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BEFORE THE

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

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In the matter of: Application for a Small Power Plant for the Sequoia Backup

Generating Facility

) Docket No. 19-SPPE-03

EVIDENTIARY HEARING

REMOTE VIA ZOOM

FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 2020

11:00 A.M.

Reported By:

Martha Nelson

APPEARANCES

Hearing Officer

Galen Lemei

Committee Members

Karen Douglas, Commissioner and Presiding Member Patricia Monahan, Commissioner and Associate Member

Advisors Present

Kourtney Vaccaro, Advisor to Commissioner Douglas Eli Harland, Advisor to Commissioner Douglas Jana Romero, Advisor to Commissioner Monahan

Public Advisor

RoseMary Avalos

Staff Present

Lisa DeCarlo, Senior Staff Counsel

Liza Lopez

For Applicant C-1 Santa Clara

Scott Galati, DayZen, LLC

Intervenor

Robert Sarvey

Staff Witnesses

Kevin Kolnowski, Silicon Valley Power

APPEARANCES

Staff Witnesses (cont.)

Henry Hilken, Bay Area Air Quality Management District Caryn Quist, Bay Area Air Quality Management District Jacqueline Record Brewster Birdsall, Aspen Environmental Group Huei-An Chu, Air Resources Engineer, CEC Wenjun Qian, Air Resources Engineer, CEC Kenneth Salyphone, CEC Shahab Khoshmashrab, CEC

Applicant Witnesses

Marcela DeLong, Corgan

Steven Branoff, Ramboll

Brianna Bohonok, CirclePoint

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1	<u>proceedings</u>
2	11:00 A.M.
3	FRIDAY, JUNE 5, 2020
4	PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: This is
5	Commissioner Douglas. Let's get started. And
6	I'll just kick this off.
7	This is the evidentiary hearing for the
8	Application for a Small Power Plant Exemption for
9	the Sequoia Backup Generating Facility.
10	I'm Karen Douglas, the Presiding Member
11	of the Committee assigned to conduct proceedings
12	on this application.
13	Before we begin and make introductions,
14	I'm going to ask that the parties introduce
15	themselves for the record. First, I'll introduce
16	individuals participating in this proceeding on
17	behalf of (indiscernible). They are: Patty
18	Monahan, Commissioner and Associate Member of the
19	Committee; Kourtney Vaccaro and Eli Harland, my
20	Advisors; Jana Romero, Commissioner Monahan's
21	Advisor; and Galen Lemei, the Hearing Officer for
22	this call. The Public Advisor's Office is
23	participating, either Noemi Gallardo or RoseMary
24	Avalos, RoseMary Avalos, and so we'll let me
25	just ask now, who is participating for the Public 6

California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610 1 Advisor's Office?

2 PUBLIC ADVISOR AVALOS: This is RoseMary 3 Avalos, Commissioner Douglas.

4 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: All right. Well, Good morning. Thank you for being here. 5 6 PUBLIC ADVISOR AVALOS: Good morning. 7 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: At this point, 8 I'll ask the parties to please introduce 9 themselves and their representatives, starting 10 with the Applicant. 11 MR. GALATI: Good morning, Commissioners, 12 Mr. Hearing Officer, and the rest of the dais, 13 the virtual dais. This is Scott Galati. I'm 14 representing the Applicant, which is C-1 Santa 15 Clara, LLC, which is a project company owned by CyrusOne. I'll introduce the rest of the people 16 17 on our team as it's time for -- when they are to 18 testify. 19 Thank you. 20 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Thank you very 21 much. 22 Staff, could you please introduce 23 yourselves? 24 MS. DECARLO: Good morning. This is Lisa 25 DeCarlo, Energy Commission Staff Attorney. And

1 we have various Staff members here today and some 2 members from various agencies, as well, and I'll 3 introduce them as they're needed. 4 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Thank you. 5 And Intervenor Robert Sarvey? 6 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. This is Bob Sarvey, 7 Intervenor. Thank you. PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Thank you. 8 9 And is anyone in this hearing 10 participating today from California Unions for 11 Reliable Energy, or CURE? Okay. It doesn't 12 sound like it. 13 Are there any elected officials or 14 representatives from federal government agencies? 15 What about agencies of the State of 16 California, other than the Energy Commission? 17 Then is anyone here representing Native 18 American tribes? 19 Is anyone here representing the Bay Area Air Quality Management District? 20 21 MR. HILKEN: Yes. Henry Hilken. 22 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Thank you. 23 What about the City of Santa Clara? 24 MS. QUIST: Caryn Quist from BAAQMD. 25 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: I'm sorry. Gо

1 ahead.

2 MS. QUIST: Oh, sorry. This is Caryn 3 Quist from BAAQMD as well. 4 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Excellent. 5 Thank you. Sorry. I jumped ahead. 6 Anyone else from BAAQMD? All right. 7 What about Silicon Valley Power plant or 8 City of Santa Clara? 9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Kevin Kolnowski. 10 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Representing 11 both? 12 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yeah, one in the same. 13 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Excellent. 14 Thank you very much. 15 And, let's see, anyone else representing 16 nearby towns, cities or local agencies? All 17 right. 18 At this time, I'll hand over the conduct 19 of this hearing to the Hearing Officer, Galen 20 Lemei. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, 22 Commissioner Douglas. 23 Before I jump in, I just want to clarify, 24 I'm not sure if the Court Reporter got the names 25 of the individuals, just beginning from the

1 BAAQMD and the City of Santa Clara and SVP. I know that I did not get them all. I just want to 2 3 make sure I do have them. 4 So I have Henry Hilken; is that correct? 5 MR. HILKEN: Yeah. It's Henry Hilken, 6 H-I-L-K-E-N. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: H-I-L-K-E-N. 8 Thank you. 9 And then Caryn Quist; ischemic stroke 10 MS. QUIST: Yeah. It's C-A-R-Y-N, and last name is Quist, Q-U-I-S-T. 11 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Perfect. 13 And, forgive me, I did not get the name of the individual participating from the City of 14 15 Santa Clara and SVP. 16 MR. KOLNOWSKI: It's Kevin --17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Kevin. 18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- Kolnowski, 19 K-O-L-N-O-W-S-K-I. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Kevin Kolnowski. 21 Perfect. 22 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 24 Just wanted to make sure I have you folks, and 25 that the Court Reporter did, as well, but mostly

1 me. All right.

2 So I'll start with a little bit of 3 background.

The Committee noticed today's Evidentiary Hearing in a Notice of Prehearing Conference and Evidence Hearing Revised Scheduling Order and further issued orders that was issued on May 8th, 2020. Going forward, I will refer to that mouthful as the May 8th notice.

10 The evidentiary hearing is being held 11 remotely, that is we are in separate locations 12 and communicating only through electronic means. 13 We are meeting in this fashion, consistent with 14 the Executive Orders N-25-20 and N-29-20, and the 15 recommendations from the California Department of 16 Public Health to encourage physical distancing in 17 order to slow the spread of COVID-19.

Before we proceed with the substantive portions of this evidentiary hearing, I would like to discuss a few housekeeping issues.

During last week's prehearing conference, we discussed the changes necessary to ensure a smooth hearing, complete transcript, as we meet remotely. We practiced these changes and I would like to remind some of you of those changes.

First, I'm going to ask that only one witness speak at a time. Please use your raisehand or chat feature if you would like to be recognized.

5 And I will just, at this point/moment, 6 mention that I will do my best to track the 7 raised hands from -- whether they're from parties 8 or members of the public.

9 But I would ask that the staff members 10 helping me, Liza, I think that you're helping me 11 on this, let me know if there are raised hands 12 because it's possible that I'll miss them because 13 I have a lot of things up on the screen.

Second, please identify yourself before you speak. When we meet remotely, it is harder for the Court Reporter and me to identify who is speaking or who wishes to be recognized.

I also want to thank everyone for accommodating our transition from WebEx to Zoom. This is our first time conducting an evidentiary hearing using Zoom and we appreciate your patience and understanding if there are any hiccups.

24 We'll also just acknowledge that this is 25 my first time presiding over an evidentiary

hearing as a Hearing Officer. And so I would,
 again, ask for and appreciate your patience and
 understanding if there are any hiccups based on
 my lack of experience with this particular role.

5 And I also just will thank in advance 6 those that are supporting me and the Committee in presiding over this proceeding, which includes 7 Liza, Susan Cochran, Commissioners and Advisors, 8 9 for your help and assistance. If you note that 10 there's anything that I may be overlooking, 11 please do not hesitate to speak up. I really 12 appreciate your support.

13 Moving now to the substance. This 14 prehearing conference concerns the Application for a Small Power Plant Exemption, or SPPE, for 15 16 the Sequoia Backup Generating Facility filed by 17 the Applicant on August 14th, 2019. The 18 application and many of the other documents I 19 will be mentioning today are available online, 20 available in the online docketing system used by 21 the Energy Commission.

The backup generating facility would be used to ensure an interruptible power supply for the Sequoia Data Center, located at 2600 De La Cruz Boulevard in Santa Clara, California. The

1 data center consists of a four-story, 702,114 2 square foot data center building that will house 3 computer servers in a secure and environmentally-4 controlled structure with approximately 70,000 5 square feet dedicated to administrative and 6 office use.

7 The Applicant proposes to construct and 8 operate the Sequoia Backup Generating Facility 9 consisting of 54 Tier 2 standby diesel-fired 10 generators, each with a maximum peak rating of 11 2.25 megawatts, located in a generator equipment 12 vard. The generators would be configured in a 13 distributed, redundant configuration to provide 14 up to 96.5 megawatts, the maximum building load 15 of the Sequoia Data Center.

16 The Applicant also intends to construct 17 an onsite 100 megavolt amp electrical substation 18 and electrical switch gear and distribution lines 19 between the substation and buildings, as well as 20 from the backup generator yards and each 21 respective building. The substation will allow 22 for delivery of power from Silicon Valley Power, 23 or SVP, but will not allow any electricity 24 generated from the backup generators to be 25 distributed off the Sequoia site.

1 Under Public Resources Code section 2 25541, the Commission may grant and SPPE only when it makes three separate and distinct 3 4 findings: one, the proposed power plant has a generating capacity of up to 100 megawatts; two, 5 6 no substantial adverse impact on the environment 7 will result from the construction or operation of 8 the power plant; and three, no substantial 9 adverse impact on energy resources will result 10 from the construction or operation of the power 11 plant.

12 In addition, the Commission acts as the 13 lead agency under CEQA, the California 14 Environmental Quality Act, in reviewing an SPPE. 15 The Energy Commission considers the whole of the 16 action. For this application, the whole of the 17 action means the backup generators, the data 18 center, and any other project features, such as 19 the substation.

Staff prepared and published an Initial Study and Proposed Mitigation Negative Declaration for the IS/PMND on January 23rd, 2020. The IS/PMND was subject to public review and comment period that ended on February 28th, 2020.

1 Comments were received from Robert Sarvey 2 that the Department of Toxic Substances Control, 3 the City San Jose Airport Department, and from 4 the Bay Area Air Quality Management District, or BAAOMD, before the close of the comment period. 5 6 Comments were also received from the National 7 Fuel Cell Resource -- Research Center, sorry, the 8 National Fuel Cell Research Center on May 22nd, 9 2020.

10 As explained in the May 8th notice, we 11 required a prehearing conference statement from 12 any party seeking to present evidence or cross-13 examine witnesses at this evidentiary hearing. 14 We received prehearing conference statements from Staff, Applicant, and Intervenor Sarvey. Neither 15 16 Intervenor California Unions for Reliable Energy, nor Helping Hand -- oh, sorry, they're not a part 17 18 of this. That's a mistake. Neither Intervenor 19 for California -- Intervenor -- sorry --20 Intervenor California Unions for Reliable Energy 21 did not file a prehearing conference statement. 22 The May 8th notice also contains a series 23 of -- contained a series of questions regarding 24 air quality, greenhouse gas emissions, and public 25 health. We invited the parties, the Applicant,

Staff, and the Intervenors, and the public,
 especially the City of Santa Clara/Silicon Valley
 Power and BAAQMD, to submit responses to these
 questions, even in the form of evidence or
 briefings, by May 22nd, 2020. We received
 responses from Staff and Applicant.

7 At the prehearing conference there was discussion of the filing of rebuttal testimony to 8 9 information received in responses to the 10 Committee questions. And the Committee ordered 11 the parties to file any written rebuttal 12 testimony by Wednesday, June 3rd. Mr. Sarvey 13 did, in fact, file responses to Staff and 14 Applicant's responses to Committee questions on 15 June 3rd.

As set forth in the May 8th notice, the revidentiary hearing will be conducted using a formal hearing procedure modified to fit the remote nature of the hearing.

First, with respect to testimony, as discussed in the prehearing conference, we will deem all parties' opening and rebuttal testimony as their direct examination. There is no need to discuss experts resumes if we have them in writing and there is no objection to the witness

1 as an expert. If witnesses testify who have not 2 filed written testimony, please have them 3 identify themselves. For example, I would identify myself as Galen Lemei, Senior Attorney 4 for the California Energy Commission. If any 5 6 party has objection, please state the objection. Exhibits. After the prehearing 7 conference statement both Intervenor Sarvey and 8 9 Applicant identified additional exhibits for 10 introduction at today's evidentiary hearing. 11 Would you please, Liza, could you get the 12 exhibit list up on the screen? Is that possible? 13 MS. LOPEZ: Would you like me to pull up 14 Sarvey's or Galati? 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Well, I was 16 imagining that we would just pull up the exhibit 17 list for the proceeding, which is on the docket page, because that contains all of the exhibits. 18 19 I believe it was updated. Right. Thank you. So 20 my apologies. 21 After the prehearing conference, 22 actually, Staff, Applicant, and Intervenor, this 23 was updated since I last -- since I wrote this, identified additional exhibits for introduction 24

25 at today's evidentiary hearing.

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1 I will note that when I -- we discussed 2 the exhibits at the prehearing conference and I asked the parties to -- or I intended to ask the 3 parties to file their statement of which specific 4 exhibits that were -- that they planned to use. 5 6 And it was my intention that they were going to 7 be identifying exhibits that were already in the record. I hadn't intended to invite or encourage 8 9 the parties to file additional exhibits, 10 additional prehearing conference -- or an 11 additional exhibit list that were not already on 12 the record. But as I noted, Applicant, Staff, 13 and Sarvey all have done so. 14 We have, therefore, updated the exhibit 15 list to reflect the most recent exhibits filed by 16 the parties. 17 Are there any objections to the exhibits

18 currently identified and the updated exhibit list 19 from the parties? I will, I guess, I'll just 20 call on the parties in order.

Applicant, do you have any objections? MR. GALATI: Mr. Lemei, are you asking me, am I objecting to all of the exhibits being listed and entered into evidence or just that the list captures all the exhibits we're proposing?

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I guess, at this stage, I'm just asking if the list captures the 2 3 exhibits from your perspective? 4 MR. GALATI: If we could scroll down, Liza, I just want to make sure Exhibit 35 is 5 6 there for me? Thank you. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. 8 MR. GALATI: Yes. All of my exhibits are 9 identified on (indiscernible). 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. And, yeah, 11 I think that we'll deal with objections to any 12 particular item that's identified later in the 13 proceeding when that comes up. 14 And I'll ask Staff, are your exhibits captured, and do you have any concerns with the 15 16 exhibit list as it's been updated? 17 MS. DECARLO: Lisa DeCarlo for Staff. 18 Yes, our exhibit is properly reflected, 19 our last filed one. And I'll reserve any 20 objections or express concerns about particular 21 documents as they're presented. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 23 And, Mr. Sarvey, do you have -- are your 24 additional exhibits identified in your updated 25 exhibit list accurately reflected?

MR. SARVEY: Yes, they are, except I 1 2 filed another exhibit this morning which I intend 3 to include in public comment, Exhibit 312. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: So the document 4 that was filed this morning, which is -- let me 5 6 just try and pull this up. 7 MR. SARVEY: Exhibit 312 is CyrusOne 2020 8 Proxy Statement. 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Was that 10 identified in the exhibit list that you filed 11 yesterday? 12 MR. SARVEY: I filed it -- I intended to 13 file it last night, I didn't meet the deadline, 14 so I want to enter it in as public comment. 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So that 16 document is not being --17 MR. SARVEY: Exhibit 312 is public 18 comment. Thank you. 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. When I 20 think of exhibit, I think of documents that 21 are -- exhibits refers to documents that are 22 being entered into evidence. So I'm not sure if 23 it's being -- I don't believe it's being marked 24 as Exhibit 312 but it is part of the 25 administrative record and will be taken as public

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1 comment based on what you are telling us right 2 Is that acceptable, Mr. Sarvey? now. 3 MR. SARVEY: Oh, yes. I will identify it as Exhibit 312 but it is public comment when I 4 5 use it. Thank you. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Okay. 7 So it was -- I quess I will -- because parties have indicated that they may have 8 9 objections to some of the documents identified 10 being entered into evidence, I will not yet --11 I'm going to allow us to have an opportunity to hear any such objections but I don't want to 12 13 sidetrack where we are in sort of the 14 administrative discussion to do that. So I'm 15 going to refrain at this time from entering all 16 of the exhibits into evidence. But I've made 17 myself a note that that's something that we will 18 need to do, that I will need to do later, once 19 we've heard any objections to that happening. 20 All right, so during the prehearing 21 conference, we discussed areas would require 22 The list that I identified, which is testimony. 23 based on all of the topics identified by all the 24 parties, and there was quite a bit of crossover 25 between the topics identified by the parties, are

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as follows: the jurisdiction and generating
 capacity; energy resources; GHG emissions; air
 quality and public health; utilities and public
 services; and environmental justice.

5 And I will just note that this last 6 category of environmental justice, it's unclear 7 to me whether the parties view that as a 8 standalone topic or as an aspect of air quality, 9 for example. My sense was that all the parties 10 might consider that as an aspect of air quality 11 and public health.

So I'll ask what the parties -- if they 12 13 had topics identified that are not captured here 14 first? And then, second, if I'm correct in my 15 understanding that environmental justice and 16 public health is best viewed as an aspect of air quality -- sorry -- if environmental justice is 17 18 best viewed as an aspect of air quality and 19 public health or if it is a standalone topic. 20 Calling on the parties, Applicant, does 21 this capture -- rather, are all of your topics 22 you identified captured?

MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati.
That captures all of the topics as I
understand them. And I also agree that the

1 complaints in environmental justice seem to be all related to air quality. 2 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you 4 very much. 5 Staff, same question? 6 MS. DECARLO: Lisa DeCarlo for Staff. 7 Yes, that accurately captures all of our 8 stated technical areas. And we also agree that 9 environmental justice is encapsulated in the air

10 quality discussion.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And, Mr. Sarvey, same question to you.

MR. SARVEY: Yes, I agree that environmental justice should be handled under air guality and public health.

I do have another issue with the 17 jurisdiction of the CEC over the project or 18 planning, except I don't believe we're going to 19 be taking ay testimony on that today. I'll most 20 likely address that in public comment.

21 Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. That is appreciated. I'll just note that I did identify jurisdiction and generating capacity as the first topic, so that is captured here, but if you

1 don't --

2 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: -- plan to present testimony, that's fine. We do have 4 information in the record on that issue. All 5 6 right. 7 Is there any particular preference from the parties in terms of the order that we would 8 9 take these issues in? 10 I guess I'll ask -- you know, I'm 11 actually going to ask you this, Mr. Sarvey, since 12 a lot of these issues are actually based on --13 you are raising the substantive concern, do you 14 have a preference which order these are taken in? 15 MR. SARVEY: I believe the best course of 16 action would be to take the SVP witness and the 17 BAAQMD witnesses, who are both volunteering their 18 time, and they have busy schedules. So I think 19 that their testimony will resolve some issues. 20 And it's important to get that out first, so the 21 parties don't waste time arguing about BAAQMD and 22 SVP (indiscernible). 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Well, I hear that 24 as highly respectful, Mr. Sarvey.

25 So if I can just translate that into an California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

1 order of operations, it sounds like you would 2 see -- I believe that the issue that they're going testify to are primarily air quality and 3 public health, as well as greenhouse gas 4 5 emissions. And then that would leave -- with, of course, environmental justice being an aspect of 6 7 air quality and public health. So that give us 8 topics four and six would be first, then topic 9 three, and that would leave energy resources and 10 utilities and public service as the remaining 11 topics, with the understanding that you don't 12 actually plan to present evidence on jurisdiction 13 and generating capacity.

Do you have a preference between the order of utilities and public service and energy resources?

17 MR. SARVEY: In our last hearing, we led 18 off utilities and service systems, and the we 19 went to energy resources, and they seemed to combine it real well there. Then we went to air 20 21 quality. We took the BAAQMD witness. And then we 22 took Applicant, Staff, and myself. I think 23 that's -- the way we did it last time worked 24 fairly well and I think we probably should 25 (indiscernible) brief.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. I'm going to write this down because I'm fallible and, if I don't, I will not necessarily remember. So bear with me. Air Q --

5 (Pause)

6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right, so to 7 summarize, Mr. Sarvey has proposed the order that we take things as air quality and public health, 8 9 including environmental justice, first, then 10 greenhouse gas emissions, then utilities and 11 public service and energy resources, which, as he 12 observes correctly, I think had some crossover. 13 I will ask Applicant, do you have any 14 objection to that order? 15 Applicant, have you lost -- can folks 16 hear me? 17 MR. GALATI: I apologize. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh. 19 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. I'm going to get used to where -- to un-mute myself, 20 21 although I'm sure many people on this particular 22 participant list would like to mute me --23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, no, Mr. 24 Galati. 25 MR. GALATI: -- as most people who know

1 me.

No, what I was saying is that you -- the fact that you added greenhouse gases to that part makes sense to be because I believe that the Silicon Valley Power witness is critical to greenhouse gas emissions, energy resources, and utility systems. So taking those as a group makes sense to me.

9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. All right. 10 Well, you know, I don't -- these categories are, 11 admittedly, somewhat artificial because -- or at 12 least there is a certain amount of, maybe even 13 quite a bit, of crossover or commonality in terms 14 of the -- how these issues affect one another, so 15 I don't want to put too fine a point.

16 What I had proposed was that we do air 17 quality first, and including any EJ associated 18 with it, and then greenhouse gases, and then 19 utility services. Is that different than what 20 you understood me to say when you say that you 21 wanted to see greenhouse gases and utilities 22 services taken together?

23 MR. GALATI: It doesn't matter to me.
24 It's just that the questions I have for the SVP
25 witness, I could handle them very quickly, or

Staff could handle them very quickly, if we just focus on what that witness evidence needs to be. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Well, then I think that, bearing that in mind, I will ask Staff if they have any objections to the order that I've suggested or just thoughts on how to best take these topics and the associated

8 witnesses?

9 MS. DECARLO: Lisa DeCarlo for Staff. 10 Yes, I am easily confused by the crossover in the various topic areas, so I prefer 11 to look at it from the standpoint of who will be 12 testifying. I think it makes sense that SVP 13 14 testify first. A lot of their testimony forms 15 the basis for the greenhouse gas analysis 16 assumptions and also goes to a lot of Mr. 17 Sarvey's questions about the potential impact of 18 Sequoia on the system and any outfall from that. 19 I believe this is how we started in Walsh and I 20 think it worked well.

After SVP, I would recommend going then to BAAQMD for similar reasons. A lot of their testimony will shed light on their position regarding Staff's analysis and I think that forms a good baseline to then dive into Staff's

1 testimony.

I'm not sure, I think in Walsh we had
SVP, BAAQMD, then air quality/public health/GHG
testimony, and then we followed it up lastly with
testimony from Staff on energy resources. I
think that last part can probably be slotted
anywhere within that, obviously, after the first
two agencies go.

9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So what 10 I'm hearing, I think, all of the parties is a 11 resistance, or even a rejection, to my attempt to compartmentalize this by topic and really saying 12 13 that the better way to organize our thoughts and 14 out time is by who is speaking, with the 15 understanding that Silicon Valley Power and 16 BAAQMD, in particular, are going to be speaking 17 to multiple topics.

18 So I accept the wisdom of the parties and 19 will -- and so our game plan here is going to 20 take Silicon -- or I'm suggesting now, a new 21 suggestion, take Silicon Valley Power first, take 22 BAAQMD second, allow the parties to ask all the 23 questions of those witnesses on any relevant --24 on any of these relevant topics, and then take 25 Staff's witnesses. And Staff's witnesses would

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be in the order of air quality and public health,
 GHGs, utility, public service, and energy
 resources.

And I'll just inquire, did -- Mr. Galati, do you have any other witnesses that wouldn't be captured by Silicon Valley Power, BAAQMD, and Staff?

8 MR. GALATI: Yeah. This is Scott Galati.9 I do have witnesses.

10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay.

11 MR. GALATI: And I -- what we did in 12 Walsh first is I'm happy to go first but however 13 order you think makes sense. I think that we 14 should get one with Silicon Valley Power and Bay 15 Area Air Quality Management District, ask them 16 their evidentiary questions, and then move on to 17 the rest of the witnesses.

18 So I agree that Staff should go first
19 because those are Staff's witnesses.

20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm.

21 MR. GALATI: And we can ask our questions 22 and then we can go in the normal order of 23 Applicant with the rest of the testimony, Staff 24 with the rest of the testimony, and Mr. Sarvey 25 with the rest of the testimony, and then we can

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1 engage in cross on those. That would be my 2 preference.

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. This4 sounds right to me. Okay.

5 Mr. Sarvey, do you have any objection 6 to -- I think that Mr. Galati just articulated 7 quite well what I was trying to articulate but 8 not especially artfully. I mean, I'm going to 9 try to repeat it, just to make sure I have it 10 down right. Starting with SVP, then BAAQMD, 11 then -- which I think is -- well, and any other 12 Staff witnesses, if they're already -- if Staff 13 has other witnesses that aren't included there, 14 then Mr. Galati's witnesses, and then Mr. 15 Sarvey's witnesses? MR. SARVEY: Yes. 16 That was my original 17 recommendation. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Perfect. I'm 19 glad that we all agreed. And it just took me a 20 little while to get there. Sorry for taking 21 everyone's time with that. 22 MS. DECARLO: This is Lisa DeCarlo. I′m 23 sorry to throw a wrench in this. I didn't intend

24 to subvert the natural order of Applicant

25 witnesses go first, then Staff, and then Mr.

1 Sarvey.

2 So my proposal would be SVP, BAAQMD, and 3 then as we revisit the various separate technical areas, have Applicant go first for their experts, 4 5 and then Staff, and then Mr. Sarvey, if that 6 didn't completely confuse everything. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Sure. I 8 understood that you were suggesting to the 9 contrary. 10 So in that case, without belaboring the 11 point, Applicant and Sarvey, Mr. Sarvey, do you 12 have any objection to that, proceeding with the 13 normal order, as Ms. DeCarlo suggested, once we 14 conclude with SVP and BAAQMD? 15 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. No 16 objection. 17 MR. SARVEY: This is Robert Sarvey. No 18 objections. 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. All 20 right. Thank you. I'm glad we managed to get 21 through that together. Another fun aspect of 22 having a less experienced Hearing Officer. It 23 takes a little more time to figure these things 24 out. Okay. 25

Well, I think to this point -- so my

understanding is that the normal procedure is
 before we ask the witnesses to start testifying,
 we do normally enter the exhibits that have been
 identified by the parties into the record of the
 proceeding.

6 I'll just ask the clarifying question.
7 Is my understanding of the normal operating
8 procedure correct in that regard? I'm hearing no
9 objections, so --

MR. GALATI: Yeah. This is Scott Galati.
I didn't know that question was sent to me but,
yes, that is the normal way and I agree.

13 And with that, I make a motion to move my14 Exhibits 1 through 35 into the record.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Are there any objections to Mr. Galati moving his exhibits into the -- 1 through 35, as identified in his most recently filed updated exhibit list, into the record?

20 MS. DECARLO: No objection from Staff.
21 MR. SARVEY: Robert Sarvey has no
22 objections.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right.
Applicant's Exhibits 1 through 35 are moved into
the record.

1 (Applicant Exhibits 1 through 35 are 2 admitted.) 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. DeCarlo, would you like to make a motion to move your 4 exhibits into the record? 5 MS. DECARLO: Yes. Staff moves to move 6 our Exhibits 200 through 204 into the record. 7 8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Are 9 there any objections from the other parties to 10 Staff's exhibits being moved into the record, 11 starting with Applicant? 12 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. No 13 objections. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Robert Sarvey? 15 MR. SARVEY: I have no objections. Thank 16 you. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. 18 (Staff Exhibits 200 through 204 are 19 admitted.) 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Robert Sarvey, 21 would you like to make a motion to move your 22 exhibits into the record? 23 MR. SARVEY: I would like to move my 24 Exhibits 300 through 311 into the record please. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: 300 through 311.

