for the IOUs,
- 12 most likely it would work for LADWP as well.
- 13 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thank you.
- 14 MR. STEVENS: Really quickly I wanted to say
- 15 that kind of after hearing the different IOUs discuss
- 16 the positions they've taken on security and privacy, it
- 17 kind of makes why you did what you did. I'll say that
- 18 if I was in your shoes I would, you know, maybe make a
- 19 similar decision.
- 20 So, I think it really is, you know, encumbent on
- 21 the Energy Commission to be the leader on this and set a
- 22 standard that everyone agrees with and goes forward.
- MS. MOGILNER: And my last comment, I think that
- 24 outreach to the tenants and the owners is still a much
- 25 needed effort from the Commission.

- 1 We get -- we ask the property management account
- 2 rep, I went to many property managers that did not know
- 3 about AB 1103, and much less their tenants.
- 4 So, trying to make somebody comply with a rule
- 5 that they don't even understand or know about is a big
- 6 deal for the utility. Because now, we're in the process
- 7 of educating them about AB 1103 benchmarking web
- 8 services, and it becomes a whole job for the utility
- 9 that we're really not a business to be on.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, David.
- 11 MR. JACOT: Right, thank you. I'm David Jacot,
- 12 Director of Efficiency Solutions for Los Angeles
- 13 Department of Water and Power.
- 14 I'd like to thank the Commission for hosting
- 15 this workshop and inviting us to participate. We're
- 16 very happy to be here and be part of the conversation.
- 17 In general -- well, I get to going through the
- 18 questions in detail.
- 19 In general, we're very aligned with SMUD. And
- 20 they're ahead of the game. We want to get to where SMUD
- 21 is. We're not there, yet, and I'll go through some of
- 22 those issues.
- 23 The challenges in this conversation, as in many
- 24 other topics, break down to technical, as well as
- 25 policy.

- 1 Can we do it? Should we do it? Our challenges,
- 2 mainly, in getting to where SMUD is already are on the
- 3 technical side, not the policy side.
- 4 Our experience with AB 1103 thus far, very, very
- 5 little activity, you saw it this morning, whereas some
- 6 of the other utilities have thousands of completed
- 7 uploads, we've got barely a dozen, about five so far
- 8 this year. We're looking at why that is the case.
- 9 Wanted to, as an aside, address and thank Marika
- 10 for bringing up the concerns that she did. We met over
- 11 lunch and took a look at it and figured it out.
- 12 It turned out that our FAO was incorrect in how
- 13 it told our customers or their representatives to
- 14 connect to -- from their Energy Star Portfolio Manager
- 15 account to LADWP to do the data sharing. So, we're
- 16 getting that fixed. That's just one of those technical
- 17 things.
- 18 But there's got to be more to it than that. You
- 19 know, if that was the only barrier to people seeking out
- 20 doing the AB 1103 compliance, we wouldn't be six months
- 21 in and that's the first I hear of it. You know, there
- 22 would have been a lot more noise.
- So, I'm glad we were able to resolve that but,
- 24 obviously, there's other issues as well.
- We built into our system the automatic upload

- 1 capability. We did so proactively in response to the
- 2 coming implementation of AB 1103 several years ago.
- 3 We tested it during the voluntary phase. It
- 4 works. It's a one-time. It does not automatically, so
- 5 that's one place where we're not up to where SMUD is.
- 6 You can't set it as recurring uploads that's
- 7 automatic, you've got to request it every time through
- 8 portfolio manager.
- 9 We don't do aggregation. And that's not because
- 10 we don't want to, it's a technical question.
- 11 What we do do is the same thing SMUD does, which
- 12 is give the Energy Star Portfolio Manager, the user the
- 13 benefit of the doubt that if they have the account
- 14 numbers, account number or numbers, and the meter number
- 15 or numbers, and they input it into Portfolio Manager, we
- 16 give them the benefit of the doubt that they're
- 17 authorized to have that information and to pull that
- 18 information, and the data upload is automatic.
- 19 We don't solicit a written authorization. We
- 20 don't keep a written authorization on file.
- Now, if the customer falls out, if a user falls
- 22 out of the automated process and calls in for
- 23 assistance, then we do, then we do ask for evidence of
- 24 authorization up to and including an authorization form
- 25 from the customer.

