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California Energy Commission Business Meeting January 26, 2022 10:00 a.m.





Pledge of Allegiance

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.



- a. Aspen Environmental Group. Contact: Hilarie Anderson
- b. University of California, Berkeley, Energy Institute at Haas School of Business. Contact: Lynn Marshall
- c. Allotrope Partners LLC. Contact: Kate Reid
- d. California State Pipe Trades Council (CSPTC) Amendment to Provider Application. Contact: Sam Cantrell



Item 2: California Energy Demand 2021-2035 Forecast

January 26, 2022 Business Meeting

Nick Fugate, Forecaster Energy Assessments Division, Demand Analysis Office



Integrated Energy Policy Report (IEPR)



- Procurement and system planning at the CPUC and ISO
 - Integrated Resource Planning
 - Distributed Resource Planning
 - Resource Adequacy
 - Transmission Planning





- 5 IEPR workshops
- 6 Demand Analysis Working Group meetings
- Joint Agency Steering Committee discussion
- Final revisions made in response to stakeholder comments
 - Corrected EV charging profiles
 - Adjusted 2021 weather-normal peak estimate





- Forecast extended to 2035
- Climate change adjustment to peak forecasts
- Title 24 commercial PV & storage requirements
- Updated Additional Achievable Energy Efficiency
- New "Additional Achievable" scenarios for fuel substitution





Sales (GWH)

Managed Peak Demand (CAISO)





- IEPR forecast has many components:
 - Baseline / AAEE / AAFS scenarios
 - Annual, hourly, and peak demand
 - Extreme weather variants
- Agreement between CEC, CPUC, and ISO identifies:
 - Specific planning uses
 - Components of forecast appropriate for each



Adopt California Energy Demand 2021-2035 Forecast



Item 3: Update on Russell City Energy Center

January 26, 2022, Business Meeting

Presented by: Elizabeth Huber: CME Office Manager, Siting, Transmission and Environmental Protection Division, Nika Kjensli: ESRB Program Manager, California Public Utilities Commission, and Kelly McAdoo, Hayward City Manager, Hayward, California















CEC

CPUC

GO 167-B

Statutory Authority 25532

761.3

Regulations/General CCR 1770 **Order**

Oversight

Inspects and enforces compliance activities through CEQA-equivalent process

California benefit

Assures jurisdictional power plants operate in compliance with air and water quality, public health and safety, and specific conditions of certification Implements and enforces standards for the maintenance and operation of power plants

Ensures power plants are effectively and appropriately maintained and efficiently operating, and ensures electrical reliability and adequacy



Regulates power plants owned by generating asset owners (GAO), by enforcing General Order 167-B.

Purpose of this order is to implement and enforce operation and maintenance standards to ensure reliable electric generation.













Item 4: Draft Report to the CPUC on Supply-Side Demand Response

January 26, 2022 Business Meeting

Erik Lyon, Advisor Office of Vice Chair Gunda



Demand Response (DR):

- Provides greater reliability to the grid
- Reduces costs
- Reduces fossil fuel consumption
- Aligns electric demand with renewable energy generation
- Reduces the need for new power plants and transmission lines





What is the best way to measure DR's contribution to reliability?

CPUC requested CEC to take a fresh look





CEC staff developed recommendations for the CPUC



Robust stakeholder process with weekly meetings including utilities, DR and storage providers, customers, energy consultants, agencies, and the ISO

- Phase 1

 Principles Working Group
 - 2. Methodologies Working Group

Phase 2: Combined Working Group Recent focus on interim solutions for 2023



Interrelated challenges for DR need to be addressed holistically



Planned timeline incompatible with developing a permanent solution by 2023



Two proposals are viable to temporarily address key challenges





Crediting: Most utility DR resources not subject to ISO's rules for ensuring reliability



QC Methodology: Current approach does not accurately value contribution to reliability



Incentive Mechanisms: Penalties for underperformance not designed for DR



Settlements: Baseline methods do not accurately account for weather-sensitive resources



Process: Onerous, expensive, opaque, and inflexible



2023 Compliance Year

- QC process already underway by December 2021
 - Insufficient time to develop permanent methodology by 2023



2024 Compliance Year (and beyond)

- RA reform working group proposing significant changes
- Slice-of-Day framework likely to be recommended and adopted
- CEC Working Group must wait for recommendations to ensure compatibility



LIP-Informed Effective Load Carrying Capability (ELCC) What is the amount of 'perfect capacity' a DR resource can replace without impacting reliability?



