DOCKETED		
Docket Number:	17-BSTD-03	
Project Title:	2019 Title 24, Part 11, CALGreen Rulemaking	
TN #:	222754	
Document Title:	Transcript of 02062018 Lead Commissioner Hearing 2019 Energy Code and CALGreen Code	
Description:	*** Supersedes TN 222732 ***	
Filer:	Adrian Ownby	
Organization:	California Energy Commission	
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff	
Submission Date:	2/27/2018 9:43:00 AM	
Docketed Date:	2/27/2018	

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

Lead Commissioner Hearing 2019 Energy Code and CALGreen Code

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

FIRST FLOOR - ROSENFELD HEARING ROOM

1516 NINTH STREET

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 2018
9:00 A.M.

Reported by:

Peter Petty

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PUBLIC COMMENT

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Greg Ander, Architect and California Energy Alliance

Laura Petrillo-Groh, Air Conditioning, Heating and Refrigeration Institute

Gina Rodda, Gabel Energy

Alex Hillbrand, Natural Resources Defense Council

Chris Kuch, Southern California Edison

Joe Cain, Solar Energy Industries Association

Jim Benya, Benya Burnette Consultancy

John Martin, International Association of Lighting Designers

George Nesbitt (via WebEx), Independent HERS Rater

John Rose, Home Ventilating Institute

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1 PROCEEDINGS

- 9:01 A.M.
- 3 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 2018
- 4 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: If we could take our
- 5 seat, we could start real quick. We've got a
- 6 long day. I'm trying to see if we could beat our
- 7 schedule a little bit here.
- 8 My name is Payam Bozorgchami. I'm with
- 9 the Building Standards Office, Senior Civil
- 10 Engineer. And I would like to welcome you guys
- 11 to the Lead Commissioner Hearing for the 2019
- 12 Building Energy Efficiency Standards.
- 13 Yesterday, Commissioner McAllister had to
- 14 take a redeye out of Sacramento to Washington
- 15 D.C. for a meeting he had to attend. So from his
- 16 office, we have Martha Brook, who is sitting up
- 17 front, leading this hearing today.
- 18 So with that, I'm going to start with a
- 19 quick housekeeping item. You guys have been
- 20 here, you guys have seen this before. Restrooms
- 21 are out the double doors to your left. The snack
- 22 bar is on the second floor. And in case of an
- 23 emergency, if the alarms go off, let's reconvene
- 24 back at the Roosevelt Park kitty-corner from us.

- 1 Please, nobody go home. We need to take a
- 2 headcount, or somebody has to come back in and
- 3 look for you folks.
- 4 Today's agenda is mainly nonresidential.
- 5 This is the second part of a two-day hearing.
- 6 Yesterday we did most all of residential
- 7 measures. Today we are combining all the
- 8 nonresidential measures into to today's meeting.
- 9 So with that, a quick history of why
- 10 we're here and why we're doing this. I'm going
- 11 to go through these slides as fast as possible,
- 12 because I think you guys have seen all this.
- 13 It's the same slides that you've heard over and
- 14 over and over again, and I apologize. It's
- 15 something we have to do every time.
- In 1974, Warren-Alquist Act was signed
- 17 into law by Governor Ronald Reagan. In 1975,
- 18 Government Jerry Brown funded the development and
- 19 start of the California Energy Commission. The
- 20 whole purpose is to reduce the unnecessary
- 21 consumption of energy. There's other sections
- 22 within the Energy Commission that deal with
- 23 sitings, with vehicles and so forth.
- Other goals and measures have been
- 25 bestowed on us at the Energy Commission by the

- 1 governor. One of the ones that everybody knows
- 2 about is this ZNE, meeting the ZNE for
- 3 residential by 2020, and for commercial buildings
- 4 by 2030.
- 5 When we develop the standards we depend
- 6 on our utility partners to help us out with this.
- 7 The utilities that have really helped out and
- 8 stepped up is Pacific Gas and Electric, Southern
- 9 California Edison, Southern Cal Gas, San Diego
- 10 Gas and Electric, San Clemente Municipal Utility
- 11 District, Los Angeles Department of Water and
- 12 Power, Southern California Public Authority and
- 13 their consultants, who has been working
- 14 diligently with the Energy Commission staff to
- 15 come up with the proposals that you're hearing
- 16 today.
- I also want to thank Kelly Cunningham
- 18 with PG&E and Heidi Hallenstein with Energy
- 19 Solutions. That's really kept the ball moving in
- 20 providing feedback and communications between the
- 21 two organizations.
- 22 All standards that are presented today
- 23 and yesterday and in the past, we have to really
- 24 go through a vigorous lifecycle cost analysis.
- 25 So everything that we do has to make sense, has

- 1 to have a benefit to the building owner.
- 2 As you know, California is divided into
- 3 16 climatic zones. We're a little bit different
- 4 than ASHRAE and the International Energy Codes.
- 5 California is predominantly Climate Zone 3. But
- 6 here in California, as you know, you drive a few
- 7 hours here or there, you're up in the mountains
- 8 or out in the sun, so our climatic data is a
- 9 little bit different than others.
- 10 So for -- and I don't know what's
- 11 happening with this slide. There's something
- 12 sticking up there, but that's supposed to be
- 13 sponsor stakeholder meetings. Sorry, I don't
- 14 know where "speaking" comes up from, and I'm not
- 15 going to worry about it right now, so we'll move
- 16 on.
- 17 The utilities have conducted 19 workshops
- 18 or stakeholder meetings within their own
- 19 organization where they've invited people from
- 20 the outside, they informed everybody of the
- 21 measures. They've had nine in-person meetings
- 22 and ten webinars.
- 23 Then the Energy Commission had 14 pre-
- 24 rulemakings here at the Energy Commission prior
- 25 to this hearing that we're -- this two-day

- 1 hearing that we're having right now.
- Where we're at right now, we're at the
- 3 February 5th and 6th Lead Commissioner Hearings.
- 4 We would love to get your comments, sooner than
- 5 later. I'm hoping, if you guys could cooperate
- 6 with us and submit your comments by February
- 7 20th, that's the day after President's Day, you
- 8 guys got three days right there to make comments
- 9 and submit it to us.
- 10 We're trying to give you guys that
- 11 benefit and provide reasonable responses on a
- 12 timely manner. But if you want to wait until
- 13 February 5th or -- oh, excuse me, March 5th, our
- 14 workshop is on March 21st, it doesn't really give
- 15 us enough time to interact and start a dialogue
- 16 with you folks, so the sooner we get those, the
- 17 better we're off.
- Then we are, after that, we're going to
- 19 the 45-day business meeting is on March 21st.
- 20 That will probably be a five-minute discussion
- 21 with our Commissioners. It's not the adoption
- 22 date, so, folks, relax.
- 23 The 15-day language will be presented on
- 24 April 11th, and that will be our adoption date as
- 25 what we're shooting for, with an exception of

- 1 CALGreen. CALGreen will be delayed until the
- 2 California Building Standards Commission has
- 3 their workshop in July and August on the CALGreen
- 4 measures. And then we will come back and go
- 5 through a formal adoption after that time.

6

- 7 There's a two-day workshop on the ACM
- 8 reference manuals. Those are the credits that
- 9 you guys all want to see. Those will be presented
- 10 on May 7th and 8th, here at the Energy
- 11 Commission. And ten after that, Staff is going
- 12 to be working diligently to develop the manuals,
- 13 update the software, and work on and electronic
- 14 document.
- One other thing that we're doing this
- 16 year that Energy Commission staff has committed
- 17 to trying to get done is to provide an index
- 18 for -- an electronic index, so that it makes it
- 19 easier for you folks to search sections as needed
- 20 to do your work. We're trying to get all of this
- 21 done by the end of this year and to give you guys
- 22 about a year in advance of all this, of this
- 23 package, so you guys get familiar with it,
- 24 understand it, ask questions, and be ready to go
- 25 on the effective day of July -- January 1st of

- 1 2020.
- The topic we will be covering today are
- 3 the nonresidential standards, again, and these
- 4 are some of the key areas that we're going to be
- 5 discussing today.
- 6 So the expectation of today's meeting is
- 7 that everyone has already read what's been posted
- 8 on the website. And we're going to -- the staff
- 9 is going to be doing a high-level presentation of
- 10 the section changes. We're not really going to
- 11 present the nitty-gritty into it, because we're
- 12 hoping that you guys have already reviewed it and
- 13 you have comments and feedback for us.
- 14 With that, if you have any comments or
- 15 concerns, please, there's two websites -- oh,
- 16 excuse me, there's two links here; one is for
- 17 Part 6, the Building Energy Efficiency Standards,
- 18 and one is for Part 11, the second bullet there,
- 19 and that is for CALGreen measures.
- I have here with me is our Office
- 21 Manager, Christopher Meyer. And I think he would
- 22 like to give a quick -- take a minute of your
- 23 time.
- MR. MEYER: Great. Thank you, Payam.
- 25 This is Christopher Meyer, Manager of the

- 1 Building Standards Office.
- 2 Just wanted to sort of quick thank you to
- 3 all the different stakeholders. We have, you
- 4 know, the utilities, the organizations supporting
- 5 the builders, the manufacturers, we have NGOs and
- 6 local jurisdictions, who have all worked with us
- 7 through all of the pre-rulemaking, all of the
- 8 different workshops and, you know, numerous
- 9 conversations with, you know, our staff in
- 10 different meetings to help our understanding,
- 11 help us sort of understand, you know, unintended
- 12 consequences of different solutions, or even
- 13 better ways of addressing issues. So that has
- 14 our made our proposed standards a lot better and
- 15 we really appreciate it, so I want to thank you
- 16 all.
- I don't think it's going to be a huge
- 18 problem with time today, but just if you have
- 19 very technical, involved comments, getting those
- 20 in writing so we can make sure to hit all of your
- 21 issues, all the details correctly. It is very
- 22 helpful. And just in respect of time of other
- 23 people, you know, just try to keep the -- your
- 24 comments sort of clear and concise is definitely
- 25 helpful.

- 1 And that said, I'm just going to sort of
- 2 turn you over and we're going to start our
- 3 presentations. But once again, just thank you
- 4 everyone for your participation in this. It's
- 5 what makes this a really good process.
- 6 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So our first presenter
- 7 is going to be Joe Loyer, and he's going to be
- 8 talking about the Admin section, 10-113 -- oh,
- 9 10-103 that we did not discuss yesterday.
- 10 (Colloquy)
- 11 MR. LOYER: Hi. I'm Joe Loyer, Senior
- 12 Mechanical Engineer. I'm the Compliance
- 13 Enforcement Unit. And I'm just going to go over
- 14 the section -- or Part 1, section 10-103, 10-10-10
- 15 103.1 and 10-103.2.
- So the first one, 10-103, we only had
- 17 minor edits here. Just for clarification, if
- 18 there are any changes that you see that are
- 19 beyond that, they were not intentional. So the
- 20 edits here or the changes here are just for
- 21 clarification. That was 10-103.
- 22 10-103.1 and .2 are the ATTCP Program,
- 23 Acceptance Testing and Certification for lighting
- 24 controls and mechanical controls. Firstly, we
- 25 had some minor modifications that we did to this

- 1 section. Primarily, the ATTCP must describe
- 2 their process for decertifying an ATT or an ATE
- 3 seeking recertification, including eligibility
- 4 requirements if any. The ATTCP may also specific
- 5 additional qualifications for participating in
- 6 the programs, such as limiting the participation
- 7 to person that are not currently listed as
- 8 decertified by another ATTCP. This is in
- 9 addition to the minimum three years' experience
- 10 that they must have in order to participate in
- 11 the program.
- 12 We standardized the use of the terms ATT,
- 13 ATE and ATTCP. They were a little bit
- 14 fluctuating through the code, so we just fixed
- 15 that.
- Minor modifications to reporting
- 17 requirements for the ATTCPs, just annual
- 18 reporting, and at the updating reporting that's
- 19 required. Also, if they want to make amendments
- 20 to their program, we've actually specifically
- 21 made a process for that now so that it's not a
- 22 guess as to what we need to do or what they need
- 23 to do; it's actually spelled out.
- 24 Minor modifications to the application
- 25 amendment process, you know, just went over that,

- 1 so those are the minor changes that we made.
- Now the only substantive change we made
- 3 was to the Quality Assurance Program, and this is
- 4 where we have a difference between Lighting
- 5 Controls ATTCPs and Mechanical ATTCPs. Lighting
- 6 controls, the changes to the quality assurance
- 7 requirements are intended to be minor
- 8 clarifications only, so there are no significant
- 9 changes to their quality assurance requirements.
- 10 The quality assurance requirements to the
- 11 mechanical systems is a substantive change. The
- 12 substantive change, essentially, is that the
- 13 audit for the Mechanical ATTCPs, we'll be able to
- 14 audit one percent of the ATEs projects, instead
- 15 of the ATTs acceptance testing. So that's a
- 16 subtle verbiage difference, but it is a
- 17 significant difference in the Quality Assurance
- 18 Program. It will also specifically allow for
- 19 shadow auditing for the mechanicals.
- 20 All right, so that's basically the end of
- 21 the presentation. I have a set language here
- 22 that I've been asked to read out, so I will go
- 23 ahead and do that, before we ask for any
- 24 questions.
- We strongly encourage folks to submit any

- 1 comments, to use our e-filing system. This is a
- 2 fully automated system that ensures each comment
- 3 is docketed into our proceedings. If you need to
- 4 submit further -- submit information or documents
- 5 via physical mail, the mail address of our
- 6 dockets office is below. Is it? Yeah, it is.
- 7 Lastly, if for any reason the e-file web system
- 8 is unavailable, you can submit comments to our
- 9 Dockets Office via email. And if you're an ATTCP
- $10\,$ or an ATE or an ATT and you want to submit a
- 11 comment and you can't use these processes, the
- 12 absolute last-ditch effort that you can make, you
- 13 can send it to me. I will make sure it gets into
- 14 the record.
- 15 The final deadline for all written
- 16 comments is March 5th by 5:00 p.m. And here is a
- 17 joke. It is easier to remember March 5 by 5. I
- 18 don't know who wrote that.
- 19 Oral comments can also be made to the
- 20 Commissioners at the business meeting where the
- 21 adoption for the 2019 Standards is considered.
- 22 We're going to repeat this after each section,
- 23 just in case everyone has turned in -- has tuned
- 24 in just for that portion of the workshop.
- 25 And at this point, I'd like to open up

- 1 the proceedings to any comments that would --
- 2 anybody would like to step up and make. If you
- 3 have a blue card, we would like to have you fill
- 4 out a blue card, if it's available. I don't know
- 5 if we're --
- 6 MR. STRAIT: No, we're not doing blue
- 7 cards --
- 8 MR. LOYER: No?
- 9 MR. STRAIT: -- in this.
- 10 MR. LOYER: We're not doing blue cards?
- 11 MR. STRAIT: Yeah. Right.
- MR. LOYER: Okay. So if anybody would
- 13 like to make a comment, please step up. And if
- 14 you can, if you've got a card, please give a card
- 15 to our court reporter.
- MS. BROOK: Do we have to do that every
- 17 time, Payam?
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So, we're not going
- 19 to --
- MR. LOYER: Read the joke?
- MS. BROOK: Yeah.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: -- read this every
- 23 time --
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: -- that Joe did.

- 1 MS. BROOK: Thank you.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: All right. But every
- 3 presentation has this slide in there, because
- 4 we're going to be posting these presentations on
- 5 the web tomorrow. And if -- we just want
- 6 everybody to have that contact information and
- 7 where to mail or email their docket information.
- 8 MR. STRAIT: Oh, and one thing to add, if
- 9 you're speaking today, if you're attending
- 10 online, you'll have a raise-your-hand button that
- 11 will let our folks know to dial you in after the
- 12 comments in person here have concluded. You can
- 13 also submit a comment using the chat box that's
- 14 available there and our staff person will read it
- 15 into the record.
- MR. HARING: Hi. Good morning. Rick
- 17 Haring, Philips Lighting.
- 18 Just noting that you removed the
- 19 distinction between Mechanical and Lighting
- 20 Control ATTs, we're wondering how you're going to
- 21 ensure that Mechanical ATTs aren't certifying
- 22 lighting controls and vice versa.
- 23 MR. LOYER: I can answer that. So the
- 24 certification process for Lighting Controls and
- 25 Mechanicals are distinctly different. The --

- 1 except -- the providers themselves are approved
- 2 by the Energy Commission in a completely separate
- 3 process. The application process of Lighting
- 4 Controls and Mechanical Systems do follow very
- 5 similar pathways, but the actual requirements for
- 6 the training and the oversight certification
- 7 process are different. So to date, there have
- 8 been no Lighting Controls ATTCPs that have also
- 9 gotten themselves certified as Mechanical ATTCPs,
- 10 and we don't expect there to be any.
- 11 MR. HARING: All right. Thank you.
- MR. LOYER: Um-hmm.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Ronald, any comments?
- MR. GOMES: Good morning. My name is
- 15 Lynn Gomes. I'm speaking on behalf of the
- 16 Building Commissioning Association of California.
- 17 I made comments earlier and the comments
- 18 weren't included in the 45-day language. I'm
- 19 here to strongly recommend that those comments be
- 20 included, specifically, modifying section 10-
- 21 103(a)(1), second paragraph, to include a
- 22 certified commissioning professional to be
- 23 allowed to do commissioning activities under
- 24 section 129.8.
- MR. LOYER: So a specific request to have

- 1 your comments from the pre-rulemaking stage
- 2 entered into record for the rulemaking stage, I'm
- 3 sure we can handle that. Thank you.
- 4 MS. GOMES: Thank you.
- 5 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Anybody else? If not,
- 6 we're going to move on to Subchapter 1, section
- 7 100, and Gabe Taylor will do the presentation
- 8 there.
- 9 MR. TAYLOR: Good morning. My name is
- 10 Gabriel Taylor. I'm an Engineer in the Building
- 11 Standards Development Office. I am project
- 12 managing two sections of this 2019 Building
- 13 Energy Efficiency Standards Update. I'm project
- 14 managing the Load Management Demand Response
- 15 section, and also the extension of the standards
- 16 to healthcare facilities.
- 17 The primarily mechanism that we're using
- 18 to the healthcare facilities is a change in scope
- 19 for the standards, so I'm also presenting a
- 20 little bit of the other sections here under
- 21 section 100.
- The scope has been extended to include
- 23 Occupancy Group I, with an exception for
- 24 Occupancy Groups I-3 and I-4. This extends the
- 25 scope of Title 24, Part 6 to include healthcare