- 1 But if they can get through the automated
- 2 process and they have the numbers, we send it off, much
- 3 the same way SMUD does and for a similar justification.
- 4 Let's see, we don't treat requests for
- 5 benchmarking any differently than AB 1103 compliance.
- 6 Like I said, it's a one-time data pool. It's an
- 7 automatic upload without aggregation.
- 8 It's the same whether a customer calls because
- 9 they want to benchmark or because they have to. No
- 10 difference in the process.
- 11 And just in terms of steps to ensure AB 1103
- 12 compliance, we've tried as best as we can to have it
- 13 working. And it does, as I said, within those
- 14 limitations.
- We've put together some training. We've been,
- 16 again, limited resource-wise in how proactive and
- 17 comprehensive we've been able to be there.
- 18 We have surveyed the other utilities' materials,
- 19 including the IOUs' materials.
- In terms of the step-by-step process they offer
- 21 to their customers to go through the process to
- 22 benchmark and to do AB 1103 benchmarking as a matter of
- 23 compliance, and found those materials to be very
- 24 helpful. And we've modeled, you know, what we've
- 25 offered to our customers on those materials.

- 1 So, we appreciate being able to plagiarize that.
- 2 Leverage best practices, I should say.
- 3 In terms of the question -- there was a question
- 4 asked about a date set by which all buildings should be
- 5 benchmarked. If a deadline was set, you know, say the
- 6 end of 2017 or whatever, you know, what does that mean
- 7 to us? Can we do that?
- 8 Well, and the answer is a little bit
- 9 complicated. It's a technical question for us, again,
- 10 primarily.
- 11 So, in theory, yes, we can. But I just have to
- 12 point out the caveat that we, as the utility, don't
- 13 benchmark customers' buildings. We provide the data so
- 14 the customer can benchmark their buildings.
- 15 It's the analogy I've always used with this is
- 16 it's like an employee's W-2. The employer is obligated
- 17 to provide the W-2 by the end of January every year, but
- 18 that doesn't mean the employer does the employee's
- 19 taxes. Because the taxes requires other W-2s, perhaps,
- 20 and other information that only the employee is privy
- 21 to.
- With us, we're the electric utility, but part of
- 23 benchmarking is electric and gas. And so our serving
- 24 gas utility is Southern California Gas Company, and so
- 25 the customer needs to go into Portfolio Manager, set up

- 1 their sharing contacts, and one is LADWP and one is
- 2 SoCal Gas.
- 3 So, it is encumbent on the customer to do the
- 4 benchmarking. It is encumbent on us to provide the
- 5 data, upon demand, into Portfolio Manager by the
- 6 customer.
- 7 So, technically, if there was a requirement that
- 8 all customers benchmark their buildings by such and such
- 9 a date, it's technically possible and we would be
- 10 compliant with provisioning our piece of that. But we
- 11 would not have responsibility or ability, I should say,
- 12 to ensure that our customers actually did the
- 13 benchmarking by that time.
- 14 That said, we would support it in every way we
- 15 could.
- And you also heard this morning that the City,
- 17 itself, is thinking of some interesting things around
- 18 this. And that's one of the nice things in a POU
- 19 environment is that we are a city department, but we
- 20 cover one city. And so, we map one-to-one to other city
- 21 functions and we can work together to divvy up a larger
- 22 task among each of us within the city, as appropriate to
- 23 our pieces of the puzzle.
- 24 So, this mandatory benchmarking or benchmarking
- 25 and disclosure, we would not take the lead on that as

- 1 the utility, but if the city wants to do that, we'll
- 2 support the city technically on doing that. And we'll
- 3 follow the policy as it's established.
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thanks very
- 5 much. I was going to ask about how you worked it out
- 6 with the city and you just answered my question, so
- 7 that's great.
- 8 So, let's see, I don't have any questions
- 9 offhand. Anybody? Okay, yeah, that's helpful.
- 10 So, any questions? No, okay. I'm actually
- 11 very -- and I guess it's a reflection of the -- you
- 12 know, the slightly rarified arena that we all work in,
- 13 in terms of specific energy topics.
- 14 But I am actually very excited about the
- 15 possibility of having the investor-owned utilities and
- 16 the larger POUs, at least, and see how far that can sort
- 17 of go through the POUs kind of working together to
- 18 figure out what a template for this might look like that
- 19 makes life easier for everybody.
- 20 And so that we can have, you know, as much
- 21 automation as makes sense, but also enough flexibility
- 22 that the local jurisdictions can do what they think is
- 23 in their own sort of best interest, in their own -- you
- 24 know, responsive to their own goals locally.
- Let's see, so where are we on the agenda?