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1 Okay.

2 And I will then ask the other parties, 3 starting with Staff, do you have any objection to those exhibits being moved into the record? 4 5 MS. DECARLO: No objection from Staff. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Applicant, do you 7 have any objection to those exhibits being moved 8 into the record? 9 MR. GALATI: No, I'd don't have any 10 objection to that. 11 (Intervenor Exhibits 300 through 311 are 12 admitted.) 13 I do have an objection to public comment 14 being identified as Exhibit 312, whether it's 15 moved in or not. It's confusing whether it is an 16 evidentiary exhibit or public comment, so I 17 suggest the exhibit list not be modified to 18 include what Mr. Sarvey is not moving into the 19 record. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I am inclined to 21 agree with that. The Committee -- as I was indicating previously, I use exhibits as a term 22 23 of art to refer to specific pieces of evidence 24 that have been moved into the record. If that is 25 not being moved into the record as an exhibit, I

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1 am not planning to identify it as an exhibit. Ι 2 will try to keep in mind that if Mr. Sarvey 3 refers to an Exhibit 312, that he's referring to 4 that, but I can't promise to remember that. 5 So, hopefully, he'll -- I would 6 appreciate it, Mr. Sarvey, if you could, you know, if you're going to refer to that document 7 8 in a public comment portion of this proceeding, I 9 would appreciate it if you identify it by name. 10 Are you amenable to that? 11 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I have no issue with 12 it. Thank you. 13 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thanks. 14 Okay. So just a moment. 15 So just as a reminder -- well, I won't say it's a reminder because we've modified our 16 17 standard operating procedure to take Silicon 18 Valley Power and BAAQMD witnesses first. And, 19 otherwise, we're going to proceed with the 20 standard order of Applicant, Staff, and Mr. 21 Sarvey. 22 A quick note on closing statements. We 23 had some discussion of closing statements, sort 24 of indirectly, at the prehearing conference. But 25 if my recollection is correct, I did not

1 specifically ask the parties if they wanted to 2 make closing statements at the prehearing 3 conference, and so I will just do now. 4 Do the parties desire to make a closing statement of up to ten minutes at the conclusion 5 6 of this evidentiary hearing, or after evidence is 7 presented in this evidentiary hearing, I should 8 say, beginning with -- and just to be clear, I'm 9 asking for a yes or no statement at this point, 10 not a preview of your closing statement. 11 Staff, do you wish to make a closing 12 statement? 13 MS. DECARLO: We certainly have one prepared. And if the other parties are amendable 14 15 to making their statements, we would request to 16 make one as well. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 18 Applicant, do you wish to make a closing 19 statement? 20 MR. GALATI: Yes. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 22 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 24 Mr. Sarvey, do you wish to make a closing 25 statement?

1 MR. SARVEY: This is Bob Sarvey. I don't 2 see any reason to have a closing statement. Ι think everything will be clear at the end of this 3 4 and I don't think we need to go there. But if everybody wants to make one, I'll make one as 5 6 well. I prefer to have a brief, rather than a closing statement. I think it's more 7 illustrative to the Committee of the issues, the 8 9 facts, and the law applied, so I prefer a brief 10 than closing. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okav. So the 12 question of whether there's briefs is distinct 13 from the question of whether there's closing 14 statements. But I do observe that the position 15 of Mr. Galati has been that briefs aren't 16 necessary but he would like to make a closing 17 statement. And I understand your position, as it 18 has been, that you would like to file briefs but 19 don't necessarily see value in a closing 20 statement. So maybe you're both looking at these 21 things as serving a similar function.

I understood you, Mr. Sarvey, as not objecting to others making a closing statement and -- but wishing an opportunity to make your sown closing statement if others are making a

1 closing statement. Am I understanding you
2 correct, Mr. Sarvey?

3 MR. SARVEY: If the other parties make a4 closing statement, I will as well.

5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. In that 6 case, I'll go back to you, Mr. Galati. Is your 7 desire to make a closing statement on the 8 assumption that that will serve in lieu of briefs 9 or do you wish to make a closing statement 10 irrespective of whether there's briefs? 11 MR. GALATI: We'll do whatever the

12 Committee finds helpful. And, again, this is 13 Scott Galati. We'll do whatever the Committee 14 finds helpful.

15 I believe that the purpose of briefs are to brief legal arguments and not be a closing 16 17 factual evidentiary statement, and that's what I would do in my statement is identify for the 18 19 record what sometimes have been put in briefs, 20 which is simply what the exhibits say and which 21 ones the Committee should rely on and what the 22 facts are. But if the Committee has any new 23 question, I believe the appropriate way for --24 and a legal question, is in a brief.

25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. That is

1 clear.

2 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Mr. Lemei, I'm
3 just going to break in here. This is
4 Commissioner Douglas.

5 I think brief closing statements would be 6 helpful.

7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. In that 8 case, then the preference of the Presiding Member 9 takes precedence, certainly, over mine, not that 10 I have any concerns about closing statements.

So let's go -- yes, we will have closing statements of ten minutes per party, which, I understand, no one objects to having closing statements.

15 So with that bit of housekeeping out of 16 the way, I believe we are ready to proceed to the 17 heart of the evidentiary hearing. So we are 18 going to begin with Mr. Kolnowski from Silicon 19 Valley Power.

20 MS. DECARLO: Yes. This is Lisa DeCarlo,
21 Staff Attorney.

22 We will be sponsoring Mr. Kolnowski's 23 direct testimony.

24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Excellent.25 Mr. Kolnowski, are you able to be sworn

1 in?

MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 2 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. 4 (Kevin Kolnowski is sworn.) HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you. 5 6 All right, I will hand it over to you, 7 Ms. DeCarlo. 8 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Mr. Lemei. 9 Mr. Kolnowski, can you please state your 10 name and title for the record? 11 MR. KOLNOWSKI: My name is Kevin 12 Kolnowski, 13 K-O-L-N-O-W-S-K-I, and I'm the Chief Operating 14 Officer for Silicon Valley Power, which is the 15 Electric Department of the City of Santa Clara. MS. DECARLO: And can you please briefly 16 17 describe your responsibilities at Silicon Valley 18 Power? 19 MR. KOLNOWSKI: As the Chief Operating 20 Officer, I handle the day-to-day operations of 21 the utility. Prior to this role at the utility, 22 I was in charge of engineering, generation, 23 transmission, distribution, and control. 24 MS. DECARLO: And are you generally 25 familiar with the Sequoia Data Center proposal?

1 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. MS. DECARLO: Would the construction and 2 3 operation of the Sequoia Data Center require SVP 4 to construct new infrastructure to accommodate the project? 5 6 MR. KOLNOWSKI: There will be a new 7 substation that is part of the project that the Applicant will be building and providing. It 8 9 will become a part of SVP's sys, so that is a new 10 piece of construction that will be done on their 11 part for us. 12 MS. DECARLO: How about any other 13 infrastructure needed for the system? 14 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Not specifically for 15 this. We do have projects that are planned to accommodate low growth, which we've been planning 16 17 for the last ten -- or we look out for a ten-year 18 horizon. 19 MS. DECARLO: On page 20 of Exhibit 300, 20 Mr. Sarvey lists several anticipated 21 infrastructure projects being considered by SVP. 22 Are any of these projects being proposed as a 23 direct result of the Sequoia Data Center? 24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. I'm just -- I want 25 to just check my list because sometimes we use

different names. And the Parker Substation, the
 Oaks Junction, Laurelwood Substation, and Freedom
 Circle were planned for various data centers and
 I'm just looking to double check.

5 No, none of those were specifically 6 identified for this project.

MS. DECARLO: All right. And just to 8 confirm, are they expected to move forward, 9 regardless of whether the Sequoia Data Center is 10 ever built?

11 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

12 MS. DECARLO: Can you please discuss 13 SVP's current and future ability to accommodate 14 the electrical needs of the Sequoia Data Center? 15 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We currently -- Silicon Valley Power has experienced a five to seven 16 17 percent load growth over the last several years. 18 And we have laid out projects to accommodate that 19 load growth.

Along with that, we continue to look for resources to -- renewable resources to supply the increased demand that comes with that load growth. And we currently have about 400 -- a little over 400 megawatts that are scheduled to come on in the next several years to accommodate

1 the growth that we're experiencing. And we 2 continue to look forward for opportunities with power purchase agreements with other developers 3 4 to continue to add resources to our portfolio. 5 MS. DECARLO: Is the ability to 6 accommodate Sequoia altered in any way by the fact that additional data centers will likely 7 8 also be constructed and operated in SVP 9 territory? 10 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. 11 MS. DECARLO: Would operation of the 12 Sequoia Data Center create any procurement 13 shortfall for SVP? 14 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. It does create a procurement obligation for us but not a 15 16 shortfall. MS. DECARLO: In your experience, do data 17 centers typically operate at or near their 18 19 maximum listed capacity? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No, they do not. 21 MS. DECARLO: Will SVP be required to 22 procure more natural gas as a result of the 23 Sequoia Data Center? 24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. 25 MS. DECARLO: Have you had a chance to

1 review Applicant's Exhibit 31, which is an email chain originated from SVP Representative Kathleen 2 3 Hughes on February 6, 2019? 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 5 MS. DECARLO: Can you please describe the 6 substance of the email? 7 MR. KOLNOWSKI: This is a projection of 8 our average carbon intensity projected from 2019 9 through 2030. And it shows a declining trend 10 because of the renewable resources we have, 11 either procured or are going to procure, to meet 12 the state obligations for renewable portfolio 13 standards. 14 15 16 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Kolnowski, sorry to interrupt. Would you like that document 17 18 displayed on the screen? 19 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I have it. No, that's 20 okay, I have it in front of me, unless others 21 would. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Do you think it's 23 helpful for the members of the Committee to see 24 that document? I'm sorry to interrupt. I won't do this 25

1 again, I just -- just going forward, please let 2 me know if you want the document identified on 3 the screen and we'll make that happen if it's 4 identified as an exhibit.

5 MS. DECARLO: Mr. Kolnowski, to your 6 knowledge, do these numbers fairly represent 7 SVP's projected GHG emissions for every year 8 through 2030?

9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

MS. DECARLO: Staff's calculation of Sequoia's GHG emissions uses a carbon intensity for SVP of 430 pounds CO2 equivalent per megawatt hour.

In your opinion, does the use of this number lead to a likely overestimation of GHG emissions attributable to the Sequoia Data Center?

18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

MS. DECARLO: Mr. Sarvey argues that 20 Staff should have, instead, used SVP's power 21 content label to estimate GHG emissions.

In your opinion, which is a more accurate reflection of the potential GHG emissions that could be attributed to Sequoia Data Center, a calculation derived from the power content label

1 or one derived from SVP's overall carbon 2 intensity factor? 3 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We believe it should be derived from the overall carbon intensity factor 4 because it's more reflective of what is delivered 5 6 to our customers. 7 MS. DECARLO: Are you familiar with the SB 100 mandate that electricity portfolios be 60 8 9 percent renewable by 2030? 10 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 11 MS. DECARLO: And that it is the state's 12 goal that portfolios consist of 100 percent 13 renewable or zero-carbon electricity by 2045? 14 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 15 MS. DECARLO: Is SVP working to meet 16 these targets? 17 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 18 MS. DECARLO: Can you please explain what 19 actions SVP is taking to meet its state GHG and 20 RPS goals and requirements? 21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We have a Resources Group 22 that continually is looking for acquiring resources. PPAs, typically, is the approach that 23 24 we use, power purchase agreements. And I think 25 it was about two years ago, we added a 200

1 megawatt wind facility and a 50 megawatt wind 2 facility. And we're continuing to always 3 evaluate different projects that come on to 4 support our renewable portfolio standard.

5 And we also rely -- we recently --6 Northern California Power Agency, NCPA, went --7 did a solicitation for renewable products and 8 we're currently reviewing those.

9 So we're always -- we have to meet the 10 obligation. And we have a team of professionals 11 that are monitoring and finding available 12 resources. And we have put our RFPs for power 13 and we may be doing that in the future. 14 MS. DECARLO: And would the potential

MS. DECARLO: And would the potential electricity demand from Sequoia impede the ability of SVP to meet its GHG and RPS goals and requirements?

18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No.

MS. DECARLO: Moving on to PG&E's public safety power shutoffs, Mr. Sarvey argues that PG&E's PSPS events make it more likely that SVP will suffer an outage, requiring Sequoia Data Center to use its backup generators.

24 Can you please discuss whether PG&E's 25 actions significantly increase the likelihood

1 that data centers in SVP territory will need to 2 operate their emergency generators? 3 MR. KOLNOWSKI: At Silicon Valley Power, we receive power from the Pacific Gas and 4 5 Electric's transmission grid at either 230 6 kilovolts or 115 kilovolts versus a number of 7 the -- of agencies receive power at distribution 8 levels. 9 Based on history to date, we have not had 10 any of the PG&E PSPS events curtail -- cause us 11 to curtail load in Silicon Valley Power. 12 And it's possible it could happen but, to 13 date, it has not happened. We communicate with 14 PG&E differently since we are a transmission 15 taker of theirs versus a distribution taker. It 16 could happen. We believe everything that PG&E 17 has been doing reduces the likelihood of events 18 occurring. They've been making their 19 transmission system more robust in terms of their 20 vegetation management system and so forth, so we 21 believe the trend will continue. 22 But, again, going back to historically, 23 so far we have not had a PSPS even that caused 24 curtailment in Santa Clara.

25 MS. DECARLO: And lastly, on page 8 of

1 Exhibit 305, Mr. Sarvey provides and highlights a quote from a version of SVP's IRP. Can you 2 please provide some context for that quote? 3 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Okay. Let me find that 5 for a second. Is this the statement that SVP 6 finds that the generic emissions rate of 0.437 metric tons of CO2 per megawatt hour for the spot market purchases per the CEC guidelines to be too 8 9 high. If this rate is applied, SVP portfolio 10 emissions will exceed the GHG targets?" 11 MS. DECARLO: Yes, 0.428. Yes. MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yeah. Yes. That was 12 13 taken from our original submittal of the IRP. We 14 submitted a revised version of the IRP, I believe 15 it was on August 23rd of '19, which has -- those 16 statements were changed and no longer in the 17 document. 18 MS. DECARLO: All right. Thank you, Mr. 19 Kolnowski. That concludes my direct. 20 The witness is available from questions 21 from the Committee or cross-examination. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Ms. 23 DeCarlo. 24 I quess I'll just follow the standard 25 order.

1 Applicant, do you have any questions for 2 this witness? Do you wish to cross-examine this 3 witness?

4 MR. GALATI: Yes, I do. Thank you. This
5 is Scott Galati.

6 So could we please put up Exhibit 35 for 7 the Committee? And I would specifically like 8 page 4-3.

9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Looks like we're 10 working on that.

MR. GALATI: Yeah. Thank you. Page 4-3, I apologize, I don't know which of the .pdf it is. Sorry. Next time, I'll give you the .pdf number page number, as well, Liza. Sorry. That's right. Forecast methodology and assumptions, 4-3.

I guess while this is happening, Mr. Rolnowski, I can ask you. The preliminary question is: Is this the Silicon Valley Power Integrated Resource Plan?

21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

22 MR. GALATI: And you're familiar with 23 that?

24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

25 MR. GALATI: Okay.

1 Thank you, Liza. That's correct. 2 The first paragraph in Section 4.2, do 3 you see that, Mr. Kolnowski, on the screen? 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. MR. GALATI: This describes your -- how 5 6 you work with load forecasting and meeting the 7 demand of data centers; is that correct? 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct. 9 MR. GALATI: Could you briefly describe 10 how you works with data centers so that you know 11 how and what to procure? 12 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We maintain continual 13 contact with them about what they're planning, 14 how they're planning on loading the data center. 15 They typically don't load up to the full 16 capacity. And they will lay out a 12- to 18-17 month, to a 16-month ramp rate. And we gather 18 that from all the data centers and we put that 19 into our Resource Plan to determine what resource 20 adequacy we have to procure because we anticipate 21 the load to show up and what resources that we 22 need to have available to make that happen. And 23 we typically -- there's certain filings we have 24 to do with the CAISO and the Energy Commission. 25 And we make that communication ahead of time with

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1 the data centers and we're continually doing it 2 to find out where their anticipated load growth 3 will be, if any. 4 MR. GALATI: Thank you. Would you agree that your Integrated Resource Plan, you update it 5 6 very five years in accordance with the law; 7 correct? 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 9 MR. GALATI: Would you say that your 10 Integrated Resource Plan is how you demonstrate

11 that you will meet the state greenhouse gas

12 reduction goals?

13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. Yes.

MR. GALATI: You mentioned that it's your sequence that data centers don't usually ask you for their design maximum.

17 Do you have an estimate of the data 18 centers that you currently serve about what 19 percentage of the design maximum of the data 20 center you usually serve?

21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: It's typically less than 22 50 percent. We checked it for the month of 23 March, either March or April, and they were 24 running at about 40 percent.

25 MR. GALATI: Okay. All right.

1 Can we please call up Exhibit 307, page 2 2? 3 Mr. Kolnowski, this is a document that Mr. Sarvey filed. He labeled it Exhibit 307 and 4 5 it's been introduced into the record. Are you familiar with what this document is? 6 7 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 8 MR. GALATI: Okay. And I think if you go 9 to page two, Liza, please, there's -- I 10 apologize, the highlighted area, that is 11 highlighted by Mr. Sarvey. Can you just briefly 12 take a look at that and then comment? 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: You're talking about the 14 highlighted section? 15 MR. GALATI: Yeah. Read the highlighted 16 section first. I want to make sure that it's 17 fresh in your mind before I ask my next question. 18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Okay. 19 MR. GALATI: Could you read the next four 20 paragraphs and summarize if you think that's in 21 conflict? 22 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Do you want me to read 23 them to the group? 24 MR. GALATI: I don't think you need to. 25 I just want to make sure you're familiar with

1 what they say.

25

2 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I'm familiar with the 3 statements, yes.

4 MR. GALATI: Okay. Thank you. Can you 5 please just summarize it then for us what the 6 next four paragraphs say in relation to the 7 paragraph that's highlighted?

8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: The next four paragraphs 9 articulate what we're doing to meet that load 10 growth. And some of the projects have been 11 completed and some of the projects are continuing 12 to be completed.

13 At the time that this was written, we 14 were getting ready to do a project with PG&E for 15 reconductoring a line from, I believe it was our 16 Northern Receiving Station to our Scott Receiving 17 Station, which removed the capacity issue that 18 was identified here, and that was done in -- it 19 was January. It was right about the time PG&E 20 went into bankruptcy. They performed the 21 construction of that line. And that was a 22 project that we had been working on, probably, 23 for about five to six years with PG&E to get 24 completed.

The next four paragraphs talk about the

1 projects that we have going on, the South Loop 2 Project, which is to improve the reliability of 3 the loop where a number of the data centers are, along with some other infrastructure improvements 4 that we're doing. We're continuing to look at 5 what systems need to be updated, as we have been 6 a utility for over 100 years, so we have some old 7 infrastructure that we need to continue to look 8 9 at and improve, and technology has changed, but 10 we're always looking at what things we have to do 11 to improve the reliability and replace and update 12 equipment. 13 MR. GALATI: Great. I think that Staff 14 Counsel asked you the ultimate question about 15 your ability to serve the Sequoia Data Center, so 16 I won't ask you any more questions. 17 Thank you very much, Mr. Kolnowski. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank 19 you, Mr. Galati. 20 Mr. Sarvey, would you like to crossexamine Mr. Kolnowski? 21 22 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I would. And, first, I 23 want to apologize to Mr. Kolnowski for asking you 24 some of the same questions I'll ask 25 (indiscernible) record at different hearings. So

1 if I ask questions (indiscernible) I apologize in 2 advance.

3 Back to Exhibit 307 that is currently
4 still displayed, can you put that back up,
5 please, the same page that Mr. Galati referred
6 to, page two?

7 It says here on page two in your company 8 communique that,

9 "However, SVP's current infrastructure will 10 not be able to carry the high power demands 11 of these new data centers. According to research conducted by SVP's Engineering Team, 12 13 the current system could overload by 2021 14 without any upgrades of investments to meet 15 the higher demand for electricity." 16 Do you disagree with that statement? 17 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Like I said, there was a -- there was a line that had constraints on it. 18 19 It was a PG&E line that is imbedded within our 20 system. It goes between two of our substations. 21

21 So to describe this line, it's a PG&E 22 line, owned and operated, but it's only between 23 two of our substations, so it's not connected to 24 the PG&E system in any way but they own it, don't 25 ask me why but they do. And that line, that

1 project, we had been working with them for a number of years to get that updated and 2 reconductored. And that provided the ability to 3 move power from the northern end to the southern 4 end of town. That project has been completed. 5 6 And that limitation was removed. 7 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you but that's 8 not the question I asked. 9 I asked you, does -- SVP's current 10 infrastructure will not be able to carry the high 11 power demand to the new data center; is that 12 true? MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. This was done in 13 14 2018 but we --15 MR. SARVEY: Right. 16 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- in 2017, we had laid 17 out a number of projects that we had to take place over a certain period of time. Once this 18 19 one took place, it raised our capacity. Now as 20 we approach to 1,000 megawatts, we have other 21 projects that we need to have implemented. And 22 the last one comes up, I think, in 2027, where we 23 have to put another 230 transformer in for 24 reliability issues. 25 MR. SARVEY: It says here,

1 2 3 "The current system could override by 2021 without any upgrades or investments to meet the 4 higher demand for electricity." 5 6 And I'm assuming that means data centers; 7 is that correct? 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Our load growth has been 9 predominantly from data centers and residential 10 development. There's been, in Santa Clara, 11 there's been a fairly significant amount of high-12 density homes or apartments and condominiums 13 being developed, and it also means those --14 MR. SARVEY: Isn't it true --15 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- (indiscernible) data 16 centers. 17 MR. SARVEY: -- isn't it true that 91 18 percent of your power goes to nonresidential 19 uses? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: True. 21 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. 22 MR. KOLNOWSKI: That's in the current 23 state. 24 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. Excuse me for a 25 second. I've got to get back to where I was here.

1 So previously, last week, you stated SVP 2 has approximately 850 megawatts of resources 3 currently? 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Let me look at my spreadsheet. 5 MR. SARVEY: I believe, last week, you 6 said SVP currently has about 850 megawatts of 7 8 resources. 9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I think what I said was 10 we had -- let me just look at my spreadsheet 11 because I had it last week. We have 672 12 megawatts of renewable, 306 megawatts of fossil, 13 for a total of 978. And we have projected to 14 come on over the next several years about 412 15 megawatts of renewable --16 MR. SARVEY: Those --17 MR. KOLNOWSKI: (indiscernible). 18 MR. SARVEY: -- those are all renewables; 19 correct? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: The new stuff coming on, 21 correct. 22 MR. SARVEY: Right. So you basically, 23 ultimately, are going to carry about 1,400 24 megawatts? 25 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yeah. Once all this is

1 available, it takes us up to 1,391; 78 percent of 2 that is renewable and 22 percent of that is 3 fossil 4 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Previously you testified that you've redone your Integrated 5 6 Resource Plan. Would that be Exhibit 35 that the 7 Applicant has introduced into evidence? 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: That is the most current 9 version of it, correct. That was done -- that 10 was submitted to the Energy Commission, I believe 11 it was on August 23rd, 2019. 12 MR. SARVEY: Okay. MR. KOLNOWSKI: And that was through 13 14 the --15 MR. SARVEY: Now -- go ahead. I'm sorry. 16 MR. KOLNOWSKI: That was -- when you 17 submit the IRP, there's an iteration process that 18 takes place between Energy Commission and us. 19 And that was the outcome of the discussions that 20 took place over that period of time, with 21 feedback from the Energy Commission and so forth 22 to Kathleen Hughes and the Resource Group. 23 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. 24 Now could you display that exhibit, page 25 9 of 111, please?

1 MS. LOPEZ: Can you repeat the exhibit 2 number? 3 MR. SARVEY: I'm sorry. It's one of the late exhibits. Hold on one second. I'll get it 4 for you. 5 6 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. 7 MR. SARVEY: It's the (indiscernible) I 8 had posted. 9 MR. GALATI: I think it's -- this is 10 Scott Galati. 11 I think, Mr. Sarvey, it's Exhibit 35, if 12 you're talking about what I put up on the screen. 13 MR. SARVEY: Yes, that's correct. Thank 14 you, Mr. Galati. 15 And I'd like to illustrate page 9 of 111 16 at the bottom. 17 Now at the bottom of that document, it says the exact same thing that you said it didn't 18 19 say previously. Do you see that? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I do, yes. 21 MR. SARVEY: The last paragraph of that 22 document? 23 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I see that, yes. 24 MR. SARVEY: It says, 25

1 "The recommended plan meets the 2030 2 renewable energy target, as well as the 3 intermediate targets for renewable energy and GHG emission reductions. Meeting the GHG 4 5 targets assumes that only SVP-owned resources 6 count towards the emissions target. SVP 7 finds that a generic emissions rate of 0.428 metric tons of CO2 per megawatt hour from 8 9 spot purchases per the CEC Guidelines is too 10 high. If this rate is applied, SVP's 11 portfolio emissions will exceed the GH 12 target." 13 Do you see that 14 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I do. 15 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 16 What net qualifying capacity do you 17 assign to your wind resources? 18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I'm not positive. That I 19 do not know. 20 MR. SARVEY: What net qualifying capacity 21 do you assign to your solar resources? 22 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I'm not positive. 23 MR. SARVEY: Do you have a net qualifying 24 capacity for your existing 978 megawatts? 25 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I can tell you what it

1 was in -- for the 2017 and 2018 time period if 2 you'll hold on a second?

3 In 2017, our -- oh, hold on a second -our load factor for our renewables was 43.7 4 percent. And in 2018, our load factor for our 5 6 renewables were 27.2 percent. And the difference 7 between those two years, 2017 was a wet year and 8 we had coal in the resource, 2018 was a dry year and we did not have coal in the resources. That 9 10 was the load factor of our renewable resources. 11 MR. SARVEY: So the numbers --12 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Does that answer your 13 question? 14 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. So the number of 15 resources that you have is really dependent on your net qualifying capacity and, also, your 16 17 ability of hydro resources; is that correct? 18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct. 19 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. MR. KOLNOWSKI: Because hydro is carbon-20 21 free. 22 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Now, well, we can 23 argue about that but I'm not going to. 24 October PSPS showed it impacted SVP's 25 geothermal resources.

1 Has Unit 1 come back online yet? 2 3 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I do not know. 4 MR. SARVEY: Do not know? Are you not in 5 charge of SVP's resources? 6 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I am and --7 MR. SARVEY: Oh, you don't know? I understand. I'm just trying to --8 9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I can find out for you 10 real quick. I believe it has. And I believe the 11 last one came on in April but I'm not positive on 12 that. 13 MR. SARVEY: So that, if it came on in April, that resource had been offline five 14 15 months? 16 MR. KOLNOWSKI: It was off an extended 17 period of time, but let me find out for you, Mr. 18 Sarvey. 19 MR. SARVEY: Oh, you don't have to do 20 that. I accept your answer. We can move on. 21 Which hydro resources that provided power 22 to SVP, whether controlled by SVP or not, were 23 curtailed during the 2019 PSPS events? 24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I believe NCPA had some 25 issues with their facilities for short periods of 66

1 time. And our Grizzly Facility was offline, it's 2 been offline since the Camp Fire, and that's 3 connected to PG&E. 4 MR. SARVEY: Do you --5 MR. KOLNOWSKI: But it's not -- that's 6 not PSP related --7 MR. SARVEY: Okay. 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- the Grizzly is not. 9 MR. SARVEY: All right. 10 San Jose experienced a power curtailment 11 during the 2019 PSPS event. To your knowledge, 12 did it affect any data centers in San Jose? 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I do not know. 14 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. 15 Has SVP performed an analysis of possible 16 PSPS impacts? 17 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We have. 18 MR. SARVEY: And would you expect the 19 probability of a PSPS event impacting SVP? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Our experience to date, we have not been affected. In discussion with 21 22 PG&E, since we take power at a transmission 23 level, it's lower. And we have six 24 interconnection points with PG&E --25 MR. SARVEY: Are you --

1 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- that are coming from 2 various areas. 3 MR. SARVEY: So your analysis didn't determine a probability of this event happening 4 and SVP --5 6 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We --7 MR. SARVEY: -- curtailing? MR. KOLNOWSKI: We did not. 8 9 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. 10 Has SVP developed a plan for earthquake 11 impacts to the electrical system? 12 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We have an Emergency 13 Response Plan that an earthquake is a potential 14 outcome. 15 MR. SARVEY: And you're aware that your 16 system is located in the Calaveras and San 17 Andreas Faults; is that correct? 18 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 19 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Has SVP assigned any 20 probability of an earthquake affecting power delivery in SVP's territory? 21 22 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We have not. 23 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. 24 Could you display Exhibit 300, page 6, 25 please?

