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TN #:	253094
Document Title:	Presentation - 2023 IEPR Forecast Overview and Transportation Forecast and Additional Achievable Transportation Electrificati
Description:	2023 IEPR Forecast Overview and Transportation Forecast and Additional Achievable Transportation Electrification (AATE) Presentations by 1. 2A. 2B. & 2C. Quentin Gee, Maggie Deng, Liz Pham, CEC
Filer:	Raquel Kravitz
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Transportation Energy Demand Forecast Results

Integrated Energy Policy Report Commissioner Workshop November 15, 2023

Acronyms, Initialisms, and Notes

- AATE Additional Achievable Transportation Electrification
- ACC2 Advanced Clean Cars II
- **BEV Battery Electric Vehicle**
- CAISO California Independent System Operator
- CARB California Air Resources Board
- CEC California Energy Commission
- CED California Energy Demand Forecast
- CEDU California Energy Demand Forecast Update
- DCFC Direct Current Fast Charging
- EAD Energy Assessments Division
- FZ Forecast Zone

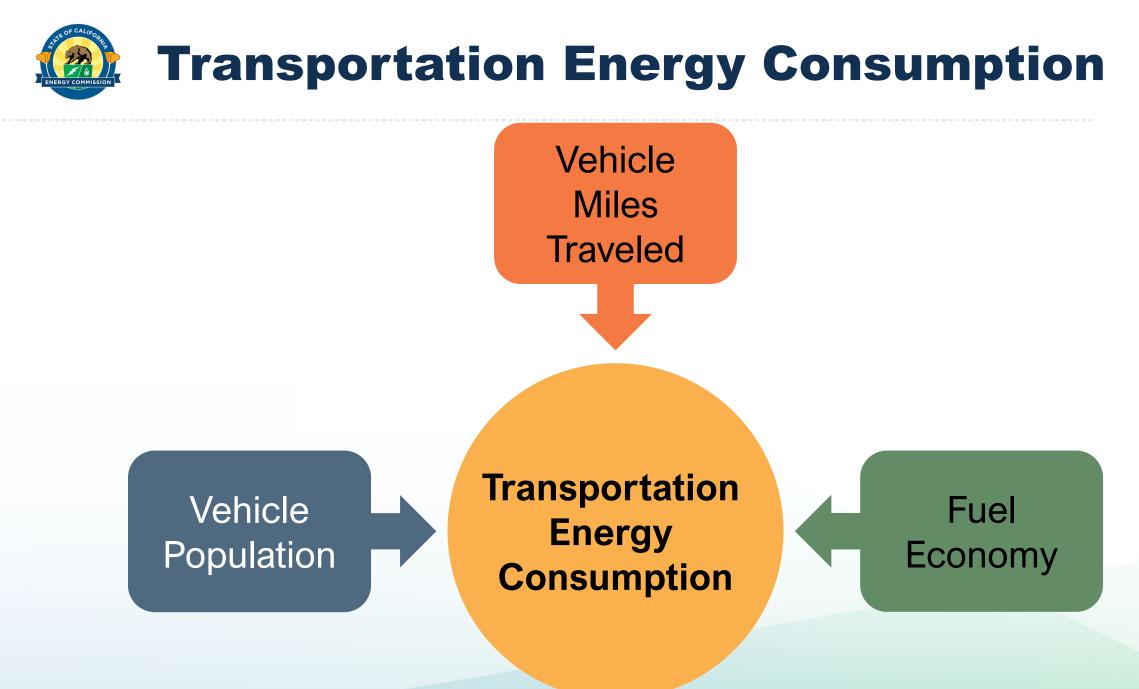
- GVWR Gross Vehicle Weight Rating
- ICE Internal Combustion Engine
- IEPR Integrated Energy Policy Report
- ICT 2022 Innovative Clean Transit Bus Inventory Report 2022
- LD Light-Duty
- MDHD Medium- and Heavy-Duty
- NEV Neighborhood Electric Vehicle
- PEV Plug-in Electric Vehicle (comprises BEV and PHEV)
- PHEV Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle
- ZEV Zero-Emission Vehicle
- **TEDF Transportation Energy Demand Forecast**

Note: Unless otherwise indicated, CEC staff developed all charts, data, and tables.



Statewide Electricity and LD Results

Quentin Gee, Transportation Energy Forecasting Unit Supervisor November 15, 2023



IEPR 2023 Updates to LD Models

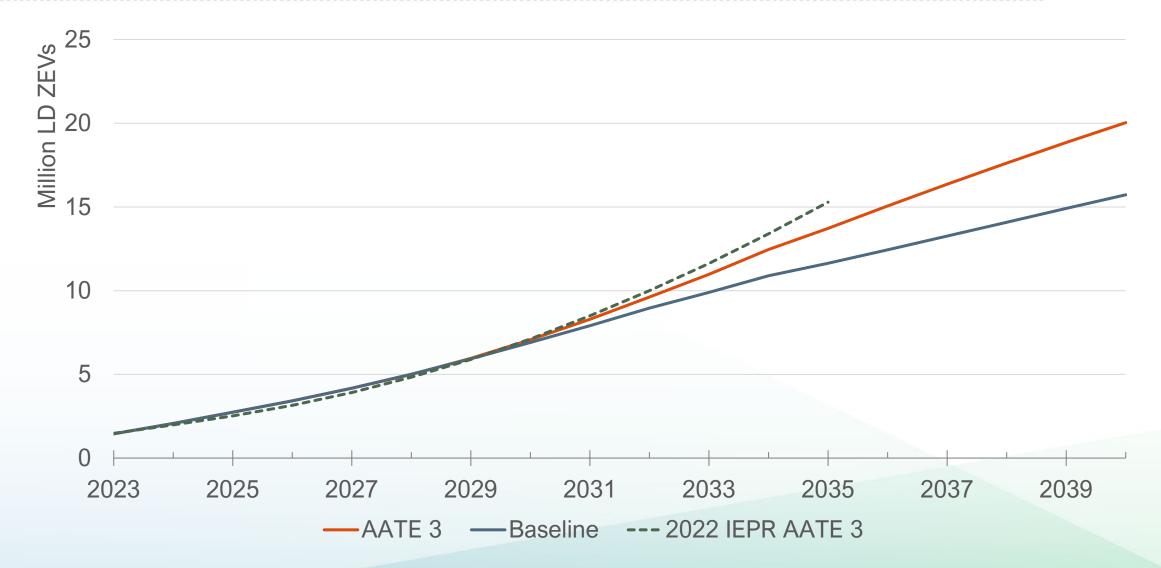
Light-Duty Models	Baseline Forecast	AATE Scenario 3
Personal Vehicle Choice, Commercial Vehicle Choice, Government, and Rental Models NEV	 Latest economic forecast from Moody's Analytics Latest DOF household forecast Revised fuel price forecast Revised vehicle ranges Updated vehicle prices Updated incentives 	 ACC2 Clean Miles Standard



Class 2b vehicles count as LD in CEC* modeling (GVWR 8,500 lbs. - 10,000 lbs.) assumed to be superseded by ACC2, as opposed to captured in ACF.

