BEFORE THE CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

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Draft 2010 Integrated Energy Policy Report Update

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION
HEARING ROOM A
1516 NINTH STREET
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 2010 1:00 P.M.

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- 2 NOVEMBER 1, 2010 1:04 P.M.
- 3 MS. KOROSEC: All right, I think we'll get ready to
- 4 get started now. Good afternoon, everyone. I am Suzanne
- 5 Korosec. I manage the Energy Commission's Integrated Energy
- 6 Policy Report Unit. And welcome to today's IEPR Committee
- 7 Hearing on the Draft 2010 IEPR Update. For those of you who
- 8 may not have been here before, the restrooms are in the
- 9 atrium, out the double doors and to your left. We do have a
- 10 snack room on the second floor at the top of the atrium
- 11 stairs under the white awning, and if there's an emergency
- 12 and we need to evacuate the building, please follow the
- 13 staff to Roosevelt Park that is diagonal to the building and
- 14 wait there until we're told that it's safe to return.
- 15 Today's workshop is being broadcast through our
- 16 WebEx Conferencing System and parties should be aware that
- 17 you are being recorded. We'll make an audio recording
- 18 available on our website a few days after the workshop, and
- 19 we'll have a written transcript within about two weeks.
- We have a very simple agenda today, starting with
- 21 opening comments from the dais, followed by a brief overview
- 22 of the report, and then we'll move directly to public
- 23 comments. We'll take comments first from those of you here
- 24 in the room, and then we'll turn to the folks who are
- 25 participating on the WebEx. For those of you that are here,

- 1 please come up to the center podium and use the microphone
- 2 to make your comments, and it's also helpful if you can give
- 3 the transcriber your business card, so we can make sure your
- 4 name and affiliation are reflected correctly in the
- 5 transcript. WebEx participants can use the chat function to
- 6 let the WebEx Coordinator know that you have a question or
- 7 comment, and we'll open your line at the appropriate time.
- 8 We are also accepting written comments until close
- 9 of business November 8th, and the notice for today's hearing,
- 10 which is out on the table in the foyer, and also available
- 11 on our website, gives the process for submitting comments to
- 12 the docket. So, with that very brief housekeeping, I'll try
- 13 it over to the dais for opening remarks.
- 14 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Thank you, Ms. Korosec. This is
- 15 Karen Douglas, the Chair of the California Energy
- 16 Commission. I wanted to make very brief opening remarks.
- 17 This has been an incredibly busy and challenging year at the
- 18 Energy Commission for working to administer Recovery Act
- 19 money that we hadn't had to administer in the past, and
- 20 didn't frankly expect until quite late in the game when the
- 21 Recovery Act passed and was signed by the President. It's
- 22 also been really valuable to work with so many entities in
- 23 California through our PIER Program and AB 118 Program to
- 24 try to help maximize the benefit to California from the
- 25 competitive pots of money that were administered by the

- 1 Department of Energy. And, in particular, in certain areas
- 2 such as Smart Grid and electric vehicle infrastructure,
- 3 California did extraordinarily well. Finally, the Energy
- 4 Commission has been working under accelerated timelines to
- 5 site renewable energy projects that are trying to bring ARRA
- 6 incentives Recovery Act incentives that will allow them
- 7 to build in California and to get cash grant from Treasury
- 8 and potentially loan guarantees from the Department of
- 9 Energy. So, the Recovery Act has in all of these ways, and
- 10 in these different programs, has challenged us to take
- 11 advantage of these opportunities and has also provided what
- 12 I think will become lasting advances in energy efficiency
- 13 and policy in research and deployment of advance
- 14 technologies, and in particular, energy efficiency policies
- 15 and programs, especially those that help advance retrofits
- 16 of existing buildings, leading into the Energy Upgrade
- 17 California Program. I will also note that some of the
- 18 workforce training efforts that came forward through the
- 19 funding that the Energy Commission put into these programs
- 20 through, again, Recovery Act, the AB 118 Program, has also
- 21 led to an extraordinarily close partnership between the
- 22 Energy Commission and Workforce Training agencies in the
- 23 State and other constituencies in workforce training that I
- 24 think will benefit us for a long time to come.
- So, we bring this Draft out to hear public comment

- 1 and to hear your, the public's, thoughts about what has been
- 2 done, get your comments on what could be better in the
- 3 draft, what did we leave out, what policy implications you
- 4 take from this past year that might be reflected in the
- 5 draft. So, thanks for being here. I look forward to
- 6 hearing from the public. Commissioner.
- 7 COMMISSIONER BYRON: Thank you, Madam Chair. Is
- 8 this the first meeting in our newly refurbished Hearing Room
- 9 A?
- MS. KOROSEC: Yes, today is the test. So there may
- 11 be interesting things happening throughout the day
- 12 electronically, but we have a full staff on hand here to
- 13 make sure everything runs smoothly.
- 14 COMMISSIONER BYRON: Look at the size of that screen
- 15 you're hiding behind there.
- 16 MS. KOROSEC: Yeah, I like this. I don't have to be
- 17 face to face with anybody.
- 18 COMMISSIONER BYRON: All right, well, I'm sure it
- 19 will all work fine. If not, I hope you'll understand and
- 20 bear with us. I think what's happened at the Federal level,
- 21 the actions that this Administration has taken to move money
- 22 to stimulate this economy, it was done quickly, it was done
- 23 in a big way, there's a lot of argument and discussion
- 24 around it, but I think not enough credit is being given to
- 25 the Administration and what they did. It significantly is