- 1 MR. ASHUCKIAN: So, this is the final panel and
- 2 so now we can open it up to any comments specific to
- 3 this panel. And if not, then just public comments in
- 4 general.
- 5 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah.
- 6 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Go ahead. Let's start with the
- 7 gentleman in the blue shirt.
- 8 MR. MAHONE: Hello, my name's Doug Mahone. I'm
- 9 with TRC. But many years ago I had the honor of helping
- 10 to chair the first benchmarking workgroup here in
- 11 California.
- 12 And so, we bumped up against all of these issues
- 13 of data confidentiality, and legal obligations.
- 14 And there were three or four times when we
- 15 thought we had it worked out with all the lawyers from
- 16 all the utilities that were participating, and then they
- 17 would take it back home and another lawyer or another
- 18 legal concern would pop up and that would kill it.
- 19 And I began to think of this as like playing
- 20 racquetball. You would think we'd have it all solved,
- 21 and it wouldn't be solved.
- 22 And when I finally rolled off of that rule, I
- 23 had reached the conclusion that these issues would never
- 24 be resolved until the Commissioners actually took it on.
- 25 And I don't know if that was this Commission's

- 1 Commissioners or the other Commission's Commissioners.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Actually, it turns
- 3 out it's both working together.
- 4 MR. MAHONE: Even worse.
- 5 (Laughter)
- 6 MR. MAHONE: But anyway, I commend you for
- 7 bringing this together. I urge you to stick with it.
- 8 Only you are going to crack this nut because, otherwise,
- 9 we'll continue playing racquetball for the next seven
- 10 years. Thank you.
- (Applause)
- MS. CLINTON: Everybody's not raising to ask
- 13 questions and actually leaving, I think.
- 14 (Laughter)
- 15 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Okay, let me just ask
- 16 to -- let's make sure we get questions if they involve
- 17 the panel, first. Otherwise, we can let the panel sit
- 18 down and not have to sit up here through questions.
- 19 I don't know, Jeanne, do you have questions
- 20 specific for the panel?
- 21 MS. CLINTON: I have questions for the panel.
- 22 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Wonderful. And anyone
- 23 else who does, please be ready to come forward and then
- 24 we'll let the panelists go.
- 25 MS. CLINTON: I have two questions. One is very

- 1 quick and it's to PG&E, specifically.
- 2 I'm struck by what seems to me to be an unusual
- 3 dichotomy between you're applying what I would call
- 4 fairly tough rules on tenant permission for information
- 5 disclosure and you're having over 10,000 properties that
- 6 have gone through the benchmarking model.
- 7 And I'm just wondering if you have any theory on
- 8 how those two come together?
- 9 MS. MOGILNER: Sure. So, I mean I would say,
- 10 you know, we have a ton of resources and support in
- 11 place. Although the process of authorization is, you
- 12 know, cumbersome and an extra step in the process, it is
- 13 just one step in the benchmarking process.
- 14 So, you know, when I said our dedicated
- 15 benchmarking specialists have spent 400 hours in support
- 16 of benchmarking this year, the majority of questions are
- 17 how do I benchmark within Portfolio Manager?
- 18 How do I set up web services within Portfolio
- 19 Manager to connect to you?
- 20 So, the majority of questions we deal with are
- 21 just basics of benchmarking and then we help customers
- 22 with the authorizations. But it's one step in the whole
- 23 process.
- MS. CLINTON: So, by inference, somehow 10,000
- 25 properties have managed to get through the customer

- 1 authorization dilemma?
- 2 MS. MOGILNER: Yes. Everyone had to get
- 3 authorized.
- 4 MS. CLINTON: Okay.
- 5 MR. JACOT: You've also been doing it for a long
- 6 time, right?
- 7 MS. MOGILNER: We've been doing it since 2011.
- 8 MS. CLINTON: Not that long. My second --
- 9 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I guess, maybe one
- 10 theory would be that these are individual-owned
- 11 buildings with, you know, the customer of record. I
- 12 mean, I don't know if that's where you were kind of
- 13 thinking it would go but --
- 14 MS. CLINTON: Well, that could be one possible
- 15 explanation.
- 16 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: But they may not be
- 17 large commercial buildings. Who knows, right?
- 18 MS. MOGILNER: Yeah, like I said, the break
- 19 down, the majority of our buildings are one to two
- 20 tenants. That's probably over half of our territory.
- 21 So, it's not large buildings with over 15
- 22 tenants where they have to scramble and ask many people,
- 23 it's one, or two, or three tenants. That's the bulk of
- 24 our territory.
- 25 MS. CLINTON: My second question is in general

