DOCKETED		
Docket Number:	17-BSTD-02	
<b>Project Title:</b>	2019 Title 24, Part 6, Building Energy Efficiency Standards Rulemaking	
TN #:	222293	
<b>Document Title:</b>	Cooling Tower Efficiency Life Cycle Cost Addendum	
<b>Description:</b>	Document relied upon.	
Filer:	Adrian Ownby	
Organization:	NORESCO	
Submitter Role:	Public	
Submission Date:	1/22/2018 11:03:01 AM	
Docketed Date:	1/22/2018	



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### December 7, 2017

To: Payam Bozorgchami, Mark Alatorre, California Energy Commission

# COOLING TOWER EFFICIENCY LCC ADDENDUM

This document describes an update to the LCC analysis for cooling tower efficiency, in support of a revision to the Cooling Tower Efficiency CASE Measure. The docketed CASE measure provides an indepth life-cycle cost analysis and market study in support of a proposed tower efficiency level of 80 gpm/hp. While this level has been shown to be cost effective, NORESCO, under direction of the California Energy Commission, provided additional analysis to show that a less stringent proposed efficiency level, 60 gpm/hp, is also cost effective. This level provides significant energy savings over the mandatory minimum requirements in Section 110.2, while allowing industry to offer a greater array of products that meet the Standard.

NORESCO conducted a similar LCC analysis to the docketed CASE study, but with the proposed efficiency level of 60 gpm/hp. Energy savings were estimated using "zero compliance" CBECC simulation models for a large office prototype and a large school prototype in each of the 16 California climate zones. Incremental costs were developed from existing data in the CASE report and additional cost data supplied by the CASE authors of the study.

## CALIBRATION AGAINST CASE RESULTS

The first step in the study was to align the energy saving results from the CASE study with NORESCO simulation results, using identical prototypes. The simulation results for site electricity savings and TDV energy savings from the base case matched the results for the CASE proposed efficiency level of 80 gpm/hp. However, the CASE authors used a research version (v876) that had a TDV dataset which was updated by the CEC in 2017. NORESCO applied the latest TDV dataset (v877) in its analysis to estimate savings for the building prototypes.

## **ENERGY SIMULATION RESULTS**

Climate Zone	Site Electricity Savings kWh/sf	Electric Demand Savings, kW	TDV Energy Savings (kBtu/sf)
	Large Office Prototype		
1	0.000542	1.93E-07	0.0444
2	0.019936	1.40E-05	1.025
3	0.007461	6.47E-06	0.3621
4	0.022704	1.65E-05	1.119
5	0.007561	3.71E-06	0.2822
6	0.033073	1.47E-05	1.329
7	0.025713	1.39E-05	1.134

#### Table 1 – Energy Savings per Square Foot (Replaces Table 9 in CASE Report)



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0.000075		
0.033675	1.58E-05	1.437
0.039491	2.45E-05	1.747
0.037947	2.13E-05	1.75
0.036443	1.94E-05	1.603
0.030145	1.95E-05	1.406
0.038569	2.29E-05	1.649
0.028902	1.75E-05	1.306
0.074811	3.41E-05	2.843
0.006177	3.93E-06	0.2046
Large School Prototype		
0.000351	2.37E-08	0.033
0.019869	1.73E-05	1.166
0.004742	5.64E-06	0.287
0.022951	2.05E-05	1.22
0.004315	2.74E-06	0.18
0.032482	1.64E-05	1.368
0.024468	1.08E-05	1.043
0.035137	1.92E-05	1.618
0.04685	3.54E-05	2.328
0.042962	2.81E-05	2.112
0.043341	2.59E-05	2.064
0.033336	2.49E-05	1.698
0.045854	3.14E-05	2.011
0.033004	2.15E-05	1.572
0.114612	6.51E-05	4.739
0.003224	1.30E-06	0.1
	0.039491 0.037947 0.036443 0.030145 0.038569 0.028902 0.074811 0.006177 0.000351 0.019869 0.004742 0.022951 0.004315 0.032482 0.024468 0.032482 0.024468 0.035137 0.04685 0.042962 0.043341 0.033336 0.045854 0.033004 0.114612 0.003224	0.039491 2.45E-05   0.037947 2.13E-05   0.036443 1.94E-05   0.030145 1.95E-05   0.038569 2.29E-05   0.028902 1.75E-05   0.006177 3.93E-06   Large School Prototype   0.000351 2.37E-08   0.019869 1.73E-05   0.004742 5.64E-06   0.022951 2.05E-05   0.004315 2.74E-06   0.032482 1.64E-05   0.035137 1.92E-05   0.04685 3.54E-05   0.043341 2.59E-05   0.045854 3.14E-05   0.033004 2.15E-05   0.114612 6.51E-05   0.003224 1.30E-06