- 1 moving the needle and the economy, jobs, and technology.
- 2 It's not as much as we'd want, certainly, but we have seen
- 3 the impact of that and have discussed in a number of
- 4 workshops through the course of this year already, this
- 5 Commission has been fortunate enough, and I supposed cursed,
- 6 in having played a significant role in that, a great deal of
- 7 staff time has been devoted this over the last probably 18
- 8 months or so, at least, and of course, we don't do politics
- 9 here at this Commission, but tomorrow is a significant day,
- 10 as well, both at the Federal and State level, in determining
- 11 the direction on where a lot of things will be headed both
- 12 within our Congress and here in the State of California.
- 13 This IEPR Draft calls out the accomplishments of the
- 14 ARRA spending and how those funds have been used to
- 15 accelerate this State's meeting its energy policy goals. I
- 16 think it's been an extremely significant accomplishment.
- 17 But we're here today to see what you all think about that.
- 18 There's a lot of good effort that's gone on, on the part of
- 19 our staff, certainly the Chairman's Office over the last 18
- 20 months has been integrally involved in these activities, but
- 21 we're here today to hear from you. We really welcome and
- 22 value your input, that's part of our process here. Madam
- 23 Chair, I'm glad to be here and I'm eager to hear what folks
- 24 think about our Draft IEPR.
- 25 MS. KOROSEC: All right. I just want to give some

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- 1 brief background of the IEPR here. Public Resources Code
- 2 requires the Energy Commission to prepare an Integrated
- 3 Energy Policy Report, or IEPR, every two years in odd
- 4 numbered years, that assesses energy supply and demand,
- 5 energy production, delivery, and distribution, energy market
- 6 trends, and major energy challenges that are facing the
- 7 State. The Energy Commission is also required to prepare an
- 8 IEPR Update in even numbered years to address any new issues
- 9 that may have arisen since publication of the prior IEPR.
- 10 The first IEPR was published in 2003 and, with the adoption
- 11 of the 2010 IEPR Update, will have completed our fourth two-
- 12 year cycle.
- 13 This year, with the large influx of funding from the
- 14 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act into California, the
- 15 IEPR Committee chose to focus the 2010 IEPR Update on the
- 16 potential effects of that funding on California's energy
- 17 sectors, and how it will affect achievement of our energy
- 18 policy goals to increase energy efficiency in the use of
- 19 renewable resources, decrease our dependence on petroleum,
- 20 and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- 21 The IEPR Committee held six public workshops between
- 22 June and September that covered, first, Measurement,
- 23 Verification and Evaluation of ARRA funded projects, next
- 24 was ARRA funded State and local government building energy
- 25 efficiency retrofit programs, then Clean Tech projects that

- 1 are receiving Federal funding that the Energy Commission
- 2 assisted through its cost-share efforts, clean energy jobs
- 3 and workforce development, clean energy manufacturing, and
- 4 finally, ARRA funded residential and commercial energy
- 5 efficiency retrofit programs and the foundation that they're
- 6 going to be providing for the comprehensive program to
- 7 increase energy efficiency in existing buildings that is
- 8 required under Assembly Bill 758. ARRA is providing \$787
- 9 billion nationwide to create jobs, jumpstart the economy,
- 10 invest in long term growth, using tax cuts and benefits,
- 11 increased funding for education, healthcare, and entitlement
- 12 programs like extending unemployment benefits, and Federal
- 13 contracts, grants, and loans.
- 14 The Federal government allocated about five percent
- 15 of that funding to energy-related activities like increasing
- 16 energy efficiency, building the domestic renewable industry,
- 17 restructuring the transportation industry to increase global
- 18 competitiveness, cleaning up nuclear waste, modernizing the
- 19 electric grid, reducing GHG emissions through carbon capture
- 20 and storage, and scientific innovation and technology
- 21 research.
- California has been awarded approximately \$5 billion
- 23 of ARRA funds to date. Funds are coming from three main
- 24 sources, formula-based grants, direct awards through
- 25 competitive Federal solicitations or contracts, and loan

- 1 guarantees and clean energy tax credits. The \$808 million
- 2 in formula grants coming to California include the
- 3 Weatherization Assistance Program, the State Energy Program,
- 4 the Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program,
- 5 the State Energy Efficient Appliance Rebate Program, and
- 6 various State and local energy assurance and regulatory
- 7 assistance.
- 8 Direct awards through Federal solicitations or
- 9 contracts include funding for energy efficiency, renewable
- 10 energy, investments in the electric grid, transportation
- 11 electrification, advanced fuels and alternative fuels and
- 12 vehicles, carbon capture and storage, and innovative energy
- 13 research projects. Tax credits and loan quarantees include
- 14 payments for renewable energy generation and for clean
- 15 energy manufacturing, it also includes conditional loan
- 16 guarantees for one solar plant, a solar PV manufacturing
- 17 plant, and an electric vehicle manufacturing plant.
- 18 So, the Energy Commission is directly administering
- 19 more than \$300 million in formula-based funding through four
- 20 programs, the State Energy Program, the Block Grant Program,
- 21 the Appliance Rebate Program, and the Energy Assurance
- 22 Initiative. Under the State Energy Program, we divided that
- 23 into six areas: Energy Upgrade California, which is a
- 24 comprehensive energy efficiency retrofit program for
- 25 existing residential, commercial, and municipal buildings;

