

**DOCKETED**

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# **CEC Demand Scenarios Project**



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# History

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- CEC Assessments Division has periodically undertaken projects using a scenario approach rather than a forecasting approach.
- Like most such projects, these efforts have addressed a speculative topic striving to achieve insights rather than being the basis for resource procurement decision-making.
- Not infrequently, these efforts have also utilized a consultant to perform much of the analysis rather than developing CEC staff skills and capabilities.



# What is Different Now?

- California policymakers are generally in agreement that massive reductions in GHG emissions are needed by mid-century.
- Since GHG emissions are largely a result of burning carbon-based fuels, a major reduction in GHG emissions means a large shift from high carbon fuels to low- or no-carbon energy forms.
- Although GHG emission inventories reveal that most GHG emissions result from final end-user energy consumption, substantial energy is used extracting, transforming, transmitting, and distributing energy to end-users.
- Understanding energy demand and the pattern of change from one energy form to another is critical to assuring reliability for each energy form.



# Demand Scenarios Project

- CEC management has directed EAD staff to develop an ongoing demand scenarios assessment capability within EAD
- The scope includes:
  - Developing demand scenarios
  - Assessing these in both final demand and supply-side dimensions
  - Developing key insights
  - Communicating results to sister agencies and stakeholders
  - Adapting methods through time in response to sister agency needs
- This capability will develop a product each biennial IEPR cycle, and may become adopted similar to demand forecasts



# Focus for 2021 IEPR

- Develop and assess scenarios stressing a high electrification theme
- Adapt/create modeling capabilities that can assess scenario consequences:
  - Through time out to 2050
  - Annual time interval, but hourly 8760 load impacts needed for electric generation sector assessments
  - Geographically disaggregated to planning area and/or major utility
  - Address all significant energy fuel types
  - Compute GHG consequences
- Build off of existing demand forecasting models, ancillary projections tools developed for AAEE and AB 3232 fuel substitution assessments and rely on E3's PATHWAYS model for other sectors/fuels



# Our Aspiration

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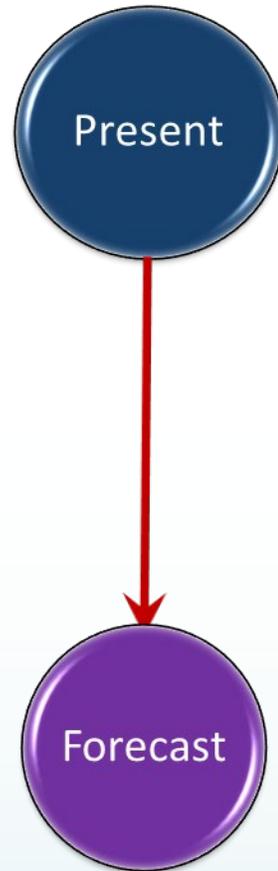
- Develop and assess scenarios explicitly quantifying impacts of programs, standards, and policies impacting energy demand by, and GHG emissions from, selected customer sectors
- Understand what existing programs, standards, and policies are expected to achieve, and compare these results to our goals
- Contribute to thoughtful development of additional policy initiatives to “close the gap”



# Forecasts Vs Scenarios

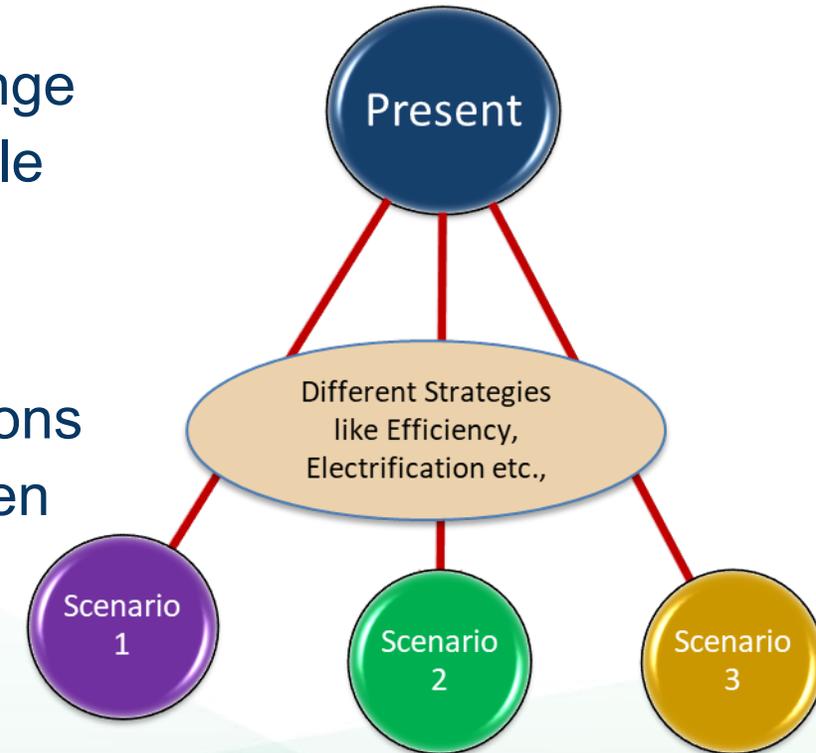
## Forecasts

- Forecasting attempts to predict a likely future.
- Forecast includes factors such as economic/ demographic projections, impacts of market policies, and trends.



## Scenarios

- Scenarios look at a range of potential and possible futures.
- Scenarios help to understand the deviations and divergence between each possible future.