Incentive-based "PJM/NYISO" Approach

How much capacity will DR providers offer if they will be penalized for failing to deliver?

Interim Recommendations

Status quo DR counting methodology to continue for another year



Two new methodologies for 2023



DR providers can choose between status quo and new methodologies



California ISO provide exemptions for new methodologies



Direct investor-owned utilities to move DR onto supply plans



Extend CEC stakeholder working group process

OV Develop a comprehensive, permanent solution for subsequent years

Ensure alignment with changes to resource adequacy framework



Public comment period through February 4

CEC staff consider revisions to report



Request CEC adoption at February 16 business meeting



Submit report to CPUC



Item 5: Pecho Energy Storage Center

January 26, 2022, Business Meeting

Eric Knight, Manager STEP, Siting & Environmental Office



- Find Pecho application for certification (21-AFC-01) incomplete
- Adopt list of deficiencies
- Direct applicant and staff to file Notice of Intention exemption information
- Appoint a committee

Pecho Project Location ENERGY COMMISSION









Adopt Order No. 22-0126-5




CEC Business Meeting – 1/26/2022 (Agenda Item #5)

Hydrostor & Advanced Compressed Air Energy Storage Overviews

> Pecho Energy Storage Center – Project Overview

About Hydrostor

Hydrostor is the global leader in Advanced Compressed Air Energy Storage (A-CAES)

Founded: 2010

Offices: Toronto, Canada (HQ), SF Bay Area, Adelaide, Australia (satellite)

Operating Facilities: 2 (Canada – Toronto Hydro; Canada – IESO)

Company Financing: \$250 M investment by Goldman Sachs – Jan. 2022

Project Pipeline: 900+ MW commercially bid in CA in 2020-21, 4 GW project pipeline (focused on U.S., Canada, Australia)

A-CAES is a breakthrough for long-duration energy storage:

- Uses only water, pressurized air and commercially proven equipment to provide longduration, *emissions-free* storage.
- Provides similar characteristics to pumped hydro storage, but with the key advantage of being able to *flexibly site* where the grid needs it.



How Advanced-CAES Works (A-CAES)

A-CAES integrates <u>proven</u> technologies and construction approaches in innovative ways to produce a superior long-duration grid-scale energy storage solution

<u>STEP 1</u> Compress air using electricity

Electricity runs a compressor to produce heated compressed air

Unique to Hydrostor

<u>STEP 2</u> Capture heat in thermal Store

Heat is extracted from the air stream and stored in a proprietary thermal store



Unique to Hydrostor

<u>STEP 3</u> Store compressed air in purpose-built cavern

Air is stored in a purpose built cavern using water to maintain constant pressure

STEP 4

Convert the air to Electricity

Water forces air to the surface where recombined with heat and expanded through a turbine

- <u>Major Equipment</u>: Utilize off-the-shelf, commercially proven power generating equipment, including air compressors, turbo-expanders, generators and heat exchangers
- <u>Underground Storage Caverns</u>: Purpose-built underground cavern construction using industry standard and well-proven mining techniques
- Efficiency: Round Trip Efficiencies (RTE) of the A-CAES process are approximately 60%

Long Duration Energy Storage Attributes

Fossil Plant Replacement	 Provides synchronous dispatchable generation with fast ramp rates Projects can be flexibly sited in areas of highest benefit to the grid Commercially attractive alternative to new and existing natural gas plants (no emissions and lower permitting hurdles) Can leverage existing transmission infrastructure while minimizing land use and related environmental impacts
Transmission Deferral	 Non-wires alternative to defer transmission system & network investments Long-duration alleviates grid congestion during peak periods, and enables transmission alternatives requiring longer-term outage management Projects can be flexibly and strategically sited near critical load pockets and infrastructure
Renewable Integration	 Provide dispatchable or baseload renewables at rates ~\$60-120/MWh Optimize large solar/wind project utilization and economics through time- shifting of generation to reduce curtailments