- 1 for all the panel, but only to the extent that this
- 2 situation applies to you and I'm not sure.
- 3 So this morning, when the US EPA folks were
- 4 presenting their slides, there was a slide that referred
- 5 to something called Web Services. And I admit I don't
- 6 know what that is, other than what I heard this morning.
- 7 But specifically, it sounded to me as though if
- 8 a utility were doing some sort of automated data
- 9 uploading into Energy Star Portfolio Manager, under some
- 10 conditions the utility would get access to the data and
- 11 reports, I assume for their customers that are
- 12 participating in this sort of automation data upload.
- 13 And I'm just curious, for those of you who
- 14 have -- who are enrolled in this Web Services
- 15 arrangement, what kind of knowledge or insight are you
- 16 getting out of having access to that information and
- 17 reports, and how are you using it?
- 18 MS. DAVIS: I can lead off. We currently are
- 19 not tapping into that information. However, that is a
- 20 request that I've made. And, in fact, that was part of
- 21 the justification for getting some of the resources
- 22 dedicated to providing customer support is that we can
- 23 actually get something out of this to the extent that we
- 24 can glean information about the energy performance of
- 25 buildings in our territory.

- 1 MR. JACOT: Yeah, we're not currently mining
- 2 that. Frankly, as you saw, there's very little to mine
- 3 for us at the moment. But we would certainly be
- 4 interested in doing that as we start to get more uptake
- 5 on AB 1103 compliance. And use that for program-
- 6 targeted marketing.
- 7 MS. MOGILNER: Yeah, that's how we're using it.
- 8 For targeted communication with customers, we'll look at
- 9 customers who have low scores and we will target them
- 10 with other energy efficiency opportunities, and other
- 11 programs and incentives we have in our overall
- 12 portfolio.
- MS. MARTINEZ: Since we just came online we
- 14 haven't looked at data, yet. But I've actually asked IT
- 15 to get ahold of what the format of the data looks like.
- 16 Because when we had ABS, the data that we were getting
- 17 back wasn't really useful for EE.
- 18 And I think with this tool there's a lot more
- 19 opportunity for EE program participation.
- 20 So, I'm still dealing with the technical issues
- 21 and getting web services up and running. But once I get
- 22 that, then I'll move on to the next phase, which is EE
- 23 program participation and integration.
- 24 MR. GALANTER: Yeah, Edison's intention is, as
- 25 well to use that data.

- I think, Jeanne, you know that we've done the
- 2 proxy benchmarking and that information has been sent to
- 3 our customers.
- 4 Not really leveraged to the extent that it
- 5 should be, but our intention is to use both groups of
- 6 data, proxy benchmarking data, as well as AB 1103 for
- 7 helpfully targeting to customers that need to be
- 8 targeted to, quite frankly.
- 9 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Any other comments in the room?
- 10 MS. ERDELY: Yeah, I think back to my --
- 11 MR. ASHUCKIAN: State your name, again?
- MS. ERDELY: Marika, again, from Green Economy.
- 13 But I just, after hearing everybody and after David
- 14 Jacot and I resolved the issue with LADWP and it was
- 15 just the information that was coming to us, you can see
- 16 that the data is there and the utilities are actually
- 17 doing well.
- 18 So, I think it's just a matter of information
- 19 and more communication to the building owners and the
- 20 people that are supposed to be following the law. And
- 21 then I think everyone can follow it, it's just -- you
- 22 know, I think there's just not been enough good
- 23 communication. Because it looks to me like the
- 24 utilities are all ready.
- MR. DE SNOO: I'll be real quick, Neal DeSnoo,

- 1 City of Berkeley.
- 2 As you develop a rule for aggregation, it would
- 3 be real helpful if it could be applied to voluntary
- 4 compliance that is not triggered to AB 1103, or applied
- 5 to local ordinances as well.
- 6 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Could you, Neal, put
- 7 a little context around that?
- 8 MR. DE SNOO: So, we see lots of local
- 9 ordinances. We see San Francisco. Berkeley's
- 10 developing one. We would like to be able to request the
- 11 same kind of data, or have the clients, the property
- 12 owners collect the same kind of data and do the
- 13 benchmarking.
- 14 But if we don't have -- and it would be nice to
- 15 use the authority established by the Commission to
- 16 compel that, rather than trying to develop our own
- 17 rulemaking and defend it.
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, great, thanks.
- 19 MR. ASHUCKIAN: And if there is anybody online
- 20 who would like to make some comments, if you would raise
- 21 your hand online?
- Randy Walsh.
- 23 MR. WALSH: Can you hear me? Can we get an idea
- 24 of what the next steps are with this process?
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: We're going to be accepting

