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Energy Commission Workshop on Refrigerants & Building Decarbonization

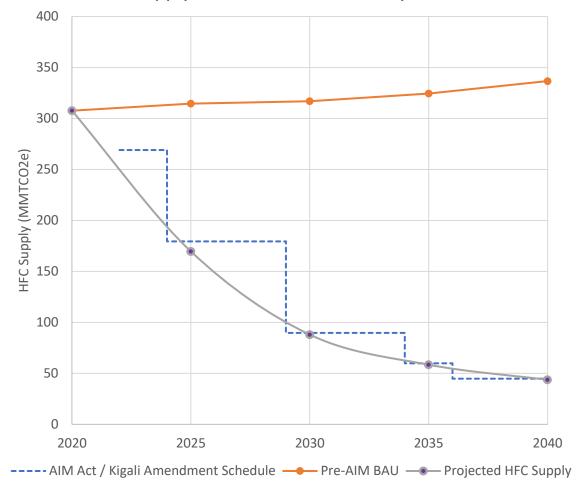
Alex Hillbrand, NRDC 8/26/21

The Good News about HFCs!

U.S. HFC phasedown under the AIM Act about to begin starting 2022

- GWP-weighted HFC supply will fall nationwide by 85% over the coming 15 years (graph at right) under AIM Act/Kigali Amendment
- Coming federal EPA regulations on:
 - End-use HFC bans
 - Refrigerant management
 - Reclaim and reuse of HFCs

U.S. HFC supply under the AIM Act - 20 year outlook



Source: NRDC analysis of data provided in EPA's AIM Act Allocation proposed regulation. U.S. EPA, 2021.

Heat pump phase up

Meanwhile, we must rapidly roll out heat pumps – which today mostly use HFCs – to decarbonize building heating.

- Refrigerant use likely to rise
- But most homes and buildings already have AC, so plenty of heat pump refrigerant is not 'additional'
 - Should design heat pumps to be refrigerant-thrifty
- Climate-friendlier alternative refrigerants exist, which will be used going forward.
 - Hydrocarbons, HFC-32, R-454B, CO₂, others

Action areas



There's still lots to do to make the HFC phasedown a success.

- 1. Removing and/or avoiding barriers
- 2. Using well-structured incentives
- 3. Bringing together decarb & refrigerant stakeholders

#1: Remove/avoid barriers

- CA building mechanical code currently prohibits climate-friendlier alternatives to HFCs in space heating and cooling.
 - Must approve building mechanical code updates in CA to permit safe use of climate-friendlier "A2L" and "A3" refrigerants ASAP
- Workforce of technicians able to work on climate-friendly systems still needs to be developed and expanded
- Additional capital cost of climate-friendlier equipment must be borne or mitigated, at least in some circumstances

#2: Use well-structured incentives



Targeted HFC reduction incentives make sense in some contexts:

- For new technologies with significant additional capital cost and emissions reductions potential, prior to regulatory requirements
- To help transition facilities, residences, and buildings in low-income communities and communities of color first
 - Avoids saddling these communities with old infrastructure and rising costs

Please note...

Market transformation policies for heat pump deployment should not be restricted to low-GWP, i.e. should not be conditional on use of low-GWP alternatives. Low-GWP 'kickers' are OK.

- Climate benefit of heat pumps is larger than any 'refrigerant penalty'
- Let's not let our solutions get in each others' way!

#3: Bring together decarb & refrigerant stakeholders

 Every refrigerant-using subsector, no matter how important to decarb goals, will need to transition to lower-GWP alternatives

- Order of transition may follow end-uses' exposure to HFC supply phasedown
 - Heat pump water heaters, for example, use and emit very little refrigerant today. But that will change if every home in America has one someday.
- Again, transitioning refrigerant should not impede pace of rollout of heat pumps



Thank you!

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