<u>Pecho</u>: 400 Megawatts (MW) for 8 hours = 3,200 MWh

<u>Gem</u>: 500 Megawatts (MW) for 8 hours = 4,000 MWh



Statewide Benefits of A-CAES LD Energy Storage

- Provides 500 MW (Gem) and 400 MW (Pecho) of new quick-starting synchronous generation with fast ramp up/down capabilities
- Projects support California Climate Policies and Renewable Portfolio Standards (RPS) by maximizing renewable generation and integration
- > No fossil fuel use during operations no combustion emissions
- > A-CAES Technology produces fresh water from ambient air during operation
- > Displaces older and less efficient generation with carbon-free generation
- Flexible capacity with minimal response time: local and regional voltage support and primary frequency response
 - Fossil fuel-free and emissions-free spinning reserve
 - Flexible capacity with minimal start time
 - Peaking energy for local contingencies
 - Voltage support & primary frequency response
 - Long duration generation capacity to assist with prolonged system contingencies



Pecho Energy Storage Center - SLO County, CA



<u>Project Capacity</u>: 400 MW <u>Storage Duration</u>: 8 Hours (3,200 MWh) <u>POI</u>: PG&E Morro Bay Switchyard (230 kV) <u>Target Commercial Operation Date</u>: Q1 2027



Pecho Energy Storage Center - Vicinity Map





Local Benefits of Pecho Energy Storage Center

- Repurposes existing San Luis Obispo County electrical infrastructure including the CAISO-controlled Morro Bay Switching Station
- Helps replace the loss of generation from Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant decommissioning
- Facilitates the efficient integration of onshore and offshore renewable energy development
- > Total Installed Cost: \$750 million to \$900 million
- > Construction Jobs:
 - Average Construction Workforce: ~200 over 4+ years
 - Peak Construction Workforce: ~450
 - Total Construction Labor: ~1.6 million man-hours
- > Operations & Maintenance Jobs: 25-40 Full-time equivalent positions
- > Fiscal Benefits: Over \$500 million in Regional Direct & Indirect Economic impacts
- Hydrostor will work closely with San Luis Obispo County to establish a Community Benefits Program in connection with the project



Contact Information

Curt Hildebrand

Senior Vice President, Commercial Affairs <u>curt.hildebrand@hydrostor.ca</u>







Item 6: Gem Energy Storage Center

January 26, 2022, Business Meeting

Eric Knight, Manager STEP, Siting & Environmental Office



- Find Gem application for certification (21-AFC-02) incomplete
- Adopt list of deficiencies
- Direct applicant and staff to file Notice of Intention exemption information
- Appoint a committee









Adopt Order No. 22-0126-6

CEC Business Meeting – 1/26/2022 (Agenda Item #6) Gem Energy Storage Center – Project Overview

Gem Energy Storage Center – Kern County, CA

<u>Project Capacity</u>: 500 MW <u>Storage Duration</u>: 8 Hours (4,000 MWh) <u>POI</u>: SCE Whirlwind Substation (230 kV) <u>Target Commercial Operation Date</u>: Q1 2027

Gem A-CAES Project Vicinity Map – Antelope Valley

Local Benefits of Gem Energy Storage Center

- Provides enhanced integration and maximizes the utilization of intermittent renewable resources located in and around the Tehachapi Renewable Resource Area
- Total Installed Cost: \$900 million to \$1.0 billion
- Construction Jobs:
 - Average Construction Workforce: ~250 over 4+ years
 - Peak Construction Workforce: ~550
 - Total Construction Labor: ~2 million man-hours
- Operations & Maintenance Jobs: 25-40 Full-time equivalent positions
- Fiscal Benefits: Over \$500 million in Regional Direct & Indirect Economic impacts over project 50+ year commercial lifespan
- Compressed Air Energy Storage projects are not part of any stateimposed program with special property tax treatment

Contact Information

Curt Hildebrand

Senior Vice President, Commercial Affairs <u>curt.hildebrand@hydrostor.ca</u>

Item 7: Electric Vehicle (EV) Ready Communities Phase II - Implementation

January 26, 2022 Business Meeting

Patrick Brecht, Energy Commission Specialist II Fuels and Transportation Division, Transportation Integration and Production Office

- Improve access to EV charging infrastructure
- Reduce barriers to zero emission transportation
- Increase mobility options in disadvantaged communities (DAC)
- Support green job creation