- 1 the Energy Conservation Assistance Act loan program, which
- 2 provides low interest loans to cities, counties, special
- 3 districts, public schools, colleges, universities, public
- 4 care institutions and hospitals for energy generation
- 5 projects; the Department of General Services Energy
- 6 Efficient State Property Revolving Loan Fund, which provides
- 7 low interest loans for efficiency improvements to State
- 8 buildings; the Clean Energy Business Finance Program, which
- 9 provides low interest loans for clean tech manufacturing;
- 10 the Clean Energy Workforce Training Program, which is
- 11 designed to develop skilled workers that will be needed for
- 12 California's clean energy economy; and finally, Program
- 13 Support and Contracts, which is being used for auditing
- 14 Measurement, Verification & Evaluation for ARRA funded
- 15 projects.
- 16 Energy Upgrade California, the first program under
- 17 the State Energy Program funding is an umbrella program
- 18 developed in conjunction with the Public Utilities
- 19 Commission. It includes residential, municipal, and
- 20 commercial retrofit programs, along with a financing element
- 21 and administration. It is intended to provide a one-stop
- 22 shop for information about energy efficiency retrofit
- 23 activities throughout the State, and includes an integrated
- 24 web portal that provides information on financing options,
- 25 utility rebates, and complimentary State of Federal

- 1 programs, marketing, education, outreach, and quality
- 2 assurance, as well. I do want to mention that, not
- 3 including in the \$113 million shown for Energy Upgrade
- 4 California is about \$13 million that was used from the
- 5 discretionary portion of the Block Grant Program to ensure
- 6 broader coverage of the State for residential retrofit
- 7 activities although he funding is not included here,
- 8 programmatically that function will fit under Energy Upgrade
- 9 California.
- I also want to do a brief update when this report
- 11 was published, there was a note that there had been an
- 12 injunction filed against the Energy Commission's
- 13 administration of Energy Upgrade California, that was filed
- 14 by Western Riverside Council of Governments. On October
- 15 18th, the Energy Commission filed a Petition in the
- 16 California Court of Appeal 4th District, asking the Court to
- 17 overturn the Restraining Order and, on October 21st, the
- 18 Court did lift the Order; however, Western Riverside County
- 19 does have until the end of today to oppose the Energy
- 20 Commission's Petition to overturn that Order.
- Next, under the State Energy Program is the Energy
- 22 Conservation Assistance Act, or ECAA, Loan Program. This
- 23 provides loans for a variety of energy efficiency upgrades,
- 24 including lighting, HVAC, variable speed chillers, water
- 25 pumping, all to help local jurisdictions invest in energy

- 1 efficiency, save money, reduce their greenhouse gas
- 2 emissions, and also create jobs in industries in local
- 3 communities. This is a revolving loan program with
- 4 repayments that will be used to fund new projects and loan
- 5 recipients must repay the loans from their energy savings
- 6 within 15 years.
- 7 Next is the Department of General Services loan
- 8 program. This is supporting energy improvements in State-
- 9 owned buildings. Projects include lighting and HVAC
- 10 retrofits, replacements of control systems, water heaters,
- 11 boilers, other mechanical improvements. With electricity
- 12 costs for State buildings around about \$500 million a year,
- 13 meeting Governor Schwarzenegger's Executive Order that calls
- 14 for State buildings to be 20 percent more efficient by 2015
- 15 could save taxpayers up to \$100 million a year, and this
- 16 program is going to significantly contribute to that.
- While much of the focus of the State Energy Program
- 18 is on energy efficiency, the program also does include the
- 19 Clean Energy Business Finance Program, which provides low
- 20 interest loans to Clean Tech manufacturing facilities to
- 21 help really reverse the trend of job losses that we've been
- 22 seeing in this sector over the last decade. This program
- 23 has awarded about \$30 million to eight solar PV
- 24 manufacturing companies to either establish or expand their
- 25 PV manufacturing capability.

1	California is going to need an extensive and well-
2	trained workforce to step into the jobs that are being
3	created by the expansion of the State's Clean Energy Economy
4	that is resulting from ARRA funding. The Energy Commission
5	worked very closely with a wide variety of public and
6	private entities that had workforce development expertise to
7	establish the Clean Energy Workforce Training Program to
8	meet this need, and to prepare workers for energy-related
9	jobs in energy retrofits, operation and maintenance of small
10	and large scale renewable power plants, and also clean
11	transportation jobs.
12	The last segment of the State Energy Program is the
13	program support and contracts. The Energy Commission has a
14	very strong commitment to prevent waste, fraud, or abuse in
15	the use of ARRA funding, consistent with Federal direction,
16	and to ensure that ARRA funded projects are providing long
17	term benefits to taxpayers. We've contracted with Perry-
18	Smith LLP to review and make recommendations on our system
19	of internal controls and also to do financial reviews of
20	funding recipients, develop a project monitoring process,
21	and to evaluate the credit worthiness of awardees under the
22	Clean Energy Business Financing Program. A second contract
23	was awarded to KEMA, Inc. for an aggressive Measurement,
24	Verification & Evaluation effort. This will help verify
25	that projects are delivering benefits like jobs, GHG