- 1 public comments until July 21st. We are going to be
- 2 evaluating the information from this workshop and
- 3 determining what the next steps will be.
- 4 It's possible that we will enter in to a
- 5 rulemaking to modify our existing regulations.
- 6 It's possible that we may suggest legislative
- 7 changes.
- 8 The Commissioners may want to add anything else
- 9 to that.
- 10 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, so that's a
- 11 fair assessment. This is an OII. It's an information
- 12 gathering proceeding. We're trying to make it go as
- 13 fast as possible. We organized this thing quickly.
- We're going to get your comments and read them
- 15 when they come in, as they come in, and decide what our
- 16 next steps actually are, specifically.
- 17 And, you know, one question is do we need to
- 18 open the rulemaking for 1103, again, to be more specific
- 19 about the requirements for this -- the implementation of
- 20 this law and what's expected from the parties and when.
- 21 And, you know, I think we're getting a diversity
- 22 of opinion here. But, clearly, there are folks who feel
- 23 like we could be more specific in a number of different
- 24 areas about what's actually required.
- I think, you know, we're going to try to come to

- 1 a decision here shortly after the comment period is open
- 2 as to whether or not we open the rulemaking again.
- 3 So, those are sort of the big picture of the
- 4 next steps to come.
- 5 MR. WALSH: And is there a potential for another
- 6 informational meeting happening?
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Right now we don't
- 8 have another one scheduled. I think, yeah, I won't say
- 9 one way or the other until we see all the comments.
- But, you know, if there are big issues that
- 11 remain unresolved, then that's an option.
- 12 MR. ASHUCKIAN: And I would like to add that at
- 13 this moment we're still planning to go forward with
- 14 emergency rulemaking to suspend the 5,000 square foot
- 15 requirement.
- 16 MR. WALSH: Do you have any idea when that will
- 17 be released?
- 18 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Within a week or two, I believe,
- 19 is when we're planning to post the rulemaking, the
- 20 notice.
- MR. WALSH: Okay.
- 22 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Maybe even today or tomorrow for
- 23 the notice.
- MR. WALSH: Thank you.
- 25 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great, thank you.

- 1 MS. LONDON: Jody London, Local Government
- 2 Sustainable Energy Coalition. Just to emphasize what
- 3 Neal DeSnoo was saying, we definitely -- local
- 4 governments would definitely like to have access to this
- 5 data.
- 6 It was interesting to hear the person from PG&E
- 7 describing how PG&E wants to use the data to go after
- 8 specific customers with high energy use.
- 9 We, as local governments, want the information
- 10 for those same purposes because we're implementing
- 11 locally mandated energy plans and climate action plans.
- 12 And I know you all are aware of that, but I just want to
- 13 state that really explicitly that local governments are
- 14 working very hard to comply with AB 32 to help the State
- 15 reach its goals.
- 16 But we find ourselves, you know, boxed in by our
- 17 inability to access this data. So, we really support
- 18 where you're going and we look forward to more
- 19 discussion.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Thanks, Jody.
- 21 Actually, on that note I had a question for
- 22 Cheri, actually. So, SMUD isn't actually part of the
- 23 city per se, right? I mean, you're a separate entity
- 24 with a separate governing board?
- MS. DAVIS: Correct.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: So, I guess, what's
- 2 your relationship in this respect with the city as they
- 3 develop their climate action plan and implement it?
- 4 You know, is there information sharing that goes
- 5 along, you know, energy consumption of SMUD customers
- 6 between you and the city or is there kind of a, you
- 7 know, actionable -- is there an action plan or, you
- 8 know, process for sort of helping the city sort of
- 9 understand its footprint and its residents' footprint?
- MS. DAVIS: Well, I can provide a partial
- 11 answer, just what I've experienced.
- 12 GreenWise was requesting information and we
- 13 declined to provide it. This was information about
- 14 specific buildings and their energy usage.
- 15 And we said, the only way we can disclose that
- 16 information to you is if you get a customer release
- 17 form.
- 18 So, in that sense I would say, no, we're not
- 19 giving them building-specific information.
- 20 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: But GreenWise is not
- 21 part of the City of Sacramento, right? It's a nonprofit
- 22 or something, or I guess I'm not sure.
- MS. DAVIS: Right. I suspect we would take the
- 24 same position with the City of Sacramento, but I'm not
- 25 positive about that.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, right. I mean
- 2 the question that Jody brought up I think is -- you
- 3 know, it's a good one, right. The cities have --
- 4 they're on the hook for things that actually are -- you
- 5 know, that energy is a big part of.
- 6 So, you know, climate planning being kind of the
- 7 main front and center, land use planning,
- 8 transportation, all that kind of stuff.
- 9 So, you know, this is not necessarily the core
- 10 part of making 1103 work in its narrow construction, but
- 11 I think it is an important topic to sort of get
- 12 everybody the tools they need to forward with knowledge.
- But anyway, thanks.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, I think we can move to any
- 15 closing comments that the Commissioners might have.
- 16 Oh, I'm sorry, Tony.
- MR. ANDREONI: Thank you, David. This is Tony
- 18 Andreoni with CMUA.
- 19 And I just want to add a couple of things from
- 20 what L.A. and SMUD mentioned earlier. Obviously,
- 21 they're our two largest members within CMUA.
- But I want to make sure, as we move forward,
- 23 should some type of IOU/POU future database development
- 24 be constructed in some way, there are a number of other,
- 25 you know, 30 plus utilities out there that are medium