MS. LOPEZ: Can you repeat that? You cut 2 out.

3 MR. SARVEY: I'm sorry. Exhibit 300,4 page 6. Thank you.

5 In your 2018 power content label, your 6 nonresidential power mix is almost identical to 7 the 2018 California power mix. The only major 8 difference is that your nonresidential mix has 23 9 percent of unspecified sources of power and the 10 2018 California power mix has only 11 percent 11 unspecified sources of power. Your natural gas 12 power sources are almost identical.

Have you calculated a carbon intensity
14 per megawatt for your nonresidential power mix?
15 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes.

MR. SARVEY: And what is that number?
MR. KOLNOWSKI: The number that I -- I
believe it's like 340.

19 MR. SARVEY: 340. Thank you.

20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: And -- yeah.

21 MR. SARVEY: Does SVP currently have 22 enough zero-carbon resources to supply the 23 Sequoia Data Center with 100 percent clean power? 24 And I don't mean renewable energy credits, I mean 25 zero-carbon resources.

1 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I'm not sure I quite 2 understand because we are utilizing our power right now. 3 4 So you're saying, if they wanted to go 100 percent renewable, could we accommodate that? 5 6 MR. SARVEY: Yes. 7 MR. KOLNOWSKI: We would make it happen. 8 We'd figure out how to make it happen. 9 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 10 Do data centers report to SVP every time 11 they use their backup generators in emergency 12 mode for any reason? 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. 14 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Are you involved with the environmental permitting for SVP resources? 15 16 MR. KOLNOWSKI: For? You tailed off at 17 the end. 18 MR. SARVEY: I said, are you involved in 19 the environmental permitting for SVP resources? 20 MR. KOLNOWSKI: By resources, do you mean 21 our power facilities? 22 MR. SARVEY: Your power facilities, yes. 23 I'm sorry. 24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: The existing ones that we 25 have --

1 MR. SARVEY: Yes. 2 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- or are you talking 3 about a new PPA? 4 MR. SARVEY: No. No. The existing sources that you have environmental issues in 5 6 permitting that they're going through at this 7 point. MR. KOLNOWSKI: I'm familiar with them. 8 9 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Are you aware that 10 the final Donald Von Raesfeld Plant is undergoing 11 environmental review for its high cancer risk 12 under BAAQMD Rule 1118? 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: No. 14 MR. GALATI: I would object to that question. This is Scott Galati. Mr. Sarvey is 15 proposing a hypothetical question, I guess, or is 16 17 he stating a fact? Because if he's stating a 18 fact, then he should be sworn and he should 19 provide that as testimony. 20 MR. SARVEY: Well, I believe I asked him, 21 did he have a knowledge of it? I didn't say it 22 was testimony but later on it could be. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. This is 24 the Hearing Officer. 25 I did not understand Mr. Sarvey's

1 statement to be offered as testimony and it 2 doesn't have evidentiary weight or value. I 3 think the question was allowed and the question 4 was answered.

5 MR. SARVEY: Subject to verification, 6 would you agree that the Bonneville Dam Regional 7 Plan is about 1,600 feet from the Sequoia Data 8 Center?

9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: That seems about correct.
10 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. That's
11 all I have. Thank you very much, Mr. Kolnowski.
12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Just
13 a moment. All right.

14 We will thank you, Mr. Kolnowski.

I believe at this point, we can move on to the BAAQMD witnesses, witness or witnesses, with the clarifying question on -- Mr. Kolnowski, are you planning to continue to be available going forward, should the Committee have questions?

21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I will be available.
22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You will be
23 available. Is your ability to participate in
24 today's proceeding -- obviously, I imagine you're
25 very busy. Were you planning to participate in

1 the full public portion of the hearing or were 2 planning to participate only in the initial portion when you were being asked questions? 3 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I was planning on 5 continuing to listen. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you 7 very much. 8 In that case, I think we can go on to the 9 witnesses representing the Bay Area Air Quality 10 Management District. 11 Staff, are you sponsoring those, as well? MS. DECARLO: Yes. This is Lisa DeCarlo. 12 13 We have Henry Hilken, who will be providing direct testimony. He is the Director 14 15 of Planning and Climate Protection for BAAQMD. 16 We will also have Caryn Quist available. She is a AQ, Air Quality, Engineer in the 17 18 Permitting Office. She will not be providing 19 direct but she will be available for any 20 questions. 21 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you. All 23 right. 24 So, in that case, my understanding is that in this moment -- sorry, I have multiple 25

1 sheets of paper here -- I am swearing in Mr. 2 Henry Hilken only. 3 Ms. DeCarlo, do you think it is appropriate for me to swear in both witnesses at 4 this time or just Mr. Hilken? 5 6 MS. DECARLO: I don't think it hurts, 7 just in case the Committee or others might have 8 questions with regard to permitting, if you want 9 that as sworn testimony. 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. In 11 that case, I will go ahead and address the 12 following two. 13 Both Mr. Hilken and Ms. Quist, thank you 14 both very much for participating. 15 (Henry Hilken and Caryn Quist are sworn.) 16 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you both. 17 Ms. DeCarlo? 18 MS. DECARLO: Thank you. 19 Mr. Hilken, can you please state your name and title for the record? 20 21 MR. HILKEN: Henry Hilken, H-I-L-K-E-N. 22 I'm the Director of Planning and Climate at the 23 Bay Area Air Quality Management District. 24 MS. DECARLO: And can you please briefly 25 describe your responsibilities at BAAQMD?

1 MR. HILKEN: Yes. I supervise a team of 2 planners that prepare air quality plans, and do CEQA review and commenting, and other work with 3 4 cities and counties. And I supervise a team of staff, our Climate Protection Staff, that 5 coordinates much of the Air District's climate 6 protection activities. 7 8 MS. DECARLO: And are you generally 9 familiar with the Sequoia Data Center project? 10 MR. HILKEN: Yes. 11 MS. DECARLO: Did you supervise the 12 preparation of the comments BAAQMD submitted on 13 Energy Commission staff's Initial Study, Proposed 14 Mitigated Negative Declaration, for the Sequoia 15 Data Center project? 16 MR. HILKEN: Yes. My Planning staff 17 prepared the letter. 18 MS. DECARLO: And have you reviewed 19 Staff's Response to Committee Questions, Exhibit 20 203, which, also, which address the BAAQMD 21 comments? 22 MR. HILKEN: Yes. I don't know the 23 exhibit number but it's the -- I believe it's 24 dated May 22nd, the CEC Staff Responses. 25 MS. DECARLO: All right. And did the

1 Energy Commission staff meet with you and others
2 at BAAQMD to try to address the stated concerns
3 about the analysis?

4 MR. HILKEN: Yes.

5 MS. DECARLO: In the area of public 6 health, did Energy Commission staff's cumulative 7 health risk assessment analysis address the 8 concerns raised by BAAQMD in its comments on the 9 Initial Study?

10 MR. HILKEN: Yes, it did.

11 MS. DECARLO: Do you agree with Energy Commission staff's cumulative health risk 12 13 assessment analysis conclusion that the project's 14 contribution to PM2.5 at 0.0003 micrograms per 15 cubic meter is not cumulatively considerable? 16 MR. HILKEN: I agree that the increment 17 from the Sequoia project is very small in 18 relation to the other sources in the area that 19 all cumulatively contribute to the impacts that 20 are identified in the Staff's Responses. 21 MS. DECARLO: In the area of greenhouse 22 gases, did Staff's supplemental information

23 regarding the project's consistency with long24 term state GHG reduction goals address the

25 concerns raised by BAAQMD in its comments on the

1 initial study?

2 MR. HILKEN: So the gist of our comments 3 was really to look at those longer-term state regulations and programs beyond 2020. And, yes, 4 the CEC Staff's Responses did look beyond 2020 5 6 and discuss longer-term state regulations and 7 executive orders and programs. Some of those 8 were discussed earlier in the previous testimony. 9 I think that we believe the discussion of 10 indirect emissions from the grid are handled 11 sufficiently. And discussed in the staff report, 12 there are a number of state regulations and 13 programs that are driving the electrical sector 14 to more renewables and, ultimately, towards full 15 renewable. 16 With respect to the operation of the 17 diesel generators, we, you know, overall, we are 18 concerned about the ongoing use of diesel, 19 fossil-based diesel fuel. We have campaigns at 20 the Air District, for both climate reasons and 21 for health reasons, to minimize and reduce the 22 use of fossil-based diesel. And so that's an 23 area that we would very much like to continue to 24 work with the CEC staff. How can regional 25 authorities and state authorities support some of

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1 these programs that are identified in your 2 staff's responses to continue to trim down the 3 use of fossil diesel. 4 MS. DECARLO: Thank you. 5 That concludes my questions for this 6 witness. He is available for questions from the Committee or cross-examination. 7 8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Ms. 9 DeCarlo. 10 Mr. Galati, do you wish to cross-examine 11 this witness? 12 MR. GALATI: Yes. I have just, I think, 13 one or two questions. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And I guess I'll 15 also say, if any of the parties, Mr. Galati, you 16 in this case, also have questions for Ms. Quist, 17 please, please indicate that you do wish to ask 18 Ms. Quist questions as well. 19 MR. GALATI: Yes. Thank you very much. 20 This is Scott Galati. 21 Mr. Hilken, before we ask you a question, 22 Liza, I would like you to please pull up Exhibit 23 23. And page five of the .pdf, Liza. Right 24 there. 25 Oh, I'm sorry, Mr. Hilken, are you

1 familiar with this document?

MR. HILKEN: Yes. I haven't seen it 2 3 lately but, certainly, I'm familiar with it, yes. 4 MR. GALATI: Okay. This is the Diesel-Free by 5 6 '33 statement from your website; correct? 7 MR. HILKEN: Yes. 8 MR. GALATI: Okay. And are you familiar 9 with this section that talks about stationary 10 engines? 11 MR. HILKEN: Yes. 12 MR. GALATI: Are you familiar that in the 13 last paragraph here, the Bay Area recognizes that 14 there has to be some technology changes and regulatory changes, really, to address the use of 15 16 large generators that probably might take up to 17 15 years to do so? 18 MR. HILKEN: I certainly understand that 19 we can't do it overnight. It will take some 20 time. And I think what we're saying is that we 21 would like public agencies in California to do 22 whatever we can to support and encourage and 23 accelerate that transition. 24 MR. GALATI: Thank you very much, Mr. 25 Hilken. I have no further questions.

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Mr. 2 Galati. Mr. Sarvey, would you like to cross-3 examine this witness? Also, if you'd like to ask 4 5 questions of Ms. Quist, she's been made 6 available. 7 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I would. Thank you. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Go 8 9 ahead. 10 MR. SARVEY: Mr. Galati just referenced you to a Diesel-Free Workbook or whatever it is. 11 And the workbook talks about zero-emission 12 13 technologies replacing diesel generators. 14 There's a lot of other technologies that exist right now that could replace diesel 15 16 generators; isn't that correct? 17 MR. HILKEN: Yes. 18 MR. SARVEY: And they would have far less 19 impacts than the diesel generators; would that be 20 your opinion? 21 MR. HILKEN: There are greener 22 alternatives out there, yes, hydrogen fuel cells, 23 renewable diesel. Yes, there are other 24 alternatives to fossil-diesel generators. 25 MR. SARVEY: And is that your main

1 concern with the -- this project, is to eliminate
2 the use of backup diesel generators?

3 MR. HILKEN: I think our main concern is
4 the use of the fossil fuel-diesel backup
5 generators.

6 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Has CEC Staff or the 7 City of Santa Clara offered to meet with the 8 District and discuss eliminating backup diesel 9 generators in all of the CEC data centers under 10 review?

11 MR. HILKEN: The City of Santa Clara's 12 mayor did sign onto that diesel-free-by-'33 13 pledge previously. I can't say that Staff has 14 reached out to us recently, affirmatively, to set 15 up a meeting. But we meet with cities and 16 counties and some of the local CCAs quite 17 frequently. And we would certainly be happy to 18 have those discussions with them.

MR. SARVEY: How is the Diesel-Free by 20 '33 Program being accepted by cities in the Air 21 District?

22 MR. HILKEN: Well, I think there was a 23 lot of enthusiasm. When we first launched it, a 24 number of cities, quite a few cities and other 25 public entities, signed on. And now we have,

since then, been working with local staff in
 various jurisdictions to help them make some
 progress, to identify their local diesel assets,
 and identify best practices, and support local
 staff in making that transition. And that was
 captured in that pledge.

7 MR. SARVEY: If you met with the CEC 8 staff and the City of Santa Clara, what 9 alternatives would you propose to replace these 10 diesel engines? Would it be natural gas engines, 11 microturbines, biodiesels, fuel cells, or some 12 other source?

MR. HILKEN: All of those alternatives MR. HILKEN: All of those alternatives that you mentioned are possibilities. And I believe we mentioned several of those in our original comment in February.

17 MR. SARVEY: So far the Energy Commission 18 has approved the McLaren Data Center with its 47 19 diesel-fired backup generators each with a peak 20 output capacity of 2.75 megawatts. It also 21 approved the Laurelwood Data Center with 56 3-22 megawatt standby backup diesel-fired generators. 23 This project proposes permitting 54 2.25 megawatt 24 diesel-fired generators.

25 Is that buildup of diesel generators

1 centered in this environmental justice community
2 concern the District?

3 MR. HILKEN: As I said, we have had a 4 campaign for several years now to reduce the use 5 of fossil-based diesel in mobile and stationary 6 engines. And so that continues to be a campaign 7 of ours in all communities for both climate 8 reasons and local health reasons.

9 MR. SARVEY: Does the District have the 10 authority to require the data centers to not use 11 diesel engines and use some other form? 12 MR. HILKEN: That's a permit guestion

MR. HILKEN: That's a permit question MR. HILKEN: That's a permit question that I would rather -- I would refer to my colleague from the Engineering Division who would speak to the permit requirements better than I could.

MR. SARVEY: Okay. Are they available?MR. HILKEN: Yes.

19 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Do I need to repeat 20 the question?

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I'm just thinking whether it's best for you to finish your questions from Mr. Hilken first and then --MR. SARVEY: Well, they're testifying as a panel, so I don't see any --

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. I quess 2 that's correct. 3 All right, I will go ahead and ask, Ms. Quist, are you present and available? 4 5 MS. QUIST: Yes, I am. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Did you 7 understand Mr. Sarvey's question and are you able 8 to answer it? 9 MS. QUIST: Yeah, could you repeat the 10 question please? 11 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I was wondering if 12 the District had the authority to require these 13 data centers to use something else besides diesel 14 engines or some other? 15 MS. QUIST: So I think maybe two 16 responses to that. 17 One would be, you mentioned that it's an environmental justice community. And it is true 18 19 that the site is located within a 2013 cumulative 20 impact area through CARE, the Community Air Risk 21 Evaluation Program. However, that designation 22 alone doesn't currently trigger additional permit 23 evaluation studies or legally compel the 24 Applicant to use alternative source technologies. 25 And then the other consideration would be

1 best available control technology. And in the 2 engineering evaluation, we go through a pretty extensive analysis of this but, long story short, 3 at this time the engines being proposed in this 4 application meet best available control 5 6 technology, or BACT, through being Tier 2 engines 7 and using low-sulfur diesel. 8 MR. SARVEY: And their application is for 9 28 engines, not 54; is that correct? 10 MS. QUIST: That is correct. 11 MR. SARVEY: So they haven't applied for a full 54 2.25 megawatt diesel generators; am I 12 13 assuming that's correct? 14 MS. QUIST: You're correct. The new 15 source review application that we received is for 16 the initial 28 generators to be installed. 17 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 18 In the BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines, power 19 plants are considered complex sources; isn't that 20 true? 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Can you please 22 clarify? Are you asking this next question of --23 MR. SARVEY: Either. 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 25 MR. SARVEY: Either person --

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 2 3 MR. SARVEY: -- can answer. 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Okay. So just for our own clarity's sake, I think the 5 6 assumption is that all of these questions are 7 being directed as cross-examination to Mr. 8 Hilken. 9 Mr. Hilken, please, if you think that the 10 question is best answered by Ms. Quist, so 11 indicate and we'll let her answer the question, 12 just so that we can maintain a clean transcript. 13 MR. HILKEN: Certainly. 14 Mr. Sarvey, could you repeat the 15 question? 16 MR. SARVEY: Yes. In the BAAQMD CEQA 17 Guidelines, power plants are considered complex 18 sources; is that correct? 19 MR. HILKEN: I believe so. 20 MR. SARVEY: Okay. A power plant, which 21 is Rule 1118 source, was located within 1,600 22 feet of the proposed source, the SDC. Was this 23 correct amount included in the cumulative health 24 risk assessment? 25 MR. HILKEN: Are you talking about the

1 recommended cumulative analysis in the CEQA document or any analysis we do as part of our 2 3 review of the permit application? 4 MR. SARVEY: Any analysis that you 5 recommend the Energy Commission conduct. 6 MR. HILKEN: Well, our CEQA Guidelines 7 speak to a cumulative impact analysis. That was part -- that was discussed in our letter and we 8 9 touched upon it earlier. So we recommend that 10 any CEQA documents, including this one, when 11 analyzing the impacts from an individual project, also look at other -- the cumulative effects of 12 13 other sources, stationary and mobile sources, 14 within 1,000-foot radius of the project being 15 analyzed. 16 MR. SARVEY: Ms. Quist, are you familiar 17 with the Rule 1118? 18 MS. QUIST: Yes, I am. 19 MR. SARVEY: And is it true that the 20 Donald Von Raesfeld Plant is currently being 21 evaluated under that permit rule? 22 MS. QUIST: There's another subgroup 23 within my division that is working on sites for 24 the 1118 evaluation, so I'm not specifically 25 aware if that's currently being evaluated or not,

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1 I don't know, or that it was allocated. 2 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 3 You mentioned earlier that the contribution of the Sequoia Data Center to the 4 maximum cancer impact was de minimis, so, 5 6 therefore, you believe that it's not significant; 7 is that correct? MR. HILKEN: I did not use the word de 8 9 minimis but I said it was -- I agreed with the 10 comment that it was very small in comparison to 11 other sources in the area. 12 MR. SARVEY: Well, do you remember what 13 that amount was? 14 MR. HILKEN: Oh, boy, I think I have the 15 document in front of me. Let me take a look. 16 With respect to what pollutant? There are three 17 tables here. I'm sorry. Were you talking about 18 cancer risk or PM or what are you asking me 19 specifically? 20 MR. SARVEY: The cancer risk. 21 MR. HILKEN: For cancer risk, let me see, 22 it appears, well, there's separate different 23 receptor points. The CEC staff looked at four 24 different receptor points, so there are four 25 different figures here that I can read for you.

1 From Table 1, the cancer risk for the MEIW, it's 2 2.2. For the maximum -- that's worker exposure. For a maximum exposed individual resident, MEIR, 3 it's 0.19. For the maximally exposed soccer 4 child receptor, it is 0.002. And for the 5 6 maximumly exposed child care receptor, it is 0.5. 7 (Background feedback.) MR. HILKEN: There's a lot of noise. 8 Ι 9 can't understand your, Mr. Sarvey. 10 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I was just waiting 11 for the line there. 12 At what level would you consider the 13 contributions of Sequoia Data Center being 14 significant? 15 MR. HILKEN: Well, I don't know. We 16 don't have a firm benchmark for that. I think 17 it's more of a common sense approach. You can --18 and in this case the CEC will make that 19 determination. You can see at the bottom of the 20 table, our significance threshold for cumulative 21 impacts is an increased cancer risk of 100-in-a-22 million. And so, then, I guess the question is, 23 comparing those figures that you asked me to read 24 earlier, to that 100-in-a-million, so they are 25 very small.

1 MR. SARVEY: Would a cancer risk of 0.1 2 be considered significant? 3 MR. HILKEN: As I said, this -- well, 4 for -- the cumulative significance threshold is 100, an increased cancer risk of 100-in-a-5 6 million. That's our recommended threshold of 7 significance. MR. SARVEY: Right. And if it exceeded 8 9 that and the Sequoia Data Center contributed 0.1 10 to that cancer risk, would that be considered 11 significant? 12 MR. HILKEN: I'm not understanding the 13 question. If the total cumulative were above --14 could you rephrase the question, Mr. Sarvey? 15 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. If the total --16 MR. HILKEN: I'm not hearing what you're 17 asking. 18 MR. SARVEY: -- cumulative impact is 19 above the threshold, would a 0.1 cancer risk 20 impact be considered significant if it was from 21 the Sequoia Data Center? 22 MR. HILKEN: We do not have clear, firm 23 quidance on that. I think that would be a call 24 by the lead agency. It appears to me to be a 25 small increment to that total but, ultimately,

1 that's up to the lead agency to make that 2 determination. 3 MR. SARVEY: I understand. 4 Ms. Quist, are natural gas-fired generators able to be utilized as backup 5 6 generators for the Sequoia Data Center? 7 MS. QUIST: You know, if the Applicant 8 could identify, you know, a model, a make and 9 model that is within their operating specs and 10 budget, I think it would be up to the Applicant. 11 We certainly permit those. We haven't permitted 12 those for a large-scale data center before but, 13 you know, we permit those one-off or two-off 14 engines. I've seen those before and those meet 15 our standards. 16 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Thank you. That's 17 all I have. Thank you very much. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank 19 you, Mr. Sarvey. 20 And thank you, Mr. Hilken. 21 And thank you, Ms. Quist. 22 And thank you, Mr. Kolnowski. 23 I guess I'll just take this moment and, 24 if I was sitting on a panel with my Commissioners 25 alongside me, I would just look at them and make

1 eye contact and see if they wanted to ask 2 questions. But because I don't have that luxury here, I will just ask if Commissioner Douglas or 3 Commissioner Monahan or any of their advisors 4 wish to ask questions at this time? 5 6 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: This is Commissioner Douglas. I do not have any follow-7 8 up questions. 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And, Commissioner 10 Monahan, if you have any follow-up questions? 11 ASSOCIATE MEMBER MONAHAN: I do not. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Okay. 13 Sorry for putting you both on the spot like that. 14 So, okay, I will thank you both. 15 And I guess I'll just ask the same 16 question of Mr. Hilken and Ms. Quist that I asked 17 Mr. Kolnowski. 18 Are you planning to continue 19 participating in this proceeding or being present 20 for this proceeding throughout the public portion or are you planning to step away after this? 21 22 MR. HILKEN: This is Henry Hilken. I am 23 happy to stay on the call as long as I'm needed. 24 I'm not familiar enough with your proceedings to 25 know when I might be needed, so I can be

1 available as long as I'm needed.

2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Well, I 3 definitely don't want to waste your time because 4 you've been so generous with your time already in 5 participating and offering yourselves as 6 witnesses. There is a possibility that, at the 7 conclusion of the presentation of evidence, for 8 example, the Committee might ask some high-level 9 questions of the parties. And that could be 10 useful to have you present to help answer those. 11 But one of the reasons that I checked in 12 now was sort of not to require you to be present, 13 you know, for longer than needed or, I mean, 14 we're in unusual circumstances, I don't know if you're able to do other things with your day and 15 not necessarily monitor this proceeding actively 16 17 but still be able to return a little bit later in 18 the day, you know, if there are Committee 19 questions that you might be able to speak to. 20 MR. HILKEN: Could you give me a ballpark 21 estimate of what that timing might look like? 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: My best guess is 23 that we will conclude with the presentation of evidence in a couple -- fewer than two hours from 24 25 now would be my best guess.

1 MR. HILKEN: Okay. I can be available. 2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Okay. All 3 right. 4 So at this time, we can move forward with the topic of air quality and public health, 5 6 including environmental justice considerations. And I will look first to Staff. 7 8 Do you have any additional witnesses on 9 that topic, in addition to Silicon Valley Power 10 and BAAQMD? 11 MS. DECARLO: We do. And we would also 12 ask that greenhouse gases be rolled into that, as 13 well, since there's some overlap with AQ in that 14 analysis, although --15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So you 16 want to take those topics together? 17 MS. DECARLO: Yes, if that's --18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. That's, of 19 course, fine. 20 MS. DECARLO: And I would defer to the 21 Applicant, if they wanted to go first, which is 22 the natural order. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, I'm so sorry. 24 I have my -- right. I made -- was supposed to 25 make a note to that when we were talking. My 94

1 apologies.

2 I will start with Mr. Galati. Would you 3 like to present witnesses on the topic of air quality and public health, including 4 environmental justice? And would you also like 5 6 to, as Ms. DeCarlo indicated what she prefers to 7 do, take greenhouse gases at the same time? MR. GALATI: Yes, I do. This is Scott 8 9 Galati. Thank you, Mr. Lemei. I have three 10 witnesses, so I'd like to make sure that they unmute themselves. The first is Marcela Delong. 11 12 The second is Steven Branoff. And the third is 13 Brianna Bohonok. 14 So if you guys could un-mute yourselves. And, I think, Mr. Lemei can swear you in. 15 16 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So just to 17 clarify, these witnesses are testifying as a 18 panel? 19 MR. GALATI: Correct. So because there's 20 overlap in some of these areas, I'm putting them 21 up as a panel, even though Mr. Branoff is the 22 primary air quality person, and Ms. Bohonok is 23 the primary greenhouse gas person, and Ms. Delong 24 will fill in some gaps on the Applicant side. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. That's

1 very helpful.

2 Before I swear you all in, will you 3 please do me a favor, and I did not get your names down, but would you please state and spell 4 your names in the order that Mr. Galati 5 6 introduced you? 7 MS. DELONG: I'll start. I'm Marcela 8 DeLong, that's M-A-R-C-E-L-A, last name is 9 DeLong, D-E-L-O-N-G. 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Is that capital 11 L? 12 MS. DELONG: It doesn't matter, but, 13 yeah. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 15 MS. DELONG: People do it both ways. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you. 16 17 And, my apologies, the next person, whose 18 name I still don't have. 19 MR. GALATI: Mr. Branoff --HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Uh-oh. 20 21 MR. GALATI: -- spell your name? 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Have we lost 23 audio? 24 MR. GALATI: No, I can still hear you, I 25 just don't hear Mr. Branoff.

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Branoff. 2 Okav. 3 Well, while we're waiting for him to, hopefully, return, Mr. Galati --4 5 MR. BRANOFF: Hi. Sorry. Sorry. Can 6 you hear me now? 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes, we can hear 8 you. 9 MR. BRANOFF: Okay. Sorry. I think my 10 headset was faulty, so I finally just unplugged 11 that and now I can actually use the audio. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, and we can 13 hear you perfectly. 14 MR. BRANOFF: Okay. Good. 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And would you mind stating your name and spelling your name for 16 17 my benefit? 18 MR. BRANOFF: Yes. I'm Steven Branoff, 19 that's Steven with a V, S-T-E-V-E-N, and the last 20 name is B, as in boy, -R-A-N-O-F-F. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Perfect. Thank 22 you so much. 23 And the last individual? 24 MR. BOHONOK: Yes. This is Brianna 25 Bohonok, spelled B-R-I-A-N-N-A, last name is

1 B-O-H-O-N-O-K. 2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Did you say 3 D-O-H-O-N-O-K? 4 MR. BOHONOK: It starts with a B, as in 5 boy. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, B-O-H-O-N-O-7 Κ? 8 MR. BOHONOK: Correct. 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Perfect. Okay. 10 Thank you all. 11 I will swear all of you in. 12 (Marcela DeLong, Steven Branoff, and Brianna 13 Bohonok are sworn.) 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you all. 15 Appreciate it. 16 All right, Mr. Galati? 17 MR. GALATI: Great. Thank you. Again, this is Scott Galati, representing the Applicant. 18 19 Could you -- I'm going to go through and 20 have each of you do this, so we'll start with Ms. 21 DeLong, then we'll go with Mr. Branoff, and then 22 we'll go with Ms. Bohonok. 23 So could you please describe who you work 24 for and what your role was on the project? 25 MS. DELONG: This is Marcela DeLong. I′m

1 an architect at Corgan. I'm here today on the 2 Applicant's side. I'm the Project Manager, 3 retained by CyrusOne for the Sequoia Data Center Project. I have almost nine years of data center 4 design experience. And I have a master's degree 5 6 in Architecture from Ohio State University. 7 And before you go, Mr. Branoff, Ms. 8 DeLong, could you spell Corgan for the Court 9 Reporter? 10 MS. DELONG: Yes, sir. C-O-R-G-A-N, 11 Corgan. 12 MR. GALATI: Thank you. 13 Go ahead, Mr. Branoff. 14 MR. BRANOFF: Okay. Hi. Can you hear 15 me? MR. GALATI: Yes. 16 17 MR. BRANOFF: Just confirming, before I 18 get started. So my name is Steven Branoff. I'm 19 a Principle in the San Francisco Office of 20 Ramboll, and Ramboll is spelled R-A-M-B-O-L-L. 21 We are a civil and environmental engineering 22 firm. And I have expertise in air quality and 23 climate change-related work. I've been doing 24 this work for 25 years. I started my career as a 25 regulator working at the USEPA Region 9 in San

Francisco. And now I've been working for the
 past 20 years out of the San Francisco Office of
 Ramboll.