- 1 facilities as they're defined in the definition
- 2 for Occupancy Group I. We have also added a
- 3 definition in section 100.1 for the term
- 4 "healthcare facilities."
- 5 In addition, in the definitely section,
- 6 we've added a number of new definitions. We've
- 7 clarified a number of existing definitions.
- 8 There's a list here of a number of areas, a
- 9 partial list here of some of the areas that we've
- 10 clarified and added.
- 11 In particular, I wanted to highlight that
- 12 we've updated definitions for occupancy and
- 13 habitable space, but we are aware of the use of
- 14 the term habitable space in a number of other
- 15 proceedings, and we're investigating how that
- 16 will interact between our standards and those
- 17 other regulations.
- 18 There may be some stakeholders here from
- 19 the healthcare community. We're very interested
- 20 in your comments on the specific sections where
- 21 they impact the healthcare change. Because it
- 22 cascades through the entire standards, we'll
- 23 change -- we'll create a change in just about
- 24 every section. There are a number of exceptions
- 25 that are new, but there are a number of areas

- 1 where there's no exception. And because of the
- 2 change in scope, those sections now apply to
- 3 healthcare facilities as defined.
- 4 So if you are from the healthcare
- 5 community, please get up and provide your
- 6 comments at any time, or provide your comments to
- 7 the written record.
- 8 Here, again, as Joe mentioned, we would
- 9 very much like your comments in writing, but we
- 10 also welcome your comments today. This is a
- 11 hearing. The intent here is to give the
- 12 opportunity for stakeholders to provide their
- 13 comments to the record. The court reporter will
- 14 be collecting that information and we'll have a
- 15 transcript that the staff will use to reference
- 16 during our updates later on in this code cycle.
- 17 In addition, if you provide the written comments,
- 18 that would be helpful.
- 19 If you do get up to speak at the mike,
- 20 please provide a business card or your contact
- 21 information to the court reporter so that we can
- 22 get all the names and information correct.
- 23 So at this time, I'd like to open up for
- 24 comments from anybody on section 100, or if you,
- 25 again, are from the healthcare community, because

- 1 the changes are peppered throughout the code, if
- 2 you'd like to get up and comment now, I think
- 3 that would be welcome. Oh, this is going too
- 4 fast.
- 5 Bob, please.
- 6 MR. RAYMER: Sorry. Bob Raymer with
- 7 CBIA. Section 100 lower case E, large case D,
- 8 double I, B -- excuse me for this, then another
- 9 double I, exception number two is being deleted.
- 10 This is where low-rise residential buildings that
- 11 are heated with a wood heater. Could you explain
- 12 why you're deleting that? I realize it's rare,
- 13 but you're deleting that provision.
- MR. ALATORRE: Hi, Bob. I can speak to
- 15 that. It's because it's embedded in the
- 16 definition for mechanical heating. We list wood
- 17 heating as -- we're considering it mechanical.
- 18 MR. RAYMER: Fine. Thank you.
- MR. ALATORRE: Yeah.
- MR. HARING: Rick Haring, Philips
- 21 Lighting.
- In section 100.1, we would oppose the
- 23 creation of a new definition for the term "solid
- 24 state driver" and continue to recommend that the
- 25 Commission adopt the anti-definition for driver

- 1 for clarity and consistency across the standards.
- 2 We believe that the definitions in the code
- 3 should align, whenever possible, to a national
- 4 recognized standard because this alignment
- 5 precludes ease of use, clarity or user
- 6 (indiscernible) professionals' law.
- 7 MR. TAYLOR: Thank you.
- 8 Actually, to ask one clarifying question,
- 9 right now the majority of lighting definitions we
- 10 pull from RP-16. Is there -- is your
- 11 recommendation that we use an ANSI document
- 12 instead, or that we stick with the IES document?
- 13 Rather, is there a different document you'd
- 14 recommend that we reference?
- MR. HARING: I can forward that to you.
- MR. TAYLOR: Okay. Thank you.
- 17 MR. HARING: Thank you. I'll forward you
- 18 the reference.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Anybody else? No?
- 20 So with that, I'm going to have Mark
- 21 Alatorre present the Mechanical section, section
- 22 120, that's Subchapter 3. It will 120 through
- 23 120.9.
- MR. ALATORRE: Hi. My name is Mark
- 25 Alatorre. I'm an Engineer in the Building

- 1 Centers Development Office, and I'll be
- 2 presenting the Subchapter 3.
- 3 So with the transition to regulate
- 4 healthcare facilities, there was a need to revise
- 5 the scope of the ventilation section, and that
- 6 was to be explicit as to which building types
- 7 were going to be regulated under this section.
- 8 So we specifically called out high-rise
- 9 residential, nonresidential and hotel/motel. And
- 10 we directed any healthcare facility to comply
- 11 with the OSHPD amendments of the Mechanical Code.
- 12 For section 120.1(b), High-rise
- 13 Residential Building, this is for the dwelling
- 14 unit, we brought over the air filtration
- 15 requirements that are in our Low-rise Residential
- 16 section, and they are applicable to ducted
- 17 mechanical and space conditioning systems, as
- 18 well as the supply ventilation system on the
- 19 supply side of a balanced system.
- 20 Along with those requirements are air
- 21 filter sizing, and the requirement is for there
- 22 to be a minimum two-inch depth or the same
- 23 allowance of a one-inch, granted that it complies
- 24 with the maximum phase velocity, as well as the
- 25 maximum pressure.

- 1 The MERV level was increased to MERV 13,
- 2 as well as the air filter product labeling and
- 3 the requirement for the filter itself to be
- 4 labeled for its performance.
- 5 The ventilation rate for the dwelling
- 6 unit is based on ASHRAE 62.2 with the following
- 7 amendments: Window operation was not permissible
- 8 for providing whole building ventilation; also,
- 9 central fan integrated ventilation systems are
- 10 not permissible; and there is an assumed
- 11 infiltration credit would eliminate the need for
- 12 a blower door test.
- Oh, I wanted to note that there is -- we
- 14 added language that would allow a central fan
- 15 integrated ventilation system, as long as it was
- 16 approved through our compliance option process.
- 17 The required ventilation rate would
- 18 follow section 1.1.1 of ASHRAE 62.2. And the
- 19 ventilation will need to be provided with the
- 20 balanced system, or if a HERS Rater verifies
- 21 envelope and closure leakage to less than 0.3 CFM
- 22 per square foot, then the use of a continuously
- 23 operating exhaust-only ventilation system or a
- 24 continuously operating supply ventilation system
- 25 is allowed.

- 1 In the instance that the building uses a
- 2 central shaft to deliver ventilation to all
- 3 dwellings, the verified air flow -- the
- 4 ventilation airflow rates for each dwelling unit
- 5 served are required to be balanced to the
- 6 greater -- to greater than or equal to the 62.2
- 7 airflow rate and not more than ten percent
- 8 greater than the required rate. These systems
- 9 are expected to use balanced devices to ensure
- 10 the dwelling unit airflow -- airflows in each
- 11 dwelling served by the building ventilation
- 12 system can be adjusted to meet this balanced
- 13 requirement. These system-balancing means may
- 14 include constant air regulation devices, orifice
- 15 plates and variable speed central fans.
- 16 Also, the kitchen range hood, there's a
- 17 requirement for it to be HERS verified, that the
- 18 hood is rated by HVI and meets the requirements
- 19 of 62.2.
- 20 Also, there is a new acceptance test for
- 21 airflow performance. And I wanted to make clear
- 22 that it's not an acceptance test for the kitchen
- 23 range. This is the acceptance test to verify
- 24 dwelling unit ventilation. And along with the
- 25 acceptance test, there's also a HERS

- 1 verification.
- Okay, now for nonresidential buildings
- 3 and hotel-motel building types, we added a
- 4 requirement to -- for the air filtration to be at
- 5 a MERV 13. Prior, there was no air filter
- 6 requirements in Part 6. And we also added the
- 7 minimum two-inch depth.
- 8 We aligned with ASHRAE 62.1, Natural
- 9 Ventilation Rate Procedure. This is a transition
- 10 to what the 2016 natural ventilation calculation
- 11 was, and we felt that 62.1 was a bit more
- 12 sophisticated in its way of determining whether a
- 13 space can comply with natural ventilation.
- 14 The mechanical ventilation requirements,
- 15 what was presented in October was the ventilation
- 16 rate procedure out of 62.1. Since then, based on
- 17 comments and dialogue we had with stakeholders,
- 18 as well as ARB, there was a concern about reduced
- 19 rates for certain occupancies. An due to that,
- 20 we decided not to pursue the ventilation rate
- 21 procedure anymore. So what's in the mechanical
- 22 ventilation rate is what currently is required
- 23 under the 2016 guidance. It may not be obvious
- 24 when you're looking at the section, but Table
- 25 120.1(a), which is the Ventilation Rate table, is

- 1 populated using the methodology of the 2016
- 2 Standards. The rates there are the greater of 15
- 3 CFM per person, or 0.15 CFM per square foot. And
- 4 we use the Building Code assumption for occupant
- 5 density.
- 6 We thought it was important to keep the
- 7 table, one, because it had an expanded list of
- 8 occupancy types, but also because it gave air
- 9 classifications for each of those occupancy types
- 10 which we use later in section 120.1(g).
- 11 Also, another thing that we took from
- 12 62.1 was their exhaust ventilation procedure, and
- 13 that is found in Table 120.1(b). And Table
- 14 120.1(c) is guidance for determining air class
- 15 for spaces that are not listed in 120.1(a).
- 16 So 120.1(d)(3), Demand Control
- 17 Ventilation, this section was revised to -- by
- 18 deleting the Exception 1, which made demand
- 19 control ventilation applicable to classrooms,
- 20 call centers and office spaces. And also, we
- 21 amended the triggers to be any one of the three
- 22 listed prior. It was an all-inclusive yet it fit
- 23 all three in order for DCV to get triggered, and
- 24 now it's any one of those conditions and you have
- 25 to comply with demand control.

- 1 120.1(d)(5), Occupant Sensor Ventilation
- 2 Control Devices, we deleted subsections c, d and
- 3 e. Those sections describe the occupant sensor
- 4 control requirements. But with our new occupant
- 5 sensing ventilation control requirements in
- 6 120.2(e)(3), these subsections were no longer
- 7 needed.
- 8 So here in 1201.(g), the air
- 9 classification and recirculation limitation, this
- 10 was taken from 62.1, and this gives guidance
- 11 on -- or limits on air recirculation and
- 12 transfer. In essence, you can't take air from a
- 13 Class 3 space and use it as transfer air for a
- 14 Class 2 or a Class 1 space. We thought that was
- 15 a good part of 62.1 that we wanted to align with.
- 16 It also gives direction on classifying air that
- 17 may not be listed in the tables
- 18 120.2(e)(3), Occupant Sensing Zone
- 19 Controls, this is a control technique called
- 20 occupied standby. And it is for spaces that
- 21 already have an occupancy sensor because of the
- 22 lighting control. And it's a space identified in
- 23 120.1(a) as eligible to be in occupied standby.
- 24 And what that means is when the room is not
- 25 occupied, the cooling and heating set points are

- 1 reset and the ventilation is reduced. Any time
- 2 that space drifts outside the set point, the
- 3 heating and ventilation or the cooling and
- 4 ventilation does kick on.
- 5 120.2(h), Automatic Demand Shed Controls,
- 6 all of this section was moved to 110.12. And the
- 7 FDD requirements were expanded to now include not
- 8 just package rooftop units, but all cooling
- 9 systems with an air economizer that are over
- 10 four-and-a-half tons.
- 11 There were small changes in these
- 12 sections in 120.3 and 120.4. In 120.3 we added
- 13 refrigerant lines as also needing pipe
- 14 insulation. We also clarified in 120.3 that the
- 15 pipe insulation requirement was a minimum. And
- 16 in all three sections there were exceptions added
- 17 for healthcare facilities, as appropriate.
- 18 120.6(a), the Mandatory Requirements for
- 19 Refrigerated Warehouses, we added adiabatic
- 20 condensers to the type of systems that are now
- 21 regulated, not just air cooled or evaporative
- 22 cooled. And there were performance specs added
- 23 for these type of systems. This is a
- 24 continuation of the same topic. These are more
- 25 of the requirements that were added to this

- 1 section.
- 2 120.6(b), Commercial Refrigeration of
- 3 Supermarket Refrigeration, also was expanded to
- 4 include hybrid condensers and, essentially,
- 5 requiring the same thing as we do for
- 6 refrigerated warehouses.
- 7 And lastly, 120.7, the Mandatory
- 8 Insulation Requirements, there were minor edits
- 9 here. Under floor and soffit insulation, this
- 10 section -- the section related to heated slabs
- 11 was revised to say "heated slabs on grade," and
- 12 then that was the extent of that.
- 13 And that ends the presentation. I will
- 14 now open it up for comments.
- MS. GOMES: Good morning. Lynn Gomes on
- 16 behalf of the California Chapter of the Building
- 17 Commissioning Association.
- 18 Although it wasn't discussed, section 128 --
- 19 120.8 is in Subchapter 3. We previously
- 20 submitted comments, as I alluded to earlier, on
- 21 this section, and I'd like to speak to those.
- 22 Like our membership, I make commissioning
- 23 my career to make a difference in the quality and
- 24 efficiency of buildings. And making a difference
- 25 in energy efficiency is why we have Title 24 and

- 1 why we have commissioning in section 120.8.
- 2 Right now as written, code allows almost
- 3 anyone to do commissioning, and this lack of
- 4 standard decreases the quality of that effort.
- 5 Just requiring certification does not help
- 6 quality. There are almost 14 commissioning
- 7 certifications out there requiring ANSI
- 8 accreditation, where a commissioning provider
- 9 meets -- means that they meet a rigid federal
- 10 requirement for experience and qualifications.
- 11 Furthermore, an independent third party
- 12 is only required for design review for large or
- 13 complex systems. Anyone can functionally test
- 14 their systems. Because code allows anyone from
- 15 the design team or the contractor to test their
- 16 own systems, this presents not only a conflict of
- 17 interest but reduces the quality by allowing
- 18 those without the specialized experience required
- 19 to properly test complex systems.
- In summary, we, the California Chapter of
- 21 the Building Commissioning Association, strongly
- 22 recommend third-party commissioning providers for
- 23 large or complex systems and that party be
- 24 certified by an ANSI-accredited body.
- 25 Thank you.

- 1 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- 2 Any more comments to this subchapter?
- 3 None? Wow. Okay.
- 4 So thanks, Mark.
- 5 So we're going to go into the Lighting
- 6 section, Subchapter 4. And Simon Lee will be
- 7 presenting.
- 8 The way we're going forward we may move
- 9 some of the stuff, the measures that we have in
- 10 the afternoon, we may move them up to the
- 11 morning, mostly likely Subchapter 5 and
- 12 Subchapter 6. We may have time to do that right
- 13 before lunch. So just, folks on the line, please
- 14 be aware.
- 15 MR. LEE: This is Simon Lee. I'm one of
- 16 the Lighting Staff for the Building Standards
- 17 Office.
- 18 Subchapter 4 in section 130 include the
- 19 requirements for lighting system and electrical
- 20 power distribution systems.
- 21 Section 130.0, for 2019, two new
- 22 subsections are proposed for LED lighting
- 23 (indiscernible) for the determination of
- 24 luminaire wattage. Every day, lightings are
- 25 designed with many form factors. The convention

- 1 is luminaire and lamps, but there are also many
- 2 new factors, such as LED tape lighting. We added
- 3 a new subsection 130.0(c)(4) for (indiscernible)
- 4 lighting, and that includes LED luminaires and
- 5 OLED luminaires.
- 6 We added another new section, 130.0(c)(5)
- 7 for everyday table lighting.
- 8 130.0(c)(2)(B) for recessed luminaires
- 9 with medium screw (phonetic) base. We added a
- $10\,$ new method which is based on the wattage of the
- 11 installed JA lamps.
- 130.0(c)(6) for marginal lighting
- 13 systems. These are lighting systems with
- 14 luminaires that can be added without altering the
- 15 wiring of the system, such as tract lighting. We
- 16 proposed three methods to determine the wattage
- 17 of a marginal lighting systems.
- 18 The first method is based on the length
- 19 of a check or busway, or based on an account of
- 20 all of the luminaires in the system.
- 21 The second method is based on the current
- 22 limiter or the supplementary overcurrent
- 23 protection panel.
- 24 The third method is based on the
- 25 wattage -- is based on the weighting of the

- 1 driver power supply or transformer.
- 2 Section 130.1, Indoor Lighting Controls.
- 3 Some portions of this section, I'll clarify.
- 4 Section 130.1(a), Manual Air
- 5 (indiscernible) Controls, we clarify and
- 6 harmonize the requirements of egress lighting
- 7 with the California Building Code section
- 8 1000(a).
- 9 In section 130.1(b), Multilevel Lighting
- 10 Controls, we moved some of the requirements to
- 11 Table 130.1(a). We also make some editorial
- 12 changes.
- 13 130.1(c), Automatic Shutoff Controls, we
- 14 added requirements for (indiscernible) all
- 15 sensing controls for restrooms. And for
- 16 healthcare facilities, we added an exception to
- 17 the automatic shutoff control requirements.
- 18 One more.
- 19 130.1(f), Control Interactions. We added
- 20 this new subsection to clarify control
- 21 interactions between two indoor lighting control
- 22 types, such as the interaction between a manual
- 23 control and an automatic shutoff control.
- 24 130.1(d), Automatic Daylighting Controls.
- 25 In this subsection we moved the data zone

