

DOCKETED	
Docket Number:	22-IEPR-03
Project Title:	Electricity Forecast
TN #:	242554
Document Title:	Presentation - Transportation Demand Scenarios
Description:	I.D. Quentin Gee, Transportation Scenarios
Filer:	Raquel Kravitz
Organization:	California Energy Commission
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff
Submission Date:	4/5/2022 8:33:54 AM
Docketed Date:	4/5/2022



Transportation Demand Scenarios

Quentin Gee, Ph.D.

Transportation Energy Forecasting Unit Supervisor, Energy Assessments Division

April 7, 2022



Main Approach for 2050 Scenarios

- Timeframe: 2022-2050
- Three scenarios
 1. Reference Scenario
 - Existing policies understood as the current “floor”
 2. Policy-Compliance Scenario
 - Outcomes from likely policies in development
 3. Mitigation Scenario
 - Aggressive, more speculative policies and outcomes
- CEC will assess annual vehicle stock, annual vehicle miles traveled, and vehicle energy across scenarios
- E3 will take CEC’s results and determine GHG impacts



Reference Scenario Framework

- A baseline scenario with a CEC adopted, managed demand forecast, extended to 2050
- Builds from 2021 mid-case vehicle energy demand forecast
 - Same vehicle attributes and VMT assumptions, extended to 2050
 - Example existing regulations and incentives:
 - Hybrid and Zero-Emission Truck and Bus Voucher Program
 - Clean Vehicle Rebate Program
 - Advanced Clean Trucks
 - Advanced Clean Cars I



Policy-Compliance Scenario Framework

- Reference scenario adjusted by energy demand associated with an increasing ZEV stock aligned to recent policy proposals
- ZEV stock adjusted to comply with CARB's proposed standards
 - Advanced Clean Cars II (ACC II) sales requirements
 - 100% new LD ZEV sales in 2035
 - 12.4% sales in 2021
 - Advanced Clean Fleets (ACF) requirements
 - Multiple ZEV targets depending on vehicle class, approaching 100% sales in different years



Mitigation Scenario Framework

- Reference scenario adjusted by energy demand associated with a highly accelerated ZEV stock
- ZEV stock adjusted to comply with more aggressive CARB scenarios
 - 2020 Mobile Source Strategy (2020 MSS) for light-duty vehicles
 - More aggressive early-stage ZEV adoption rates
 - 100% new LD ZEV sales in 2035
 - 2020 MSS for medium- and heavy-duty



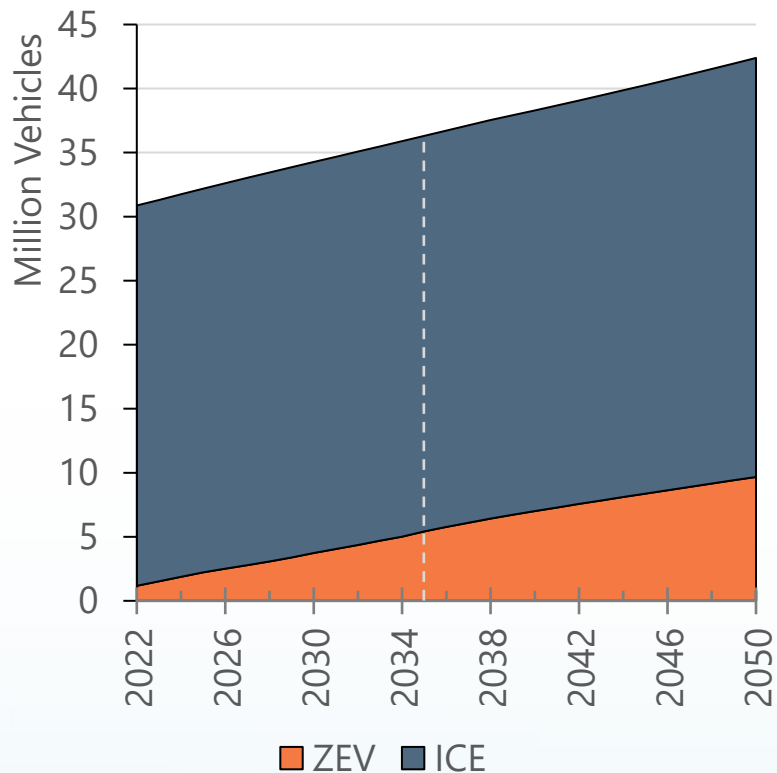
Policy Considerations

- Less clarity on light-duty policy needs
 - Likely continued needs for incentives
 - Some uncertainty due to a rapidly shifting market and consumer preferences
- MDHD
 - Additional need for incentives
 - Accelerated vehicle retirements
- Aviation fuel remains a GHG concern