# CEC Demand Scenarios Overview

- **Purpose:** Scenarios enable more comprehensive examination of demand-side fuel shifts, supply-side consequences of demand changes.
- **Time Horizon:** Our Scenarios will extend to 2050.
- **Scope:** Our Scenarios will reflect a full set of fuel types.
- **Number:** Three primary Scenarios which enable a more complete assessment of uncertainties.
- **Methods:** Using managed mid demand forecast and load modifier projection tools for this analysis.



# CEC Demand Scenario Process

- Demand Scenarios Process will focus on the high degrees of electrification.
- We produce alternative demand projections using combinations of energy efficiency and fuel substitution programs to modify baseline demand forecast.
- The outputs of this process is modified energy consumption projections and corresponding GHG emissions by sector.



# Why are Demand Scenario Assessments Needed?

- Clear need for objective, independent information that convey a range of solution sets that can achieve California's energy and GHG emission reduction goals.
- Provides a sense of how easy or difficult it may be for each sector to achieve those goals.
- Provides insights into where incentives or programs need to be targeted.



# Proposed Scenario Types

- **Reference Scenario by IEPR Vintage**

- This is a business-as-usual scenario using the same core assumptions as the CEC adopted, managed Mid-Mid demand forecast through 2035.
- Beyond 2035, this Scenario assumes continuation of the same set of standards, programs, and policies reflected in the CEC adopted managed demand forecast with the same degree of compliance.

- **Policy/Compliance Scenario**

- Serve as sensitivities to Reference Scenario by testing varying degrees of compliance with the same set of standards, programs, and policies, or aspirational policies not yet enacted.

- **Mitigation Scenario**

- Adds additional standards, programs, policies and what-if assumptions with impacts beyond those already included in the Policy/Compliance Scenario.
- Reflects incremental impacts (e.g., cost and GHG emissions) relative to the previous Scenarios.



# Scenario Framework For 2021 IEPR

Sectors	Inputs	Electricity	Natural Gas	Traditional Fuels In Transportation	Traditional Fuels Outside Transportation
Residential/Commercial	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	Energy Efficiency Impacts		AAEE /AAFS Programmatic Tool	N/A	
	Fuel Substitution	Programmatic Impacts	AAEE /AAFS Programmatic Tool	N/A	
		Speculative Impacts	FSSAT	N/A	
Transportation	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast		N/A
Other Sectors (Industrial, O&G, Agriculture, Petroleum Refining, TCU)	PATHWAYS Model		PATHWAYS Variables	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables



# Preliminary Reference Scenario Design

Sectors	Inputs	Electricity	Natural Gas	Traditional Fuels In Transportation	Traditional Fuels Outside Transportation	
Residential/Commercial	Baseline Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables	
	AAEE (Programmatic Contributions From EE/FS Tool)		Mid- Mid Business-As-Usual BAU ( Scenario 3)		N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	AAFS	Programmatic Contributions From EE/FS Tool	Mid- Mid Business-As-Usual BAU ( Scenario 3)		N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
		Speculative FS Contribution From FSSAT Tool	None		N/A	
Transportation	Baseline Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	N/A	
Other Sectors (Industrial, O&G, Agriculture, Petroleum Refining, TCU)	PATHWAYS Model	PATHWAYS Variables	PATHWAYS Variables	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables	



# Preliminary High Electrification Policy/Compliance Scenario Design

Sectors	Inputs		Electricity	Natural Gas	Traditional Fuels In Transportation	Traditional Fuels Outside Transportation
Residential/Commercial	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	AAEE (Programmatic Contributions From EE/FS Tool)		Mid-High (Scenario 4)	Mid -Mid (Scenario 3)	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	AAFS	Programmatic Contributions from EE/FS Tool	Mid –Mid Plus (Scenario 4)		N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
		Speculative FS Contribution From FSSAT Tool	None		N/A	
Transportation	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Transportation Forecast	N/A
	CARB State SIP Strategy (ACC II for LDV, ACF for MD-HD)		Incremental Impacts Beyond Reference Scenario	Incremental Impacts Beyond Reference Scenario	Incremental Impacts Beyond Reference Scenario	
Other Sectors (Industrial, O&G, Agriculture, Petroleum Refining, TCU)	PATHWAYS Model		PATHWAYS Variables	PATHWAYS Variables	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables



# Preliminary High Electrification Mitigation Scenario Design

Sectors	Inputs		Electricity	Natural Gas	Traditional Fuels In Transportation	Traditional Fuels Outside Transportation
Residential/Commercial	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	2021 IEPR Mid Residential/ Commercial Forecast	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	AAEE (Programmatic Contributions From EE/FS Tool)		Mid - High Plus (Scenario 6)	Mid -High (Scenario 4)	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
	AAFS	Programmatic Contributions From EE/FS Tool	Mid -High Plus ( Scenario 6)		N/A	PATHWAYS Variables
		Speculative FS Contribution From FSSAT Tool	TBD		N/A	
Transportation	Baseline Forecast		2021 IEPR Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Transportation Forecast	2021 IEPR Transportation Forecast	N/A
	CARB Mobile Source Strategy (Default Case)		Incremental Requirements Beyond Policy/Compliance Scenario	Incremental Requirements Beyond Policy/Compliance Scenario	Incremental Requirements Beyond Policy/Compliance Scenario	
Other Sectors (Industrial, O&G, Agriculture, Petroleum Refining, TCU)	PATHWAYS Model		PATHWAYS Variables	PATHWAYS Variables	N/A	PATHWAYS Variables



# IEPR Timeline (Demand Scenarios)

- September 15th: Demand Scenarios Project Overview & Framework DAWG
- December 2nd: IEPR Commissioner workshop on Demand Scenarios Project Overview & Framework
- March 2022: IEPR Commissioner workshop on Demand Scenarios Inputs, Assumptions & Results



# Questions?