# Table 2 – Life-Cycle Cost Effectiveness Summary (Replaces Table 11 in CASE report)

Climate Zone	15-Year TDV Electricity Cost Savings (2020 PV \$ per sf)	15-Year TDV Natural Gas Cost Savings (2020 PV \$ per sf)	Total 15-Year TDV Energy Cost Savings (2020 PV \$ per sf)
	Large Office Prototype		
1	\$0.0040	N/A	\$0.0040
2	\$0.0912	N/A	\$0.0912
3	\$0.0322	N/A	\$0.0322
4	\$0.0996	N/A	\$0.0996
5	\$0.0251	N/A	\$0.0251
6	\$0.1183	N/A	\$0.1183
7	\$0.1009	N/A	\$0.1009
8	\$0.1279	N/A	\$0.1279
9	\$0.1555	N/A	\$0.1555
10	\$0.1558	N/A	\$0.1558
11	\$0.1427	N/A	\$0.1427
12	\$0.1251	N/A	\$0.1251
13	\$0.1468	N/A	\$0.1468
14	\$0.1162	N/A	\$0.1162



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15	\$0.2530	N/A	\$0.2530
16	\$0.0182	N/A	\$0.0182
	Large School Prototype		
1	\$0.0029	N/A	\$0.0029
2	\$0.1038	N/A	\$0.1038
3	\$0.0255	N/A	\$0.0255
4	\$0.1086	N/A	\$0.1086
5	\$0.0160	N/A	\$0.0160
6	\$0.1218	N/A	\$0.1218
7	\$0.0928	N/A	\$0.0928
8	\$0.1440	N/A	\$0.1440
9	\$0.2072	N/A	\$0.2072
10	\$0.1880	N/A	\$0.1880
11	\$0.1837	N/A	\$0.1837
12	\$0.1511	N/A	\$0.1511
13	\$0.1790	N/A	\$0.1790
14	\$0.1399	N/A	\$0.1399
15	\$0.4218	N/A	\$0.4218
16	\$0.0089	N/A	\$0.0089

### Life-Cycle Cost Effectiveness

Detailed cost information for a range of axial-fan cooling towers has been provided by the CASE authors for this measure. This analysis leverages existing cost information, which considered incremental cooling tower costs, including any incremental structural costs resulting from incremental tower weight (and water weight) for roof-mounted towers.

For two climate zones with relatively low cost effectiveness, a detailed cost estimate for 60 gpm/.hp cooling towers was provided by the Integral Group using the same methodology as the original CASE report. The incremental costs, which include any structural impacts, are shown in Table 3. These costs were used in the revised life-cycle cost effectiveness (LCC) study.

#### Table 3 - Lifecycle Cost-Effectiveness Summary per Square Foot

Large Office Prototype			
CZ Average Cost- Factor		Incremental Cost/sf	
3	1.08	\$0.0298	
5	1.05	\$0.0221	

The authors of the CASE study applied cooling tower base costs of \$120/ton for each of the prototypes in each climate zone. Incremental costs varied by climate zone and were set to match the 80 gpm/hp incremental costs from the docketed CASE study in all climate zones except 3 and 5. The additional costs were gathered for these two climate zones to confirm that the revised proposal of a 60 gpm/hp prescriptive requirement is cost effective in these climate zones for the large office building.

Table 4 shows that even when using a conservative incremental cost estimate that matches the higher 80 gpm/hp proposed efficiency level from the CASE study, the measure is still cost effective in all of the recommended climate zones except climate zones 1, and 16. (The docketed CASE proposal shows that the higher efficiency level of 80 gpm/hp is not cost-effective in climate zones 1 and 16.)