- 1 emission reductions, and electricity and natural gas
- 2 savings.
- 3 So, in addition to the SEP, another formula-based
- 4 category is the Block Grant Program. This program provides
- 5 grants for cost-effective energy efficiency measures and,
- 6 under statute, at least 60 percent of the funding was
- 7 required to go to small cities and counties with a remainder
- 8 that could be awarded at the Energy Commission's discretion.
- 9 We have awarded actually about 70 percent of the funding
- 10 through 208 grant agreements with small cities and counties,
- 11 and, as I mentioned earlier, used the discretionary portion
- 12 of the funding to ensure broader State coverage for
- 13 residential retrofit programs. The Block Grant Program is
- 14 providing funds for energy efficiency improvements in street
- 15 lights, traffic signals, HVAC systems, and water pumping in
- 16 hundreds of cities and counties throughout the State. In
- 17 addition to the Block Grant funding that the Energy
- 18 Commission is administering, California also received more
- 19 than \$300 million for 332 direct formula grants from the DOE
- 20 for large cities and counties, as well as Native American
- 21 and Tribal organizations, and these projects are also going
- 22 to contribute towards our goal of achieving all cost-
- 23 effective energy efficiency in the State.
- 24 The third formula-based program is the State Energy
- 25 Efficiency Appliance Rebate Program, which for California is

- 1 Cash for Appliances. The DOE awarded funding to individual
- 2 states, along with the discretion for each state to
- 3 determine the scope of its own program, but they did limit
- 4 the use of the funding for appliance rebates. The Energy
- 5 Commission received \$35.2 million from DOE for its Cash for
- 6 Appliances Program, which began on April 22nd of this year.
- 7 It provides rebates for a variety of different appliances
- 8 and for HVAC systems.
- 9 Lastly, DOE provided ARRA funding to help State
- 10 Governments improve their Emergency Plans and ensure grid
- 11 resiliency. The Energy Commission has authorized contracts
- 12 to update California's Energy Assurance Plan, to include
- 13 recent technology advancements like the Smart Grid, to
- 14 develop a process for tracking energy supply disruptions,
- 15 and to conduct intra and interstate emergency planning
- 16 exercises. We've also authorized funding for contracts to
- 17 help local jurisdictions develop and upgrade their energy
- 18 assurance plans.
- 19 So, in addition to the formula-based funding,
- 20 California has been awarded more than \$1.4 billion of ARRA
- 21 funding through competitive Federal solicitations and
- 22 contracts. We recognize the tremendous opportunity to use
- 23 funding from our existing programs, most notably the public
- 24 interest energy research program and the alternative and
- 25 renewable fuel and vehicle program as cost-share funding to

- 1 bring additional stimulus funding to California. These
- 2 projects will help further California's research and clean
- 3 transportation agendas. These two programs provided more
- 4 than \$57 million matching funds, which helped leverage over
- 5 \$600 million in additional ARRA funding for California, as
- 6 well as more than a billion in private investment.
- 7 The third category of ARRA funding is the Federal
- 8 Tax Credits and Loan Guarantees. ARRA extended many of the
- 9 consumer tax credits that were originally introduced in the
- 10 Energy Policy Act of 2005, that will allow consumers to
- 11 receive tax credits for as much as 30 percent of the cost to
- 12 install renewable energy resources or energy efficiency
- 13 measures in existing residential buildings. Credits are
- 14 also available for certain types of plug-in electric
- 15 vehicles. ARRA also provides for companies to receive cash
- 16 assistance in lieu of the 30 percent tax credit for
- 17 renewable energy property, and there are 157 renewable
- 18 projects in California that have been awarded \$240 million
- 19 through this program, primarily for solar installations. In
- 20 addition to the tax credits, DOE is providing loan
- 21 guarantees that are financed through ARRA to support clean
- 22 energy projects that use innovative technologies. DOE has
- 23 made conditional awards, as I said, to three projects to
- 24 date, a solar plant, a solar manufacturing facility, and an
- 25 electric vehicle manufacturing facility.