- 1 (phonetic) definitions to section 100.1. We also
- 2 clarified the data zone requirements for atrium
- 3 space in large buildings and buildings with large
- 4 overhangs.
- 5 Section 130.2, Outdoor Lighting Controls
- 6 and Equipment. We added two changes for outdoor
- 7 luminaires. Number one, the luminaire cutoff
- 8 requirements, also known as the (indiscernible)
- 9 weighting, is changed to be based on luminaire
- 10 output. Number two, since both Energy Code and
- 11 CALGreen Code have (indiscernible) requirements,
- 12 we propose to refer to the CALGreen Code for
- 13 (indiscernible) requirements.
- 14 Outdoor Lighting Controls, section
- 15 130.2(c), I'm going to highlight several changes
- 16 proposed here. Doing an occupied -- an
- 17 unoccupied period an outdoor lighting control
- 18 shall reduce outdoor lighting power by at least
- 19 50 to 100 percent, and this can be achieved by
- 20 using automatic scheduling controls or motion-
- 21 sensing controls. We also have some specific
- 22 requirements for automatic scheduling controls to
- 23 provide an override capability with an override
- 24 period of no longer than two hours. And for
- 25 motion sensors, set a timer period to be no

- 1 greater than 15 minutes.
- 2 Section 130.4, Lighting Control
- 3 Acceptance and Installation Certificate. The
- 4 main changes are about tract lighting, current
- 5 limiter, and supplementary over current
- 6 protection panels. We propose to remove the
- 7 installation certificate requirements.
- 8 Section 130.5, Electrical Power
- 9 Distribution Systems. For healthcare facilities,
- 10 we added exceptions to the requirement of service
- 11 metering, separation of electrical circuits, and
- 12 circuit controls for 120-volt receptacles
- 13 (indiscernible) control receptacles.
- 14 And that's all my highlights to the
- 15 changes in Subchapter 4.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thanks, Simon.
- 17 Any comments? Gary?
- 18 Anybody? Anybody on the phone? Oh, we
- 19 got one commenter. Good. Martha was getting
- 20 tired up there.
- MS. JACKSON: Hi. Good morning. Cori
- 22 Jackson from the California Lighting Technology
- 23 Center.
- We didn't really touch on it, but there
- 25 have been a couple of significant changes to the

- 1 demand response requirements for lighting
- 2 controls. And so at this point, looking at the
- 3 acceptance test -- the acceptance tests that go
- 4 along with those demand responsive controls, I'd
- 5 like to state that I think those tests need to be
- 6 aligned with the changes for demand response,
- 7 specifically with respect to the requirement to
- 8 include an open ADR 2.0A or higher VEN, which is
- 9 a virtual N node that's now part of the
- 10 requirements, but the acceptance test
- 11 requirements don't really speak to that; the
- 12 language isn't consistent.
- 13 And so I'd like to encourage that that
- 14 language be reviewed and made consistent with the
- 15 change in the actual code so that those test
- 16 technicians really know exactly what they need to
- 17 be doing.
- 18 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Very well. We will do
- 19 that.
- MS. JACKSON: Thank you.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- MR. HODGSON: Mike Hodgson, ConSol,
- 23 representing CBIA.
- 24 Kind of two sections that say the same
- 25 thing. Section 130.1(a)(2), talking about manual

- 1 controls. And the comment we put in about a
- 2 month or two ago to Staff was we wanted to make
- 3 sure that manual controls were not in areas for
- 4 safety, such as garages or common space. And I'm
- 5 not sure if aligning that, which I think we
- 6 already checked Building Code section 1008 for
- 7 egress, whether that covers that or not. We need
- 8 to look into that. But that's an issue that we
- 9 have a concern about, and we don't see new
- 10 language.
- 11 Similarly, on section 130.2(c), which is
- 12 control for outdoor lighting, it's the same
- 13 concern. There's, in multifamily, a fair amount
- 14 of common space, which we have for safety
- 15 lighting. And we want to make sure that there is
- 16 not a requirement to have that light off, even if
- 17 it's turned on with an occupancy or a sensor,
- 18 okay, so it's really a safety concern, not
- 19 necessarily an energy concern.
- 20 So the same issue, two different
- 21 sections.
- MR. STRAIT: I can confirm, we've heard
- 23 one other commenter about making sure that this
- 24 specifies that it's partial-off behavior that's
- 25 being required here, so that it's not simply an

- 1 on-off, all the way on versus completely dark.
- 2 And we can look at what language would be
- 3 appropriate to add to specify that.
- 4 MR. HODGSON: Okay. That would be great.
- 5 I'm sure the language exists in the California
- 6 Building Code, and I just want to make sure it's
- 7 listed.
- 8 Thank you.
- 9 MR. LEE: Yeah. Similarly, for the -- I
- 10 just want to add a supplement to Peter's
- 11 response.
- 12 So for outdoor controls the requirement
- 13 is to dim the lights in the range of 50 to 100
- 14 percent, and so that's the range. And so the
- 15 intent is to provide as much visibility to the
- 16 building (indiscernible) as possible, so, yeah.
- 17 MR. FLAMM: Gary Flamm, independent
- 18 consultant.
- 19 Thank you, Payam, for calling out my
- 20 name.
- 21 This language is far improved over what
- 22 was earlier, so a lot of things have been
- 23 corrected.
- One concern I have is in your allowing
- 25 JA8 lamps for downlights. I think the language

- 1 is fine, but I think it could be confusing in
- 2 that the traditional way of understanding
- 3 downlights for residential is that they're not
- 4 allowed to have screw-base sockets. And I
- 5 imagine that there's going to need to be some
- 6 clarification in the manuals to make that
- 7 distinction, because there's a significant
- 8 distinction between the way the standards treat
- 9 residential lighting and nonresidential lighting.
- 10 So I think the language is fine, but
- 11 because of the traditional way of understanding
- 12 JA8, I think that there could be some confusion.
- Okay. Thank you.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thanks, Gary.
- 15 The one thing that Commissioner
- 16 McAllister had asked us to do for this code cycle
- 17 is to really streamline the manuals and make it
- 18 simpler to understand. So this is one area that
- 19 we'll probably need your assistance in getting it
- 20 in there properly.
- 21 MR. HALL: Philip Hall, Philip Hall
- 22 Images and Light.
- 23 About 130.1(e), Demand Responsive
- 24 Controls, it's still listed that you're looking
- 25 for lighting to be reduced by 15 percent below

- 1 the total installed lighting. I think that
- 2 really needs to be clarified because if a
- 3 building has -- is using either top trimming or
- 4 some other method and it's currently below that
- 5 level, this could result in a rise of power being
- 6 used, rather than a reduction.
- 7 MR. STRAIT: Just as one clarifying note
- 8 for the demand responsive lighting controls, when
- 9 we moved the language to 110.12, we also
- 10 clarified that the requirement that it be -- the
- 11 system be capable of reducing the lighting power
- 12 by a minimum of 15 percent is a demonstration
- 13 that the system is connected correctly and that
- 14 the -- and is able to control lighting in an
- 15 appropriate fashion. We're not intending to
- 16 dictate the actual behavior of that control. We
- 17 expected it be configured according to what best
- 18 serves the utility in the Demand Responsive
- 19 Agreement or is good for the person on site.
- 20 So that 15 percent reduction is not
- 21 intended to be a requirement that that be the
- 22 sole and specific behavior that those controls
- 23 engage in.
- MR. HARING: Good morning, Rick Haring,
- 25 Philips Lighting. Just a few comments.

- 1 In regard to section 130.0(c) regarding
- 2 the rating of modular lighting systems powered by
- 3 a triber (phonetic) power supply, we feel that
- 4 this language really does not address the smart
- 5 cooling technologies and internet of things,
- 6 considerations, for the conditions that will
- 7 likely be mainstream by 2020 when this code
- 8 becomes effective. We don't feel that it's
- 9 accurate or appropriate that modular lighting
- 10 systems, such as power or Ethernet, be charged
- 11 the full input lighting wattage for -- if, in
- 12 many cases, will power much more than lighting,
- 13 such as surveillance cameras, gunshot (phonetic)
- 14 (indiscernible) and so on.
- 15 We would prefer that the rated
- 16 lighting -- the rated input wattage, so the POE
- 17 switch for lighting, be less the wattage of any
- 18 non-lighting related equipment connected to it,
- 19 and we would look for that clarification in the
- 20 code.
- 21 MR. LEE: Yeah. We appreciate your
- 22 comments and please docket it.
- 23 And Staff realized that the POE lighting
- 24 technologies has a lot of development. And as
- 25 part of -- in a recent DOE study, passing

- 1 (phonetic) components of the system is on the
- 2 market is not quite standardized. And so it's --
- 3 yeah, we are watching those developments closely,
- 4 and we certainly consider any suggestions in how
- 5 to improve our language.
- 6 MR. HARING: Well, thank you. Just a
- 7 couple more comments.
- 8 In section 130.1 for Controls
- 9 Interactions, the functionality proposed in Item
- 10 6 appears to contradict that of three, and feel
- 11 that this can be clarified a little bit further.
- 12 This is in regard to the interaction between
- 13 multi-level lighting controls and day-lighting
- 14 controls.
- MR. STRAIT: I can provide a small amount
- 16 of clarification. I know that we get, very
- 17 commonly, a question of if there's a dimmer
- 18 control and a daylight control, whether the
- 19 dimmer control can be used to turn the lighting
- 20 up if there's a need for more lighting after the
- 21 day-lighting controls turn the lighting down.
- 22 And we have specified that our regulations aren't
- 23 intended to prevent or prohibit that labor
- 24 because, again, it's about serving the occupant,
- 25 if occupants want to behave that way. So

- 1 we're -- but we can -- but we would be introduced
- 2 in any improving phrasing you might want to
- 3 suggest.
- 4 MR. HARING: Okay. Thank you. We will
- 5 be providing comments.
- 6 Finally, in section 130.2, we oppose the
- 7 change, the luminaire cutoff requirements from
- $8\,$ 150 watts to 5500 lumens, from reading the BUG
- 9 requirements. Given the wide range of lumen per
- 10 watt specifications, we feel that this might
- 11 impact a number of decorative and specialty
- 12 luminaires that can't meet these requirements,
- 13 and this would limit the choices of designers and
- 14 owners to specify and install these types of
- 15 outdoor lighting. We would encourage further
- 16 evaluation of this requirement.
- MR. STRAIT: One question on that.
- 18 Currently for the cutoff requirements there are
- 19 exceptions for lighting for building facades,
- 20 public monument statues, vertical surfaces or
- 21 bridges. Are there other items that you would
- 22 suggest adding to that list to make it about the
- 23 application of the lighting, rather than about
- 24 the technology used? Just given that 5500 lumens
- 25 is a significant amount of output.

- 1 MR. HARING: Yes, it is. We will be
- 2 providing written comments to the docket.
- 3 MR. STRAIT: Thank you.
- 4 MR. HARING: Thank you.
- 5 MR. JOUANEH: Michael Jouaneh, Lutron
- 6 Electronics.
- 7 Most of the changes, I think, are
- $8\,$ excellent and provide a lot of clarifications and
- 9 increase energy efficiency.
- 10 One concern I have is the new Control
- 11 Interaction section, Item number 4 in particular,
- 12 that says,
- "The multi-level lighting control shall
- 14 permit the demand responsive control to
- increase or decrease the lighting during a
- demand response event."
- 17 The part that concerns me is the
- 18 increase. That's counter to the mission of the
- 19 standard and seems very wasteful, and it's also
- 20 counter to the new Demand Response section which
- 21 says to demonstrate compliance you have to show
- 22 15 percent reduction. So that's one concern that
- 23 we'd like addressed.
- 24 Thank you.
- 25 MR. STRAIT: Thank you. I can provide --

- 1 part of the reason for mentioning an increase is
- 2 to look at more sophisticated demand management-
- 3 types of circumstances. We are seeing situations
- 4 where being able to adjust load up and down
- 5 provides grid benefits, so as not to get in the
- 6 way of those devices as they're developed. That
- 7 is the reason for the inclusion of that term.
- 8 MR. JOUANEH: Understood. I think
- 9 permitting an increase is acceptable, but
- 10 actually requiring the ability to increase or
- 11 decrease is the concern.
- MR. STRAIT: And that's why we use the
- 13 term "permit." It's simply to allow, if the
- 14 control does that, we are not requiring that a
- 15 demand response control be able to increase
- 16 lighting.
- MR. JOUANEH: Okay. Thank you.
- MS. BROOK: Can I ask a question on this
- 19 section? I'm sorry, I didn't get a handy handout
- 20 for this.
- 21 Simon, can you tell me again where you
- 22 are referencing CALGreen? I couldn't find it in
- 23 the language.
- 24 MR. LEE: Oh, it's in section 130.2(b).
- 25 MS. BROOK: 130.2(b). Got it.

- 1 MR. LEE: Yeah, it's in (b)(1). It's
- 2 after the -- yeah, so --
- 3 MR. MCHUGH: Good morning. This is Jon
- 4 McHugh, talking to section 130 -- well, okay.
- 5 (Colloquy)
- 6 MR. MCHUGH: For section 132, what is
- 7 this, 132.(c)(3) where areas where motion-sensing
- 8 controls are required, right now the control
- 9 requirements are described by exclusion rather
- 10 than by inclusion. So where these controls are
- 11 required is for luminaires that are mounted 24
- 12 feet or less, but then says "not for building
- 13 facade, hardscape, sales frontage or outdoor
- 14 lighting," rather than describing what is it
- 15 exactly that you which light you want to
- 16 control.
- 17 And then in addition, the second part,
- 18 you know, indicates that this also applies to
- 19 facades. So it first says you're not -- these
- 20 controls aren't for building facade, and then the
- 21 very next section says they are for facade. So I
- 22 guess the question is, is which one is right?
- 23 And so that's sort of inconsistent.
- 24 But I think it would be -- and there's a
- 25 number of other outdoor lighting applications

- 1 that probably are unintentionally included in
- 2 this standard being written as an exclusionary as
- 3 opposed to -- you know, what exactly do you want
- 4 to control?
- 5 When the case reports were written on
- 6 requirements for bi-level motion controls, it
- 7 really focused on some very -- a narrow scope.
- 8 It was essentially parking lot lighting, retail
- 9 sales lot lighting, gas station canopies. And it
- 10 would probably just make it -- make more sense
- 11 that this be written in terms of a positive
- 12 requirement, just saying, you know, where are
- 13 these things required.
- 14 Additionally, the Codes and Standards
- 15 Team has submitted a letter to the Commission
- 16 earlier in response to the draft Standards, which
- 17 propose that the state could save an additional
- 18 six gigawatt hours per year or 18 gigawatt hours
- 19 for the next code cycle associated with deeper
- 20 reductions after hours. So during normally
- 21 occupied hours when there's no occupancy, to
- 22 reduce lighting levels by 50 percent when there's
- 23 no motion for at least 15 minutes.
- 24 And then after hours, to reduce
- 25 illumination by at least 75 percent after 60

- 1 minutes during the unoccupied hours. And this
- 2 allows for multiple types of controls, including
- 3 combination time clock and motion sensors, motion
- 4 sensors that are designed to dim to one level at
- 5 15 minutes and dim to a lower level at 60
- 6 minutes. Two of the manufacturers that are here
- 7 have submitted comments in support of this
- 8 proposal. And propose that the Commission
- 9 revisit this and look at the potential savings.
- 10 In addition to the energy savings, the
- 11 additional reduction after hours has
- 12 environmental benefits in terms of reducing, you
- 13 know, sky glow and night glare and all those
- 14 other sorts of things.
- 15 So that's my recommendations. Thank you.
- MR. LEE: Response on number one to the
- 17 newly-proposed section (3)(A) and (3)(B) for
- 18 motion-sensing controls, it might look like it's
- 19 new requirements, but actually these are existing
- 20 2016 motion-sensing control requirements.
- 21 And also, response to comment number two,
- 22 Staff found very limited supply of control
- 23 products that can be (indiscernible) proposed
- 24 case requirements. Therefore, Staff has to
- 25 strike a balance and provide flexibility for

- 1 other applications for meeting the proposed
- 2 outdoor controls requirements.
- 3 MR. FLAMM: Gary Flamm, consultant.
- I think it's a good thing that the cutoff
- 5 language was moved to Part 11, but I believe
- 6 there is some residual language in Part 6 about
- 7 exceptions. And I believe that really adds
- 8 confusion to cross-reference the two standards.
- 9 And I had suggested that all language related to
- 10 cutoffs should be deleted from Part 6 and simply
- 11 state that cutoff requirements are in Part 11.
- 12 The history of those cutoff exceptions
- 13 were that utilities were having some challenges
- 14 with rebates and the cutoff requirements, and I'm
- 15 not confident that those challenges still exist.
- 16 So I believe that moving part of the language to
- 17 Part 11 and leaving the residual in Part 6 is
- 18 going to create confusion.
- 19 MS. BROOK: Can somebody, either Gary or
- 20 Simon, explain that? Why is it better to send
- 21 them over to Part 11? I just don't -- I don't
- 22 know anything about this. So it's not obvious to
- 23 a non-lighting geek that that's a good thing to
- 24 do.
- MR. FLAMM: May I?

