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### Codes and Standards Enhancement (CASE) Initiative

2019 California Building Energy Efficiency Standards

# Outdoor Lighting Power Allowances – Final Report

Measure Number: 2019-NR-LIGHT1-F Nonresidential Lighting

August 2017



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### Introduction

The Codes and Standards Enhancement (CASE) initiative presents recommendations to support California Energy Commission's (Energy Commission) efforts to update California's Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24, Part 6) to include new requirements or to upgrade existing requirements for various technologies. The four California Investor Owned Utilities (IOUs) – Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Diego Gas and Electric, Southern California Edison, and SoCalGas<sup>®</sup> – and two Publicly Owned Utilities (POUs) – Los Angeles Department of Water and Power and Sacramento Municipal Utility District – sponsored this effort. The program goal is to prepare and submit proposals that will result in cost-effective enhancements to improve energy efficiency and energy performance in California buildings. This report and the code change proposals presented herein is a part of the effort to develop technical and cost-effectiveness information for proposed requirements on building energy efficient design practices and technologies.

The Statewide CASE Team submits code change proposals to the Energy Commission, the state agency that has authority to adopt revisions to Title 24, Part 6. The Energy Commission will evaluate proposals submitted by the Statewide CASE Team and other stakeholders. The Energy Commission may revise or reject proposals. See the Energy Commission's 2019 Title 24 website for information about the rulemaking schedule and how to participate in the process: http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/.

### **Measure Description**

This proposed code change is an update to lighting power allowances (LPAs) for all outdoor applications. It saves energy by extending the use of high efficacy light emitting diode (LED) technology as the basis for LPA calculations for all outdoor areas (Table 140.7-A and Table 140.7-B), which reduces the LPAs. Table 140.7-A (General Hardscape) was updated based on LED performance levels during the 2016 code cycle, however, most changes to Table 140.7-B (Specific Applications) were rejected due to the individual line items not being cost-effective. LED efficacy has continued to grow and costs have continued to drop; all line items in Table 140.7-B are now cost-effective.

In addition to evaluating energy efficiency, the Statewide CASE Team considered lighting performance criteria that affects installation decisions. For example, the Statewide CASE Team received feedback from multiple stakeholders that it was important for warm correlated color temperature (CCT) luminaires in the range of 3000 degrees Kalvin (K) to be able to meet the new LPAs. In addition to stakeholder feedback, there has been a shift in outdoor lighting design towards warmer CCTs in recent years, and many local governments have installed warm CCT outdoor luminaires (3000K to 4000K). As a result, the Statewide CASE Team developed new LPAs that can be met by 3000K luminaires.<sup>1</sup> The Statewide CASE Team has not observed any significant momentum towards installations below 3000K.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> This code change does not require 3000K luminaires to be used to meet the LPAs; it ensures that luminaires with CCTs as low as 3000K can be used. Cooler CCT luminaires (CCTs higher than 3000K) have higher efficacies and can therefore be used and meet the new LPAs as well.

### **Scope of Code Change Proposal**

Table 1 summarizes the scope of the proposed changes and which sections of the Standards, Reference Appendices, Alternative Calculation Manual (ACM) Reference Manual, and compliance documents that will be modified as a result of the proposed change.

Measure Name	Type of Requirement	Modified Section(s) of Title 24, Part 6	Modified Title 24, Part 6 Appendices	Will Compliance Software Be Modified	Modified Compliance Document(s)
Reduction of nonresidential outdoor LPAs	Prescriptive	Section 140.7	None	No	None

**Table 1: Scope of Code Change Proposal** 

### Market Analysis and Regulatory Impact Assessment

This proposal is cost-effective over the 15-year period of the analysis. Overall, this proposal increases the wealth of the State of California. California consumers and businesses save more money on energy and routine maintenance than they spend for financing the efficiency measure. The proposed changes to Title 24, Part 6 have a negligible impact on the complexity of the Standards or the cost of enforcement.

### **Cost-Effectiveness**

The proposed code change was found to be cost-effective for all climate zones where it is proposed to be required. The benefit-to-cost (B/C) ratio compares the lifecycle benefits (cost savings) to the lifecycle costs. Measures that have a B/C ratio of 1.0 or greater are cost-effective. The larger the B/C ratio, the faster the measure pays for itself from energy savings. The proposed requirements are cost effective with very high B/C ratios. The B/C ratio is different for each application within the proposed measure. For certain applications, incremental costs are zero or negative, which means that application is immediately cost-effective.<sup>2</sup> See Section 5 for a detailed description of the cost-effectiveness analysis.

### **Statewide Energy Impacts**

Table 2 shows the estimated energy savings over the first twelve months of implementation of the proposed code change. See Section 6 for more details.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  The higher the B/C ratio, the faster a measure pays for itself. If a measure has an infinite B/C ratio, it means that there is no incremental cost (or a negative incremental cost) and the measure is instantly cost-effective.

Measure	First-Year Electricity Savings (GWh/yr)	First-Year Peak Electrical Demand Reduction (MW)	First-Year Water Savings (million gallons/yr)	First-Year Natural Gas Savings (million therms/yr)
General Hardscape (subtotal)	59.52	1.00	N/A	N/A
New Construction	15.08	0.25	N/A	N/A
Additions and Alterations	44.44	0.75	N/A	N/A
Specific Applications (subtotal)	58.43	1.36	N/A	N/A
New Construction	14.75	0.34	N/A	N/A
Additions and Alterations	43.68	1.02	N/A	N/A
TOTAL	117.95	2.37	N/A	N/A

#### Table 2: Estimated Statewide First-Year<sup>a</sup> Energy and Water Savings

a. First-year savings from all permitted outdoor lighting projects completed statewide in 2020 – including both new construction and alterations.

### **Compliance and Enforcement**

The Statewide CASE Team worked with stakeholders to develop a recommended compliance and enforcement process and to identify the impacts this process will have on various market actors. The compliance process is described in Section 2.5. The impacts the proposed measure will have on various market actors are described in Section 3.3 and Appendix B. The key issues related to compliance and enforcement are summarized below:

- The structure of the code requirements will stay the same with mostly changes to the numbers in tables 140.7-A and 140.7-B.
- The LPA requirements in Table 140.7-A will be easier to interpret as the different requirements for asphalt versus concrete parking lots have their own columns in the table. The current standard has the requirements for concrete hardscapes for Lighting Zone (LZ) 2 and LZ3 in the footnote to the table.
- An LPA multiplier for narrow band spectrum light sources has been added to Table 140.7-A to accommodate the needs of environmentally sensitive areas.

Although a needs analysis has been conducted with the affected market actors while developing the code change proposal, the code requirements may change between the time the final CASE Report is submitted and the time the 2019 Standards are adopted. The recommended compliance process and compliance documentation may also evolve with the code language. To effectively implement the adopted code requirements, a plan should be developed that identifies potential barriers to compliance when rolling-out the code change and approaches that should be deployed to minimize the barriers.

# **1. INTRODUCTION**

The Codes and Standards Enhancement (CASE) initiative presents recommendations to support California Energy Commission's (Energy Commission) efforts to update California's Building Energy Efficiency Standards (Title 24, Part 6) to include new requirements or to upgrade existing requirements for various technologies. The four California Investor Owned Utilities (IOUs) – Pacific Gas and Electric Company, San Diego Gas and Electric, Southern California Edison and SoCalGas<sup>®</sup> – and two Publicly Owned Utilities (POUs) — Los Angeles Department of Water and Power and Sacramento Municipal Utility District sponsored this effort. The program goal is to prepare and submit proposals that will result in cost-effective enhancements to energy efficiency in buildings. This report and the code change proposal presented herein is a part of the effort to develop technical and cost-effectiveness information for proposed requirements on building energy efficient design practices and technologies.

The Statewide CASE Team submits code change proposals to the Energy Commission, the state agency that has authority to adopt revisions to Title 24, Part 6. The Energy Commission will evaluate proposals submitted by the Statewide CASE Team and other stakeholders. The Energy Commission may revise or reject proposals. See the Energy Commission's 2019 Title 24 website for information about the rulemaking schedule and how to participate in the process: http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2019standards/.

The overall goal of this CASE Report is to propose a code change proposal for outdoor lighting power allowances (LPAs). The report contains pertinent information supporting the code change.

When developing the code change proposal and associated technical information presented in this report, the Statewide CASE Team worked with a number of industry stakeholders including building officials, manufacturers, builders, utility incentive program managers, Title 24 energy analysts, and others involved in the code compliance process. The proposal incorporates feedback received during a public stakeholder workshop that the Statewide CASE Team held on September 8, 2016 and March 30, 2017.

Section 2 of this CASE Report provides a description of the measure and its background. This section also presents a detailed description of how this change is accomplished in the various sections and documents that make up the Title 24, Part 6.

Section 3 presents the market analysis, including a review of the current market structure. Section 3.2 describes the feasibility issues associated with the code change, including whether the proposed measure overlaps or conflicts with other portions of the building standards such as fire, seismic, and other safety standards and whether technical, compliance, or enforceability challenges exist.

Section 4 presents the per-unit energy, demand, and energy cost savings associated with the proposed code change. This section also describes the methodology that the Statewide CASE Team used to estimate energy, demand, and energy cost savings.

Section 5 presents the lifecycle cost and cost-effectiveness analysis. This includes a discussion of additional materials and labor required to implement the measure and a quantification of the incremental cost. It also includes estimates of incremental maintenance costs. That is, equipment lifetime and various periodic costs associated with replacement and maintenance during the period of analysis.

Section 6 presents the statewide energy savings and environmental impacts of the proposed code change for the first year after the 2019 Standards take effect. This includes the amount of energy that will be saved by California building owners and tenants, and impacts (increases or reductions) on material with emphasis placed on any materials that are considered toxic. Statewide water consumption impacts are also considered.

Section 7 concludes the report with specific recommendations with strikeout (deletions) and <u>underlined</u> (additions) language for the Standards, Reference Appendices, Alternative Calculation Manual (ACM) Reference Manual, Compliance Manual, and Compliance Documents.

# **2. MEASURE DESCRIPTION**

### 2.1 Measure Overview

Exterior lighting accounts for at least eight percent of total commercial lighting energy use (and likely more), which equates to approximately three terawatt hours annually in California (Meyer 2011). This code change proposal would result in significant energy savings by dropping the LPAs for outdoor lighting in new construction and alteration projects.

The proposed code change will impact the prescriptive requirements for outdoor lighting by reducing the LPAs in Table 140.7-A (General Hardscape) and Table 140.7-B (Specific Applications). It is not anticipated that sections of the Reference Appendices or Alternative Calculation Method (ACM) Reference Manuals will be revised.

This proposal was developed using a similar method to what was used in previous code cycles. The current LPA requirements (2016 Title 24, Part 6) are used as a base case for the analyses presented in this report. The 2016 Nonresidential Outdoor Lighting Power Allowance CASE Study, which describes the methodology for the 2016 code cycle is available on the Energy Commission's website.<sup>3</sup> The key differences between the 2016 LPA requirements and the LPA requirements proposed for this code cycle include:

- Proposed technology used to establish the 2019 LPAs is based on luminaires that are costeffective at the time of the analysis. Costs are expected to continue to decline before the effective date of the standards.
- The efficacies of the products used to develop the 2016 LPAs have been updated for all the major applications that fall under the scope of Table 140.7-A and Table 140.7-B. The standards analysis accounts for typical high-performance equipment, lumen depreciation, equivalent luminaire lumen output comparisons between legacy and LED products, maintenance costs, and the expected lifespan of the products.
- Target illumination levels are based upon current Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) published "Recommended Practice" (RP) documents that set light level guidelines for outdoors spaces, and other industry standards for all target illuminance levels.
- There is a growing body of literature that points to blue-rich light at night is disturbing circadian function for people and animals. Though the results are not fully conclusive, the Statewide CASE Team has developed proposed standards levels based on "warmer" correlated color temperatures (CCTs) (3000K) to align with a growing number of specifications for lower CCTs. Additionally, a number of stakeholders expressed interest in ensuring the new LPAs can be met with 3000K luminaires; the Statewide CASE Team took this into consideration as well when developing the new LPAs.
- In addition to basing proposed standards levels based on 3000K luminaires, the Statewide CASE Team has developed a multiplier for general hardscape that allows the use of narrow band, 580 nanometers (nm) or greater, light sources. These narrow band spectrum light sources

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2016standards/prerulemaking/documents/2014-06-</u>

<sup>24</sup> workshop/final case reports/2016 T24 CASE Report-Outdoor LPA-Dec 2014-V3.pdf

have a narrow spectrum band (e.g., only include red light), but they are less efficacious than 3000K luminaires and are only used in environmentally sensitive areas such as sea turtle nesting sites and observatories. The development of this multiplier was based on needs described by stakeholders. The Statewide CASE Team reached out to the International Dark-Sky Association (IDA) to gather additional information and received a similar sentiment describing a need for spectral tuning for environmentally sensitive areas. In the past, low pressure sodium lamps were the only available option for environmentally sensitive areas, but advances in technology are allowing for specific spectral outputs to be used. IDA suggested that allowing the use of narrow band spectrum light sources will be more beneficial than simply allowing warm or "amber" light sources since new research is showing that different narrow bands of light are beneficial to different species. IDA also suggested the multiplier will encourage more research into which specific spectral values will be most beneficial to different sensitive species.

The proposed changes to the outdoor LPAs are based upon the following underlying market factors:

- The Energy Independence and Security Act of 2007 and the California Appliance Efficiency Standards (Title 20) requirements for metal halide lamp luminaires (effective 2015) have driven innovation. Manufacturers are discontinuing probe start metal halide products and less-efficient pulse start metal halide products and increasing production of high-efficacy LED products.
- The efficacies for LED luminaires used in outdoor applications have increased in the past three years.
- The cost of LED luminaires for outdoor lighting has dropped significantly.
- There is a growing consensus that the illuminance requirements for outdoor hardscapes (covered by the requirements in Title 24, Part 6 Table 140.7-A) in IES RP-20-14 may be higher than needed, and they do not account for lighting zones appropriately. Changes to RP-20-14 are currently being considered. If the RP-20 requirements are updated before the 2019 Standards are adopted, the LPA values for Table 140.7-A can be modified to align with the revised RP-20 recommendation. However, the current RP-20-14 was used to develop the LPAs presented in this report.

To support the RP-20 recommended practice development process, the Virginia Tech Transportation Institute is conducting a critical task analysis to determine what is necessary for vehicles and pedestrians to navigate safely in parking lots. The research will determine luminance contrast ratios and spectral analysis required for safe navigation in parking lots. The goal is for the research to be completed in time to inform the RP-20 recommended practice. The Statewide CASE Team is hopeful that the final RP-20 recommended practice will be informed by Virginia Tech's research and the RP-20 recommended practice will be finalized in time to make adjustments, as appropriate, to the proposed Title 24, Part 6 LPA requirements before the 2019 Standards are adopted in May 2018.

### 2.2 Measure History

Almost all of the LPAs in Table 140.7-B for specific applications (applications other than hardscape) have not been updated since the 2008 Title 24, Part 6 code cycle. With 11 years of progress in light source and luminaire efficacy, Table 140.7-B is ready for dramatic decreases in LPAs.

The LPAs in Table 140.7-A for hardscape illumination were updated for the 2016 Standards, using light levels based on the IES RP-20-14. Since the last code cycle, the efficacies for LEDs used for hardscape illumination have increased while the cost for LEDs has dropped (Energy 2016) (U.S. Department of Energy 2016). The United States Department of Energy (DOE) estimates that LED prices for outdoor applications (area and roadways, parking lots, garages, and building exteriors) will drop by approximately 36 percent from 2016 to 2020 (U.S. Department of Energy 2016). These changes represent potential additional energy savings for hardscape illumination.

### 2.3 Summary of Proposed Changes to Code Documents

The sections below provide a summary of how each Title 24, Part 6 documents will be modified by the proposed change. See Section 7 of this report for detailed proposed revisions to code language.

#### 2.3.1 Standards Change Summary

This proposal will modify the following sections of the Building Energy Efficiency Standards as shown below. See Section 7.1 of this report for the detailed proposed revisions to the code language.

#### SECTION 100.1 – DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

**Narrow Band Spectrum:** is a limited range of wavelengths (nm) concentric to a dominant peak wavelength in the visible spectrum. The limited range of wavelengths shall be within 20 nm on either side of the peak wavelength at 50 percent of the peak wavelength's relative spectral power, and within 75 nm on either side of the peak wavelength at 10 percent of the peak wavelength's relative spectral power.

#### SECTION 130.2(b) - OUTDOOR LIGHTING CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

(b): The language in this section removes ambiguous language that guides the application of backlight/uplight/glare (BUG) ratings per IES RP-15-11 Addendum A to outdoor luminaires and modifies language so BUG rating requirement now apply to lower-wattage outdoor luminaires.

#### SECTION 140.7 – REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTDOOR LIGHTING

**Table 140.7-A:** This table includes modified LPA values and adds separate columns for asphalt and concrete for Lighting Zone (LZ 2) and 3. The values for concrete used to exist in a footnote, but have now been added to the table itself. Footnote 2 has been edited appropriately. Footnote 3 is a multiplier to be used for narrow band spectrum light sources where required by local and state laws. The multiplier doubles the LPA values to allow the use of the less efficacious narrow band spectrum light sources where required for environmentally sensitive areas – observatories and habitats for sensitive nocturnal animals.

**Table 140.7-B:** This table includes modified LPA values. During the 2016 code cycle, lower LPAs for this table were rejected due to cost-effectiveness concerns (with a few exceptions). The updated LPA values are expected to reduce nighttime electricity use and replace pulse-start metal halide (PSMH) and fluorescent sources with LED as the light source used for LPA calculations. New lower LPAs are proposed for some applications that were accepted in the 2016 code cycle as well, since the efficacy of LED products for outdoor applications improved.

#### 2.3.2 Reference Appendices Change Summary

The proposed code change is not expected to modify the appendices of the standards.

#### 2.3.3 Alternative Calculation Method (ACM) Reference Manual Change Summary

The proposed code change is not expected to modify the Nonresidential ACM Reference Manuals.

#### 2.3.4 Compliance Manual Change Summary

The proposed code change requires revisions to Section 6 of the Nonresidential Compliance Manual. If the proposal is accepted, the Energy Commission will need to update the values in the examples and tables representing General Hardscape LPAs and Specific Application LPAs.

#### 2.3.5 Compliance Documents Change Summary

Compliance document NRCC-LTO-03-E will need to be revised to account for different LPAs between asphalt and concrete for Table 140.7-A General Hardscape.

### 2.4 Regulatory Context

### 2.4.1 Existing Title 24, Part 6 Standards

Exterior lighting power is already regulated in the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) 90.1, ASHRAE 189.1, and Title 24, Part 6. This code change increases stringency of existing exterior LPAs in Title 24, Part 6.

#### 2.4.2 Relationship to Other Title 24 Requirements

No other portions of Title 24, Part 6 are expected to be directly affected by this code change. There is some overlap with the Title 24, Part 6 code change proposal for outdoor lighting controls, but only because both deal with exterior lighting. The potential savings associated with the reduction of lighting power allowances is impacted by the improvements to controls requirements.

#### 2.4.3 Relationship to State or Federal Laws

There are existing Title 20 and federal standards for outdoor lighting products. Specifically, the Statewide CASE Team has considered the existing Title 20 and federal standards related to efficiencies for metal halide luminaires and the impact of these standards on efficacy trends for the baseline outdoor lighting products. However, this proposal changes allowable outdoor lighting power levels for specific area types and does not set efficiency requirements for individual lighting products.

#### 2.4.4 Relationship to Industry Standards

The proposed LPAs were developed with IES recommended light levels used as the minimum for modeling. IES is currently considering updates to its lighting recommendations in RP-20-14 (parking lot and garage lighting), thus the proposed measure will need to take the new illumination levels into consideration if adopted. The RP-20 revision adoption may come too late for 2019 Title 24, Part 6 to consider. In the meantime, this measure uses the current RP-20-14 levels for modeling the proposed LPAs.