4 And for this project, I prepared the air quality portion of the SPPE application. 5 That 6 includes the criteria air pollutant emission assessments, including modeling, and the toxic 7 air contaminant health risk assessment. 8 9 MR. GALATI: Thank you. 10 And Ms. Bohonok? 11 MR. BOHONOK: Yes. I am AICP certified 12 and I work as an Associate Principle at Circle 13 Point. We offer environmental consulting 14 services. I have a master's degree in Urban 15 Planning Policy from the University of Illinois 16 and seven years of experience preparing CEQA 17 documents, including those for data centers. And 18 I managed the preparation of the SPPE -- sorry, 19 the SPPE application.

20 MR. GALATI: Okay. Thank you.

21 So what I'm going to ask each of you to 22 do is, starting with Ms. DeLong, could you please 23 just summarize your testimony for the Committee? 24 MS. DELONG: This is Marcela DeLong 25 again. Yes, Mr. Galati.

1 Energy efficiency was definitely a key 2 concern during the design of the Sequoia Data 3 Center and its components, such as mechanical system, lighting, and building envelope. 4 The estimated PUE for this facility is 1.23, which is 5 6 well below the industry average of what was measured to be 169 last year. This can be seen 7 in Exhibit Number 26, which is the 2019 study by 8 9 the Uptime Institute.

10 It is also important to note that it's 11 unlikely for data centers to ever reach their full design power capacity, which the SVP 12 13 representative also referenced earlier today. Ιn 14 the CyrusOne portfolio, specifically, the maximum 15 power usage that has ever been reached in one of 16 their facilities was 85 percent of the contracted 17 power demand.

In addition, I wanted to also note that the data center will be built in phases. It will not start with the ultimate power demand. It will ramp up to that demand over several years. For the Sequoia Data Center, this load is not estimated to ramp up to the full design load until spring of 2027.

25 A data center, in general, does not have 101 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

1 a defined design life. Its life relies on the 2 life of the equipment within it, which can be maintained and replaced as required, and the 3 Seguoia Data Center is no different. It's been 4 designed to allow modifications over time and to 5 6 accommodate equipment changes and customer-7 specific requirements. 8 So I think that summarizes it. 9 MR. GALATI: Okay. Thank you, Ms. 10 DeLong. 11 Mr. Branoff, could you please summarize 12 your testimony? 13 MR. BRANOFF: Yes. So, again, I oversaw 14 the preparation of air quality emissions and 15 modeled impacts, as well as the health risk 16 assessment. The air emissions from this project, 17 when we calculated them, came back as less than 18 the BAAQMD CEQA Guideline significance 19 thresholds. We also performed air quality 20 modeling of impacts at the request of the CEC. 21 Those impacts came out below both state and 22 federal air quality standards. 23 We also performed a risk assessment for a 24 number of different categories as required by 25 CEQA Guidelines. We performed both an assessment

1 of the Sequoia facility, itself, as well a part 2 of a cumulative risk assessment that included 3 other data centers and the airport and other 4 sources within 1,000 feet. Again, that's 5 consistent with Bay Area AQMD CEQA Guidelines.

6 So I would say overall my testimony is 7 that this project had a less than significant 8 impact in every category of air quality and risk 9 that we evaluated and that we not only met Bay 10 Area CEQA Guidelines, but in the analysis that 11 was requested by CEC Staff that went beyond those 12 CEQA Guidelines, we still came back as a less 13 than significant impact in all categories.

And I think one thing to note is that the And I think one thing to note is that the less than significant impact, again, as far as emissions and impacts and health risks, is to be respected for a project like this.

18 I believe the Commission is historically 19 used to evaluating much larger power plants that, 20 first of all, operate year-round, much taller 21 stacks, higher quantities of emissions, and are 22 commonly regulated as a major source under the 23 Clean Air Act. This project, by comparison, is a 24 minor source, does not trigger the same 25 requirements. And the model impacts, the overall 1 emissions and the modeled impacts, are far closer
2 into the facility.

3 One important thing to keep in mind about this project about this project is not only does 4 5 it operate far less than -- again, a typical power plant, in fact, the nonemergency operating 6 hours are limited by regulation to less than 50 7 8 hours a year, so we have far restricted 9 operation. And then in addition to that, as far 10 as the diesel particulate emissions, so I think 11 diesel particulate is probably the main concern 12 as far as air quality regulation, those emissions 13 are reduced by 85 percent for this project from 14 the use of diesel particulate filters, which is 15 considered the most state-of-the-art, most 16 effective technology at reducing diesel 17 particulate matter emissions. 18 So again, our air emissions have been 19 minimized to the fullest extent possible. And 20 our impacts came back below all significance 21 thresholds under each air quality and risk

22 category.

23 MR. GALATI: Thank you very much, Mr.24 Branoff.

25 Ms. Bohonok, would you please summarize

1 your opening testimony?

2 MS. BOHONOK: Yes. So in looking in 3 greenhouse gas emissions and evaluating them 4 under CEQA, we used methods that are consistent with the State CEQA Guidelines and BAAOMD CEQA 5 6 Guidelines. The State CEQA Guidelines call for 7 lead agencies to make what's called a good-faith 8 effort to describe and, if possible, quantify 9 greenhouse gas emissions that would result from a 10 project.

11 So we find that for data centers the best 12 way to do this is to break the greenhouse gas 13 emissions apart into three categories. So we 14 look at construction emissions, so that would be 15 like tailpipe emissions from construction 16 equipment. For our CEQA analysis we used the BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines which does not provide a 17 18 quantitative threshold but does recommend the use 19 of best management practices, of BMPs. Then we 20 look at stationary source emissions. Those would 21 be the backup generators. And, again, we used 22 BAAOMD's threshold there. That's a quantitative 23 threshold.

24 And then the third category is the 25 operational emissions, so what's happening on the 105 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

day-to-day when the data center is up and 1 2 running. And as we know, most of the operational 3 emissions will be indirect. Those will come from 4 SVP's electricity generation.

5 So to evaluate these under CEQA, we 6 really need to take a step back and look at the 7 broader picture statewide. And I'm going to try 8 to get through this guickly because I know that we're all familiar with this. But in CARB's 2017 9 10 Scoping Plan Update, it's clear to us, as 11 environmental professionals, that in order to 12 meet the 2030 greenhouse gas emission reduction 13 goals, we need to really look at state regulation 14 and policy.

15 The Scoping Plan outlines the key sectors for greenhouse gas emissions in the state which, 16 17 of course, includes electricity generation. And 18 it describes the need for each sector to reduce 19 their emissions. Now some sectors are not really 20 addressed by existing regulation, so there's less 21 certainty around how those greenhouse gas 22 emissions are going to be reduced.

23 But in contrast, greenhouse gas emissions 24 from electricity generation, definitely, are 25 clearly regulated by the state, in part through California Reporting, LLC

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SB 350. As we know, SB 350 required the state to
 establish greenhouse gas emission reduction
 targets for the energy sector. And the
 implementation tool for that is the IRP, or
 Integrated Resource Planning.

6 In July 2018, CARB completed their environmental analysis -- it's equivalent to CEQA 7 under their Certified Regulatory Program -- that 8 evaluated the statewide greenhouse gas emission 9 10 reduction targets that they were looking at to set in order to comply with SB 350. And based on 11 that analysis, it was determined that those 12 13 emission reduction targets would meet the 14 requirements of SB 350 and, therefore, would be 15 in line with the statewide greenhouse gas 16 emission reduction goals.

17 The way that all of that is implemented 18 at the local level is through the IRPs. As we 19 heard earlier, SVP's Integrated Resource Plan was 20 approved by the CEC as being consistent with SB 21 Therefore, greenhouse gas emissions from 350. 22 SVP are going to be consistent with statewide 23 planning and targets for greenhouse gas emission 24 reduction.

25 For our project specifically, we did

1 quantify operational greenhouse gas emissions 2 that would be direct and indirect. I just want 3 to be clear, we did not tier off of Santa Clara's General Plan EIR. We did refer to Section 4 15064.4(b)(3) of the CEQA Guidelines. That 5 6 guides a lead agency to consider whether a 7 project would comply with or obstruct 8 implementation of an existing greenhouse gas 9 emission reduction plan, so that is the threshold 10 of significance that we've used for operational 11 emissions.

12 In this case, as discussed, the 13 appropriate Greenhouse Gas Emission Reduction 14 Plan would be the Integrated Resource Plan. So 15 we evaluated whether the project would impede 16 upon implementation of that plan? As we heard 17 earlier, this project would not. SVP has 18 confirmed that they can serve the data center and 19 still hit their IRP goals. So, therefore, we are 20 less than significant for indirect operational 21 emissions.

I just want to be clear, we didn't elect to use Bright Line or a numerical threshold. Although BAAQMD provides that 1,100 metric ton threshold, that's really a land-use-based

1 threshold. It was established to meet the 2020 2 greenhouse gas emission reduction goals, so it's 3 really outdated at this point. And the methodology that goes into an analysis like that 4 would have had the potential to undercount this 5 6 project's greenhouse gas emissions because data 7 centers are so energy intensive.

8 So overall, our analysis was consistent 9 and compliant with the State CEQA Guidelines and 10 BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines. And we found that the 11 greenhouse gas emission would be less than 12 significant.

13 MR. GALATI: Thank you very much. 14 This question is to all three of you, so 15 I think I'll start -- actually, it's just to two 16 of you. I think I will start with Mr. Branoff. 17 Did you review Mr. Sarvey's testimony and 18 filings?

19 MR. BRANOFF: Yes, I did.

20 MR. GALATI: And do you have anything, 21 any specifics, that you need or would like to 22 comment on?

23 MR. BRANOFF: Yes. I would say, in both 24 the comments that were received to the ISMND that 25 the CEC staff have already responded to and then,

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again, in the Response to Commission Questions
 that were filed before this hearing, Mr. Sarvey
 has made a number of comments.

4 First of all, that the evaluation was not done consistent with BAAQMD CEQA Guidelines and I 5 6 don't believe that's correct. He pointed out a 7 number of examples of things that are just not consistent with how those Guidelines are written 8 9 or implemented. For example, he commented that 10 emergency scenario emissions should be evaluated 11 when looking at air quality impacts. That is not 12 required by the guidelines. And in my 13 experience, doing this work for the past 20 14 years, that is simply not done. It's not 15 evaluated, you know, under -- and I think the CEC 16 staff got it right in their writeup, stating that 17 that kind of analysis would be speculative and is 18 not required under CEQA.

I also want to comment on some of the examples that Mr. Sarvey brought up in his Response to Commission Questions about the unreliability of CEC staff evaluations.

First of all, he pointed out that there are two data centers, the 2200 De La Cruz Data Center and the 2805 Lafayette Data Center that

1 were not included in the new CEC staff cumulative 2 risk analysis that was done in response to Bay 3 Area AQMD comments. But both of those data 4 centers are more than 1,000 feet from the Sequoia 5 Data Center. And, again Bay Area CEQA Guidelines 6 require that you evaluate sources within 1,000 7 feet.

8 In fact, in order to do our analysis, 9 when we did ours, and when CEC evaluated, we 10 asked BAAQMD staff for sources within 1,000 feet. 11 And what they provided to us were the sources 12 that we included in our analysis. So the 13 supplemental analysis went even further than that 14 and included additional sources. But it was 15 appropriate not to include, again, those two data 16 centers that Mr. Sarvey had cited because they 17 are further than 1,000 feet away.

And, you know, as I mentioned before, if you look at impacts that we modeled, typical impacts from a data center like this, they happen within 1,000 feet. So you would not expect that those data centers would contribute to overall risk.

24 Another thing to point out is Mr. Sarvey 25 commented that there were inconsistencies in some 111 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

1 of the values of health risks reported for both 2 the McLaren Data Center, that was another data 3 center that was included in our cumulative analysis, as well as for the Sequoia Data Center, 4 when you compare reported impacts from each of 5 6 those facilities listed in different documents that were reported by the CEC staff. He cited 7 numbers taken from the ISMND for each of those 8 projects and then, also, in the CEC Staff 9 10 Response to Commission Questions.

11 The project is when he pulled numbers 12 from different documents, he's looking at health 13 risks that really belong in different categories 14 and simply can't be compared to each other. Ιn 15 both cases, he takes numbers that represent 16 modeled PM2.5 ambient concentrations, which are 17 reported in units of micrograms per cubic meter, 18 and compares that to a calculated cancer risk, 19 which is reported in value of incremental cancer 20 risk in a million. So those numbers are just not 21 comparable in any way and just don't --

Another problem that I found is that Mr. Sarvey tried to compare impacts, not only for PM2.5 versus cancer risk, but in one case he took an operational risk number, a risk that

represented, you know, impacts during the 1 2 operation of the facility, and compared that to a 3 calculated risk from the construction impacts which were impacts that would only be experienced 4 during the construction of the facility. So, 5 6 again, an apples-to-oranges comparison and does not in any way reflect on, you know, the 7 8 reliability of the CEC staff.

9 Yes, okay, and I think that's -- those 10 are probably all the comments that I had about 11 Mr. Sarvey's responses.

12 MR. GALATI: Thank you, Mr. Branoff. Ms. Bohonok, do you have anything to add, 13 14 based on the review of Mr. Sarvey's comments and 15 filings?

16 MS. BOHONOK: Yes. I just briefly want 17 to highlight, Mr. Sarvey points out or, you know, 18 states in his response that we -- Staff did not 19 use significance thresholds. But as I outlined, 20 significance thresholds were certainly used in 21 the greenhouse gas emissions analysis. The 22 first, for BAAQMD's construction, we used --23 (background coughing) -- (indiscernible) 24 stationary source threshold. That is the only 25 quantitative of Bright Line-style threshold. And

1 then we used the consistency with greenhouse gas 2 emissions.

3 Part of the context of Mr. Sarvey's responses, partially the idea that a threshold 4 would be numeric, the CEQA Guidelines are clear 5 6 that you do not need to have a quantitative or numeric threshold for greenhouse gas emissions 7 8 and, in fact, in many cases, it's not an 9 appropriate threshold. In here, we've tried to 10 use the best threshold, as most appropriate, to 11 provide a meaningful contextual analysis of 12 greenhouse gas emission. 13 MR. GALATI: Thank you, Ms. Bohonok. Do 14 you have anything else? 15 I apologize. Somebody's, unfortunately, coughing when -- during the testimony. 16 17 This is Scott Galati and let me just ask 18 that we mute the volume, we mute our lines, so 19 Ms. Bohonok can finish. 20 Ms. Bohonok, do you have anything else, Ms. Bohonok? 21 22 MS. BOHONOK: Nothing else on greenhouse 23 gas emission. 24 MR. GALATI: Thank you. 25 Mr. Lemei, I don't have any further

1 questions for these witnesses.

2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank
3 you, Mr. Galati.

4 Ms. DeCarlo, would you like to crossexamine or ask questions of these witnesses? 5 MS. DECARLO: Staff does not have any 6 cross-examination for the witnesses. 7 8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Sarvey, would 9 you like to ask questions or cross-examine these 10 witnesses? 11 MR. SARVEY: I'll let those folks go 12 home. 13 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You're very 14 generous, Mr. Sarvey. Okay. Before we -- and that was your entire 15 panel; correct, Mr. Galati? 16 17 MR. GALATI: Yes, it was. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I do not have any 19 questions of these witnesses at this time. I will trust that if members of the Committee had 20 21 questions, that they will speak up and let me 22 know, or otherwise let me know. 23 One thing I want to acknowledge is that 24 I'm looking at the Zoom chat, which, forgive me, 25 I'm not familiar with Zoom, and I see that Mr.

Mark Connolly from the County of Santa Clara
 Airport and Land use Commission joined.

I do not recall if Commissioner Douglas announced your participation, Mr. Connolly, but on the chance that it was not noted, I just want to note that you've been participating for almost the entire proceeding and wanted to thank you for being present.

9 Second, before we proceed to Staff's 10 witnesses, I just want to do a time check. Are 11 individuals in need of a short break for any 12 reason or are we okay moving forward? Yeah, I 13 think that that would be humane.

I will ask Commissioner Douglas, do you have a preference for whether we take a five or a ten -- I would say ten at least? I would say 10 or 15 minutes, so that we could reconvene either at 1:30 or 1:35.

19 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Yes. Let's 20 reconvene at 1:35. Everybody get some lunch, if 21 you need it, in 15 minutes, if you haven't eaten 22 already, and we'll be back then.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank24 you.

25 (Off the record at 1:19 p.m.)

1 (On the record at 1:38 p.m.) 2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. I'm checking to see if we still have all of our 3 participants. It looks like we do. It doesn't 4 mean that they are back at their computers but, 5 6 hopefully, most of us are. I'll just do a quick 7 roll call. 8 Do we have -- Commissioner Douglas, are 9 you present? 10 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Yes, I'm here. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Commissioner 12 Monahan? 13 ASSOCIATE MEMBER MONAHAN: Yes, I'm here. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Great. 15 Checking in with our parties. Mr. 16 Galati? 17 MR. GALATI: Yes, I'm here. Thank you. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. DeCarlo? 19 MS. DECARLO: I'm here. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And Mr. Sarvey? 21 MR. SARVEY: No. I'm taking a siesta. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh. Well, time 23 to wake up. 24 All right, I think that we are ready to 25 move forward.

1 MS. LOPEZ: Galen, this is Liza the host. 2 I just want to make sure the Court Reporter is 3 back as well. 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I quess she's 5 pretty important too. Thank you for the 6 reminder. 7 COURT REPORTER: (Off mike.) Yes, I'm here. 8 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. All 10 right. 11 So I think that we can go back on the 12 record. We have just concluded with Mr. Galati's 13 witnesses. And we were going to move -- I think next on the agenda would be Staff's witnesses but 14 15 I did think that we might be able just to take a 16 quick moment. 17 I don't know if -- Mr. Kolnowski, are you 18 still present? 19 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes, I am. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You are present. 21 I had -- and I apologize for not ask a question 22 from you, that I just wanted to clarify 23 something, and my apologies for not asking it 24 sooner. I just wanted to touch base with my 25 Committee and make sure that I hadn't missed

1 something that they were aware of.

2 Is it okay if I ask you a clarifying 3 question about your testimony? 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Yes. 5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. You are 6 still sworn in. 7 Mr. Sarvey asked you about the statement 8 in your executive or in the -- not your executive 9 summary, in the executive summary of the revised 10 Silicon Valley Power document that -- I'm not 11 going to get the phrasing exactly right -- but 12 having to do with the calculation of or 13 accounting for unspecified power, I believe, and 14 you had testified about that statement. 15 I just wanted to clarify, was your 16 testimony that that statement in the executive 17 summary was an accurate statement or an 18 inaccurate statement? 19 MR. KOLNOWSKI: The testimony in the 20 executive summary should have been removed when 21 it was removed in other areas, based on the 22 discussion our staff with the Energy Commission 23 staff. So we --24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Understood. 25 MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- we took it out in one

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1 section and we should have removed it and that
2 was missed.

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Μv apologies. You probably made that clear and I 4 5 just missed it as I was trying to catch 6 everything. Okay. Thank you for that 7 clarification. It's very much appreciated. 8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: And I'd like to clarify 9 something else that I said. 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 11 MR. KOLNOWSKI: This was in regards to 12 the health risk assessment for our DVR facility. 13 And I did a little checking. We currently 14 have -- and I think when Mr. Sarvey made the 15 comment that our DVR facility is close to this project, I went back and checked, the DVR 16 17 facility is about a mile away. And we have 18 another that is closer that is our Cogen 19 (phonetic) facility. And that facility, that -we are -- it does have a health risk assessment 20 21 associated with it. 22 And I just want to make sure that my 23 testimony was clear because I was -- I was not 24 clear in my mind. DVR does not have a health 25 risk assessment taking place at this point. Our

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1 Cogen facility, which is closer to the 2 Applicant's project and closer to the McLaren Data Center, and the difference is Cogen is a six 3 megawatt power plant that provides process steam 4 5 to a paper processing company, whereas DVR is a 6 147 megawatt combined-cycle plant that was 7 permitted through the California Energy Commission in the 2005 time period. 8 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you 10 for that clarification. 11 That was -- I guess I just want to make 12 sure, I'll just check with the parties, do you 13 have any concerns about -- or feel the need to 14 follow-up, based on that substantive 15 clarification that Mr. Kolnowski just offered, 16 starting with the Applicant? 17 MR. GALATI: No. We don't have any need to ask questions of Mr. Kolnowski. 18 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Ms. 20 DeCarlo, do you have any need to clarify? 21 MS. DECARLO: No. And thank you for 22 getting that clarification, Mr. Lemei. I think 23 that was helpful for the record. 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. And, Mr. 25 Sarvey, do you need to follow up and clarify on

1 that precise point?

2 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I have a couple 3 questions.

4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. I will -because we just sort of reopened this one rather 5 6 substantive issue, I will allow a couple of 7 questions. But I -- you know, this is a little bit of a sidetrack from where we are in the 8 9 proceeding, so, hopefully, we can get through 10 this rather quickly. 11 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I just wondered how 12 close that Cogen facility was to the Sequoia Data 13 Center? 14 MR. KOLNOWSKI: By looking at Google Maps, it's about three-tenths of a mile. 15 16 MR. SARVEY: Three-tenths of a mile. 17 Okay. 18 Now you mentioned that you had intended 19 to take that paragraph out of your Integrated 20 Resource Plan. Can you tell me, was that plan --21 did the CEC issue that plan, that revised plan, 22 or was that Silicon Valley Power that put that 23 revised plan in? 24 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Silicon Valley Power 25 issued it.

1 MR. SARVEY: Okay. So it wasn't a CEC mistake? You claim it was an error by your 2 organization; is that correct? 3 4 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct. They corrected in one area. They didn't correct it in all the 5 6 areas. 7 MR. SARVEY: Okay. That's a pretty important oversight, don't you think? 8 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You know, I don't 10 know that -- I'm not sure that that question is 11 relevant to the proceeding, you know, whether --12 I don't know that Mr. Kolnowski's opinion about 13 the importance of the oversight is relevant. I 14 think he's testified as to what he believes the 15 position of the document was and that that paragraph was unintentionally included. 16 17 MR. SARVEY: Are you testifying, Mr. 18 Lemei? 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: No. No, I am not 20 testifying. 21 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. That's all I 22 have. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I'm clarifying 24 that I understood, my apologies, Mr. Kolnowski to 25 have said -- I don't want to put him on the spot

1 and ask him to, you know, talk about his opinion 2 about severity. 3 MR. SARVEY: Well, I was just wondering. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: But I'll --4 5 MR. SARVEY: I just wondered who was going to get fired, that's all. 6 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Hopefully not me. 8 Okay. 9 Mr. Sarvey, did you have any other 10 questions? 11 MR. SARVEY: No. Thank you very much. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 13 Okay. 14 Thank you, Mr. Kolnowski. I will admit, that was the question that was sort of in the 15 back of mind that I just wanted to check in if it 16 17 had been clear on the record and I had dismissed 18 it. 19 I cannot say for certain that there won't 20 be, you know, a desire to ask additional 21 questions of you or Mr. Hilken or Ms. Quist 22 towards the end of the proceeding but I don't, 23 necessarily, think that it's likely. 24 And, you know, if, for example, Staff has 25 a way to contact you if we are -- if the

1 Committee would like additional information from 2 you and have -- and you are able to make yourself 3 available later on? I just don't want to hold you unnecessarily for the remainder of the 4 proceeding for what I think is probably an 5 unlikely possibility that you're specifically 6 7 needed to ask a specific question. 8 So I don't hear any -- that wasn't a 9 question. I didn't hear from either you. 10 So do the parties have any objection with 11 letting the individuals from BAAQMD and SVP get 12 along with their day with the understanding that, 13 if we do need to ask a question of them, we can 14 do our best to see if they're able to return 15 later on? 16 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati on 17 behalf of the Applicant. 18 We don't have any further questions. 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Ms. 20 DeCarlo? 21 MS. DECARLO: This is Lisa DeCarlo for 22 Staff. No, we have no objection to letting them 23 go. And we thank them very much for their 24 participation today. It's been very helpful. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Mr.

Sarvey, do you have any objection to that?
 MR. SARVEY: I have no objection. I just
 want to thank those witnesses. They did a great
 job.

5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. I want to 6 reiterate that. I really want to thank you for 7 coming and being so generous of your time today 8 and, you know, more broadly in the efforts that 9 you and your organization --

10 (Background conversation.)

11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: --

12 (indiscernible).

13 We have someone who is un-muted. Please
14 check and make sure that you're muted.

Anyway, sorry. I just wanted to say thank you for your organizations participation, also, and your individual participation today and in the proceeding at large, because I know that this has been quite a bit of effort from you and your organizations.

21 Okay, so with that, let's carry on, and 22 moving on to Staff.

MS. DECARLO: Yes. Lisa DeCarlo here.
 So I need to apologize briefly. At the
 prehearing conference, I identified four Staff

1 members, two of which would be giving an opening statement. Because of the flurry of filings that 2 we've seen since then and the additional 3 testimony, we felt it was important to have all 4 four witnesses testify, at least give a brief 5 6 discussion of their analysis and address certain 7 points raised in the interim. 8 So we will be having the following 9 witnesses in this panel, Jacquelyn Record, 10 Brewster Birdsall, Dr. Ann Chu, and Dr. Wenjun 11 Oian. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Yeah. 13 Thank you for that, Ms. DeCarlo. 14 I think that in this -- I think the 15 prehearing conference for this hearing, I think the efficacy of it was somewhat undermined or 16 17 obviated by some of the late filings, but here we 18 are and we're all present, so let's proceed with 19 what we need to do today, so go ahead. 20 Oh, sorry, let me swear in those 21 witnesses. Where's my -- oh, dear. There it is. 22 All right. 23 Would you please -- I'm wondering if I 24 should have each you state and spell your name for the record for the benefit of the Court 25

1 Reporter? Would the four of you mind doing that 2 in the order that Ms. DeCarlo introduced you, just state your name and spell it for my benefit 3 and the benefit of the Court Reporter? 4 5 MS. RECORD: Hi. This is Jacquelyn Record, 6 J-A-C-Q-U-E-L-Y-N, Record, R-E-C-O-R-D. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. The next 8 person. 9 MR. BREWSTER: This is Brewster Birdsall. 10 Can you hear me? 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes, I can. 12 Thank you. 13 MR. BREWSTER: Thank you. My name is Brewster Birdsall, that's B-R-E-W-S-T-E-R, last 14 15 name Birdsall, 16 B-I-R-D-S-A-L-L. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you. 18 And the next individual that Lisa 19 DeCarlo -- or that Ms. DeCarlo identified? 20 MS. CHU: Hi. This is Huei-An Chu, H-U-21 E-I hyphen A-N C-H-U. And I also go by Ann Chu, 22 A-N-N C-H-U. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Ms. 24 Chu. And am I pronouncing that correctly, Ms. 25 Ann Chu?

1 MS. CHU: Yes. 2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 3 And finally? 4 MS. QIAN: This is Wenjun Qian, 5 W-E-N-J-U-N Q-I-A-N. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And, I'm sorry, 7 would you pronounce your last name for me one more time? 8 9 MS. QIAN: Q-I-A-N. 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And that's 11 pronounced Ken? 12 MS. QIAN: Chen. 13 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Chen? 14 MS. QIAN: Chen. 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Chen? 16 MS. QIAN: Yeah. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Ms. Qian, 18 thank you. 19 I'm going to do my best to pronounce 20 everyone's name correctly. Thank you all for 21 that. That helps me. 22 (Jacqueline Record, Brewster Birdsall, Huei-23 An Chu, and Wenjun Qian are sworn.) 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Ms. 25 DeCarlo?