# Table 4 - Lifecycle Cost-Effectiveness Summary per Square Foot

Climate Zone	Benefits	Costs	Benefit-to-Cost Ratio
	TDV Energy Cost Savings +	Total Incremental Present	
	Other PV Savings (2020 PV \$)	Valued (PV) Costs	
		(2020 PV \$)	
		Large Office Prototype	
1	\$0.0040	\$0.04	0.10
2	\$0.0912	\$0.07	1.30
3	\$0.0322	\$0.0298*	1.08
4	\$0.0996	\$0.05	1.99
5	\$0.0251	\$0.0221*	1.14
6	\$0.1183	\$0.05	2.37
7	\$0.1009	\$0.05	2.02
8	\$0.1279	\$0.06	2.13
9	\$0.1555	\$0.06	2.59
10	\$0.1558	\$0.05	3.12
11	\$0.1427	\$0.05	2.85
12	\$0.1251	\$0.06	2.09
13	\$0.1468	\$0.05	2.94
14	\$0.1162	\$0.06	1.94
15	\$0.2530	\$0.04	6.33
16	\$0.0182	\$0.06	0.30
		Large School Prototype	
1	\$0.0029	\$0.02	0.15
2	\$0.1038	\$0.03	3.46
3	\$0.0255	\$0.01	2.55
4	\$0.1086	\$0.03	3.62
5	\$0.0160	\$0.01	1.60
6	\$0.1218	\$0.02	6.09
7	\$0.0928	\$0.02	4.64
8	\$0.1440	\$0.02	7.20
9	\$0.2072	\$0.04	5.18
10	\$0.1880	\$0.04	4.70
11	\$0.1837	\$0.03	6.12
12	\$0.1511	\$0.03	5.04
13	\$0.1790	\$0.03	5.97
14	\$0.1399	\$0.02	7.00
15	\$0.4218	\$0.05	8.44
16	\$0.0089	\$0.01	0.89

\* Incremental costs for large office buildings in climate zones 3 and 5 are provided by Integral Group. Incremental costs for all other cases are taken from the 80 gpm/hp incremental costs in the original CASE report.

# CODE LANGUAGE

### **Current CASE Proposal**

6. **Cooling Tower Efficiency.** New or replacement open-circuit cooling towers serving condenser water systems with a combined rated capacity of 900 gpm at design conditions, shall have a rated efficiency of no less than 80 gpm/hp when rated in accordance to the test procedures and rating conditions as listed in Table 110.2-G.

**EXCEPTION 1 to Section 140.4(h)6:** Replacement of existing cooling towers that are inside an existing building or on an existing roof.

**EXCEPTION 2 to Section 140.4(h)6:** Buildings in Climate Zone 1 and 16 that are not connected to a water economizer system

### **NORESCO Revised Proposal**

6. **Cooling Tower Efficiency.** New or replacement open-circuit cooling towers serving condenser water systems with a combined rated capacity of 900 gpm at design conditions, shall have a rated efficiency of no less than 60 gpm/hp when rated in accordance to the test procedures and rating conditions as listed in Table 110.2-G.

**EXCEPTION 1 to Section 140.4(h)6:** Replacement of existing cooling towers that are inside an existing building or on an existing roof.

**EXCEPTION 2 to Section 140.4(h)6:** Buildings in Climate Zone 1 or 16 that are not connected to a water economizer system.

#### **Assumptions Used in Revised Analysis**

NORESCO applied cost data from the September 2017 CASE Report on tower efficiency requirements<sup>1</sup>. That study developed detailed cost information for cooling towers from manufacturer's costing software, and accounted for any structural implications for roof-mounted towers. Since detailed cost data for 60 gpm/hp cooling towers was not readily available, this analysis used the incremental costs for 80 gpm/hp towers, as a conservative estimate. Incremental costs specific to large office buildings in climate zones 3 and 5 were developed by Integral Group and provided to NORESCO.

The revised analysis also uses the latest revision to the 2019 TDV dataset, which is incorporated in CBECC-Com V3.0, build v877. A previous version (v876) had a TDV dataset that required a minor correction. This does not change the methodology or energy savings results, but changes the TDV first-year savings slightly.

Statewide impacts are not provided in this memorandum. However, the measure would affect the same building types and the same square footage of commercial building stock. Since the unit savings are lower in the revised proposal, the statewide impact would be adjusted accordingly.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Gracik, Stefan, M. Delghani, A. Brannon 2017. "Prescriptive Efficiency Requirements for Cooling Towers – Final Report", Integral Group on behalf of the California Utilities Statewide Codes and Standards Team



Best regards,

John Arent P.E.

NORESCO Sustainability Services