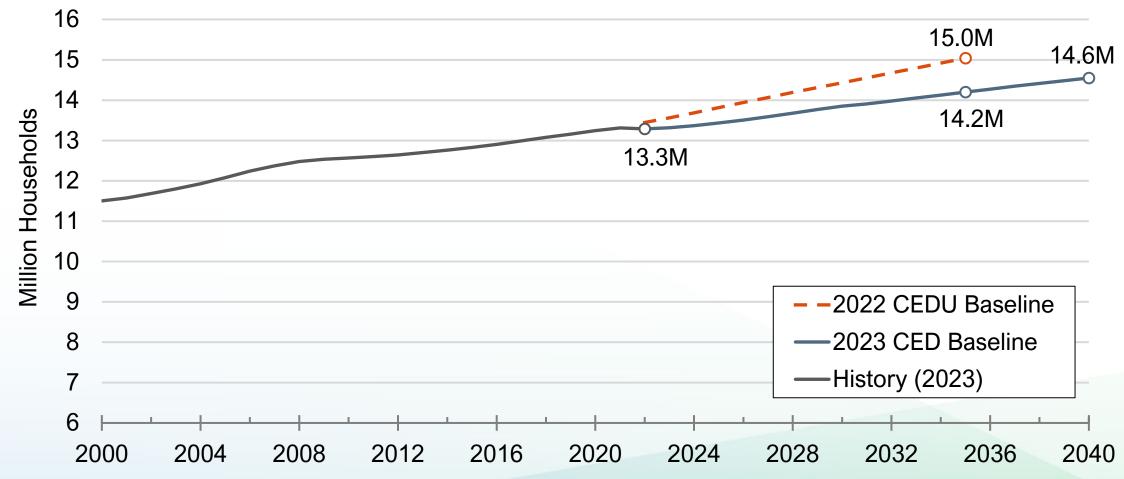
* The Federal Highway Administration and U.S. Census Bureau assign Class 2b vehicles as "light-duty" in addition to CEC. The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and California Air Resources Board classify Class 2b as "medium-duty passenger vehicles." See <u>Vehicle Weight Classes & Categories</u> for more information.

Baseline LD ZEV Population and Comparison of AATE 3 Results



Leading Driver of LD ZEV Difference Between 2022 and 2023 IEPRs

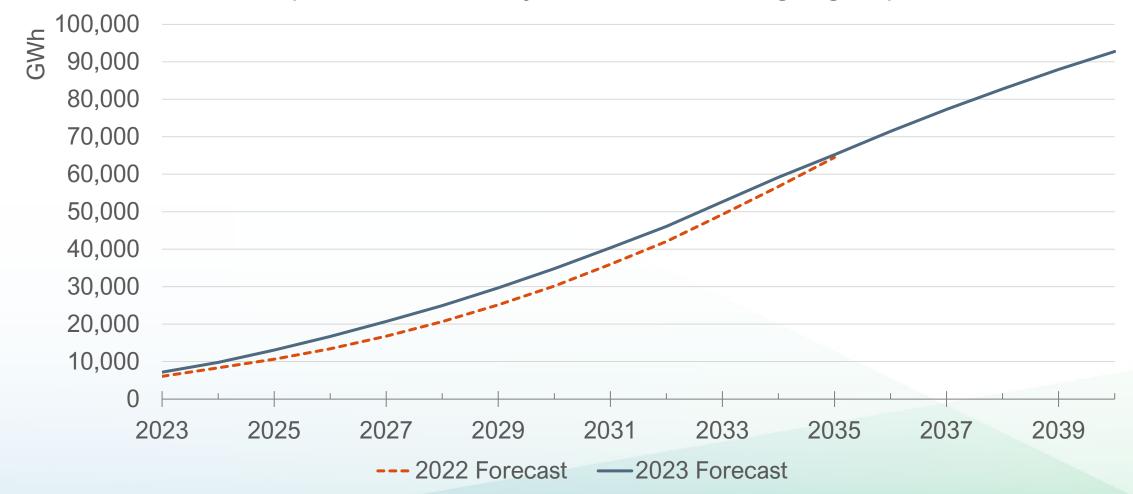
California Households



Source: CA Department of Finance

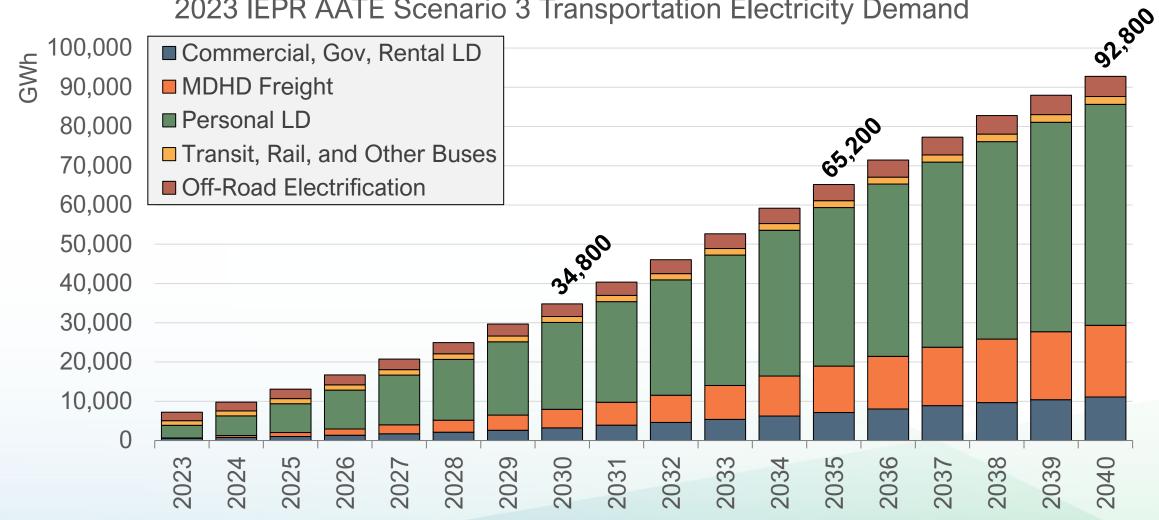
Total Transportation AATE 3 Electricity Demand Comparison

Total Transportation Electricity Demand, Excluding High-Speed Rail



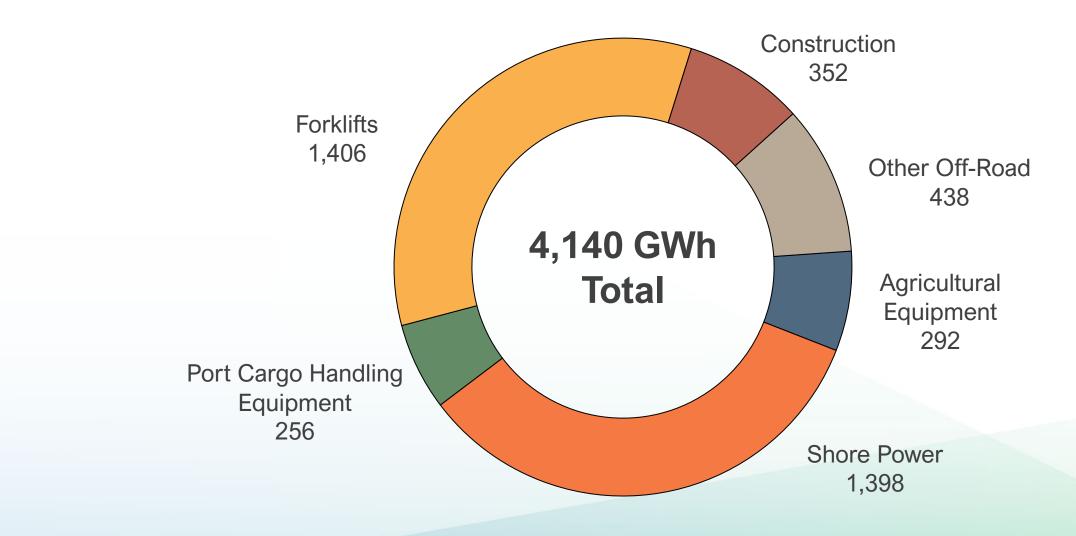
Electricity Demand Across Vehicle Categories