### 2.5 Compliance and Enforcement

The Statewide CASE Team collected input during the stakeholder outreach process on what compliance and enforcement issues may be associated with these measures. This proposed code change is not expected to update the compliance documents for outdoor lighting LPAs or the compliance methods. The proposed code change makes an adjustment to existing requirements. The Statewide CASE Team does not expect there to be any compliance and enforcement challenges or issues. The Statewide CASE Team has interviewed stakeholders to identify potential barriers to code compliance and enforcement. This proposed code change is expected to update the compliance document NRCC-LTO-03-E to account for different LPAs between asphalt and concrete for Table 140.7-A General Hardscape. The proposed code change is not expected to change the compliance methods. The proposed code change makes an adjustment to existing requirements. The Statewide CASE Team does not expect there to be any compliance and enforcement challenges or issues. The Statewide CASE Team has interviewed stakeholders to identify potential barriers to code compliance and enforcement. Appendix B presents a detailed description of how the proposed code changes could impact various market actors.

# **3. MARKET ANALYSIS**

The Statewide CASE Team performed a market analysis with the goals of identifying current technology availability, current product availability, and market trends. The Statewide CASE Team considered how the proposed standard may impact the market in general and individual market actors.

The Statewide CASE Team gathered information about the incremental cost of complying with the proposed lower LPAs. Estimates of market size and measure applicability were identified through research and outreach with stakeholders including utility program staff, Energy Commission staff, and a wide range of industry representatives who were invited to participate in utility-sponsored stakeholder meetings held on September 8, 2016, March 30, 2017, and June 22, 2017. The Statewide CASE Team also used an online survey to help inform the proposal; see Appendix J for more information on the online stakeholder survey.

### 3.1 Market Structure

According to a 2014 DOE report, LEDs accounted for nine percent of the outdoor lighting market in 2013. DOE forecasted that LEDs will represent 75 percent of all outdoor lighting sales by 2020 and virtually all outdoor lighting sales by 2025 (Navigant Consulting 2014). Many manufacturers are discontinuing legacy products, especially pulse start metal halide (PSMH) and compact fluorescent lamp (CFL) products. Lithonia, Hubbell, and Eaton are examples of major manufacturers that historically produced legacy products (HID and fluorescent), but have shifted more towards LED product offerings. Many other manufacturers also have been involved in this transition, including the emergence and growth of companies that only produce LED products, such as Cree and Evluma. There are now thousands of different LED product types available to supply dozens, if not hundreds of different application needs. Publicly available product listings, such as the Department of Energy (DOE) Lighting Facts program, the DesignLights Consortium's Qualified Product Lists, and others, demonstrate wide product availability.

# 3.2 Technical Feasibility, Market Availability, and Current Practices

The market is heading towards more efficient luminaires due to the rapid improvement of LEDs and the continued reduction in costs. LEDs continue to be adopted and are replacing other lighting technologies. LED is quickly becoming the standard for many applications, so there are no challenges expected in terms of technical feasibility or market availability as a result of the proposed measure.

### 3.3 Market Impacts and Economic Assessments

### 3.3.1 Impact on Builders

The Statewide CASE Team does not expect that builders will be adversely impacted by a single proposed code change or from the sum of the proposed changes to Title 24, Part 6. Builders could be impacted by a shift in demand for new buildings and by construction costs, but the Building Energy Efficiency Standards are not considered a major factor in projected growth. Demand for new buildings is driven more by factors such as the overall health of the economy and population growth than the cost of construction. The cost of complying with Title 24, Part 6 requirements represents a very small portion of the construction process and total building value. Increasing the building cost by a fraction of a percent is not expected to have a significant impact on demand for new buildings or the builders' profits.

While some training and education can help ensure the workforce, including designers and those working in construction trades, know how to comply with the proposed requirements, workforce training is not unique to the building industry, and is common in many fields associated with the production of goods and services. Costs associated with workforce training are typically accounted for in long-term financial planning and spread out across the unit price of many units as to avoid price spikes when changes in designs and/or processes are implemented.

However, because the market is experiencing a rapid shift towards LEDs, builders are already familiar with the technology. Since the proposed code change is simply increasing the stringency of current regulations, builders will not need to learn any new processes or compliance methods.

### 3.3.2 Impact on Building Designers and Energy Consultants

Adjusting design practices to comply with changing building codes practices is within the normal practices of building designers. Building codes (including the California Building code and model national building codes published by the International Code Council, the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials and ASHRAE 90.1) are typically updated on three-year revision cycles. As discussed in Section 3.3.1, all market actors should (and do) plan for training and education that may be required to adjusting design practices to accommodate compliance with new building codes. As a whole, the measures the Statewide CASE Team is proposing for the 2019 code cycle aim to provide designers and energy consultants with opportunities to comply with code requirements in multiple ways, thereby providing flexibility in how requirements can be met.

Building designers will need to comply with this code change by ensuring new outdoor lighting systems meet the new LPA requirements. This will not have a large impact on building designers since the market is quickly shifting to higher efficacy LEDs and many manufacturers are discontinuing legacy products. Designers may need to adapt outdated designs to meet lower LPAs without compromising lighting quality for the future occupants, but the proposed modifications do not limit design options beyond lower LPAs. There should be ample options to design lighting systems that provide the appropriate quality lighting for the application or task.

### 3.3.3 Impact on Occupational Safety and Health

The proposed code change does not alter any existing federal, state, or local regulations pertaining to safety and health, including rules enforced by the California Division of Occupational Safety and Health. All existing health and safety rules will remain in place. Complying with the proposed code change is not anticipated to have adverse impacts on the safety or health of occupants or those involved with the construction, commissioning, and maintenance of buildings or surrounding outdoor areas.

#### 3.3.4 Impact on Building Owners and Occupants

Building owners and occupants will benefit from lower energy bills. As discussed in Section 3.4.1, when building occupants save on energy bills, they tend to spend it elsewhere in the economy thereby creating jobs and economic growth for the California economy.

Occupants and building owners will benefit from reduced maintenance time and costs since LEDs have a substantially longer product lifetime over legacy products. Additionally, the proposed code change allows the use of warm color temperature (3000K) luminaires which reduces occupants' exposure to blue light at night. As described in Section 2.1, there is growing evidence that suggests that exposure to blue light at night can have detrimental effects on both people and animals.

### 3.3.5 Impact on Building Component Retailers (Including Manufacturers and Distributors)

The Statewide CASE Team expects LED manufacturers to benefit from increased demand for high efficacy products and experience decreased demand for lower-efficacy legacy products. This aligns with broader market trends. The Statewide CASE Team has noted that many manufacturers are already discontinuing production of legacy products.

#### 3.3.6 Impact on Building Inspectors

The proposed code change is unlikely to affect building inspectors since only the stringency of existing requirements is changing.

### 3.3.7 Impact on Statewide Employment

Section 3.4.1 discusses statewide job creation from the energy efficiency sector in general, including updates to Title 24, Part 6. These changes have negligible impact on employment. Installation labor is approximately the same for both legacy and LED light sources.

### **3.4 Economic Impacts**

The estimated impacts that the proposed code change will have on California's economy are discussed below.

### 3.4.1 Creation or Elimination of Jobs

In 2015, California's building energy efficiency industry employed more than 321,000 workers who worked at least part time or a fraction of their time on activities related to building efficiency. Employment in the building energy efficiency industry grew six percent between 2014 and 2015 while the overall statewide employment grew three percent (BW Research Partnership 2016). Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory's report titled *Energy Efficiency Services Sector: Workforce Size and Expectations for Growth* (2010) provides details on the types of jobs in the energy efficiency sector that are likely to be supported by revisions to building codes.

Building codes that reduce energy consumption provide jobs through *direct employment, indirect employment,* and *induced employment.*<sup>4</sup> Title 24, Part 6 creates jobs in all three categories with a significant amount attributed to induced employment, which accounts for the expenditure-induced effects in the general economy due to the economic activity and spending of direct and indirect employees (e.g., non-industry jobs created such as teachers, grocery store clerks, and postal workers). A large portion of the induced jobs from energy efficiency are the jobs created by the energy cost savings due to the energy efficiency measures. Wei, Patadia, and Kammen (2010) estimate that energy efficiency creates 0.17 to 0.59 net job-years<sup>5</sup> per GWh saved. By comparison, they estimate that the coal and natural gas industries create 0.11 net job-years per GWh produced. Using the mid-point for the energy efficiency range (0.38 net job-years per GWh saved) and estimates that this proposed code change will result in a statewide first-year savings of 118 GWh, this measure will result in a sproximately 45 jobs created in the first year. See Section 6.1 for statewide savings estimates.

#### 3.4.2 Creation or Elimination of Businesses in California

There are approximately 43,000 businesses that play a role in California's advanced energy economy (BW Research Partnership 2016). California's clean economy grew ten times more than the total state economy between 2002 and 2012 (20 percent compared to two percent). The energy efficiency industry, which is driven in part by recurrent updates to the building code, is the largest component of the core clean economy (Ettenson and Heavey 2015). Adopting cost-effective code changes for the 2019 Title 24, Part 6 code cycle will help maintain the energy efficiency industry.

Table 3 lists industries that will likely benefit from the proposed code change classified by their North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The definitions of direct, indirect, and induced jobs vary widely by study. Wei et al (2010) describes the definitions and usage of these categories as follows: "*Direct employment* includes those jobs created in the design, manufacturing, delivery, construction/installation, project management and operation and maintenance of the different components of the technology, or power plant, under consideration. *Indirect employment* refers to the "supplier effect" of upstream and downstream suppliers. For example, the task of installing wind turbines is a direct job, whereas manufacturing the steel that is used to build the wind turbine is an indirect job. *Induced employment* accounts for the expenditure-induced effects in the general economy due to the economic activity and spending of direct and indirect employees, e.g., non industry jobs created such as teachers, grocery store clerks, and postal workers."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> One job-year (or "full-time equivalent" FTE job) is full time employment for one person for a duration of 1 year.

 Table 3: Industries Receiving Energy Efficiency Related Investment, by North American Industry

 Classification System (NAICS) Code

Industry	NAICS Code
Nonresidential Building Construction	2362
Electrical Contractors	23821
Manufacturing	32412
Other Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	3279
Industrial Machinery Manufacturing	3332
Electric Lighting Equipment Manufacturing	3351
Engineering Services	541330
Building Inspection Services	541350
Advertising and Related Services	5418
Commercial & Industrial Machinery & Equip. (exc. Auto. & Electronic) Repair & Maint.	811310

The rapid expansion of LED technology has been disruptive to the status quo in the lighting industry. Many new market entrants into the industry have been from the semiconductor and electronics industry. Some of the new businesses that are in California include:

- LEDtronics
- Feit Electric
- Greenshine
- Lunera

Many existing lighting manufacturers are adapting to this change in the market by discontinuing legacy products and switching to LED products (or increasing LED product production). National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA) data illustrates the rapid growth of LED sales and stagnation and decline in legacy product sales and market penetration (Association 2017). The Statewide CASE Team spoke with five major manufacturers and collected the following information:

- Three of the manufacturers have discontinued some or most of their metal halide luminaires.
- Three of the manufacturers have discontinued some of their CFL luminaires.

#### 3.4.3 Competitive Advantages or Disadvantages for Businesses in California

In 2014, California's electricity statewide costs were 1.7 percent of the state's gross domestic product (GPD) while electricity costs in the rest of the United States were 2.4 percent of GDP (Thornberg, Chong and Fowler 2016). As a result of spending a smaller portion of overall GDP on electricity relative to other states, Californians and California businesses save billions of dollars in energy costs per year relative to businesses located elsewhere. Money saved on energy costs can otherwise be invested, which provides California businesses with an advantage that will only be strengthened by the adoption of the proposed code changes that impact nonresidential buildings.

Reduced LPAs encourage the use of new innovative technologies. This is an advantage for nimble innovative companies that tend to congregate in California.

#### 3.4.4 Increase or Decrease of Investments in the State of California

The proposed changes to the building code are not expected to impact investments in California on a macroeconomic scale, nor are they expected to affect investments by individual firms. The allocation of resources for the production of goods in California is not expected to change as a result of this proposal.

#### 3.4.5 Effects on the State General Fund, State Special Funds, and Local Governments

The proposed code changes are not expected to have a significant impact on the California's General Fund, any state special funds, or local government funds. Revenue to these funds comes from taxes levied. The most relevant taxes to consider for this proposed code change are: personal income taxes,

corporation taxes, sales and use taxes, and property taxes. The proposed changes for the 2019 Title 24, Part 6 Standards are not expected to result in noteworthy changes to personal or corporate income, so the revenue from personal income taxes or corporate taxes is not expected to change. As discussed, reductions in energy expenditures are expected to increase discretionary income. State and local sales tax revenues may increase if building occupants spend additional discretionary income on taxable items. Although logic indicates there may be changes to sales tax revenue, the impacts that are directly related to revisions to Title 24, Part 6 have not been quantified. Finally, revenue generated from property taxes is directly linked to the value of the property, which is usually linked to the purchase price of the property. The proposed changes will increase construction costs. As discussed in Section 3.3.1, however, there is no statistical evidence that Title 24, Part 6 drives construction costs or that construction costs have a significant impact on building price. Since compliance with Title 24, Part 6 does not have a clear impact on purchase price, it can follow that Title 24, Part 6 cannot be shown to impact revenues from property taxes.

This proposal has the net effect of increasing the wealth of the State of California as the increased cost of construction is offset by reduced electricity consumption of lighting systems. Overall this proposal has a B/C ratio of 36.6:1. As a result, 37 times more energy cost savings are returned to California than would be expended, including the cost of capital. As a result, everything else being equal, companies are more profitable, which results in more taxes being paid to state and local government.

#### 3.4.5.1 Cost of Enforcement

#### Cost to the State

State government already has budget for code development, education, and compliance enforcement. While state government will be allocating resources to update the Title 24, Part 6 Standards, including updating education and compliance materials and responding to questions about the revised requirements, these activities are already covered by existing state budgets. The costs to state government are small when compared to the overall costs savings and policy benefits associated with the code change proposals. The proposed code change will impact state buildings in terms of new construction and alterations/additions. However, the impacts will be minimal since the proposed code change only increases stringency of existing requirements, and has been found to be cost-effective.

This proposal relies on the same LPA structure that has been in Title 24, Part 6 for many code cycles; the same tables are used but with updated LPA values. As a result, no additional costs are expected to be incurred to the state government.

#### Cost to Local Governments

All revisions to Title 24, Part 6 will result in changes to compliance determinations. Local governments will need to train building department staff on the revised Title 2, Part 6 Standards. While this retraining is an expense to local governments, it is not a new cost associated with the 2019 code change cycle. The building code is updated on a triennial basis, and local governments plan and budget for retraining every time the code is updated. There are numerous resources available to local governments to support compliance training that can help mitigate the cost of retraining, including tools, training and resources provided by the IOU codes and standards program (such as Energy Code Ace). As noted in Section 2.5 and Appendix B, the Statewide CASE Team considered how the proposed code change might impact various market actors involved in the compliance and enforcement process and aimed to minimize negative impacts on local governments.

Since this proposal relies on the same LPA tables and structure that has been in Title 24, Part 6 for many code cycles, the Statewide CASE Team does not expect any additional costs to local government.

#### 3.4.6 Impacts on Specific Persons

The proposed changes to Title 24, Part 6 are not expected to have a differential impact on any groups relative to the state population as a whole, including migrant workers, commuters or persons by age, race or religion. Tenants will typically benefit from lower energy bills if they pay energy bills directly. These savings should more than offset any capital costs passed-through from landlords. Renters who do not pay directly for energy costs may see some of the net savings depending on if and how landlords account for energy cost when determining rent prices.

The changes to the LPA requirements apply across all occupancies. There is no group that will be affected disproportionately.

# 4. ENERGY SAVINGS

### 4.1 Key Assumptions for Energy Savings Analysis

The Statewide CASE Team used a similar approach for performing the energy savings analysis that was used in the 2016 Title 24, Part 6 code cycle. The key assumptions and how they are used are described below.

The Statewide CASE Team calculated per-unit impacts and statewide impacts associated with both new construction and alterations by comparing energy use of outdoor lighting that is minimally compliant with the 2016 Title 24, Part 6 Standards to the proposed requirements for the 2019 Title 24, Part 6 Standards. Impacts for General Hardscapes and Specific Applications were considered.

The analysis for General Hardscapes defined effective wattage allowances (eWA) for the 2019 proposal using 3000K LED luminaires that are widely available today and commonly used. Wattage allowances were established for example sites that represent a reasonable cross-section of what is likely to be installed in the state during the 2019 code cycle. The effective wattage allowance values combine the Initial Wattage Allowance, the Area Wattage Allowance, and the Linear Wattage Allowance into a single value (Lighting Power Allowance also known as the effective Area Wattage Allowance) based on the size, shape, and type of the area in question. Table 4 presents the details of the prototype buildings used in the analysis for developing new LPAs for General Hardscape.

Prototype ID	Occupancy Type (Residential, Retail, Office, etc.)	Hardscape Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Hardscape Perimeter (ft)	Perimeter to Area (%)	Notes
Prototype A	Office/Retail	501,626	6,794	1.4%	Long skinny site, big building
Prototype B	Retail	471,726	5,131	1.1%	Square site, irregular building
Prototype C	Retail	42,828	3,052	7.1%	Irregular site, campus buildings
Prototype D	Retail	28,500	960	3.4%	Long skinny site, small building
Prototype E	Retail/Office/Industrial	21,000	760	3.6%	Square site, small square building
Prototype F	Retail/Office/Industrial	61,798	1,940	3.1%	Irregular site, long square building
Prototype G	Retail/Office/Industrial	21,797	1,408	6.5%	Long skinny site, irregular building
Prototype H	Retail/Office/Industrial	11,040	1,042	9.4%	Square site, large square building
Prototype J	Retail/Office/Industrial	34,735	2,593	7.5%	Irregular site, large irregular building
Prototype K	Parking	250,000	2,000	0.8%	Ideal square site

 Table 4: Prototype Buildings Used for Energy, Demand, Cost, and Environmental Impacts

 Analysis for General Hardscape

The analysis for the Specific Applications defined LPA in a similar way. That is, using readily available LED luminaires in example layouts that represent a reasonable cross-section of designs that are likely to be installed during the 2019 code cycle. The LPA values for Specific Applications characterize wattage allowance either in terms per square foot, per linear foot, or per area, depending on the application.

For Specific Applications, the 2016 standards allow the use of lower efficacy "legacy" technologies such as fluorescent, HID, and others. Savings were achieved by developing models with equivalent maintained luminaire lumens models for the proposed LPAs using higher efficacy 3000K LED luminaires.

A spreadsheet-based analysis was used to take into account a variety of variables including:

- Reductions in LPA values within Tables 140.7 A & B.
- Impacted area of LPA reduction (for situations where the area is not explicitly defined).
- Occupancy and use profiles for various outdoor applications.
- Prototype sites employed for effective wattage/square foot reduction calculations.

The analysis was completed using the outdoor lighting application types defined in the 2016 ACM Reference Manual. Duty cycles were based on energy use curves defined in the 2016 ACM Reference Manual and the Statewide CASE Team's industry knowledge of typical hours of operation for nonresidential buildings.

The General Hardscape LPA values derived from example site layouts were validated by applying the proposed LPA values to three real site designs. Using the new LPA values on real designs confirmed that it is technically feasible and cost effective to design to the new LPAs using technology that is readily available today. The Statewide CASE Team developed a basic lighting layout to use with the three real sites to conduct cost-effectiveness calculations. This is a more detailed calculation of the lighting design necessary to meet the design criteria, but this analysis allowed the CASE Team to develop more detailed cost estimates and design details for the CASE analysis.

