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IEPR Joint Agency Workshop on Summer 2021 Electric & Natural Gas Reliability



Presented By: Eric Van Deuren Senior Director Hydro O&M July 8, 2021

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PG&E Hydro Fleet





PG&E Hydro Fleet

Туре	Facility	Capacity (MW)
Hydro	 Helms - Pump Storage (1,212 MW) 	3,836
	Conventional (2,624 MW)	

- The system includes:
 - 62 Powerhouses
 - Over 90 reservoirs
 - 15 Watersheds
 - Over 140,000 acres of land





Precipitation and Storage

 July 1st accumulated precipitation to date was 45% of normal for PG&E Watersheds

PG&E's combined large reservoir storage is currently at its second lowest storage during the past 40years of record. Only 2015 was slightly lower than this year





Total Storage 16-Large PG&E Reservoirs





 PG&E is forecasting approximately 45% of historic average annual hydro generation (Excluding Helms)

Consecutive dry and critically dry water years have reduced water available to support generation





- PG&E is forecasting approximately 70% of average annual <u>July-</u> <u>September</u> hydro generation (excluding Helms)
- Reduced springtime generation in order to maximize reservoir storage and focus our flexible generation on higher demand months / highest demand hours
- PG&E anticipates being able to fully ramp up our available hydro generation for the critical hours of the critical days this summer to support the grid





PG&E 2021 Hydro Generation Forecast

 Helms Pump Storage Plant (1212 MW) is not anticipated to be impacted by the drought conditions this year and is currently fully available.





- Hydro generation is inherently cyclical based on annual precipitation
- Despite the lower generation forecast, hydro provides quick response to meet peek loads
- Available Hydro becomes even more focused on critical days and critical hours



Operational Constraints

- Low lake levels are anticipated to cause earlier than normal curtailments of a few of our units in the late summer/early fall
- Meeting license required flows
- Requested and received variances for reduced flows at multiple locations throughout our watersheds (making the water we have last through the summer and fall to best support the environment)
- Recreation flows may require rescheduling based on grid conditions (Pit River)
- Working collaboratively with partner agencies, downstream entities and users to conserve, coordinate and make the best use of the water available







Reliance on Hydro Moving Forward

- Continued capture, storage and movement of water is necessary in California
 - Continue to adapt to the changing energy market, grid conditions and new technologies
- Maintain flexibility to generate when needed
- Long term climate change leading to overall less generation but more focused at critical times
- Helping to integrate new grid level generation technologies (batteries)

Thank You