2023 IEPR AATE Scenario 3 Transportation Electricity Demand



Note: Off-Road Electrification is integrated into the baseline forecast, not treated as a load modifier 9





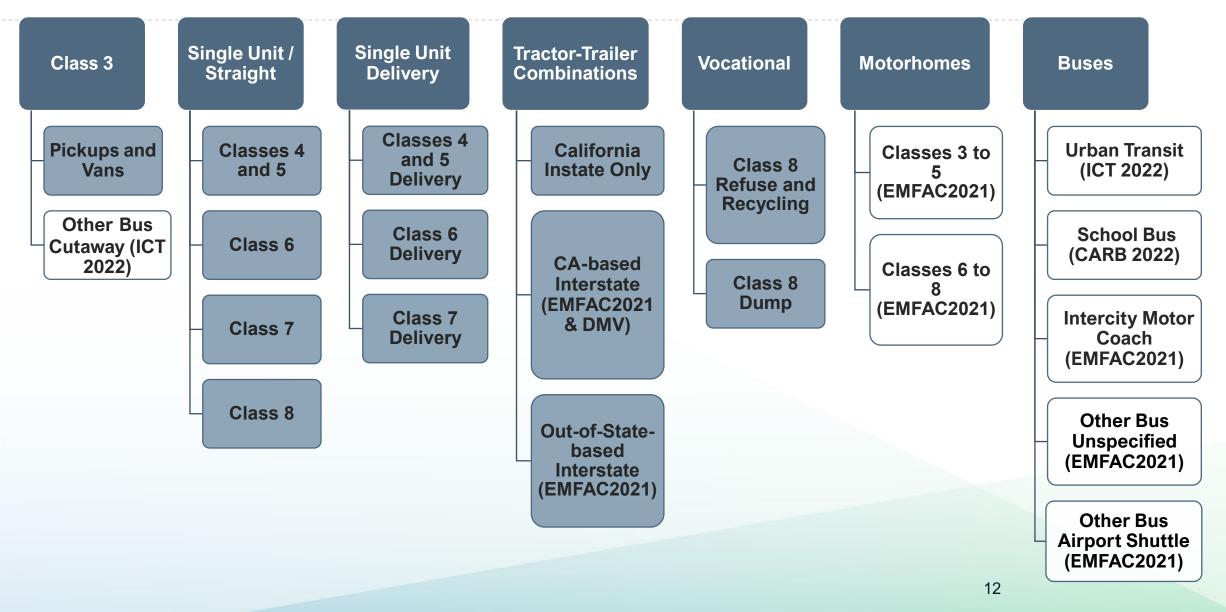


MDHD Updates and Results

Maggie Deng, MDHD Forecasting Lead

November 15, 2023





IEPR 2023 Updates to MDHD Models

MDHD Models	Baseline Forecast	AATE Scenario 3
Freight and Truck Choice Model	 Latest economic forecast from Moody's Analytics Revised fuel price forecast Updated truck price forecast Updated incentives forecast Calibration to 2022 historical truck stock Calibration to 2022 historical diesel sales 	 New CARB ACF ZEV requirements Implemented ICE cutoff beginning 2036 to reflect manufacturer sales mandate under ACF
OtherBus, Urban/Intercity Travel Choice Models (MDHD components)	 Calibration to 2022 historical fuel consumption Econ/Demo forecast Revised fuel price forecast Updated public transit funding/ ridership (bus and rail) forecast Updated ICT bus rollout forecast New Zero-Emission School Bus purchase requirements 	

Policies, Programs, Incentives, and Regulations for MDHD Vehicles

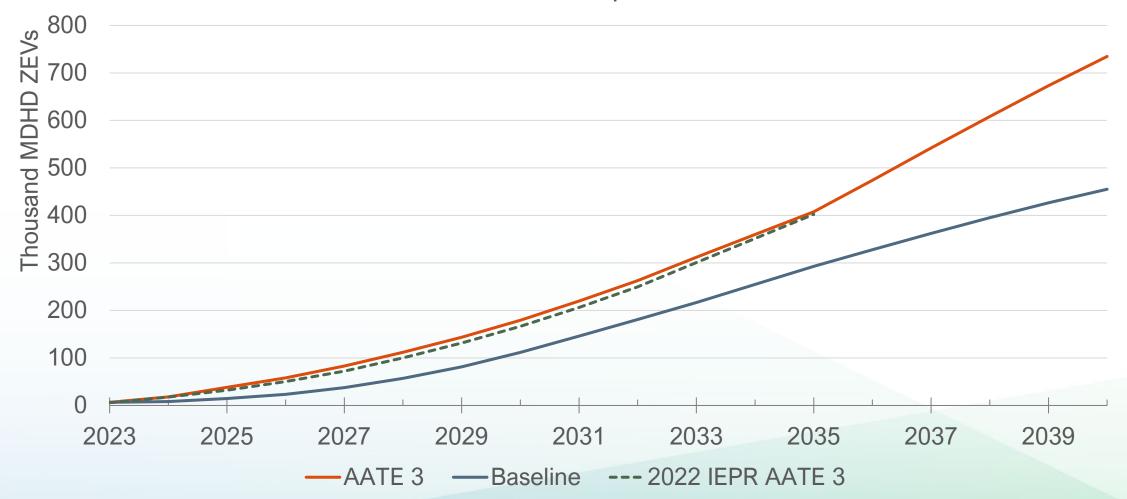
TEDF Baseline Forecast	TEDF AATE Scenario 3 (Policies <u>in Addition</u> <u>to</u> the Baseline Forecast)
 Advanced Clean Trucks (ACT) Commercial Clean Vehicle Tax Credit (IRS code 45W) California Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck & Bus Voucher Incentive Project (HVIP) California Innovative Clean Transit (ICT) California Electric School Bus Commercial Harbor Craft (public transit ferryboats only) California In-Use Locomotives (passenger trains only) 	 Advanced Clean Fleets (ACF) > Fleet ZEV requirements > 100 percent ZEV sales 2036+

Models for MDHD vehicles:

Freight and Truck Choice Model, OtherBus, and Urban/Intercity MDHD Travel Choice Models