- 1 and small that would have to somehow, possibly, work
- 2 within that regime. So that's something, although
- 3 they're not here to day to speak about that, I know many
- 4 of them are listening on the phone and would want to be
- 5 involved in that process. So, I just wanted to add
- 6 that.
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: I appreciate that.
- 8 And, certainly, you know, the goal is to get some
- 9 economies of scale such that it's less effort for each,
- 10 not more, right. So, I know that's often your members'
- 11 concern and, you know, totally hear that, so thanks.
- 12 MS. CLINTON: So, this is Jeanne Clinton. I'm
- 13 back for one quick question from the PUC. I'll just
- 14 pose this as a quickly formatted question.
- 15 Most of you have indicated that you incurred
- 16 substantial resource expenditures to support the
- 17 automation or engagement either with Portfolio Manager,
- 18 or with customers. There's IT, there's customer
- 19 training, there's outreach to your own staff.
- 20 I'm just curious, and I'll just ask this as a
- 21 quick question, to what extent do all of your
- 22 expenditures typically get charged to what I would call
- 23 customer service and billing accounting areas, or do
- 24 they tend to get charged to energy efficiency program
- 25 expenditures?

- 1 And I'll just do this quickly, a show of hands
- 2 to save time. In general for this stuff how much -- or
- 3 for each of you, just a show of hands, to what extent
- 4 are these kinds of costs being incurred on the customer
- 5 service and billing side of the house? One.
- 6 How many of you would say these costs are being
- 7 incurred under your energy efficiency portfolio budgets?
- 8 Two.
- 9 And SMUD and Edison are not responding.
- 10 MR. GALANTER: Well, I think ours was O&M, so
- 11 it's not customer service, per se, but it's --
- MS. CLINTON: O&M in general of the utility?
- 13 Okay.
- 14 MR. GALANTER: Half a million dollars.
- MS. CLINTON: And SMUD?
- 16 MS. DAVIS: I suspect the same thing. I'm
- 17 fairly certain it's not coming out of our energy
- 18 efficiency budget.
- 19 MS. CLINTON: General operations somehow?
- 20 50/50, that's San Diego.
- Okay, thank you.
- 22 MR. ASHUCKIAN: And we have one online comment
- 23 from Hilary Firestone.
- MS. FIRESTONE: Hi, can you hear me?
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: A little louder, please.

- 1 MS. FIRESTONE: Hi, everyone, this is Hilary
- 2 Firestone from the Mayor's Office in Los Angeles. I
- 3 just wanted to follow up on a couple of --
- 4 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hold on, Hilary,
- 5 we're trying to increase your volume. You're off in the
- 6 back of a cave somewhere.
- 7 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: If you're on speaker
- 8 phone --
- 9 MS. FIRESTONE: Is that better?
- 10 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: No.
- MS. FIRESTONE: I am not on a speaker phone.
- 12 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Okay. All right, well,
- 13 hang in there and we'll try to increase the volume.
- 14 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Try that again. Hilary?
- MS. FIRESTONE: Hello.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah.
- MS. FIRESTONE: Is that better?
- 18 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: That's better.
- MS. FIRESTONE: Okay, sorry about that.
- 20 So, I wanted to follow up on the point that Neal
- 21 made, from Berkeley, about how if aggregation thresholds
- 22 do get set that they should apply to local ordinances.
- 23 And so, this is more of a question. If the CEC
- 24 goes back and does -- modifies the rule, it's in the
- 25 context of AB 1103. So, would it be able to apply to