1 MS. DECARLO: All right. Each of the 2 witnesses has prepared an opening statement, so I will just have them read them in the order that I 3 mentioned before, starting with Jacquelyn Record. 4 5 MS. RECORD: Okay. Good afternoon. Μv 6 name is Jacquelyn Record. I have been with the 7 Energy Commission as an Air Resources Engineering since 2009. My areas of expertise include air 8 9 quality and greenhouse gases. And my education 10 is in chemical engineering. 11 I prepared the Air Quality and Greenhouse 12 Gas Emissions sections of the Initial Study, 13 which is Exhibit 200, pages 5.3-1 to 5.3-5, 5.3-9 14 to 5.3-19, 5.8-1 to 5.9-16. And in the Responses 15 to Bay Area Air Quality Management District 16 comments, Exhibit 201, and Responses to Committee 17 Questions, Exhibit 203, which represents my 18 written testimony. 19 My declaration and qualifications were 20 previously filed in this proceeding. 21 I concluded, after an independent

22 analysis, including determining project impacts

 $23\,$ and assessing whether the impacts are

24 significant, that the project would not have any

25 significant impacts in the areas of air quality

1 and greenhouse gas emissions.

Staff's conclusions are as follows. 2 3 The maximum emissions during construction 4 and for the backup generators (indiscernible) testing and maintenance were below the thresholds 5 6 of significance from the Bay Area AQMD CEQA Guidelines. The project is not expected to 7 result in a cumulatively considerable net 8 9 increase of criteria pollutants during the 10 construction or for readiness testing and 11 maintenance. These impacts would be less than 12 significant. 13 Page 5.3-1, Section 5.3 of the Initial 14 Study PMND states, 15 "Intermittent and standby emitting sources, 16 like those proposed in this project, could 17 operate for emergency use and such emergency 18 operations would be infrequent and for 19 unplanned circumstances which are beyond the 20 control of the project owner. Emergency 21 operations and the impact of air pollutants 22 during emergencies are generally exempt from 23 Air District permitting. Emissions from 24 emergency operation are not regular, 25 expected, or easily quantifiable, such that

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1 they cannot be analyzed with certainty." 2 In Exhibit 303, pages 5-9, Mr. Sarvey 3 argues that Staff's analysis is inadequate 4 because air quality impacts from emergency operations of the backup generators have not been 5 6 analyzed. His broad statement is misleading. 7 The Initial Study goes into great detail on pages 5.3-27 to 5.3-34 on why attempting to 8 9 model emissions is speculative and why federal, 10 state, and local air quality guidelines and 11 rules, including those from the Bay Area AQMD and 12 other air districts, do not require emissions' 13 analysis for emergency operations for backup 14 generators.

15 CEC staff, in the Laurelwood Data Center 16 case, performed some limited modeling of air 17 quality impacts of the project in two emergency 18 operation modes. Mr. Sarvey infers that by not 19 performing similar modeling runs the Sequoia 20 analysis is incomplete.

This logic is incorrect because the modeling performed in Laurelwood was not required and is not required for Sequoia, and will be explained further by colleague, Brewster Birdsall, who performed the criteria pollutant

1 air quality impact analysis.

2 In preparing for my air quality analysis, 3 and to ensure an environmental document that provides comprehensive yet clear information, I, 4 along with others working on the team, including 5 6 Dr. Chu, Dr. Qian, and Mr. Birdsall, in consultation with other air districts, revisited 7 the Laurelwood modeling and whether going forward 8 9 with such hypothetical analysis is appropriate 10 and should be included in a Sequoia analysis? 11 Given the probabilistic nature of the emergency 12 event and the layers of assumptions, I concurred 13 with my colleagues that such an analysis would 14 not be required, not helpful, subject to 15 misinterpretation, and the results are 16 speculative. 17 Staff's approach in this analysis is 18 consistent with current approaches used by 19 California's local air districts on emergency-20 use-only equipment. As noted previously, 21 emergency operations would be infrequent, 22 uncontrolled, unpredictable, and are for 23 unplanned circumstances beyond the control of the 24 project owner. 25 CEQA provides that the lead agency may

1 find that an environmental impact is too 2 speculative for evaluation. And CEQA requires 3 that we look at reasonably foreseeable impacts. 4 Accordingly, my colleagues and I conclude 5 that modeling of air quality impacts during 6 emergency operation is not warranted.

7 On page 3 of Exhibit 303, Mr. Sarvev is concerned the project is not consistent with the 8 9 Diesel-Free by '33 initiative. The City of Santa 10 Clara adopted resolution BOS-28-103 on September 11 11, 2018, endorsing the Bay Area AQMD's Diesel-12 Free by '33 Statement of Purpose.

13 Bay Area AQMD left it to the signatories 14 to develop their strategies to meet the goal of 15 their emissions from the use of petroleum-derived 16 diesel fuel within their communities. This State 17 of Purpose does not create a legally binding 18 obligation on the signatories. Staff is not 19 aware of any regulations implemented at this time 20 by the City of Santa Clara to implement the 21 Statement of Purpose.

22 If any such regulations are applied to 23 existing data centers, and if this facility is built and becomes operational, the facility would 24 have an evolving range of options to comply with 25

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1 this future regulation, including batteries, fuel 2 cells, biodiesel, fail-safe servers that obviate 3 the need for bugs of shutdown.

4 In Mr. Sarvey's Exhibit 303 on page 8, he 5 arques some data centers have performed a pull-6 the-plug test where they test all the generators 7 operating at the same time in a simulated outage and, therefore, is enough reason for CEC to model 8 9 for criteria pollutants during emergency 10 operations with all engines running 11 simultaneously. 12 For the Sequoia backup generators the 13 Applicant proposed that only one engine would be 14 tested at a time. So my colleague, Brewster 15 Birdsall, modeled what 3ws proposed n the 16 application, one engine at a time. 17 Also, the Applicant has agreed to an Applicant-proposed measure called APMAQ2 18 19 (phonetic) which would limit operation for 20 maintenance and testing to one generator at a 21 time. 22 For greenhouse gases or GHGs, Staff 23 calculated the project's direct GHG emissions for 24 the backup generators, the project's stationary 25 sources, and compared those estimates to the Bay

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Area AQMD CEQA Guidelines thresholds of 1 2 significance for GHGs from stationary sources, 3 found in Table 5.8-2 in the Initial Study. The project's direct GHG emissions would be 1,395 4 metric tons of CO2-equivalents during the 5 6 construction period. Post construction estimated direct emissions from the backup generators 7 8 during readiness testing and maintenance are 9 estimated in Table 5.8-2 to be 4,301 metric tons 10 of CO2-equivalents per year.

11 The GHG emissions from the construction 12 period and the annual testing and maintenance 13 would be well below Bay Area AQMD's stationary 14 source significance threshold of 10,000 metric 15 tons of CO2-equivalents per year.

16 Staff calculated the Sequoia Data 17 Center's indirect GHG emissions, as described in 18 Staff's Exhibit 201, TN 232338, from energy use 19 by multiplying the project's maximum capacity of 20 96.5 megawatts by every hour of the year for 21 8,760 hours. Then Staff multiplied that total, 22 which was 845,340 megawatt hours per year. By 23 Silicon Valley Power's, or SVP's, systemwide 24 average carbon intensity factor of 430 pounds of 25 CO2 equivalents per megawatt hour. Then Staff

1 converted that result to metric tons of CO2-2 equivalents per megawatt hour.

3 We recognize that the carbon intensity 4 value is a factor that will change from year to year and, historically, it has always trended 5 6 downwards. For example, if solar, wind, or 7 hydroelectric resources are available, generally the carbine content of electricity is expected to 8 9 come down. And with SVP precuring more 10 renewables to its system, while replacing other 11 fossil-fuel power plants, such as coal, then the 12 carbon intensity value is expected to trend 13 downward over time.

14 The Applicant provided a forecasted 15 carbon intensity value of 271 pounds of CO2-16 equivalents per megawatt hour, shown in the 17 Applicant's Exhibit 31, which was originally used by Staff for estimating GHG emissions. However, 18 19 Staff revised the carbon intensity value in 20 response to comments from Bay Area AQMD. The 21 carbon intensity value is twice a year and is 22 updated to reflect current renewables online 23 compared to the total amount of electricity sent 24 to SVP's grid. A carbon intensity value of 430 25 pounds of CO2-equivalents per megawatt hour is

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used to estimate GHG emissions and assess impacts
 in the most conservative manner possible.

However, it does not accurately reflect current real-world GHG emissions, so it is reasonable to assume, by the time this project is built, the carbon intensity factor would have a lower systemwide average than 430 pounds of CO2equivalents per megawatt hour and, thus, indirect GHG emissions are likely overstated.

10 For the Sequoia Data Center's total 11 indirect GHG emissions, Staff estimated the emissions to be 170,865 metric tons of CO2-12 13 equivalents, as shown in Staff Exhibit 201, CEC 14 Response to Comments on the Initial Study. The 15 majority of these indirect emissions would come 16 from the generation of electricity provided by 17 SVP and consumed at the data center. Increasing 18 the percentage of carbon-free power procured by 19 SVP would be the most impactful GHG reduction 20 measure.

21 SVP's GHG emissions are trending down due 22 to SVP's decreasing carbon intensity and 23 compliance with various renewable and low-carbon 24 energy requirements. Some of these requirements 25 come from Senate Bill 350, which includes the

1 Renewables Portfolio Staff and its increasing 2 stringency for reducing carbon emissions from 3 publicly-owned utilities, such as SVP. Another factor Staff took into 4 consideration is Senate Bill 100. 5 6 Okay, I lost my spot. Sorry. 7 Another factor Staff took into consideration is Senate Bill 100 which calls for 8 9 reducing the carbon intensity of the electricity 10 supply. 11 Additionally, (indiscernible) has 12 determined that its Climate Action Plan is 13 insufficient to tier from because it does not 14 fully address 2035 goals. It remains a valuable 15 document to compare the project with. The project, as proposed, would comply with all 16 applicable measure proposed in that document, 17 18 subject to coordination with the city during 19 design review. 20 In Exhibit 301, page 1, Mr. Sarvey 21 asserts that the staff analysis in the Initial 22 Study should not use the Santa Clara Climate 23 Action Plan, or CAP, to determine the 24 significance of project GHG emissions under CEQA because the plan only goes to 2020. And even if 25

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the project could use the CAP, its emission
 levels are not consistent with the Climate Action
 Plan.

4 The City of Santa Clara's Climate Action Plan adopted in 2013 provides a comprehensive 5 6 emissions reduction strategy that will allow the city to achieve its fair share of statewide 7 emission reductions through 2020. Consistent 8 with Assembly Bill 32, consistency with the CAP 9 10 framework is a relevant consideration in the 11 analysis of the significance of the project's GHG 12 impacts because many of the policies are expected 13 to be carried forward by the city to address 14 post-2020 emissions in its next CAP update.

15 GHG impacts from all project emission 16 sources would be considered less than significant 17 and the project would pose no potential conflict 18 with the City of Santa Clara's Climate Action 19 Plan or any applicable or regulatory programs or 20 policies adopted by the California Air Resources 21 Board, Assembly Bill 32, Senate Bill 32, which 22 requires to achieve GHG emission reductions to 40 23 percent below 1990 levels by 2030, Senate Bill 24 350 and Senate Bill 100, and executive orders. 25 All of these various laws and policies drive a

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reduction in GHG emissions. And these would all
 decrease the facility's indirect GHG emissions as
 SVP increases the use of renewable electricity.

4 Since the Renewables Portfolio Standard, 5 RPS, increases to 50 percent by 2030, which is SB 6 100, the carbon intensity of California's and 7 SVP's electricity supply and the GHG emissions 8 generated to serve the project's electricity 9 demand will continue to drop.

10 These are all part of the considerations 11 for indirect emissions. Staff concluded in Checklist Item B of the Greenhouse Gas section 12 13 that the project would not conflict with any 14 plans, policies, and regulations because Staff 15 determined that the project would not cause 16 significant impact. Mitigation beyond SDCC's GHG 17 reduction efforts would not be required.

However, additional measures, such as onsite PV generation, landscaping, electric vehicle charging stations could be incorporated during the project review at the local level.

And this concludes my opening statement.
MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Ms. Record.
Mr. Birdsall?

25 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay. I'm here. You got

1 me?

2 MS. DECARLO: Yes. We can hear you. 3 MR. BIRDSALL: Thank you. Sorry for 4 that.

5 My name is Brewster Birdsall and I'm 6 employed by Aspen Environmental Group as an oncall contractor for the Energy Commission staff 7 8 for air quality analysis of power plant siting cases. I've served in this role off an on since 9 10 2001. I'm a California-licensed Mechanical 11 Engineer and certified as a qualified 12 environmental professional. And my education is 13 in mechanical and civil engineering. 14 I prepared the criteria pollutant air 15 quality impact analysis in the Air Quality 16 section of the Initial Study, which represents my 17 written testimony. My declaration and 18 qualifications were previously filed. 19 In my written testimony covering criteria

20 pollutant air quality impacts, set forth in the 21 Initial Study, I concluded, after an independent 22 analysis, that the project would not have any 23 significant impact in the potential to expose 24 sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant 25 concentrations of criteria pollutants. The

project emissions would not cause any new ambient 1 2 air quality standard exceedance or any 3 substantial contribution to an existing 4 exceedance of an ambient air quality standard. And my assessment of air quality impacts 5 6 and my conclusions are consistent with the conclusions presented just prior to me by Ms. 7 8 Record, and also by Dr. Chu and Dr. Qian, who 9 will speak next. And my written testimony in the 10 Initial Study is between pages 5.3-19 to 23 and 11 it sets forth the analysis in detail. 12 One point to note about the criteria 13 pollutant assessment for the Sequoia Initial 14 Study is that the Bay Area Air Quality Management 15 District comment letter that arrived in February 16 on this Initial Study did not raise any issues 17 with the criteria pollutant air quality impact 18 analysis. 19 There have been questions by the 20 Committee, and also by Intervenor Sarvey, and the 21 Committee's Questions, at least in the notice for 22 this hearing, were really two basic framing

23 questions about the impacts of criteria

24 pollutants.

25 The first question was: Is the staff's

analysis in the Initial Study for criteria 1 2 pollutant emissions consistent with the Bay Area 3 CEQA -- Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Guidelines? And my answer to that is, yes. 4 And Ms. Record has already addressed this in much 5 6 detail but I'll reiterate that Staff follows its 7 own best practices in quantifying the emissions 8 and then preparing an air quality impact 9 analysis.

10 And Staff's practices are consistent with and 11 make use of the 2017 Bay Area Air Quality Management District CEQA Air Quality Guidelines 12 13 which establish mass-rate threshold to test the 14 significance of project emissions, and this 15 project would emit at levels below those emission 16 thresholds. That discussion appears in Item B in 17 the Air Quality section of the Initial Study.

18 After Item B comes Item C which presents 19 Staff's additional ambient air quality impact 20 analysis which confirms that substantial 21 pollutant concentrations would not occur near the 22 project due to the project's permitted emissions. 23 That was the first Committee question. 24 The Committee had a second guestion that 25 it posed, whether or not the analysis would be

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1 CEQA compliant? And Staff's analysis is CEQA
2 compliant.

3 I think the one area that Intervenor 4 Sarvey has really raised regarding criteria air pollutants regards examining emergency operation. 5 6 And as Ms. Record has pointed out, Intervenor Sarvey claims that Staff does not examine 7 8 emergency operation but that claim does not 9 recognize the discussion devoted to the topic 10 within the Initial Study that appears on pages 11 5.3-27 to 34.

12 The concern, I'll just go into this in a 13 little bit more detail, the concern about 14 emergency operations, at least in Intervenor 15 Sarvey's Prehearing Conference Statement, and 16 also in his response that came just a couple of 17 days ago on June 3rd, Intervenor Sarvey states 18 that during emergency operation the NO2 ambient 19 air quality standard could be exceeded without 20 providing analysis to support that possible 21 conclusion.

22 So in contrast, Staff did consider the 23 potential for air quality impacts during 24 emergency operations and concluded that 25 undertaking such a quantitative analysis would

involve making speculative assumptions. Ms.
 Record alluded to this just before I began to
 speak.

4 To go into a little bit more detail, we 5 recognize that the project does aim to be 6 available in case of a power outage, so Staff's work began with attempting to figure out how 7 8 often the engines might run in an emergency 9 situation. And emergency situations are 10 addressed in the Bay Area Air Quality Management 11 District Regulations for these kinds of engines 12 and an emergency use is one that is stemming 13 from, quote, "an unforeseeable failure of regular electric power supply," unquote. And that part 14 of the Bay Area Regulations appears in our 15 16 Initial Study on page 5.3-12.

17 Our work in the Initial Study goes on 18 through pages 5.3-27 to 34 and shows that a power 19 outage and subsequent emergency use of the backup 20 generators would be very infrequent. Now if we 21 dismiss the low probability nature of an 22 emergency arising, Staff would still need to 23 craft assumptions on the timing and the nature 24 and mass of emissions that would be emitted 25 during the emergency. We've explained the

challenge of -- the challenges of making such
 assumption in Staff's prior Responses to Comments
 on the IS, or Initial Study. And these are the
 Staff's Responses that appeared March 5th.

5 In Staff Response to Sarvey-8, again, 6 from our March 6th Responses to the Comments on 7 the Initial Study, Staff looked at six factors 8 we'd need to establish before we could conduct a 9 meaningful analysis of the air quality impacts of 10 emissions during an emergency.

11 I'll run through those six factors 12 quickly.

13 One is the hours of the engines being 14 used, meaning the duration of how long the 15 engines are used in an emergency; two, the 16 continuous or variable use of the engines in the 17 midst of the emergency; three, the local 18 meteorological conditions at that time; four, the 19 background air quality concentrations of criteria 20 pollutants at that time; five, the number of 21 generators and engines that would be running 22 simultaneously, all of some; and then six was the 23 load points of each generator -- for example, is 24 it running at 50 percent load or 100 percent 25 load? -- which, again could vary during an

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1 emergency. Now those six factors are also 2 described in a more narrative way within the text 3 of the Initial Study in four bullets of the text 4 between pages 5.3-27 to 28.

Now when faced with making such a wide 5 6 range of assumptions to define the nature, the 7 timing, and the mass of these emissions, Staff decided that it could not identify a meaningful 8 or representative modeling scenario to reflect 9 10 emergency operations. And this is spelled out in 11 the Initial Study across some pages, where I'll 12 read quotations. Staff's conclusion is that 13 undertaking an air quality impact analysis of any 14 possible emergency use scenario would force Staff 15 to make, quote, 16 "A host of unvalidated, unverifiable, and 17 speculative assumptions about when and under 18 what circumstances such a hypothetical

19 emergency would occur."

20 That quote appears on 5.3-28.

21 And then continuing later,
22 "Staff recognizes that the backup generating
23 facility and the engines would rarely enter
24 into emergency operations. Accordingly, the
25 possibility of any adverse impacts to ambient
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1 air quality concentrations would be a very 2 low probability event, thus Staff concludes 3 that assessing the impacts of emergency 4 operation of the standby generators would be 5 speculative due to the infrequent, irregular, and unplanned nature of power outages." 6 7 And that appears around page 5.3-33. 8 And in the end, we believe that such a 9 speculative analysis is not required under CEQA. 10 I'll stop here and that concludes my 11 opening statement. 12 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Mr. Birdsall. 13 Dr. Chu? 14 DR. CHU: Hi. Can you hear me? 15 MS. DECARLO: Yes. Thank you. 16 DR. CHU: Okay. My name is Dr. Huei-An 17 Ann Chu. My area of expertise include human 18 health risk assessment, biostatistics and 19 environmental epidemiology. I prepared the 20 Public Health analysis within the Air Quality 21 section of the Initial Study, Responses to 22 Comments on the IS/PMND, and Responses to the 23 Committee Questions, which represent my written 24 testimony. My declaration and qualifications 25 were previously filed in this proceeding.

1 In my written testimony covering public 2 health impacts from toxic air contaminants set 3 forth in the Initial Study, Responses to Comments 4 on the IS/PMND, and Responses to the Committee Questions, we concluded, after independent 5 6 analyses, that the project would not have any 7 significant impacts in the area of air quality 8 and public health.

9 Consistent with CEQA, my analysis of 10 toxic air contaminants in the Initial Study 11 includes determining project impacts and 12 assessing whether the impacts are significant. 13 My written testimony in the Initial Study 14 from pages 5.3-6 to 5.3-8, and pages 5.3-23 to 15 5.3-27, sets forth this analysis in detail. I 16 reviewed applicant's health risk assessment for 17 project construction and project readiness 18 testing and maintenance. The health risk 19 assessment measures the incremental risks from 20 the project's toxic air emissions, including 21 three key areas of health effects: cancer, 22 chronic non-cancer and acute non-cancer health 23 effects. The health risk assessment was based on 24 very conservative assumptions to overestimate the 25 risk due to the uncertainty and variability of

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1 health risk assessment.

2 Examples of these conservative 3 assumptions include, first, health risks during readiness testing and maintenance were evaluated 4 assuming a total of 50 hours of operation per 5 6 year for all 54 generators operating simultaneously. However, readiness testing and 7 maintenance activities are expected to occur 10 8 9 to 12 hours per year only.

10 Second, the acute hazard index analysis 11 assumes that all generators are operating in any 12 one hour time period, which is a conservative 13 assumption.

Three, for residential exposure, we assumed a 30-year exposure duration, starting with exposure during the third trimester of pregnancy. While for offsite worker exposure, we assumed a 25-year exposure, from age 16 to 40.

Even using these conservative assumptions in the health risk assessment, the impacts from both the project construction and project readiness testing and maintenance would be less than significant.

24 My detailed response to the Committee
25 questions is from pages one to ten, Public Health
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1 and Public Health 2, of the Staff's response,
 2 Exhibit 203.

3 CEC staff normally doesn't conclude --CEC Staff normally doesn't conduct cumulative 4 health risk assessments but focuses on 5 6 incremental risk only, especially for cancer. 7 The reasons are the following. First, Staff relies on regulations, such 8 as Proposition 65, California Code of 9 10 Regulations, Title 22, Air Toxics Hot Spots, AB 11 2588, BAAQMD CEQA for guidance in establishing 12 significance thresholds for incremental risk. 13 Staff's approach and thresholds are consistent 14 with these regulations and programs. 15 Second, according to OEHHA, 16 "The incremental risk posed by a given 17 exposure to a carcinogen does not depend on 18 the individual's background exposure to that 19 or any other carcinogen." 20 Therefore, if the incremental risk is 21 below the significance threshold, it's not 22 necessary to take background exposures into 23 account. 24 Third, it is important to note that the 25 background lifetime cancer risk is already high.

Therefore, it's not necessarily useful or
 informative to do the cumulative health risk
 assessment and attempt to separate out the
 contribution of other sources.

5 Staff's health risk assessment in the 6 Initial Study did not -- did comply with OEEHA 7 guidance and BAAQMD CEQA guidelines based on our 8 usual practice. But because BAAQMD suggested 9 more analysis, we accommodated their 10 recommendations and conducted the cumulative

11 health risk assessment.

12 I and my colleague, Dr. Wenjun Qian, 13 conducted the cumulative health risk assessment 14 based on BAAQMD's comments. The results of 15 cumulative health risk assessment, which again 16 use the same conservative assumptions I just 17 stated, show that the cumulative risks are below 18 BAAQMD thresholds of significance for cancer risk 19 and chronic non-cancer risk.

20 Section 2.3 of the BAAQMD Guideline 21 recommends a 1,000-foot radius for cumulative 22 assessment. But they also recommend a lead 23 agency to enlarge the 1,000-foot radius on a 24 case-by-case basis if an unusually large source 25 of risk hazard emissions that may affect a

1 proposed project is beyond the recommended
2 radius.

3 Following BAAQMD's guidelines and suggestions, staff's cumulative health risk 4 5 assessment includes four major types of sources. 6 The first one is the San Jose International Airport emissions sources located 7 8 within 2,000 feet of the boundaries proposed for 9 the Walsh and Sequoia projects combined. 10 The second are the existing stationary 11 sources nearby. 12 And the third one is the surrounding 13 highways, main streets, and railways. 14 And the final include the proposed 15 Sequoia project, the proposed Walsh project, and 16 the proposed -- and the approved McLaren project. 17 Therefore, staff's cumulative health risk 18 assessment does include other data centers 19 nearby, including Walsh and McLaren projects, and 20 the existing Microsoft Data Center at 2045 21 Lafayette Street. But staff did not include 22 other data centers because they are beyond the 23 1,000-foot radius from all maximally exposed 24 sensitive four receptors of Sequoia. 25 The cumulative PM2.5 impacts are over the

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significance threshold of cumulative health risk
 assessment but Sequoia's contribution is minimal.

3 I want to focus your attention on Table 3 on page 9 of Exhibit 203. If you look at the 4 5 total cumulative source row, you will see one 6 value, 1.4402. It exceeds the 0.8 microgram per 7 cubic meter significance threshold of cumulative health risk assessment. While there is an 8 9 exceedance due to one existing stationary source, 10 we can see the local concentration has already 11 exceeded the threshold. And the contribution of 12 Sequoia project to the total risk is minimal. 13 The modeled number shows that with total risk of 14 1.4402, Sequoia only adds 0.0003 micrograms per 15 cubic meter to that receptor.

16 Since the project's contribution is 17 minimal, staff concluded that the project won't 18 result in a cumulatively considerable 19 contribution. Therefore, the project does not 20 cause cumulatively considerable impacts. 21 Staff's supplemental analysis also show

21 Staff's supplemental analysis also shows 22 that the standard approach used to perform a 23 health risk assessment in the Initial Study is 24 adequate and a cumulative analysis does not 25 change our results and conclusions.

Mr. Sarvey had comments regarding
 emergency operation of the project. He stated
 that,

4 "Diesel particulate matter concentrations 5 could reach unhealthy levels but neither 6 staff nor applicant has analyzed these 7 impacts."

8 As mentioned previously, the health risk 9 assessment for project readiness testing and 10 maintenance were evaluated by assuming a total of 11 50 hours of operation per year for all 55 12 generators operating simultaneously. Readiness 13 testing and maintenance activities are expected 14 to occur only 10 to 12 hour per year. Therefore, 15 our analysis of diesel particulate matter is very 16 conservative for expected operations, and 17 adequate up to the proposed 50 hours of annual 18 testing and maintenance.

19 The health risk assessment results shown
20 in Table 5.3-10 of the Initial Study are all
21 below the significance thresholds, so no
22 additional impact analysis is required to
23 evaluate the emergency operations for cancer,
24 chronic and acute noncancer health impacts.
25 On pages 12 to 14 of Mr. Sarvey's reply

testimony, Exhibit 303, Mr. Sarvey listed a 1 number of proposed data center projects as 2 3 supporting his position that a cumulative impact 4 assessment must be performed. In his Response to Staff's and Applicant's Committee Questions, he 5 also listed three more data centers, including 6 7 the 2805 Lafayette Street Data Center, the 2200 8 De La Cruz Avenue Data Center, and the Santa 9 Clara Data Center.

10 As I mentioned previously, our cumulative 11 health risk assessment includes Walsh and 12 McLaren, along with Sequoia. We didn't include 13 Mission College, San Jose and Laurelwood, the 14 2805 Lafayette Street Data Center, the 2200 De La 15 Cruz Avenue Data Center, and the Santa Clara Data 16 Center because they are all beyond the 1,000-foot 17 radius from the maximally exposed sensitive 18 receptors of Sequoia, and the BAAQMD didn't 19 suggest staff to include these data centers. 20 Also, let me explain in more details. As 21 I explained in Public Health 2 of CEC staff's 22 Responses to Committee Questions, Exhibit 203, 23 when staff conducted our cumulative health risk 24 assessment, we used BAAQMD's Permitted Sources 25 Risk and Hazard Map to get data for the existing

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stationary sources. If the data centers Mr. 1 2 Sarvey listed were not included in staff's 3 cumulative health risk assessment, it means they 4 are beyond the 1000-ft radius of the receptors. 5 Staff double-checked the Excel sheets downloaded from BAAQMD. None of these data 6 7 centers listed by Mr. Sarvey were included 8 because they are all beyond the 1,000 foot radius 9 of the maximally exposed sensitive receptors. 10 But we did include the existing Microsoft Data 11 Center at 2045 Lafayette Street. 12 The 1,000 foot distance is pertinent not 13 only because it is the zone of analysis 14 identified in BAAQMD's CEQA Guidelines, but also 15 because emissions from sources outside of a 16 project's 1,000-foot radius are unlikely to commingle and contribute to a cumulative impact. 17 18 According to the Risk Calculator provided 19 by the BAAQMD, the risk number drops to around 20 four percent of the original one when the 21 distance goes to around 1,000 foot. Theretofore, 22 the San Jose Airport is the only source beyond 23 the 1000-foot radius source -- beyond the 1,000-24 foot radius that staff added after consulting 25 with BAAQMD. Neither staff nor the BAAQMD

identified any other sources outside this 1,000-1 2 foot zone that justified inclusion in this 3 analysis.