1	There are also approximately 50 renewable plants
2	proposed in California that have either applied or indicated
3	their intent to apply for ARRA funding, including nine large
4	solar thermal plants that are under the Energy Commission's
5	power plant permitting jurisdiction. These power plants
6	represent about 40 percent of the 11,000 megawatts shown
7	here for all the renewable power plants that are being
8	proposed. We have worked very closely with other State and
9	Federal agencies to expedite the permitting process for
10	these nine facilities, to allow them to meet Federal
11	deadlines and qualify for ARRA funding, while still ensuring
12	that we do the appropriate environmental and engineering
13	review for each project. If built, these nine projects
14	could provide as much as 17 percent of our current targets
15	for the 33 percent renewable portfolio standard by 2020.
16	So, that is a brief overview of all of the programs
17	I want to talk just about the priorities we used in awarding
18	the funding. We had five distinct priorities, to stimulate
19	the economy, retain or create jobs in California, achieve
20	lasting and measurable energy benefits, spend money
21	efficiently with accountability and minimal administrative
22	burdens, contribute to meeting California's energy and

24 State, local, and private financing through various 25 partnerships.

environmental policy goals, and leverage other Federal,

23

1	So, consistent with the Federal goals, California's
2	top priority in awarding ARRA funding was really to
3	stimulate the economy and to provide jobs. Based on the
4	proposals that we've received from the projects receiving
5	awards, the formula-based programs are estimated to provide
6	about 6,000 jobs and leverage more than \$600 million in
7	additional private and public funding. We did choose to
8	devote a large portion of the formula-based funding on
9	energy efficiency programs because these programs do tend to
10	create more jobs per dollar than other energy investments.
11	They'll create jobs for unemployed construction workers who
12	can be retrained to do energy efficiency installations for
13	building auditors and raters, and for workers that are going
14	to be manufacturing the products that are going to be
15	installed. Also with manufacturing, the clean Energy
16	Business Finance Program will provide manufacturing jobs by
17	providing low interest loans to the manufacturing companies
18	that will create those jobs.
19	We also structured our programs to provide jobs and
20	economic benefits throughout the State, but particularly in
21	areas that are hardest hit by the economic downturn and had
22	the highest unemployment rates. ARRA funds coming to
23	California through competitive solicitations will also
24	provide important job and economic benefits through our PIER
25	Program. The Energy Commission is helping to bring nearly a

1	billion	dollars	to	California	to	upgrade	our	transmission
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- 2 infrastructure, create the Smart Grid of the future, and
- 3 this represents about a ten-fold increase in Smart Grid
- 4 research funding compared to past levels. This is going to
- 5 lead to manufacturing and installation jobs for Smart Grid
- 6 technologies and for products. Projects receiving cost
- 7 share funding through the Alternative and Renewable Fuel and
- 8 Vehicle Technology Program are also expected to create jobs,
- 9 approximately 1,300, and to bring more than \$100 million in
- 10 private investment to California to build the alternative
- 11 fuel and vehicle infrastructure that is going to be needed
- 12 to accommodate the large roll-out of alternative vehicles
- 13 that auto manufacturers are expecting in California over the
- 14 next decade.
- 15 The power plants under the Energy Commission's
- 16 siting jurisdiction that are seeking ARRA tax credits and
- 17 loan quarantees will also provide significant job and
- 18 economic benefits based on projections by the project
- 19 developers, these plants could provide more than 10,000
- 20 temporary construction jobs, nearly 1,400 full-time plant
- 21 operation jobs, along with more than \$300,000 in tax revenue
- 22 through property taxes and sales taxes. Projects also
- 23 expect to spend more than \$2 billion in materials purchases
- 24 during construction, which will also help to benefit the
- 25 local economies. Further, manufacturing companies that are

- 1 receiving loan guarantees are expected to create another
- 2 200,000 jobs.
- 3 As I said, to provide the skilled training needed
- 4 for workers that will fill the jobs being created by these
- 5 ARRA funded programs, the Energy Commission created the
- 6 Clean Energy Workforce Training Program. This is the
- 7 largest State sponsored green jobs program in the nation,
- 8 and it is providing training to more than 9,000
- 9 participants, and is also establishing ongoing curricula at
- 10 community colleges so that the training will continue to
- 11 turn out workers that will be able to fill the jobs in the
- 12 clean energy economy.
- 13 The second priority was achieving lasting and
- 14 measurable energy benefits. Several of the formula based
- 15 programs will provide energy benefits now and in the future
- 16 through the use of revolving loans, or payments that are
- 17 recycled to fund new projects, ensuring that programs will
- 18 continue to provide benefits over the long term. Equipment
- 19 and measures funded through these projects often have useful
- 20 lives of as long as 25 years, which will continue the energy
- 21 savings long after the loans have been repaid. The Block
- 22 Grant Program is funding improvements in street lights,
- 23 traffic signals, HVAC systems, and water pumping in cities
- 24 throughout the State, and these improvements will also
- 25 continue to provide energy savings long into the future.

1	The Clean Energy Business Financing Program also
2	provides revolving loans and is funding expansion of solar
3	PV manufacturing capacity that will reduce the cost of these
4	technologies over time, and also provide the generating
5	capacity to meet the State's goals of installing 3,000
6	megawatts of rooftop PV by the end of 2016. The cost share
7	funding provided by the Energy Commission is supporting
8	investments in transmission and alternative vehicle
9	infrastructure that will provide benefits for decades and
10	encourage new investment, and the investments in electricity
11	generation infrastructure through the tax credits and loan
12	guarantees are going to provide a significant amount of the
13	renewable generation we need to meet our RPS goals. These
14	power plants also have long useful lives, often as long as
15	30 years, which will continue to provide the renewable
16	generation that we need to reduce our dependence on natural
17	gas, provide air quality benefits, and reduce GHG emissions
18	from the electricity sector.
19	In designing our ARRA funding programs, the Energy
20	Commission had a strong commitment to spending money
21	efficiently, with accountability and minimal administrative
22	burdens. We used existing programs and processes, where
23	possible, with those that had a history of success, combined
24	with new and innovative programs that will deliver longer
25	term benefits to the economy, programs like ECAA, the DGS