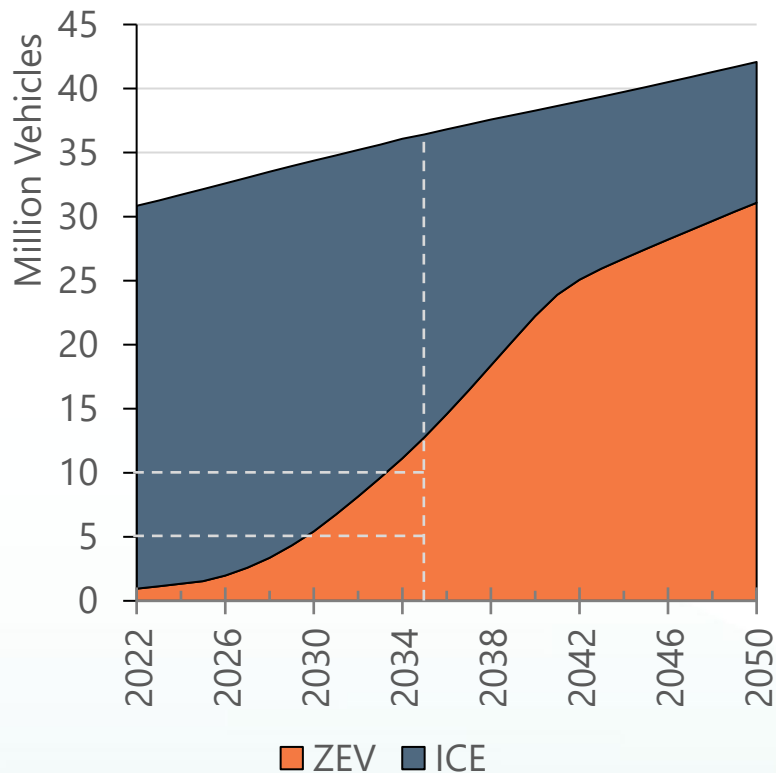
Light-Duty Stock Results

Reference Scenario



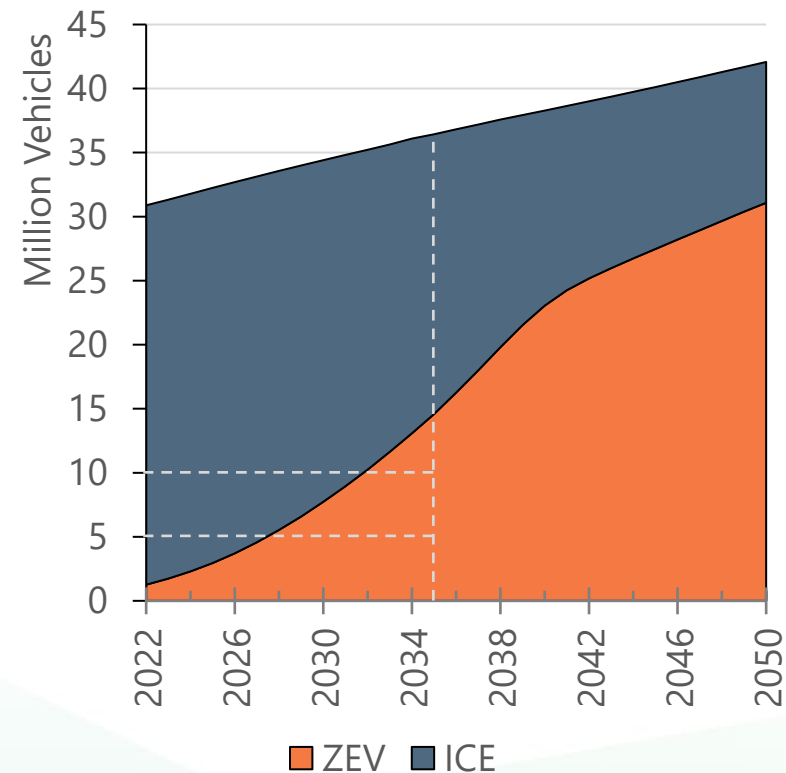
ZEV Stock	
2035	5.4M
2050	9.7M

Policy-Compliance Scenario



ZEV Stock	
2035	12.8M