4 This concludes my opening statement. 5 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Dr. Chu. 6 And, lastly, Dr. Qian. 7 DR. QIAN: My name is Dr. Wenjun Qian. 8 My areas of expertise include air dispersion 9 modeling and health risks modeling. I helped 10 preparing the Public Health section of the 11 Responses to Committee Questions, which represent 12 my written testimony. My declaration and 13 qualifications were previously filed in this 14 proceeding. 15 My detailed response to the Committee 16 Questions is at pages 4 to 12 of Exhibit 203, 17 Staff's Responses to Committee Questions. I 18 focused on modeling the cumulative health impacts 19 of the San Jose International Airport and

20 identifying the cumulative impacts from Walsh and 21 McLaren Data Centers at sensitive receptors for 22 the Sequoia Data Center.

23 Mr. Sarvey had comments regarding the 24 cumulative health risk impacts in his response to 25 staff and applicant on committee questions filed

1 on June 3rd, Exhibit Number 305. Staff would 2 like to respond to these comments.

3 Staff would like to emphasize that the cumulative health risk impacts shown in Tables 1 4 to 3 in Exhibit 203, Staff's Responses to 5 6 Committee Questions, were conducted at each 7 maximally exposed receptor location identified in 8 the Initial Study for Sequoia. For the 9 cumulative impacts from Walsh and McLaren Data 10 Center projects, because Staff has refined the 11 modeling files from the applicant of each 12 project, staff looked into the modeling files in 13 great detail to find the receptor locations that 14 are closest to each of the maximally exposed 15 receptor location identified for Sequoia. The 16 health risk impacts from Walsh and McLaren at 17 these closest receptor locations are provided as 18 cumulative impacts from these projects as shown 19 in Tables 1 to 3 in Exhibit 203.

20 Applicant's modeling domain usually 21 covers a big region, beyond the 1,000-feet radius 22 required by Bay Area AQMD. Applicants normally 23 model thousands of receptors around project 24 areas. Therefore, it's not surprising that there 25 might be identical receptors modeled for two

nearby projects. 1

2 For example, the soccer child receptor 3 locations were both identified for the McLaren and Sequoia projects. It means the Applicant and 4 Staff evaluated the health impacts of both 5 6 projects at the soccer child receptor locations. 7 Mr. Sarvey mistakenly stated that the 8 maximum cancer, chronic, and the PM2.5 impacts from McLaren all occur at the soccer field. 9 10 However, Table 5.3-10 on page 5.3-24 of the 11 McLaren Initial Study, that's TNN Number 223911, 12 actually shows that maximum cancer, chronic HI, 13 and PM2.5 impacts would occur at the maximum 14 exposed individual worker, and the cancer risk at 15 the soccer field is shown as lowest compared to 16 other receptor locations identified in that 17 table. 18 As the Applicant pointed out previously, 19 Mr. Sarvey also mistakenly compared the PM2.5 20 impacts with the cancer risk impacts. Mr. Sarvey 21 looked at the wrong table. The cumulative cancer 22 risks table -- are in Table 1 of Exhibit 203, 23 Staff's Responses to the Committee Questions. 24 However, the values, 0.0081 and 0.00031, that Mr. 25 Sarvey mentioned in his Response to Staff's and

Applicant's Committee Questions are from Table 3 1 2 of Exhibit 203, which are cumulative PM2.5 3 impacts, not cancer risks. They are in different units and cannot be compared with each other. 4 5 In addition, the cancer risk at the 6 soccer field from testing and the maintenance at 7 Sequoia is consistently shown as 0.002, in the millions, in both Table 5.3-10 of the Initial 8 9 Study and Table 1 of Staff's Responses to 10 Committee Question. The 0.1-in-a-million value 11 mentioned by Mr. Sarvey is in Table 5.3-9, Health 12 Risk Impacts for the Construction Phase of the 13 Project. It cannot be compared with the cancer 14 risk from testing and the maintenance of the 15 engines. 16 This concludes my opening statement. 17 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Dr. Qian. 18 Just for the record, the table from the 19 McLaren Initial Study that Dr. Qian referenced we 20 docketed as Exhibit 204 in this proceeding, just 21 for ease of reference. 22 And that concludes this panel's direction 23 They are available for cross and testimony. 24 Committee questions. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Ms.

DeCarlo, and thank you for that clarification
 about the exhibit.

3 I will ask the Applicant, Mr. Galati, do you have any questions or wish to cross-examine 4 any of these -- any of Staff's witnesses? 5 6 MR. GALATI: No, I do not. And, Mr. 7 Lemei, may I also correct something that needs to be corrected before my old mind forgets about it? 8 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Of course. 10 MR. GALATI: I docketed Exhibit 35, which 11 we've used in this. That is the revised Silicon 12 Valley Power Integrated Resource Plan. The 13 original one that I docketed is Exhibit 27 and 14 that was -- it did not represent the final; I'd 15 like to withdraw 27. I meant to not include that in my motion. I apologize. 16 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You'd like to 18 withdraw Exhibit 27 from the record? 19 MR. GALATI: Yeah. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 21 MR. GALATI: It's an earlier version of what was Exhibit 35, and I did not have the final 22 23 version at the time, so I'd just like to withdraw 24 27. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Just to clarify,

1 then is Exhibit 27, forgive me for not 2 remembering this, mentioned by name in or 3 referenced in anything, in any of your filings in this proceeding, other than your Prehearing 4 5 Conference Statement? 6 MR. GALATI: Yeah, not as Exhibit 27. It is referenced as the Silicon Valley Power 7 8 Integrated Resource Plan. 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And you'd like 10 those references to -- when we read those 11 references, you'd like us to look to the final 12 version of the plan, which is currently Exhibit 13 35, rather than the non-final version which is 14 currently docketed as Exhibit 27, which you are 15 requesting to withdraw? 16 MR. GALATI: That's correct. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Let me ask Staff, do you have any objection to the motion to 18 19 withdraw Exhibit 27? 20 MS. DECARLO: I do not. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Sarvey, do 22 you have any objection to the motion to withdraw 23 Exhibit 27? 24 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I do. I would have 25 sponsored the exhibit myself but Mr. Galati put

1 it into the record. So at this point, if he wants 2 to withdraw it, I'd like to sponsor. 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So this is going to require -- I quess in theory, we could 4 have it stricken as Exhibit 27 and have it 5 readmitted as an additional exhibit. 6 7 You were going -- was someone going to say something? 8 9 MR. GALATI: Yeah. Mr. Lemei, if that 10 would be form over substance, I withdraw my 11 request. I was just trying to correct the 12 record. If Mr. Sarvey --13 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: No. That's what 14 I --15 MR. GALATI: -- wants to refer to the 16 exhibit (indiscernible). 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. 18 Understood. 19 What I will say is this, just for 20 clarification sake, Mr. Galati, when you are 21 referring to the plan, I will understand you to 22 be referring to Exhibit 35. 23 Mr. Sarvey, the motion is withdrawn. And 24 I understand that when I encounter, you know, 25 references to Exhibit 27, I will mentally

1 remember that is, you know, that is something 2 that you wanted to be retained in the record, for 3 what that's worth. 4 So I think that that clears things up. And thank you of that. Thank you all for that 5 6 clarification. 7 So then we are still asking about crossexamination of Staff's panel. 8 9 I will ask Mr. Sarvey, do you have 10 questions of the members of Staff's panel? 11 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I do. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. You 12 13 may proceed. 14 MR. SARVEY: Okay. 15 Brewster, have you examined Exhibit 304, 16 which is the Washington State Department of 17 Ecology's Analysis for Emergency Operations at 18 the CyrusOne Data Center in Quincy, Oregon? 19 MR. BIRDSALL: This is Brewster. 20 Mr. Sarvey, could you repeat that 21 question please? I'm sorry. 22 MR. SARVEY: Sure. Have you examined 23 Exhibit 304, which is the Washington State 24 Department of Ecology's Analysis of Emergency 25 Operations at the CyrusOne Data Center in Quincy,

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1 Oregon?

2 MR. BIRDSALL: Oh, yes. Thanks, Mr. 3 Sarvey. I have. I've taken a quick look at it and I recognize that this is a study done in 4 Washington State for a facility up there in 5 6 Washington. 7 Do you have a specific question? MR. SARVEY: Yeah. Why can't the CEC 8 9 staff perform what is, basically, a routine 10 evaluation of emergency operations at data 11 centers in Quincy, Washington? 12 MR. BIRDSALL: Your question was cutting 13 out a little bit but I think you said, "routine 14 evaluation of emergency operations." 15 MR. SARVEY: Well, I asked, why can't 16 Staff, CEC Staff, perform what is, basically, a 17 routine evaluation of emergency operations at 18 data centers in Quincy, Washington? 19 MR. BIRDSALL: Well, I think that we 20 covered this when Ms. Record and myself portrayed 21 the assumptions that need to be made before 22 running an air quality dispersion model for 23 something like an emergency. 24 Do you have a specific challenge beyond 25 what we've talked about or --

1 MR. SARVEY: No. No. Basically --2 MR. BIRDSALL: -- (indiscernible)? MR. SARVEY: -- basically, CEC Staff is 3 claiming that they can't do it, it's too 4 complicated, whatever, but they seem to be doing 5 it routinely in Washington. And I don't 6 understand what CEC Staff's problem is. 7 8 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay. I think maybe I 9 understand your question better. 10 What goes into the dispersion model first 11 is the assumption of whether or not this source 12 is on or off. 13 And when we're talking about the model, 14 just to give the Committee a little background, 15 the model is to predict concentrations, 16 concentrations downwind of the --17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Did we lose Mr. 18 Birdsall? 19 MR. BIRDSALL: I think I'm back. Am I 20 here? 21 MS. DECARLO: Yes. Yes, we can hear you. 22 MR. BIRDSALL: My line was muted, I 23 quess. 24 So to give a little background on how the 25 dispersion model works, and this is the same for 168

the State of Washington or for the work that we 1 2 do here, it's the same model and the same tool, 3 it begins with an assumption of whether the source is on or off. And when we are modeling 4 the source that is tested routinely or that runs 5 6 on a routine schedule, we can make some 7 assumptions about how that source is on. And we 8 do this in our impact analysis for all the readiness testing and routine maintenance of 9 10 these data center facilities.

11 During the course of a five-year term, 12 which is the record or the length of the record 13 for the meteorological data that we put into the 14 model, during the course of the five-year term we 15 looked at whether or not emergency operations 16 could occur. And we did this looking back in the 17 Laurelwood case and so we had some time to sort 18 of think about it.

But when we looked we found that, by its nature, a power outage is really, because it is a failure of the routine supply of electricity, it is something that is unscheduled and can't be assumed to occur at any particular time. We know that these sources, these emergency backup generator engines, would turn on, really, for a

1 routine testing and maintenance, and we have the 2 impact analysis for that, but we don't know how 3 they would turn or when they would turn on in the 4 face of the failure of the grid.

And I think what happened in Washington 5 6 or what the study does in Washington is it 7 probably assumes that the emergency could occur 8 anytime. And, in fact, I haven't looked closely 9 at the modeling, but in order to model that over 10 five years the modeler, myself or whomever is 11 running the model, you have to just basically put 12 the engines in running for every hour of all 13 those five year.

14 And after our work on Laurelwood and the 15 work in the cases that have followed, we, as 16 Staff, have decided that that would be an 17 unrealistic assumption to carry forward in a CEQA 18 analysis. And Washington State, I'll point out, 19 is, obviously, outside of California. And our 20 analysis is really driven by CEQA and we are 21 mindful that CEQA discourages speculation. 22 And that, I hope, provides a little 23 context on

24 MR. SARVEY: So in the last four years,
25 Silicon Valley Power has experience two outages

1 that have impacted data centers. But what is the 2 probability that there will be another data 3 center outage based on those statistics? MR. BIRDSALL: I don't have that number 4 right in front of my face right now but we did 5 identify those outages and published them in the 6 7 Initial Study. And we have concluded, as I've 8 said in my introduction, that an outage we view 9 as being a very low probability event. 10 MR. SARVEY: And you based that on ten 11 years of operations instead of the last four; is 12 that correct? 13 MR. BIRDSALL: That statement of 14 probability is really based on our information 15 that's in the Initial Study and the table of the 16 outages that is shown there. 17 MR. SARVEY: And is that --18 MR. BIRDSALL: And I think that -- excuse 19 me -- and that information also appears in one of 20 the Initial Study appendices. And I think the 21 record of information we gathered from SVP goes 22 back ten years. 23 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. Did Staff consider 24 the probability of a PSPS causing the data center 25 backup generators to operate?

1 MR. BIRDSALL: In the Initial Study the 2 PSPS is -- or the potential for a PSPS outage is described in the project description of the 3 Initial Study. And there have not been outages 4 in the SVP territory as a result of a PSPS. 5 Ι believe that's on page -- somewhere in Section 4 6 7 of the Initial Study, page 4-9, according to my 8 notes.

9 MR. SARVEY: So you're aware that the 10 PSPS shutoff affected San Jose area; is that 11 correct?

12 MR. BIRDSALL: You've, I believe, 13 Intervenor Sarvey, you've presented information 14 that shows the PSPS affecting generators that are 15 connected to the grid, not necessarily in SVP 16 territory but maybe up in PG&E territory by the 17 geysers.

18 MR. SARVEY: Did Staff consider other 19 possible scenarios, like UPS outages, like the 20 Friendster outage in Exhibit 209, which might 21 require the backup generators to operate? 22 MR. BIRDSALL: We're looking at power 23 outages and have asked SVP, and SVP provided that 24 information, about outages to the electric supply 25 because when the electric supply goes out, that

will be the time of triggering emergency backup
 generator use.

3 MR. SARVEY: And SVP stated that when data centers turn on their backup generators, 4 unless it's a power outage, they're not informed. 5 6 Did you hear that testimony? 7 MR. BIRDSALL: Yes. 8 MR. SARVEY: Oh. Okay. 9 MR. BIRDSALL: I did. 10 MR. SARVEY: Exhibit 26 submitted by the 11 Applicant, it's the Uptime Institute's Annual 12 Survey, based on page 4 of 7 that a third of 13 those tier data suffered some form of outage or 14 serious service degradation in the past year. 15 It goes on later, on page 5 of 7, to 16 state that power loss was the single biggest 17 cause of outages, accounting for one-third, as in 18 2018. 19 So if a third of the respondent's 20 experienced an outage and 30 percent of those were due to power losses, what do you estimate 21 22 the possibility of a data center losing power? 23 MS. RECORD: Hello. This is Jacquelyn 24 Record. 25 Mr. Sarvey, so on page, of our Initial

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1 Study, 5.3-31 --

2 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 3 MS. RECORD: -- we actually give a probability of 1.6 percent of an outage per year. 4 And that was based off of the outages to date 5 6 that there have been on SVP's system and the number of data centers that experience an 7 8 interruption, and then the amount of minutes each 9 of those experience. So then we broke it down by 10 doing a probability and we had 1.6 percent --11 MR. SARVEY: And that was --12 MS. RECORD: -- outage per year. MR. SARVEY: -- and that was based solely 13 14 on outages reported to you by SVP; right? 15 MS. RECORD: I believe this actually came 16 off of a spreadsheet that was given to us in the 17 application. 18 MR. SARVEY: And that was from Silicon 19 Valley Power; correct? 20 MS. RECORD: Well, let me check. 21 MR. BIRDSALL: Ms. Record --22 MS. RECORD: Yes. 23 MR. BIRDSALL: -- this is Brewster 24 Birdsall. 25 MS. RECORD: Uh-huh. Go ahead.

1 MR. BIRDSALL: That information is 2 gathered from SVP and it was gathered and assembled in the appendix to the Initial Study. 3 So the information is specific to this utility 4 service territory. And I think we can all 5 6 recognize that in a different service territory 7 in a different location that there would be 8 different history.

9 MR. SARVEY: I see. Well, according to 10 the ISMND, there are three major faults in the 11 region, the Calaveras Fault, the San Andreas 12 Fault, the Hayward-Rodgers Creek Fault, all 13 within ten miles of this site.

14 Did Staff consider the probability of an 15 earthquake disrupting power to the facility when 16 it made its assessment of the probability of 17 emergency operations? 18 MS. DECARLO: Mr. Sarvey, that --19 MR. BIRDSALL: Speaking from an air 20 quality --21 MS. DECARLO: Oh. Sorry. 22 MR. BIRDSALL: No. Thank you. 23 MS. DECARLO: Go ahead, Brewster. 24 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay. This is Brewster

25 from the Air Quality Team.

1 And we recognize that emergencies are 2 emergencies. And what I mean by this, not to be cryptic, is that there may be reasons why an 3 emergency in the region could trigger operation 4 of the backup generators. We've explored the 5 6 history of power outages as being, probably, the 7 most likely reason for the backup generators to 8 turn on in an emergency. And I'll leave it at 9 that. Of course, the backup generators could 10 turn on for some other kind of emergency that might be related to something else catastrophic. 11 12 But I don't think anything in CEQA requires us to 13 speculate on those kinds of exceptional events. 14 MR. SARVEY: So the Bay Area Air District 15 chose 100 hours as the expected amount of hours 16 emergency generators would operate in an 17 emergency mode in the Air District. 18 Is it true that EPA guidance states to 19 determine the potential to emit that sources emission should be calculated for 500 hours of 20 21 emergency operation per year? 22 MS. RECORD: This is Jacquelyn Record. 23 And that would be potentially to emit, so those 24 are mass emissions. And when we talk about the 25 modeling, we're talking about more of like a

micrograms per meters cubed, so like a modeled 1 2 number, so a concentration over a one-hour period 3 of time. 4 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. That's what I was 5 addressing, the total. 6 MS. RECORD: So on an annual basis? 7 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. MS. RECORD: Brewster, would you like to 8 9 describe the annual modeling? 10 MR. BIRDSALL: The -- yes. Hi. This is 11 Brewster again. 12 The consideration of numbers of hours per 13 year in an emergency is really up to the lead 14 agencies discretion. And if you go back to look 15 at those different guidelines, you'll see that 16 they are -- they were written from the 17 perspective of the air quality permitting agency 18 that may or may not have information on the site 19 and the specific nature of how the site might 20 encounter an emergency. 21 Here we've gone a little bit beyond this 22 because we've explored the utilities reliability 23 in order to get a sense of how frequently a power 24 outage might occur. And we believe it to be --25 we believe it to be a very infrequent or a low

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probability event, which we believe is consistent 1 2 with a CEQA compliance approach.

3 MR. SARVEY: So, Brewster, you were the lead technology staff for the Humboldt Bay 4 Repowering Project. That project included ten 5 6 16.3 megawatt dual-fuel diesel natural gas-fired 7 generators. In that proceeding, did the 8 Commission determine that the generating capacity 9 of the diesel-fired generators was 163 megawatts? 10 MR. BIRDSALL: So my recollection of 11 Humboldt is, yes, those diesel-powered units were 12 summed together or, rather, ten of them would be 13 added together for their capacity. And then the 14 power plant, it was a thermal power plant, was 15 subject to the AFC process. 16 MR. SARVEY: Would it be possible for the 17 Sequoia Project to use diesel and natural gas-18 fired generators? 19 MR. BIRDSALL: Well, as -- and I forget who answered this, maybe the Air District 20 21 permitting engineer -- the role at the Energy 22 Commission is to assess the project that is 23 proposed. And there are alternative technologies 24 that may be available to data center operators 25 but it is the Applicant's job, really, to decide

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1 on a technology that works and then propose it to 2 us for review.

3 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I understand. I was 4 just asking you if you, in your professional 5 opinion, do you think they could use diesel and 6 natural gas-fired generators? I understand, they 7 picked something else.

8 MR. BIRDSALL: I think, setting aside the 9 proposal that is for diesel, I think there are 10 some tradeoffs if natural gas would be used as 11 the backup source of energy for generator 12 engines. And one of the tradeoffs are that you, 13 as a facility operator, then put your facility at 14 the mercy of the natural gas system. And if that 15 system is unavailable, then your backup genres 16 might not be able to function, unless you store 17 large quantities of natural gas on the project 18 site, which I have not seen any -- I have not 19 seen any developer offer to do.

20 MR. SARVEY: So when you analyzed the 21 Humboldt Generating Station for localized 22 cumulative air quality impacts, did you include 23 sources within a six-mile radius or did you use a 24 1,000-foot radius?

25 MR. BIRDSALL: This is quite a long time 179 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

ago. And in a large thermal power plant case, 1 2 for ambient air quality standard compliance, you might go as far out as six miles to look for 3 other large, major, stationary sources for 4 compliance with the ambient air quality standards 5 as they are implemented through the permitting 6 process. And this is -- this process is a bit 7 8 different because the Energy Commission is considering an exemption, rather than an AFC. 9 10 And in an AFC the Energy Commission works much 11 more closely with the Air District to determine 12 the compliance of the project with Air District 13 rules and regulations.

And that's why the air districts, for a Is larger power plant like that, will issue a determination of compliance. And, in this case, the Air District will issue more of a routine permit.

19 So it's really apples and oranges.
20 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. But for CEQA
21 compliance, generally, the Energy Commission uses
22 a six-mile radius; that's correct?
23 MR. BIRDSALL: I'll leave it to you to

24 gather that information because, in this case, we 25 have a project that emits less than the Air

1 Quality District's thresholds, and these are the 2 thresholds that I described in my introduction. 3 And because this project emits less than the thresholds that are recommended by the Air 4 District, we've concluded that those emissions 5 6 are less than significant. And it's really 7 different from a large power plant that probably would emit at levels greater than the 8 significance threshold at the local air district. 9 10 MR. SARVEY: So in Exhibit 200, page 5.3-11 22, Table 5.3-8, your modeling chose that with 12 only one generator running the project's NO2 13 impact is 98 percent of the state NO2 standard 14 and 99 percent of the federal NO2 standard. Is 15 that the reason that only one generator is 16 allowed to operate at one time? 17 MR. BIRDSALL: The Applicant proposal is 18 to operate one generator for testing or 19 maintenance at a time and that is what we 20 modeled. 21 MR. SARVEY: So you never modeled more 22 than one generator at a time; that's correct? 23 MR. BIRDSALL: That's correct because it 24 is not in the proposal. 25 MR. SARVEY: So I have another guestion

1 here that is confusing to me.

The maximum impact from Table 5.3-8, which I mentioned earlier, for 24-hour PM2.5 impacts is 0.58 micrograms per cubic meter. But in a cumulative impact assessment in Exhibit 203, page 9, Staff lists the maximum 24-hour impact as 0.04 micrograms per cubic meter.

8 Help me understand how the cumulative 9 impact could be less than the individual impact 10 from operating just one generator?

MR. BIRDSALL: Can you direct me to the page of the cumulative impacts? Because it's probably -- it sounds like a different receptor and so I just want to be sure I'm looking to the right number.

16 MR. SARVEY: It's Table 5.3-8, Exhibit 17 200 -- wait, I'm sorry. I don't have a page 18 here. I apologize. The other -- well, Exhibit 19 203 is page 9. But I just want to understand how 20 that could happen? I mean, this is not a tricky 21 question. I just want to know how that happens. 22 MR. BIRDSALL: I think we may be looking 23 at a different receptor because the Table 3 in 24 the Staff Responses to Committee Questions are 25 for very specific locations. If you look across

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1 the top of that Table 3 --

MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 2 3 MR. BIRDSALL: -- and you'll see those are diesel particulate matter concentrations --4 5 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 6 MR. BIRDSALL: -- at exposed workers or 7 residences or whatnot. And I'll say, that's an annual number. So it sounded like you were 8 9 talking about the 24-hour concentration. 10 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 11 MR. BIRDSALL: You just want to make 12 sure -- you have to be sure that the receptors 13 are exactly the same --14 MR. SARVEY: Right. 15 MR. BIRDSALL: -- and that the averaging periods are exactly the same. 16 17 MR. SARVEY: Okay. I understand what you're saying. I'll move on. Thanks Brewster. 18 19 That's all I have, Brewster. Thanks for 20 your answers. You did a good job as always. 21 MS. DECARLO: This is Lisa DeCarlo. I 22 have one question on redirect. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Yes. You 24 may proceed. 25 MS. DECARLO: Thank you.

Mr. Birdsall, Mr. Sarvey asked you about
 the NO2 modeling showing one generator operating
 at either 98 percent of 99 percent of the current
 state and federal standards.

5 Does this result, necessarily imply, that 6 if you add one more generator to the mix the 7 standard would be violated?

8 MR. BIRDSALL: No, it doesn't. 9 Obviously, this result is close to the standard. 10 The Applicant found a lower impact for one-hour 11 NO2 concentrations. And the Applicant's finding 12 was lower than what Staff found.

13 So to explain what I did in my 14 independent staff work, and what I did was I 15 searched for the single worst-case concentration 16 out of the five years of meteorological data, and also the worst-case concentration caused by any 17 18 of the 54 engines at the 5 different engine load 19 set points that the Applicant considered. And so 20 that is, essentially, saying the worst of the worst of the worst in terms of the individual 21 22 hour within five years, and then the individual 23 engine, and then the individual load setting of 24 that one engine.

25 The Applicant, as I said, found a lower California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

impact by using a five-year averaging period for
 comparison to the California Ambient Air Quality
 Standard. And I changed that part of the
 Applicant's work by focusing on the single
 highest one hour of that situation.

6 Now, if you add one more engine to the mix, chances are it would impact a different 7 receptor, not the same receptor that experienced 8 the elevated concentration of the one result. 9 10 And, also, if you have two engines running, well, 11 then the meteorological conditions might be 12 different and might not be the actual worst-13 worst-worst. And if they are random engines 14 within the 54, then chances are, I mean, it's almost -- it is, really, in all likelihood that 15 16 it will be less than this number because, as I 17 said, this number is handpicked to be the worst 18 of all the hours of all the engines of all the 19 load set points.

20 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Mr. Birdsall. I21 have no further questions.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you all. That was a long session. And I do not believe the Committee -- I don't have any questions from any of these witnesses. And I'm

1 just checking my -- I do not -- I have not heard 2 from any members of the Committee that they have questions of these witnesses, so I will thank you 3 all for your testimony. 4 5 And moving on to Mr. Sarvey, would you 6 like to present direct testimony? 7 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I just have a little brief statement. It won't take but a second. 8 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: So just a 10 clarifying question. Is this -- since we are doing closing statements, that would be the time 11 12 to sort of wrap up your position. 13 MR. SARVEY: No. This is just related to 14 GHG emissions, some --HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Okay. 15 16 This is a specific --17 MR. SARVEY: This is --

18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay.

MR. SARVEY: -- this is testimony related to the GHG emissions.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right.
Then -- and this is testimony, so I will ask you
to be sworn in. Oh, just a moment. I lost my -here we go.

25 (Robert Sarvey is sworn.)

MR. SARVEY: Absolutely, because if I
 don't, Mr. Galati will get me.

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: No doubt. All 4 right, Mr. Sarvey, you may proceed.

5 MR. SARVEY: Okay. Staff and Applicant 6 propose not using the BAAQMD GHG threshold of 7 significance for land use projects of 1,100 8 metric --

9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Sarvey, can I 10 ask you to slow down a little bit? Your mike is 11 cutting out and I want to make sure that we're 12 able to get all your words.

13 MR. SARVEY: Sure. I'm sorry. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: It's not your fault, it's the technology, but we can get 15 through with a little bit of, even, technology if 16 17 you talk just a little bit slower, I think. 18 MR. SARVEY: Sure. The Staff and 19 Applicant propose not using the BAAQMD GHG 20 threshold of significance for land use projects 21 of 1,100 metric tons of CO2 per year. In fact, 22 Staff and Applicant propose no threshold of 23 significance for GHG emissions from indirect 24 energy use.