- 1 Loan Fund, and the Workforce Training Program, were able to
- 2 very quickly distribute money, which minimized
- 3 administrative delays. The Energy Commission also worked
- 4 very closely with the California Legislature to get the
- 5 statutory authority to spend the ARRA funding and to
- 6 implement new programs using guidelines, rather than
- 7 regulations, which significantly shortened the time needed
- 8 to implement the programs. We also worked closely with
- 9 State Control agencies like the Department of General
- 10 Services and the Department of Finance to streamline State
- 11 contract solicitation processes and expedite contract review
- 12 and approval. To ensure accountability, the Energy
- 13 Commission conducted extensive public outreach through
- 14 workshops held throughout the State, to get stakeholder
- 15 feedback, and buy-in on program designs and priorities, and
- 16 also to put in place contracts to improve the Commission's
- 17 internal controls and to do the Measurement, Verification &
- 18 Evaluation. The MV&E effort will go really beyond simple
- 19 confirmation of these job creation and GHG benefits, but it
- 20 will also provide insight into why some programs are more
- 21 effective than others, and so that knowledge can be applied
- 22 to future energy programs and standards.
- 23 The massive influx of ARRA funding really has the
- 24 potential to reshape California's energy landscape. It is
- 25 accelerating the timeline for meeting many of our energy and

- 1 environmental policy goals. And example, Energy Upgrade
- 2 California, the retrofit program will really help with our
- 3 goal of achieving all cost-effective energy efficiency in
- 4 the State by addressing many of the barriers to efficiency
- 5 in existing buildings. California already has stringent
- 6 efficiency standards for new buildings, but about 60 percent
- 7 of our existing residential buildings and a comparable
- 8 percentage of commercial buildings were built before the
- 9 standards, but these represent a huge untapped potential for
- 10 additional energy savings. Also, energy efficiency has been
- 11 identified by the Air Resources Board as the top strategy
- 12 for meeting GHG emissions, and it will also indirectly help
- 13 meet our RPS goals by reducing overall energy demand. And
- 14 since the RPS percentages are based on retail sales,
- 15 lowering that will lower the amount of renewable energy
- 16 needed to meet those goals.
- 17 The Clean Energy Business Finance Program is funding
- 18 PV manufacturing facilities. It will add nearly 500
- 19 megawatts of new PV capacity a year, which, as I mentioned,
- 20 is going to contribute to our solar initiative goals, and
- 21 the renewable power projects are going to contribute
- 22 significantly towards our RPS goals.
- 23 Cost share funding for Smart Grid technologies will
- 24 also contribute to California's energy environmental goals
- 25 by improving the reliability of the State's transmission

- 1 system, reducing peak energy demand, and helping to
- 2 integrate high levels of renewable resources into the
- 3 system. Similarly, transportation projects receiving match
- 4 funding will advance the goals of the Alternative and
- 5 Renewable Fuel and Vehicle Technology Program's Investment
- 6 Plan to reduce GHG emissions from the transportation sector
- 7 and to reduce petroleum fuel consumption.
- 8 And last, but not least, the Energy Commission was
- 9 committed to leveraging other Federal, State, local and
- 10 private financing through partnerships in awarding ARRA
- 11 funding. ARRA has led to an unprecedented level of
- 12 partnerships between Government and the private sector to
- 13 leverage funding and expertise, in developing the workforce
- 14 training program, we partnered with a wide variety of
- 15 agencies and other partners, including the Employment
- 16 Development Department, the Employment Training Panel, the
- 17 California Workforce Investment Board, Green Collar Jobs
- 18 Council, Community Colleges, local Workforce Investment
- 19 Boards, Labor Unions, Employers, and Trade and Community
- 20 Organizations. These partnerships really allowed the Energy
- 21 Commission to take advantage of the expertise in these State
- 22 agencies and other agencies to move funding out quickly, and
- 23 ensure the appropriate training was being provided for jobs
- 24 that are being created by the other ARRA programs. This
- 25 program is providing a crucial link between workforce

- 1 development and energy to ensure that the training programs
- 2 are providing the most relevant skills that are going to
- 3 meet the needs of business.
- 4 The Clean Energy Business Financing Program is also
- 5 an excellent example of a public private partnership that's
- 6 leveraging both financing and expertise from its program
- 7 partners, which include the California Business
- 8 Transportation and Housing Agency, State Treasurer's, and
- 9 Statewide Financial Development Corporations.
- 10 Energy Upgrade California, this is another massive
- 11 partnership effort between the Energy Commission, the PUC,
- 12 local governments, utilities, energy efficiency product
- 13 manufacturers, and others. It's going to wrap all
- 14 efficiency retrofit efforts under a single brand to reduce
- 15 confusion, and to create a one-stop-shop for consumers and
- 16 contractors. The retrofit programs under Energy Upgrade
- 17 California are leveraging nearly \$500 million of additional
- 18 public and private funding. Local jurisdictions that
- 19 receive ECAA loans were also allowed to apply for Block
- 20 Grants to make their projects as cost-effective as possible,
- 21 and they are leveraging more than \$9.5 million in additional
- 22 private funding, which represents about half again as much
- 23 as their total loan awards. Similarly, the Block Grant
- 24 recipients are leveraging about \$24 million, again, about
- 25 half again as much as the \$46 million that was awarded

