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CA Statewide Codes and Standards Program

Title 24, Part 11 Local Energy Efficiency Ordinances

Local PV Ordinance Cost Effectiveness Study

Prepared for:

Marshall Hunt Codes and Standards Program Pacific Gas and Electric Company

Prepared by:

Davis Energy Group, Inc. Enercomp, Inc. Misti Bruceri & Associates, LLC

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1 Introduction

The California Building Energy Efficiency Standards Title 24, Part 6 (Title 24) (CEC, 2016a) is maintained and updated every three years by two state agencies, the California Energy Commission (Energy Commission) and the Building Standards Commission (BSC). In addition to enforcing the code, local jurisdictions have the authority to adopt local energy efficiency ordinances, or reach codes, that exceed the minimum standards defined by Title 24 (as established by Public Resources Code Section 25402.1(h)2 and Section 10-106 of the Building Energy Efficiency Standards). Local jurisdictions must demonstrate that the requirements of the proposed ordinance are cost effective and do not result in buildings consuming more energy than is permitted by Title 24. In addition, the jurisdiction must obtain approval from the Energy Commission and file the ordinance with the BSC for the ordinance to be legally enforceable.

The Energy Commission staff approached the statewide Codes and Standards team to provide inputs on a draft solar photovoltaic model ordinance. The Energy Commission staff asked the IOU team to review the ordinance language and to suggest recommended solar PV system sizing based on size of home.

Based on conversations between the Energy Commission, the IOUs and their consultant teams, the following needs were identified for the proposed PV ordinance:

- a. Needs to be simple and easy to implement by the local jurisdiction
- b. Must be aligned with the overall vision for energy efficiency and ZNE driving to a "glide path" to meet 2020 goals for residential new construction.
- c. Must not result in oversized PV systems that may have grid impacts.

This report presents the results from analysis of the feasibility and cost-effectiveness of requiring new low-rise single family and multifamily residential construction to include rooftop PV systems in addition to meeting the 2016 Building Energy Efficiency Standards, which become effective January 1, 2017. The cost effectiveness analysis for all sixteen California climate zones in this report includes meeting minimum Title 24 efficiency performance targets plus on-site renewable energy generation sized to offset a portion of the total TDV loads of the building. Additional scenarios including both PV and above-code energy efficiency measures are documented in a report delivered to Pacific Gas and Electric Company¹.

2 Methodology and Assumptions

2.1 Building Prototypes

The Energy Commission defines building prototypes which it uses to evaluate the cost-effectiveness of proposed changes to Title 24 requirements. Two single family prototypes and one multifamily prototype, are used in this analysis and development of the above-code efficiency packages. Table 1 describes the basic characteristics of each prototype. Additional details on the prototypes can be found in the Alternative Calculation Method (ACM) Approval Manual (CEC, 2016b).

¹ Title 24, Part 11, Local Energy Efficiency Ordinances – CALGreen Cost Effectiveness Study, September 2, 2016

Table 1: Frolotype Characteristics								
	<u>Single Family</u> One-Story	<u>Single Family</u> <u>Two-Story</u>	<u>Multifamily</u>					
Conditioned Floor Area	2,100 ft ²	2,700 ft ²	6,960 ft ² : (4) 780 ft ² & (4) 960 ft ² units					
Num. of Stories	1	2	2					
Num. of Bedrooms	3	3	(4) 1-bed & (4) 2-bed units					
Window-to-Floor Area Ratio	20%	20%	15%					

Table 1: Prototype Characteristics

Additionally, each prototype building has the following features:

- Slab-on-grade foundation
- Vented attic. High performance attic in climates where prescriptively included (CZ 4, 8-16) with insulation installed below roof deck. Refer to Table 150.1-A in Appendix A.
- Ductwork located in the attic for single family homes and in conditioned space for multifamily.
- Split-system gas furnace with air conditioner that meets the minimum federal guidelines for efficiency
- Tankless gas water heater that meets the minimum federal guidelines for efficiency; individual water heaters in each multifamily apartment.

Other features are defined consistent with the Standard Design in the Alternative Calculation Method Reference Manual (CEC, 2016c), designed to meet, but not exceed, the minimum requirements.

The Energy Commission's standard protocol for the single family prototypes is to weight the simulated energy impacts by a factor that represents the distribution of single-story and two-story homes being built statewide, assuming 45% single-story homes and 55% two-story homes. Simulation results in this study are therefore characterized according to this ratio, which is approximately equivalent to a 2,430 ft² house².

2.2 Energy Simulations

The CBECC-RES 2016.2.0 Alpha2³ compliance simulation tool was used to evaluate energy impacts using the 2016 prescriptive standards as the benchmark and the 2016 time dependent valuation (TDV) values. TDV is the energy metric used by the Energy Commission since the 2005 Title 24 energy code to evaluate compliance with the Title 24 standards. TDV values energy use differently depending on the fuel source (gas, electricity, and propane), time of day, and season. TDV was developed to reflect the "societal value or cost" of energy including long-term projected costs of energy such as the cost of providing energy during peak periods of demand and other societal costs such as projected costs for carbon emissions. Electricity used (or saved) during peak periods of the summer has a much higher value than electricity used (or saved) during off-peak periods (Horii et al, 2014).

The methodology used in the analyses for each of the prototypical building types begins with a design that precisely meets the minimum 2016 prescriptive requirements (0% compliance margin). Standards Table 150.1-A, included in Appendix A lists the prescriptive measures that determine the base design in each climate zone.

 $^{^{2}}$ 2,430 ft² = 45% * 2,100 ft² + 55% * 2,700 ft²

³ On June 14, 2016 the Energy Commission approved CBECC-Res 2016.2.0 Version of the software. The version used for this study is nearly identical to the approved version with the exception of minor changes that do not affect the cost effective analysis of the measures evaluated.