The Commission has the discretion to

25

adopt and GHG emission threshold they deem 1 2 acceptable of appropriate. The Commission can 3 use the 1,100 metric ton per year BAAQMD threshold. The Commission could use CARB's 4 suggested 7,000 metric ton per year GHG threshold 5 6 for industrial projects, which includes direct emissions from electricity use. The Commission 7 8 can adopt a 25,000 metric ton per year threshold 9 as provided by the greenhouse gas reporting 10 requirement. So the Commission can and should 11 adopt some threshold of significance in this 12 proceeding. I know that the 2019 IEPR was 13 supposed to resolve this issue but it did not. 14 Without some threshold, no project can be 15 considered significant no matter how much GHG it 16 emits and, therefore, mitigation measures cannot 17 be required with regard to a project's GHG 18 emissions for less than significant. 19 And that's all I have, all the testimony 20 I have. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 22 I will ask, starting with Applicant, do 23 you wish to cross-examine Mr. Sarvey on his 24 testimony? 25 MR. GALATI: Yes, I do, if you could bear

1 with me for a moment? I just want to call a 2 document up to make sure I have it correctly. 3 And can we put Exhibit 306 on the screen? 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Liza. 5 MR. GALATI: Just the very cover page, 6 that page right there, Liza. Thank you. 7 Mr. Sarvey, this is your Exhibit 306; correct? 8 9 MR. SARVEY: Yes, it is, Mr. Galati. 10 MR. GALATI: And that it from 2008; 11 correct? 12 MR. SARVEY: That is correct, Mr. Galati. MR. GALATI: Would you go to the next 13 14 page? Keep going. I apologize. I don't know the page on this one. I think it's two more. 15 Okay, yeah, I'm sorry. Can you go back one page? 16 17 Thank you. 18 So here, Staff's making a presentation 19 for use of thresholds; correct? That's why you 20 put it in the record? 21 MR. SARVEY: I'm sorry. I don't 22 understand that guestion. 23 MR. GALATI: This document shows the 24 7,000 metric tons threshold; correct? 25 MR. SARVEY: It does. And the purpose I

1 put it in there was to give the Committee an 2 opportunity to see that there was a statewide proposal. It was never adopted but it does give 3 them the option of adopting 7,000 metric ton 4 thresholds of significance for this project. 5 6 MR. GALATI: Okay. And this approach 7 was, as the first bullet says, an interim 8 approach for thresholds of significance; correct? 9 MR. SARVEY: Yes. 10 MR. GALATI: Did you know what interim 11 meant? 12 MR. SARVEY: Yes, I do. 13 MR. GALATI: What does it mean? 14 MR. SARVEY: Interim means they're going 15 to come up with a final approach which, to my 16 knowledge, never happened. 17 MR. GALATI: Okay. Thank you. I would 18 like -- no more questions on that document. 19 Mr. Sarvey, in order to make the record, 20 I just need to ask you these questions. 21 Have you ever performed an air quality 22 modeling analysis for submittal to a public 23 agency? 24 MR. SARVEY: You asked me that guestion 25 last week, Mr. Galati. No, I haven't. But I

1 have reviewed very, very many, and I can tell you of one particular one that I'm quite proud of. 2 3 In 2008, the Lawrence Livermore Lab --4 MR. GALATI: That's great, Mr. Sarvey. I just want to know if you've ever performed one, 5 submitting it to a public agency? If you had, my 6 7 next guestion would be have you had it scrutinized and how did you resolve those issues? 8 9 So the answer to that question --10 MR. SARVEY: So do you mind if I finish 11 or do you just want me to move on? 12 MR. GALATI: I'm now going to ask you if -- whether you have ever performed a health 13 14 risk assessment and submitted that to a public 15 agency for review? 16 MR. SARVEY: No, I haven't. But as I 17 said before, I've evaluated quite a few. And one 18 of the ones I'm particularly proud of is the 19 health risk assessment that was done by Lawrence 20 Livermore Lab for the San Joaquin Valley Air 21 Pollution Control District, trying to increase 22 the amount of their (indiscernible) from 100 23 pounds per event to 1,000 pounds per event. But 24 when they put in the health risk assessment, they 25 forgot to put in the depleted uranium and

1 (indiscernible) that's included in the 2 (indiscernible). I pointed that out to the 3 district and the permit was pulled and the City of Tracey was saved a lot of grief. 4 5 MR. GALATI: Thank you for that. Do you believe that the CEQA Guidelines 6 7 require a threshold of significance to be a 8 number? 9 MR. SARVEY: No, I don't think that's 10 true at all. There's another way that you could 11 evaluate it that doesn't require a number, no. 12 MR. GALATI: Okay. Thank you for the 13 questions. Thank you. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Mr. 15 Galati. 16 Ms. DeCarlo, do you have questions of Mr. 17 Sarvey? 18 MS. DECARLO: I have no questions for Mr. 19 Sarvey. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Mr. 21 Sarvey, do you have any redirection for yourself? 22 MR. SARVEY: No. That's fine. Thank 23 you. 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. I wanted 25 to give you an opportunity to finish, if you

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1 wanted to finish your response to the first 2 question on --MR. SARVEY: Well, it's kind of hard to 3 redirect yourself, so I'll just let it go. 4 5 Thanks. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 7 Thank you for your testimony, Mr. Sarvey. 8 I believe that that concludes the 9 evidence portion of this proceeding. 10 And now I'm just going to -- I'm going to 11 take a moment, if you will, and just take stock 12 and --13 MS. DECARLO: Actually, Mr. Lemei, this 14 is Lisa DeCarlo --15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 16 MS. DECARLO: -- we do have Staff to discuss, if the Committee is interested, energy 17 18 and energy resources, including --19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, of course. 20 Oh, my goodness. 21 MS. DECARLO: -- (indiscernible). 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: This was all 23 just -- this was all just the first two -- right, 24 of course. I forgot that we hadn't been through 25 all the topics yet. Okay. Thank you for that 193 California Reporting, LLC

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1 reminder.

2 So, yeah, I think that -- I was just 3 contemplating whether I wanted to ask questions on the high-level topics that we just discuss4ed. 4 But I think that because everything is 5 interconnected in this proceeding, that it really 6 makes sense to wait until we are through with the 7 8 evidentiary portion to see if the Committee has 9 questions. 10 So my apologies, Ms. DeCarlo. You have 11 witnesses specifically on the topics of utility 12 resources and energy resources at this time. 13 MS. DECARLO: Yes. And the 14 jurisdictional component, which I can remember if 15 it's folded into energy resources or separate 16 entirely. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Understood. Okay. I've made a note of that. 18 19 Okay, Ms. DeCarlo, you may proceed then 20 to introduce your witnesses? 21 MS. DECARLO: And I don't know, I just 22 want to confirm, the Applicant doesn't have any 23 witnesses that they would like to put forward 24 first? 25 MR. GALATI: Thank you, Lisa. This is

Scott Galati. I do not have any witnesses on
 this subject matter. We are relying on our
 written testimony.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Right. I
apologize. I thought that was the case but I
should have checked myself.

7 MS. DECARLO: I apologize. I wasn't 8 keeping track of things.

9 All right, we have a panel available for 10 questions. And we have -- that will be consist 11 of Kenneth Salyphone and Shahab Khoshmashrab. 12 And Mr. Salyphone will be giving the -- a really 13 quick opening statement

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So would for the benefit of the Court Reporter, would those witnesses -- and myself -- would those witnesses please spell their names for the record in the order that you introduced them? MR. SALYPHONE: Hi. This is Kenneth

MR. SALYPHONE: Hi. This is Kenneth20 Salyphone.

21 (Echo in audio.)

22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh. Okay. We
23 have quite an echo.

24 MR. SALYPHONE: So, yeah, this is Kenneth 25 Salyphone. Can you hear me?

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes, much better. 2 MR. SALYPHONE: Okay. My name, first 3 name, Kenneth, K-E-N-N-E-T-H, last name Salyphone, S-A-L-Y-P, as in Paul, -H-O-N-E. 4 5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: S-A-L-Y-P-H-O-N-E? 6 MR. SALYPHONE: Yes. That's correct. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Perfect. Thank 8 you, Mr. Salyphone. 9 And the second individual whose name I 10 did not get? 11 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Hello? 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. We can hear 13 you. 14 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Oh, okay. Very good. 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Do you mind 16 spelling your name for the record? 17 MS. DECARLO: Shahab, are you there? 18 MS. LOPEZ: Shahab, you have to un-mute 19 yourself. 20 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Hello? 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: We can hear you 22 now? 23 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Can you hear me? 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes, we can. 25 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Okay. So the problem

1 is -- I'm sorry, I'm trying to use my phone 2 because when I use my computer voice, there is some kind of a background noise, so I'll try to 3 do just one. 4 5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Right now 6 we're hearing you pretty well, as long as you 7 speak slowly. 8 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Okay. Can you hear me 9 now? 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. Yes. 11 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Shahab --12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Do you mind --13 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: -- S-H --14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: -- spelling your 15 name? 16 MS. LOPEZ: Hi. (Indiscernible.) Can 17 you go ahead and turn off one of the devices? 18 The reason why you're having that feedback is 19 because you have two devices going at once. 20 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Can you hear me now? 21 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. That seems 23 better. 24 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Can you hear me now? 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. Can you

1 hear me?

2 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Yes. Yes. Okay. So
3 Shahab, S-H-A-H-A-B.

4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 5 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Last name, 6 K-H-O-S-H-M-A-S-H-R-A-B. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I'm not sure I -can you say that one more time? I did not catch 8 9 all the letters. 10 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: For the last name? 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. Just the 12 last name please. MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: K-H-O-S-H-M, as in 13 14 Michael, -A-S, as in Sam, -H-R-A-B, as in boy. 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: And would you 16 mind saying that as you pronounce it slowly? 17 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Khoshmashrab. 18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Khoshmashrab. 19 Khoshmashrab. Okay. Mr. Khoshmashrab, thank 20 you. 21 Mr. Salyphone, thank you. 22 All right, I will ask you both to be 23 sworn in.

24 (Mr. Salyphone and Mr. Khoshmashrab are 25 sworn.)

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. We have 2 both affirmative, for the record, from both of you. Thank you very much. 3 4 Ms. DeCarlo, please proceed. 5 MS. DECARLO: All right. Thank you, Mr. 6 Lemei. 7 Mr. Salyphone, would you please give your 8 opening statement? 9 MR. SALYPHONE: Yes. Thank you. Thank 10 you, Lisa. 11 So my name is Kenneth Salyphone. My area 12 of expertise as it relates to my testimony and 13 the hearing today includes energy and energy 14 resource, and jurisdiction, and generating 15 capacity. My statements today are the result of 16 having to meet the projects SPPE application, the 17 energy analysis in Staff's Initial Study, 18 Responses to the Committee Questions, and 19 testimonies related to energy resources. 20 (Background noise.) 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: We're having some 22 background noise. 23 MR. SALYPHONE: My declaration and 24 qualifications were previously filed in this 25 proceeding.

Okay, so the project's generating 1 2 capacity would be below 100 megawatts and, thus, 3 the project qualifies for an SPPE process. Staff 4 includes this because jurisdictional analyses are based on the net megawatts that can be delivered 5 6 for use and not simply based on the gross or 7 nameplate rating.

Furthermore, a maximum load or use or, 8 9 rather, load demand is determined, too, and not 10 the summation of the combined capacity of the 11 generators installed. Hence, the maximum 12 facility-wide load demand requires for the SDC --13 requirements for the SDC would be 96.5 megawatts. 14 Also, restrictions on the facilities load 15 demand are hardwired through various control 16 systems. It would be physically impossible for 17 the gen sets to generate more electricity than 18 the facility load demand would require as 19 designed today. Excess electricity would damage 20 components or, at a minimum, isolate the SDC 21 loads from the backup generators.

22 I'd also like to take the time to address 23 the project's efficiency which resulted in 24 Staff's conclusion that the project would have a 25 less than significant impact on energy resources.

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1 So the project would have a very efficient PUE of 2 1.23, better than the industry average of 1.67, and a very efficient ramp power rating of 8 to 10 3 4 kilowatts. The project would use energyefficient technologies, such as lighting 5 6 controls, to reduce energy usage for new exterior lighting, an air-side economizer to use outside 7 8 for air building cooling, water-side economizers, 9 and air-cooled chillers, as opposed to an 10 evaporative cooling system to reduce water usage, 11 and cool roof design reflective -- cool roof 12 design reflecting surfaces to reduce heat gains. 13 Ultimately, SDC would be a state-of-the-14 art facility, operating very efficiently. With 15 that said, Staff maintains its position in its 16 Initial Study, that the project would have a less 17 than significant impact on energy resources. And 18 Staff did not determine that additional 19 mitigation, such as alternative energy solutions, 20 would be required. 21 Thank you for your time and I welcome any 22 comments and questions. 23 MS. DECARLO: Thank you, Mr. Salyphone. 24 The witnesses are available for cross and 25 any Committee questions.

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: So that concludes 2 the direct? 3 MS. DECARLO: Yes, it does. 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. All right. 5 Applicant or Mr. Galati, do you have any 6 questions for Ms. DeCarlo's witnesses on this 7 panel? 8 MR. GALATI: Yes. I just have one 9 question that either one of them could handle 10 this. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Proceed. 12 MR. GALATI: This is the same methodology 13 that you've used to calculate generating capacity 14 in McLaren, Laurelwood, Walsh, and Sequoia; 15 correct? 16 MR. SALYPHONE: This is Kenneth. Yes. 17 That's correct. 18 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: This is Shahab 19 Khoshmashrab. Yes. 20 MR. GALATI: No more questions. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: There was a 22 little bit of crosstalk but I understood both 23 witnesses to answer in the affirmative. Okay. 24 MR. GALATI: That was the only 25 guestion --

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: That was your --2 MR. GALATI: -- Mr. Lemei. 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: -- that was your only question, Mr. Galati? 4 5 MR. GALATI: That's correct. 6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you. 7 Mr. Sarvey, would you like to ask 8 questions of this panel? 9 MR. SARVEY: Yeah. I have a couple of 10 quick questions. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Please proceed. 12 MR. SARVEY: So your testimony is that 13 the backup generators can only generate 99 14 megawatts because the data center servers are 15 such and the air machine can only handle 99 16 megawatts; is that what you're saying? 17 MR. SALYPHONE: In the case of Sequoia Data Center, it's 96.5. 18 19 MR. SARVEY: Okay. 20 MR. SALYPHONE: So, yeah, based on the 21 equipment being designed into the facility for 22 use, the load demand is that, as such, 96.5 23 megawatts. 24 MR. SARVEY: And what's the gross rating 25 of all the generators that they're planning to

1 install?

MR. SALYPHONE: So they're installing 54 2 3 generators, right, as you --4 MR. SARVEY: Right. MR. SALYPHONE: -- read in their 5 6 application. However, there are going to be nine 7 that is redundant. 8 MR. SARVEY: Uh-huh. 9 MR. SALYPHONE: So you can only have 45, 10 45 that's being used at one time --11 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 12 MR. SALYPHONE: In the event of a failure 13 the redundant generator takes over. 14 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. Well --15 MR. SALYPHONE: So you have those 45 16 generators; right? 17 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 18 MR. SALYPHONE: And at a maximum, based 19 on the facility design --20 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 21 MR. SALYPHONE: -- all the hardware 22 incorporated in it --23 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. 24 MR. SALYPHONE: -- so the maximum power 25 would be 96.5 megawatts.

1 MR. SARVEY: Um-hmm. So in your analysis 2 did you consider the electrical loss from the 3 transformation of electricity from DC to AC over 4 three times? 5 MR. SALYPHONE: That would be minimal, a 6 minimal loss there. 7 MR. SARVEY: Minimal loss? Okav. 8 Can the energy from the diesel generators 9 be stored in a battery when they're testing them? 10 MR. SALYPHONE: How does this pertain to 11 this project? It wasn't something we evaluated 12 for Sequoia. The Applicant didn't propose it. 13 MR. SARVEY: I'm asking you, can the 14 energy from the diesel generators be stored in a 15 be stored in a battery system? Because, 16 otherwise, that energy is just wasted. And 17 contrary to CEQA, we're not supposed to be 18 wasting energy. So if the energy from the diesel 19 generators could be stored in the batteries, we 20 can eliminate a lot of GHG emissions and a lot of 21 our other issues. 22 And that's my question: Can the energy 23 from the diesel generators be stored in a 24 battery? 25 MR. SALYPHONE: My personal opinion,

1 diesel generators can store the energy into a 2 battery. 3 MR. SARVEY: Diesel generators can't? Ιs 4 that --5 MR. SALYPHONE: Can. 6 MR. SARVEY: Can? 7 MR. SALYPHONE: So like if you're running 8 the generator, yeah, you can store the power 9 directly into a battery. 10 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. That's all I 11 have. I appreciate your answers. 12 MR. SALYPHONE: Okay. No problem. MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: Can I add something? 13 14 This is Shahab Khoshmashrab. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, sorry, I was 15 muted. Yes. Yes, you may. 16 17 MR. KHOSHMASHRAB: That would be something that would have to be worked out 18 19 through the design. And if the Applicant has the 20 ability to design the project in that way, then 21 that would be something that we would evaluate, 22 but that's not the project. 23 And in addition, we didn't find any 24 significant impacts in the area of energy 25 resources to, basically, consider looking at

1 different technologies. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank 2 3 you for that clarification. 4 Mr. Sarvey, that concludes your 5 questions? 6 MR. SARVEY: Oh, yes. Thank you. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. All right. 8 Ms. DeCarlo, do you need to redirect 9 these witnesses? 10 MS. DECARLO: I do not. Thank you. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. All right. 12 Then, so unless I'm mistaken, that does, in fact, 13 conclude the testimonial portion. 14 Does anyone else have testimony on 15 something that I am overlooking? 16 MR. GALATI: Nothing from the Applicant. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. DeCarlo? 18 MS. DECARLO: Nothing more from Staff. 19 Thank you. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Sarvey? 21 MR. SARVEY: Nothing further. Thank you. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Moving 23 along, so the Committee had -- or I had worked on 24 a few questions to ask on behalf of the 25 Committee. And I think that there needs to be a

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1 little bit of modification to those questions 2 based on the testimony that we received. So let 3 me just take a moment to collect my thoughts, if 4 you'll bear with me?

5 These questions are all focused on the 6 issue of greenhouse gas emissions.

7 (Pause)

8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay, so these9 are, in part, clarifying questions.

10 Just initially, in terms of -- and I think that to ask this, it would be helpful --11 12 Liza, can I ask you to please put -- I believe 13 that the applicable analysis of the greenhouse 14 gas emissions of the project are in Staff's 15 Response to Comments on the Initial Study, which 16 is identified as Exhibit 201. And I think that 17 if you -- that if we go to page four of the .pdf, 18 I'm looking for, yes, yeah, this, Table 5.8-10.

So just the first clarifying question,
this is the applicable analysis of -- this table
-- this is the right table, analyzing greenhouse
gases, and this supersedes the table that was
originally provided in the IS/PMND.

MS. RECORD: This is Jacquelyn Record.25 Yes. That's correct.

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Okay. And for the record, who was just speaking? 2

3 MS. RECORD: Sorry. That was Jacquelyn 4 Record.

5 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, thank you. 6 Okay. Oh, okay. Thank you. Appreciate that.

7 MS. RECORD: Um-hmm. And there was, actually, a paragraph right before that, too, so 8 9 starting at, "I have the following changes to the 10 IS/PMND on page 5.8-10 should be made," and it 11 starts out with, "Data center electricity usage." 12 So those should also reflect changes in the 13 Initial Study as well.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Understood. 15 So to clarify, the -- I guess, rather than me trying to summarize, I will just ask for 16 17 a concise summary. You know, there are some 18 number of lines here, one, two, three, four, 19 five, six lines, and a total. And, obviously, 20 some of these are much, you know, larger in 21 magnitude than some of the others in terms of the 22 annual metric tons emissions.

14

23 But just for precision and clarifies 24 sake, can Staff or Staff's witnesses, identifying 25 when you're speaking for the record, please, just 209

1 clarify which -- what precise threshold of 2 significance was used for each of these 3 categories? Or if no threshold -- or if there was not an applicable threshold of significance 4 the -- if there isn't an applicable threshold of 5 6 significance, just a concise explanation of the 7 approach used? MS. RECORD: Sure. So the numbers that 8 are in table -- the value that's in Table 9 10 5.8-4 -- sorry, this is Jacquelyn Record --11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 12 MS. RECORD: -- these are all indirect emissions, okay? And what we used for this is we 13 14 used the various plan that, you know, the Air 15 Resources Board has put out, Senate Bill 100, SB 16 32, AB 32. It wasn't a numeric threshold. It's 17 more a policy driving these indirect emissions. 18 Sorry. Was that your question? 19 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. 20 MS. RECORD: So these are probably 21 indirect emissions. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So these 23 are all indirect emissions. And for all of 24 these, well, are all of these indirect emissions? 25 I mean, I thought that some of these were direct.

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1 Certainly, I mean, the energies we've been talking about as an indirect source but, okay. I 2 hear you saying that for each of these, including 3 the largest -- the one with the largest 4 magnitude, which is energy use, would be the --5 6 you are saying that you did not use a numeric 7 threshold of significance. 8 MS. RECORD: Correct. 9 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Focusing on the 10 number that is the largest in magnitude, which is

11 the energy usage -- and if you do not the answer 12 to this question, please say that you don't know 13 the answer -- is this project served by 14 electricity sources that are -- and I'm not sure

15 how best to phrase this.

16 Is this project served by sources of 17 electricity that are subject to the Cap and Trade 18 Program?

MS. RECORD: I can look that up for you. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. That's 21 fine, if you don't know the answer.

MR. BIRDSALL: Hearing Officer and Ms.Record, this is Brewster Birdsall.

24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes.

25 MR. BIRDSALL: May I jump in?

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You may, if you
2 have -3 MR. BIRDSALL: I believe -4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: -- answer to the

5 question.

6 MR. BIRDSALL: -- I believe your question 7 is about the energy use?

8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. I'm asking9 about the energy use specifically.

10 MR. BIRDSALL: Okay. And the energy use 11 would be produced by power plants in California, 12 maybe even outside California, that are 13 delivering electricity to the grid and then 14 received at that point where the data center 15 would receive the electricity. And just broadly, 16 in general, the power plants that operate in 17 California are directly subject to the Cap and 18 Trade Rules and Regulations and, therefore, 19 covered entities in the Cap and Trade Program. 20 And, also, deliveries of electricity by SVP to 21 its customers are also accounted for in the Cap 22 and Trade Program.

Does that answer your question?
HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes, that does
answer my question.

MR. SARVEY: This is Bob Sarvey. Could I 2 give my opinion on that please?

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You may. 4 MR. SARVEY: I would say a portion of it would be subject to the Cap and Trade and a 5 6 portion of it wouldn't. Like there are Cogen and there are other small power plants that are under 7 8 10,000 -- that are under 25,000 metric tons. And 9 some of their other -- and all of the other 10 unspecified sources of power, it would be --11 which is 23 percent of the nonresidential power 12 usage, it would be impossible to tell whether it 13 came from out of state or whether it had been 14 mitigated through the Cap and Trade Program or 15 not. 16 But I would say, in general, that the 17 majority, probably at least half of those

18 emissions, are coming from their Donald Von
19 Raesfeld Plant, and that's definitely subject to
20 Cap and Trade.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. You just,
you put out a number of half. Do you have a
basis for that estimate?

24 MR. SARVEY: Yes. If you look at the 25 2018 Integrated Resource Plan, it shows you

1 exactly how many megawatts that the Donald Von 2 Raesfeld Plant has generated and all their other natural gas-fired resources. I'm sure the 3 4 Northern California Power Authority resources that come from the Lodi Energy Center are 5 6 certainly part of the Cap and Trade, so maybe 7 more than 50 percent. But for the --HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: So --8 9 MR. SARVEY: -- for the unspecified 10 resources, there's no way you could tell whether 11 that's subject to Cap and Trade of not. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. So you're 13 saying at least, based on what you know about the 14 Silicon Valley Power, your opinion is that 15 they're at least half and maybe more and couldn't speculate what the upper bound is; is that what 16 17 you're saying? 18 MR. SARVEY: I would say it's at least 19 half and maybe more. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Do any of 21 the other parties or witnesses want to offer an 22 opinion on this or -- and if --23 MR. GALATI: This is Scott Galati. 24 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. 25 MR. GALATI: I think it might be best to

1 get Mr. Kolnowski back on the phone, if it is 2 possible to do so?

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: That's a good 4 point. Maybe I -- okay.

5 So I will -- Ms. DeCarlo, do you know, it 6 may not be possible to get Mr. Kolnowski back. 7 Is there a possibility of reaching out to him? 8 We could also ask for a subsequent response on 9 the record if we wanted to go that way.

10 MS. DECARLO: I will send him an email. 11 I do not have any other contact information for 12 him. Oh, I see Mr. Layton has sent him an email 13 asking him if he's available, so --

14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay.

MS. DECARLO: -- hopefully he will see 16 that and be able to respond.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Those were the only questions that I had at this time.

19 I will ask --

20 MS. DECARLO: I will -- sorry, Mr. Lemei. 21 I would just -- let's see. There might need to 22 be some narrowing of the question you're asking, 23 though, because some facilities might be subject 24 to the Cap and Trade and some might not be 25 because they fall under a certain GHG emitting

1 threshold. So I'm not sure if there needs to be 2 some nuance in the response, perhaps.

3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. Yes. Right. At this time, I am not asking for a 4 response on the record of that. If we're able to 5 get Mr. Kolnowski back, if he is available, then 6 I will clarify the question for him based on the 7 8 discussion that we just had. Okay. So we'll see 9 if we're so fortunate that he's able to return 10 and --11 MS. DECARLO: Oh, really quickly, I'm 12 This is Lisa DeCarlo again. sorry. 13 Mr. Birdsall would like to speak to this 14 question about unspecified power and the Cap and 15 Trade system, I believe. 16 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Sure. 17 Mr. Birdsall, go ahead. 18 MR. BIRDSALL: Hi, Hearing Officer. 19 Thanks for taking a little extra time on this. 20 Mister -- Intervenor Sarvey was raising 21 the question about unspecified electricity as it 22 has been shown earlier in this record of today's 23 hearing has a carbon intensity factor that is 24 assigned to it. 25 And if there is a concern about

unspecified sources of electricity being 1 2 delivered through the transmission system to the 3 data center and then being assigned that carbon intensity factor, I want to point out that that 4 carbon intensity factor that we've already talked 5 6 about today is defined in the Air Resources Board 7 Rule called the Mandatory Reporting of Greenhouse 8 Gas Emissions or, rather, the Regulatory for the 9 Mandatory -- Regulation for the Mandatory 10 Reporting of Greenhouse Gas Emissions. And so 11 the ARB rule for reporting GHG emissions is where 12 this factor comes from.

13 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 14 MR. BIRDSALL: And that means that when 15 the unspecified electricity is accounted for in 16 the carbon footprint of a utility that delivers 17 electricity, the carbon emissions of that 18 unspecified electricity are accounted for by 19 using that factor. And then that compliance 20 obligation of carbon emissions is then within the 21 utilities overall Cap and Trade compliance 22 obligation.

23 So that factor itself comes from the ARB 24 rule that is the underpinning of the Cap and 25 Trade quantities that must be subject to the

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1 (indiscernible).

2 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you.
3 That's helpful.

4 MR. SARVEY: If I could add just one more 5 thing to that, if Brewster doesn't mind?

6 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: You, of course,7 may, Mr. Sarvey.

MR. SARVEY: That number is 0.428 pounds 8 9 per megawatt hour -- or, excuse me, 0.428 metric 10 tons per megawatt hour. But SVP doesn't use that 11 figure when they evaluate their carbon emissions 12 because what they do, instead of using that 13 number, they use the average carbon content 14 that's reported on the ISO website that day, 15 which is why their IRP states that if they use 16 the 0.428 metric tons per megawatt hour, they 17 will not meet their carbon emission targets, and 18 that's where that falls in.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank youfor that, Mr. Sarvey.

21 Does anyone have anything else to offer 22 on the question or Mr. Sarvey's clarification 23 from his perspective?

24 MS. RECORD: Mr. Lemei, this is Jacquelyn25 Record again. I just wanted to clarify

1 something.

2 So Cap and Trade regulation, it's 3 established for major sources --HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 4 5 MS. RECORD: -- the greenhouse gas 6 emissions. And this project itself -- and that 7 would be for direct emissions, okay, permitted direct emissions. 8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 9 10 MS. RECORD: This project is -- would be 11 a minor source. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm. 13 MS. RECORD: So wasn't that question --14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: (Indiscernible.) 15 MS. RECORD: -- (indiscernible) that they were going to be subject to Cap and Trade or if 16 17 the power --18 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: (Indiscernible.) 19 MS. RECORD: -- the other power plants 20 from -- that are -- use indirect emissions, where 21 they are coming from would be subject to it. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Right. I 23 apologize for interrupting you. I did not mean 24 to. 25 The question I was asking was not about

1 the Sequoia Data Center's obligation to Cap and 2 Trade for its direct emissions, it was for the electricity consumed by the project, the extent 3 to which that electricity was, in one way or 4 another, covered by the -- any associated 5 6 emissions with that electricity would be 7 accounted for, in some way or another, within the 8 Cap and Trade Program? That was the question I 9 was --10 MS. RECORD: Okay. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: -- attempting to 12 ask. 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: This is Kevin Kolnowski 14 from SVP. Thank 15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh, hello. 16 you for rejoining us and I really appreciate you 17 being able to rejoin us. And I will just say for 18 the record that even though you briefly stepped 19 away, from my perspective, you are still sworn 20 in. 21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Okay. I understand. 22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you. So 23 the question that was asked, and I admit that the 24 question may not have been asked as artfully as 25 it might have been with somebody with more

expertise, the extent to which the electricity 1 2 that will be consumed by the Sequoia Data Center 3 as served by Silicon Valley Power, the extent to which that electricity is -- and any associated 4 emissions of that electricity are subject to the 5 6 Cap and Trade system in one way or another? Ι don't know if you're able to speak to that or if 7 8 you understand that question?