- 1 through utility incentive programs and match funding. And
- 2 the Clean Energy Business Financing Program is leveraging
- 3 more than twice the amount of its ARRA funding, about \$85
- 4 million, from its program recipients.
- 5 For the competitive funding, as I mentioned earlier,
- 6 the Energy Commission used \$57 million in existing program
- 7 funding to leverage more than \$620 million of competitive
- 8 ARRA funding, and more than a billion in private investment,
- 9 and the cost share funding isn't simply bringing additional
- 10 ARRA funding to California; by partnering in these projects,
- 11 the Energy Commission now has a voice in shaping the
- 12 projects to ensure that they stand course, that they're
- 13 consistent with California's energy agenda, and that they
- 14 deliver sustainable benefits to California.
- 15 That was a very quick run-through of the programs
- 16 and priorities, so just a quick summary. We are receiving
- 17 funding through three venues, formula grants, competitive
- 18 solicitations, and tax credits. Our funding is being
- 19 administered through a suite of programs that combine first
- 20 strike programs to get money out the door quickly, combined
- 21 with new and innovative programs that will deliver long term
- 22 and sustainable jobs, economic benefits, energy savings, and
- 23 GHG reductions. ARRA funded projects will help overcome
- 24 many of the barriers to clean energy development in
- 25 California, including costs, financing, consumer awareness,

- 1 quality assurance, and workforce development. ARRA is
- 2 providing the workforce that's needed to implement
- 3 California's energy programs at the scale that will be
- 4 needed to achieve the State's aggressive energy policy
- 5 goals, and is funding the manufacturing needed to encourage
- 6 companies to locate in and to remain in California. ARRA is
- 7 also providing the foundation for future energy programs and
- 8 the essential infrastructure that's needed to support clean
- 9 energy development in California. And through our
- 10 Measurement, Verification & Evaluation effort, we're going
- 11 to ensure that these projects are delivering the jobs, the
- 12 energy savings, and the greenhouse gas reductions that will
- 13 contribute to the market transformation we expect to see
- 14 with this influx of ARRA funding. So, with that, I would be
- 15 happy to take any questions.
- 16 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: No questions from here.
- MS. KOROSEC: All right, if nothing from the dais,
- 18 then I think we should just go directly, then, into public
- 19 comments. If anybody would like to make a comment, just
- 20 please come up to the center podium and give your name and
- 21 affiliation for the record.
- MR. ALVAREZ: So I guess it's a new PA system. Do I
- 23 have to worry about anything here? Good morning, my name is
- 24 Manuel Alvarez. I'm with Southern California Edison. I
- 25 actually just have a couple of things that I want to bring

- 1 to the Committee's attention. Actually, I'm very pleased
- 2 with the report. This document basically puts the entire
- 3 ARRA funding activity in one perspective, and it was always
- 4 hard to get a handle on that activity, so I think you've
- 5 accomplished a lot here. But the three items I want to
- 6 bring to your attention, the first one deals with the
- 7 question of workforce impacts. I think the Committee is
- 8 aware that there is work being done jointly by the utilities
- 9 and the Public Utilities Commission in trying to estimate
- 10 those impacts, and we'll be providing you some comments, but
- 11 there are still some uncompleted work in that activity that
- 12 I think the Committee will have to take into account as it
- 13 deals with the final impacts on what the workforce
- 14 consequences are, so I just kind of direct your attention to
- 15 that particular piece of work that is being undertaken. The
- 16 second item relates to the power plant siting activities,
- 17 and the reference to the work on the lessons learned
- 18 process, we've heard about that activity for quite a bit now
- 19 and we understand that it's going to be undertaken more
- 20 thoroughly in the 2011 process, but we're looking forward to
- 21 participating and I think we have enough experience in this
- 22 last year to kind of share with the Committee the impacts,
- 23 consequences, and possible improvements that could be made.
- 24 The third item I want to bring to your attention is
- 25 something that the Chair brought up early in her comments,

- 1 and that is on the electric vehicles side. I think you'll -
- 2 and perhaps this is more of an observation that I'm making
- 3 from Southern California there is definitely a growing
- 4 interest, anxiety, and concern by at least Southern
- 5 California government about their role on the infrastructure
- 6 development for electric vehicle charging, and I just want
- 7 to keep that item on your attention for the next go-around.
- 8 There will probably be some discussions from local
- 9 governments in conjunction with the utility coming forward
- 10 and how that infrastructure is developed and advanced to
- 11 meet your goals. Thank you.
- 12 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Well, thank you, Manny, and
- 13 thanks for being the first to speak on our new system. Just
- 14 quickly, I appreciate your comments. Putting all of this
- 15 together in one document was not easy for us, so I can only
- 16 imagine how hard it would be for the public to track
- 17 everything going on with Stimulus dollars, so that's exactly
- 18 why we did this. I'm looking forward to working with you on
- 19 workforce impacts and siting, lessons learned, and you can
- 20 follow-up on your third item and let us know maybe what some
- 21 of the concerns are and how we can address them.
- COMMISSIONER BYRON: Mr. Alvarez, thank you. I've
- 23 got a quick question for you. I am not really aware of
- 24 what's going on with regard to workforce impacts at the PUC.
- 25 Could you give me a little bit more information around that,