San Francisco Department of the Environment <u>\$2,384,797</u>

- Increase Public Awareness
 Establish EV Ombudsperson
- Expand Charging Infrastructure
 ▶100 Level 2 and 25 DCFCs
 ▶3 public fast-charging plazas
- Accelerate Mode Shift

Delivery-app workers to use e-bikes

County of Los Angeles Internal Services \$2,500,000

- Will deploy light-duty EV infrastructure through DAC EV infrastructure project
- Expand Charging Infrastructure
 - 130 Level 2 chargers for Public Agency DAC Program
 - 60 Level 2 chargers for Multi-Family Program
- Provide holistic approach to regional transportation electrification issues

Kern Council of Governments \$1,799,485

- Install 32 minimum Level 2 and DCFCs at 10 sites minimum throughout Kern County
- Expand and support MioCar electric carsharing business
- Install additional EVSE to support
 workforce development
- Conduct outreach and education activities

- Approve agreements/amendments
- Adopt determination that projects are exempt from CEQA

Item 8: Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority – (VTA) ZVI-21-012

January 26, 2022 Business Meeting

Esther Odufuwa, Energy Commission Specialist I Fuels and Transportation Division Medium and Heavy Duty Zero Emission Technologies Office, Freight & Transit Unit

Replicable solutions

Reduced emissions

Increased resiliency

Photo credit: Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority

VTA Microgrid Project Overview

Infrastructure & Microgrid **Development for** VTA's Transition to Zero **Emission Bus** Fleet

Rendering of solar canopy at VTA Cerone Bus yard

Overview of Route Services

Proterra 1.5 MW Chargers

Proterra Charging Dispensers

Photo credit: Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority

Overview of Equipment contd.

4 MWh / 1MW Battery Energy Storage System

Overhead Inverted Pantograph

Photo credit: Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority

Photo credit: Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority

≈ 11,500

transit buses in California

≈ 700 MW

flexible capacity

≈ 700,000

homes could be powered

Aerial View of Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority Site

Approve

• 1 grant agreement for \$4,676,000

Adopt

 Staff's determination that action is exempt from CEQA

Item 9: Bringing Rapid Innovation Development to Green Energy (BRIDGE) 2020 (GFO-20-301)

January 2022 Business Meeting

Michael Ferreira Energy Deployment & Market Facilitation Office Energy Research & Development Division

- Advances clean energy economy

 Supports clean energy entrepreneurs
 Supports clean energy entrepreneurs
 - $\circ~$ Quicker transition from fossil fuels
- Improves grid resilience and reliability
- Increases renewable energy production

Swift Solar, Inc.

High Efficiency Perovskite Tandems for Solar EVs

- More solar power from same surface area.
- Could add 17-21 miles/day, meeting 50-100% typical charging needs.
- Target markets: aerospace, electronics and solar roofing.
- Would provide peak load reduction, avoided infrastructure upgrades.



Advanced Power Electronics to Enable Fast Charging while Avoiding Grid Upgrades

- Fast charging capability using 100A circuit (175 fast chargers typically require 350A)
- Capable of providing peak shaving, demand charge reduction
- Underground battery housing improves safety, reduces operating costs, saves space, and removes siting issues
- 10% market penetration = 4,790 installations resulting in 750 MW peak load reduction





Hybrid PV/Thermal Solar Storage Cogeneration System

- Attaches to rear of solar panel installation
- Heat extractors reduce panel temp up to 18 °C = 12% increase in efficiency
- 280kW hybrid system demo:
 - 50,000 kWh/year more from improved efficiency (\$15,000 value)
- Target markets: multifamily, commercial and industrial, represents \$5 b in CA as of 2020





Carnot Compressor Field Testing

- 20% reduction in power consumption
- No oil/filter change and disposal
- Reduced maintenance needs
- \$40 billion/year global air compressor market by 2025





Approve and adopt staff's findings that these projects are exempt from CEQA.



Item 11: Lead Commissioner or Presiding Member Reports

January 26, 2022 Business Meeting



Battery Storage Additions – Critical for Net Peak



Battery Storage Performed Well in 2021 Summer



Monthly average



The charts are based on actual production data in 1-minute resolution