Key considerations for the three real sites considered in the general hardscape maintained light level analyses are the expected lumen maintenance of the outdoor luminaires and the appropriate light loss factors. The rated lifetime of LED luminaires is typically defined as the time it takes the light output to drop to 70 percent of the initial output (referred to as L<sub>70</sub>). The Statewide CASE Team applied the average L70 value at 60,000 hours of the area luminaires studied since this was the basis of the 2016 LPA CASE Report analysis. The 2016 LPA CASE Report analysis used a 70 percent lumen maintenance value at 60,000 hours. Since the 2016 analysis was completed, LED technology has advanced significantly. For the analysis of the proposed 2019 requirements, the Statewide CASE Team assumed a lumen maintenance of 90 percent at 60,000 hours for all general hardscape luminaires. This means that lower wattage luminaires could be modeled that would still meet design requirements with maintained lumens at 60,000 hours, resulting in more energy savings relative to the 2016 Standards. Appendix F provides data on the lumen maintenance values at 60,000 hours for the luminaires used in the General Hardscape savings models.

The 2016 LPA CASE Report assumed a dirt depreciation factor of 0.8. In the current analysis, the Statewide CASE Team assumed a luminaire dirt depreciation factor of 0.9. The Statewide CASE Team believes 0.9 to be industry standard practice based on current technology. Current fully shielded luminaire designs reduce the amount of rain or dust accumulation on the light emitting surfaces, improving luminaire dirt depreciation factors. This further increases maintained lumens and reduces initial lighting power. The total light loss factor of 0.81 combines both the lumen maintenance factor of 0.9 and luminaire dirt depreciation factors of 0.9.

Another consideration affecting the energy savings analysis is luminaire light distribution. Historically, larger parking lots were modeled using poles with four luminaire heads to meet IES RP-20-14 recommended light levels, but improved luminaire optical designs enabled the use of two luminaire heads per pole in some of the proposed site models. Distribution patterns have been improved by using LED luminaires with improved optics and a wider offering of lumen packages; these products are available from a variety of manufacturers including Acuity, Philips Lighting, Cree, and WE-EF. While no improvement to luminaire efficacy was assumed in the General Hardscape model, improved optical design and a greater offering of lumen packages enables a more effective use of light, less over-lighting, fewer heads, and lower wattage.

### 4.2 Energy Savings Methodology

To assess the energy, demand, and energy cost impacts, the Statewide CASE Team compared design practices associated with installations that are minimally compliant with the 2016 Standards to design practices that would comply with the proposed requirements. There is an existing Title 24, Part 6 standard that covers the building system in question, so the existing conditions assume a building complies with the 2016 Title 24, Part 6 Standards.

The proposed conditions are defined as the design conditions that will comply with the proposed code change. Specifically, the proposed code change will reduce the LPAs for nonresidential outdoor lighting based on meeting the same (or currently relevant) design criteria using currently available LED luminaires.

This measure only applies to outdoor lighting applications, so the Energy Commission building prototypes were not applicable. Instead, the Statewide CASE Team used the same outdoor lighting area prototypes used to evaluate LPA requirements that were updated for the 2016 code cycle: nine site plan prototypes to represent a variety of site configurations that account for both the building and hardscape footprint, which vary from an efficient (square) site with a simple building footprint and hardscape layout to a more complex site with less ideal conditions. These prototypes enabled the Statewide CASE Team to compare LPA values in practical lighting layout conditions that represent a reasonable spectrum of conditions that may be encountered in actual site designs.

The Statewide CASE Team used real designs to develop the new LPAs for General Hardscape. Specifically, small, medium, and large parking lot designs were used. The parking lot designs utilized a variety of pole heights and luminaire distributions that meet 2016 Title 24 requirements, CALGreen, and IES RP-20-14 lighting recommendations. The selected luminaires for the proposed 2019 Standards were all 3000K LED luminaires with better lumen maintenance and overall improved light loss factors, along with improved optical distributions and more lumen packages than the LED luminaires used for the 2016 Standards. Even though luminaires for the proposed 2019 Standards had the same efficacy (lumen per watt or LPW) as those used in the analysis for the proposed 2019 Standards, the improved luminaire dirt depreciation factors, better lumen maintenance, improved optical distributions, and more available lumen packages, allowed less wattage to be used to achieve the recommended lighting levels. The standard design practice is to design lighting layouts based on the maintained light output of the luminaire, not initial lighting levels. Thus, energy savings are achieved due to lower initial wattage and lumen output, but systems will be designed to provide the same light levels at 60,000 hours. Overall, the proposed LPAs are approximately 30 percent lower than the 2016 LPAs while maintaining 60,000-hour design light levels. Please see Appendix F for additional details.

The Specific Applications legacy luminaires (i.e., luminaries used to establish the 2016 LPAs) maintained lumen outputs were compared to equivalent LED luminaire maintained lumen outputs to confirm that typical design practices will be unchanged with LED luminaires. The lumen output comparisons demonstrated that the proposed LPAs can be achieved independent of the site layout. These specific applications calculations reflect the efficacy improvements from legacy source types to current LED luminaires.

The Statewide CASE Team estimated the statewide energy impacts by first calculating the per-unit savings for each application (General Hardscape and Specific Applications), and then extrapolating the per-unit impacts to the entire state using estimates of statewide square footage of each type of outdoor hardscape area that will be impacted by the proposed requirements. The total statewide hardscape area was derived starting with the building construction forecasts that the Energy Commission provided, then applying assumptions about the type and size of hardscaped areas that are associated with typical nonresidential construction of different building types. See Appendix A, Appendix H, and Appendix I for more details.

The lighting measures evaluated in this CASE Report will have energy savings that are only secondarily impacted by climate. Installed wattage and hours of operation have significantly more impact on energy savings than climate. These light sources are outdoors, so there are no interaction effects with HVAC. As a result, the cost-effectiveness of this measure is deemed to be independent of climate zone.

Energy savings, energy cost savings, and peak demand reductions were calculated using a TDV (Time Dependent Valuation) methodology. Both General Hardscape and Specific Applications use operating hours that include the impact of outdoor lighting controls. See Appendix D for more details.

### 4.3 Per-Unit Energy Impacts Results

The per-unit first-year energy savings are presented in Table 5 through Table 9. See Section 6.1 of this report for estimated statewide savings from additions and alterations. The per unit energy savings estimates do not take naturally occurring market adoption or compliance rates into account. The Statewide CASE Team calculated per-unit savings for LZ 4 for both General Hardscape and Specific Applications (Table 5 and Table 9). However, California currently does not have any LZ 4 areas. First-year statewide savings (Section 5) do not include any savings from LZ 4 to reflect this.

	Per-Unit First-Year Savings <sup>a</sup>					
General Hardscape	Units	Electricity Savings <sup>b</sup> (kWh/yr)	Demand Savings (kW)	Natural Gas Savings (therms/yr)		
Lighting Zone 1	Per Square Foot	0.03	0.00	N/A		
Lighting Zone 2	Per Square Foot	0.10	0.00	N/A		
Lighting Zone 3	Per Square Foot	0.11	0.00	N/A		
Lighting Zone 4	Per Square Foot	0.15	0.00	N/A		

#### Table 5: First-Year Energy Impacts Per-Unit for General Hardscape

a. Savings from one unit for the first year the site is in operation.

b. Site electricity savings, does not include TDV or electricity savings.

#### Table 6: First-Year Energy Impacts Per-Unit – Specific Applications Lighting Zone 1

	Per-Unit First-Year Savings <sup>a</sup>				
Lighting Application	Units	Electricity Savings <sup>b</sup> (kWh/yr)	Demand Savings (kW)	Natural Gas Savings (therms/yr)	
<b>Building Entrances</b>	Each	28.17	0.00	N/A	
Primary Entrances	Each	117.37	0.00	N/A	
Drive Up Windows	Each	76.70	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	304.85	0.01	N/A	
ATM Machine	Each	704.20	0.01	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	0.45	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	0.04	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	1.30	0.00	N/A	
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.04	0.00	N/A	
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	0.34	0.00	N/A	
Student Pick- up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	0.02	0.00	N/A	
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	0.01	0.00	N/A	

a. Savings from one unit for the first year the site is in operation.

b. Site electricity savings, does not include TDV or electricity savings.

	Per-Unit First-Year Savings <sup>a</sup>				
Lighting Application	Units	Electricity Savings <sup>b</sup> (kWh/yr)	Demand Savings (kW)	Natural Gas Savings (therms/yr)	
Building Entrances	Each	46.95	0.00	N/A	
Primary Entrances	Each	187.79	0.00	N/A	
Drive Up Windows	Each	143.81	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	459.62	0.01	N/A	
ATM Machine	Each	704.20	0.01	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	22.22	0.00	N/A	
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	0.06	0.00	N/A	
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	0.26	0.00	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	1.49	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	0.39	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	2.55	0.00	N/A	
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.59	0.00	N/A	
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.11	0.00	N/A	
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	0.84	0.00	N/A	
Student Pick- up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	0.10	0.00	N/A	
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	0.20	0.00	N/A	
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	0.02	0.00	N/A	

 Table 7: First-Year Energy Impacts Per-Unit – Specific Applications Lighting Zone 2

a. Savings from one unit for the first year the site is in operation.

b. Site electricity savings, does not include TDV or electricity savings.

	Per-Unit First-Year Savings <sup>a</sup>				
Lighting Application	Units	Electricity Savings <sup>b</sup> (kWh/yr)	Demand Savings (kW)	Natural Gas Savings (therms/yr)	
Building Entrances	Each	75.12	0.00	N/A	
Primary Entrances	Each	295.77	0.00	N/A	
Drive Up Windows	Each	239.68	0.01	N/A	
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	487.76	0.01	N/A	
ATM Machine	Each	704.20	0.01	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	32.84	0.00	N/A	
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	0.13	0.00	N/A	
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	0.58	0.00	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	2.09	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	0.76	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	3.22	0.00	N/A	
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.91	0.00	N/A	
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.24	0.00	N/A	
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	1.80	0.00	N/A	
Student Pick- up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	0.39	0.00	N/A	
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	0.37	0.00	N/A	
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	0.04	0.00	N/A	

 Table 8: First-Year Energy Impacts per Unit - Specific Applications Lighting Zone 3

a. Savings from one unit for the first year the site is in operation.

b. Site electricity savings, does not include TDV or electricity savings.

	Per-Unit First-Year Savings <sup>a</sup>				
Lighting Application	Units	Electricity Savings <sup>b</sup> (kWh/yr)	Demand Savings (kW)	Natural Gas Savings (therms/yr)	
Building Entrances	Each	112.67	0.00	N/A	
Primary Entrances	Each	328.63	0.01	N/A	
Drive Up Windows	Each	399.46	0.01	N/A	
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	914.55	0.02	N/A	
ATM Machine	Each	704.20	0.01	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	38.64	0.00	N/A	
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	0.19	0.00	N/A	
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	0.88	0.00	N/A	
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	3.75	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	1.34	0.00	N/A	
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	5.59	0.00	N/A	
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	1.26	0.00	N/A	
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.45	0.00	N/A	
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	2.63	0.00	N/A	
Student Pick- up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	0.63	0.00	N/A	
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	No Allowance	N/A	N/A	

 Table 9: First-Year Energy Impacts per Unit - Specific Applications Lighting Zone 4

a. Savings from one unit for the first year the site is in operation.

b. Site electricity savings, does not include TDV or electricity savings.

# **5. LIFECYCLE COST AND COST-EFFECTIVENESS**

### 5.1 Energy Cost Savings Methodology

TDV energy is a normalized format for comparing electricity and natural gas cost savings that takes into account the cost of electricity and natural gas consumed during each hour of the year. The TDV values are based on long term discounted costs (30 years for all residential measures and nonresidential envelope measures and 15 years for all other nonresidential measures). In this case, the period of analysis used is 15 years. The TDV cost impacts are presented in 2020 present value (PV) dollars. The TDV energy estimates are based on present-valued cost savings but are normalized in terms of "TDV kBtu". Peak demand reductions are presented in peak power reductions (kW). The Energy Commission derived the 2020 TDV values that were used in the analyses for this report (Energy + Environmental Economics 2016). The Statewide CASE Team used a similar approach to calculating energy costs as was used in the 2016 code cycle. The previous methodology and how it was used for the 2019 cycle is described below.

The present value (PV) of the energy savings were calculated using hourly energy savings estimates for the first year of building operation and multiplying by the 2019 TDV cost values to arrive at the PV of the cost savings over the 15-year period of analysis. This measure is not climate sensitive, but the energy cost savings were calculated in each climate zone using TDV values for each unique climate zone. However, the energy cost savings calculated was then weighted by construction forecasts and averaged across all climate zones.

### 5.2 Energy Cost Savings Results

The per-unit energy cost savings for newly constructed buildings are averaged across all lighting zones. Table 10 presents the weighting used to average savings across all lighting zones. Note, LZ0 is specifically intended for undeveloped spaces in parks, and therefore has no substantial energy impact on the statewide values. As previously noted, LZ4 is also a lighting zone that local governments must request to use from the Energy Commission, and no municipality has chosen to do that yet.

Lighting Zone	Energy Impact Weight (%)
LZ0	0.0%
LZ1	0.1%
LZ2	9.9%
LZ3	90.0%
LZ4	0.0%

**Table 10: Lighting Zone Area Weighting Factors** 

Per-unit energy cost savings for General Hardscape over the 15-year period of analysis in both new construction and alterations are presented in Table 11. Per-unit energy cost savings for Specific Applications over the 15-year period of analysis for new construction and alterations are presented in Table 12 and Table 13: Specific Applications TDV Energy Cost Savings Over a 15-Year Period of Analysis – Per-Unit – Alterations, respectively. The TDV methodology allows peak electricity savings to be valued more than electricity savings during non-peak periods.

Table 11: TDV Energy Cost Savings Over a 15-Year Period of Analysis, G	Jeneral Hardscape –
Per-Unit	

Measure	Unit	15-Year TDV Electricity Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	15-Year TDV Natural Gas Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	Total 15-Year TDV Energy Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)
General Hardscape – New Construction	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.10
General Hardscape - Alterations	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.10

Sub-measure	Units	15-Year TDV Electricity Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	15-Year TDV Natural Gas Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	Total 15-Year TDV Energy Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)
<b>Building Entrances</b>	Each	\$172.85	N/A	\$172.85
Primary Entrances	Each	\$672.33	N/A	\$672.33
Drive Up Windows	Each	\$550.41	N/A	\$550.41
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	\$1,138.02	N/A	\$1,138.02
ATM Machine	Each	\$1,086.38	N/A	\$1,086.38
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	\$82.01	N/A	\$82.01
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	\$0.18	N/A	\$0.18
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	\$1.32	N/A	\$1.32
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	\$4.60	N/A	\$4.60
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$1.63	N/A	\$1.63
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$7.13	N/A	\$7.13
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$2.26	N/A	\$2.26
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$0.68	N/A	\$0.68
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	\$4.01	N/A	\$4.01
Student Pick-up/Drop- off Zone	Per Square Foot	\$0.95	N/A	\$0.95
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	\$0.87	N/A	\$0.87
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.10

 Table 12: Specific Applications TDV Energy Cost Savings Over a 15-Year Period of Analysis –

 Per-Unit – New Construction

Sub-measure	Units	15-Year TDV Electricity Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	15-Year TDV Natural Gas Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)	Total 15-Year TDV Energy Cost Savings (2020 PV\$)
Building Entrances	Each	\$172.85	N/A	\$172.85
Primary Entrances	Each	\$672.33	N/A	\$672.33
Drive Up Windows	Each	\$550.41	N/A	\$550.41
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	\$1,138.02	N/A	\$1,138.02
ATM Machine	Each	\$1,086.38	N/A	\$1,086.38
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	\$82.01	N/A	\$82.01
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	\$0.18	N/A	\$0.18
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	\$1.32	N/A	\$1.32
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	\$4.60	N/A	\$4.60
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$1.63	N/A	\$1.63
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$7.13	N/A	\$7.13
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$2.26	N/A	\$2.26
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$0.68	N/A	\$0.68
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	\$4.01	N/A	\$4.01
Student Pick-up/Drop- off Zone	Per Square Foot	\$0.95	N/A	\$0.95
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	\$0.87	N/A	\$0.87
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	N/A	\$0.10

 Table 13: Specific Applications TDV Energy Cost Savings Over a 15-Year Period of Analysis –

 Per-Unit – Alterations

### 5.3 Incremental First Cost

The Statewide CASE Team reached out to 18 manufacturers and referenced distributor pricing to obtain data on cost, efficacy, maintenance, and pricing of legacy lighting products, which were compared to equivalent LED luminaire options. 82 different luminaire styles were used and matched as closely as possible for performance, function, and installation type.

For the Specific Applications allowance, the Statewide CASE Team used the same methodology used in the 2016 CASE Report.<sup>6</sup> This includes utilizing a luminaire lumen to lumen comparison using legacy light source technology (PSMH, CFL, incandescent, and T8s) compared to new proposed technology (3000K LED). Both legacy and LED systems consider the life of the technology along with maintenance access and maintenance cost to establish the cost-effectiveness of LED technology. If the existing legacy products have been discontinued by the manufacturer and no distributor pricing was provided, the product prices collected during the 2016 code cycle were applied.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> 2016 Nonresidential Outdoor Lighting Power Allowance CASE Study can be found online: <u>http://www.energy.ca.gov/title24/2016standards/prerulemaking/documents/2014-06-</u>
 24 workshop/final case reports/2016 T24 CASE Report-Outdoor LPA-Dec 2014-V3.pdf

For General Hardscape (Table 140.7-A), three different sites (large, medium, and small parking lot) were used to calculated realistic lighting layouts and determine an average watts per square foot that can be achieved per current design standards: IES RP-20-14 "Parking Lot", CALGreen, and Title 24 2016 Table 140.7-A. The proposed 2019 LPAs were the result of this analysis. The Statewide CASE Team then compared the 2016 4000K LED baseline effective area wattage allowance to the 3000K LEDs for the proposed measure.<sup>7</sup> The unit cost per watt is the same for 2016 base case and the proposed 2019 Standards case. As explained in Section 4.3 above, the savings were achieved as a result of improved light loss factors, allowing a lower initial wattage to maintain the same light levels over time. To calculate first cost implications, the unit cost per watt for the LED luminaires in each lighting zone was multiplied by the total LPA in the base condition (2016), and in the proposed standards case.<sup>8</sup> Since there is less wattage used in the 2019 LPA values, there is a lower cost of equipment. The difference in cost of equipment used between the 2016 and 2019 LPAs is the incremental cost of the proposed measure.

Per Energy Commission's guidance, design costs were not included in the incremental first cost.

### 5.4 Lifetime Incremental Maintenance Costs

Incremental maintenance cost is the incremental cost of replacing the equipment or parts of the equipment, as well as periodic maintenance required to keep the equipment operating relative to current practices over the period of analysis. The present value of equipment and maintenance costs (savings) was calculated using a three percent discount rate (d), which is consistent with the discount rate used when developing the 2019 TDV. The present value of maintenance costs that occurs in the nth year is calculated as follows (where d is the discount rate of three percent):

Present Value of Maintenance Cost = Maintenance Cost 
$$\times \left[\frac{1}{1+d}\right]^n$$

Maintenance costs associated with LED lighting products are generally less than legacy technology. The LCC analysis uses a 15-year lifecycle, during which no routine maintenance is expected for any of the LED lighting equipment because the products are still within their life expectancy at that time. As a result, the maintenance impacts result in savings related to the elimination of typical cyclic routine maintenance associated with the lighting equipment (primarily lamp/light source and ballast/driver replacement with failure). The routine maintenance costs consider typical light source and power supply replacement costs, labor costs, and duration of maintenance. This varies by lamp or light source type and wattage, so the Statewide CASE Team used a reasonable cross-section of technology to calculate routine maintenance costs for legacy and LED systems. The energy savings associated with a reduction in the LPA will persist the entire length of the installation of the lighting equipment. There is no field verification, maintenance, or commissioning required to ensure that the savings are maintained.