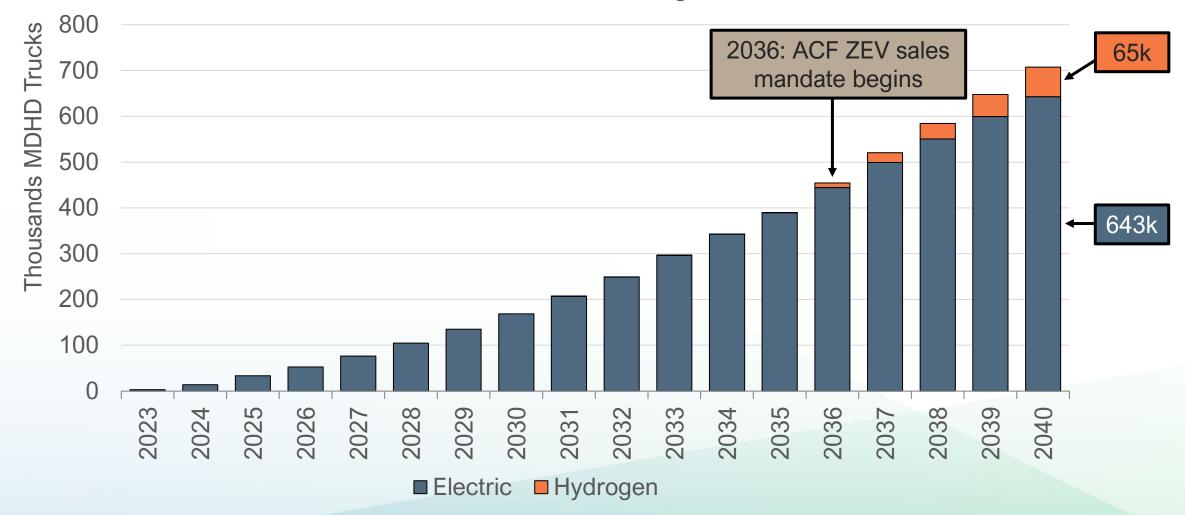


2023 IEPR MDHD ZEV Results Compared with 2022 IEPR AATE 3





IEPR 2023 AATE 3 Zero-Emission Freight Truck Stock

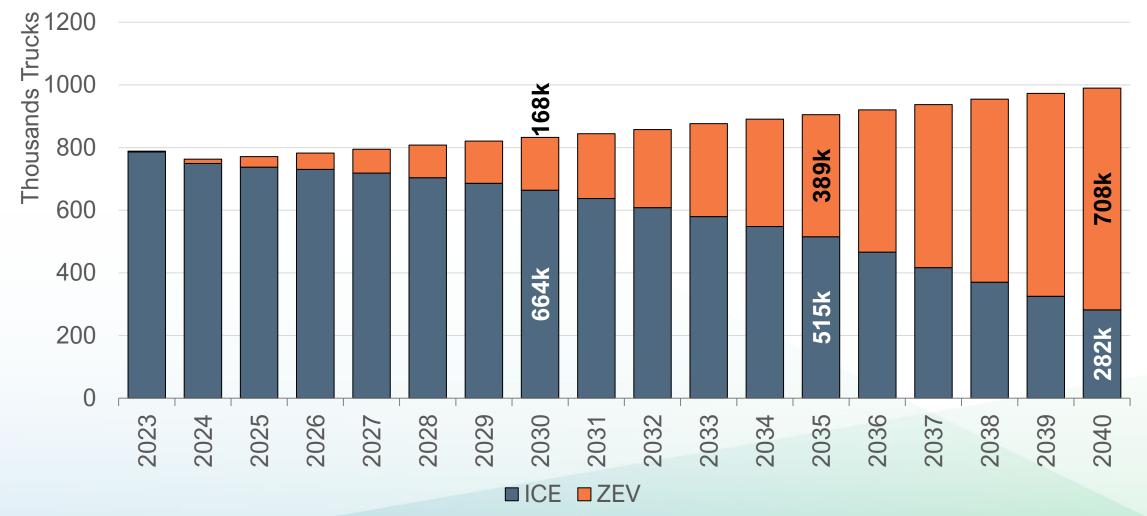


Hydrogen Trucks in 2023 IEPR AATE 3

- Notable increase in FCEVs for this year's AATE 3 compared to 2022 IEPR AATE 3, beginning in 2036.
 - Due to 100 percent MDHD ZEV sales requirement for 2036 and beyond, BEV and FCEV become the only options from 2036 onwards in the Freight and Truck Choice Model.
- Fuel price forecast updated to reflect recent trends in hydrogen prices.
- FCEVs only available for GVWR 6 and certain types of GVWR 8, based on market research.
- Model assumes hydrogen fueling infrastructure will be available.



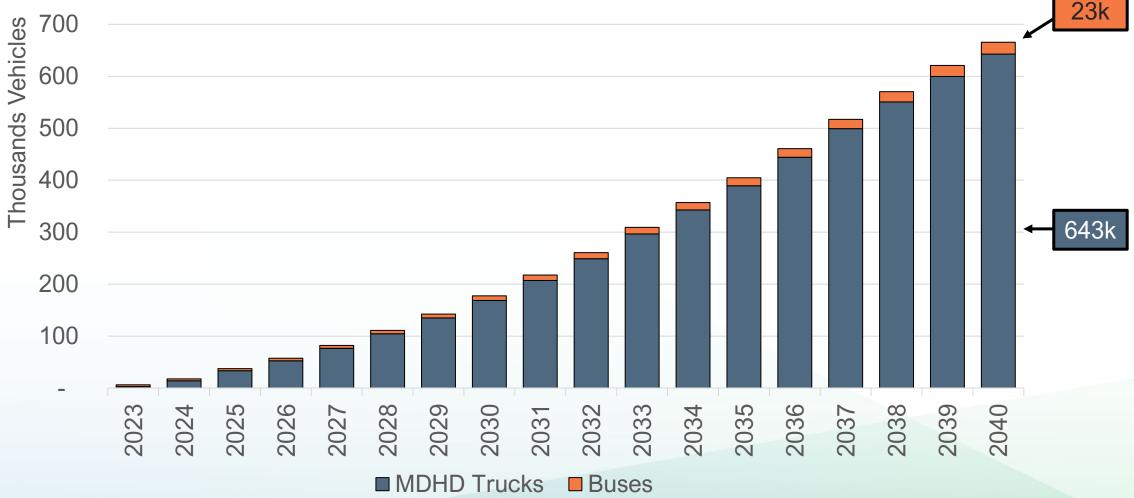
IEPR 2023 AATE 3 Truck Stock



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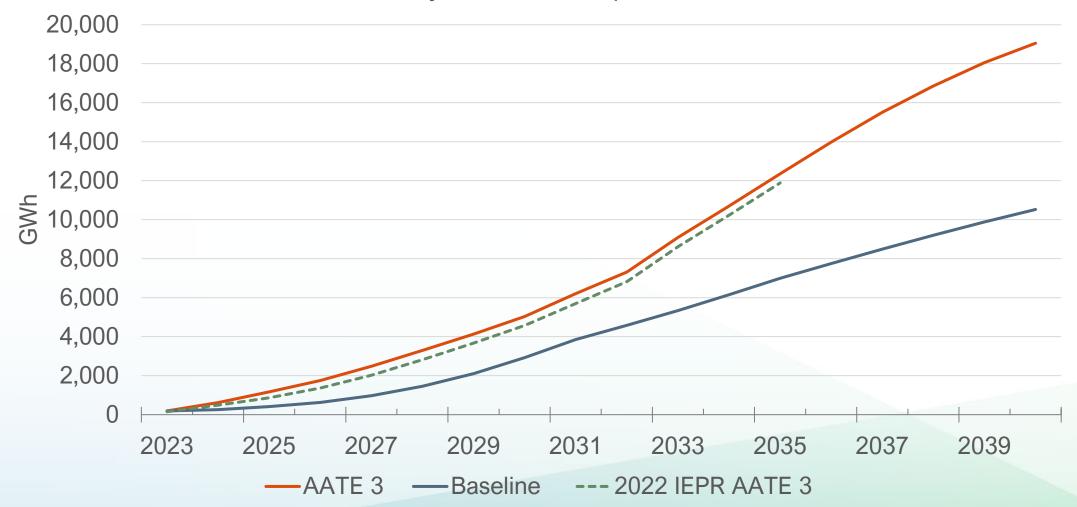