2.3 PV Sizing Criteria

The minimum PV system size required by the proposed ordinance is determined using a performancebased (simulation) approach. There is a prescriptive sizing option that yields minimum system capacities equivalent to the performance option. The intent of the PV sizing assumptions is to size PV to offset building electricity use while minimizing the risk of requiring PV system sizes that produce significantly more than the building total electricity use on an annual basis. The following considerations were used for sizing the PV systems:

- 1. Solar PV capacities proposed in the ordinance are the minimum sizes required. A builder or homeowner may install larger systems.
- 2. Solar PV sizing is based on percent of total building TDV energy use. Initial calculations were conducted such that PV system size is equivalent to offsetting 80% of total building estimated electricity use for a typical gas/electric home built to the minimum 2016 Title 24 requirements.
- 3. The performance option is based on offsetting a certain percentage of total TDV energy use. System sizes calculated in Step 3 above were adjusted to reference a percentage of TDV energy use, and grouped into three bins depending on system size and climate zone (see Table 2). The sizing is fuel agnostic since it based on TDV and designed such that builders designing homes more efficient than 2016 code are not forced to install PV systems larger than the building's projected annual electricity use. The performance section of the ordinance uses TDV which needs to be incorporated into CBECC-Res software making the review process for building departments similar to that for regular Title 24 compliance review.
- 4. Based on these calculations, prescriptive PV capacity tables were developed for each climate zone (see Table 3) for single family buildings with conditioned floor areas less than 4,500 square feet. Larger homes must use the performance approach. Homes smaller than 4,500 square feet may comply either with the prescriptive or the performance path.
- 5. PV system values shown in Table 2 and Table 3 were calculated using the following methodology:
 - PV size was estimated based on percent of total building TDV for each climate zone and reflects a value that does not exceed 80% of total building electricity use.
 - Calculations are based on specs for a 2016 code compliant building and both TDV and electricity use were calculated using CBECC-Res software.
 - HVAC energy use (cooling, heating, IAQ fans) are based on per square foot energy using a weighted average of the 2,100 single-story and 2,700 2-story single family prototype buildings and assuming gas appliances. Values specific to each climate zone.
 - Water heating energy use assumes a standard gas tankless water heater and is adjusted based on number of bedrooms consistent with the rules in the Alternative Calculation Method (ACM) Reference Manual (CEC. 2016c). Hot water usage capped at 5 bedrooms per ACM.
 - Plug load, lighting, and appliance energy use based on algorithms developed from 2016 CASE report and used in CBECC-Res. Values are adjusted based on # of bedrooms and floor area. Values capped at 4,150 square feet and 7 bedrooms per ACM.
 - PV production based on specific PV production for each climate zone, using PV modeling in CBECC-Res (PVWatts methodology). Assumes standard PV efficiency and assumptions consistent with the NSHP California Flexible Installation (CFI) criteria (170 degree azimuth, 5:12 roof pitch), along with a 96% efficiency inverter and standard system losses.

(Ferjormance Approacn)								
Climate Zone	% Total TDV							
CZs 14, 16	35%							
CZs 1, 2, 4, 9-13, 15	45%							
CZs 3, 5-8	55%							

 Table 2: Minimum Percent Reduction of Total Annual TDV Energy Use by Climate Zone

 (Performance Approach)

Conditioned Space (ft2)	CZ1	CZ2	CZ3	CZ4	CZ5	CZ6	CZ7	CZ8	CZ9	CZ10	CZ11	CZ12	CZ13	CZ14	CZ15	CZ16
Less than 1000	1.6	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.3	2.1	1.3
1000 - 1499	2.0	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.7	2.2	1.9	2.3	1.6	2.8	1.6
1500 - 1999	2.4	2.0	2.1	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.7	2.3	2.8	2.0	3.5	1.9
2000 - 2499	2.8	2.3	2.4	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.0	2.4	2.3	2.3	3.2	2.7	3.4	2.3	4.2	2.3
2500 - 2999	3.2	2.6	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.7	2.6	2.7	3.7	3.1	3.9	2.7	4.9	2.6
3000 - 3499	3.6	2.9	3.0	2.6	2.7	2.9	2.5	3.0	2.9	3.0	4.2	3.4	4.4	3.0	5.6	3.0
3500 - 3999	3.9	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.9	3.2	2.7	3.3	3.2	3.3	4.7	3.8	4.9	3.4	6.3	3.3
4000 - 4499	4.3	3.5	3.5	3.2	3.1	3.4	2.9	3.6	3.5	3.6	5.1	4.2	5.4	3.7	7.0	3.6

2.4 Cost Effectiveness

A customer based approach to evaluating cost effectiveness was used based on past experience with reach code adoption by local governments. The current residential utility rates at the time of the analysis were used to calculate utility costs for all cases and determine cost effectiveness for the proposed packages. Annual utility costs were calculated using hourly electricity and gas output from CBECC-Res and applying the utility tariffs summarized in Table 4 and included in Appendix C. The standard residential rate (E1 in PG&E territory, D in SCE territory, & DR in SDG&E) was applied to the base case and all cases without PV systems. The applicable residential time-of-use (TOU) rate was applied to all cases with PV systems.⁴ Any annual electricity production in excess of annual electricity consumption is credited to the utility account at the applicable wholesale rate based on the approved NEM tariffs for that utility. The net surplus compensation rates for the different utilities are as follows:

- PG&E: \$0.043 / kWh
- SCE: $$0.0298 / kWh^5$
- SDG&E: \$0.0321 / kWh⁶

⁴ Under NEM rulings by the CPUC (D-16-01-144, 1/28/16), all new PV customers shall be in an approved TOU rate structure. As of March 2016, all new PG&E net energy metering (NEM) customers are enrolled in a time-of-use rate. (http://www.pge.com/en/myhome/saveenergymoney/plans/tou/index.page?).

⁵ SCE net surplus compensation rate based on 1-year average September 2015 – August 2016.

⁶ SDG&E net surplus compensation rate based on 1-year average August 2015 – July 2016.

Climate Zones	Electric / Gas Utility	Electricity (Standard)	Electricity (Time-of-use)	Natural Gas
1-5, 11-13, 16	PG&E	E1	E-TOU, Option A	G1
6, 8-10, 14, 15	SCE / SoCal Gas	D	TOU-D-T	GR
7	SDG&E	DR	DR-SES	GR

Table 4: IOU Utility Tariffs used based on Climate Zone

Table 5 below summarizes the incremental costs applied in this analysis. A range of PV pricing was evaluated. Case 1 assumes that the installed cost is reduced by the current NSHP incentive. Case 2 assumes no NSHP incentive in the cost. The 30% federal solar investment tax credit is applied in both cases.

	Table 5: Measure Descriptions & Cost Assumptions										
		Increme	ental Cost								
	Case	Single	MF – Per								
		Family	Unit	Source & Notes							
				Average installed system costs in California from Go Solar							
1)	Includes current	\$3.35 /	\$3.03 / W	California (http://www.gosolarcalifornia.ca.gov/) reduced by							
NSHP incentive		W DC	DC	\$0.50/Watt to reflect NSHP incentives & 30% for the solar							
				investment tax credit. ⁷							
2)	No NSHP	\$3.70/	\$3.38 / W	Same assumptions as above but without the \$0.50/Watt NSHP							
	Incentive	W DC	DC	incentive							

Table 5: Measure Descriptions & Cost Assumptions

Cost effectiveness is presented according to lifecycle customer benefit-to-cost ratio. The benefit-to-cost ratio is a metric which represents the cost effectiveness of energy efficiency over a 30-year lifetime taking into account discounting of future savings and financing of incremental costs. A value of one indicates the savings over the life of the measure are equivalent to the incremental cost of that measure. A value greater than one represents a positive return on investment. The ratio is calculated as follows:

Lifecycle Customer Benefit-Cost Ratio =

(Annual utility cost savings * Lifecycle cost factor) / (First incremental cost * Financing factor)

The lifecycle cost factor is 19.6 and includes the following assumptions:

- 30-year measure life & utility cost savings
- 3% real discount rate
- No utility rate escalation (conservative assumption)

The financing factor is 1.068 and includes the following assumptions:

- 30-year financing term
- 4.5% loan interest rate
- 3% real discount rate
- 20% average tax rate (to account for tax savings due to loan interest deductions)

Simple payback is also presented and is calculated using the equation below. Based on the terms described above the lifecycle cost-to-benefit ratio threshold of one is roughly equivalent to a simple payback of 18 years.

