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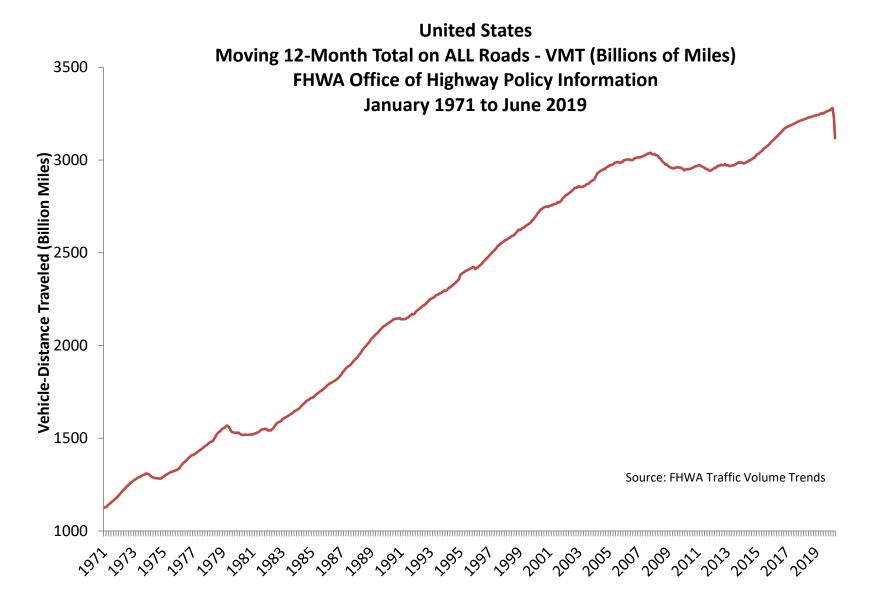
Trends and Policy Considerations of VMT in mid-2020

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June 12th, 2020 IEPR Workshop



US Trends in VMT

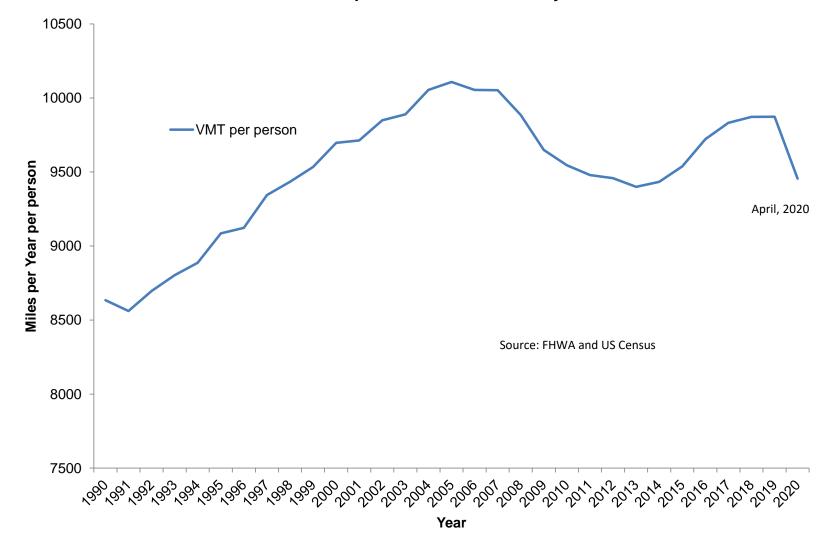


- Note that this is a 12-month moving sum, so each data point reflects the previous 12 months of driving.
- The drop you see is the 4%, the largest on record.



US Trends in VMT per Capita

Vehicle Miles Traveled per Person in the United States VMT and US Census Population Estimate for July of each Year



 April 2020 value is 6.5% off of the peak and is similarly the largest drop on record.



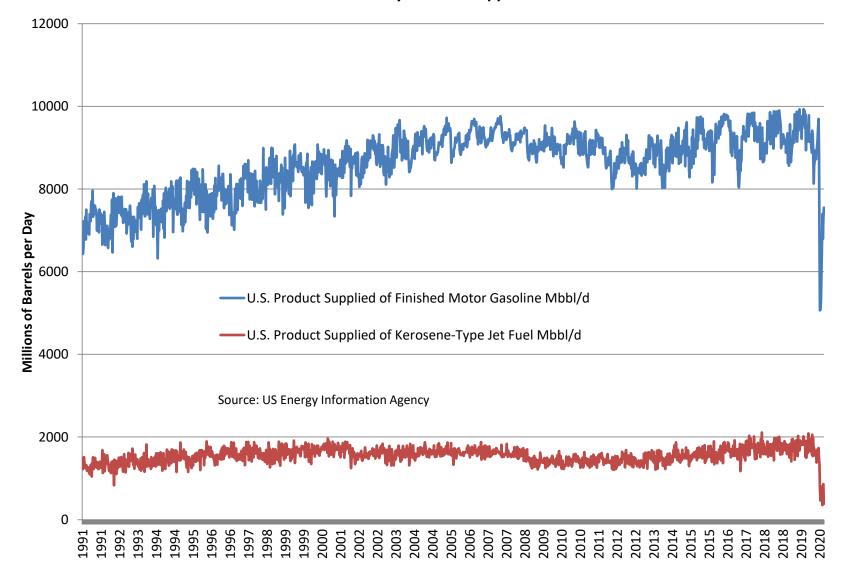
Measurement of VMT

- The TVT is the most dynamic and responsive dataset on national data on VMT.
- It is measured using a combination of HPMS data and sensor counts.
- While it is the longest running and best available VMT time series, it
 is not a direct measurement of VMT, but an approximation that is
 subject to revision.
- There is no collective and regular measurement of vehicle odometer data, at least rendered into national trends, that would constitute a more direct measurement of driving.