2050	31.1M

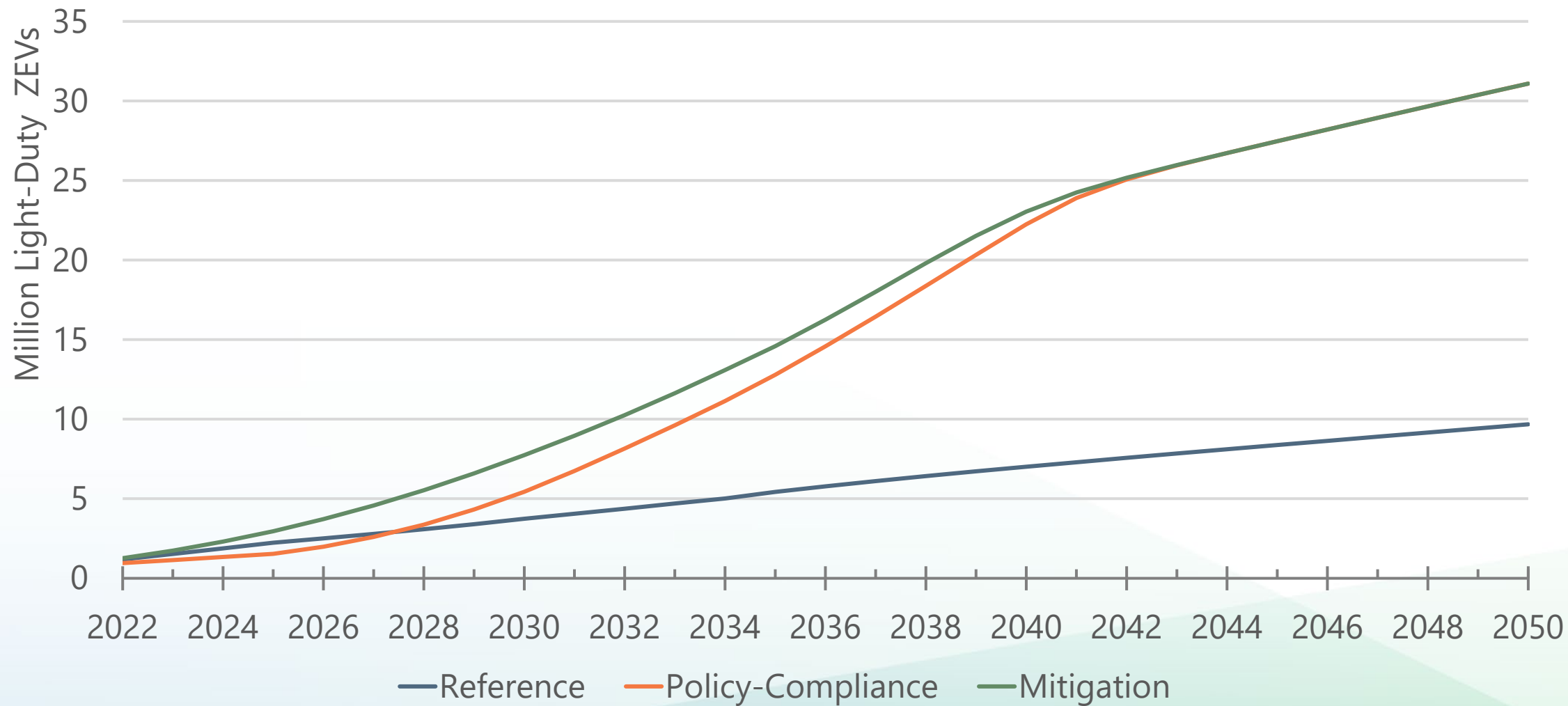
Mitigation Scenario



ZEV Stock	
2035	14.6M
2050	31.1M



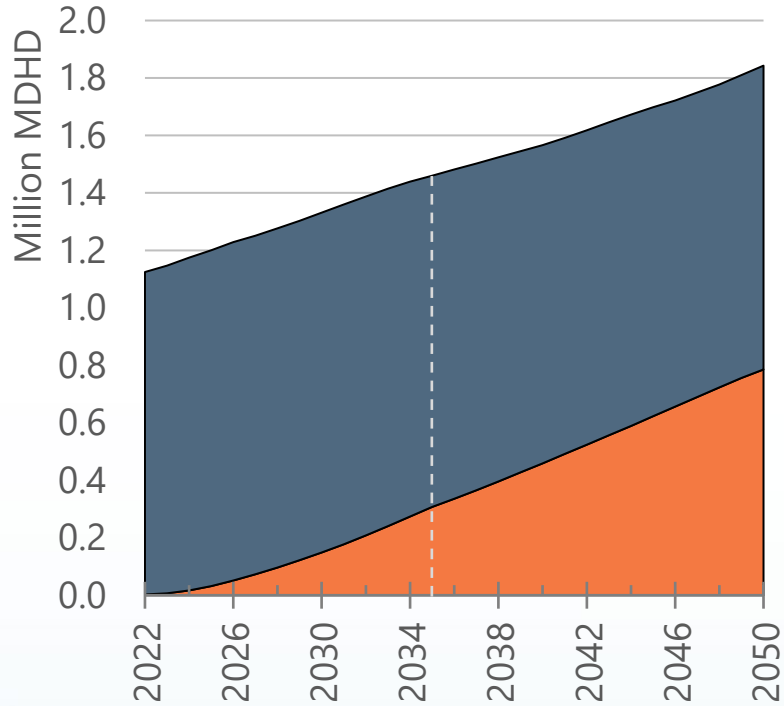
Scenario Comparison for ZEVs





MDHD Stock Results