Simple payback = First incremental cost / Annual customer utility cost savings

⁷ Avg. system cost for systems < 10kW (for the last 12 months) of \$5.29/Watt for single family (<u>http://www.gosolarcalifornia.ca.gov/</u>). For multi-family systems, an average of the < 10 kW and > 10kW system cost (\$4.37/Watt) was used; systems are expected to be typically greater than 10 kW, although not as large as some commercial systems reported on in the database.

2.5 Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Equivalent CO_2 emission savings were calculated using the following emission factors. Electricity factors are specific to California electricity production.

		Source			
Electricity	0.724 lb. CO ₂ -e / kWh	U.S. Environmental Protection agency's 2007 eGRID			
		data. ⁸			
Natural Gas	11.7 lb. CO ₂ -e / Therm	Emission rates for natural gas combustion as reported by			
		the U.S. Environmental Protection agency's GHG			
		Equivalencies Calculator. ⁹			

 Table 6: Equivalent CO2 Emissions Factors

3 <u>Results</u>

3.1 Single Family Results

A comparison of cost effectiveness for each climate zone, with and without the NSHP incentive, is presented in Figure 1. Table 7 provides the results in tabular form for the case without the NSHP incentive, along with energy and greenhouse gas (GHG) savings. The lifecycle benefit-to-cost ratio threshold of one is roughly equivalent to a simple payback of 18 years.

The PV system capacity is sized based upon the values in Table 3 to provide approximately 80% of estimated annual kWh consumption with capacities ranging from 2.2 kW DC in mild climate zone 7 to 4.6 kW DC in hot climate zone 15. The solar package demonstrates cost effectiveness in all climate zones with a benefit-to-cost ratio ranging from 1.18 to 1.59 with the NSHP incentive and 1.07 to 1.44 without the NSHP incentive. Greenhouse gas (GHG) savings range from 25.7% to 63.8%.

⁸ <u>https://www.epa.gov/energy/ghg-equivalencies-calculator-calculations-and-references</u>

⁹ <u>https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator</u>

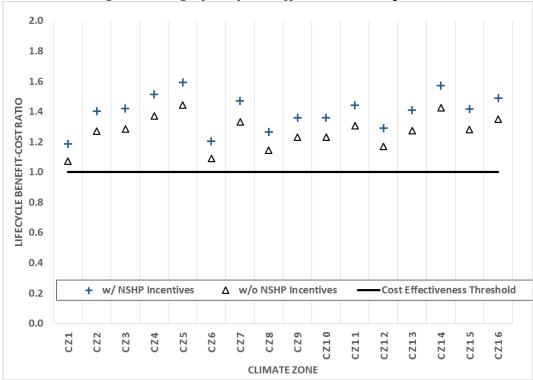


Figure 1: Single family cost effectiveness comparison

Table 7: Single Family PV Package Cost Effectiveness Results

Climate Zone	PV Capacity (kW)	Elec Savings (kWh)	% Carbon Savings ¹	Package Cost ²	Utility Cost Savings	Simple Payback	Lifecycle Benefit- Cost Ratio			
CZ1	3.0	4,041	30.4%	\$12,301	\$719	17.1	1.07			
CZ2	2.5	3,857	33.7%	\$10,041	\$694	14.5	1.27			
CZ3	2.6	4,049	42.5%	\$10,448	\$732	14.3	1.29			
CZ4	2.3	3,647	36.0%	\$9,226	\$688	13.4	1.37			
CZ5	2.3	3,810	41.9%	\$9,226	\$725	12.7	1.44			
CZ6	2.5	3,892	46.8%	\$10,041	\$596	16.8	1.09			
CZ7	2.2	3,546	48.4%	\$8,819	\$639	13.8	1.33			
CZ8	2.6 4		51.7%	\$10,448	\$652	16.0	1.15			
CZ9	2.5	4,026	47.1%	\$10,041	\$674	14.9	1.23			
CZ10	2.5	4,108	46.1%	\$10,265	\$688	14.9	1.23			
CZ11	3.5	5,533	44.9%	\$14,155	\$1,007	14.1	1.31			
CZ12	2.9	4,582	40.4%	\$11,894	\$757	15.7	1.17			
CZ13	3.7	5,680	47.2%	\$14,969	\$1,040	14.4	1.27			
CZ14	2.5	4,528	37.2%	\$10,265	\$796	12.9	1.42			
CZ15	4.6	7,670	63.8%	\$18,676	\$1,303	14.3	1.28			
CZ16	2.5	4,187	25.7%	\$10,041	\$738	13.6	1.35			
& 11.7 lb-0 ² Includes	¹ Based on CA electricity production and equivalent CO ₂ emission rates of 0.724 lbCO ₂ e / kWh & 11.7 lb-CO ₂ e / therm. ² Includes 10% markup for builder profit and overhead. \$0.50 / W NSHP incentive not applied to package costs									

3.2 Multifamily Results

A comparison of cost effectiveness for the multi-family prototype is presented in Figure 2. Table 8 provides the results in tabular form for the case without the NSHP incentive, along with energy and greenhouse gas savings. *All multifamily results are presented on a per dwelling unit basis*. The lifecycle benefit-to-cost ratio threshold of one is roughly equivalent to a simple payback of 18 years.

The solar package demonstrates cost effectiveness in all climate zones with a benefit-to-cost ratio ranging from 1.16 to 1.59 with the NSHP incentive and 1.04 to 1.43 without the NSHP incentive. Greenhouse gas (GHG) savings range from 30.8% to 54.9%. The required PV capacity per apartment ranges from 1.3 kW DC in the mild climates to 2.1 kW DC in hot climates (CZ15). For the multifamily prototype 8-unit apartment building, this is equivalent to 10.4 to 16.8 kW for the building.