National Fuel Demand

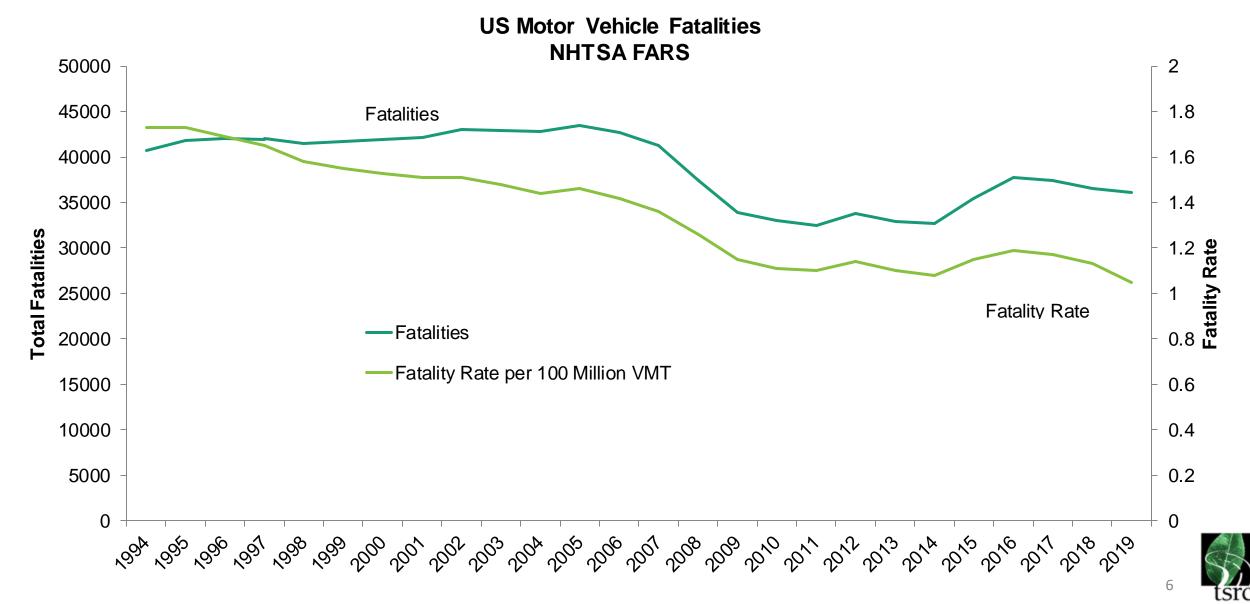
U.S. Weekly Product Supplied



- Drop in fuel demand largest on record.
- Fuel consumption lowest on record
- Recovery noted in gasoline
- Data through May 2020



Safety and Public Health Impacts



Policy Responses - Telecommuting

 Telecommuting has expanded considerably as a result of the pandemic.



Many companies have found that they can operate effectively with a much smaller footprint.



- Will this trend continue?
- Can policy encourage a continuation telecommuting?



- Should employers receive tax credits or some other incentive per employee telecommuting?
- What would be the equivalent social cost prevent?



Policy Response – Reduced Street Access for Vehicles

- The absence of vehicle traffic has allowed some cities to close streets to through traffic.
- Many cities are doing this, at least temporarily, how permanent will it be?
- Will this lead to long term changes in behavior?

Seattle will permanently close 20 miles of residential streets to most vehicle traffic

May 7, 2020 at 2:58 pm | Updated May 8, 2020 at 7:09 pm



A pedestrian crosses East Columbia Street in the Central District, which is closed to through traffic to give people space to walk and bike. (Ken Lambert / The Seattle Times)



Policy Response – Expanded Shared Mobility

- Many of us have learned how to function and survive without much personal vehicle driving.
- Can shared mobility, in the form or carsharing, micromobility, TNCs, and microtransit, step in to fill mobility needs as we re-learn how to be mobile in the post-Covid world?
- How will public transit evolve in the face greater health concern with physical proximity?



Summary

- VMT is likely to rebound as economies re-open.
- However, the forced reduction in VMT brought on by Covid-19 has taught us a lot about what is achievable in terms of function and survival.
 - Many companies (and governments) have learned that that they continue operations rather well in the absence of physical office presence.
- The pandemic has been awful, but policy measures that build on lessons learned from this period could help set us on a trajectory of reduced reliance on personal driving, and the public health impacts that arise from it.







THANK YOU, QUESTIONS?