- 1 benchmarking and aggregated in general beyond that for
- 2 building owners? Or would there have to be another
- 3 process? This goes back to Use Case 7 of the PUC's
- 4 decision.
- 5 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah, I think we're going to
- 6 have to have a legal interpretation of that.
- 7 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, we're sort of
- 8 staring at each other. I mean to the extent that there
- 9 isn't a precedent then this -- then any decision we come
- 10 to might come to the fore just as the only precedent.
- 11 But I think it's likely it would require
- 12 discussion to see how widely applicable and if it's in
- 13 conflict with other things.
- 14 But, you know, so I think we can't really give
- 15 you a good answer to that. But, you know, hopefully,
- 16 we'll develop a decent record on this topic.
- 17 MR. STEVENS: Yeah, and this is Brian from the
- 18 PUC. I interpreted the Use Case 7 as being very narrow.
- 19 And what you just asked about is a big more broad than
- 20 that, so I don't think there really is definition around
- 21 it.
- MS. FIRESTONE: Okay.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Matthew?
- 24 MR. HARGROVE: I just have a quick comment on
- 25 the public buildings. Because of the way that 1103 is

- 1 written, public buildings, local and state, are not
- 2 included in this regime at all. And I think that the
- 3 Energy Commission might want to consider, you know, if
- 4 you change the trigger on this then that would include
- 5 the public buildings in this, which we think is very
- 6 important.
- 7 As many of these topics have been discussed in
- 8 the Legislature, public buildings are usually always
- 9 included. You've heard that the, you know, State and
- 10 other areas lead by example.
- 11 And because of the way that 1103 was designed
- 12 with the trigger, usually no public buildings are
- 13 included in it.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Good point, really
- 15 good point. And these same tools, you know, are
- 16 something public buildings ought to be using to comply
- 17 with the executive order, and et cetera, et cetera, or
- 18 to help benchmark.
- 19 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Just for clarification, too, if
- 20 folks -- four our Proposition 39 funds, when we give
- 21 money to schools, we require them to sign a letter of
- 22 consent to provide their public data, to publicize their
- 23 data.
- 24 So, for all the schools that received Prop. 39
- 25 money, that's no longer an issue.

- 1 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: It's not to publicize
- 2 their data. It's to submit their data. They will
- 3 provide it to us so that we can do the ENV and
- 4 understand the schools better in terms of their
- 5 evolution of energy.
- 6 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, any more comments?
- 7 MR. SAXTON: This is Pat Saxton. I was just
- 8 going to say I don't have the website handy, and it may
- 9 be by agency level, but State electricity usage is
- 10 actually disclosed on a website. It may not be by
- 11 building at this point.
- 12 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Hey, Tony.
- MR. ANDREONI: I'm sorry, I just have to add one
- 14 other thing. This is Tony Andreoni, again, at CMUA.
- 15 Since Dave brought up Prop 39, and as time goes
- 16 on many of our members are also going to be providing
- 17 data, in some form. If we're going to reexamine the
- 18 amount of data, and the type of data, and the database
- 19 itself, however the CEC foresees moving forward, it
- 20 would be good somehow to maybe join the two, 1103 and
- 21 Prop 39, since we are providing data on schools.
- 22 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, I mean that's
- 23 partly the reason why there's been a theme throughout on
- 24 the DOE tools, generally. So, you've got Portfolio
- 25 Manager, you've got the SEED, you've got the BEDES, you

- 1 know, the exchange protocol.
- 2 So, there's some potential for making those
- 3 interoperable and sort of trying to use them to make
- 4 life easier for everybody.
- 5 So, we're trying to do that for Prop 39 and the
- 6 question is how much -- I mean what other areas could we
- 7 extend that into?
- 8 So, obviously, always with a pragmatic of kind
- 9 of trying to use them for the right -- to get to the end
- 10 goal and streamline as much as possible.
- But it's a good point, thanks.
- MR. ASHUCKIAN: Okay, closing remarks by the
- 13 Commissioners.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Yeah, so long day,
- 15 very productive day, I think. I'm really happy and I'm
- 16 really grateful for everybody who came. You know, this
- 17 panel and the previous panels, thank you very much for
- 18 your participation. And all, you know, the good
- 19 interaction that we had I think is very valuable.
- 20 Different perspectives in some measure but,
- 21 actually, you know, I think quite a bit of alignment in
- 22 terms of where we need to go as a State. And, you know,
- 23 a little bit less so, but still quite a bit as to 1103,
- 24 itself, some of the particulars.
- 25 I'm going to kind of just talk, just mention a