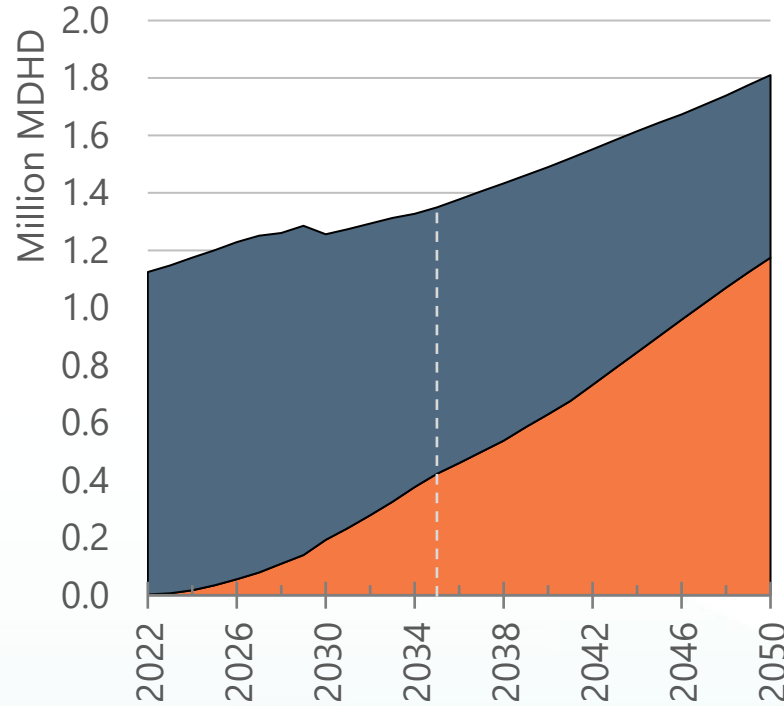
Reference Scenario



■ ZEV ■ ICE

ZEV Stock	
2035	307k
2050	786k

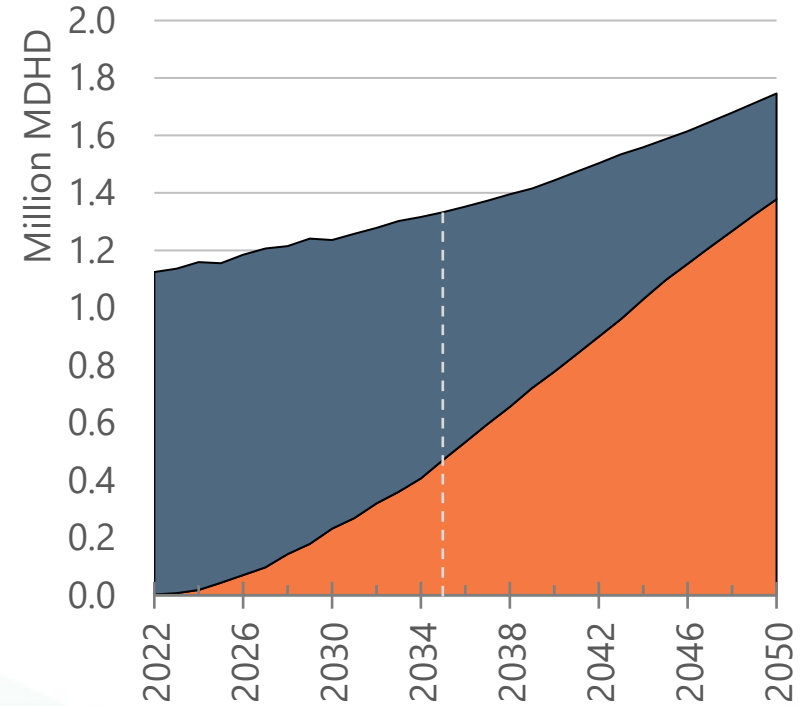
Policy-Compliance Scenario



■ ZEV ■ ICE

ZEV Stock	
2035	423k
2050	1.17M