- 1 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Go ahead.
- 2 MR. FLAMM: I'm not speaking for the
- 3 Energy Commission.
- 4 Part 11 adopted cutoff requirements
- 5 simultaneously with Part 6 and there were some
- 6 conflicts, whereas Part 11 had more robust or
- 7 more stringent cutoff standards than Part 6, so
- 8 there were dueling standards. And so it was a
- 9 decision on where's the best place to house this?
- 10 It should not be both.
- 11 MS. BROOK: Yeah. I'm just -- it's not
- 12 obvious that you'd send it to a Green Building
- 13 Standard instead of keeping it whole with the
- 14 Energy Standard. That's what I don't understand.
- 15 Is it an energy benefit in Part 11, or is it a
- 16 non-energy Green Building Benefit and that's why
- 17 it's in Part 11?
- MR. FLAMM: Well, there's backlight,
- 19 uplight and glare. The Energy Commission
- 20 established that backlight and -- I mean uplight
- 21 and glare had an energy component, but not
- 22 backlight. Part 11 had a backlight requirement.
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- MR. FLAMM: So it could have resided
- 25 either place --

- 1 MS. BROOK: Okay.
- 2 MR. FLAMM: -- but it would not be
- 3 appropriate, in my opinion, to have backlight
- 4 requirements in Part 6. So for the convenience
- 5 of the citizens of California, it would be better
- 6 to have it in one part.
- 7 MS. BROOK: Okay. I just, as a citizen
- 8 of California, I don't think it's convenient to
- 9 some people all around, the different parts of
- 10 the Building Code.
- MR. FLAMM: Um-hmm.
- MS. BROOK: So at least in the manual, it
- 13 has to be explained in one place where all of the
- 14 lighting requirements are; you see what I mean?
- MR. FLAMM: Yes.
- MS. BROOK: So --
- MR. FLAMM: And as long as there's --
- 18 it's a different process of Part 11. And the
- 19 Energy Commission cannot be sure where that's
- 20 going to land.
- 21 MS. BROOK: But it's the -- it's in the
- 22 mandatory section of CALGreen; right?
- MR. FLAMM: Yes.
- MS. BROOK: Okay. Okay. Thanks.
- 25 MR. FLAMM: Did I answer okay,

- 1 Commission? Okay. Thank you.
- 2 MR. STRAIT: I can also add that we do
- 3 plan to include language in the manuals that will
- 4 spell this out, so we're aware of that.
- 5 MR. OCHOA: Good morning, everyone. Greg
- 6 Ochoa with Morrow-Meadows Corporation. We're a
- 7 contracting engineering firm.
- 8 I'd like to track back, if I may, to the
- 9 demand response conversation. There's a nice
- 10 little Easter egg exception in here, section 112,
- 11 I'm looking at (c), exception 1 to 110, 12(c).
- 12 In the exception, it tells me, if I'm wearing my
- 13 engineering hat, that spaces with a lighting
- 14 power density of 0.5 watts per square foot or
- 15 less are not required to install demand
- 16 responsive controls and don't count toward the
- 17 10,000 square foot threshold. So a couple pieces
- 18 to that.
- 19 There's a sense that there's a need for
- 20 an expanded ADR environment. Okay. If we're
- 21 going to do that and we're going to do that via
- 22 this code, that needs to be tightened up a bit.
- 23 Because I can tell you from practical experience
- 24 that most of the spaces that we're now lighting
- 25 are under 0.5 square foot. So if that fact and

- 1 the other fact that I can, this gives me the
- 2 ability, as I'm reading it anyway, this gives me
- 3 the ability to carve out all of those 0.490 watt
- 4 spaces out of the square footage total. Once I
- 5 do that, if you're speaking of perhaps a typical
- 6 office floor, well, if all my perimeter offices
- 7 are 0.4 watts per square foot, now removing all
- 8 of that real estate from my 10,000 square foot
- 9 requirement, I'm going to be left with very few
- 10 buildings that I'm going to be required to, under
- 11 this, to install anything for demand response.
- 12 So this might be an unintended
- 13 consequence. I'm thinking perhaps relying on
- 14 incumbent technologies, we like to call them, or
- 15 legacy technologies to get to this 0.5 number,
- 16 and I just think that needs to be tightened up a
- 17 little bit. Because, honestly, my engineers are
- 18 going to drive a bus through that exception.
- 19 Thank you.
- 20 MR. SHIRAKH: Just one comment. Is that
- 21 a bad outcome, actually, if, you know, people go
- 22 down to that low level in exchange for not having
- 23 demand responses that --
- MR. OCHOA: Great point. Great point.
- 25 So that's kind of why I phrased it, hey, if this

- 1 is the vehicle that we're going to use to get to
- 2 a broader demand responsive landscape in the
- 3 built environment, that's going to have to
- 4 change. Is it a bad thing that we're already
- 5 down at 0.4? Myself and others could argue, hey,
- 6 we should be celebrating. We should be jumping
- 7 up and down that we're able to do that. However,
- 8 those numbers are only going to decrease, to a
- 9 point, once we reach, I don't know, somebody
- 10 throw out a number, 200 lumens per watt, whatever
- 11 it's going to be. These sorts of exceptions are
- 12 not going to give us the tool that we need to
- 13 implement the other thing that we're trying to
- 14 do.
- MR. SHIRAKH: Okay.
- MR. PENNINGTON: So, sir, I have a
- 17 question also. Would you have any suggested
- 18 changes to this language that you think would
- 19 overcome this loophole?
- MR. OCHOA: Yeah. I've been kicking
- 21 around a few different ideas and I've been
- 22 listening to a broad constituency of people at
- 23 the California Energy Alliance, as well. We can
- 24 work through this. I don't want to be flippant
- 25 about it, though. I think we need to be very

- 1 careful how we approach it so that it addresses
- 2 the concerns of the majority of Californians and
- 3 the majority of the stakeholders, a lot of whom
- 4 are in this room. It's very fraught. If I were,
- 5 for instance, to say, well, if we're going to do
- 6 the -- if we're going to accomplish the demand
- 7 responsive environment, one thing we can
- 8 immediately do is lower that wattage a square
- 9 foot to something that's practically and
- 10 economically achievable today with an eye toward
- 11 where it's going to be tomorrow.
- I feel for the Commission and I feel for
- 13 anybody who works with these codes and standards
- 14 because you're at an inherent disadvantage of
- 15 time. You're on that technology curve that's a
- 16 semiconductor product cycle, essentially, six
- 17 months, six months, six months, and these codes
- 18 are only at three-year intervals. We're doing
- 19 the best we can, believe that, but these other
- 20 little bits and pieces that we outpace, so we
- 21 kind of jump the shark on, we need to kind of
- 22 revisit and clean up.
- 23 MR. PENNINGTON: Well, I quess another
- 24 way to attack it might be to lower the 1,000
- 25 square foot.

- 1 MR. OCHOA: Sure. That's another idea
- 2 floating out there. Another common number would
- 3 be 5,000 square feet. That would get at a lot
- 4 more spaces for sure, number one. So there are
- 5 things that can be done, it's just what's the
- 6 right path if, again, if this is going to be the
- 7 mechanism to move us to a broader ADR landscape?
- 8 MR. STRAIT: And just to provide a little
- 9 context to this current exception, this goes
- 10 back, actually, to the originally adopted
- 11 language and the analysis behind that which had
- 12 these cutoffs as part of that analysis. So I
- 13 know that one thing we would likely need to see
- 14 in order to have as much flexibility as we would
- 15 like to have in dealing with this exception would
- 16 be additional analysis showing cost effectiveness
- 17 for smaller spaces or for lower wattage levels
- 18 that would necessarily have a lower residual
- 19 benefit and cost to the user.
- 20 MS. HERNANDEZ: Good morning. Tanya
- 21 Hernandez with Acuity Brands. I just wanted to
- 22 comment about the 55 lumens per watt threshold
- 23 for cutoff.
- 24 Actually, I had a chance to talk to the
- 25 Case Team about this requirement and have a

- 1 better understanding of where it's coming from.
- 2 However, I would like to caution you with the use
- 3 of initial lumens as a metric for enforcement,
- 4 where we're switching from 150 watts to lumens
- 5 that now need to be verified. It's just not
- 6 necessarily seen anywhere else in the code.
- 7 We've been talking about wattage the whole time.
- 8 The other thing is as far as the CALGreen
- 9 piece and the BUG Ratings, this is more of a
- 10 question, and I just want to make sure that I'm
- 11 clear. The backlight component, which was an
- 12 exception, meaning that it did not -- you did not
- 13 have to meet that requirement previously, now
- 14 that you point to Part 11, meaning that now you
- 15 do have to meet that requirement, is that -- that
- 16 is the case?
- 17 MR. STRAIT: No. Because that was a
- 18 mandatory provision in CALGreen, it was always
- 19 required. But it wasn't mentioned in Part 6
- 20 because, as Gary Flamm mentioned, Part 6 would
- 21 not be an appropriate place for that backlight
- 22 component, which is part of why in 2016 we added
- 23 a note saying you also need to look at that
- 24 CALGreen section in order to now that there is an
- 25 additional backlight requirement. And in this

- 1 code cycle, we further simplified that to say
- 2 simply go to CALGreen which contains all the
- 3 requirements.
- 4 MS. HERNANDEZ: Okay. So the way it was
- 5 written, you are correct, it was -- it is very
- 6 confusing because it had only the uplight and
- 7 glare portions of it, so backlight was not
- 8 necessarily considered, so thank you for making
- 9 that clarification. And I do agree that the BUG
- 10 Rating piece, even though, I mean, I think that
- 11 holding on to BUG Ratings is probably a mistake,
- 12 because the way even that standard was written,
- 13 we're not using it the way it was meant to be
- 14 used, but having it in one place is going to be a
- 15 good idea.
- 16 Anyway, so those are my comments. I
- 17 definitely would like you to relook at the
- 18 initial lumens as a metric when we've been
- 19 talking about wattage. Because do you want me to
- 20 have a 200 watt fixture that has less than 55
- 21 lumens -- 5500 lumens? I don't think that's the
- 22 point. Thank you.
- MR. KOTLIER: Hi. Hi, Martha.
- 24 I'm Bernie Kotlier with the International
- 25 Brotherhood of Electrical Workers and the

- 1 National Electrical Contractors Association. We
- 2 represent tens of thousands of electricians and
- 3 thousands of contractors in California.
- 4 I'd like to follow up on a comment made
- 5 by the gentleman from Morrow-Meadows about some
- 6 maybe unintended consequences that could reduce
- 7 the amount of ADR-capable devices that we'll have
- $8\,$ in buildings due to the proposed code. So I'd
- 9 like to draw everybody's attention to a few
- 10 things.
- 11 One is that the Energy Commission itself
- 12 is involved in grants, as funding grants that are
- 13 promoting ADR, ADR training and ADR-capable
- 14 installers.
- 15 The other thing is that SB 350 on the
- 16 renewable side specifically says that state
- 17 agencies should be promoting and facilitating a
- 18 greater capacity of ADR in our buildings. And we
- 19 cannot and will not be able to do that if we
- 20 continually are reducing or we are supporting
- 21 aspects of the proposed code that will reduce
- 22 ADR. So I would like to support the gentleman
- 23 from Morrow-Meadows comments and say that we do
- 24 need to resolve this.
- 25 And I, once again, I'll say, as he has

- 1 said, I don't know that we have the exact
- 2 solution to that. It could be a number of
- 3 approaches. But the idea that we are going to
- 4 have aspects of the code that actually mean there
- 5 will be fewer ADR-capable devices in our
- 6 buildings would be a huge mistake in my
- 7 estimation, and contrary to state policy, and
- 8 contrary to Energy Commission grants and other
- 9 things that are going on, so we need to -- we
- 10 need to address this.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Any more comments?
- 12 Anyone online?
- 13 So since we're ahead of schedule, we're
- 14 going to take about a 20-minute break and come
- 15 back and go right into Subchapter 5. Mark
- 16 Alatorre will start that. That will be sections
- 17 140 through 140.9. Twenty minutes.
- 18 (Off the record at 10:23 a.m.)
- 19 (On the record at 10:47 p.m.)
- 20 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So we're going to move
- 21 CALGreen measures right above Subchapter 6, so
- 22 they'll be right after this presentation that
- 23 Mark, Simon and RJ are going to be doing. And
- 24 then we're going to move the CALGreen, both for
- 25 residential and nonresidential, prior to having

- 1 Subchapter 6 presented. And hopefully that -- we
- 2 can do that before lunch.
- 3 Maziar Shirakh, who's been adamantly
- 4 working on the EDR scores for CALGreen, is --
- 5 wants to present that and wants to be here for
- 6 that discussion, but unfortunately, he has to
- 7 leave right after mine.
- 8 So with that, I think there's one
- 9 gentleman here that still wants to make a comment
- 10 on Subchapter 4. And as soon as that's
- 11 completed, we'll just jump into Subchapter 5.
- MR. ANDER: Greg Ander. I'm an
- 13 architect, and I'm working with California Energy
- 14 Alliance, as well. Just wanted to follow up on a
- 15 conversation -- or a comment that the fellow from
- 16 Morrow-Meadows made, Craig Ochoa, and Bernie
- 17 Kotlier, regarding ADR and demand response.
- 18 (Microphone check.)
- (Colloquy)
- 20 MR. ANDER: Anyway, ADR demand response,
- 21 Bill Pennington mentioned if there are other
- 22 opportunities. And I think you or somebody had
- 23 mentioned, is that a good or a bad thing to be
- 24 able to, you know, control loads and so forth?
- 25 And I would argue, yes, it is. We've had

- 1 multiple conversations with Commission Hochschild
- 2 and others in terms of renewables, as well as
- 3 Steve Berberich at the CalISO. There's a lot of
- 4 interest in having, you know, dynamic loads,
- 5 dynamic pricing, having the controls in place to
- 6 be able to, you know, modulate load. We've all
- 7 heard of duck curve issues and over-generation.
- 8 And to the extent we can, you know,
- 9 control this going forward, it's always hard to
- 10 match up, you know, technology, you know, with
- 11 codes and policy, but I think to the extent we
- 12 can leverage and get some of these embedded into
- 13 the Building Code, so grid operators, whether
- 14 it's at the bulk system or at distribution can,
- 15 you know, use this leverage to balance load and
- 16 help to better -- to saddle benefits of the grid.
- 17 Fair enough. Thank you.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- 19 So with that, we're going to go right
- 20 into discussing the Subchapter 5, which is
- 21 section 143 -- 140 through 140.9. Sorry
- MR. ALATORRE: Okay. My name is Mark
- 23 Alatorre. I'm going to be presenting several
- 24 sections, as well as my colleague, Simon Lee and
- 25 RJ.

- 1 140.3(a)(1), there was clarification in
- 2 the exceptions to section 140.3(a)(1). Now the
- 3 term "thermal mass" was removed from both of
- 4 those exceptions.
- 5 The change to 140.3(a)(3) was to clarify
- 6 that windows installed in demising walls shall
- 7 only be required to meet the U-factor
- 8 requirements of the prescriptive table.
- A similar change to 140.3(a)(5), again
- 10 where windows installed in demising walls would
- 11 only have to comply with the U-factor
- 12 requirements.
- 13 And changes to 140.3(a)(6) was to
- 14 consistently use the term "glazing."
- 15 I'm going to hand it over to Simon now.
- MR. LEE: 140.3, we added this new
- 17 section, 140.3(d), for (indiscernible) devices,
- 18 included clerestories, horizontal slacks and
- 19 light shelves. There are also power adjustment
- 20 factors, PAF, for the luminaires located in
- 21 advanced daylighting device. And I will cover
- 22 those in a later slide for section 140.6.
- 23 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. For the changes to
- 24 the prescriptive section 140.4, the changes to
- 25 section (a) and (b), this was to accommodate

- 1 healthcare facilities. There were changes it the
- 2 heating and cooling load assumptions, the indoor
- 3 design conditions and the outdoor design
- 4 conditions. And these changes were made in
- 5 collaboration with OSHPD staff and with the
- 6 intention of not interrupting current practices
- 7 when designing healthcare facilities.
- 8 1140.4(c), this section was amended and
- 9 now it is in alignment with ASHRAE 90.1 for fan
- 10 power. For silver (phonetic) fan systems over
- 11 five horsepower, they'd have to comply with fan
- 12 power limitation, depending on constant volume or
- 13 variable air volume. We also brought in the
- 14 power adjustment factors from ASHRAE 90.1.
- 15 I wanted to note that there are -- even
- $16\,$ though we have a MERV $13\,$ requirement for new
- 17 construction, we kept the power adjustment
- 18 factors for filters that are lower than that, and
- 19 that's to accommodate alterations. They would
- 20 still be required to comply with fan power, and
- 21 we wanted to give them those -- that pressure
- 22 drop.
- 23 Section 140.4(d), there was changes to
- 24 this section, but in a sense it had no regulatory
- 25 change. What we did is there was a large

- 1 exception with a lot of specific criteria. And
- 2 what we did is we brought that exception into the
- 3 body of section 140.4(d), so it really doesn't
- 4 have any regulatory change.
- 5 For economizers, we added -- we expanded
- 6 the water economizer requirement for -- not just
- 7 for air systems, but for systems that do not used
- 8 forced air. Also included in this requirement
- 9 was for the water economizer to not have -- to
- 10 have a maximum pressure drop less than 15 feet or
- 11 water, or to have a secondary loop to bypass the
- 12 heat exchanger. Also, there was a requirement
- 13 for the water economizer to be fully integrated
- 14 to provide partial cooling.
- 15 Section 140.4(h)(5), this is a
- 16 requirement for cooling towers. So when the
- 17 cooling tower serves a water loop that is greater
- 18 than 900 gallons per minute, the minimum
- 19 efficiency of the tower -- of the tower will be
- 20 60 gallons per minute per horsepower. There was
- 21 an exception -- or two exceptions added, one for
- 22 replacement of building-mounted towers, and also
- 23 for towers serving buildings in Climate Zones 1
- 24 and 16.
- 25 140.4(i), the Duct Leakage Requirements,

- 1 we added, again, now that we're regulating
- 2 healthcare facilities, we added a reference for
- 3 duct systems serving healthcare facilities to
- 4 comply with the OSHPD amendments to the
- 5 California Mechanical Code.
- 6 Section 140.4(o), this is -- this section
- 7 limits the amount of conditioned air delivered to
- 8 any space that's exhaust driven. The limitation
- 9 is for the conditioner to not exceed the greater
- 10 of any of these three, the supply flow required
- 11 for the heating or cooling, or the ventilation
- 12 rate or the mechanical exhaust, minus the
- 13 available transfer air. And we defined what is
- 14 available transfer air as the portion of total
- 15 outdoor ventilation air that is not required to
- 16 satisfy other exhaust needs or to maintain
- 17 pressurization of other spaces and is
- 18 transferrable, according to the new section
- 19 120.1(q).
- 20 Moving on to water heating, we added an
- 21 exception for high-rise, residential and hotel-
- 22 motel occupancies to not have to comply with the
- 23 solar thermal requirements when the building is
- 24 eight stories or higher, and that was due to
- 25 limited roof space.