MDHD Electricity Demand 2023 IEPR Compared to 2022 IEPR

2023 IEPR MDHD Electricity Demand Compared with 2022 IEPR AATE 3





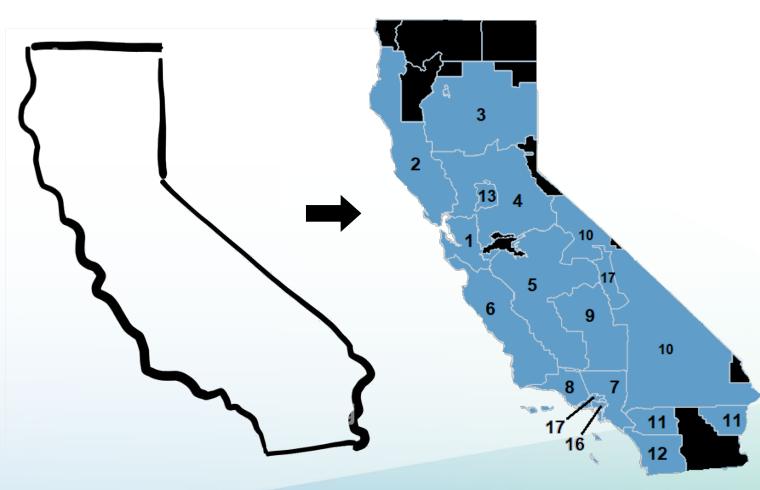
Regional Energy Allocation and Load Shapes

Liz Pham

November 15, 2023



- CEC Forecast Zone ArcGIS



Forecast Zone			Planning Area		
1.	Greater Bay Area	1.	PG&E		
2.	North Coast				
3.	North Valley				
4.	Central Valley				
5.	Southern Valley				
6.	Central Coast				
7.	LA Metro	2.	SCE		
8.	Big Creek West				
9.	Big Creek East				
10.	Northeast				
11.	Eastern				
12.	SDG&E	3.	SDG&E		
13.	SMUD	4.	SMUD		
16.	Coastal	5.	LADWP		
17.	Inland				



Methodology:

- > Used DMV registration to determine where energy was consumed.
- > Where someone was registered = where the vehicle was charged.
- Mostly home and in-city charging.

Inputs:

- EMFAC VMT (updated with EMFAC2021 v1.0.2)
- DMV registration (updated with 2022 vehicle population)
- Economic demographic:
 - Household (updated)
 - Income (updated)



- Improvements: considered enroute charging
 - Took 12.5% of the statewide and re-allocated based on enroute charging.
 - > We used major highway traffic data and people population density.
 - > Better distribute load for DCFC in more rural FZs and less in cities.

• Assumptions:

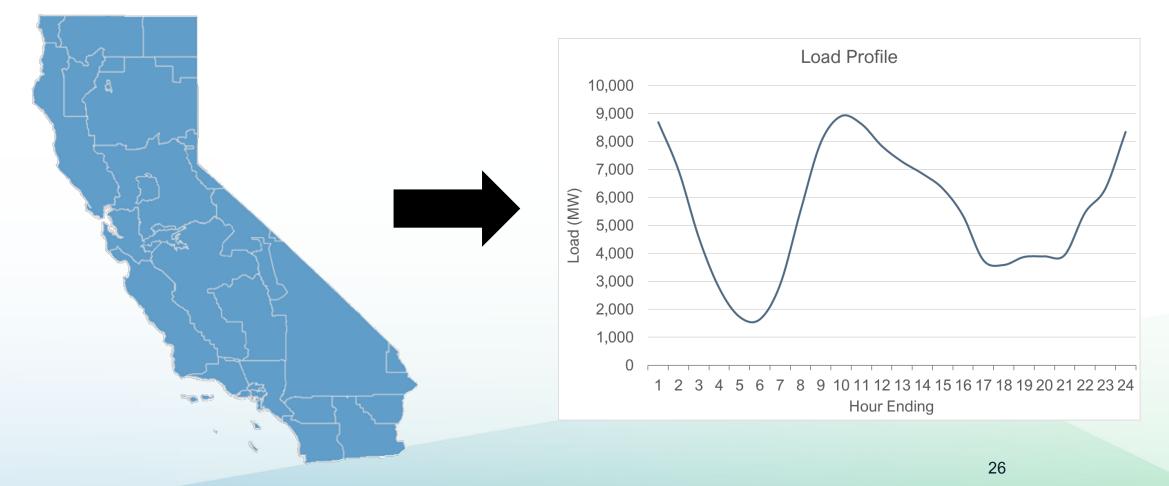
- 12.5% of statewide energy is from enroute charging and that it stays constant throughout the forecast years.
- DMV people are charging/using their vehicle where they are registered.



	Enroute allocation				Non-Enroute allocation	
Utility Region	2025	2030	2035	2	2040	2040
LADWP	742	2,281	4,324	↓	6,198	6,499
PG&E	3,290	10,017	18,820		26,738	25,912
SCE	2,988	8,917	16,443	↓	23,048	23,986
SDG&E	839	2,588	4,861	↓	6,870	7,188
SMUD	217	700	1,381		2,021	2,013
Others	243	812	1,638		2,433	1,710



- Statewide energy consumption -> Forecast Zone
- Forecast Zone (geographical) -> 8760 hours load profile (temporal)





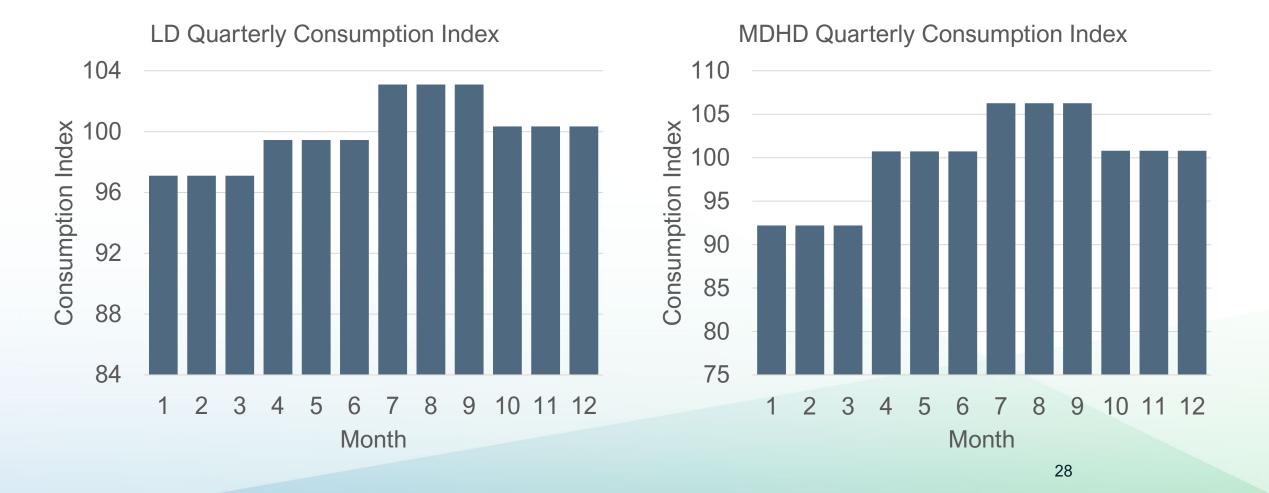
Methodology:

Takes base load shapes (chargepoint and LBNL) and shifts the load according to EV TOU rates, elasticity factor, and TOU participation.

- Inputs:
 - EV TOU rates for each utilities (updated as of Sept 2023)
 - Load Shapes (LDV 2017 Chargepoint, MDHD LBNL) (same)
 - Elasticity factor (same)
 - TOU participations (same)

Load Profile Updates: Seasonality

Seasonality improvements based on monthly gasoline and diesel sales tax from California Department of Tax and Fee Administration.