Table 14 and Table 15 show the summary results of the incremental cost analysis. Results in red denote a negative or zero cost. See Appendix E for more details on the incremental cost calculations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Effective area wattage allowance is calculated by multiplying the wattage per square foot of all prototypes (averaged) by the average square footage of all the prototypes. The wattage per square foot of each prototype is the total allowed wattage for the prototype: Area Wattage Allowance ( $W/ft^2$ ) plus Linear Wattage Allowance ( $W/ft^2$ ) multiplied by prototype area ( $ft^2$ ) and added to Initial Wattage Allowance (W). This was done for the 2016 LPAs and the proposed 2019 LPAs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Total watts allowed per lighting zone based on prototypes is calculated by dividing the average watt per square foot of the lighting zone by the average square feet of all the prototypes. The average watt per square foot of each lighting zone is the average of each prototype's total allowed wattage divided by the prototype's square footage. Total allowed wattage for each prototype: Area Wattage Allowance (W/ft<sup>2</sup>) plus Linear Wattage Allowance (W/ft<sup>2</sup>) multiplied by prototype area (ft<sup>2</sup>) and added to Initial Wattage Allowance (W).

	First Cost (per square foot)	Routine Maintenance Cost (per square foot)	Total Cost (per square foot)
2016 LPAs (all LZs)	\$1.54	\$0.00	\$1.54
2019 Proposed LPAs (all LZs)	\$1.03	\$0.00	\$1.03
Total Increm	(\$0.52)		

### Table 14: General Hardscape First Cost, Routine Maintenance Cost, and Total Incremental Cost

a. A negative total incremental cost means a measure is instantly cost-effective.

# Table 15: Specific Applications First-Cost, Routine Maintenance Cost, and Total Incremental Cost – Weighted of All Lighting Zones<sup>a</sup>

Specific Application	Unit		First Cost (per-unit)	Routine Maintenance Cost (per-unit)	Total Cost (per-unit)
Building Entrances	Each	2016 LPA	\$697.89	\$156.03	\$853.92
		2019 LPA	\$383.86	\$0.00	\$383.86
				ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$470.06)
Primary Entrances	Each	2016 LPA	\$902.99	\$216.82	\$1,119.81
		2019 LPA	\$936.68	\$0.00 ntal Cost Per-Unit	\$936.68
			(\$183.13)		
Drive Up Windows	Each	2016 LPA	\$511.46	\$256.06	\$767.52
		2019 LPA	\$670.97	\$0.00	\$670.97
			Total Increme	ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$96.55)
Vehicle Service	Each Pump Face	2016 LPA	\$761.57	\$234.43	\$996.00
<b>Uncovered Fuel</b>		2019 LPA	\$1007.28	\$0.00	\$1,007.28
Dispenser			Total Increme	ntal Cost Per-Unit	\$11.28
_		2016 LPA	\$843.81	\$382.09	\$1,225.90
ATM Machine	Each	2019 LPA	\$1,296.76	\$0.00	\$1,296.76
		Total Incremental Cost Per-Unit			\$70.86
	6	2016 LPA	\$99.22	\$31.20	\$130.42
Outdoor Sales	Per Linear	2019 LPA	\$139.96	\$0.00	\$139.96
Frontage	Foot	•	Total Increme	ntal Cost Per-Unit	\$9.54
Hardscape		2016 LPA	\$0.89	\$0.10	\$0.99
Ornamental	Per Square	2019 LPA	\$0.07	\$0.00	\$0.07
Lighting	Foot		Total Increme	ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$0.92)
	Per Square Foot	2016 LPA	\$1.67	\$0.48	\$2.15
Building Facades		2019 LPA	\$2.18	\$0.00	\$2.18
		Total Incremental Cost Per-Unit			\$0.03
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	2016 LPA	\$1.99	\$1.05	\$3.04
		2019 LPA	\$2.96	\$0.00	\$2.96
		I		ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$0.08)
Vehicle Service	Per Square Foot	2016 LPA	\$1.57	\$0.24	\$1.81
Station		2019 LPA	\$2.02	\$0.00	\$2.02
Hardscape		L1		ntal Cost Per-Unit	\$0.21
Vehicle Service	<b>D</b>	2016 LPA	\$3.03	\$1.69	\$4.72
Station	Per Square Foot	2019 LPA	\$2.77	\$0.00	\$2.77
Canopies		`I		ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$1.95)
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	2016 LPA	\$5.08	\$1.54	\$6.62
		2019 LPA	\$5.11	\$0.00	\$5.11
				ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$1.51)
			\$2.64	\$1.79	\$4.43
Non-sales	Per Square	2016 LPA 2019 LPA	\$2.65	\$0.00	\$2.65
Canopies	Foot			ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$1.78)

Specific Application	Unit		First Cost (per-unit)	Routine Maintenance Cost (per-unit)	Total Cost (per-unit)
	Dar Squara	2016 LPA	\$4.98	\$1.68	\$6.66
<b>Guard Stations</b>	Per Square Foot	2019 LPA	\$4.12	\$0.00	\$4.12
	FOOL		ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$2.54)	
Student Pick-	Per Square Foot	2016 LPA	\$3.06	\$0.36	\$3.42
up/Drop-off		2019 LPA	\$2.77	\$0.00	\$2.77
Zone	FUUL		Total Incremen	(\$0.65)	
	Den Caucho	2016 LPA	\$0.01	\$7.09	\$7.10
<b>Outdoor Dining</b>	Per Square Foot	2019 LPA	\$0.06	\$0.00	\$0.06
	FUUL	Total Incremental Cost Per-Unit			(\$7.04)
Special Security	Dor Squara	2016 LPA	\$0.27	\$0.06	\$0.33
Lighting for	Per Square Foot	2019 LPA	\$0.19	\$0.00	\$0.19
Retail	FUOL		Total Incremen	ntal Cost Per-Unit	(\$0.14)

a. A negative total incremental cost means a measure is instantly cost-effective

## 5.5 Lifecycle Cost-Effectiveness

This measure proposes a prescriptive requirement. As such, a lifecycle cost analysis is required to demonstrate that the measure is cost-effective over the 15-year period of analysis. The Energy Commission establishes the procedures for calculating lifecycle cost-effectiveness. The Statewide CASE Team collaborated with Energy Commission staff to confirm that the methodology in this report is consistent with their guidelines, including which costs were included in the analysis. In this case, incremental first cost and incremental routine maintenance costs within the 15-year period of analysis were included. The TDV energy cost savings from electricity savings were also included in the evaluation. Design costs and the incremental cost of code compliance verification were not included.

According to the Energy Commission's definitions, a measure is cost-effective if the benefit-to-cost (B/C) ratio is greater than 1.0. The B/C ratio is calculated by dividing the total present lifecycle cost benefits by the present value of the total incremental costs.

Results of the per-unit lifecycle cost-effectiveness analyses are presented in Table 16 and Table 17 for General Hardscape new construction and alterations, respectively. Table 18, and Table 19 present the results for Specific Applications new construction and alterations, respectively.

Table 16: General Hardscape Lifecycle Cost-Effectiveness Summary Per-Unit – New
Construction

Sub-Measure	Units	Benefits TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings <sup>a</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Costs Total Incremental PV Costs <sup>b</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Benefit-to- Cost Ratio
General Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$ 0.25	\$0.00	Infinite

a. Benefits: TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings: Benefits include TDV energy cost savings over the period of analysis (Energy + Environmental Economics 2016, 51-53). Other savings are discounted at a real (nominal – inflation) three percent rate. Other PV savings include incremental first-cost savings if proposed first cost is less than current first cost. Includes present value maintenance cost savings if PV of proposed maintenance costs is less than the PV of current maintenance costs.

#### Table 17: General Hardscape Lifecycle Cost-Effectiveness Summary Per-Unit – Alterations

Sub-Measure	Units	Benefits TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings <sup>a</sup> (2020 PV \$)	Costs Total Incremental PV Costs <sup>b</sup> (2020 PV \$)	Benefit-to- Cost Ratio
General Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$ 0.25	\$0.00	Infinite

a. **Benefits: TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings:** Benefits include TDV energy cost savings over the period of analysis (Energy + Environmental Economics 2016, 51-53). Other savings are discounted at a real (nominal – inflation) three percent rate. Other PV savings include incremental first-cost savings if proposed first cost is less than current first cost. Includes present value maintenance cost savings if PV of proposed maintenance costs is less than the PV of current maintenance costs.

 Table 18: Specific Applications Lifecycle Cost-effectiveness Summary Per-Unit – New Construction

Sub-Measure	Units	Benefits TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings <sup>a</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Costs Total Incremental PV Costs <sup>b</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Benefit-to- Cost Ratio
Building Entrances	Each	\$172.85	\$0.00	Infinite
Primary Entrances	Each	\$672.33	\$0.00	Infinite
Drive Up Windows	Each	\$550.41	\$0.00	Infinite
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	\$1,138.02	\$11.66	97.6
ATM Machine	Each	\$1,086.38	\$90.89	12.0
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	\$82.01	\$11.17	7.35
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	\$0.18	\$0.00	Infinite
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	\$1.32	\$0.02	51.4
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	\$4.60	\$0.00	Infinite
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$1.63	\$0.21	7.9
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$7.13	\$0.00	Infinite
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$2.26	\$0.00	Infinite
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$0.68	\$0.00	Infinite
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	\$4.01	\$0.00	Infinite
Student Pick-up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	\$0.95	\$0.00	Infinite
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	\$0.87	\$0.00	Infinite
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	\$0.00	Infinite

a. **Benefits: TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings:** Benefits include TDV energy cost savings over the period of analysis (Energy + Environmental Economics 2016, 51-53). Other savings are discounted at a real (nominal – inflation) three percent rate. Other PV savings include incremental first cost savings if proposed first cost is less than current first cost. Includes present value maintenance cost savings if PV of proposed maintenance costs is less than the PV of current maintenance costs.

Sub-Measure	Units	Benefits TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings <sup>a</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Costs Total Incremental PV Costs <sup>b</sup> (2020 PV\$)	Benefit-to- Cost Ratio
Building Entrances	Each	\$172.85	\$0.00	Infinite
Primary Entrances	Each	\$672.33	\$0.00	Infinite
Drive Up Windows	Each	\$550.41	\$0.00	Infinite
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	\$1,138.02	\$11.66	97.6
ATM Machine	Each	\$1,086.38	\$90.89	12.0
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	\$82.01	\$11.17	7.35
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	\$0.18	\$0.00	Infinite
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	\$1.32	\$0.02	51.4
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	\$4.60	\$0.00	Infinite
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	\$1.63	\$0.21	7.9
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$7.13	\$0.00	Infinite
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$2.26	\$0.00	Infinite
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	\$0.68	\$0.00	Infinite
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	\$4.01	\$0.00	Infinite
Student Pick-up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	\$0.95	\$0.00	Infinite
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	\$0.87	\$0.00	Infinite
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	\$0.10	\$0.00	Infinite

Table 19: Specific Applications Lifecycle Cost-effectiveness Summary Per-Unit – Alterations

a. **Benefits: TDV Energy Cost Savings + Other PV Savings:** Benefits include TDV energy cost savings over the period of analysis (Energy + Environmental Economics 2016, 51-53). Other savings are discounted at a real (nominal – inflation) three percent rate. Other PV savings include incremental first cost savings if proposed first cost is less than current first cost. Includes present value routine maintenance cost savings if PV of proposed routine maintenance costs is less than the PV of current routine maintenance costs.

## 6.1 Statewide Energy Savings and Lifecycle Energy Cost Savings

The Statewide CASE Team calculated the first-year statewide savings for new construction by multiplying the per-unit savings, which are presented in Section 4.3, by the statewide new construction forecast for 2020 or expected alterations in 2020, which is presented in more detail in Appendix A. The first-year energy impacts represent the annual savings from all buildings that were completed in 2020 for the first 12 months the buildings are operational. The lifecycle energy cost savings represent the energy cost savings over the entire 15-year analysis period. The statewide savings estimates do not take naturally occurring market adoption or compliance rates into account.

Results from new construction and alterations for General Hardscape and Specific Applications by climate zone are presented in Table 20 through Table 23.

Given data regarding the new construction forecast and expected additions and alterations in 2020, the Statewide CASE Team estimates that the proposed code change will reduce annual statewide electricity use by 118 GWh with an associated demand reduction of 2.4 MW. Natural gas use is expected to be reduced by zero therms. The energy savings for buildings constructed in 2020 are associated with a present valued energy cost savings of approximately \$273.61 million in (discounted) energy costs over the 15-year period of analysis.

#### Table 20: General Hardscape Statewide Energy and Energy Cost Impacts – New Construction

Sub-measure	Units	Statewide Construction in 2020 (millions of units)	First-Year Electricity Savings (GWh)	First-Year Peak Electrical Demand Reduction (MW)	First-Year Natural Gas Savings (million therms)	Lifecycle <sup>2</sup> Present Valued Energy Cost Savings (PV\$ million)
General Hardscape	Per Square Foot	136.24	15.08	0.25	N/A	\$34.10

### Table 21: General Hardscape Statewide Energy and Energy Cost Impacts – Alterations

Sub-measure	Units	Statewide Construction in 2020 (millions of units)	First-Year Electricity Savings (GWh)	First-Year Peak Electrical Demand Reduction (MW)	First-Year Natural Gas Savings (million therms)	Lifecycle <sup>2</sup> Present Valued Energy Cost Savings (PV\$ million)
General Hardscape	Per Square Foot	401.64	44.44	0.75	N/A	\$100.50

Sub-measure	Units	Statewide Construction in 2020 (millions of units)	First-Year <sup>a</sup> Electricity Savings (GWh)	First-Year Peak Electrical Demand Reduction (MW)	First-Year Natural Gas Savings (million therms)	Lifecycle <sup>b</sup> PV Energy Cost Savings (PV\$ million)
Building Entrances	Each	0.03	2.54	0.04	N/A	\$6.07
Primary Entrances	Each	0.00	0.02	0.00	N/A	\$0.04
Drive Up Windows	Each	0.00	0.21	0.01	N/A	\$0.51
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	0.00	0.02	0.00	N/A	\$0.04
ATM Machine	Each	0.00	0.11	0.00	N/A	\$0.14
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	0.01	3.80	0.15	N/A	\$8.00
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	5.10	0.61	0.01	N/A	\$0.97
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	8.00	4.36	0.11	N/A	\$2.83
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	2.40	3.55	0.09	N/A	\$4.48
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	4.40	2.74	0.06	N/A	\$5.84
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.48	1.36	0.03	N/A	\$2.78
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.20	0.18	0.00	N/A	\$0.37
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	3.00	1.83	0.01	N/A	\$2.01
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	0.05	0.08	0.00	N/A	\$0.18
Student Pick-up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	0.21	0.08	0.00	N/A	\$0.20
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	0.65	0.55	0.01	N/A	\$0.58
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	0.62	0.02	0.00	N/A	\$0.06
TOTAL		17.08	14.75	0.34	N/A	\$35.10

### Table 22: Specific Applications Statewide Energy and Energy Cost Impacts – New Construction

a. First-year savings from all buildings completed statewide in 2020.

b. Energy cost savings from all buildings completed statewide in 2020 accrued during 15-year period of analysis.

Sub-measure	Units	Statewide Construction in 2020 (million units)	First-Year <sup>a</sup> Electricity Savings (GWh)	First-Year Peak Electrical Demand Reduction (MW)	First-Year Natural Gas Savings (million therms)	Lifecycle <sup>b</sup> PV Energy Cost Savings (PV\$ million)
Building Entrances	Each	0.10	7.55	0.13	N/A	\$18.06
Primary Entrances	Each	0.00	0.06	0.00	N/A	\$0.13
Drive Up Windows	Each	0.00	0.60	0.01	N/A	\$1.44
Vehicle Service Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Each Pump Face	0.00	0.05	0.00	N/A	\$0.11
ATM Machine	Each	0.00	0.27	0.00	N/A	\$0.42
Outdoor Sales Frontage	Per Linear Foot	0.29	9.22	0.37	N/A	\$23.78
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Per Square Foot	15.17	1.82	0.03	N/A	\$2.79
Building Facades	Per Square Foot	6.29	3.35	0.08	N/A	\$8.29
Outdoor Sales Lots	Per Square Foot	2.90	5.87	0.11	N/A	\$13.34
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Per Square Foot	10.63	7.67	0.13	N/A	\$17.37
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Per Square Foot	1.16	3.65	0.06	N/A	\$8.27
Sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	0.48	0.43	0.01	N/A	\$1.09
Non-sales Canopies	Per Square Foot	8.54	1.93	0.03	N/A	\$5.84
Guard Stations	Per Square Foot	0.14	0.23	0.00	N/A	\$0.54
Student Pick-up/Drop-off Zone	Per Square Foot	0.70	0.25	0.01	N/A	\$0.66
Outdoor Dining	Per Square Foot	1.89	0.66	0.03	N/A	\$1.63
Special Security Lighting for Retail	Per Square Foot	1.67	0.07	0.00	N/A	\$0.16
TOTAL		49.95	43.68	1.02	N/A	\$103.91

#### Table 23: Specific Applications Statewide Energy and Energy Cost Impacts – Alterations

a. First-year savings from all alterations completed statewide in 2020.

b. Energy cost savings from all alterations completed statewide in 2020 accrued during 15-year period of analysis.

### 6.2 Statewide Water Use Impacts

The proposed code change will not result in water savings.

## 6.3 Statewide Material Impacts

The Statewide CASE Team calculated material impacts based on life-cycle assessment of impacts of LED and legacy technology products.<sup>9</sup>

Element		Impact	on Material Use (lbs/yr)
Element	Impact (I, D, or NC) <sup>a</sup>	Per-Unit Impacts	First-Year <sup>b</sup> Statewide Impacts
Antimony	D	0.0	13
Arsenic	Ι	0.0	0.1
Barium	Ι	0.0	21
Chromium	Ι	0.0	17
Copper	D	0.0	372
Lead	D	0.0	47
Mercury	D	0.0	0.2
Nickel	D	0.0	11
Silver	I	0.0	3
Zinc	D	0.0	237

**Table 24: Impacts of Material Use<sup>c</sup>** 

a. Material Increase (I), Decrease (D), or No Change (NC) compared to base case (lbs/yr).

b. First-year savings from all new construction completed statewide in 2020.

c. Materials with increased usage have been colored red.

# 6.4 Other Non-Energy Impacts

There are a number of non-energy impacts and benefits resulting from this code change. The new proposed LPAs are based on less efficacious, 3000K LED luminaires to ensure warmer CCTs are not precluded per code requirements. Additionally, an all LED baseline means that areas can be continuously and smoothly dimmed as necessary, versus large increments in dimming levels associated with legacy technology. LED luminaires can also operate at a much lower rated light source power level than legacy products. LEDs are typically able to operate at ten percent rated light source power while the lamp power of a PSMH luminaire cannot drop below 50 percent of its rated value. Additionally, LED technology has progressed so that local fauna and local active professional observatories' needs can be accommodated. This proposed measure includes an increases wattage allowance so that narrow band spectrum light sources can be used that will not disturb sensitive species or observatories.

# 7. PROPOSED REVISIONS TO CODE LANGUAGE

The proposed changes to the Standards, Reference Appendices, and the ACM Reference Manuals are provided below. Changes to the 2016 documents are marked with <u>underlining (new language)</u> and <u>strikethroughs</u> (deletions).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> https://energy.gov/sites/prod/files/2015/10/f27/2013\_led\_lca-pt3.pdf

## 7.1 Standards

### SECTION 100.1 – DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

**NARROW BAND SPECTRUM** is a limited range of wavelengths (nm) concentric to a dominant peak wavelength in the visible spectrum. The limited range of wavelengths shall be within 20 nm on either side of the peak wavelength at 50 percent of the peak wavelength's relative spectral power, and within 75 nm on either side of the peak wavelength at 10 percent of the peak wavelength's relative spectral power.