- 1 And I will hand it back to Simon.
- MR. LEE: In this code update, area
- 3 lighting is used as the baseline lighting
- 4 technology in the development of both indoor and
- 5 outdoor lighting power allowance. And changes to
- 6 section 140.6 includes some updates to the
- 7 lighting power density weight used for the three
- 8 approaches or methods, (indiscernible) method,
- 9 area category method and tailored (phonetic)
- 10 method. We also made changes to definitions of
- 11 building types and functional areas for these
- 12 lighting power allowance.
- 13 For an area type not defined in Table
- 14 140.6(c), for area category method we included a
- 15 provision to allow a reasonably equivalent type
- 16 to be chosen. And for trimmable lighting, which
- 17 is very -- which is a fairly new solar state
- 18 (phonetic) lighting technology, we added a
- 19 luminaire power adjustment in the form of
- 20 multiplier.
- 21 And this is the second part about the
- 22 advanced daylighting device that I mentioned
- 23 earlier is in section 140.6(a)(2)(L), and these
- 24 are power adjustment factors for clerestories,
- 25 light shelves and horizontal slacks.

- 1 Section 140.7, Outdoor Lighting Power
- 2 Allowance, we revised the lighting power
- 3 allowance for general hardscape lighting and
- 4 specific application lighting. We also added a
- 5 new lighting power allowance for narrow band
- 6 spectrum lighting which may be required by local
- 7 or state law to minimize the impact of outdoor
- 8 lighting to astronomy or nocturnal habitat.
- 9 And with that, I turn it back to Mark.
- 10 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. Section 140.9 is
- 11 the Covered Process Prescriptive Requirements.
- 12 And the changes to section (a) for computer
- 13 rooms, we align with the fault detection and
- 14 diagnostic requirements of 120.2(i), so computer
- 15 rooms with an air economizer that's over four-
- 16 and-a-half tons would have to comply with the FDD
- 17 requirements.
- 18 Also added an exception to the air and
- 19 water economizer to computer rooms that
- 20 incorporated fluid economizer. This was in
- 21 response to a compliance option that was approved
- 22 under the 2013 Standards. We've gotten several
- 23 comments already on this added exception and its
- 24 validity, and it will be a subject of ongoing
- 25 discussions with stakeholders.

- 1 Also added an exception for healthcare
- 2 facilities, and that was working with OSHPD.
- 3 Section 140.96, Commercial Kitchens,
- 4 again added an exception for healthcare
- 5 facilities. There was an exception added to most
- 6 of the mechanical sections and, again, that was
- 7 being sensitive to OSHPD's needs and their
- 8 interest in the indoor environments of hospitals.
- 9 Section 140.9(c), here, this is for
- 10 laboratory and factory exhaust systems. We
- 11 aligned with the -- with section 140.4(o), the
- 12 exhaust system transfer. And this is, again,
- 13 setting limitations on the amount of conditioned
- 14 air supplied to these spaces.
- Okay, I'm going to hand it over to RJ to
- 16 discuss the remainder of 140.9.
- 17 MR. WICHERT: All right. For
- 18 140.9(c)(3), we're proposing to add new process
- 19 space requirements for exhaust systems. Process
- 20 exhaust systems will now be prescriptively
- 21 required to comply with ANSI Z9.5 discharge
- 22 requirements and one of three compliance paths.
- 23 The primary prescriptive path is meeting a 0.65
- 24 watts per CFM exhaust system power limit.
- 25 Alternative compliance paths are met through

- 1 exhaust system flow control directed by either
- 2 local wind conditions from a rooftop anemometer
- 3 or contaminant concentration measured in the
- 4 exhaust plume.
- 5 This section is substantially the same as
- 6 it was during our pre-rulemaking October
- 7 workshop, except for a few changes driven by
- 8 stakeholder feedback. The most significant
- 9 change from the language presented during the
- 10 pre-rulemaking workshop is the relaxing of the
- 11 exhaust system fan efficacy from 0.45 to 0.65
- 12 watts per CFM.
- For 140.9(c)(4), we're proposing to add
- 14 new requirements for laboratory fume hoods. Fume
- 15 hood-intensive laboratories with variable air
- 16 volume fume hoods will now be prescriptively
- 17 required to install automatic sash closure
- 18 systems. Fume hood-intense spaces have supply
- 19 air requirements that are driven by the fume hood
- 20 and exhaust. Volume spaces that meet the
- 21 threshold for being fume-hood intense are defined
- 22 in Table 140.96(b).
- Like 140.9(c)(3), there are a few major
- 24 changes to this section since October -- the
- 25 October workshop. The most significant change is

- 1 the simplification of Table 140.9(b). This table
- 2 is now clear on what fume hood density triggers
- 3 this section. Less significant changes include a
- 4 new requirement for obstruction sensors that
- 5 detect glassware (phonetic) and other minor
- 6 clarifications and simplifications.
- 7 And this is the same slide you've been
- 8 seeing, how to submit written comments. If you
- 9 have any questions, let us know. And at this
- 10 time we'll be taking comments on this Chapter 5.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Any comments? Anybody?
- MS. PETRILLO-GROH: Good morning. This
- 13 is Laura Petrillo-Groh with Air Conditioning,
- 14 Heating and Refrigeration Institute.
- I just want to thank, first, thank CEC
- 16 staff for, you know, taking careful
- 17 consideration, harmonizing many proposals with
- 18 90.1. That's very important to industry and the
- 19 90.1 staff do a really good job with their
- 20 analysis, and we appreciate that harmonization
- 21 very much, and for addressing some of the
- 22 pressure -- pressurization and indoor air quality
- 23 concerns in the exhaust system air transfer.
- 24 A quick question about section 140.5.
- 25 Can anyone speak to why the building height

- 1 requirement was changed from four stories to
- 2 eight -- or eight stories to four stories -- four
- 3 stories to eight stories?
- 4 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Danny, could you speak
- 5 to that?
- 6 MR. TAM: We have to pick a number;
- 7 right? So for taller buildings, there's just
- 8 less roof space to install, you know, a solar
- 9 thermal system. So at first we had four, but we
- 10 had comments that, you know, that's too low. So
- 11 we thought eight is a good natural breakpoint
- 12 because, I guess, the construction technique is a
- 13 little different. That number is -- so it's a
- 14 little arbitrary, but we thought that's a good
- 15 number.
- MS. PETRILLO-GROH: Okay. Thank you.
- 17 And just wanted to make a quick comment
- 18 on section 120.1(c)(2), backing up. This has to
- 19 do with the natural ventilation procedure. I'm a
- 20 member of 62 -- ASHRAE 62.1, and there is
- 21 currently a draft addenda going through the
- 22 approval process that the letter -- the
- 23 continuation letter ballot is closing today. So
- 24 I will contact ASHRAE staff to see if we can get
- 25 you all a copy before it officially goes out for

- 1 public review, but the draft addenda limits the
- 2 location to places -- to buildings that are in
- 3 areas that meet national outdoor air standards.
- 4 And the prescriptive path was improved by
- 5 removing the openable area requirement of four
- 6 percent net occupiable floor area, which is
- 7 currently in the draft Title 24. Frankly, no one
- $8\,$ on the committee knew where that number came
- 9 from.
- 10 So rather than keep, you know, an
- 11 arbitrary number in the standard the draft
- 12 addenda proposes to add two tables for minimum
- 13 openable area based on program type, opening
- 14 geometry and spacing of vertical opening. The
- 15 calcs do not consider wind and rely solely on
- 16 buoyancy-driven flow resulting from a one degree
- 17 Celsius temperature difference between indoors
- 18 and outdoors. And this draft addenda also
- 19 includes definitions of a naturally -- natural
- 20 ventilation system and documentation for
- 21 designers to provide with their calculations.
- 22 So I hope to be able to get you that
- 23 because I don't expect to see ASHRAE publish that
- 24 draft addenda in enough time for you to be able
- 25 to consider it or to docket that official public

- 1 review.
- 2 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Quick questions. What
- 3 section? What ASHRAE is that, that's being
- 4 noted, so --
- 5 MS. PETRILLO-GROH: 62.1.
- 6 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: 62.1. And do you know
- 7 when that's going to be done? When is it going
- 8 to be finalized?
- 9 MS. PETRILLO-GROH: Well, I mean, they'll
- 10 release it. If -- the committee has approved the
- 11 draft addenda for public review, but negative
- 12 comments were received among voting members, so
- 13 it was recirculated for letter ballot so members
- 14 could change their votes. That recirculation
- 15 ballot closes today, so I would expect to see a
- 16 public review on that in late March or early
- 17 April. So I will contact ASHRAE staff to see if
- 18 we can get California a first look at that.
- 19 MR. STRAIT: So the version that will be
- 20 out in, presumably, early April, will that still
- 21 be subject to change?
- MS. PETRILLO-GROH: Yes. I mean, that's
- 23 a public review draft. However, I think it might
- 24 be beneficial for California to at least look at
- 25 a calculation-based procedure for natural

- 1 ventilation.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- 3 MS. RODDA: Gina Rodda, Gabel Energy.
- 4 Section 140.3(a); why was there
- 5 consistent crossing out of fenestration and the
- 6 use of window? Because window then implies that
- 7 glass doors are no longer subject to these
- 8 requirements.
- 9 So just my comment is review if that's
- 10 what you really meant to do.
- 11 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: I think -- let me
- 12 review that, but I think if you look at the
- 13 definitions that we have in section 100, there's
- 14 been -- I've got to double check that real quick.
- MS. RODDA: I did already and windows do
- 16 not cover glass doors. So you are excluding a
- 17 window or a glass type that you might not be
- 18 meaning to --
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Okay.
- 20 MS. RODDA: -- whereas fenestration
- 21 includes windows --
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Sure.
- MS. RODDA: -- and glass doors.
- 24 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Yeah, over 25 percent.
- MS. RODDA: Thanks.

- 1 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- 2 MR. STRAIT: The issue was that the
- 3 definition of the term fenestration was actually
- 4 too broad. I remember that being one of the
- 5 drivers for this one.
- 6 Anything online, Ron?
- 7 MR. BALNEG: No.
- 8 MR. STRAIT: No?
- 9 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Anybody online?
- 10 So if no more comments, I think we're
- 11 going to go right into CALGreen and let Ingrid
- 12 present.
- MS. NEUMANN: All right. My name is -
- 14 oopsy-daisy. This is more challenging that it
- 15 appears to be. Okay.
- 16 So my name is Ingrid Neumann.
- 17 (Colloquy)
- MS. NEUMANN: So my name is Ingrid
- 19 Neumann, and I'm presenting on the Voluntary
- 20 Standards in Part 11. These are also known as
- 21 CALGreen. Let's go ahead and look at what we're
- 22 doing for residential.
- 23 So as you've heard, we are using a new
- 24 metric here for the residential compliance.
- 25 We're using the Energy Design Rating in Part 6,

- 1 and we'll be using that same metric here for the
- 2 voluntary portions in Part 11, so both the Tier I
- 3 and the Tier II targets.
- 4 So for Tier I, there is an EDR target
- 5 that needs to be met, or you could, of course, be
- 6 less than that target. And it's going to be
- 7 based on climate zone. I'll also show you that
- 8 chart on the next page. Measures that may be
- 9 considered for reaching those EDR scores are
- 10 additional energy efficiency measures, demand
- 11 management, onsite battery or thermal storage and
- 12 so on.
- 13 So to get these values here on this
- 14 chart, based on climate zone, we actually didn't
- 15 use any additional efficiency measures, but we
- 16 did use time-of-use battery controls for all
- 17 models. Then for the mixed-fuel homes, we
- 18 oversized at a factor of 1.0, so essentially we
- 19 did not oversize. And for mixed-fuel homes, we
- 20 oversized at a very, very modest rate of 1.1.
- 21 I'm sorry, did I say mixed fuels again? I meant
- 22 all electric, right, so for that second column.
- 23 So those are the EDR targets that would
- 24 need to be met to call it Tier I. Of course,
- 25 below that would also be Tier I, unless, of

- 1 course, you want to meet me at Tier II. So
- 2 again, you're meeting or being below that value.
- 3 Paths that may be considered for meeting
- 4 that more stringent Tier II requirement would be
- 5 electrifying space and water heating, using
- $6\,$ advanced electric battery controls or a more --
- 7 or an additional but also modest oversizing of
- 8 the photovoltaic system.
- 9 So these are the values that we came up
- 10 very recently with. Again, we did not use
- 11 additional efficiency measures, other than those
- 12 that are mandatory in Part 6, for these models.
- 13 We did use time-of-use battery controls for all
- 14 of them. And for the mixed-fuel homes, we -- the
- 15 goal was to get to an EDR of zero, but didn't
- 16 allow the PV oversizing to go beyond 1.4, so
- 17 that's why some of the climate zones don't meet
- 18 zero, and EDR of zero for a Tier II because we
- 19 figured oversizing more than 1.4 wasn't a good
- 20 idea with interconnection and other rules.
- 21 So for the all-electric models, we used
- 22 the -- we sized the PV to offset the annual
- 23 kilowatt hours, and that's how we attained these
- 24 charts.
- 25 The prerequisites, the one that remains

- 1 is the quality insulation installation, so that
- 2 remains unchanged. In addition, we are asking
- 3 that you choose one of the following
- 4 prerequisites, so one could choose roof deck
- 5 insulation or ducts and conditioned space, or
- 6 high performance walls. Both of these are
- 7 prescriptive requirements, so they -- that can be
- 8 triggered off again in Part 6, so they are not
- 9 new, so one of those could be chosen. Or
- 10 something that's also found in Part 6 as a
- 11 compliance option is the HERS-Verified Compact
- 12 Hot Water Distribution System and the drain water
- 13 heat recovery systems. So those, in combination,
- 14 would also be one of the additional options one
- 15 would choose.
- Now what we want to remember here is that
- 17 any EDR improvements that we get from choosing
- 18 these options go towards meeting that lower EDR
- 19 requirement for either Tier I or Tier II.
- 20 This slide is very simple. We struck the
- 21 performance approach for additions, so that's no
- 22 longer there for residential.
- Then we'll move on to nonresidential. We
- 24 retain the percent better than the compliance
- 25 value, so we're retaining that performance

- 1 approach. The target percentages continue to be
- 2 the same and they vary depending on whether
- 3 lighting and/or mechanical systems are included,
- 4 same percentage as 5 percent if you have one of
- 5 them, 10 percent if you have both them for Tier
- 6 I, 10 percent for one in Tier II, and 15 percent
- 7 if you have both of them for Tier II, so there's
- $8\,$ no change -- there are no changes there.
- 9 What we did do is add some prerequisites
- 10 here, and we changed the structure of the
- 11 prerequisites. So you're choosing one of these
- 12 prerequisites on the list for Tier I, and you're
- 13 choosing two of them for Tier II. Again, any
- 14 improvements, right, would go to your percentage
- 15 improvement, so you could pick any of that and
- 16 apply it, right, but this is a minimum amount
- 17 that you're asked to choose.
- 18 So the outdoor lighting is one that's
- 19 existing. It was slightly modified to not allow
- 20 unintended consequences. The service water
- 21 heating in restaurants is unchanged. The other
- 22 four are new measures that we can choose from, so
- 23 warehouse dock seal doors, daylight redirecting
- 24 devices, and exhaust air heat recovery. So those
- 25 might not apply to all building types, but we do

- 1 have the triple bottom-line analysis that would
- 2 apply to all building types, so that's a new
- 3 option for the 2019 cycle, as well.
- 4 So that concludes my brief overview of
- 5 the changes for CALGreen for the 2019 update. We
- 6 have the length to the website there. We are
- 7 asking to have comments in by 5:00 p.m. on March
- $8\,$ 5th, so those are the written comments. But, of
- 9 course, we're happy to take comments in person
- 10 now.
- 11 Thank you.
- MR. RAYMER: Thank you. Bob Raymer with
- 13 the California Building Industry Association.
- 14 And the short story is most of our major
- 15 comments have been taken care of, so we
- 16 appreciate that.
- Just going over them sort of one by one,
- 18 the formatting of the tier packages, moving into
- 19 the two sets of tier packages, we strongly
- 20 support, which you've done.
- 21 Moving from a percentage to an EDR and a
- 22 total EDR is done, and so we definitely
- 23 appreciate that. We would have preferred that
- 24 you not specify which efficiency items are in
- 25 addition to QII (phonetic) as a prerequisite, but

- 1 the bottom line here is you're probably going to
- 2 be high-performance attics anyway, so we're not
- 3 going to object to that.
- 4 Let's see, okay, on the -- first off, on
- 5 Climate Zone 16, since you're no longer requiring
- 6 that they meet an EDR of zero, that takes care of
- 7 the Climate Zone 16 problem which we had; right?
- $8\,$ I think you had like six or something above that.
- 9 MR. SHIRAKH: It just was not possible
- 10 in --
- MR. RAYMER: Yeah.
- MR. SHIRAKH: -- either (indiscernible).
- MR. RAYMER: I here you.
- In terms of, if I heard you right, for
- 15 Tier II the photovoltaic array will not be
- 16 allowed to exceed 1.4 times the electric budget;
- 17 is that how I heard that?
- 18 MR. SHIRAKH: That for mixed-fuel homes,
- 19 it will be up to 1.4. In most climate zones, we
- 20 were actually able to get there with less than
- 21 1.4, and this was without any additional energy
- 22 efficiency measures. So they should go to better
- 23 windows and better equipment. You can actually
- 24 take that oversizing even further.
- MR. RAYMER: I guess sort of a process

- 1 issue here then. If you do go to 1.4, is that a
- 2 violation in M-2?
- 3 MR. SHIRAKH: You know, we recommend, you
- 4 know, if a local government wants to adopt that,
- 5 they need to consult their local utility.
- 6 MR. RAYMER: And that's where we get to
- 7 the -- to my final comment.
- 8 We requested that you put in a note under
- 9 the scoping session where you strongly urge the
- 10 local utilities to be involved, in essence, the
- 11 city or county basically drags them to one or
- 12 more of the hearings and, you know, effectively
- 13 have them participating.
- 14 I've been familiar with a number of the
- 15 local adoptions and rarely is the local utility
- 16 brought into it. I know you can't mandate that
- 17 they show up at the hearings and discuss this
- 18 with the local staff, but at least make a note so
- 19 that our local BIAs can basically show the city
- 20 council staff or the county staff, we really need
- 21 these guys here from the onset.
- MR. SHIRAKH: We were planning to add a
- 23 note to the software, ACM, and the compliance
- 24 documentation.
- MR. RAYMER: Okay. That will be fine.