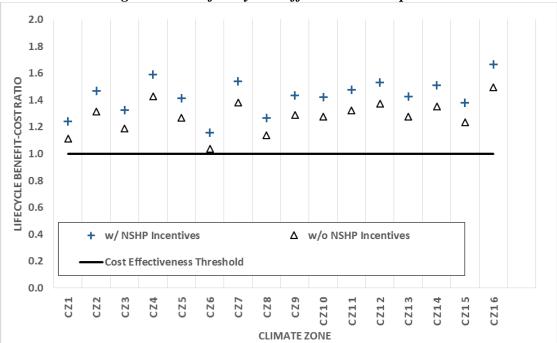


Figure 2: Multifamily cost effectiveness comparison

Table 8: Multifamuy PV Package Cost Effectiveness Results											
Climate Zone	PV Capacity (kW)	Elec Savings (kWh)	% Carbon Savings ¹	Package Costs ²	Utility Cost Savings	Simple Payback	Lifecycle Benefit- Cost Ratio				
CZ1	1.6	2,141	35.5%	\$5,951	\$361	16.5	1.11				
CZ2	1.4	2,191	39.2%	\$5,207	\$373	14.0	1.32				
CZ3	1.5	2,368	46.6%	\$5 <i>,</i> 579	\$361	15.5	1.19				
CZ4	1.3	2,093	39.8%	\$4,835	\$376	12.9	1.43				
CZ5	1.4	2,355	46.9%	\$5,207	\$360	14.5	1.27				
CZ6	1.5	2,368	49.5%	\$5 <i>,</i> 579	\$315	17.7	1.04				
CZ7	1.3	2,129	46.2%	\$4,835	\$364	13.3	1.38				
CZ8	1.5	2,373	48.9%	\$5,579	\$345	16.2	1.14				
CZ9	1.4	2,287	45.4%	\$5,207	\$365	14.3	1.29				
CZ10	1.4	2,282	44.3%	\$5,207	\$362	14.4	1.28				
CZ11	1.7	2,707	44.2%	\$6,322	\$456	13.9	1.32				
CZ12	1.5	2,354	41.1%	\$5 <i>,</i> 579	\$417	13.4	1.37				
CZ13	1.8	2,782	45.9%	\$6,694	\$466	14.4	1.28				
CZ14	1.3	2,336	38.5%	\$4,835	\$356	13.6	1.35				
CZ15	2.1	3,513	54.9%	\$7,810	\$526	14.8	1.24				
CZ16	1.3	2,208	30.8%	\$4,835	\$394	12.3	1.49				
	n CA electri 1.7 lb-CO ₂ e		tion and equ	ivalent CO ₂	emission ra	tes of 0.724	lbCO ₂ e /				

Table 8. Multifamily PV Package Cost Effectiveness Results

² Includes 10% markup for builder profit and overhead. \$0.50 / W NSHP incentive not applied to package costs

Conclusions & Summary 4

This report finds the evaluated solar PV ordinance to be both feasible and cost effective, and reduces energy demand in all 16 California climates zones.

The following describes the recommended PV sizing and requirements for all climate zones. The PV ordinance requires that all buildings meet code compliance for the 2016 Title 24, Part 6 without the use of the PV compliance credit (PVCC). Projects are also required to install a PV system based on the capacities shown in Table 2 and Table 3.

Lifecycle benefit-to-cost ratios for adding PV to a 2016 code compliant building are above one, demonstrating cost effectiveness for both the single family and multifamily prototypes in all climate zones.

This report has identified that an ordinance that requires compliance with the 2016 building code, without taking the PV credit, combined with PV systems sized to the values shown in Table 2 and Table 3 is cost effective for both single family and low-rise multifamily dwellings and can be adopted by cities and counties within investor-owned utility territories across California consistent to the requirements of the Public Resources Code (25402.1(h)) and to the benefit of the jurisdiction, its residents, and the state.

5 <u>References</u>

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Appendix A – Prescriptive Package

The following presents the residential prescriptive package as printed in the 2016 Building Energy Efficiency Standards (CEC, 2016a).

													(C							
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		(¥6(Continuous Insulation Above Roof Rafter	Roofing Type	No Air Space ¹	NR	NR	NR	R 8	NR	NR	NR	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8	R 8
		Option A (meets §150.1(c)9A)	Continuou Above R	Roofi	With Air Space ²	NR	NR	NR	R 6	NR	NR	NR	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6	R 6
	Roofs/ Ceilings	Option A (m		Ceiling Insulation		R 38	R 38	R 30	R 38	R 30	R 30	R 30	R 38								
				Radiant Barrier		NR	REQ	NR													
Building Envelope Insulation		(c)9A)	Below Roof Deck Inculation	Roofin g Type	No Air Space	NR	NR	NR	R 18	NR	NR	NR	R 18								
Buildin Insi	Cc N	neets §150.1	Option B (meets \$150.1(c)9A) Belov Do		With Air	NR	NR	NR	R 13	NR	NR	NR	R 13								
		Option B (n		Ceiling Insulation		R 38	R 38	R 30	R 38	R 30	R 30	R 30	R 38								
				Radiant Barrier		NR	REQ	REQ	NR	REQ	REQ	REQ	NR								
		Option C (meets		Ceiling Insulation		R 38	R 30	R 38													
		Option		Radiant		NR	REQ	NR													

TABLE 150.1-A COMPONENT PACKAGE-A STANDARD BUILDING DESIGN

TABLE 150.1-A COMPONENT PACKAGE-A STANDARD BUILDING DESIGN (CONTINUED)

												Clima	te Zone			,				
					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
				Framed ⁴	U 0.051	U 0.065	U 0.065	U 0.051	U 0.051	U 0.051										
			Above Grade	Mass Wall Interior 5	U 0.070 R 13	U 0.070 R 13	U 0.059 R 17													
Building Envelope Insulation		Walls		Mass Wall Exterior ⁶	U 0.125 R 8.0	U 0.1025 R 8.0	U 0.125 R 8.0	U 0.070 R 13												
Building F			Grade	Below Grade Interior ⁷	U 0.070 R 13	U 0.070 R 13	U 0.066 R 15													
			Below Grade	Below Grade Exterior	U 0.200 R 5.0	U 0.100 R 10	U 0.100 R 10	U 0.053 R 19												
			Slab F	erimeter	NR	NR	U 0.58 R 7.0													
	FI	loors	R	aised	U 0.037 R 19	U 0.037 R 19	U 0.037 R 19													
			Concre	ete Raised	U 0.092 R 8.0	U 0.092 R 8.0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.269 R 0	U 0.092 R 8.0	U 0.138 R 4.0	U 0.092 R 8.0	U 0.092 R 8.0	U 0.138 R 4.0	U 0.092 R 8.0
	ts	Low		d Solar ectance	NR	0.63	NR	0.63	NR											
ing ope	roduc	Low- sloped	Th	ermal ittance	NR	0.75	NR	0.75	NR											
Building Envelope	Roofing Products	Steep	Age	d Solar ectance	NR	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	0.20	NR								
	Rooi	Sloped	Th	ermal ittance	NR	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	0.75	NR								
e		Max	imum U		0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32	0.32
velop	ion	Max	kimum S	HGC	NR	0.25	NR	0.25	NR	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
g En	Fenestration	Maxir	num Tot	al Area	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Building Envelope	Fen	Maxin	um We Area	st Facing	NR	5%	NR	5%	NR	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%	5%