### SECTION 130.2(b) – OUTDOOR LIGHTING CONTROLS AND EQUIPMENT

(b) Luminaire Cutoff Shielding Requirements. All outdoor luminaires rated for use with lamps greater than 30 150 lamp watts, determined in accordance with Section 130.0(c), shall comply with Backlight, Uplight, and Glare (collectively referred to as "BUG" in accordance with IES TM-15-11, Addendum A) requirements as follows:

### SECTION 140.7 – REQUIREMENTS FOR OUTDOOR LIGHTING

Two new lines were added to Table 140.7-A for concrete hardscape and asphalt hardscape and a third footnote for narrow band spectrum light sources was added. This table was also modified with edits to footnote two that incorporate revisions to RP-20. Table 25 and Table 26 below represent the current and proposed formats and LPAs, respectively:

#### Table 25: 2016 Table 140.7-A General Hardscape Format and LPAs

Type of Power Allowance	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2 <sup>2</sup>	Lighting Zone 3 <sup>2</sup>	Lighting Zone 4
Area Wattage Allowance (AWA)		0.020 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.030 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.040 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.050 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
Linear Wattage Allowance (LWA)	No Allowance <sup>1</sup>	0.15 W/lf	0.25 W/lf	0.35 W/lf	0.45 W/lf
Initial Wattage Allowance (IWA)		340 W	450 W	520 W	640 W

TABLE 140.7-A GENERAL HARDSCAPE LIGHTING POWER ALLOWANCE

<sup>1</sup> Continuous lighting is explicitly prohibited in Lighting Zone 0. A single luminaire of 15 Watts or less may be installed at an entrance to a parking area, trail head, fee payment kiosk, outhouse, or toilet facility, as required to provide safe navigation of the site infrastructure. Luminaires installed in Lighting Zone 0 shall meet the maximum zonal lumen limits for Uplight and Glare specified in Table 130.2-A and 130.2-B.

<sup>2</sup> For Lighting Zone 2 and 3, where greater than 50% of the paved surface of a parking lot is finished with concrete, the AWA for that area shall be 0.035 W/ft<sup>2</sup> for Lighting Zone 2 and 0.040 W/ft<sup>2</sup> for Lighting Zone 3, and the LWA for both lighting zones shall be 0.70 W/lf. This does not extend beyond the parking lot, and does not include any other General Hardscape areas.

Type of Power	Lighting Zone 0 <sup>3</sup>	Lighting Zone 1 <sup>3</sup>	Lighting	g Zone 2 <sup>3</sup>	Lighting	Lighting Zone 4 <sup>3</sup>	
Allowance	Asphalt/Concrete	Asphalt/Concrete	Asphalt	Concrete <sup>2</sup>	Asphalt	Concrete <sup>2</sup>	Asphalt/Concrete
Area Wattage Allowance (AWA)	No Allowance <sup>1</sup>	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.023</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>0.025</u>	<u>0.030</u>	<u>0.030</u>
Linear Wattage Allowance (LWA)		<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.40</u>	<u>0.35</u>
Initial Wattage Allowance (IWA)		<u>180</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>350</u>	<u>400</u>

Table 26: Proposed Format With New LPAs For Table 140.7-A General Hardscape

<sup>1</sup> Continuous lighting is explicitly prohibited in Lighting Zone 0. A single luminaire of 15 Watts or less may be installed at an entrance to a parking area, trail head, fee payment kiosk, outhouse, or toilet facility, as required to provide safe navigation of the site infrastructure. Luminaires installed in Lighting Zone 0 shall meet the maximum zonal lumen limits for Uplight and Glare specified in Table 130.2-A and 130.2-B.

 $^{2}$  Where greater than 50% of the paved surface of a parking lot is finished with concrete. This does not extend beyond the parking lot, and does not include any other General hardscape areas.

<sup>3</sup> Light sources having a narrow band spectral output with a dominant peak wavelength greater than 580 nm - as mandated by local, state, or federal agencies to minimize the impact on local, active professional astronomy or nocturnal habitat of specific local fauna - shall be allowed a 2.0 lighting power allowance multiplier.

### Table 27 below includes the new LPAs for Specific Applications.

### Table 27: New LPAs For Table 140.7-B Specific Applications

Lighting Application	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
	Zone 0	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4
WATTAGE ALLOWANCE PER APPLICATION. Use all that apply	as appropriate.				
<b>Building Entrances or Exits.</b> Allowance per door. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 20 feet of the door.	Not Applicable	<del>15</del> <u>9</u> watts	<del>25</del> <u>15</u> watts	<del>35</del> <u>19</u> watts	45 <u>21</u> watts
Primary Entrances to Senior Care Facilities, Police Stations, Hospitals, Fire Stations, and Emergency Vehicle Facilities. Allowance per primary entrance(s) only. Primary entrances shall provide access for the general public and shall not be used exclusively for staff or service personnel. This allowance shall be in addition to the building entrance or exit allowance above. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 100 feet of the primary entrance.	Not Applicable	45 <u>20</u> watts	<u>80 40</u> watts	<del>120-<u>57</u></del> watts	130 <u>60</u> watts
<b>Drive Up Windows.</b> Allowance per customer service location. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 2 mounting heights of the sill of the window.	Not Applicable	40 <u>16</u> watts	75 <u>30</u> watts	<del>125</del> - <u>50</u> watts	200 <u>75</u> watts
Vehicle Service Station Uncovered Fuel Dispenser. Allowance per fueling dispenser. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 2 mounting heights of the dispenser.	Not Applicable	<del>120</del> <u>55</u> watts	<del>175</del> <u>77</u> watts	<del>185</del> <u>81</u> watts	<del>330</del> <u>135</u> watts

Lighting Application	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
	Zone 0	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4
<b>ATM Machine Lighting.</b> Allowance per ATM machine. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 50 feet of the dispenser.	Not Applicable		50 <u>100</u> watts for watts for each a		
WATTAGE ALLOWANCE PER UNIT LENGTH (w/linear ft).	Aay be used for	r one or two fi	rontage side(s)	per site.	
<b>Outdoor Sales Frontage.</b> Allowance for frontage immediately adjacent to the principal viewing location(s) and unobstructed for its viewing length. A corner sales lot may include two adjacent sides to a public right of way provided that a different principal viewing location exists for each side. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located between the principal viewing location and the frontage outdoor sales area.	Not Applicable	No Allowance	22.5- <u>11</u> W/linear ft	<del>36</del> <u>19</u> W/linear ft	45- <u>25</u> W/linear ft
WATTAGE ALLOWANCE PER HARDSCAPE AREA (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ). N	May be used fo	r any illumina	ated hardscape	area on the s	ite.
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting. Allowance for the total site illuminated hardscape area. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be rated for 100 watts or less as determined in accordance with Section 130.0(d), and shall be post- top luminaires, lanterns, pendant luminaires, or chandeliers.	Not Applicable	No Allowance	0.02 0.007 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.04 0.013 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.06 0.019 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
WATTAGE ALLOWANCE PER SPECIFIC AREA (W/ft <sup>2</sup> ). Use applications shall be used for the same area.	as appropriate	provided tha	t none of the fo	ollowing speci	fic
<b>Building Facades.</b> Only areas of building façade that are illuminated shall qualify for this allowance. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be aimed at the façade and shall be capable of illuminating it without obstruction or interference by permanent building features or other objects.	Not Applicable	No Allowance	0.18 0.100 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.35 0.170 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.50 0.225 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
<b>Outdoor Sales Lots.</b> Allowance for uncovered sales lots used exclusively for the display of vehicles or other merchandise for sale. Driveways, parking lots or other non-sales areas shall be considered hardscape areas even if these areas are completely surrounded by sales lot on all sides. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 5 mounting heights of the sales lot area.	Not Applicable	0.164 0.060 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.555 0.210 W/ft²	0.758 0.280 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.285 0.485 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape. Allowance for the total illuminated hardscape area less area of buildings, under canopies, off property, or obstructed by signs or structures. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be illuminating the hardscape area and shall not be within a building, below a canopy, beyond property lines, or obstructed by a sign or other structure.	Not Applicable	0.014 0.006 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.155 0.068 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.308 0.138 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.485 0.200 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
Vehicle Service Station Canopies. Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy.	Not Applicable	0.514 0.220 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.005 0.430 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.300 0.580 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	2.200 1.010 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
<b>Sales Canopies.</b> Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy.	Not Applicable	No Allowance	0.655 0.470 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.908 0.622 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	1.135 0.740 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
<b>Non-sales Canopies and Tunnels.</b> Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy or inside the tunnel. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy or tunnel.	Not Applicable	0.084 0.057 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.205 0.137 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.408 0.270 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.585 0.370 W/ft <sup>2</sup>
<b>Guard Stations.</b> Allowance up to 1,000 square feet per vehicle lane. Guard stations provide access to secure areas controlled by security personnel who stop and may inspect vehicles and vehicle occupants, including identification, documentation, vehicle license plates, and vehicle contents. Qualifying luminaires shall be within 2 mounting heights of a vehicle lane or the guardhouse.	Not Applicable	0.154 0.081 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.355 0.176 W/ft²	0.708 0.325 W/ft <sup>2</sup>	0.985 0.425 W/ft <sup>2</sup>

Lighting Application	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting	Lighting
	Zone 0	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Zone 4
Student Pick-up/Drop-off zone. Allowance for the area of the	Not	No	<del>0.12</del>	<del>0.45</del>	No
student pick-up/drop-off zone, with or without canopy, for preschool	Applicable	Allowance	0.056	0.200	Allowance
through 12th grade school campuses. A student pick-up/drop off zone is a curbside, controlled traffic area on a school campus where			W/ft <sup>2</sup>	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	
students are picked-up and dropped off from vehicles. The allowed area shall be the smaller of the actual width or 25 feet, times the					
smaller of the actual length or 250 feet. Qualifying luminaires shall					
be within 2 mounting heights of the student pick-up/drop-off zone.					
<b>Outdoor Dining.</b> Allowance for the total illuminated hardscape of	Not	<del>0.014</del>	0.135	0.240	0.400
outdoor dining. Outdoor dining areas are hardscape areas used to serve and consume food and beverages. Qualifying luminaires	Applicable	<u>0.004</u>	<u>0.030</u>	<u>0.050</u>	<u>0.075</u>
shall be within 2 mounting heights of the hardscape area of outdoor dining.		W/ft²	W/ft²	W/ft²	W/ft²
Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian	Not	0.007	0.009	0.019	No
<b>Hardscape.</b> This additional allowance is for illuminated retail parking and pedestrian hardscape identified as having special	Applicable	0.004	0.005	0.010	Allowance
security needs. This allowance shall be in addition to the building entrance or exit allowance.		W/ft²	W/ft <sup>2</sup>	W/ft²	

# 7.2 Reference Appendices

There are no proposed changes to the Reference Appendices.

## 7.3 ACM Reference Manual

There are no proposed changes to the ACM Reference Manual.

## 7.4 Compliance Manuals

Chapter 6 of the Nonresidential Compliance Manual will need to be revised to account for updated LPAs. No other changes are expected in the manual.

### 7.5 Compliance Documents

Compliance document NRCC-LTO-03-E will need to be revised to account for different LPAs between asphalt and concrete for Table 140.7-A General Hardscape.

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# **Appendix A: STATEWIDE SAVINGS METHODOLOGY**

The projected nonresidential new construction forecast that will be impacted by the proposed code change in 2020 is presented in Table 28. The projected nonresidential existing statewide building stock that will be impacted by the propose code change as a result of additions and alterations in 2020 is presented in Table 29.

To calculate first-year statewide savings, the Statewide CASE Team multiplied the per-unit savings by statewide new construction estimates for the first year the standards will be in effect (2020). The Energy Commission Demand Analysis Office provided the Statewide CASE Team with the nonresidential new construction forecast. The raw data presented annual total building stock and new construction estimates for twelve building types by forecast climate zones (FCZ). The Statewide CASE Team completed the following steps to refine the data and develop estimates of statewide floorspace that will be impacted by the proposed code changes:

The Statewide CASE Team completed the following steps to refine the data and develop estimates of statewide floorspace that will be impacted by the proposed code changes:

- Translated data from FCZ data into building climate zones (BCZ). This was completed using the FCZ to BCZ conversion factors provided by the Energy Commission (see Table 30). Translated data from FCZ data into building standards climate zones (BSCZ). Since Title 24, Part 6 uses BSCZ, the Statewide CASE Team converted the construction forecast from FCZ to BSCZ using conversion factors supplied by the Energy Commission. The conversion factors, which are presented in Table 30 represent the percentage of building square footage in FCZ that is also in BSCZ. For example, looking at the first column of conversion factors in Table 30, 22.5 percent of the building square footage in FCZ 1 is also in BSCZ 1 and 0.1 percent of building square footage in FCZ 4 is in BSCZ 1. To convert from FCZ to BSCZ, the total forecasted construction for a specific building type in each FCZ was multiplied by the conversion factors for BSCZ 1, then all square footage from all FCZs that are found to be in BSCZ 1 are summed to arrive at the total construction for that building type in BSCZ 1. This process was repeated for every climate zone and every building type. See Table 32 for an example calculation to convert from FCZ to BSCZ. In this example, construction BSCZ 1 is made up of building floorspace from FCZs 1, 4, and 14.
- 2. Made assumptions about the percentage of nonresidential new construction in 2020 that will be impacted by proposed code change by building type and climate zone. The Statewide CASE Team's assumptions are presented in Table 31 and Table 32 and discussed further below.
- 3. Made assumptions about the percentage of the total nonresidential building stock in 2020 that will be impacted by the proposed code change (additions and alterations) by building type and climate zone. The Statewide CASE Team's assumptions are presented in Table 31 and Table 32 and discussed further below.
- 4. Calculated nonresidential floorspace that will be impacted by the proposed code change in 2020 by building type and climate zone for both new construction and alterations. Results are presented in Table 28 and Table 29.

This measure applies to all nonresidential spaces, which is why 100 percent of new construction is assumed to be affected. The Statewide CASE Team used a seven percent assumption for existing floorspace as an industry standard percentage of turnover for lighting.

There are several aspects of the statewide estimates that add complexity to the calculation. These are:

- 1. Construction estimates of the square footage of outdoor hardscape are not included in statewide construction forecasts, and therefore must be estimated by the use of a proxy.
- 2. The construction forecasts do not predict construction activity based on the Lighting Zones, as defined in Title 24, and therefore another translation must be performed to predict the statewide impacts based on the area of each individual Lighting Zone, and modified by anticipated construction activity weighted for each Lighting Zone.
- 3. The actual amount of lighting employed on the hardscape is not clearly known. There is evidence that it may be somewhat less than a fully lighted condition in some cases. The Statewide CASE Team analysis will adjust the full allowance downward to accommodate sites that are not fully lighted.

					New	Construction in	n 2020 (Mi	llion Squar	e Feet)				
Climate Zone	Small Office	Restaurant	Retail	Food	Non- Refrigerated Warehouse	Refrigerated Warehouse	School	College	Hospital	Hotel	Miscellaneous	Large Office	TOTAL
1	0.0494	0.0163	0.0853	0.0287	0.0368	0.0024	0.0656	0.0280	0.0307	0.0252	0.1115	0.0546	0.5344
2	0.2094	0.0921	0.7071	0.1856	0.4734	0.0379	0.3277	0.1629	0.2106	0.2354	0.8961	0.8296	4.3678
3	0.6925	0.3910	3.1839	0.7394	2.8795	0.1861	1.2192	0.7361	0.8441	1.3410	4.2876	5.5830	22.0835
4	0.4642	0.2089	1.6923	0.4394	1.0709	0.0942	0.7371	0.3647	0.5034	0.5232	2.0944	1.8543	10.0470
5	0.0901	0.0406	0.3286	0.0853	0.2079	0.0183	0.1431	0.0708	0.0977	0.1016	0.4066	0.3600	1.9508
6	0.6562	0.4806	2.7570	0.6896	2.2619	0.0986	0.8324	0.4764	0.5260	0.6422	2.6255	3.6351	15.6814
7	0.8790	0.2643	1.7010	0.5230	0.9519	0.0093	0.8959	0.3922	0.5561	0.5616	1.7181	1.8328	10.2854
8	0.9103	0.6887	3.9674	0.9869	3.2044	0.1363	1.2113	0.6661	0.7993	0.9200	3.8447	5.3065	22.6420
9	0.8937	0.7622	4.1915	1.0172	3.4313	0.1143	1.2286	0.7831	1.1364	1.0587	4.4500	7.1600	26.2269
10	0.9833	0.6400	3.0564	0.8578	2.6193	0.0595	1.6484	0.5499	0.6499	0.5891	3.3939	1.7311	16.7786
11	0.2830	0.0875	0.6543	0.2231	0.6491	0.0768	0.4366	0.1406	0.2110	0.1448	0.7554	0.3341	3.9962
12	1.5316	0.4403	3.5976	0.9482	3.0782	0.2282	1.7985	0.6916	1.0131	0.9038	3.9658	3.6878	21.8846
13	0.6028	0.1986	1.4244	0.4797	1.2207	0.1958	0.9484	0.2751	0.4488	0.3201	1.7269	0.6287	8.4700
14	0.1598	0.1219	0.6017	0.1621	0.5098	0.0187	0.2989	0.0969	0.1279	0.1102	0.6806	0.4322	3.3207
15	0.2172	0.0853	0.5340	0.1817	0.5765	0.0167	0.3049	0.0737	0.0905	0.1339	0.5966	0.2185	3.0295
16	0.2220	0.1358	0.7642	0.2060	0.5350	0.0332	0.3240	0.1666	0.1893	0.1510	0.9377	0.9963	4.6611
TOTAL	8.8443	4.6542	29.2467	7.7536	23.7066	1.3263	12.4207	5.6748	7.4348	7.7617	32.4914	34.6448	175.9598

Table 28: Estimated New Nonresidential Construction Impacted by Proposed Code Change in 2020, by Climate Zone and Building Type (MillionSquare Feet)

					Α	lterations in 202	20 (Million	<b>Square Fee</b>	et)				
Climate Zone	Small Office	Restaurant	Retail	Food	Non- Refrigerated Warehouse	Refrigerated Warehouse	School	College	Hospital	Hotel	Miscellaneous	Large Office	TOTAL
1	0.1471	0.0475	0.2577	0.0874	0.1283	0.0073	0.1902	0.0981	0.1119	0.0902	0.3107	0.1532	1.6296
2	0.6551	0.2442	1.9541	0.5166	1.3669	0.1081	1.0646	0.5800	0.7262	0.6878	2.4262	2.2715	12.6014
3	2.0934	0.9847	8.1846	1.9039	7.1501	0.4943	4.1610	2.4477	2.8807	3.2837	10.8984	13.7501	58.2327
4	1.4864	0.5487	4.7111	1.2252	3.2142	0.2729	2.4328	1.3312	1.7208	1.5808	5.7553	5.2988	29.5781
5	0.2886	0.1065	0.9147	0.2379	0.6241	0.0530	0.4724	0.2585	0.3341	0.3069	1.1175	1.0288	5.7430
6	2.0920	1.3923	8.2196	2.0578	7.6495	0.3102	3.6382	2.0389	2.1685	2.2835	9.5940	10.0748	51.5193
7	2.5404	0.7374	5.1268	1.5550	3.4287	0.0315	2.4626	1.3414	1.8381	2.1824	5.1626	5.6371	32.0440
8	2.8855	1.9848	11.7115	2.9199	10.7365	0.4281	5.1045	2.7994	3.1900	3.2311	13.8259	14.5972	73.4144
9	2.6479	2.1239	11.4846	2.8097	10.3170	0.3507	4.6013	3.0294	3.9106	3.2276	13.2542	17.8912	75.6480
10	3.0563	1.9712	9.6954	2.6919	10.3684	0.1987	4.6292	1.9062	2.2675	2.2077	10.9100	5.2016	55.1041
11	0.8060	0.2335	1.7677	0.6039	1.9178	0.2230	1.1901	0.4882	0.7102	0.3968	1.9943	0.8518	11.1833
12	4.1402	1.1836	9.8761	2.6078	8.8320	0.6819	5.1107	2.3287	3.4676	2.5740	10.4168	9.7204	60.9400
13	1.7153	0.5161	3.7249	1.2534	3.1859	0.5435	2.6320	0.9747	1.4680	0.8125	4.4551	1.4942	22.7757
14	0.4987	0.3691	1.8405	0.4943	1.9145	0.0580	0.8624	0.3375	0.4464	0.3832	2.1845	1.1972	10.5861
15	0.6470	0.2521	1.5392	0.5116	1.8970	0.0495	0.7499	0.2204	0.3057	0.3856	1.6352	0.5870	8.7804
16	0.6559	0.3819	2.2184	0.5964	1.7429	0.0967	0.9457	0.5797	0.6577	0.4706	2.7056	2.4926	13.5441
TOTAL	26.3558	13.0776	83.2270	22.0728	74.4740	3.9074	40.2476	20.7599	26.2039	24.1045	96.6463	92.2475	523.3243