- 1 That will be fine. Okay. Thank you very much.
- MR. SHIRAKH: Thank you, Bob.
- MS. BROOK: Thank you.
- 4 MR. MEYER: Yeah. Bob, this is
- 5 Christopher. I agree with you. And we'll look
- 6 at, in addition to having it in the software, if
- 7 there's an appropriate place to put it in the
- 8 standards, as well.
- 9 MR. RAYMER: Yeah.
- 10 MR. MEYER: Because that is a really
- 11 valuable tool to have the local jurisdictions
- 12 understand the value of coordinating with the
- 13 utilities on this issue.
- MR. RAYMER: And I know this gets sort of
- 15 away from CALGreen as it is right now, but over
- 16 the last couple of weeks there's been at least
- 17 instances where local BIAs have contacted me,
- 18 including this morning, where the local
- 19 jurisdiction is thinking about doing a partial
- 20 ZNE mandate because they're afraid the Energy
- 21 Commission isn't going to adopt the standards
- 22 that you're talking about in April.
- 23 Is there any idea why that rumor seems to
- 24 be bouncing around Southern California? I see no
- 25 basis in it, but --

- 1 MR. MEYER: No, we're not. I mean, there
- 2 have been certain articles that have talked
- 3 about, you know, not meeting ZNE, you know, full
- 4 ZNE goals, even though we've been talking about
- 5 this for a couple years now of, you know,
- 6 offsetting the electrical use, rather than
- 7 creating overgeneration issues and cost in our
- 8 participants.
- 9 So it might be people just who are not
- 10 understanding what we're doing and not
- 11 understanding the difference between offsetting
- 12 electrical load, versus trying to oversize
- 13 systems to offset gas and mixed fuel, as well.
- 14 So we're not sure where this
- 15 misunderstanding is coming from, but we still
- 16 sort of encourage local jurisdictions to talk to
- 17 us before they start adopting mitigation for
- 18 impacts that don't exist.
- 19 MR. RAYMER: I hear you and --
- 20 MS. BROOK: Why wouldn't they just be
- 21 wanting to adopt that level of energy efficiency
- 22 and clean energy in their local ordinances early?
- 23 MR. RAYMER: Okay. I don't know. This
- 24 latest one where there are two jurisdictions, and
- 25 it's more the Riverside area, I don't know the

- 1 exact jurisdictions, I can get that for you,
- 2 they're looking at adopting a modest solar
- 3 requirement for January of 2020, which -- why?
- 4 MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- 5 MR. RAYMER: So anyway, just food for
- 6 thought. I'll be in touch with you guys.
- 7 Thanks.
- 8 MR. STRAIT: I can say that the lack of
- 9 adversarial comments we saw on the solar
- 10 requirements yesterday was very encouraging.
- MR. HILLBRAND: Good morning. Alex
- 12 Hillbrand with National Resources Defense
- 13 Council.
- We appreciate the effort you all are
- 15 putting into CALGreen. We think it's a very
- 16 important part of the code and will provide some
- 17 good opportunity for local jurisdictions to
- 18 require a bit more than the Part 6, among other
- 19 things. I see a lot of encouraging EDR numbers
- 20 here, especially in Tier number 2, so that looks
- 21 great.
- We are hoping that CALGreen can provide
- 23 those local jurisdictions that want to go more in
- 24 the direction of focusing on greenhouse gas
- 25 emissions, we're hoping that CALGreen can provide

- 1 some guidance towards bringing those down
- 2 directly, rather than going through EDR.
- 3 Obviously, even an EDR zero full ZNE home as
- 4 defined still may have some carbon impacts that
- 5 are, you know, basically not mitigated by this
- 6 metric.
- 7 So we did hear that the latest compliance
- 8 software has GHG emissions numbers which is a
- 9 really good step, but it obviously matters where
- 10 those are coming from, what type of emissions
- 11 factor schedule those are emerging from. So
- 12 we're hoping that as this code develops and the
- 13 software continues to develop, we can have a
- 14 discussion about how to map these EDR scores and
- 15 hourly performance to GHG emissions overall. I
- 16 think that would be great.
- We're also hoping that CALGreen has some
- 18 electrification-ready provisions, such as
- 19 including the physical and electrical panel
- 20 space, for example, for heat pump water heaters,
- 21 EV chargers, and the rest.
- 22 All right. Thanks.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- MS. NEUMANN: Thank you.
- MS. BROOK: Can I ask a quick question?

- 1 Not of you, Alex, just of the CALGreen process.
- 2 So correct me if I'm wrong, but isn't
- 3 there something in the research version of the
- 4 CBEC revs that includes different versions of TDV
- 5 with different valuations of carbon, and how does
- 6 that integrate or not integrate with CALGreen?
- 7 MR. SHIRAKH: Yes, there is. When the
- 8 user actually uses the CALGreen option, there's a
- 9 checkbox; three options appear to capture the
- 10 societal cost of carbon from a relatively modest
- 11 cost to an aggressive cost. And, you know, the
- 12 user can choose one of those three options, and
- 13 those costs will get added to the cost of TVD
- 14 and --
- MS. BROOK: But we're not explaining that
- 16 or describing that in our CALGreen regulations?
- MR. SHIRAKH: I think we should.
- 18 MS. BROOK: Okay. That was my question.
- MR. SHIRAKH: Yeah, we really should.
- 20 And that has a net effect of making all-electric
- 21 option modestly more attractive than otherwise.
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- 23 MR. SHIRAKH: So that is already in there
- 24 and it can be used. When somebody is trying to
- 25 pick measures, they can have that and choose

- 1 measure that -- it will get them a little bit
- 2 more additional EDR credit --
- 3 MR. HILLBRAND: Right.
- 4 MR. SHIRAKH: -- for certain measures.
- 5 MR. HILLBRAND: Great. Thanks, Martha
- 6 and Mazi.
- 7 MR. HODGSON: Mike Hodgson, ConSol,
- 8 representing CBIA. This is kind of a question, a
- 9 theme that came from yesterday, and it has to do
- 10 with -- louder? Normally I'm quiet.
- 11 This has to do with the oversizing
- 12 question that we brought up yesterday. And
- 13 yesterday's discussion was, at one point, six
- 14 times oversizing and whether that would be
- 15 allowed by the utility.
- 16 So assuming a jurisdiction now adopts
- 17 Tier II at 1.4 and makes the cost effective
- 18 analysis to the Commission, which is also
- 19 interesting in itself which we will not comment
- 20 on, what happens if the utility says, no, we
- 21 won't hook up to oversized units? Does that then
- 22 approach the Commission and the Commission says,
- 23 no, you cannot adopt Tier II because that
- 24 prevents building permits from occurring, or is
- 25 that an automatic way for the local jurisdiction

- 1 to produce, basically, a barrier for new
- 2 construction?
- 3 MR. STRAIT: So one clarification is that
- 4 the 1.4 oversizing factor was used in our
- 5 calculations to find that the zero for Tier II
- 6 was achievable, but there are other ways to get
- 7 there. We're not mandating or requiring that an
- 8 oversizing of the PV system be used. As Mazi had
- 9 mentioned, if you incorporate additional
- 10 efficiency features, you may not need to oversize
- 11 the system at all to achieve that zero.
- MS. BROOK: Right. But I think the point
- 13 is that our EDR calculations coming out of our
- 14 compliance software will still keep going down
- 15 with higher PV system; right? And that's where
- 16 it sort of makes us complicit in some way because
- 17 we're -- right? Isn't --
- 18 MR. SHIRAKH: Yeah. So these are
- 19 recommendations for local governments. And
- 20 again, we are recommending that, you know, if
- 21 they do go to an EDR score of zero with a 1.3
- 22 oversizing factor, they need to check with their
- 23 local utility and see if they will support that.
- 24 If they don't, if they're comfortable with going
- 25 with only 1.1, then they need to go back to the

- 1 software and oversize with 1.1 and other features
- 2 and see what EDR score they'll get to.
- 3 So we're not compelling people to
- 4 oversize by any factor, unless it is permissible
- 5 to do so.
- 6 MS. BROOK: Maybe it's a yesterday issue
- 7 that we're talking about.
- 8 MR. SHIRAKH: So yesterday's issue was --
- 9 we were talking about Part 6, and there was no
- 10 oversizing involved or any --
- 11 MS. BROOK: Well, where did the 1.6 come
- 12 up yesterday? I don't remember.
- MR. SHIRAKH: I don't remember because,
- 14 you know, we're talking about Part 6 compliance
- 15 for both prescriptive and performance. There was
- 16 no oversizing.
- MS. BROOK: Well, what about EDR step
- 18 two, does the EDR keep going down if you have
- 19 over one in your PV sizing?
- 20 MR. STRAIT: So actually, I remember that
- 21 yesterday the issue was when you have a battery
- 22 system installed, then you are allowed to
- 23 oversize your system in the CBEC software.
- MR. SHIRAKH: That's all for Part 11.
- 25 That's not for Part --

- 1 MR. PENNINGTON: This was heat pump water
- 2 heater specification for a couple of climate
- 3 zones. I think that's where we maybe got there.
- 4 MS. BROOK: Oh.
- 5 MR. PENNINGTON: And in particular, in
- 6 Climate Zone 16, you have to have a substantial
- 7 oversizing. And I think that might be the only
- 8 area that's really at issue here. I don't really
- 9 remember my --
- 10 MR. SHIRAKH: There is -- for Part 6,
- 11 there is no oversizing required.
- MS. BROOK: Not required. Allowed.
- MR. SHIRAKH: Or even allowed, unless --
- 14 because you can get to all of our prescriptive PV
- 15 requirements without any battery, without any
- 16 oversizing. So the discussion got a little bit
- 17 muddied when we started talking about heat pump
- 18 water heaters in some climate zones. You would
- 19 need a modest amount of PVs, we're talking about
- 20 300 watts --
- MS. BROOK: Uh-huh.
- MR. SHIRAKH: -- but one panel --
- MS. BROOK: Uh-huh.
- 24 MR. SHIRAKH: -- sometimes less to make
- 25 up the difference between a heat pump water

- 1 heater with a 2.0 COP and kind of bring it in
- 2 line with a Tier 3 water heater. So, I mean,
- 3 we're talking about a very small amount of PV,
- 4 except in Climate Zone 16. But that's
- 5 prescriptive measures. And --
- 6 MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- 7 MR. SHIRAKH: -- you know, there is an
- 8 alternative to comply with those requirements
- 9 without putting any additional PVs if you put a
- 10 Tier 3 --
- MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- MR. SHIRAKH: -- compliant heat pump
- 13 water heater. So let's not --
- MS. BROOK: Okay. So it sounds to me
- 15 like --
- MR. SHIRAKH: -- try not to get confused.
- MS. BROOK: -- this is maybe an ACM issue
- 18 that we'll --
- MR. SHIRAKH: Right.
- 20 MS. BROOK: -- discuss in the spring.
- 21 And I would ask stakeholders to say -- to do
- 22 the -- look at the software, do the calcs. And
- 23 if our EDRs go down in either step one or step
- 24 two, if you have over a 1.0 sizing, that's when
- 25 we have to have that discussion about, you know,

- 1 is that a good thing or not; right?
- MR. HODGSON: Yeah. Yesterday's
- 3 discussion was based on the battery and the
- 4 ability of the software allowing you to increase
- 5 the size of the PV system if you checked the box
- 6 that you have a battery.
- 7 MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- 8 MR. HODGSON: We'll cover that in that
- 9 discussion.
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- 11 MR. HODGSON: This discussion is if we
- 12 oversize based on Tier II and the utility says
- 13 I'm not going to hook up those building permits,
- 14 is there an off ramp to them reconsider either
- 15 Tier II is not acceptable to that jurisdiction
- 16 and thus not acceptable to the Energy Commission
- 17 and not approve it.
- MS. BROOK: Um-hmm. Okay.
- 19 MR. HODGSON: So I think there could be
- 20 language that's added to say where permissible,
- 21 these are the scores, where not, you need to
- 22 recalculate to whatever permissible is --
- 23 MR. SHIRAKH: I think that was our
- 24 intention.
- MR. HODGSON: Okay. So --

- 1 MR. SHIRAKH: That's we have -- we're
- 2 going to have that warning and that conversation
- 3 in the local government utility to determine what
- 4 level is acceptable, and then recalculate the
- 5 target EDR based on that.
- 6 MS. BROOK: Well, I mean --
- 7 MR. HODGSON: So I think that's great to
- 8 say it's permissible, but it needs to be in code.
- 9 Because if it's not in the statute --
- MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- 11 MR. HODGSON: -- that says that if it's
- 12 not allowed, then you must recalculate, then they
- 13 can have a discussion with you and go, no, we
- 14 disagree --
- MS. BROOK: That's right.
- MR. HODGSON: -- and we're no longer
- 17 going to --
- MR. SHIRAKH: Okay.
- MS. BROOK: Well, and the other thing,
- 20 too, is that -- I don't have the CALGreen
- 21 language in front of me -- I understood that this
- 22 is just the easiest way for you to model lower
- 23 EDR numbers, but that I would hope that the code
- 24 language actually doesn't say to oversize PV, but
- 25 to do additional --

- 1 MS. NEUMANN: It does not.
- MS. BROOK: -- energy efficiency.
- 3 MS. NEUMANN: It does not. No. This is
- 4 simply one way that we found it to be possible.
- 5 MS. BROOK: Right. But that's not --
- 6 it's really our proceeding that has that
- 7 discussion in it, it's not the CALGreen --
- 8 MS. NEUMANN: Correct.
- 9 MS. BROOK: -- proposed language that --
- MS. NEUMANN: Correct.
- 11 MR. HODGSON: Right. But the reality is
- 12 if you try to do this number on efficiency alone
- 13 or just with normal PV sizing, it's impossible.
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- MR. HODGSON: I mean -- and if you want
- 16 to do compliance runs and document what the
- 17 actually energy efficiency is by climate zone,
- 18 it's a lot of work, I'm sure we can all agree.
- MS. BROOK: Well, no, I think that's what
- 20 I would hope that you could put the comments into
- 21 a docket about. If you don't think that these
- 22 are realistic recommendations for CALGreen,
- 23 they're not -- you can't get there with cost
- 24 effective efficiency. You have to oversize your
- 25 PV system beyond where you're comfortable with

- 1 interconnection rules, those are comments we need
- 2 to hear.
- 3 MR. HODGSON: Well, by definitely,
- 4 CALGreen is not cost effective.
- 5 But ignoring that, the issue really is,
- 6 is are we giving the local jurisdiction an
- 7 ability to adopt something that has the remote
- 8 possibility --
- 9 MS. BROOK: Um-hmm.
- 10 MR. HODGSON: -- of not being accepted
- 11 by -- I should say remote -- has the possibility
- 12 of not being accepted by the electric utilities.
- MS. BROOK: Right. Right. Okay.
- MR. HODGSON: And if that's true, then we
- 15 need an off ramp.
- MS. BROOK: Okay.
- MR. HODGSON: That's all.
- 18 MR. MEYER: Okay. Yeah, Mike, you know,
- 19 we'll discuss that and see if -- the best way to
- 20 do it. Because we are cognizant and we want to
- 21 make sure that we don't put something into CBEC.
- 22 And we also were very careful not to say, you
- 23 know, use CBEC to get to this and then have the
- 24 ability of CBEC to cause conflict with
- 25 interconnection rules, so --

- 1 MR. HODGSON: Yeah.
- 2 MR. MEYER: -- we'll take a look at that.
- 3 And as you know, it's sort of the same
- 4 thing with sort of the cost effectiveness. You
- 5 know, we make a finding on CALGreen that's a
- 6 diminishment of energy consumption and we just
- 7 check to see if they did a cost effectiveness
- 8 analysis. We don't actually have the authority
- 9 to tell them, you're cost effective analysis was
- 10 wrong and we're, therefore, denying your
- 11 application. And it's a weird piece in there,
- 12 but our authority doesn't go to the point of
- 13 saying that their CEQA analysis was wrong. It's
- 14 just we make a finding that what they're
- 15 proposing represents diminishment in energy
- 16 consumption compared to our Part 6.
- MR. HODGSON: Well, and as my comments
- 18 were yesterday, we strongly recommend that you
- 19 give them some guidance on how to do cost
- 20 effectiveness.
- 21 MR. PENNINGTON: So, Mike, the regulatory
- 22 language related to locally-adopted ordinances
- 23 are almost a statutory echo or slightly -- worded
- 24 slightly differently, but the statute is really
- 25 clear about what the Commission's authority is,

- 1 and it doesn't give us the authority to direct
- 2 them on how to do cost effectiveness analysis.
- 3 So, I mean, you might want to look at
- 4 that statute. And if you disagree with that, you
- 5 know, tell us with your argument.
- 6 MR. HODGSON: Okay. Will do.
- 7 MR. SHIRAKH: Also, I think we should
- 8 talk about this next week offline, but I just
- 9 wanted to reiterate that for Part 6 compliance,
- 10 you do not need any oversizing or batteries to
- 11 comply --
- MR. HODGSON: I understand that.
- MR. SHIRAKH: -- I mean, all-electric or
- 14 mixed-fuel homes.
- MR. HODGSON: Got it. I understand that.
- MR. SHIRAKH: Thank you.
- 17 MR. TAM: I just want it as something for
- 18 clarification. So when you do a heat pump water
- 19 heater option in Part 6, that doesn't require you
- 20 to oversize, so the PV requirement space on the
- 21 mixed-fuel electricity use. So when you go to
- 22 heat pump, then we add the extra PV requirement.
- 23 It's just offsetting the extra electricity load,
- 24 so you're not oversizing when you do -- when you
- 25 do a heat pump.