	TABLE 150.1-A COMI ONENT LACKAGE-A STANDARD BUILDING DESIGN (CONTINUED)																		
					1		1	1	1	1	Climat	te Zone	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	•			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	e 11	Electric-R	esistance Allowed	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No	No						
	Space Heating 11	If g	gas, AFUE	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN						
	H	If Heat	Pump, HSPF ⁹	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN						
		SEER Refrigerant Charge Verification or Fault Indicator Display Whole House Fan ¹⁰ Central Fan Integrated Ventilation System Fan Efficacy		MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN	MIN						
EM	Space cooling			NR	REQ	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	NR
				NR	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	NR	NR						
HVAC SYSTEM	Central System Air Handlers			REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ						
		Roof/Ceiling Options A & B	Duct Insulation	R-8	R-8	R-6	R-8	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8	R-8
	Ducts ¹²	Roof/C Options	§150.1(c)9A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	Dué	gr	Duct Insulation	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6	R-6						
		Roof/Ceiling	§150.1(c)9B	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ	REQ						
Water Heating	All Buildings									System	Shall meet	t Section 1	50.1(c)8						

TABLE 150.1-A COMPONENT PACKAGE-A STANDARD BUILDING DESIGN (CONTINUED)

Footnote requirements to TABLE 150.1-A:¹⁰

- 1. Install the specified R-value with no air space present between the roofing and the roof deck.
- 2. Install the specified R-value with an air space present between the roofing and the roof deck. Such as standard installation of concrete or clay tile.
- 3. R-values shown for below roof deck insulation are for wood-frame construction with insulation installed between the framing members.
- 4. Assembly U-factors can be met with cavity insulation alone or with continuous insulation alone, or with both cavity and continuous insulation that results in an assembly U-factor equal to or less than the U-factor shown. Use Reference Joint Appendices JA4 Table 4.3.1, 4.3.1(a), or Table 4.3.4 to determine alternative insulation products to meet the required maximum U-factor.
- 5. Mass wall has a thermal heat capacity greater than or equal to 7.0 Btu/h-ft². "Interior" denotes insulation installed on the inside surface of the wall.
- 6. Mass wall has a thermal heat capacity greater than or equal to 7.0 Btu/h-ft². "Exterior" denotes insulation installed on the exterior surface of the wall.
- 7. Below grade "interior" denotes insulation installed on the inside surface of the wall.
- 8. Below grade "exterior" denotes insulation installed on the outside surface of the wall.
- 9. HSPF means "heating seasonal performance factor."
- 10. When whole house fans are required (REQ), only those whole house fans that are listed in the Appliance Efficiency Directory may be installed. Compliance requires installation of one or more WHFs whose total airflow CFM is capable of meeting or exceeding a minimum 1.5 cfm/square foot of conditioned floor area as specified by Section 150.1(c)12.
- 11. A supplemental heating unit may be installed in a space served directly or indirectly by a primary heating system, provided that the unit thermal capacity does not exceed 2 kilowatts or 7,000 Btu/hr and is controlled by a timelimiting device not exceeding 30 minutes.
- 12. For duct and air handler location: REQ denotes location in conditioned space. When the table indicates ducts and air handlers are in conditioned space, a HERS verification is required as specified by Reference Residential Appendix RA3.1.4.3.8.

¹⁰ Single family buildings are modeled with Option B and multifamily buildings are modeled with Option C.

Appendix B - Utility Rate Tariffs

Following are the PG&E electricity, both standard and time-of-use, and natural gas tariffs applied in this study. The PG&E monthly gas rate in \$/therm was applied on a monthly basis for the 12-month period ending March 2016.

	Gas and Electric Company Icisco, California	Cancelling	Revised Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No. Cal. P.U.C. Sheet No.	
	_	ECTRIC SCHEDUL		S	heet 1
APPLICABILITY:	This so ule is applicab single-family dwellings an phase and polyphase ser Condition 8); and to all si by the person whose resi	d in flats and apartments vice in common areas in ngle-phase and polyphas	separately n a multifamily e farm servio	etered by PG&E to sing complex (see Special e on the premises operat	
	The provisions of Schedu apply to customers whose electric energy from a nor reservation charges as sp applicable Schedule E-1 for exemptions to standby	e premises are regularly s nutility source of supply. becified under Section 1 o charges. See Special Co	supplied in pa These custor of Schedule S	rt (but <u>not</u> in whole) by ners will pay monthly 5, in addition to all	
TERRITORY:	This rate schedule applie	s everywhere PG&E prov	ides electric	service.	
RATES:	Total bundled service cha this schedule are subject delivery portion of the bill addition, total bundled ch kWh usage.	to the delivery minimum i (i.e. to all rate componen	bill amount sh ts other than	nown below applied to the the generation rate). In	9
	Customers receiving a ma percent of baseline at a ra excess of 200 percent of Medical Baseline allowan customers, the Conservat total rate less the sum of: Services, Distribution, Ge Competition Transition CI Cost Recovery Amount. Or receive a 50 percent disc	ate \$0.04000 per kWh less baseline. No portion of the ce shall be used to pay the tion Incentive Adjustment Transmission, Transmission, Transmission, neration, Public Purpose harges (CTC), New Syste Customers receiving a me	than the ap the rates paid the DWR Bonut is calculated sion Rate Ad Programs, N m Generation adical baselin	plicable rate for usage in by customers that receiv d charge. For these I residually based on the ustments, Reliability uclear Decommissioning n Charges, ¹ and Energy e allowance shall also	ea
	Direct Access (DA) and C in accordance with the pa				ed
		TOTAL RAT	ES		
	Total Energy Rates (\$ pe Baseline Usage 101% - 130% of Base 131% - 200% of Base 201% - 300% of Base Over 300% of Baselin	line line		\$0.18212 \$0.24090 (I) \$0.24090 (R) \$0.39999 (I) \$0.39999 (I)	
	Delivery Minimum Bill Am	ount /\$ per meter per day	a)	\$0.32854	
	Delivery Minimum Bill Am California Climate Credit payment occurring in the	(per household, per semi-	-annual	(\$28.14)	
	¹ Per Decision 11-12-031	New System Generation	n Charges are	e effective 1/1/2012.	
					(Continued)
					(continued)