 Table 29: Estimated Existing Nonresidential Floorspace Impacted by Proposed Code Change in 2020 (Alterations), by Climate Zone and Building Type (Million Square Feet)

								В	Building C	limate Zo	ne (BSCZ	Z)						
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	Total
	1	22.5%	20.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	9.8%	33.1%	0.2%	0.0%	0.0%	13.8%	100%
	2	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.0%	75.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	2.3%	100%
	3	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	20.9%	22.8%	54.5%	0.0%	0.0%	1.8%	100%
	4	0.1%	13.7%	8.4%	46.0%	8.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	22.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%
(FCZ)	5	0.0%	4.2%	89.1%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%
e (F	6	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%
Zone	7	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	75.8%	7.1%	0.0%	17.1%	100%
	8	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	40.1%	0.0%	50.8%	8.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.5%	100%
Climate	9	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.4%	0.0%	26.9%	54.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	6.1%	0.0%	5.8%	100%
	10	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	74.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	12.3%	7.9%	4.9%	100%
Forecast	11	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	27.0%	0.0%	30.6%	42.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%
Ore	12	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	0.0%	4.2%	95.6%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	100%
	13	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	69.6%	0.0%	0.0%	28.8%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%	0.1%	0.0%	100%
	14	2.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	97.1%	100%
	15	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.1%	99.9%	0.0%	100%
	16	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%

Table 30: Translation from Forecast Climate Zone (FCZ) to Building Standards Climate Zone (BSCZ)

Energy					Prototype Description
Commission Building Type ID	Energy Commission Description	Prototype ID	Floor Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Stories	Notes
OFF- SMALL	Offices less than 30,000 square feet	Small Office	5,502	1	Five zone office model with unconditioned attic and pitched roof.
REST	Any facility that serves food	Small Restaurant	2,501	1	Similar to a fast food joint with a small kitchen and dining areas.
		Stand-Alone Retail	24,563	1	Stand Alone store similar to Walgreens or Banana Republic.
	Patail stores and shopping	Large Retail	240,000	1	Big box retail building, similar to a Target or Best Buy store.
RETAIL	Retail stores and shopping centers	Strip Mall	9,375	1	Four-unit strip mall retail building. West end unit is twice as large as other three.
	centers	Mixed-Use Retail	9,375	1	Four-unit retail representing the ground floor units in a mixed-use building. Same as the strip mall with adiabatic ceilings.
FOOD	Any service facility that sells food and or liquor	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
NWHSE	Non-refrigerated warehouses			High ceiling warehouse space with small office area.	
RWHSE	Refrigerated Warehouses	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
SCHOOL	Schools K-12, not including	Small School	24,413	1	Similar to an elementary school with classrooms, support spaces and small dining area.
SCHOOL	colleges	Large School	210,886	2	Similar to high school with classrooms, commercial kitchen, auditorium, gymnasium and support spaces.
		Small Office	5,502	1	Five zone office model with unconditioned attic and pitched roof.
		Medium Office	53,628	3	Five zones per floor office building with plenums on each floor.
		Medium Office/Lab		3	Five zones per floor building with a combination of office and lab spaces.
COLLEGE	Colleges, universities,	Public Assembly		2	TBD
COLLEGE	community colleges	Large School	210,886	2	Similar to high school with classrooms, commercial kitchen, auditorium, gymnasium and support spaces.
		High Rise Apartment	93,632	10	75 residential units along with common spaces and a penthouse. Multipliers are used to represent typical floors.
HOSP	Hospitals and other health- related facilities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
HOTEL	Hotels and motels	Hotel	42,554	4	Hotel building with common spaces and 77 guest rooms.
MISC	All other space types that do not fit another category			N/A	N/A
	Offices larger than 30,000	Medium Office	53,628	3	Five zones per floor office building with plenums on each floor.
OFF-LRG	square feet	Large Office	498,589	12	Five zones per floor office building with plenums on each floor. Middle floors represented using multipliers.

### Table 31: Description of Building Types and Sub-types (Prototypes) in Statewide Construction Forecast

Table 32: Converting from Forecast Climate Zone (FCZ) to Building Standards Climate Zone (BSCZ) – Example Calculation

Climate Zone	Total Statewide Small Office Square Footage in 2020 by FCZ (Million Square Feet) [A]	Conversion Factor FCZ to BSCZ 1 [B]	Small Office Square Footage in BSCZ 1 (Million Square Feet) [C] = A x B
1	0.204	22.5%	0.046
2	0.379	0.0%	0.000
3	0.857	0.0%	0.000
4	1.009	0.1%	0.001
5	0.682	0.0%	0.000
6	0.707	0.0%	0.000
7	0.179	0.0%	0.000
8	1.276	0.0%	0.000
9	0.421	0.0%	0.000
10	0.827	0.0%	0.000
11	0.437	0.0%	0.000
12	0.347	0.0%	0.000
13	1.264	0.0%	0.000
14	0.070	2.9%	0.002
15	0.151	0.0%	0.000
16	0.035	0.0%	0.000
Total	8.844		0.049

	Composition of	Percent of Square Footage Impacted <sup>b</sup>					
<b>Building Type</b> Building sub-type	Building Type by Sub-types <sup>a</sup>	New Construction	Existing Building Stock (Alterations) <sup>c</sup>				
Small Office		100%	7%				
Restaurant		100%	7%				
Retail		100%	7%				
Stand-Alone Retail	10%	100%	7%				
Large Retail	75%	100%	7%				
Strip Mall	5%	100%	7%				
Mixed-Use Retail	10%	100%	7%				
Food		100%	7%				
Non-Refrigerated Warehouse		100%	7%				
Refrigerated Warehouse		100%	7%				
Schools		100%	7%				
Small School	60%	100%	7%				
Large School	40%	100%	7%				
College		100%	7%				
Small Office	5%	100%	7%				
Medium Office	15%	100%	7%				
Medium Office/Lab	20%	100%	7%				
Public Assembly	5%	100%	7%				
Large School	30%	100%	7%				
High Rise Apartment	25%	100%	7%				
Hospital		100%	7%				
Hotel/Motel		100%	7%				
Large Offices		100%	7%				
Medium Office	50%	100%	7%				
Large Office	50%	100%	7%				
Miscellaneous		100%	7%				

Table 33: Percent of Floorspace Impacted by Proposed Measure, by Building Type

a. Presents the assumed composition of the main building type category by the building sub-types. All 2019 CASE Reports assumed the same percentages of building sub-types.

b. When the building type is comprised of multiple sub-types, the overall percentage for the main building category was calculated by weighing the contribution of each sub-type.

c. Percent of existing floorspace that will be altered during the first year the 2019 Standards are in effect.

Climate	Percent of Squa	are Footage Impacted
Zone	New Construction	Existing Building Stock (Alterations) <sup>a</sup>
1	100%	7%
2	100%	7%
3	100%	7%
4	100%	7%
5	100%	7%
6	100%	7%
7	100%	7%
8	100%	7%
9	100%	7%
10	100%	7%
11	100%	7%
12	100%	7%
13	100%	7%
14	100%	7%
15	100%	7%
16	100%	7%

Table 34: Percent of Floorspace Impacted by Proposed Measure, by Climate Zone

a. Percent of existing floorspace that will be altered during the first year the 2019 Standards are in effect.

Outdoor nonresidential construction is not included in the Energy Commission's construction forecasts, so the impact of the various lighting measures must be predicted based on other metrics that rely on indoor construction square footage as the basis of measurement. The Statewide CASE Team estimated the total square footage of statewide hardscaped area that will be impacted by the proposed measure by relying on estimates of hardscaped lighting area per Lighting Zone (LZ). This approach was also used for the 2016 CASE analysis. The definition of the Lighting Zones is tied to the U.S. Census (2010), and is related to the classification of land mass designated as urban or rural, which is the demarcation line between LZ2 (rural) and LZ3 (urban). Table 35 presents the percent of U.S. land mass and California construction activity in each Lighting Zone. Note that the U.S. Census data only provides information on land mass in LZ0, LZ1, and LZ2 as a single group, and similarly, LZ3 and LZ4 as another group.

Lighting Zone	Percent of Land Mass (Source: 2010 US Census)	Percent of Construction Activity (Estimate)
LZ0	9%	0%
LZ1	1%	0.1%
LZ2	85%	9.9%
LZ3	5%	90%
LZ4	0%	0%

Table 36 presents assumptions used to translate the California construction forecast into useful information about new and altered Specific Applications area. Table 38 provides the assumed ratio of building square footage per parking space and the resulting ratio of General Hardscape area to new building area in the statewide construction forecasts. The assumptions for Specific Applications are the same used in the 2016 CASE Report with some minor refinements. Appendix I details the changes to the assumptions. Table 36 illustrates the assumptions from the 2016 CASE Report and Table 37 details

the updated assumptions. The assumptions for General Hardscape are also the same used in the 2016 CASE Report. See Appendix H for details on the development of these assumptions.

# Table 36: Assumptions for Converting Indoor New Construction Forecasts to Outdoor Spaces for Specific Applications – Table 140.7-B

Assumptions for Statewide Estimates - Specific Applications										
		Applied to % of Building S.F. in Category								
Lighting Allowance	Assumptions	Office, LG & SM	Retail	Restaurant	Food (Grocery)	Warehouse, Ref & NR	Hotel	School	College	Other
Building Entrances or Exits	1 per 5000 sf of building interior					-				
Building Entrances of Exits	(20 occupants per door, 250 occ/sf)	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%
Primary Entrances to Senior Care Facilities, Police Stations, Hospitals, Fire Stations, and Emergency Vehicle Facilities	1 per 5000 SF of gross building area (1 primary entrance per building)									1%
Drive Up Windows	1 per 1500 SF of gross building area (2 locations per building; 1000 sf building)			30%						
Vehicle Service Station Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	<b>1 per 100 sf of gross building area</b> (1 fuel dispenser face per 25 sf of station building interior)									0.01%
Automated Teller Machines	400W MH luminaire as typical standard practice, switch to 250W limit for first location, 2500 sf per ATM installation.									1%
Outdoor Sales Frontage	<b>0.2 LF per sf of gross building area</b> (1 display parking space per 50 sf of building interior)									1.5%
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	0.1 SF per SF of gross building area	50%	50%	50%	25%		50%	25%	25%	5%
Building Facades	<b>30' building height, 2 floors per</b> <b>building</b> (20% of applicable facades are lit)	25%	50%	50%	25%		50%	25%	25%	5%
Outdoor Sales Lots	4 SF of sales lot per sf of gross building area (1 display parking space per 50 sf of building interior)									1.5%
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	11 SF per SF of gross building area									1%
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	1.2 SF of canopy per SF of gross building area									1%
Sales Canopies	0.1 SF of canopy per SF of gross building area									5%
Non-sales Canopies	0.1 SF of canopy per SF of gross building area	25%	25%	25%	25%		25%	25%	25%	5%
Guard Stations	0.00043 sf per SF of gross building area (1 12x18 guard station per 500,000 sf of total construction)	100%				100%			100%	100%
Student Pick-up/Drop-off zone	<b>0.0173 sf per SF of gross building area</b> (1 12x72 drop off per 50,000 sf of total construction)							100%		
Outdoor Dining	1 sf per 5 sf of gross building area (20% of typical building sf)		2.5%	50%	2.5%					
Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian Hardscape	1 SF per 100 SF gross building SF (1% of hardscape)		100%	100%	100%					50%

 Table 37: Changes to Assumptions for Converting Indoor New Construction Forecasts to Outdoor

 Spaces for Specific Applications – Table 140.7-B

Lighting Allowance	Assumptions		
Building Facades	5.15% used instead of 20% from original assumptions.		
Outdoor Sales Lots	2 ft <sup>2</sup> used instead of 4 ft <sup>2</sup> from original assumptions.		

# Table 38: Assumptions for Converting Indoor New Construction Forecasts to Outdoor Spaces for General Hardscape – Table 140.7-A

Assumptions for Statewide Estimates - General Hardscape						
Conorol Hardoono	Accumptions	Area Multipliers for Construction				
General Hardscape	Assumptions	S.F.				
for Large Office, Small Office, Food, Restaurant, College	1 parking space per 250 sf of gross building area	1				
for Hotel, Retail, School, Other	1 parking space per 360 sf of gross building area	0.7				
for NR Warehouse, Ref. Warehouse	1 parking space per 830 sf of gross building area	0.3				

# **Appendix B: DISCUSSION OF IMPACTS OF COMPLIANCE PROCESS ON MARKET ACTORS**

This section discusses how the recommended compliance process, which is described in Section 2.5, could impact various market actors. The Statewide CASE Team asked stakeholders for feedback on how the measure will impact various market actors during public stakeholder meetings that were held on September 8, 2016, and March 30, 2017 (Team 2016). The Statewide CASE Team also held several meetings with NEMA and conducted an online survey. The key results from feedback received during stakeholder meetings and other target outreach efforts are detailed below.

Table 39 identifies the market actors who will play a role in complying with the proposed change, the tasks for which they will be responsible, their objectives in completing the tasks, how the proposed code change could impact their existing work flow, and ways negative impacts could be mitigated.

The proposed code change increases current code stringency. The Statewide CASE Team expects little to no compliance issues since no new requirements are being introduced. Market actors will continue to use the same compliance processes as before. Market actors will need to understand the new requirements and develop designs to meet the lower LPAs, but otherwise little is expected to change.

Market Actor	Task(s) In Compliance Process	Objective(s) in Completing Compliance Tasks	How Proposed Code Change Could Impact Work Flow	Opportunities to Minimize Negative Impacts of Compliance Requirement
Lighting designer	<ul> <li>Identify relevant requirements and/ or compliance path and ensure their design complies and meets building owner's needs.</li> <li>Perform required calculations by space to confirm compliance.</li> <li>Coordinate design with other team members (HVAC &amp; modeler).</li> <li>Complete compliance document for permit application.</li> <li>Review submittals during construction.</li> <li>Coordinate with commissioning agent/ATT as necessary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quickly and easily determine requirements based on scope.</li> <li>Demonstrate compliance with calculations required for other design tasks.</li> <li>Streamlined coordination with other team members.</li> <li>Clearly communicate system requirements to constructors.</li> <li>Quickly complete compliance documents.</li> <li>Easily identify non-compliant substitutions.</li> <li>Coordinate with manufacturers/dealers to know what products are available and meet compliance.</li> <li>Coordinate with building owner to determine what their needs/wants are early in design phase.</li> <li>Interaction with contractors is around submittal reviews, so not much coordination (RFI or submittal reviews). Subcontractors sends specs through submittal process to designer to make sure compliant with codes. Lighting designer is supposed to catch if lights do not meet code.</li> <li>Coordinate with the building department for a plan check.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Will need to learn new, more stringent LPAs.</li> <li>Will need to apply new cutoff wattage for BUG rating.</li> <li>Aside from more stringent LPAs and new cutoff wattage for BUG rating, compliance does not change.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Revise compliance document to automate compliance calculations</li> <li>Existing conditions could be documented via as-builts or photographs. Some market actors supportive of ATT verification.</li> <li>Modeling software will need to be updated to include proposed values. Software training updates.</li> <li>Clear code requirements that apply to the project.</li> <li>Designation on products about whether or not they meet code requirements. How to/direction on how to specify the products that meet the code (lighting designer is not purchasing the lighting fixtures, the contractor purchases).</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are Title 24 compliant.</li> <li>Examples showing exactly what their role in Title 24 compliance tasks.</li> <li>Documents showing who they can speak with for help on code compliance.</li> </ul>

### Table 39: Roles of Market Actors in The Proposed Compliance Process

Market Actor	Task(s) In Compliance Process	Objective(s) in Completing Compliance Tasks	How Proposed Code Change Could Impact Work Flow	Opportunities to Minimize Negative Impacts of Compliance Requirement
Contractor /Builder	<ul> <li>Follow the lighting design and specifications provided by the lighting designer.</li> <li>They should only need to follow the design, but it is helpful for them to understand the code in case they need to make substitutions in products.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>They are responsible for following what is in the design – if they do not, the system can end up not being in compliance. They complete installation compliance documents.</li> <li>Coordinate with lighting designer in case issues with installation arise.</li> <li>They purchase/install products specified by design. It is helpful for them to know what products meet compliance in case they need to substitute products.</li> </ul>	• Will need to know BUG rating of lower wattage products due to lowered threshold of BUG rating for fixtures.	<ul> <li>Clear documentation of Title 24, Part 6 compliant products.</li> <li>Clear documentation illustrating difference between old standards and new one.</li> <li>Clear documentation explaining who they can speak with for help on code compliance.</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are Title 24 compliant.</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are not Title 24 compliant with explanations of why they are not.</li> </ul>
Electrician	<ul> <li>Need to understand the code as they might be responsible for designing lighting systems.</li> <li>They might play a similar role to contractor/builder and follow lighting design/install lighting equipment.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If designing the system, they are responsible for ensuring it follows the code. They would also be responsible for filling out design compliance documents.</li> <li>If building the system, they are responsible for following what is in the design – if they do not, the system can end up out of compliance. They would complete installation compliance documents.</li> <li>Coordinate with lighting designer in case issues with installation arise.</li> <li>Purchase/install products specified by design that are compliant.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>If designing a system, will need to learn new, more stringent LPAs.</li> <li>Will need to apply new cutoff wattage for BUG rating.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clear documentation of Title 24, Part 6 compliant products.</li> <li>Clear documentation illustrating difference between old standards and new one.</li> <li>Clear documentation explaining who they can speak with for help on code compliance.</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are Title 24 compliant.</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are not Title 24 compliant with explanations of why they are not.</li> </ul>

Market Actor	Task(s) In Compliance Process	Objective(s) in Completing Compliance Tasks	How Proposed Code Change Could Impact Work Flow	Opportunities to Minimize Negative Impacts of Compliance Requirement
Title 24 Consultant	<ul> <li>Experts on Title 24, Part 6 and compliance/compliance documents/compliance steps.</li> <li>They are hired by designers/building owners to help interpret the code/ensure compliance/fill out paperwork.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Coordinate with designers, installers, building owners, and compliance agencies.</li> <li>They generate compliance documentation as well as provide assistance in code interpretation.</li> </ul>	Will need to know the new, more stringent standards.	<ul> <li>Document explaining Title 24 process and where documents go/who needs to sign what.</li> <li>Modeling software will need to be updated to include proposed values. Software training updates.</li> <li>Clear code requirements that apply to the project.</li> <li>Designation on products about whether or not they meet code requirements. How to/direction on how to specify the products that meet the code (lighting designer is not purchasing the lighting fixtures, the contractor purchases).</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are Title 24 compliant.</li> <li>Examples showing systems that are not Title 24 compliant with explanations of why they are not.</li> <li>Documents explaining who they can speak with for help on code compliance.</li> </ul>
Building Owner	• Coordinate with designers/contractors and fill out appropriate paperwork. They must also ensure proper compliance paperwork is filled out/signed/submitted to appropriate entities.	<ul> <li>Need to ensure paperwork is sent to proper places and their system is up to code.</li> <li>Coordinate with contractors, designers, and compliance enforcement agencies.</li> </ul>	• Will need to know the standards have changed and what the changes are.	<ul> <li>Clear documentation of code requirements.</li> <li>Clear documentation of everything that needs to be completed for code requirements.</li> <li>Clear documentation of what compliance paperwork goes where, and the steps of the process.</li> <li>Documents explaining who they can speak with for help on code compliance.</li> </ul>

Market Actor	Task(s) In Compliance Process	Objective(s) in Completing Compliance Tasks	How Proposed Code Change Could Impact Work Flow	Opportunities to Minimize Negative Impacts of Compliance Requirement
Plan Checker	<ul> <li>Identify relevant requirements.</li> <li>Confirm data on documents is compliant.</li> <li>Confirm plans/ specifications match data on documents.</li> <li>Provide correction comments if necessary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quickly and easily determine requirements based on scope.</li> <li>Quickly and easily determine if data in documents meets requirements.</li> <li>Quickly and easily determine if plans/ specs match documents.</li> <li>Quickly and easily provide correction comments that will resolve issue.</li> <li>Coordinate with building owners/designers/inspectors.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Will need to verify calculations are compliant with new standards.</li> <li>Will need to verify existing conditions baseline.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clear code language that is easily understandable. Clear instructions on where to find everything in the plans.</li> <li>Clear documentation of what paperwork they need to receive and/or other tasks they need to perform.</li> <li>Clear documentation of how the new code differs from the old.</li> <li>Compliance document could auto- verify data is compliant with Standards.</li> <li>Existing conditions documented via as- builts or photos or ATT. Do not require additional field visit by Authority Having Jurisdiction.</li> <li>Document compliance on documents in a way easily compared to plans.</li> <li>Examples of plans that are in compliance.</li> <li>Examples of plans that are not in compliance and reasons why they are not.</li> </ul>

Market Actor	Task(s) In Compliance Process	Objective(s) in Completing Compliance Tasks	How Proposed Code Change Could Impact Work Flow	Opportunities to Minimize Negative Impacts of Compliance Requirement
Building Inspector	<ul> <li>Identify relevant requirements.</li> <li>Confirm installed equipment matches documents/plans.</li> <li>Provide correction comments if necessary.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Quickly and easily determine requirements based on scope.</li> <li>Quickly and easily determine if installation meets requirements and matches documents/plans.</li> <li>Quickly and easily provide correction comments that will resolve issue.</li> <li>Coordinate with building owners/designers/plan checkers.</li> </ul>	• Will need to verify installations are compliant with new standards.	<ul> <li>Clear documentation of code requirements, although they probably rely more on the plan checker to make sure everything in the plan is up to code.</li> <li>Clear documentation of how the new code differs from the old.</li> <li>Clear documentation of the different types of technologies that might be used/installed and equivalences – if something installed is different from the plans, then the inspector needs to know whether or not it is still in code compliance.</li> <li>Clear documentation of what paperwork they need to receive and/or other tasks they need to perform.</li> </ul>

# **Appendix C: TARGET ILLUMINANCE LEVELS**

### Hardscape Target Illuminance

Parking lot lighting levels are taken from IES RP-20-14, until this recommended practice is revised with new research by Virginia Tech Transportation Institute or lighting zone multipliers are included. The recommended lighting levels in RP-20-14 can be found in Table 40.

