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Emerald Cities

July 13, 2021 Neha Bazaj, Senior Economic Inclusion Manager



Economic Inclusion in Residential Building Electrification





About Emerald Cities**02** Why Residential?

The Challenge

Recommendations





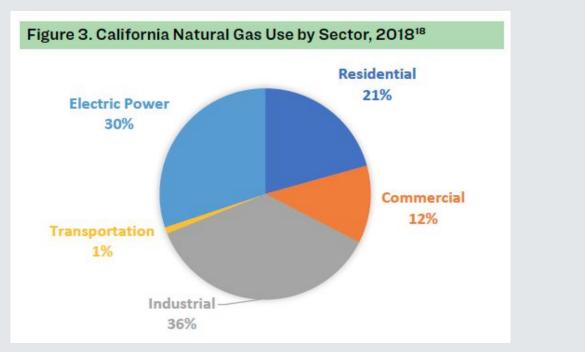
- Address the demand (projects) and supply (workforce) impacts of infrastructure investment and the green economy.
- Expand access to high-wage careers and business opportunities through comprehensive alignment of workforce development resources and contracting and procurement operations to benefit all stakeholders.



Why Residential?



Natural Gas Use by Sector



Source: UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation (2019). California Building Decarbonization Workforce Needs and Recommendations



Employment Impacts

S Table 1. Potential Employment Impacts Type of Work	s — Construction (Excluding Operations and Maintenan Sector	nce) Average Annual Change n Employment (2020–2045)***	New Jobs
Existing Building Electrification Construction Activity	Residential Retrofits	26,000-39,300	
	Small and Medium Commercial Retrofits	<mark>1</mark> ,700–4,500	
	Large Commercial and Municipal, University, School, and Hospital (MUSH) Retrofits **	11,000 – 30,900	
	District Energy Systems ^{4,**}	3,300−5,900⁵	
	Subtotal	42,000-80,600	
All-Electric New Building Construction Activity	All-Electric New Residential Construction	(3,100)-(3,600) *	
Renewable Energy Construction Activity*	Solar Photo Voltaic**	16,400-18,800	
	Land-based Wind**	1,000-1,100	
	Geothermal**	600-700	
	Infrastructure for Grid Connectivity**	2,300-2,600	
	Subtotal	20,300-23,200	
CONSTRUCTION TOTAL		59,200-100,200	

Source: UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation (2019). California Building Decarbonization Workforce Needs and Recommendations



39-47%

of all

Equity in Electrification

- Low-income & communities of color are the worst hit by the climate crisis and bear unfair utility burdens
- Electrification policies should put equity at the forefront so as to not exacerbate climate impacts and racial inequities

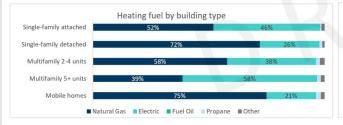


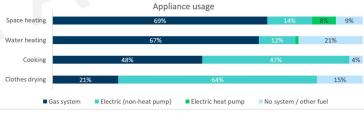
Equity in Electrification

Dashboard: Sacramento Sample Building Inventory



Key Statistics	Single-family	Multi-family	Total
Number of buildings	127,269 (98%)	3,161 (2%)	130,430
Number of households	135,041 (75%)	42,579 (24%)	179,900
% of houses built before 1978	54%	84%	54%
% of units renter occupied	33%	97%	52%
% of households with A/C (including RAC ¹)	90%	85%	89%
% of population in disadvantaged community	-	-	24%
% of total roofs viable for solar	-	-	89%
% of households in 0-100% AMI ²	49%	70%	55%
% of households in 0-30% AMI	13%	29%	18%
Avg. energy burden ³ of households in 0-30% AMI	13%	8%	11%





1. Room Air Conditioning

2. Area Median Income

3. Percentage of household income spent on energy costs

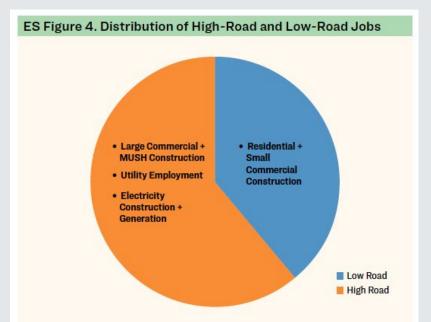
Source: RMI (July 2021)



The Challenge



Not all Jobs are Created Equal



Source: UCLA Luskin Center for Innovation (2019). *California Building Decarbonization Workforce Needs and Recommendations*

"Contractors who work in the residential sector have historically worked under a low-bid contractor model, where the lowest bidder is typically awarded the contract."

Source: CEC (2011). Achieving Energy Savings in California Buildings

Residential construction workers earn 33% less per year than non-residential construction workers

Non-residential contractors' contributions to fringe benefits are triple those of residential contractors.

Source: Littlehale, S. (2019). *Rebuilding California: The Golden State's Housing Workforce Reckoning*



Need to ensure that jobs created by residential building electrification do not go low road



Recommendations



Embed diversity, labor standards, contractor and worker training, <u>and</u> funding for the above, into building electrification policies.



Collaboration

Engage communities, workers and contractors early in the process for input and collaboration Contractor Capacity Building <u>and</u> Workforce Training

Train SMWDBE contractors on new technologies, on contract opportunities

Build training pipelines tailored to the residential construction sector **Creative Thinking**

Aggregate projects? Contractor databases?

Wage standards?



THANK YOU!

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