Pacific Gas and Electric Company San Francisco, California U 39	Cancelling	Revised Revised	Cal. P.U.C. She Cal. P.U.C. She		36713-E 36500-E
	IC SCHEDULI L TIME-OF-U		:	Sheet	2
RATES (Cont'd.):					
	OPT	ON A TOTAL	RATES		
Total Energy Rates (\$ per kWh)	PEAK		OFF-PEAK		
Summer Total Usage Baseline Credit (Applied to Baseline	\$0.40327	(1)	\$0.32769	(I)	
Usage Only)	(\$0.11709)	(R)	(\$0.11709)	(R)	
Winter Total Usage	\$0.28530	(1)	\$0.27100	(I)	
Baseline Credit (Applied to Baseline Usage Only)	(\$0.11709)	(R)	(\$0.11709)	(R)	
Delivery Minimum Bill Amount (\$ per meter per day)	\$0.32854				
California Climate Credit (per household, per semi-annual payment occurring in the April and October bill cycles)	(\$28.14)				
Total bundled service charges shown on custo rates shown below. Where the delivery minimu- the sum of (1) the delivery minimum bill amount times the number of kWh used. For revenue a minimum bill amount will be assigned to the Trr Reliability Services, Public Purpose Programs, Charges, Energy Cost Recovery Amount, DWF on kWh usage times the corresponding unbund revenue assigned to Distribution.*	um bill amount a nt plus (2) for bu iccounting purp ansmission, Tra , Nuclear Decon R Bond, and Ne	applies, the cu indled service oses, the reve ansmission Ra nmissioning, C w System Ge	stomer's bill will , the generation nues from the d ate Adjustments, Competition Trar neration Charge	l equal rate elivery nsition rs ¹ based	
 Per Decision 11-12-031, New System General * This same assignment of revenues applies to customers. 					nued)
Advice Letter No: 4810-E-A	Issued by		Date Filed		/ 31, 2016
Decision No. 15-07-001 and E-4782 Service Serv	iteven Malnight nior Vice Presider legulatory Affairs	nt	Effective Resolution No.		ne 1, 2016

	as and Electric Company cisco, California	Cancelling	Revised Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Cal. P.U.C.		
		GAS SCHEDULE (ESIDENTIAL SERV			S	heet 1
APPLICABILITY:	This rate schedule* applie Transmission and/or Distri metered single family pren and to separately-metered GS, or GT are not applical have an option of switchin those accounts that provid	bution Systems. To qual nises for residential use, i common areas in a mult ble. Common area accou g to a core commercial ra	ify, service m including thos ifamily compl- ints that are s ite schedule.	ust be to individ e in a multifami ex where Sched eparately meter Common area a	ually- ly complex, lules GM, red by PG& accounts are	E
TERRITORY:	Schedule G-1 applies ever	rywhere within PG&E's na	atural gas Ser	rvice Territory.		
RATES:	Customers on this schedu meter, as shown below. T Transportation Charge, as	he Transportation Charg				
	Minimum Transportation C	'haroe:**		0.09863		
	ż	የጥ		Per Therm		
	Procurement:	s /	Baseline).20960 (I	R) \$0.2	Excess 0960 (F	0
	Transportation Charge:	sc	.81592	\$1.3	0547	·
	Total:				1507 (F	2)
	Public Purpose Program S	Surcharge:				
	Customers served under t Surcharge under Schedule		to a gas Publi	ic Purpose Prog	ram (PPP)	
	See Preliminary Statemen	t, Part B for the Default T	ariff Rate Cor	mponents.		
	The Procurement Charge Schedule G-CP-Gas Pro				ormational	
BASELINE QUANTITIES:	The delivered quantities of	f gas shown below are bil	led at the rate	es for baseline u	ISe.	
	BASELINE	QUANTITIES (Therms I	Per Day Per D	Owelling Unit)		
	Baseline Territories***	Summer Effective Apr. 1, 2	016 Effe	Winter active Nov. 1, 20	15	
	P	0.46		2.15		
	g	0.69		1.98		
	R	0.46 0.46		1.79 1.92		
	Ť	0.69		1.79		
	v	0.69		1.79		
	w	0.46		1.69		
	X	0.59		1.98		
	T	0.85		2.55		
** The Minimum Tra Schedules GS an	s are available online at www.pge.co nsportation charge does not apply to d GT. selline territory is described in Prelim	submetered tenants of master	r-metered custor	mers served under	gas rate	
The approace ba	seems territory is described in Piblini	nang waternend, Part M.				
						(Continued)
Advice Letter No:	3715-G	Issued by		Date Filed		May 24, 2016
Decision No.	97-10-065 & 98-07-025	Steven Malnight		Effective		June 1, 2016
		Senior Vice President Regulatory Affairs		Resolution N	<i>l</i> o.	

Following are the SCE electricity tariffs, both standard and time-of-use, and SoCalGas natural gas tariffs applied in this study.

Southern California Edison Rosemead, California (U 338-E)	Cancelling	Revised Revised		
DOM	Schedule D IESTIC SERVIC	E	Shee	et 2
	(Continued)			
RATES	(continued)			
	2			
	Delivery Service Total ¹	Gene UG***	DWREC ³	
Energy Charge- SikWh/Meter/Day Baseline Service				
Summer	0.06799 (I)	0.06919 (I)	(0.00022)	
Winter	0.08799 (1)	0.06919 (I)	(0.00022)	
Nonbaseline Service* 101% - 200% of Baseline - Summer	0.15997 (i)	0.06919 (I)	(0.00022)	
Winter		0.06919(I)	(0.00022)	
Over 200% of Baseline - Summer		0.06919 (I)	(0.00022)	
Winter		0.06919 (I)	(0.00022)	
Basic Charge - \$/Meter/Day	ধ্য			
Single-Family Accommodation	0.031			
Multi-Family Accommodation	0.024			
Minimum Charge** - S/Meter/Day Single-Family Accommodation	0.329			
Multi-Family Accommodation				
Minimum Charge (Medical Baseline				
Single-Family Accommodation Multi-Family Accommodation				
California Climate Credit ⁴	(35.00)			
Peak Time Rebate - \$kWh		(0.75)		
Peak Time Rebate wienabling technology - \$/kWh		(1.25)		
Nonbaseline Service includes all kWh in excess of applicat	ole Baseline <mark>allocat</mark>	ons as describ	ed in Preliminary Staten	nent, Part H,
Baseline Service. The Minimum Charge is applicable when the Delivery Servi Minimum Charge. "The ongoing Competition Transition Charge (CTC) of \$(0.0 Total = Total Delivery Service rates are applicable to Bur Service (CCA Service) Customers, except DA and CCA S Schedule but instead pay the DWRBC as provided by Sche Generation = The Generation rates are applicable only to B DWREC = Department of Water Resources (DWR) Energy Calculation Special Condition of this Schedule.	0015) per kWh is m indied Service, Dire ervice Customers a adule DA-CRS or S sundled Service Cus	ecovered in the ct Access (DA re not subject chedule CCA-0 stomers.	UG component of Gen) and Community Choic to the DWRBC rate cor CRS.	eration. ce Aggregation nponent of this
. Applied on an equal basis, per household, semi-annually. I	See the Special Co (Continued)	nditions of this	Schedule for more infor	mation.