Mitigation Scenario

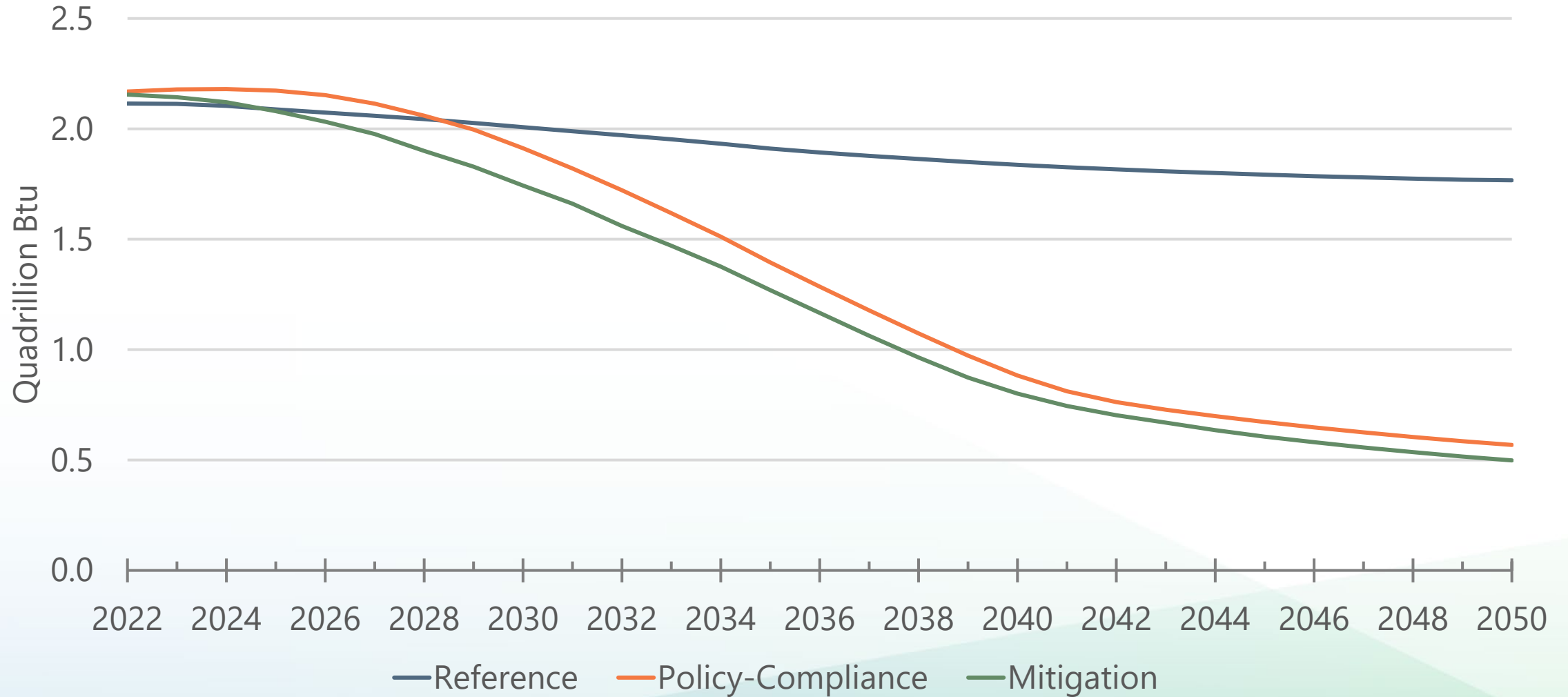


■ ZEV ■ ICE

ZEV Stock	
2035	471k
2050	1.38M



Transportation Energy Demand from Combustion Fuels





Transportation Energy Demand from Electricity