- 1 MR. KUCH: Chris Kuch, Southern
- 2 California Edison.
- 3 Just to follow up on these comments, so
- 4 part of the
- 5 Codes and Standards Team and one of the
- 6 subprograms that we have is the Reach Code
- 7 Subprogram, so we work really closely with Ingrid
- 8 in development of the cost effectiveness studies
- 9 that local jurisdictions lean upon as part of
- 10 their adoption of the local ordinance.

11

- 12 So at Edison, we're keenly aware of the
- 13 impacts a lot of these new things going into code
- 14 may have on the grid. So as part of our ongoing
- 15 effort to support local jurisdictions in their
- 16 adoption of, you know, CALGreen and things like
- 17 that in their local ordinance, we will be taking
- 18 into account potential grid impacts. So
- 19 hopefully, you know, in this partnership that we
- 20 have we'll be able to mitigate any potential
- 21 obstacles that a jurisdiction might have with
- 22 interconnecting with the grid and making sure
- 23 that grid harmonization is there.
- 24 So I just wanted to put that out there.
- 25 Thank you.

- 1 MS. NEUMANN: Thank you.
- 2 MR. CAIN: Joe Cain with the Solar Energy
- 3 Industries Association.
- 4 It is a very interesting and important
- 5 discussion about the oversizing, and so I realize
- 6 the sensitivities there and I think that's
- 7 something that we definitely need to work
- 8 through. And in particular, you know, more
- 9 dialogue between the Commission and the solar
- 10 industry and utilities may be helpful, if we
- 11 could put together some kind of subgroup to
- 12 explore those issues, and the builders, of
- 13 course.
- But -- and I don't -- it also makes me
- 15 thing that in addition to the actual writing of
- 16 the standards, that this is going to be one area
- 17 that needs a lot of education and one area that
- 18 may need some commentary, some white papers, some
- 19 other forms of communication to specifically
- 20 resolve stuff that actually doesn't end up in the
- 21 code.
- 22 But that said, and, you know, willingness
- 23 to work on those communication issues, I do want
- 24 to express that SEIA is very supportive of the
- 25 approach taken in the CALGreen with the two

- 1 tiers, with the getting local communities the
- 2 option to get to zero or near zero. So I just
- 3 wanted to express that general support and thank
- 4 the Commission for the efforts that have gone
- 5 into that, creating those strategies.
- 6 Thank you.
- 7 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Joe, that's a good
- 8 point. One thing Mazi doesn't know yet, but he
- 9 will be working on developing a whole new chapter
- 10 in the residential manual dedicated to PVs and
- 11 storage and the whole grid authorization.
- MR. CAIN: Yay. I would be very
- 13 interested in being a reviewer on that.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: He doesn't know about
- 15 that.
- 16 MR. SHIRAKH: He volunteers you to be a
- 17 reviewer already.
- MR. CAIN: I volunteer.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: You can be a reviewer.
- 20 MR. CAIN: Reviewer. Thank you very
- 21 much.
- MR. SHIRAKH: One other point that I was
- 23 going to make related to oversizing, as the slide
- 24 shows, the oversizing is only an issue for mixed-
- 25 fuel homes. For all-electric homes, as you can

- 1 see, the PV is sized to offset the annual
- 2 kilowatt hours. And we can get to an EDR score
- 3 of zero in 14 climate zones without oversizing or
- 4 violating NEM (phonetic) rules or all-electric
- 5 homes.
- 6 So that's something to keep in mind, that
- 7 when we're talking about oversizing being an
- 8 issue, it's only for mixed-fuel homes.
- 9 MR. MEYER: This is Christopher just
- 10 following up. I understand a lot of people have
- 11 some sort of concerns as far as signals that are
- 12 being sent to local jurisdictions. And, you
- 13 know, we greatly appreciate, you know, PG&E,
- 14 Edison, other utilities that are working with the
- 15 locals to support them in their efforts to do
- 16 reach codes. And it just sort of sends some good
- 17 signals.
- 18 Also, people might be aware of the
- 19 local -- the model solar ordinance that went out
- 20 as sort of guidance for local jurisdictions on
- 21 how to -- for the current cycle -- how to do a
- 22 solar ordinance that doesn't create unnecessary
- 23 impacts and makes it easier for locals to put
- 24 together a solar ordinance, solar reach code that
- 25 makes sense.

- 1 Our thought in putting forward that solar
- 2 model ordinance was -- the PV model ordinance was
- 3 that there would be other ones in the future.
- 4 That one would be updated for the 2019 cycle and
- 5 that, you know, other areas, you know, there
- 6 would be increases. And it could be one where,
- 7 if local jurisdictions wanted to get to a lower
- 8 EDR score, that there could be model ordinances
- 9 that were put together, you know, if, you know,
- 10 resources could be brought together and, you
- 11 know, sort of the brain trust brought together to
- 12 give local ordinances -- excuse me, local
- 13 jurisdictions a way of meeting these goals, you
- 14 know, these, you know, lower EDRs without
- 15 creating unintended consequences or without
- 16 increases their risk that the utilities would not
- 17 connect to them.
- 18 So, you know, I appreciate Mike's
- 19 comments on that. And I think that some sort of
- 20 best management practices that are put out as
- 21 education to local jurisdictions could be very
- 22 beneficial. So that's something that I think
- 23 we'll continue to talk about as we move forward.
- MS. HERNANDEZ: Hi. Tanya Hernandez,
- 25 Acuity Brands.

- 1 Please forgive my ignorance if it is, so
- 2 (a)(5) is a part of this, as well?
- 3 MS. NEUMANN: (a)(5) is the appendix for
- 4 the nonresidential, like the voluntary.
- 5 Basically, when I'm mentioning nonresidential
- 6 here, it is Appendix 5.
- 7 MS. HERNANDEZ: Okay.
- 8 MS. NEUMANN: -- of 5.2, section 5.2.
- 9 And then for the residential, it's 4.2. Yeah.
- 10 MS. HERNANDEZ: Okay. I just wanted to
- 11 make sure I'm commenting during the right period.
- 12 Is this right?
- MS. NEUMANN: Correct. This is --
- MS. HERNANDEZ: Okay.
- MS. NEUMANN: Yes.
- MS. HERNANDEZ: Thank you. Sorry.
- 17 So I didn't, unless I just had a brain
- 18 fart, did not hear anything about the limitation
- 19 of CCT on outdoor lighting.
- 20 MS. NEUMANN: So that was the slight
- 21 modification that we had for the outdoor
- 22 lighting.
- MS. HERNANDEZ: Yup.
- MS. NEUMANN: Right. So everything
- 25 remains the same, except where limiting that

- 1 color temperature to 3000 kelvin.
- MS. HERNANDEZ: Right. Okay. So I
- 3 wanted to comment on -- about that particular
- 4 change.
- In the Statement of Reason, it says,
- 6 "The purpose of the proposed regulation is to
- 7 restrict light frequencies in outdoor
- 8 lighting applications that have been found to
- 9 disturb biological system diurnal patterns."
- 10 So I wanted to make sure that the science
- 11 is right for every study, that you'll hear about
- 12 blue light, you'll hear another story about --
- 13 that CCT is not even the parameter we should be
- 14 looking at when it comes to circadian
- 15 entrainment. It's about the light that gets in
- 16 your eye, not necessarily just the color of the
- 17 light itself.
- 18 I would ask that the -- even though this
- 19 is voluntary, this stuff tends to become quickly
- 20 mandatory once nobody balks at the voluntary side
- 21 of it. That -- light and health is -- it's very
- 22 important. I don't want to mince words about
- 23 that. But we don't want to just start putting in
- 24 limitations because the AMA came out with a
- 25 report that people just took and ran with when

- 1 there are multiple studies that talk about how
- 2 you appropriately design lighting for humans, and
- 3 animals as well.
- 4 So just be clear and make sure you're
- 5 looking at all the science, not just some very
- 6 particular commentary on 3000 kelvin.
- 7 MS. NEUMANN: Thank you.
- 8 MR. BENYA: Jim Benya, Benya Burnette
- 9 Consultancy.
- 10 To disagree with Tanya, I'd just like to
- 11 say that the only significant statement by any
- 12 organization on the planet that's in a position
- 13 to make a statement like this is from the
- 14 American Medical Association. And they talked
- 15 about the impact, potential impact of light at
- 16 night on humans and animals. We also have a
- 17 considerable amount of information from Professor
- 18 Traverse Longcore, University of Southern
- 19 California, and others out there that are
- 20 supporting the same issue.
- I appreciate Tanya's point because we do
- 22 have a disagreement in the industry. The IES and
- 23 the AMA don't agree. But in my professional
- 24 opinion and what we tell our clients is, first,
- 25 do no harm, take the path that is the most

- 1 precious, if you will. And at this point, from
- 2 everything we know in the world today, the AMMA
- 3 position is probably the one to stick with until
- 4 we learn more. And not that science hasn't
- 5 changed a lot and not that things aren't changing
- 6 a lot as we go along, but this was the right
- 7 decision in my opinion.
- 8 Thank you.
- 9 MS. NEUMANN: Thank you.
- 10 MR. RAYMER: Bob Raymer with CBIA, and
- 11 also as a member of the Green Building Code
- 12 Advisory Committee for the Building Standards
- 13 Commission.
- I think you get a flavor for the type of
- 15 disagreements or whatever that will come before
- 16 the Code Advisory Committee. So to the extent
- 17 that you can provide some solid background for
- 18 whatever you decide to go with on this particular
- 19 point would be great. That way it won't become a
- 20 two- to three-hour discussion, which I've seen
- 21 happen before on other issues.
- Thank you.
- MR. SHIRAKH: (Off mike.)
- 24 (Indiscernible.)
- MR. RAYMER: What you just heard, yeah.

- 1 MS. BROOK: Hey, Bob --
- 2 MR. RAYMER: Yeah?
- 3 MS. BROOK: -- there are stakeholders in
- 4 the room, myself included. I don't think I'm a
- 5 stakeholder, but I have this question. And maybe
- 6 you could help us because we don't really
- 7 understand the timing and the schedule of the
- 8 code -- Green Building Code Advisory Committee.
- 9 MR. RAYMER: Sure. Unlike Part 6 where
- $10\,$ the CEC adopts and the Building Standards
- 11 Commission approves, and you guys have a
- 12 perfectly understandable and well established
- 13 timeline for all of that to occur, what's going
- 14 to be happening in the coming months, all of the
- 15 agencies, the Department of Housing and Buildings
- 16 Standards Commission and DSA, in particular, need
- 17 to get their green building proposals into the
- 18 Building Standards Commission for processing in
- 19 the April time frame. That way the BSC can put
- 20 them all into a singular format and then get them
- 21 out to interested parties, who then would attend
- 22 the Code Advisory Committee meetings in the month
- 23 of July and the first two weeks of August. And
- 24 they have not established when the Accessibility
- 25 Committee will be meeting, or the Green Building,

- 1 but we've been given those six weeks of time
- 2 frame right there.
- 3 What will then happen is after the Code
- 4 Advisory Committee meets the agencies will then
- 5 have about two weeks to respond. They either
- 6 agree with the Code Advisory Committee, they
- 7 disagree or whatever, but then they basically
- 8 turn the draft $45-\mathrm{day}$ language into formal $45-\mathrm{day}$
- 9 language and get it back to the BSC for
- 10 processing. That will take place within two to
- 11 three weeks after the Code Advisory Committee
- 12 meeting. Then there will be a December and,
- 13 probably, January meeting of the Building
- 14 Standards Commission. I believe the December
- 15 meeting is December 4th and 5th. And if they
- 16 can't get it all done on the 4th and 5th, they'll
- 17 have a January date to finish the adoption, just
- 18 like they did this last time around.
- 19 So that's sort of the adoption process.
- 20 MS. BROOK: So is the Code Advisory
- 21 Committee membership already established and --
- MR. RAYMER: That's --
- MS. BROOK: -- or is there a way the
- 24 stakeholders could apply?
- MR. RAYMER: That deadline was about two

- 1 weeks ago.
- 2 MS. BROOK: Okay.
- 3 MR. RAYMER: The Building Standards
- 4 Commission will be meeting on -- not the
- 5 Commission. The Code Change Committee of the
- 6 Building Standards Commission will be meeting on
- 7 February 14th to go through all the resumes that
- 8 have been turned in, and a whole bunch have been
- 9 turned in for Green Building, as you can imagine.
- 10 And then at the April Building Standards
- 11 Commission meeting, the nominees for each of the
- 12 Code Advisory Committees will be formalized at
- 13 the April full commission of the meeting --
- 14 business -- or Building Standards Commission.
- MS. BROOK: Thank you so much.
- MR. STRAIT: I will add, just
- 17 procedurally, that discussions like this is one
- 18 of the reasons that we moved in both of the
- 19 residential and nonresidential sections to a
- 20 choose one out of a menu format to accommodate
- 21 these kinds of discussions.
- MR. MARTIN: Good morning. My name is
- 23 John Martin. I'm here representing the
- 24 International Association of Lighting Designers.
- 25 And I just want to come back to the 3000

- 1 CCT outdoor lighting issue. And I'm not
- 2 endorsing any of the previous comments, nor
- 3 disputing them, other than to point out that
- 4 there are serious scientific questions regarding
- 5 the report in 2016 by the American Medical
- 6 Association's Council on Science and Public
- 7 Health. And it should not be relied on as a
- 8 source of unbiased scientific advice.
- 9 MS. NEUMANN: Thank you for that.
- MR. FLAMM: Gary Flamm.
- 11 Also about the 3000 CCT, I would assume
- 12 that there's a different threshold for the
- 13 various outdoor lighting zones whereas it might
- 14 make sense to have a lower CCT for Outdoor
- 15 Lighting Zones 0, 1 and 2. I don't -- it doesn't
- 16 make sense to me. I don't know the science, but
- 17 it doesn't make sense to me for Outdoor Lighting
- 18 Zone 4, the whole arguments about (indiscernible)
- 19 scotopic vision (phonetic). Intuitively, I would
- 20 assume that Lighting Zone 4, it doesn't matter.
- 21 And varying CCTs may be used for marketing
- 22 reasons, such as a car lot.
- 23 So I'm not sure that there's a one-size-
- 24 fits-all answer across all outdoor lighting
- 25 zones.

- 1 MS. NEUMANN: Thank you.
- MR. MEYER: We have a question online.
- George, are you there?
- 4 MR. NESBITT: Yes. Can you hear me?
- 5 MR. MEYER: Yes. Please state your name
- 6 and your affiliation.
- 7 MR. NESBITT: Yeah. George Nesbitt, HERS
- 8 Rater.
- 9 So just a couple things. On EDR, I think
- 10 people need to understand that the scale is 100
- 11 to 0 being the standard design, which is based on
- 12 this 2006 (indiscernible), and zero being net
- 13 zero energy based on (indiscernible). So a score
- 14 of 50 percent (indiscernible) than the standard
- 15 (indiscernible) --
- MR. MEYER: George, this is Christopher.
- 17 Sorry to interrupt you, but you're breaking up a
- 18 little bit. I just wanted to make sure we didn't
- 19 lose any of your comment.
- 20 MR. NESBITT: Yeah. I can hear a slight
- 21 echo back on (indiscernible). So --
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: George --
- MR. NESBITT: -- I think --
- 24 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: -- we keep losing you.
- 25 MR. PENNINGTON: Sometimes, George, if

- 1 you don't use a headset, you avoid that echo.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Is it better for you
- 3 just to submit your comments in writing to us,
- 4 George?
- 5 UNIDENTIFIED MALE: (Off mike.) Have him
- 6 use the chat function on the --
- 7 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Or use the chat
- 8 function on your own computer.
- 9 MR. STRAIT: Yeah. We're not hearing
- 10 anything at the moment.
- 11 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Okay. We'll come back
- 12 to you.
- 13 Anybody else? So if there's no one else,
- 14 and it's time -- it's almost 12:00, should we
- 15 take a lunch break?
- 16 So I apologize for not being able to
- 17 capture George, but we'll come back after lunch
- 18 and see if we can do a better job with George.
- 19 How about this, reconvene back here again at one
- 20 o'clock, and we'll start with Thao presenting
- 21 Subchapter 6. Thank you.
- 22 (Off the record 11:53 a.m.)
- 23 (On the record at 1:03 p.m.)
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So if you folks are
- 25 ready, we're going to start the second -- the

- 1 afternoon session of the Commission hearings.
- 2 But before we start with Subchapter 6,
- 3 the nonresidential, high-residential, hotel-motel
- 4 additions -- alterations, George Nesbitt was
- 5 trying to get on the communication with us on the
- 6 CALGreen. I just wanted to see if he still wants
- 7 to make those comments, or would he be -- is it
- $8\,$ more beneficial for him to submit those comments
- 9 in writing to us?
- 10 MR. BALNEG: Hi, George. Are you on the
- 11 line?
- MR. NESBITT: Can you understand me
- 13 without me breaking up?
- MR. BALNEG: Yeah. It sounds a little --
- 15 a lot more clear now. Go ahead.
- MR. NESBITT: Okay. Just a point I have
- 17 made many times before and I'm making it again, I
- 18 think you're going to run up against reality with
- 19 net metering rules and how much people or a
- 20 customer is allowed to install, not only under
- 21 Part 6, but especially under Part 11. Because in
- 22 order -- in order to reach EDR scores, people are
- 23 going to have to use more PV. The Energy
- 24 Commission has said that you can only get as low
- 25 as 30 or 40 without it. So the net metering