- 1 please?
- MR. ALVAREZ: Well, there was a contract awarded by
- 3 the Public Utilities Commission to try to estimate what the
- 4 impacts of the workforce has undertaken, and there's a
- 5 contractor that's coordinating between the three utilities
- 6 and other parties in terms of trying to estimate that. They
- 7 were here at the workshop presenting you some of the
- 8 preliminary results, but their work hasn't been completed,
- 9 and so they're definitely curious about the final
- 10 conclusions that one would draw in this report when their
- 11 work is not completed. I'm not exactly sure of the timing
- 12 of when their studies are going to be done, but it's
- 13 something that you need to keep a look at in terms of what
- 14 the consequences are. But it gets into the realm of, at
- 15 times, perhaps just analysts disagreeing in terms of
- 16 references and assumptions and consequences of a particular
- 17 work, so that is kind of where the realm of discussion is
- 18 taking place. I don't believe it's a question of
- 19 disagreement in policy in terms of what work is being done.
- 20 COMMISSIONER BYRON: Okay, thank you.
- 21 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Thank you. I'm sure you'll bring
- 22 it to our attention when it's completed, not that others
- 23 won't. So, thank you.
- 24 MS. KOROSEC: Any other comments anyone would like
- 25 to make? Was the report that good that there's no need to

- 1 make any comments?
- 2 MR. WILSON: Just quickly, my name is Peter Wilson
- 3 and I'm with the Powerhouse Science Center, it's a new
- 4 project that we're building on the waterfront in Sacramento.
- 5 It's taking the old PG&E Powerhouse Building which has been
- 6 vacant since the '60s and turning it into a 69,000-square-
- 7 foot three facility science campus for stem education for
- 8 youth. We're exciting about this because we hope that we're
- 9 going to be able to educate the youth to hopefully step into
- 10 this workforce role and be able to create the workforce for
- 11 the alternative energy systems that are going to be in place
- 12 moving forward. We have some information that we'd love to
- 13 share with you guys if there is a place where we can leave
- 14 it.
- 15 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Well, thank you. And I'd love to
- 16 see it. Why don't you just bring it up here, or put it on
- 17 the corner there and we'll definitely get it. Perfect,
- 18 thank you. Any other public comment?
- 19 MS. KOROSEC: Let's go ahead and open up the WebEx
- 20 lines and see if we have any comments there. Donna, do you
- 21 want to go ahead and unmuted everyone's lines? All right,
- 22 anybody on the WebEx who would like to make a public
- 23 comment? All right, apparently not. So, all right, well
- 24 then I guess we're ready to go on to Next Steps here.
- 25 As I said earlier, written comments are due by 5:00

- 1 p.m. on November 8th. We plan to release the proposed final
- 2 report in mid-December, and it will be considered for
- 3 adoption at the CEC Business Meeting on December 29th.
- 4 Because of the short turnaround time between the Draft and
- 5 the Final Reports, I want to encourage parties to be as
- 6 specific as possible in your comments, with actual language
- 7 changes where possible, which would help things make it a
- 8 little bit easier for us to incorporate it for the report on
- 9 time. Would you like to make any closing comments,
- 10 Commissioners?
- 11 CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Not really. I hope that some
- 12 groups who, as you look at the Draft, have comments and
- 13 would like to point something out to us that we didn't cover
- 14 sufficiently, or there's new information that comes out,
- 15 please do submit written comments and we'd love to take them
- 16 into account. Commissioner Byron?
- 17 COMMISSIONER BYRON: Well, Ms. Korosec runs very
- 18 efficient workshops. Two things, one is, could you repeat
- 19 those dates again so everybody has them?
- 20 MS. KOROSEC: The dates are written comments are
- 21 due on November 8th, we will release the proposed Final
- 22 Report in mid-December, around the 14th, and it will be
- 23 considered for adoption at the December 29th Business
- 24 Meeting.
- COMMISSIONER BYRON: And I'll just solicit one more California Reporting, LLC

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1	time because I see a number of faces in the audience, if
2	there is anyone that wishes to make a public comment, now
3	would be a good time to do it. And I'm in no hurry. Madam
4	Chair, I'm a little - did you open up the WebEx?
5	MS. KOROSEC: It's open, go ahead and un-mute it.
6	COMMISSIONER BYRON: Any public comment on WebEx?
7	Okay. Madam Chair, I'm a little surprised that we didn't
8	get more public comment. We'll certainly welcome your
9	written comment, and I don't think I have anything more to
10	say with regard to the close of this workshop. I didn't
11	have time to write anything down.
12	CHAIRMAN DOUGLAS: Well, neither did I. All right,
13	well, we're adjourned. Thanks, everyone, for being here.
14	MS. KOROSEC: Thank you everybody for coming.
15	[Adjourned at 1:49 P.M.]
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