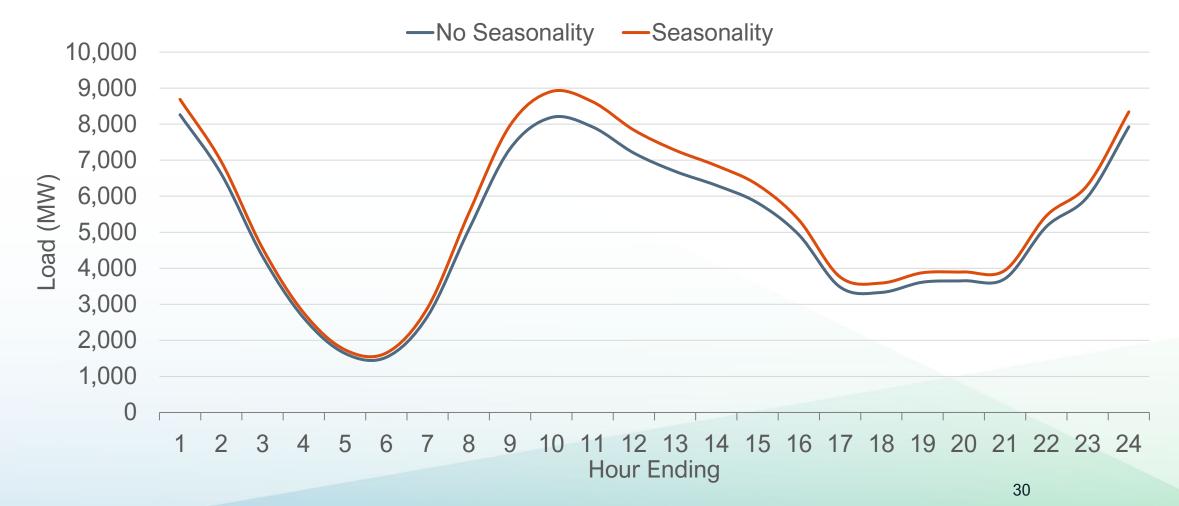
Seasonality Assumptions

Assumptions

- Gasoline sales tax informs LDV seasonal electricity demand.
- Diesel sales tax informs MDHD seasonal electricity demand.
- Load shapes, elasticity factor, TOU participations is the same in all Forecast Zones.
- > TOU rates stay the same throughout the forecast years.



2023 IEPR AATE 3 CAISO System Load for LD Vehicles 2035 Weekday in September



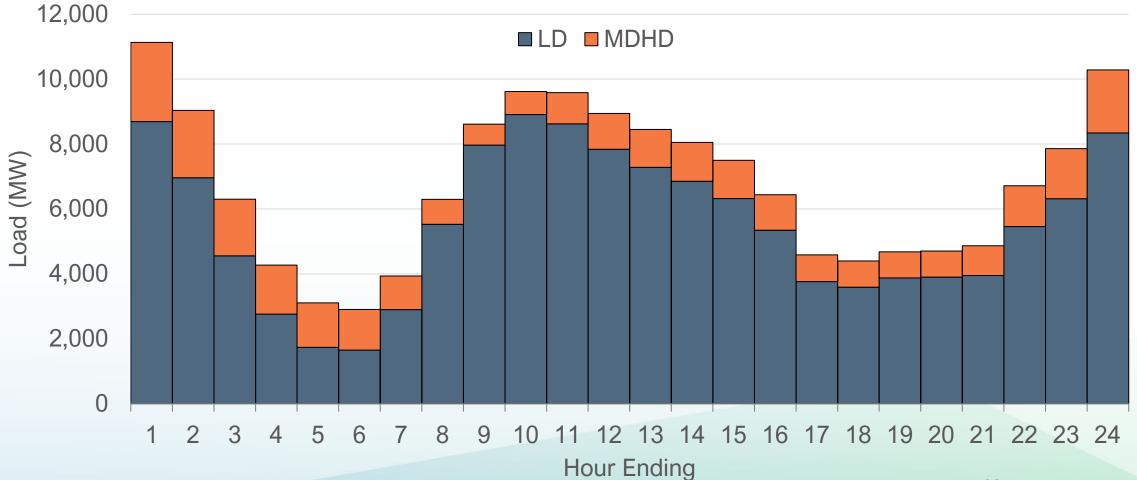


2023 IEPR AATE 3 CAISO System Load for MDHD 2035 Weekday in September





2023 IEPR AATE 3 CAISO System Load 2035 Weekday in September



Transportation Energy Forecasting Team Aniss Bahreinian Maggie Deng Jesse Gage Elena Giyenko Farzana Kabir Liz Pham Namita Saxena Ysbrand van der Werf (fuel prices) Quentin Gee (Supervisor)

Thank You!