9 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I think I understand your 10 question. I'll try and answer it the best I can. 11 Our power plants are subject to the Cap 12 and Trade. The power plants that we -- or our 13 fossil power plants, my understanding is 14 renewable plants are not included in the Cap and 15 Trade Program because they have no greenhouse gas 16 emissions. And the resources from NCPA are 17 included in that. And my understanding is that 18 anybody that is selling into the California CAISO 19 market, they are also subject to the Cap and 20 Trade Program.

21 So I think the answer to your question22 is, yes.

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: So what I think you're saying is that there was some discussion about the extent to which it would be covered.

Are you saying that you think
 substantially all of the emissions associated
 with the electricity consumption would, one way
 or another, be accounted for by the Cap and Trade
 Program?

MR. KOLNOWSKI: All the fossil emissions 6 would be included. And if -- and Mr. Sarvey was 7 8 talking about the unspecified. If somebody is 9 selling into the California market, we take from 10 the market, that they have to have those attributes. You know, they've got to be 11 12 participating in the Cap and Trade Program if 13 they're putting the greenhouse gas emission into 14 the air --

15 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Right.

MR. KOLNOWSKI: -- from my understanding. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Right. And I understand that the -- you know, that, in some cases, it wouldn't be Silicon Valley Power that has the compliance obligation.

21 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct, but somebody has 22 it.

23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. But that 24 answers my question. And I apologize for 25 springing that question on you. And I apologize 222 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610

for having to ask you to step back into the 1 2 proceeding and very much appreciate you stepping 3 back in. 4 Does anyone wish to ask a follow-up question of Mr. Kolnowski based on his response 5 6 to the questions that I asked, starting with Mr. 7 Galati? 8 MR. GALATI: No, I do not. HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. DeCarlo? 9 10 MS. DECARLO: I do not. 11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Sarvey? 12 MR. SARVEY: I would just say that not 13 all of SVP's natural gas-fired emissions are 14 subject to Cap and Trade if they're under a 15 certain level, and that would be their generating 16 station at it's Cogeneration. 17 But I would agree with Mr. Kolnowski that 18 most of the GHG emissions would be covered under 19 the Cap and Trade because as I look at their 20 Integrated Resource Plan the majority of their 21 GHG emissions are coming from two power plants, 22 the Donald Von Raesfeld and the Lodi Energy 23 Center. And those would both, certainly, be 24 under the Cap and Trade Program. 25 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Mr. Kolnowski, do

you have a response to the specific thing that 1 2 Mr. Sarvey just said? 3 MR. KOLNOWSKI: I agree. 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. I understood you to be saying something about 5 6 cogeneration and I'm not sure I fully understood 7 what --8 MR. KOLNOWSKI: That is another facility 9 we have in our territory. It's a very small 10 power plant that provides steam to a thermal 11 house that processes waste paper for cardboard. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Understood. So 13 it's a very small facility that's a small 14 fraction of the --15 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Correct. 16 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Understood. 17 Okay. This was very, very helpful. Thank you 18 for coming back to answer those question. 19 Before I let you go, again, I'll just --20 I'm going to turn to my Committee Members and I 21 will ask them, starting with the Presiding 22 Member, Commissioner Douglas, do you have any 23 questions for the -- for anyone that's testified 24 or, in this case, Mr. Kolnowski, although we 25 don't have the BAAQMD witnesses still present?

1 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: No questions. 2 Thank you. 3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Commissioner Monahan, do you have questions for any of the 4 5 witnesses? 6 ASSOCIATE MEMBER MONAHAN: I don't have 7 any. I don't have any questions. Thank you. 8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Well, with 9 that, I can say with confidence that I thank you 10 for your participation, not once but twice, in 11 this proceeding, Mr. Kolnowski, and please have a 12 lovely afternoon. 13 MR. KOLNOWSKI: Thank you. 14 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay, at this 15 time, we are to the closing statements. 16 I will -- Applicant, you expressed the 17 strongest desire to make a closing statement, so 18 it's fitting that we would be starting with you. 19 I will say that each of you have up to 20 ten minutes. However, I will say, the day is 21 running long and, please, don't feel like you 22 need to use the full 20 minutes if you don't feel 23 that you need to use the full 20 minutes. We do, 24 of course, have a lot of information in the 25 record already.

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MR. GALATI: You bet. So what I'm going 1 2 to do is -- this is Scott Galati, representing the Applicant. I'm not going to go through every 3 issue. I think the Committee has heard them 4 before. But I would like to put up a couple of 5 6 exhibits on the screen and I'd like to go through 7 them with you -- they are admitted into 8 evidence -- because I think they're going to shed 9 some light on how and what an appropriate 10 greenhouse gas emission analysis should look like 11 in this day where we have the electricity sector 12 under its own set of rules. 13 So could we please pull up Exhibit 33? 14 MS. LOPEZ: This is Liza, the host. Are we starting with closing session? Should I start 15 16 timing it now? 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: No, no, no. We're doing closing statements. Sorry. 18 19 MS. LOPEZ: Closing statements? Okay. 20 Thank you. 21 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: It sounds like 22 closed session but --23 MR. GALATI: All right. 24 MS. LOPEZ: So for closing statements, 25 are we doing ten minutes?

1 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: We're doing ten minutes, yes. 2 3 MS. LOPEZ: Okay. So I'm going to go ahead and start the clock then? 4 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yes. 5 6 MS. LOPEZ: Okay. 7 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Correct. 8 MS. LOPEZ: I just wanted to make sure. 9 Thank you. 10 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Yeah. 11 MR. GALATI: So, Liza, I'm going to use 12 Exhibit 33, Exhibit 34 and 35. 13 And I will go quickly, Commissioners. I 14 know it's a late day. 15 This is the CARB Resolution 1826. The Commission should be familiar with it. It's the 16 17 one that was adopted for Senate Bill 350 which 18 created the Integrated Resource Planning 19 Electricity Sector Greenhouse Gas Plan targets. 20 It was adopted in 2018. Some thresholds that 21 look like they might affect a project that is a 22 high electricity user really shouldn't be used 23 now that we have this document and I'll walk you 24 through that.

25 So the wherases in the beginning of the 227 California Reporting, LLC (510) 313-0610 1 sentence, they talk about how the project is 2 necessary to execute, to implement SB 350, and 3 it's been done under AB 32.

And so, Liza, if you could please go to 5 page two, paragraph one?

6 The purpose of just pointing you to hear is to see that SB 350 literally says we're going 7 to establish reduction planning targets, and the 8 9 way you implement them is through the Integrated 10 Resource Plans of Electricity Sector. That is 11 the guiding principle on how the state has chosen 12 to address greenhouse gas emissions for the 13 electricity sector.

14 Liza, if you could please go to section -- page four, the second paragraph? 15 16 So just to remind the Commission that you 17 participated in the Scoping Plan process. And a 18 GHG planning target of 30 to 53 million metric 19 tons have been set for the electricity sector. 20 If you go to the ninth paragraph of this 21 page, you will see, right there, that this is 22 going to result in a 51 to 72 percent reduction 23 in the electricity sector's GHG emissions 24 relative to 1990 levels. So if we're planning 25 for 30 to 53 million metric tons for the

electricity sector by 2030, we will create a 51
 to 72 percent reduction to GHG below 1990 levels.

3 If you would then go to paragraph -- page five -- one, two, three four -- just, again, that 4 small little paragraph there at four, "The 5 publicly-owned utilities will update their IRPs 6 every five years." The second paragraph 7 8 describes that you're going to be looking every 9 five years to see how those load-serving 10 entities, specifically Silicon Valley Power, will 11 be meeting those GHG planning target ranges. 12 And if you then go to page six, the third 13 paragraph, the third full paragraph, this 14 basically says, whereas, in the first indented paragraph says, "The proposed targets for the 15 16 electricity sector," and it refers to an 17 Attachment A, which I'm going to get to in a 18 minute. But the proposed -- the third -- I 19 apologize. I'm trying to follow my notes and 20 look at the screen but my notes are on the 21 screen, so --22 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: I've had the same 23 difficulty.

24 MR. GALATI: Yeah. So if -- what this is 25 saying here,

1 "The proposed targets for the electricity 2 sector, individual load-serving entities, and 3 publicly-owned utilities in Attachment A to 4 this resolution meet the statutory 5 requirements of SB 350."

6 So if we go to Attachment A, and this is 7 where I'm going to ask you, please, Liza, to call 8 up Exhibit 34.

9 By the way, Attachment A is an attachment
10 to Exhibit 33. And, please, you can read that.
11 It's the Staff Report.

12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Um-hmm.

13 MR. GALATI: If you go to page 30 of 14 40 -- so, Liza, that's 31 of the .pdf, it was Table 2 -- you will see that these proposed GHG 15 planning target ranges for the publicly-owned 16 17 utilities are outlined for the Silicon Valley 18 Power, third from the bottom, they are 19 responsible for 0.195 percent of the electricity 20 sector emissions, and these are the ranges, 21 275,000 metric tons low and 485,000 tons high. 22 That is what SB 50 [sic], to comply with SB 50, 23 if the Silicon Valley Power can meet these goals 24 between this range, they will be complying with 25 SB 350.

1 I'd like you now to go to Exhibit 35, 2 Liza, and I promise that's the last exhibit. I'm not going to do this to you anymore. And, 3 specifically, page 25 of the .pdf, which is page 4 In between the tables, there's a paragraph. 5 2-9. 6 So if you could go down to where I could see 7 that?

8 It shows that that is what the Integrated 9 Waste Resource Plan -- sorry, used to do 10 Integrated Waste Management Plans a long time 11 ago -- Integrated Resource Plan for 2030, it 12 shows that they're -- that Silicon Valley Power 13 acknowledges and is using the 275,000 to 485,000 14 range.

15 If you then go to page 8-10, which is page 100 of the .pdf? Okay. The third paragraph 16 and the second sentence. 17

18 Based on the portfolio currently owned by 19 SVP, the GHG emissions in 2030 are projected to 20 be 404 metric tons, which is within the range. 21 This is just under the high target. That is if 22 they do not procure additional renewable energy. 23 That is based on what they have now.

24 So I'm trying to take you full circle to 25 explain to you that the threshold of significance

1 for CEQA purposes ought to be for the electricity 2 sector specifically since it is under its own 3 mandate and since compliance with SB 350 would 4 result in a 51 to 72 percent reduction, that if Silicon Valley Power meets its portion of that, 5 6 greenhouse gas emissions are less than significant because the state would have met its 7 8 goals. And as those goals change, this 9 Integrated Resource Plan will change, as it's 10 updated every five years.

11 So the pertinent question, as we've been 12 saying and Staff did, is the IS/MND asks the 13 question: Does the Sequoia Data Center prevent or 14 inhibit in any way, shape, or form Silicon Valley 15 Power from implementing its Resource Plan and 16 meeting its goals? And you've heard the only 17 person that you should listen to, the authority, 18 Mr. Kolnowski, that he says the Sequoia Data 19 Center will not affect their ability to hit these 20 goals.

21 You also have seen over time that their 22 carbon intensity factor has gone down, so they 23 have a track record of cleaning up and reducing 24 greenhouse gas emissions. But please don't be 25 confused by all of this other data. This is what

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1 you need. And I believe that this is the 2 threshold that we've been identifying. It's not 3 a numeric threshold. It's a compliance with 4 state goals. And we do.

And I have finished just in time.
HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Good timing.
Thank you for that statement. Appreciate it.

8 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. DeCarlo, you 9 said that you had a closing statement prepared as 10 well?

MS. DECARLO: Yes, Mr. Lemei. Thank you.
I just want to quickly summarize and put into
context Staff's testimony and evaluation of the
proposed project.

15 Staff's analysis is unequivocal and 16 uncontroverted. The project qualifies for a 17 small power plant exemption and Staff recommends 18 the Energy Commission grant it.

At its absolute maximum capacity the project would be capable of generating 96.5 megawatts, which is clearly within the 50 to 100 megawatt range required to qualify for a small power plant exemption under Public Resources Code section 25541.

25 As the Commission has concluded

1 previously, Mr. Sarvey's reliance on Section 2003 2 of our Regulations is ill-founded for data center 3 projects such as this which don't use turbine 4 generators and are not capable of delivering 5 electricity to the grid.

6 Here, the building load is the limiting 7 factor for how much electricity the backup 8 generators are physically capable of producing. 9 And it is reasonable to rely on that limiting 10 factor to determine whether a project qualifies 11 for an SPPE. The evidence shows that this 12 project qualifies.

13 With that addressed, we turn to the 14 second prong of 25541, whether the Commission can 15 make a finding that no substantial adverse impact 16 on the environment or energy resources will 17 result from construction or operation of the 18 proposed facility? Both Staff and the Applicant 19 have provided copious evidence to support such a 20 finding for the Sequoia Backup Generating 21 Facility, aided by the testimony of SVP and 22 BAAOMD.

23 While Mr. Sarvey attempts to call into 24 question this evidence, he produces no original 25 evidence of his own, showing that such a finding 234 California Reporting, LLC

California Reporting, LL((510) 313-0610 1 could not be made. Stated in the CEQA context, 2 he does not provide substantial evidence to 3 support a fair argument that this project has the 4 potential to result in a significant adverse 5 impact to the environment or energy resources. 6 Staff's testimony shows that time and 7 again Staff relies on reasonable but extremely

8 conservative assumptions in quantifying the 9 projects potential impacts, concluding that they 10 are less than significant. Without evidence to 11 support a finding of significance, the CEC cannot 12 require additional mitigation measures or the 13 exploration of alternative technologies.

14 Before I get into a little bit more detail of the testimony you heard today, I would 15 16 like to take a minute to put a plug in for the 17 concept of expertise, something that is 18 increasingly under attack from certain sectors of our society. 19 This concept of expertise should 20 play no small role in how the Committee weighs 21 the evidence and testimony it has been provided. 22 Staff and the Applicant have provided experts in 23 their fields to produce the evidence submitted, 24 experts with decades of education and training in 25 the very technical issues presented in their

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1 subject areas.

2 Despite his congeniality and enthusiasm 3 for the material, Mr. Sarvey is not a technical expert and often misstates the law and the 4 evidence and mischaracterizes the import of what 5 6 he provides. He produces documents out of 7 context. And the bulk of his efforts are aimed at trying to dissect very detailed analyses from 8 9 a layperson's perspective. And that is certainly 10 his right. And the Energy Commission has been 11 purposely structured to afford him the time and 12 space to do that. But the quantity and 13 persistence of his efforts should not be mistaken 14 for actual evidence of impacts or a deficiency in 15 the record. As Staff's testimony has shown, 16 neither are present here. 17 I'll now briefly summarize some of the 18 main highlights that we heard today. 19 At the beginning, we heard from Silicon 20 Valley Power and Bay Area Air Quality Management 21 District. Mr. Kolnowski testified that SVP has 22 sufficient resources to accommodate the Sequoia 23 Data Center, even in light of the other data 24 centers proposed in its territory, and that serving Sequoia will not impede its trajectory of 25

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1 meeting SB 100 and other GHG reduction and 2 renewable energy goals.

3 Mr. Kolnowski also affirmed that Staff's 4 analysis relies on an appropriate GHG emissions 5 rate to adequately capture the potential worst-6 case GHG emissions that could be attributable to 7 Sequoia's indirect use of electricity.

8 Not only did Staff use a number far in 9 excess of what SVP's own documents show they 10 anticipate emitting, but this number was then 11 coupled with the assumption that the project 12 would operate at full capacity all the time, 13 when, in reality, it will, on average, operate at 14 between 40 and 60 percent of maximum capacity.

Lastly, Mr. Kolnowski testified that while the PG&E public safety power shutoffs might have some tangential affects on SVP, they are unlikely to significantly increase the potential for data centers to operate their backup generators.

21 Mr. Hilken, Director of Planning and 22 Climate Protection at BAAQMD testified that 23 Staff's air quality, public health, and 24 greenhouse gas emissions analyses met the 25 requirements contained in BAAQMD's 2017 CEQA

1 Guidelines and addressed their stated concerns.

2 Staff then summarized its own testimony, 3 encapsulating the highlights of months of analysis on this project. Staff testified that 4 the project would not result in any significant 5 6 unmitigable impacts to air quality, public health, greenhouse gas emissions, and energy and 7 8 energy resources, along with all the other 9 technical sections that weren't the focus of 10 today's hearing.

11 Staff testified that the project's 12 emissions are under the significance threshold 13 for NO2 and all other criteria pollutants, and 14 under the threshold for PM2.5, maximum cancer, 15 and chronic health impacts. Staff testified that 16 the Air Districts do not model emergency 17 operations when permitting similar facilities and 18 it would be speculative to do so here.

19 Staff also testified that the potential 20 for public health impacts of the project were 21 modeled based on 50 hours of testing per engine, 22 with all engines operating simultaneously, even 23 though it's likely each engine will only run 10 24 to 12 hours per year and only ever one at a time 25 for testing and maintenance.

1 Staff also testified that it conducted a 2 health risk assessment, even though one wasn't 3 required because the incremental of the project alone was below any threshold of significance. 4 5 The addition of other sources could not change 6 this fact. And the health risk assessment 7 confirmed this.

8 Finally, Staff testified that the 9 project's GHG emissions would be less than 10 significant.

11 I'll just note here that the GHG analysis 12 is one of the most complex areas of CEQA from a 13 legal perspective. Court direction is constantly 14 evolving. And even the Supreme Court has been 15 somewhat opaque in its guidance. Nevertheless, 16 Staff is confident in its conclusion.

17 This facility involved three different 18 aspects of GHG emissions that were analyzed. You 19 heard Mr. Galati speak to some of that.

20 First was construction impacts. The 21 project is proposing to use best management 22 practices to ensure that any of the emissions 23 resulting from construction are less than 24 significant. The project has been designed as 25 efficient as possible and meets all the specified

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1 requests of the Santa Clara Climate Action Plan. 2 And then, thirdly, the indirect impacts from 3 energy consumption were analyzed.

4 Without a specific document from which to tier under section 15183.5 for these indirect 5 6 impacts, under section 15183.5, sorry, of the CEQA Guidelines, Staff has focused its analysis 7 8 utilizing section 15064.4, quantifying the 9 potential emissions and evaluating the project's 10 consistency with the state's long-term climate 11 goals and regional plans to implement those 12 goals. Staff testified that the project complies 13 with and would not impede the attainment of goals 14 specified in state and regional GHG plans and 15 policies, including the City of Santa Clara's 16 Climate Action Plan, SB 100, SB 350, and AB and 17 SB 32 which include the Cap and Trade Program, 18 among other statewide goals and policies. And 19 SVP confirmed Staff's conclusions with this 20 regard.

21 As I previously noted, this summary is 22 just the tip of the iceberg of what went into 23 analyzing the proposed project. Certainly, 24 diesel generators are not without controversy. Ι 25 don't doubt that everyone at this hearing hopes

1 that California can become fossil-fuel-free in 2 the near future, including replacing diesel generators with some alternative. Unfortunately, 3 at this point, no such alternative seems 4 5 inherently viable. And it is not the role of the Commission 6 7 staff here to opine about what it would like to 8 see. It is to objectively evaluate the project 9 as prescribed by the laws and regulations 10 currently in effect. 11 And under those laws and regulations, 12 Staff has concluded that the impacts resulting 13 from this project would be less than significant 14 under CEQA. And, therefore, we recommend that 15 the Commission grant an exemption. 16 Thank you. 17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Thank you, Ms. 18 DeCarlo. 19 Mr. Sarvey? 20 MR. SARVEY: Thank you. 21 Without denigrating Staff and Applicant's 22 witnesses, I'm going to ask you to look at the 23 evidence. In utilities and service systems, 24 Staff's testimony has been in four data center 25 proceedings that the data centers being permitted

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by the CEC are not responsible for requiring SVP 1 utility upgrades. Exhibit 307 shows that, 2 3 publicly, SVP has stated. However, SVP's current 4 infrastructure will not be able to carry the high-power demands of these new data centers. 5 6 According to research conducted by SVP's Engineering Team, the current system could 7 overload by 2021 without any upgrades or 8

9 investments to meet this higher demand for 10 electricity. The SDC is part of a cumulative 11 impact to utilities and service systems of 12 Silicon Valley Power.

13 In air quality and public health, it's 14 reasonably foreseeable that at some point in the 15 life of this data center, this project will 16 operate in emergency mode. Since 2016, SVP 17 outages have impacted six data centers in two 18 separate outages over a four-year span. SVP's 19 resources were already impacted by PG&E's 2019 PSPS, as seen in Exhibit 311. Wildfires and PSPS 20 21 events would be expected to increase in the 22 coming years due to climate change brought on, 23 partially, by large consumers of electricity. 24 The project is sandwiched between the San 25 Andreas Fault and the Calaveras Fault. They're

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the most dangerous faults in the state of
 California. The staff ignores all of those
 reasonably foreseeable outcomes.

A fair argument has been made that during a major earthquake the SDC will have to resort to operating its emergency generators. And all these other events, it's very possible they could operate them, too, just from human error, UPS failure, or other issues.

10 Exhibit Number 26, the Uptime Institute's 11 Annual Report, states on page 4 of 7 that a third 12 of the data centers surveyed had suffered some 13 form of outage or serious service degradation in 14 the past year. Exhibit 26, page 7 further states 15 that power loss was the single biggest cause of 16 outages, accounting for one-third as of 2018. 17 Looking at the annual survey suggests that there 18 is a probability of about nine percent that any 19 data center will experience an electrical outage. 20 Washington State models the emergency 21 operation of every data center. It's not 22 complicated -- it is complicated but it's not 23 impossible. Washington State Air Quality Agency 24 does this to ensure that air quality and public

25 health standards are not exceeded.

Now I'm going to remind Staff that this
 is an environmental justice neighborhood.

3 GHG emissions. The evidence shows the project's individual and cumulative impacts are 4 significant with respect to GHG emissions. 5 6 Exhibit 308, the Santa Clara General Plan EIR 7 makes the finding, on page 24 of 594, that 8 implementation of the proposed 2010 through 2035 9 General Plan will result in GHG emissions in 2035 10 that are projected to exceed efficiency standards 11 to maintain a trajectory to meet long-term 2050 12 state climate reduction goals, which is a 13 significant and unavoidable impact. That's the 14 same General Plan that Staff relies on throughout 15 its analysis.

16 The project could store the energy from 17 the diesel generators in a battery-energy storage 18 system and avoid the waste of thousands of 19 megawatt hours and avoid the waste of burning 20 diesel fuel without capturing the energy, which 21 is a violation of CEQA.

As I stated before, Silicon Valley's 2018 Integrated Resource Plan states, on page 98 of 109, that SVP finds the generic emission rate of 0.428 metric CO2 per megawatt hour for spot

1 market purchases per CEC guidelines as to be too 2 high. I know Silicon Valley took that out --3 well, they didn't take it out but they claimed 4 that they were going to take it out in their 5 revised integrated plan, but I'm sure that would 6 have to be approved by the Santa Clara City 7 Council.

8 Individually, the project represents a significant impact to GHG emissions. 9 The 10 Applicant estimated typical energy use of 655,633 megawatt hours per year, which is equivalent to a 11 12 75 percent occupancy factor for the data servers 13 at the Sequoia Data Center. You heard last week 14 that experts predicted that 70 percent is 15 probably where most data centers will be operating at. 16

17 Staff estimated the project's GHG emissions based on the electrical use in the 18 19 project with 75 percent occupancy to be 170,865 20 metric tons per year. According to SVP's 21 Integrated Resource Plan, Exhibit 27, it states 22 on page 107 of 109, "SVP's GHG emissions in 2030 23 are projected to be 448,797 metric tons. This is 24 just under SVP's high target of 485,000 metric 25 tons.

1 Exhibit 34, page 31 of 41, shows that 2 SVP's load required is 275,000 metric tons of The SVP emissions reported by Staff, 3 CO2. unadjusted, would be 35 percent of the high GH 4 target of 485,000 metric tons a year. 5 When 6 adjusted for SVP's expected carbon intensity in 7 2030 from Exhibit 31, 219,000 pounds per megawatt hour, SDC's indirect emissions from electrical 8 9 use will still be, approximately, 65,000 metric 10 tons of CO2 per year in 2030, which represents 13 11 percent of SVP's GH high target of 485,000 metric tons of CO2 per year and 23 percent of SVP's low 12 GH target for 2013. 13

14 (Indiscernible) will be when you consider 15 only five of the current data centers being permitted by the CEC in SVP's territory, the 16 17 combined electrical usage is 3,764,276 megawatt 18 hours, as reported in Exhibit 300, page 5 of 32. 19 When adjusted to SVP's 2030 carbon factor of 219 20 pounds per megawatt, the combined estimated total 21 of GHG emissions is approximately 374,000 metric 22 tons of CO2 per year in 2030, which represents 77 23 percent of SVP's high target of 485,000 metric 24 tons per year, and 136 percent of SVP's low 25 target for GH emissions in 2030.

1 The numbers don't lie, they don't 2 speculate, they simply demonstrate that SDC's GH emissions are individually and cumulatively 3 considerable, a significant impact. 4 5 Finally, I just want to thank Mr. Galati 6 for his demeanor today. I really appreciated it. 7 And I want to thank Staff and all the 8 Applicant's witnesses. 9 And I want to thank the Committee and I 10 appreciate you guys listening to me. 11 Thank you. 12 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Well, thank you, 13 Mr. Sarvey. Appreciate your closing statement 14 and everyone else's. 15 At this time, I think we need to check in with the public for public comment. I have --16 17 I'm new to Zoom here, so I'm not sure how to 18 find. 19 But, Liza, do we have any raised hands? 20 Otherwise, we should -- I will check with the 21 Public Advisor. 22 MS. LOPEZ: I see no raised hands. 23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Ms. Avalos, are 24 you still with us? 25 PUBLIC ADVISOR AVALOS: Yes. This is

1 RoseMary Avalos with the Public Advisors Office
2 and there are no public comments at this time.
3 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Thank you
4 for that.
5 So then at this time the -- I will just,

6 I guess, I'll just check in.

7 Commissioners, we are still planning to 8 convene to closed session?

9 PRESIDING MEMBER DOUGLAS: Yes. That's 10 correct.

11 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Okay. Then I 12 will -- then the Committee will now adjourn to 13 closed session in accordance with California 14 Government Code section 11126(c)(3), which allows 15 a state body to hold a closed session to 16 deliberate on a decision to be reached in a 17 proceeding that state body was required by law to 18 conduct.

19 It's hard for me to anticipate a return 20 time because we're already so late in the day. 21 I'm expecting that the closed session go short. 22 It may be that we come back and need to adjourn 23 it to a later time. I believe we'll be back 24 sometime between 5:00 -- I can't imagine us being 25 later than 5:30 or much later than 5:30. I do

1 not believe we plan to report out anything 2 substantively, so I don't -- I want to encourage the parties to -- and folks to get on with their 3 4 weekend.

5 But I really do appreciate everyone's 6 participation today. It's been a long day and I 7 think it's been a very productive day, so thank 8 vou all.

9 I am going to mute my line and we'll be 10 back in somewhere between 30 and 60 minutes is my best guess. 11

12 MS. DECARLO: So, Mr. Lemei --

13

14 MS. DECARLO: -- I just want to confirm, 15 sorry, that you do or do not expect the parties to return when you report out? 16

HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: Oh. Yes?

17 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: We do not expect 18 the parties to return.

19 MS. DECARLO: Okay. Great. Thank you. 20 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: We do not plan to 21 report out substantively.

22 MS. DECARLO: Great. Thank you.

23 HEARING OFFICER LEMEI: All right. Thank 24 you.

25 (Whereupon, the Committee recessed into closed

1	session	at 4	4:40	p.m.,	and	the	evide	ntiary	hearing
2		was	late	r adj	ourne	ed at	5:10	p.m.)	
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I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were reported by me, a certified electronic court reporter and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 10th day of June, 2020.

Martha L. Nelson

MARTHA L. NELSON, CERT**367

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIBER

I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were transcribed by me, a certified transcriber and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript, to the best of my ability, from the electronic sound recording

of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

Martha L. Nelson

June 10, 2020

MARTHA L. NELSON, CERT**367