	Minimum Horizontal Footcandles (FC)	Minimum Vertical Footcandles (FC)	Maximum Average: Minimum Uniformity Ratio
Asphalt Surfaces: Pre-curfew	0.5	0.25	4:1
Asphalt Surfaces: Post-curfew	0.2	0.10	4:1
Concrete Surfaces: Pre-curfew	1.0	0.50	4:1
Concrete Surfaces: Post-curfew	0.2	0.10	4:1

Table 40: IES RP-20-2014 Recommended Maintained Illuminance Values for Parking Lots

The lighting industry has raised concerns that the recommended parking lot lighting levels result in over lighting. Virginia Tech Transportation Institute (VTTI) is researching the lighting levels to avoid hazards in a parking lot. These findings will be used to revise RP-20, and provide lighting recommendations that are appropriate for each lighting zone. This research is expected to be completed by the third quarter of 2017. IES adoption of the revised RP-20 could occur during the fourth quarter of 2017.

In the meantime, the parking lot lighting calculations are based on the current RP-20-14 pre-curfew lighting level recommendations. Due to the increases in LED efficiencies over the last three years, it is expected that the proposed LPA for general hardscape applications can be reduced. Further reductions will be able to be made to the general hardscape LPAs if VTTI's findings are approved by IES and incorporated into the new RP-20 in the third quarter of 2017.

### **Specific Applications Target Illuminances**

The target illuminance values proposed for the 2019 code cycle are found in Table 41: 2019 Target Illuminance Criteria. These proposed lighting levels are taken from current IES recommendations and the California Financial Code ATM lighting requirements.

### Table 41: 2019 Target Illuminance Criteria

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
		RP-20-14 "Parking	RP-20-14 "Parking	RP-20-14 "Parking	RP-20-14 "Parking
Area Wattage Allowance (AWA)		Lot - Pre-curfew"	Lot - Pre-curfew"	Lot - Pre-curfew"	Lot - Pre-curfew"
Linear Wattage Allowance (LWA)		Asphalt 0.5 Horizontal FC Min,			
Initial Wattage Allowance (IWA)	Not Applicable	4:1 Avg:Min Asphalt 0.25 Vertical FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 1.0 Horizontal FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 0.5 Vertical HF Min, 4:1 Avg:Min	4:1 Avg:Min Asphalt 0.25 Vertical FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 1.0 Horizontal FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 0.5 Vertical HF Min, 4:1 Avg:Min	4:1 Avg:Min Asphalt 0.25 Vertical FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 1.0 Horizontal FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 0.5 Vertical HF Min, 4:1 Avg:Min	4:1 Avg:Min Asphalt 0.25 Vertical FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 1.0 Horizontal FC Min, 4:1 Avg:Min Concrete 0.5 Vertical HF Min, 4:1 Avg:Min
Building Entrances or Exits. Allowance per door. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 20 feet of the door.	Not Applicable	HB10 T22.2 "Non- Covered Entries/Exits - Medium Activity LZ1" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.4 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Non- Covered Entries/Exits - Medium Activity LZ2" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.6 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Non- Covered Entries/Exits - Medium Activity LZ3" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.8 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Non- Covered Entries/Exits - Medium Activity LZ4" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min
Primary Entrances to Senior Care Facilities, Police Stations, Hospitals, Fire Stations, and Emergency Vehicle Facilities. Allowance per primary entrance(s) only. Primary entrances shall provide access for the general public and shall not be used exclusively for staff or service personnel. This allowance shall be in addition to the building entrance or exit allowance above. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 100 feet of the primary entrance.	Not Applicable	HB10 T22.2 "Building Entries, Porte Cocheres - High Activity for Elderly LZ1" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.5 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Building Entries, Porte Cocheres - High Activity for Elderly LZ2" 4.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Building Entries, Porte Cocheres - High Activity for Elderly LZ3" 5.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 3.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Building Entries, Porte Cocheres - High Activity for Elderly LZ4" 7.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 4.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
Drive Up Windows. Allowance per customer service location.			HB10 T31.2 "Drive- Up Financial Services - Covered LZ2"	HB10 T31.2 "Drive- Up Financial Services - Covered LZ3"	HB10 T31.2 "Drive- Up Financial Services - Covered LZ4"
Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 2 mounting heights of the sill of the window.	Not Applicable	2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 0.8 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	4.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 1.5 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	5.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min
Vehicle Service Station Uncovered Fuel Dispenser. Allowance per fueling dispenser. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 2 mounting heights of the dispenser.	Not Applicable	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ1" 5.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 5.0 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ2" 7.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 7.5 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ3" 10.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 10.0 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ4" 15.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 15.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min
ATM Machine Lighting. Allowance per ATM machine. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 50 feet of the dispenser.	Not Applicable	California Financial Code 13041 10.0 Horizontal FC Min within 5ft 2.0 Horizontal FC Min within 60ft 10.0 Vertical FC Min on machine face	California Financial Code 13041 10.0 Horizontal FC Min within 5ft 2.0 Horizontal FC Min within 60ft 10.0 Vertical FC Min on machine face	California Financial Code 13041 10.0 Horizontal FC Min within 5ft 2.0 Horizontal FC Min within 60ft 10.0 Vertical FC Min on machine face	California Financial Code 13041 10.0 Horizontal FC Min within 5ft 2.0 Horizontal FC Min within 60ft 10.0 Vertical FC Min on machine face
Outdoor Sales Frontage. Allowance for frontage immediately adjacent to the principal viewing location(s) and unobstructed for its viewing length. A corner sales lot may include two adjacent sides provided that a different principal viewing location exists for each side. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located between the principal viewing location and the frontage outdoor sales area.	Not Applicable	NO ALLOWANCE HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales Front Row - Medium Activity LZ1" 7.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 7.5 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales Front Row - Medium Activity LZ2" 10.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 10.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales Front Row - Medium Activity LZ3" 15.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 15.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales Front Row - Medium Activity LZ4" 20.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 20.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting. Allowance for the total site illuminated hardscape area. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be rated for 100 watts or less as determined in accordance with Section 130(d), and shall be post-top luminaires, lanterns, pendant luminaires, or chandeliers.	Not Applicable	NO ALLOWANCE HB10 T34.2 "Centers, Outdoor, Plazas and Town Squares - Medium Activity LZ1" 0.1 Horizontal FC Avg, 5:1 Avg:Min 0 Vertical FC Avg	HB10 T34.2 "Centers, Outdoor, Plazas and Town Squares - Medium Activity LZ2" 0.2 Horizontal FC Avg, 5:1 Avg:Min 0.1 Vertical FC Avg, 10:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Centers, Outdoor, Plazas and Town Squares - Medium Activity LZ3" 0.4 Horizontal FC Avg, 5:1 Avg:Min 0.2 Vertical FC Avg, 10:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Centers, Outdoor, Plazas and Town Squares - Medium Activity LZ4" 0.6 Horizontal FC Avg, 5:1 Avg:Min 0.2 Vertical FC Avg, 5:1 Avg:Min
Building Facades. Only areas of building façade that are illuminated shall qualify for this allowance. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be aimed at the façade and shall be capable of illuminating it without obstruction or interference by permanent building features or other objects.	Not Applicable	NO ALLOWANCE HB10 T26.2 "Façade Fields - Medium Activity LZ1 Reflectance ≥ 50%" 1.5 FC AVG	HB10 T26.2 "Façade Fields - Medium Activity LZ2 Reflectance ≥ 50%" 2 FC AVG	HB10 T26.2 "Façade Fields - Medium Activity LZ3 Reflectance ≥ 50%" 3 FC AVG	HB10 T26.2 "Façade Fields - Medium Activity LZ4 Reflectance ≥ 50%" 4 FC AVG
Outdoor Sales Lots. Allowance for uncovered sales lots used exclusively for the display of vehicles or other merchandise for sale. Driveways, parking lots or other non-sales areas shall be considered hardscape areas even if these areas are completely surrounded by sales lot on all sides. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be within 5 mounting heights of the sales lot area.	Not Applicable	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales, Sales - Medium Activity LZ1" 4.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales, Sales - Medium Activity LZ2" 5.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 3.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales, Sales - Medium Activity LZ3" 7.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 4.0 Vertical FC Avg, 6:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Automotive Sales, Sales - Medium Activity LZ4" 10.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min 5.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape. Allowance for the total illuminated hardscape area less area of buildings, under canopies, off property, or obstructed by signs or structures. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be illuminating the hardscape area and shall not be within a building, below a canopy, beyond property lines, or obstructed by a sign or other structure.	Not Applicable	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Outdoor Service - Medium Activity LZ1" 1.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.5 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Outdoor Service - Medium Activity LZ2" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Outdoor Service - Medium Activity LZ3" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 3.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Outdoor Service - Medium Activity LZ4" 4.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 4.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min
Vehicle Service Station Canopies. Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy.	Not Applicable	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ1" 5.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 5.0 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ2" 7.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 7.5 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ3" 10.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 10.0 Vertical FC Avg, 8:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Service Stations Dispensing Islands - Medium Activity LZ4" 15.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min 15.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min
Sales Canopies. Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy.	Not Applicable	HB10 T34.2 "Seasonal Open-Air Merchandise - LZ1" 1.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.5 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Seasonal Open-Air Merchandise - LZ2" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Seasonal Open-Air Merchandise - LZ3" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 3.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T34.2 "Seasonal Open-Air Merchandise - LZ4" 4.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 4.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min
Non-sales Canopies and Tunnels. Allowance for the total area within the drip line of the canopy or inside the tunnel. Luminaires qualifying for this allowance shall be located under the canopy or tunnel.	Not Applicable	HB10 T22.2 "Canopied Entries - Medium Activity LZ1" 0.8 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.4 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Canopied Entries - Medium Activity LZ2" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.6 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Canopied Entries - Medium Activity LZ3" 1.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.8 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Canopied Entries - Medium Activity LZ1" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
Guard Stations. Allowance up to 1,000 square feet per vehicle lane. Guard stations provide access to secure areas controlled by security personnel who stop and may inspect vehicles and vehicle occupants, including identification, documentation, vehicle license plates, and vehicle contents. Qualifying luminaires shall be within 2 mounting heights of a vehicle lane or the guardhouse.	Not Applicable	HB10 T22.2 "Remote Monitored Site Gated Entries - Vehicles LZ1" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.8 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Remote Monitored Site Gated Entries - Vehicles LZ2" 1.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Remote Monitored Site Gated Entries - Vehicles LZ3" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.5 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Remote Monitored Site Gated Entries - Vehicles LZ4" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 2.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min
Student Pick-up/Drop-off zone. Allowance for the area of the student pick-up/drop-off zone, with or without canopy, for preschool through 12th grade school campuses. A student pick-up/drop off zone is a curbside, controlled traffic area on a school campus where students are picked-up and dropped off from vehicles. The allowed area shall be the smaller of the actual width or 25 feet, times the smaller of the actual length or 250 feet. Qualifying luminaires shall be within 2 mounting heights of the student pick- up/drop-off zone.	Not Applicable	NO ALLOWANCE HB10 T36.2 "Aviation Terminals Covered Bus and Shuttle Pick- Up/Drop-Off - Medium Activity LZ1" 0.8 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.4 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T36.2 "Aviation Terminals Covered Bus and Shuttle Pick- Up/Drop-Off - Medium Activity LZ2" 1.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.6 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T36.2 "Aviation Terminals Covered Bus and Shuttle Pick- Up/Drop-Off - Medium Activity LZ3" 1.5 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 0.8 Vertical FC Avg, 4:1 Avg:Min	NO ALLOWANCE HB10 T36.2 "Aviation Terminals Covered Bus and Shuttle Pick- Up/Drop-Off - Medium Activity LZ4" 2.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min 1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 2:1 Avg:Min
Outdoor Dining. Allowance for the total illuminated hardscape of outdoor dining. Outdoor dining areas are hardscape areas used to serve and consume food and beverages. Qualifying luminaires shall be within 2 mounting heights of the hardscape area of outdoor dining.	Not Applicable	HB10 T22.2 "Food Service, Restaurants - Fine Dining" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Food Service, Restaurants - Fine Dining" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Food Service, Restaurants - Fine Dining" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min	HB10 T22.2 "Food Service, Restaurants - Fine Dining" 3.0 Horizontal FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min1.0 Vertical FC Avg, 3:1 Avg:Min

	Lighting Zone 0	Lighting Zone 1	Lighting Zone 2	Lighting Zone 3	Lighting Zone 4
Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian Hardscape. This additional allowance is for illuminated retail parking and pedestrian hardscape identified as	Not Applicable	G-1-03 T1 "Supermarket, Major Retail Parking - Parking Lot"	G-1-03 T1 "Supermarket, Major Retail Parking - Parking Lot"	G-1-03 T1 "Supermarket, Major Retail Parking - Parking Lot"	NO ALLOWANCE G-1-03 T1 "Supermarket, Major Retail Parking - Parking Lot"
having special security needs. This allowance shall be in addition to the building entrance or exit allowance.		3.0 Horizontal FC Avg; 4:1 Avg:Min			

# **Appendix D: NONRESIDENTIAL USE SCHEDULES**

The energy savings per application were based on the following nonresidential electric use schedules. While LED luminaires can often be dimmed to twenty percent or lower, legacy products such as Pulse Start Metal Halide (PSMH) luminaire have bi-level motion controls that dim the lights to fifty percent. The partial-off and bi-level control requirements from the 2016 Title 24, Part 6 code cycle were considered for the schedules listed below. The Statewide CASE Team assumed spaces with pole mounted lighting would have a mix of controls depending on the height of the poles. These spaces were assumed to have different lighting schedules, based on mounting-height dependent control requirements: one schedule for luminaires mounted more than 24 feet from the ground, which are controlled primarily by scheduling and photocontrols; and one schedule for luminaires mounted less than 24 feet above the ground, which require additional motion-based controls. The Statewide CASE Team assumed that roughly 78 percent of pole mounted light fixtures were above 24 feet and 22 percent were mounted below 24 feet. The following schedules are based on industry observations.

The schedules shown in Table 39 document the schedule applied to the general hardscape and specific applications, which were used to determine energy savings. The separate schedule dimming profiles for both winter and summer months are shown in Figure 1 to Figure 10.

# Table 42: Application Use Schedules

Application	Schedule	Туре	Annual Full Load Hours
General Hardscape	General Hardscape, A	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min, Bi-	4263
		level motion sensor	
Building Entrances and Exits	Α	with Bi-level motion sensor	4690
Primary Entrances	Α	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	4690
Drive-Up Windows	Retail	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	3193
Uncovered Fuel Dispenser	Α	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	4690
ATM	ATM	with Partial Off	4690
Outdoor Sales Frontage	С	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	1932
Hardscape Ornamental Lighting	Α	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	4690
Building Facades	D	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	3193
Outdoor Sales Lots	Outdoor Sales Lots, A	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min, Bi-	4357
		level motion sensor	
Vehicle Service Station Hardscape	Service Station Hardscape, A	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min, Bi-	4459
		level motion sensor	
Vehicle Service Station Canopies	Service Station Canopies, A	with Partial Off, Bi-level motion	4459
		sensor	
Sales Canopies	Retail	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	3193
Non-sales Canopies and Pedestrian	А	with Partial Off	4690
Tunnels	A	with Faithar Off	
Guard Stations	Α	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	4690
Student Pick-up/Drop-off Zones	В	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	1567
Outdoor Dining	Outdoor Dining	Dusk-30min to Dawn+30min	1932
Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian Hardscape	A	with Partial Off	4690

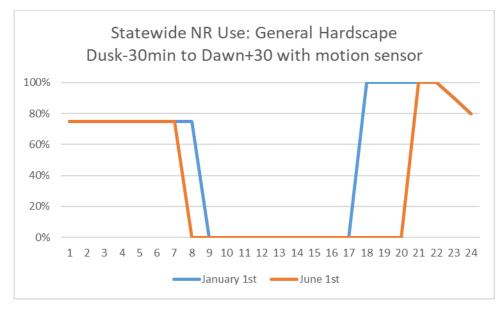


Figure 1: General Hardscape schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