Questions Via Email quentin.gee@energy.ca.gov

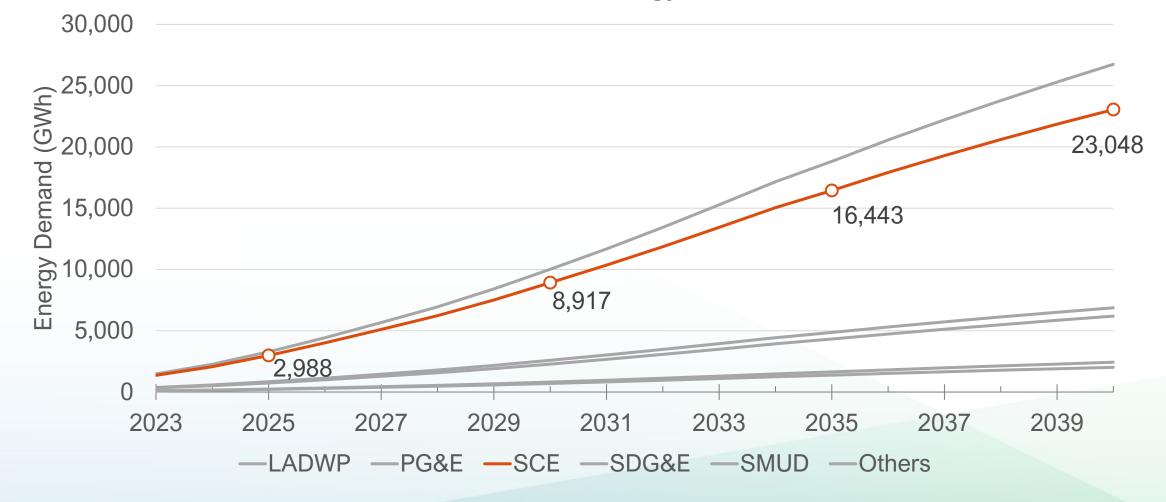


Appendix Slides



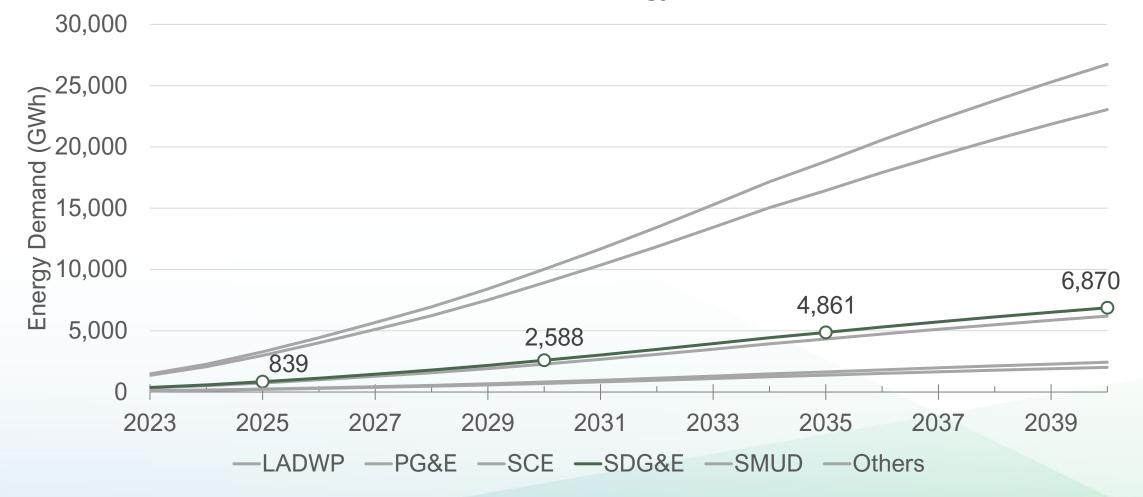


LD PEV Energy





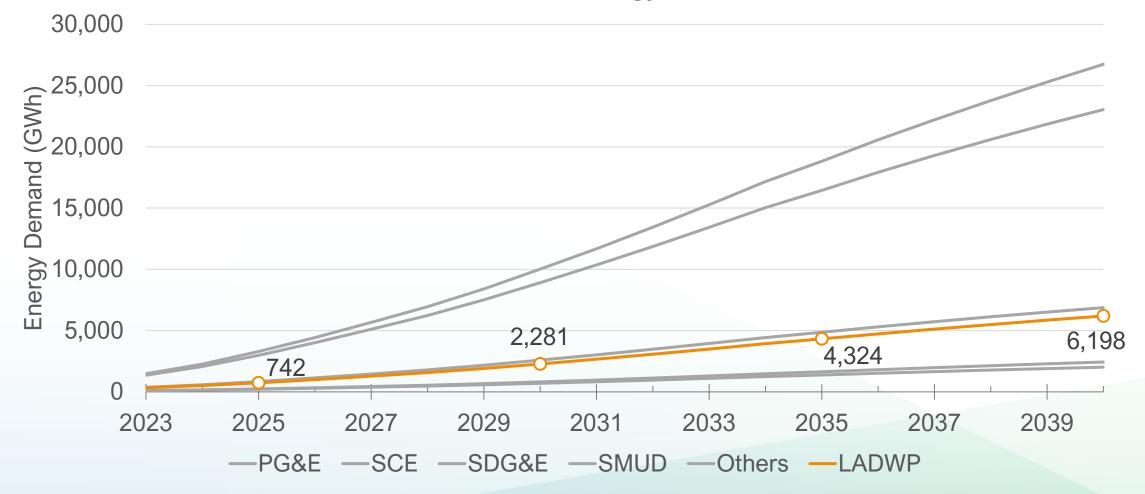
LD PEV Energy



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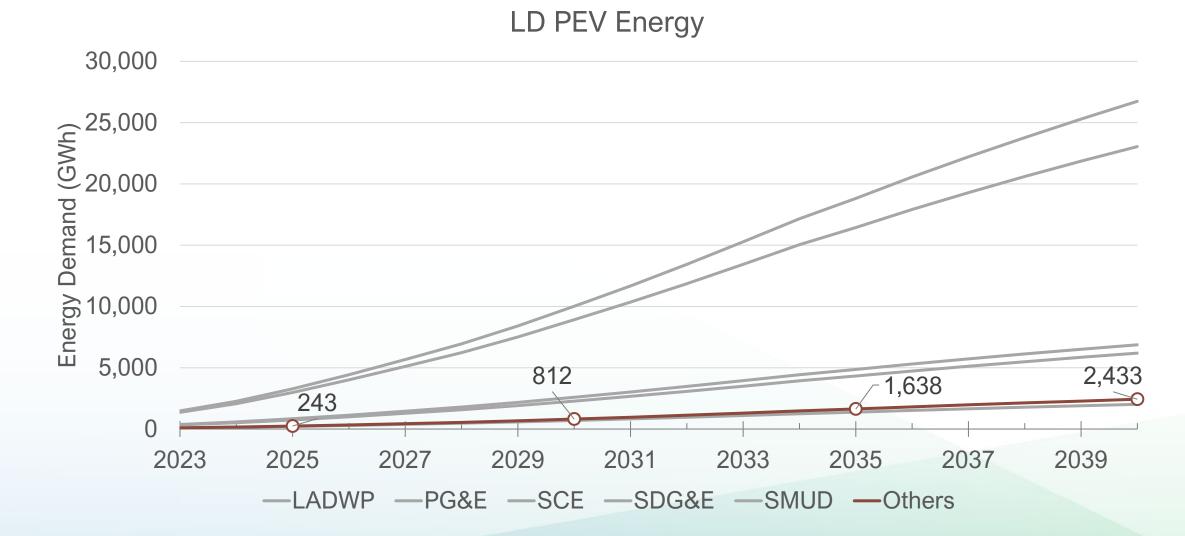
LD PEV Energy: LADWP (GWh)

LD PEV Energy...



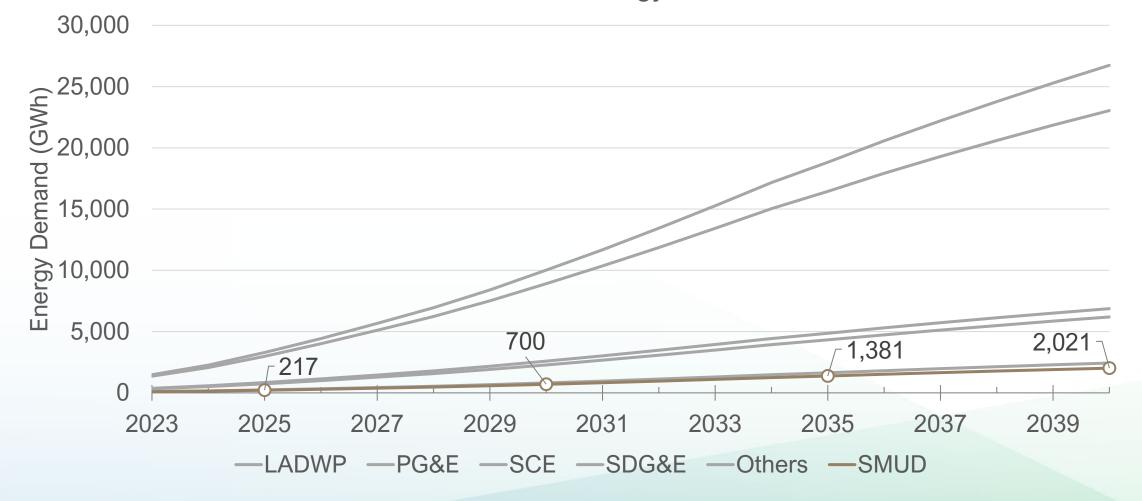
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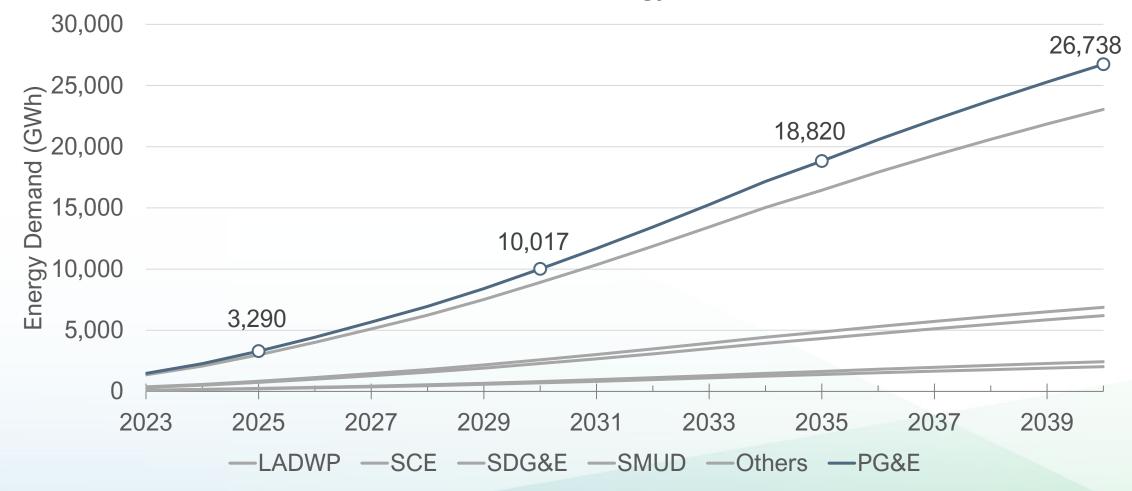


LD PEV Energy...