- 1 rules, if you don't already have existing use,
- 2 limit you to two watts per square foot. So you
- 3 could maybe justify saying you're going to add
- 4 electrical use beyond plans, but I think what
- 5 we're going to face is we're going to be
- 6 requiring some sizes that are larger than net
- 7 metering will allow which we'll either have to
- 8 lie about their predicted energy use, the
- 9 utilities may not allow you to put in the
- 10 required system, or what we're going to
- 11 (indiscernible) is because often over-predicted
- 12 energy use is -- we're going to have much larger
- 13 (indiscernible) than planned, and problems that's
- 14 going to cause a large (indiscernible).
- Thank you.
- MR. STRAIT: All right. Is that your
- 17 comment? You started cutting in and out there at
- 18 the end. I think we got it, though. Okay.
- 19 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Okay. Thanks, George.
- 20 So we're going to move on to Subchapter
- 21 6, section 141 -- 140.0 and 140.1. So with that,
- 22 Thao will be doing the presentation.
- 23 MR. CHAU: So my name is Thao Chau. I am
- 24 with the Building Standards Office, and I will be
- 25 presenting Subchapter 6 and section 141. So

- 1 Subchapter 6 is about additional alternations and
- 2 repairs for nonresidential, high-rise
- 3 residential, and hotel and motel occupancies.
- 4 Section 141.0(b)(2)(A), we made minor
- 5 changes to create consistency in phrasing and
- 6 clarified in a note what constitutes fenestration
- 7 repair.
- 8 Section 141.0(b)(2)(B), we removed the
- 9 term thermal mass (phonetic) from (indiscernible)
- 10 to the section 141.0(b)(2)(B) to (B)(i) and (ii).
- 11 For section 141.0(b), for this code
- 12 cycle, we made great effort to simplify the
- 13 nonresidential lighting operations code language.
- 14 Instead of the current there different sections
- 15 of three different types of alterations in
- 16 section 141.0(b)(2)(I), (J) and (K), which are
- 17 entire luminaires operations, luminaire component
- 18 modifications and lighting wiring alterations, we
- 19 merged them into a single new outdoor -- indoor
- 20 lighting system.
- 21 Since option two and three are different
- 22 compliance alternatives from option one, we are
- 23 allowing option two and three to have the same
- 24 controls. And all of the different controls for
- 25 three different options will be listed in Table

- 1 141.0-E, which will be the next slide. An
- 2 important new limit of 5,000 square foot project
- 3 is now imposed on option three. Also, 40 percent
- 4 uniform lighting power reductions apply for all
- 5 occupancies, instead of the current 35 percent,
- 6 50 percent split reductions, depending on voltage
- 7 (phonetic) type.
- 8 So here's the table that I just
- 9 mentioned. We reworked this Table 141.0-E just
- 10 to simplify the code. Furthermore, in this
- 11 table, every control requirement is listed
- 12 depending on which option a project chooses to
- 13 comply with. Options two and three share the
- 14 same column since they both have the same control
- 15 requirement.
- We, again, strongly encourage submitting
- 17 written comments via the three methods, either
- 18 through e-file or via email through the docket,
- 19 or mailed to us.
- 20 And I also would like to take this
- 21 opportunity to thank and acknowledge the
- 22 California Energy Alliance for submitting the
- 23 nonresidential code change proposals to us. We
- 24 forgot to include and acknowledge their work this
- 25 morning in (indiscernible) section.

- 1 So other than that, I'll take comments
- 2 and questions. Thank you.
- 3 (Colloquy)
- 4 MS. RODDA: I'm just not loud enough?
- 5 Okay. Gina Rodda from Gabel Energy.
- I have to -- I've been working with the
- 7 case teams a lot with this stuff, and it's
- 8 amazing, the changes you guys are making. It's
- 9 so much easier to understand.
- 10 I do have an issue with the option three,
- 11 with the 5,000 square foot limitation. Due to
- 12 the complexity that that now entails with using
- 13 that method, we now need drawings to prove the
- 14 5,000 square feet, and that was what made the
- 15 option so beautiful because you could use
- 16 lighting audits and not have drawings. Now you
- 17 have to have drawings.
- I just would say if we're going to do
- 19 that, let's just get rid of it since it's the
- 20 same as option two, and your paperwork
- 21 requirements are pretty much the same. And I had
- 22 this as docketed comments, also.
- MR. CHAU: Thank you.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Thank you.
- 25 Any other comments? Any on -- are you

- 1 guys tired, or what's going on? You guys had
- 2 energy yesterday.
- 3 So if there's no more comments, we're
- 4 going to move on to the nonresidential appendix.
- 5 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. I'm going to
- 6 present the changes to our nonresidential
- 7 appendices.
- 8 The changes in NA 1, they're made to --
- 9 let's see, the updated language for documenting
- 10 registration, and this was contingent on the
- 11 approval of a nonresidential data registry.
- 12 Changes to the roles and responsibilities for the
- 13 builder, HERS provider, rater, installer and
- 14 enforcement agency when documents are required to
- 15 registered again, that's all contingent of the
- 16 approval of a registry.
- 17 The changes to the HERS procedures and
- 18 sampling, what was currently in NA 1 was just for
- 19 duct testing, since that was the only thing that
- 20 triggered HERS verification in nonres. Now with
- 21 the dwelling unit ventilation requirement for
- 22 that being HERS rated, verified by a HERS rater,
- 23 as well, we needed to update the language to
- 24 incorporate dwelling unit ventilation.
- There was also some clarification on

- 1 resampling and corrective action when there was a
- 2 fail in the group.
- 3 There was an update to the Third-Party
- 4 Quality Control Program. Staff updated and
- 5 clarified specifications and procedures for the
- 6 TPQCPs. The information in this section is
- 7 reorganized into categories and clarifying
- 8 details are added in each category. This is a
- 9 new requirement to automatically confirm the
- 10 location of the system undergoing testing using
- 11 an electronic tracking means, such as GPS, if
- 12 available.
- NA 1.9 was -- this is a new section, and
- 14 this is to accommodate an alternative procedure
- 15 that was approved under the 2016 Standards. This
- 16 will allow local jurisdictions to close on the
- 17 results of an acceptance test, rather than having
- 18 it third-party verified by a rater. An again,
- 19 this is at the disclosure of the local
- 20 enforcement agency, and this is only applicable
- 21 for duct testing.
- NA 2.2, this is new and this is, again,
- 23 because we're requiring HERS verification for
- 24 high-rise residential dwelling unit ventilation.
- 25 The procedures here are identical to what is

- 1 called in the RA, the Residential Appendix, since
- 2 the procedure for verifying airflow is the same.
- Also, in NA 2.2, there's the verification
- 4 of the kitchen range hood, you know, for it being
- 5 certified by HVI.
- 6 NA 2.3, field verification and diagnostic
- 7 testing for multifamily dwelling unit enclosures,
- 8 this is, again, a new requirement. And this is
- 9 to give procedures for verifying the envelope
- 10 leakage in the event that they're using the
- 11 supply-only or exhaust-only method for
- 12 ventilating.
- NA 6, there was an edit to reduce the
- 14 square footage for -- from 1,000 square feet to
- 15 200 square feet. And this is for non-rated side
- 16 build (phonetic) fenestration. Only 200 square
- 17 feet is allowed to use a default. When you have
- 18 more than 200 square feet, then you'd have to use
- 19 the computer model approach.
- 20 Moving on to NA 7, I will let Simon talk
- 21 about these.
- MR. LEE: In NA 7.4, we added three new
- 23 subsections for advanced daylighting devices,
- 24 including two stories, horizontal slacks and
- 25 light shelves. For the acceptance testing for

- 1 outdoor lighting controls, we revised the
- 2 subsection NA 7.A7 (phonetic) and 7.A8 (phonetic)
- 3 to verify the programming lighting control
- 4 schedule on the construction documents if it is
- 5 not available -- verified the program schedule is
- 6 matching to the default. And the default is off
- 7 from midnight to 6:00 a.m. and on in all other
- 8 nighttime hours.
- 9 I will turn it back to Mark.
- 10 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. For the acceptance
- 11 test procedures for air distribution systems, the
- 12 duct leakage acceptance test, we added language
- 13 to accommodate the new alternative procedure of
- 14 allowing the project to close based off the
- 15 acceptance test results. Otherwise, the
- 16 procedure remains unchanged.
- 17 There was a new acceptance test for built
- 18 up air handlers that trigger the FDD requirement.
- 19 This new procedure is to ensure that the FDD
- 20 system detects and reports the proper faults.
- 21 There was a new acceptance test added for
- 22 occupied standby. And this new section has -- is
- 23 proposed in section 120.2(e)(3). It is for
- 24 spaces that have an occupancy sensor because of
- 25 lighting controls. And Table 120.1(a) identifies

- 1 it as an occupancy that is eligible for occupied
- 2 standby. The acceptance test ensures that it
- 3 acts according to the requirements in 120.(e)(3)
- 4 [sic] which is to set up or set down the set
- 5 point, and also to turn off the ventilation.
- 6 And I will let Simon talk about this.
- 7 MR. LEE: Yeah. I think I covered this
- 8 in the earlier slide already. And so the -- to
- 9 verify the programming lighting control schedule
- 10 on the construction documents for automatic
- 11 scheduling controls.
- 12 So I'll turn it back to Mark.
- MR. ALATORRE: Okay. Because we included
- 14 adiabatic condensers or hyper condensers in our
- 15 refrigerated warehouses, we now have a new
- 16 acceptance test to verify their performance.
- 17 We've gotten comments on this from the Case Team,
- 18 and so there will be changes to what has been
- 19 posted. And I will be reaching out to the
- 20 stakeholders so that they're aware of all the
- 21 changes prior to the 15-day release.
- 22 RJ?
- MR. WICHERT: So for 7.16, we're
- 24 proposing that the acceptance testing for the
- 25 proposed lab exhaust system prescriptive

- 1 requirements of section 140.9(c)(3), acceptance
- 2 testings for these measures includes construction
- 3 inspection and sensor calibration, installation
- 4 location and system operation for both wind and
- 5 contaminant control exhaust systems. Functional
- 6 testing of both wind and contaminant controlled
- 7 systems is also being proposed. Functional
- 8 testing consists of simulation verification of
- 9 system operation for critical operation points
- 10 and verification of system warnings and
- 11 failsafes.
- 12 And then 7.17 is the section we're adding
- 13 to test the proposed automated fume hood
- 14 prescriptive requirements. Acceptance testing
- 15 for these measures includes construction
- 16 inspection, sensor calibration, installation
- 17 location, system operation. Functional testing
- 18 for the automatic sash closure system is also
- 19 being proposed, and the functional testing
- 20 consists of simulation verification of system
- 21 operation for critical operation parameters and
- 22 safequards.
- 23 And to finish out this section of
- 24 standards, we have the 7.18. And this section,
- 25 given the new HERS verification requirements for

- 1 outside air and envelope leakage, there needed to
- 2 be an accompanying acceptance test performed by
- 3 an installer. The procedures in section 7.18
- 4 serve as that new acceptance test since the
- 5 existing tests do not apply to high-rise
- 6 residential dwellings.
- 7 And if you have any questions, please ask
- 8 them now.
- 9 MR. STRAIT: Before there are any
- 10 comments, I'd like to complement my staff on the
- 11 smooth hand-offs between presenters. I mean
- 12 that.
- MS. JACKSON: Hi. Thank you. Cori
- 14 Jackson, California Lighting Technology Center at
- 15 UC Davis.
- One comment I did have, and it's on one
- 17 of the nonresidential appendices that were not
- 18 addressed in this presentation, but in 7.6 is the
- 19 acceptance test for lighting controls, 7.7 are
- 20 the installation requirements, there's been
- 21 acceptance test for institutional tuning controls
- 22 that's been continued to be carried forward as
- 23 part of the installation requirements of 7.7, so
- 24 it's really misleading. It can be hard to find.
- 25 I'm just asking that the Commission look at that

- 1 and move it over to 7.6, which is where all the
- 2 other acceptance tests are for lighting controls.
- 3 So it's that way in 2016 and I think it was just
- 4 an oversight and carried forward under the 2019.
- 5 Thank you.
- 6 MR. STRAIT: Cori, do you have a specific
- 7 section?
- 8 MS. JACKSON: 7.7 has installation
- 9 requirements for institutional -- or
- 10 institutional tuning controls, lighting controls.
- 11 MR. STRAIT: But do you know what the --
- 12 the specific subsection? Because there's --
- 13 these go like five numbers deep, so --
- MS. JACKSON: I don't have it.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So, Cori, could you
- 16 send that to us (indiscernible)? That would be
- 17 great.
- 18 MR. STRAIT: 7.7.
- MS. JACKSON: 7.7.4.
- MR. STRAIT: Thank you.
- 21 MS. JACKSON: There should be acceptance
- 22 tests in there for institutional tuning controls
- 23 that I would think would be better served moved
- 24 over to 7.6.
- MR. STRAIT: Understood.

- 1 MS. JACKSON: Okay. Thank you.
- 2 MR. ROSE: Hi. John Rose with Home
- 3 Ventilating Institute.
- 4 With respect to this was a nonresidential
- 5 section, but dwelling units and residential
- 6 topics were discussed, I think you mentioned
- 7 something at the end that it was not applicable
- 8 to high-rise residential, or is that -- I just
- 9 want to be clear.
- 10 Yeah, for section 7.18, yeah.
- 11 MR. ALATORRE: So there's a difference
- 12 between what we call an acceptance test and a
- 13 HERS verification. So there's an acceptance test
- 14 requirement for the installer to verify outside
- 15 air, and that's what we put into NA 7.18.
- 16 There's also an accompanying HERS verification
- 17 where they would do a visual on the kitchen range
- 18 hood.
- 19 MR. ROSE: Okay. Yeah. So the same
- 20 comments that I said yesterday, you know, I'll
- 21 mention those in my -- these sections in my
- 22 written comments also.
- MR. ALATORRE: Okay.
- 24 MR. ROSE: I also wanted to just point
- 25 out, with the high-rise residential, you have

- 1 options of having individual unit ventilation,
- 2 heat recovery, individual units rather than
- 3 centralized units. And so I just wanted to make
- 4 sure that the rulemakings keep that in mind, if
- 5 there's any special considerations that need to
- 6 be taken into account for the smaller units.
- 7 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. Thank you.
- 8 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So no more comments? I
- 9 guess so.
- George, are you on there?
- 11 MR. NESBITT: Rater. Since there are
- 12 HERS (indiscernible) that have always
- 13 (indiscernible) on res, as well additional --
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: George, you're breaking
- 15 down again.
- MR. NESBITT: Well, the joys of remote
- 17 participation.
- 18 HERS measures applied (indiscernible)
- 19 high-rise (indiscernible), as well as to
- 20 residential. So the residential should just be
- 21 renamed (indiscernible). All the duplicate
- 22 (indiscernible) information, whether --
- 23 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: George, I apologize,
- 24 we're only hearing like every third word you're
- 25 saying.

- 1 MR. ALATORRE: Hi, George. This is Mark.
- 2 If I recall the other times you've mentioned
- 3 this, you -- your comment is about there being
- 4 duplication between the nonres and the
- 5 residential HERS procedures and for it to be
- 6 housed all in one place, rather than having
- 7 duplications.
- 8 MR. NESBITT: Correct.
- 9 MR. ALATORRE: Okay. Well, can you
- 10 submit that in writing and we can consider making
- 11 that move?
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Okay. I think you
- 13 nodded your head yes. Okay. Good. Thank you.
- If there's no more comments, we're at the
- 15 end of the Lead Commissioner hearing.
- 16 We're going to have Peter Strait give us
- 17 a quick description of the initial study of
- 18 negative declaration that needs to be done and
- 19 what's expected. There's not a PowerPoint
- 20 presentation on this. This is more of a
- 21 discussion with you folks or an explanation to
- 22 your folks.
- 23 MR. STRAIT: Yeah. This isn't really
- 24 advisory. And, of course, if folks want to get
- 25 up and comment, they can. We are working

- 1 internally on a CEQA document, on specifically an
- 2 initial study and negative declaration for the
- 3 amendments proposed in the 2019 Energy Code.
- 4 We've identified a number of environmental
- 5 benefits. The only potential for environmental
- 6 impact related to the code was identified to be a
- 7 materials impact related to the requirements for
- 8 construction. We've identified the measures that
- 9 we feel have a potential for a materials impact.
- 10 And in examining those impacts, we have
- 11 determined those impacts do not rise to a level
- 12 of significance.
- 13 Therefore, we will be publishing this,
- 14 likely within the next week or two. We're a
- 15 little bit cautious about publishing it early.
- 16 We know in the last code cycle, we actually had
- 17 to create a second CEQA document due to some of
- 18 the amendments that were made in the 15-day
- 19 language in response to stakeholders. So we're
- 20 likely to take some of the comments that you've
- 21 got, consider what changes are likely to be made
- 22 in the 15-day language, and then move that
- 23 document forward.
- So, certainly, if anyone has any comments
- 25 on the environmental process or the environmental

- 1 impacts of the proposed language, they can speak.
- 2 Otherwise, simply know that we are moving forward
- 3 with a negative declaration at this time -- at
- 4 this point.
- 5 Thank you.
- 6 MR. BOZORGCHAMI: So with that, please, I
- 7 know there's a lot of information the past two
- $8\,$ days and I know you guys are going to have some
- 9 comments, concerns. Please submit those as soon
- 10 as possible, preferably by February 20th, and so
- 11 Staff can start a dialogue with you and start
- 12 working on these measures with you.
- I appreciate you folks participating, and
- 14 I look to seeing you guys for the next set of
- 15 meetings.
- 16 MR. MEYER: Martha, did you have any
- 17 closing thoughts or comments?
- MS. BROOK: Not right now.
- MR. BOZORGCHAMI: Oh, I'll bring it back
- 20 up for Martha to say something.
- 21 MR. MEYER: Okay. Just for me, just
- 22 thank you everyone. You know, it's been a big
- 23 lift for residential in 2019, so we'll start,
- 24 actually, now looking forward to 2022 and all the
- 25 fun stuff we're going to do there. And so I

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1 thank you for keeping us, you know, going on
2 these things, and we'll see you all soon.
          (The hearing adjourned at 1:30 p.m.)
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and

place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were reported by me, a certified electronic court reporter and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 6th day of February, 2018.

PETER PETTY CER**D-493 Notary Public

CERTIFICATE OF TRANSCRIBER

I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were transcribed by me, a certified transcriber and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

I certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript, to the best of my ability, from the electronic sound recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter.

MARTHA L. NELSON, CERT**367

Martha L. Nelson

February 6, 2018