Southern California Edison Rosemead, California (U 338-E)	Cancelling	Revised Revised		Sheet No. Sheet No.	
	edule TOU-D-			Sheet 2	
TIME-OF-U	SE TIERED DO	MESTIC			
	(Continued)				
RATES					
5 ⁰⁰) _			ile i		
<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	Delivery Service	Gener	DWREC ³		
Energy Charge - \$/kWh/Meter/Day	Total	UG***	DWREC.		
Summer Season - On-Peak					
Level I (up to 130% of Baseline)	0.10523 (I)	0.21660 (R)	(0.00022)		
Level II (More than 130% of Baseline)	0.16352 (R)	0.21660 (R)	(0.00022)		
Summer Season - Off-Peak Level I (up to 130% of Baseline)	0.10523 (I)	0.05311(I)	(0.00022)		
Level II (More than 130% of Baseline)	0.16352 (R)	0.05311 (I)	(0.00022)		
	-1				
Winter Season - On-Peak	0.40833-00	0.00460.001	10.00000		
Level I (up to 130% of Baseline) Level II (More than 130% of Baseline)	0.10523 (I) 0.15352 (R)	0.09660 (R) 0.09660 (R)	(0.00022) (0.00022)		
Winter Season - Off-Peak		0.00000 (14)	(a.a.a.a.a.)		
Level I (up to 130% of Baseline)	0.10523 (I)	0.04749 (I)	(0.00022)		
Level II (More than 130% of Baseline)	0.16352 (R)	0.04749 (I)	(0.00022)		
Basic Charge - S/Meter/Day	_				
Single-Family Accommodation	0.031				
Multi-Family Accommodation	0.024				
Minimum Charge* - \$/Meter/Day	0.329				
Single-Family Accommodation Multi-Family Accommodation	0.329				
Minimum Charge (Medical Baseline)** -					
Single-Family Accommodation	0.164				
Multi-Family Accommodation	0.164				
California Climate Credit ⁴	(35.00)				
California Alternate Rates for					
Energy Discount - %	100.00*				
Peak Time Rebate - SkWh		(0.75)			
Peak Time Rebate		2023453			
w/enabling technology - \$/kWh		(1.25)			
The Minimum Charge is applicable when the Delivery Ser Minimum Charge.	rvice Energy Char	ge, plus the a	oplicable Basic	Charge is le	ss than the
* Represents 100% of the discount percentage as shown in t ** The ongoing Competition Transition Charge (CTC) of \$(0.0) Total = Total Delivery Service rates are applicable to Bur Service (CCA Service) Customers, except DA and CCA S Schedule but instead pay the DWRBC as provided by Sche Generation = The Gen rates are applicable only to Bundled DWREC = Department of Water Resources (DWR) Energy Calculation Special Condition of this Schedule. 4 Applied on an equal basis, per household, semi-annually.	0015) per kWh is n ndied Service, Dim ervice Customers dule DA-CRS or 5 Service Customer Credit – For more	ecovered in the ect Access (D/ are not subject chedule CCA-I 5. Information on	UG compone A) and Comm t to the DWRE CRS the DWR End	ent of Generali unity Choice A IC rate compo ergy Credit, se	Aggregation ment of this e the Billing
	(Continued)				
To be inserted by utility) Advice 3401-E E	Issued by R. O. Nichols		(To be inse Date Filed	May 2, 2	
	A ALCONTRACTORS		Date Flied	WINY Z. Z	010
	or Vice Preside	nt	Effective	Jun 1, 20	

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA GAS C	OMPANY	Revised	CAL. P.U.C. SHEET NO.	52782-G
LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA	CANCELING	Revised	CAL. P.U.C. SHEET NO.	52751-G

(Incl	Schedule No. GR <u>RESIDENTIAL SERVICE</u> udes GR, GR-C and GT-R I		Sheet 1	
APPLICABILITY	Ś			
The GR rate is applicable to natural g	as procurement service to in	ndividually meter	red residential customer	s.
The GR-C, cross-over rate, is a core p transportation customers with annual				o .
The GT-R rate is applicable to Core A residential customers, as set forth in S		(CAT) service to	individually metered	
The California Alternate Rates for En the bill, is applicable to income-quali as set forth in Schedule No. G-CARE	fied households that meet th			
TERRITORY				
Applicable throughout the service ten	ritory.			
RATES Customer Charge, per meter per day:	<u>GR</u> 16.438¢	<u>GR-C</u> 16.438¢	<u>GT-R</u> 16.438¢	
For "Space Heating Only" customers,	-			
Customer Charge applies during the v from November 1 through April 30 ^{1/} :		22.1404	22.1404	
nom November 1 unough April 50 :		33.149¢	33.149¢	
Baseline Rate, per therm (baseline us	age defined in Special Cond	litions 3 and 4):		
Procurement Charge: 2/	34.536¢	34.536¢	N/A	
Transmission Charge: 34		56.280¢	55.758¢	
Total Baseline Charge:	90.816¢	90.816¢	55.758¢	
Non-Baseline Rate, per therm (usage	in excess of baseline usage)	:		
Procurement Charge: 2/	34.536¢	34.536¢	N/A	
Transmission Charge: 3/		82.280¢	81.758¢	
Total Non-Baseline Charge:	116.816¢	116.816¢	81.758¢	
^{1/} For the summer period beginning accumulated to at least 20 Ccf (10		with some excep	tions, usage will be	
(Footnotes continue next page.)				
	(Continued)			
(TO BE INSERTED BY UTILITY)	ISSUED BY	(TO E	BE INSERTED BY CAL. PUC)	_
DVICE LETTER NO. 4989	Dan Skopec	DATE FILED		_
ECISION NO.	Vice President	EFFECTIVE	Jul 10, 2016	_
06	Regulatory Affairs	RESOLUTIO	ON NO. G-3351	

Following are the SDG&E electricity, both standard and time-of-use, and natural gas tariffs applied in this study.