- 1 few themes here. The local interest in disclosure and
- 2 in making 1103 a success, or disclosure activity and
- 3 benchmarking activities a success I think is quite
- 4 notable and very clear.
- 5 And this is on us, I think, work together and
- 6 make the program credible and widely utilized, and so
- 7 that's what we're trying to do.
- It was great to hear that there's a long-term
- 9 commitment from Energy Star, you know, again for
- 10 Portfolio Manager to keep it going, and evolving, and
- 11 updating periodically. So, that's a good start and I
- 12 think we heard that it's the right tool.
- We also heard from the various programs that
- 14 having some help resources and, you know, a help desk or
- 15 some kind of place to call for people who want to comply
- 16 is very important.
- We also heard about the kind of natural limits
- 18 that tend to fall out of analyses that the major
- 19 metropolitan areas are doing, whether it's 25,000 square
- 20 feet, 50,000 square feet and that kind of tiering. I
- 21 think that's an important kind of theme here.
- 22 That, you know, pragmatism has kind of ruled in
- 23 those areas and I think that's an example we should
- 24 certainly look at.
- We also heard that utilities are actually,

- 1 generally able to aggregate data behind the scenes. I
- 2 think that is technically possible. I think I'm
- 3 convinced of that, at least.
- And we also heard, you know, a lot about -- we
- 5 had a long discussion about sort of aggregation and the
- 6 limits there, and the thresholds, and I think that's a
- 7 fertile area for further discussion.
- 8 Certainly, I think the Commissions are
- 9 reasonably aligned on where we need to head there, and
- 10 many of the stakeholders, as well.
- 11 And I also just would note that, you know, the
- 12 other programs that we talked about in the morning
- 13 are -- there is a -- and much of the discussion here
- 14 acknowledges that there is a benefit to some kind of
- 15 public disclosure.
- Now, that's not what we're talking about with
- 17 1103, but I think long term with disclosure, you know,
- 18 there are some good examples out there that we heard
- 19 about. And the way Chicago has kind of phased, and
- 20 after a certain amount of reporting annual, kind of
- 21 pushing some high level data out there. It is
- 22 intriguing and I think makes a lot of sense for market
- 23 transformation.
- 24 So, you know, I think we need to move forward as
- 25 expeditious as we can. And if we're going to open this

- 1 rulemaking, we need to make that decision quickly. We
- 2 intend to.
- 3 And then when that does happen, if it does,
- 4 we're going to move forward quickly to get it to its
- 5 conclusion as quickly as we can.
- 6 So, really, I think we've had a lot of the right
- 7 stakeholders in the room today and, again, really
- 8 appreciate you're coming and participating.
- 9 And look forward to further interaction and
- 10 discussion as we try to flesh this out and really get --
- 11 sort of make meaningful progress on implementing 1103
- 12 and whatever comes beyond that under the umbrella of
- 13 758, or new legislation if and when that comes about.
- So, thanks again and I'll pass it to
- 15 Commissioner Douglas for her comments.
- 16 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Well, I just wanted to
- 17 join Commissioner McAllister in thanking everyone for
- 18 participating in this workshop.
- 19 This is a really important issue to the Energy
- 20 Commission and we want this program to work, and work
- 21 well, and work smoothly for everybody involved in it.
- 22 So, we clearly see and have heard that we're
- 23 going to have a really important role and we really need
- 24 to step up and help make that happened. We're prepared
- 25 to do that.

- 1 So, the first step was a workshop. The second
- 2 step is we will very much look forward to your comments
- 3 and we will look at them closely.
- 4 And the rest of this is to be continued, but
- 5 there's definitely going to be more process on this,
- 6 whether it is another informational workshop, or some
- 7 ideas for proposed reg changes and that type of
- 8 proceeding to be determined.
- 9 So, I also just want to thank Brian for being
- 10 here. I'm not sitting next to you so I wasn't able to
- 11 have any behind-the-dais dialogue. But it's really
- 12 helpful to have you here and appreciate it.
- MR. STEVENS: Yeah, thank you, as well.
- 14 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Great. So, let's
- 15 see, I guess I'll pass it back to you to talk about next
- 16 steps and we'll adjourn.
- 17 MR. ASHUCKIAN: Yeah, I just want to reiterate
- 18 that we'd like to have written comments by July 21st.
- 19 And there's a list serve, AB 1103.
- 20 And again, thank you all for attending. And we
- 21 look forward to your continued participation as we
- 22 continue to move forward on making modifications to this
- 23 program.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MC ALLISTER: Okay, thanks a lot
- 25 Dave, and Dan, Eric, Christine, and everybody on staff

1	for putting this together. And, you know, more to come
2	absolutely.
3	So, thanks everybody and we are adjourned.
4	(Thereupon, the Workshop was adjourned at
5	4:10 p.m.)
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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 26th day of July 2014.

Kent Odell CER\*\*00548

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