LD PEV Energy

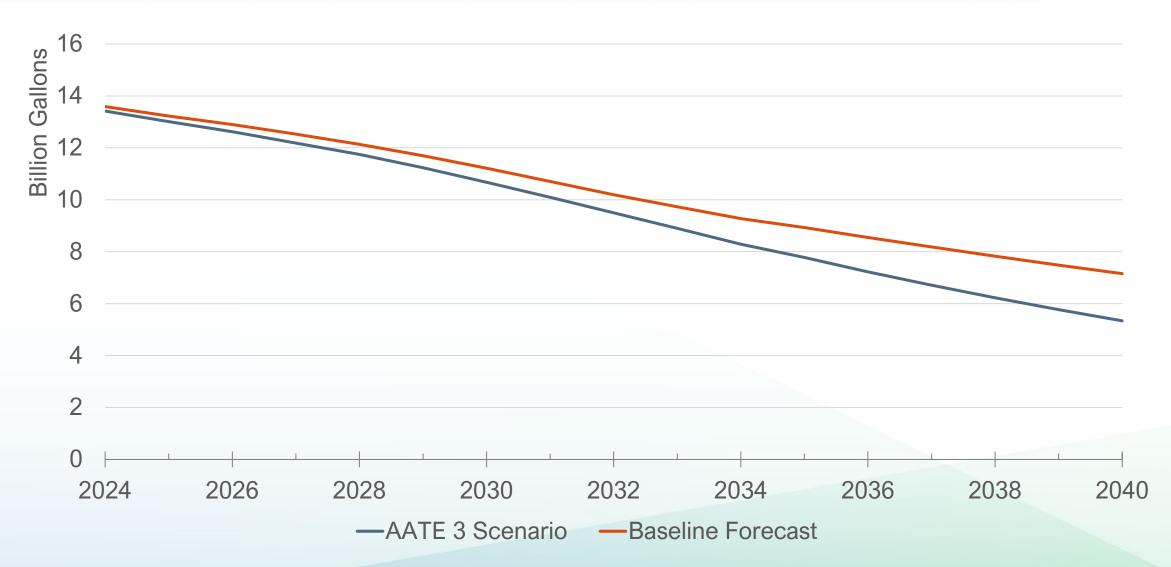


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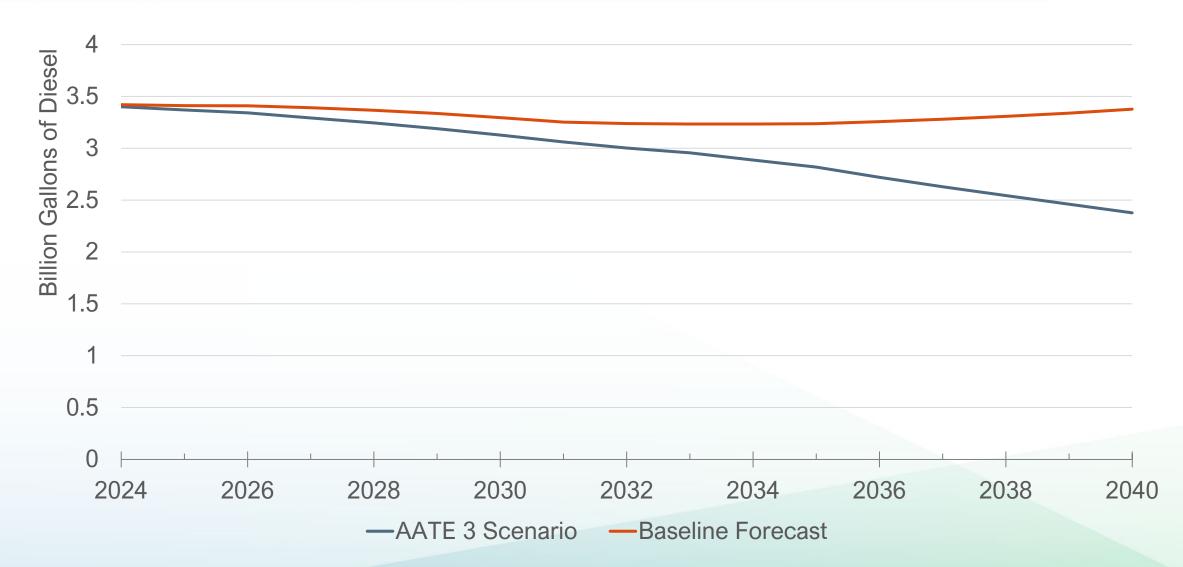
Regional Results: LD PEV Population (Thousand PEVs)

Utility Region	2025	2030	2035	2040
LADWP	247	654	1,300	1,939
PG&E	1,087	2,829	5,514	8,068
SCE	992	2,494	4,742	6,837
SDG&E	276	706	1,352	1,952
SMUD	75	204	418	633
Others	47	143	318	506

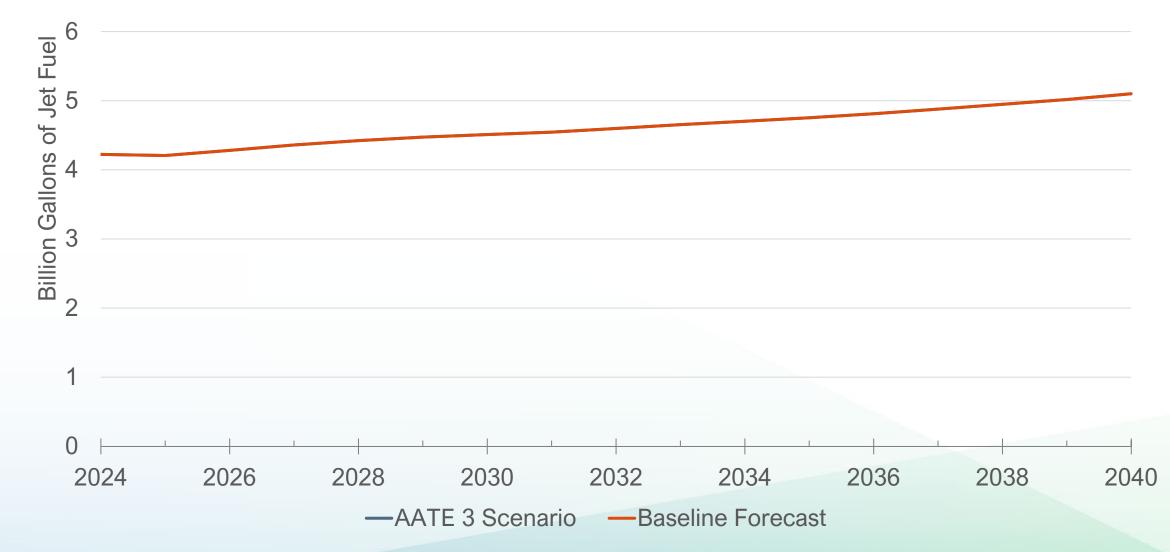












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Note: For the 2023 TEDF, AATE 3 and the Baseline forecast have the same jet fuel forecast.