		-	Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Sheet	No.	27650-E
San Diego Gas & Electric Compo San Diego, California		anceling	Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Sheet	No.	26948-E
		SC	HEDULE	DR		Sheet 1
			ENTIAL SE			
		(Include	s Rates fo	r DR-LI)		
APPLICABILITY						
Applicable to domestic servic in single family dwellings, flat residential purposes by te combination of K. dential ar Special Condition 7.	ts, and apart	ments, se ulti-family	eparately m	etered by the utili	ty; to se Condit	ervice used in common for ion 8: to any approved
This schedule is also applic Program and/or Medical Bas and may include Non-profit such facilities qualify to rece CARE and Medical Baseline respectively.	seline, residi Group Livin sive service	ng in sing g Facilitie under the	gle-family a es and Qu e terms an	ccommodations, alified Agricultura d conditions of S	separat Emplo chedulo	tely metered by the Utility, oyee Housing Facilities, if e E-CARE. The rates for
Customers on this schedule GHG-ARR.	may also qu	alify for a	semi-annı	ual California Clim	ate Cre	edit \$(17.44) per Schedule
TERRITORY						
Within the entire territory service	ved by the U	tility				
	red by the O	unty.				
RATES						
Total Rates:						
Description - DR Rates	UDC Total Rate	DWR-BC Rate	EECC F	Total Rate		
Summer:						
Baseline Energy (\$/kWh)	0.05460 I	0.00539	0.129		I	
Above 130% of Baseline	0.25645 R	0.00539	0.129	0.39149	R	
Winter:						
Baseline Energy (\$/kWh)	0.10256 I	0.00539	0.066	0.17399	I	
Above 130% of Baseline	0.26737 R	0.00539	0.060	0.35550	R	
Minimum Bill (\$/day)	0.329			0.329		
annan an (a aug)						1
Description -DR-LI Rates	UDC Total Rate	DWR-BC Rate	EECC R	Total Rate		
Summer - CARE Rates:						1
Baseline Energy (\$/kWh)	0.05225 I	0.00000	0.129	0.18190	I	
Above 130% of Baseline	0.25390 R	0.00000	0.129	0.38355	R	
Winter - CARE Rates:						
Baseline Energy (\$/kWh) Above 130% of Baseline	0.10001 I 0.28482 R	0.00000	0.060		I R	
NUME TO A OF DESCRIPTION	0.20402 K	0.00000	0.000	0.30000	R.	
Minimum Bill (\$/day)	0.164			0.164		
			(Continue	ed)		
1610			Issued t	y y		Filed Jun 29, 2016
1C10 Advice Ltr. No. <u>2861-E-A</u>			Issued t	y pec	Date Effec	
			Issued t	pec dent	Effec	

				Revised	Cal. P.U	J.C. Shee	et No.		26962-E
San Diego Gas & Elec San Diego, Ca			Canceling	Revised	Cal. P.U	J.C. Shee	et No.		26908-E
			SCHE		DR-SES				Sheet 1
		E-OF-USE	FORHO	USEHOLI	OS WITH A	A SOLA	R ENERG	Y SYSTEM	
PPLICABILITY ervice under this s ith Solar Energy S inergy System w ombination thereo CARE) customers f this schedule.	Systems ith dom f, in sing	. Service estic servi le family d	is limited ce for lig wellings a	to individu hting, he nd flats. (ually mete ating, co Qualifying	red resi oking, v Californ	dential cu vater hea ia Alternat	stomers with ting, and po tive Rates for	a Solar ower, or r Energy
ustomers on this		e may als	o qualify	for a sen	ni-annual	Californi	ia Climate	Credit \$(17	.44) per
ichedule GHG-ARF	≺.	ર્સ	Խյ						
ERRITORY		`							
Vithin the entire ter	ritory sei	rved by the	Utility.						
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nergy Charges (\$/kWh	0	Rate	Rate	c D1	WR Great	_		-	
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hn-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Winter fil-Peak – Winter filnimum Bill (\$/day)) Total Rates consist of Cost) rates, with the Ei	UDC, Sche ECC rates re I are for cus	0.12835 0.12835 0.12835 0.12835 0.329 dule DWR-BC flecting a DWR tomers that rec	I 0.005 I 0.005 I 0.005 I 0.005 Credit of \$(0 zelve commodition	39 I (39 I (39 I (39 I (39 I (1 Water Resou .00021) that ty supply and	0.09530 0.07332 0.06159 0.06626 rces Bond Ch customers re delivery service	R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 arge), and celve on the ce from Util	2904 R 0706 R 1533 R 0200 R 329 Schedule EEC eir monthly bills ty. Difference	C (Electric Energy es in total rates pa	
on-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Summer emi-Peak – Winter MT-Peak – Winter Unimum Bill (\$/day)) Total Rates consist of Cost) rates, with the EI) Total Rates presented Access (DA) and Com	UDC, Sche ECC rates re I are for cus munity Choix	0.12835 0.12835 0.12835 0.12835 0.329 dule DWR-BC flecting a DWR tomers that rec a Aggregation	I 0.005 I 0.005 I 0.005 I 0.005 I 0.005 Credit of \$(0. zelve commodil (CCA) custome	39 I (39 I (39 I (39 I (39 I (39 I (10021) that ty supply and rs are identifie	0.09530 0.07332 0.06159 0.06826 rces Bond Ch customers re delivery service	R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 R 0.2 arge), and celve on the ce from Util	2904 R 0706 R 1533 R 0200 R 329 Schedule EEC eir monthly bills ty. Difference	C (Electric Energy es in total rates pa	
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SUGE		Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Sheet	No.	21921-0
San Diego Gas & Electric Compar San Diego, California	Canceling	Revised	Cal. P.U.C. Sheet	No	21908-0
	SC	HEDULE	GR		Sheet 1
	RESIDENTIAL	NATURAL	GAS SERVICE		
	(Includes Rates	for GR. GR	-C. GTC/GTCA)		
PPLICABILITY					
he GR rate is applicable to r	natural gas procure	ment servic	e for individually n	netered resid	dential customers.
he GR-C, cross-over rate ansportation customers with					
he GTC/GTCA rate is app asidential customers, as set			sportation-only se	ervices to in	ndividually metered
ustomers taking service un CARE) program discount, re ne terms and conditions of S	flected as a separa				
ERRITORY					
/ithin the entire territory serv	ved natural gas by t	he utility.			
ATES			0.0	60 G	otoroto 1/
aseline Rate, per therm (bar Procurement Charge: ²⁰	seline usage define		GR Conditions 3 and \$0.34561	GR-C 4): \$0.34561	GTC/GTCA"
Laster Laster and a data set of the set of the			\$0.90805 \$1.25366	\$0.90805 \$1.25366	\$0.90805
on-Baseline Rate, per them Procurement Charge: 2/	n (usage in excess		usage): \$0.34561	\$0.34561	I N/A
			\$1.08354	\$1.08354	\$1.08354
Total Non-Baseline Charge:			\$1.42915	\$1.42915	I \$1.08354
This charge is applicable to U shown in Schedule GPC whit					
C5		(Continue Issued I		Date Filed	Jul 7, 2
dvice Ltr. No. 2489-G		Dan Sko		Effective	Jul 10, 2
area of		Vice Presi			
ecision No.		Regulatory /		Resolution	