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ITEM 5

Rulemaking to Amend Regulations for Delegation of Certification Authority and Small Power Plant Exemptions



21-OIR-02 Rulemaking to Amend Regulations for Delegation of Certification Authority and Small Power Plant Exemptions

Briefing to the Disadvantaged Communities Advisory Group

Deborah Dyer, Senior Attorney Chief Counsel's Office 21 January 2022



- Small Power Plant Licensing Procedures
- Geothermal Power Plant Licensing Procedures



- Governor Gavin Newsom's <u>Emergency Proclamation</u> (July 30, 2021)
- CPUC's June 2021 <u>mid-term reliability directive</u> to procure 11,000 MW of net new electricity by 2026 including 1,000 MW from geothermal resources
- CEC's geothermal delegation and SPPE regulations haven't been updated since the 1970s



The California Energy Commission has the exclusive power to certify all thermal power plants and related facilities generating **50 megawatts** and greater.

"One-stop-shop"

Warren-Alquist Act Power Plant Certification Requirements

- CEC certification has several aspects:
 - Conformity with all applicable local, regional, state and federal standards, ordinances and laws (LORS)
 - Safety and reliability
 - Air and water quality
 - Environmental review: Lead agency in certified regulatory program pursuant to CEQA
 - Evidentiary process under the Administrative Procedures Act (APA)



Delegation of Geothermal Power Plant Siting Authority

to a county requires that the county have:

- A geothermal element in county's general plan
- An equivalent certification program
- A process providing for input and review by other public agencies and members of the public
- An adjudicative process

This delegation has never been sought nor approved



Small Power Plant Exemption (SPPE)

- Thermal powerplants from 50 MW to < 100 MW generating capacity
- Required CEC Findings:
 - No substantial adverse impact on the environment
 - No substantial adverse impact on energy resources
- Approval requires project proponent to seek permits from all other agencies

CEQA Requirements for Lead Agencies: Public Participation

- Lead Agency is required to provide notice and public review and comment opportunities for CEQA determinations
 - Opportunities for public participation at every stage of the CEC SPPE process
 - Scoping Meeting
 - Comment period on environmental document
 - Before close of the hearing on the project
 - Lead agency evaluates and responds in writing to comments on environmental issues

CEQA Requirements for Lead Agencies: Potentially Impacted Resources

 Resources to be evaluated for potentially significant impacts in Initial Study or Environmental Impact Report

Aesthetics	Agricultural & Forestry Resources	Air Quality
Biological Resources	Cultural Resources	Energy
Geology/Soils	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Hazards and Hazardous Materials
Hydrology & Water Quality	Land Use/Planning	Mineral Resources
Noise	Population/Housing	Public Services
Recreation	Transportation	Tribal Cultural Resources
Utilities/Service Systems	Wildfire	Mandatory Findings of Significance

The Proposed Amendments

Streamline CEC's administrative procedures without sacrificing public participation in government decisions, or the substantive requirements of the Warren Alquist Act, CEQA or other environmental or public health and safety laws.

• Delegation of geothermal power plant siting authority to local government:

- Eliminate redundant administrative process
- Specify and strengthen requirements for local government
- Retain public participation in CEC's review of petition, and in local review and certification of geothermal power plants
- Retain all requirements of the Warren Alquist Act: environmental, safety and reliability, air and water quality, and LORS

• SPPE approval:

- Eliminate redundant administrative process
- Retain CEC as CEQA Lead Agency
- Retain other local, regional and state agency permitting requirements
- Specify and strengthen data requirements for applicants



Benefits to California

• Align:

• State policy to accelerate procurement of reliable, renewable and carbon free energy

Streamline:

 Remove redundant and obsolete processes while ensuring ample public participation and compliance with all substantive environmental and public health and safety laws.



Draft Timeline for Rulemaking

Event	Date
Stakeholders submit pre-rulemaking written comments	12/6/2021
CEC Business Meeting: Order Instituting Rulemaking	12/8/2021
Notice of Proposed Action published by OAL	2/18/2022
Begin 45-day Public Comment Period	2/18/2022
End 45-day Public Comment Period	4/4/2022
Conduct public hearing	4/5/2022
CEC Business Meeting: Proposed Adoption	4/8/2022
[If additional 15-day language is necessary]	
Post 15-day Language and Start 15-day Public Comment Period	5/17/2022
End 15-day Public Comment Period	6/1/2022
CEC Business Meeting: Proposed Adoption	6/8/2022
Submit Final Rulemaking Package to OAL	6/28/2022
Secretary of State publishes regulations	8/17/2022
Effective Date of Regulations	8/17/2022



CEC Docket 21-OIR-01 - All filings will be posted to the following list servers:

- Siting Division General List
- Rulemaking
- Geothermal
- Public Advisor's Office
 - Publicadvisor@energy.ca.gov

Chief Counsel's Office

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