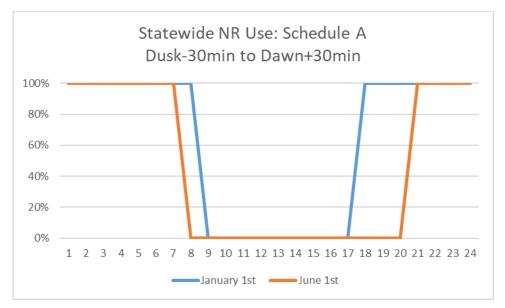


Figure 2: Schedule A showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

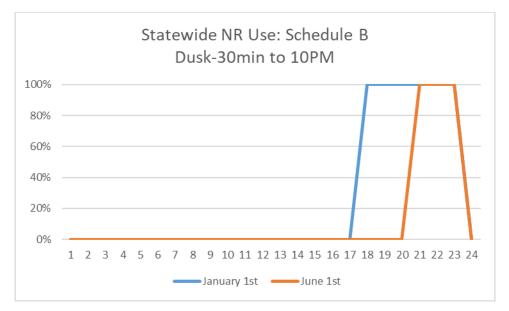


Figure 3: Schedule B showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

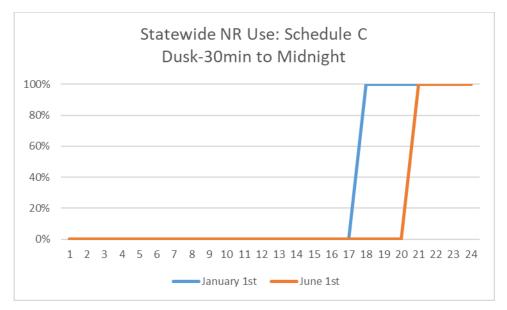


Figure 4: Schedule C showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

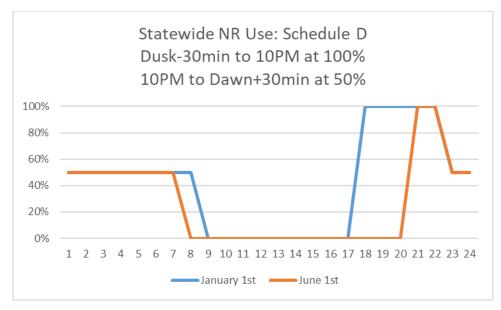


Figure 5: Schedule D showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

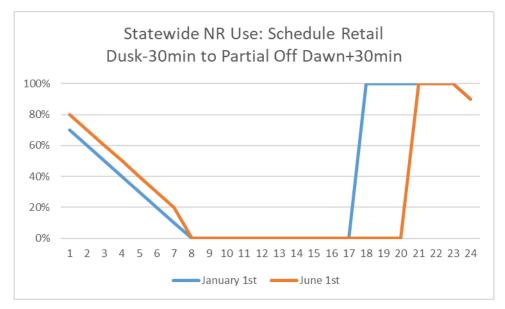


Figure 6: Retail schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

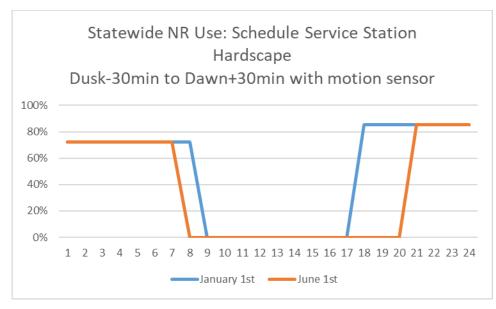


Figure 7: Service station hardscape schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

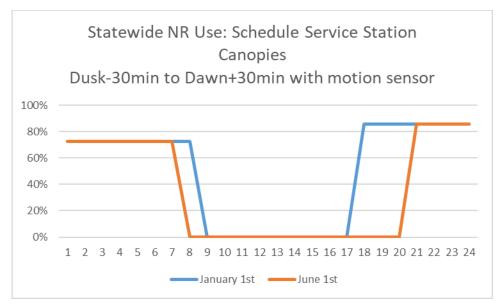


Figure 8: Service station canopies schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

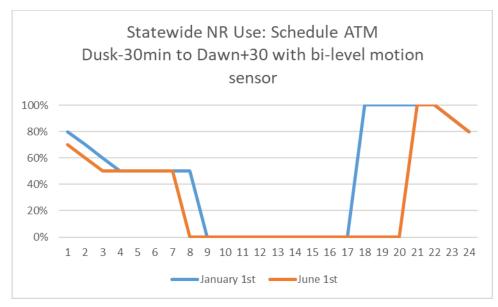


Figure 9: ATM schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

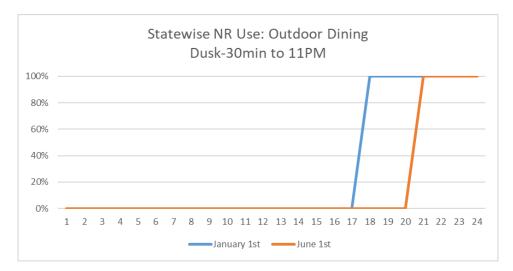


Figure 10: Outdoor dining schedule showing percentage of rated power (y-axis) and hours in a day (x-axis).

# **Appendix E: LIGHTING MODELS**

The General Hardscape proposed effective area wattage allowances (eAWA) are based on three real design site models, used to determine cost impacts, and nine prototype sites used to provide a reasonable understanding of the eAWA for multiple site conditions.

The three real designs calculations are a valid approach applied in the 2016 code cycle that demonstrate advantages to improvements in LED technology that affect luminaire quantity, pole height, and pole spacing. LED technology has made significant advancements in the last three years and more products are available on the market with higher efficacy 3000K LEDs. Figure 11 provides the site geometry of the three models selected from an evaluation of actual parking lots in California represent the General Hardscape designs. These designs were used to determine a sampling of LED luminaires that were used in the unit cost calculations.

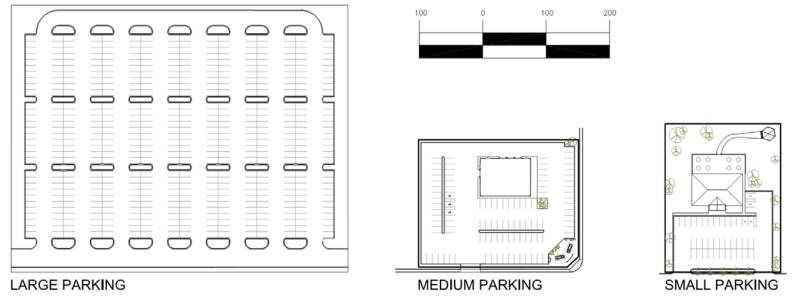


Figure 11: Three site models used for real design calculations.

# Table 43: General Hardscape 2016 LED Cost Impact

		N	/eightir	ng															2	016 Weig	hte	d Cost		
LZ1-A	LZ2-A	LZ2-C	LZ3-A	LZ3-C	LZ4-A	LZ4-C	Luminaire			Luminaire			201	17 \$/W	LZ	Z1-A	L	Z2-A	l	LZ2-C		LZ3-A	LZ3-C	LZ4-A
							ID	Life	60,000hr	Wattage	Lur	ninaire												
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL01	100.000	0.990	45	\$	630	\$	14.00	\$ 	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,441	\$ -	\$ _
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL03	100.000	0.990	52	\$	830	\$	15.96	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,546	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	PL05	100,000	0.990	68	\$	831	\$	12.22	\$ _		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	PL06	60,000	0.930	75	\$	867	\$	11.56	\$	3,399	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3,886	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL07	60,000	0.930	75	\$	905	\$	12.07	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,362	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	PL08	60,000	0.700	133	\$	1,685	\$	12.67	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 8,518	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL09	60,000	0.700	72	\$	1,497	\$	20.79	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,619	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL11	100,000	0.840	45	\$	742	\$	16.49	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,663	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL12	100,000	0.840	47	\$	742	\$	15.79	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	42,088	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL13	154,000	0.910	54	\$	1,220	\$	22.59	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,019	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL14	100,000	0.887	107	\$	1,344	\$	12.56	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,983	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL15	100,000	0.887	86	\$	1,407	\$	16.36	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,269	\$ -	\$ -
0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL16	100,000	0.887	20	\$	1,218	\$	60.90	\$ 3	35,817	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL17	100,000	0.887	29	\$	1,218	\$	42.00	\$ 4	49,402	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.14	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	PL18	100,000	0.887	37	\$	1,282	\$	34.65	\$	25,472	\$	7,547	\$	10,988	\$	7,698	\$ 11,647	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL19	90,000	0.864	47	\$	1,218	\$	25.91	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,757	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.11	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL20	100,000	0.887	55	\$	1,282	\$	23.31	\$	-	\$	20,309	\$	-	\$	15,535	\$ -	\$ -
0.03	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	PL21	100,000	0.887	55	\$	1,344	\$	24.44	\$	3,593	\$	15,969	\$	77,492	\$	-	\$ 41,072	\$ -
0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL22	100,000	0.887	73	\$	1,407	\$	19.27	\$	-	\$	16,794	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL23	100,000	0.887	73	\$	1,282	\$	17.56	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,902	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	PL24	100,000	0.887	78	\$	1,344	\$	17.23	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,584	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.33	0.33	PL25	100,000	0.887	86	\$	1,470	\$	17.09	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,492	\$ 72,993
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL26	154,000	0.910	69	\$	1,283	\$	18.59	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,393	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL27	154,000	0.910	87	\$	1,344	\$	15.45	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL29	150,000	0.950	14	\$	1,030	\$	73.57	\$	-, -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL30	150,000	0.950	27	\$	1,118	\$	41.41	\$	- ,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,399	\$ -	\$ -
0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL31	150,000	0.950	27	\$	1,030	\$	38.15	\$	16,827	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.00	0.33	0.33	0.07	0.32	0.33	0.22	PL32	150,000	0.950	55	\$	1,118	\$	20.33	\$	-	\$	53,134	\$	77,354	\$	13,548	\$ 81,998	\$ 86,804
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL33	150,000	0.950	55	\$	1,118	\$	20.33	\$	,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
0.08	0.33	0.33	0.17	0.32	0.33	0.22	PL34	150,000	0.950	55	\$	1,118	\$	20.33	\$	-,	\$	53,134	\$	77,354	\$	36,128	\$ 81,998	\$ 86,804
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL35	150,000	0.950	27	\$	1,118	\$	41.41	\$	6,088	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 234,361 \$ 166,887 \$ 247,171 \$ 197,368 \$ 252,195 \$ 246,602

#### Table 44: General Hardscape 2019 LED Cost Impact

		W	<i>l</i> eightir	ıg											Γ					2	2019 Weig	hte	d Cost				
LZ1-A	LZ2-A	LZ2-C	LZ3-A	LZ3-C	LZ4-A	LZ4-C	Luminaire		Lx at	Luminaire	-		-	17 \$/W		L	Z1-A	I	LZ2-A		LZ2-C		LZ3-A		LZ3-C	l	LZ4-A
							ID	Life	60,000hr	Wattage	Lum Cos	ninaire															
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL01	100.000	0.990	45	s	630	¢	14.00		¢	-	\$		\$		\$	8,147	\$		\$	
							-			-	э \$			14.00	-	\$ ¢	-		-	ֆ \$	-	•	,	ֆ \$	-	ֆ \$	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL03 PL05	100,000	0.990	52 68	ծ Տ	830 831	\$ \$	15.96 12.22	-	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	ֆ Տ	-	\$ \$	2,322	ֆ Տ	-	\$ \$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22	PL05 PL06	60.000	0.990	75	э \$	867	ֆ \$	12.22	-	•	- 2.775	ֆ Տ	-	ֆ \$	-	ֆ Տ	-	ֆ \$	- 2,614	ֆ Տ	
										-	Դ Տ	905		12.07	-	\$	2,775	-	-	ֆ \$	-	-	3,511	ֆ \$	2,014	ֆ Տ	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL07 PL08	60,000	0.930	75	•		\$		-	\$ ¢	-	\$	-	э \$	-	\$	3,511	•	-	ֆ \$	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00		60,000	0.700	133		1,685	\$	12.67	-	\$	-	\$	-	ֆ \$	-	\$	3.025	\$	5,729	ֆ Տ	-
0.00	0.00	0.00		0.00		0.00	PL09	60,000	0.700	72		1,497	\$	20.79	-	\$	-	\$	-	•	-	\$	-,	\$	-	-	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL11	100,000	0.840	45	\$	742		16.49	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,399	\$	-	\$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL12	100,000	0.840	47	\$	742		15.79	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ \$	-	\$	27,561	\$	-	\$ \$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL13	154,000	0.910	54		1,220	\$	22.59	-	\$	-	\$	-	•	-	\$ ¢	3,287	\$	-	ֆ \$	
0.00	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL14	100,000	0.887	107		1,344	· ·	12.56	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,518	\$	-	\$	-	•	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL15	100,000	0.887	86	- ·	1,407	\$	16.36	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ \$	-	\$	4,760	\$	-	\$	
0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL16	100,000	0.887	20		1,218	\$	60.90	-	\$		\$	-	ֆ \$	-	\$ \$	-	\$	-	\$ \$	-
0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL17	100,000	0.887	29		1,218	\$	42.00	-	\$	- ,	\$	-	•	-	-	-	\$	-	Ŧ	-
0.14	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.03	0.00	0.00	PL18	100,000	0.887	37		1,282	\$	34.65	-	\$	20,792	\$	5,264	\$	6,945	\$	5,041	\$	7,834	\$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL19	90,000	0.864	47		1,218	\$	25.91		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,770	\$	-	\$	-
0.00	0.11	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL20	100,000	0.887	55		1,282	\$	23.31	-	\$	-	\$	14,164	\$	-	\$	10,173	\$	-	\$	
0.03	0.08	0.28	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00	PL21	100,000	0.887	55		1,344	\$	24.44	-	\$	2,933	\$	11,137	\$	48,979	\$	-	\$	27,624	\$	
0.00	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL22	100,000	0.887	73	- ·	1,407	\$	19.27	-	\$	-	\$	11,712		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL23	100,000	0.887	73		1,282	\$	17.56	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,555	\$	-	\$	
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.00	0.00	PL24	100,000	0.887	78		1,344	\$	17.23	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,791	\$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.33	0.33	PL25	100,000	0.887	86	•	1,470	\$	17.09		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,729	\$	47,074
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL26	154,000	0.910	69		1,283	\$	18.59	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,115	\$	-	\$	-
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL27	154,000	0.910	87		1,344	\$	15.45	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL29	150,000	0.950	14		1,030	\$	73.57	-	\$	. ,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL30	150,000	0.950	27		1,118	\$	41.41	-	\$	7	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,048	\$	-	\$	
0.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL31	150,000	0.950	27	- ·	1,030	\$	38.15	-	\$	13,735	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
0.00	0.33	0.33	0.07	0.32	0.33	0.22	PL32	150,000	0.950	55		1,118	· ·	20.33	-	\$	-	\$	37,056	\$	48,891	\$	8,872	\$	55,149	\$	55,981
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL33	150,000	0.950	55		1,118	\$	20.33	-	\$	_,	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
0.08	0.33	0.33	0.17	0.32	0.33	0.22	PL34	150,000	0.950	55	•	1,118	\$	20.33	-	\$	7,319	\$	37,056	\$	48,891	\$	23,658	\$	55,149	\$	55,981
0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	PL35	150,000	0.950	27	\$	1,118	\$	41.41	ΙL	\$	4,970	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

#### \$ 191,304 **\$** 116,388 **\$** 156,223 **\$** 129,243 **\$** 169,619 **\$** 159,036

The nine site prototype models used for the hardscape allowance calculations were selected to determine the reasonable range of ratios in the hardscape area and perimeter. Below in Figure 12, the general layout of the sites is shown to provide an understanding of the conditions that are anticipated in the calculations. These sites vary in overall hardscape size, as can be seen in the varying amount of gray shading, which impacts

the influence of the initial wattage allowance. The sites vary in both hardscape perimeter and building complexity, which impacts the perimeter to hardscape area ratio. The square footage of these nine prototype sites are used to determine a typical effective area wattage allowance that can be met with current technology used in the real design scenarios. The annual energy use was determined by applying the General Hardscape nonresidential statewide schedule profile shown in Figure 1.

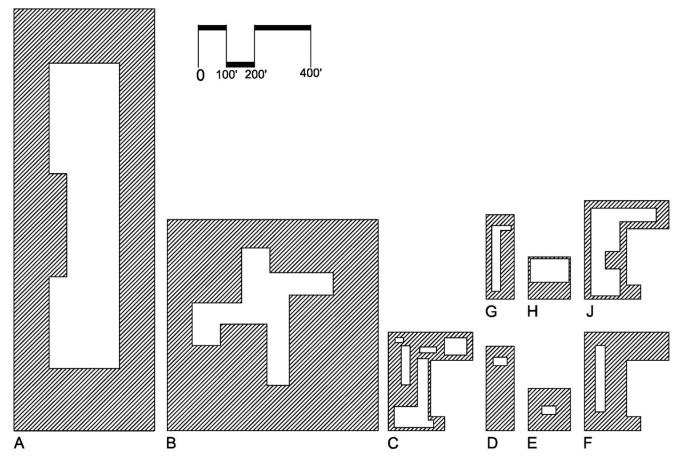


Figure 12: Nine site prototypes used to determine reasonable site calculations.

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ2	LZ3	LZ3	LZ4	
			Asphalt	Concrete	Asphalt	Concrete		
	Area Wattage Allowance	0.020	0.030	0.035	0.040	0.040	0.050	Watts per Square Foot
2016	Linear Wattage Allowance	0.150	0.250	0.700	0.350	0.700	0.450	Watts per Linear Foot
2016	Initial Wattage Allowance	340	450	450	520	520	640	Watts
	effective Area Wattage Allowance	0.037	0.054	0.079	0.071	0.086	0.089	Watts per Square Foot
	effective Area Wattage Allowance	0.030	0.038	0.050	0.046	0.058	0.057	Watts per Square Foot
	Limit of Reduction	0.019	0.023	0.035	0.027	0.037	0.030	Limit of Reduction
2019	Area Wattage Allowance	0.018	0.023	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.030	Watts per Square Foot
	Linear Wattage Allowance	0.150	0.170	0.400	0.250	0.400	0.350	Watts per Linear Foot
	Initial Wattage Allowance	180	<b>250</b>	<b>250</b>	350	350	400	Watts

# Table 45: General Hardscape Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

 Table 46: 2016 LED Prototype Site Calculations

Site Desc	ription		A- Long Skinny, Big Building	B-Square, Odd Building	C- Odd, Campus Buildings	D- Long Skinny, Small Square Building	E- Square, Small Building	F- Odd, Long Square Building	G- Long Skinny, Odd Building	H- Square, Large Square Building	J- Odd, Large Odd Building	K- Perfect Square Site, No Building	
Area, [sf]			501,626	471,726	42,828	28,500	21,000	61,798	21,797	11,040	34,735	250,000	
Perimeter	, [sf]		6,794	5,131	3,052	960	760	1,940	1,408	1,042	2,593	2,000	
Perimeter	to Area Ra	atio	1.4%	1.1%	7.1%	3.4%	3.6%	3.1%	6.5%	9.4%	7.5%	0.8%	
Title 24 - 2	016: With IV	NA											
		W/sf	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	
	AWA	W	10,033	9,435	857	570	420	1,236	436	221	695	5.000	
		W/lf	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	
	LWA	W	1,019	770	458	144	114	291	211	156	389	300	
	IWA	W	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	340	
LZ1	TOTAL	W	11,392	10,544	1,654	1,054	874	1,867	987	717	1,424	5,640	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.023	0.022	0.039	0.037	0.042	0.030	0.045	0.065	0.041	0.023	0.037
	%W from		88.1%	89.5%	51.8%	54.1%	48.1%	66.2%	44.2%	30.8%	48.8%	88.7%	61.0%
	%W from		8.9%	7.3%	27.7%	13.7%	13.0%	15.6%	21.4%	21.8%	27.3%	5.3%	16.2%
	%W from IV	NA	3.0%	3.2%	20.6%	32.3%	38.9%	18.2%	34.4%	47.4%	23.9%	6.0%	22.8%
		W/sf	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	
	AWA	W	15,049	14,152	1,285	855	630	1,854	654	331	1,042	7,500	
		W/lf	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	
	LWA	W	1,699	1,283	763	240	190	485	352	261	648	500	
LZ2	IWA	W	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	
Asphalt	TOTAL	W	17,197	15,885	2,498	1,545	1,270	2,789	1,456	1,042	2,140	8,450	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.034	0.034	0.058	0.054	0.060	0.045	0.067	0.094	0.062	0.034	0.054
	%W from	ÁWA	87.5%	89.1%	51.4%	55.3%	49.6%	66.5%	44.9%	31.8%	48.7%	88.8%	61.4%
	%W from	LWA	9.9%	8.1%	30.5%	15.5%	15.0%	17.4%	24.2%	25.0%	30.3%	5.9%	18.2%
	%W from IV	NA	2.6%	2.8%	18.0%	29.1%	35.4%	16.1%	30.9%	43.2%	21.0%	5.3%	20.5%
	010/0	W/sf	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	0.035	
	AWA	W	17,557	16,510	1,499	998	735	2,163	763	386	1,216	8,750	
	1.14/4	W/lf	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	
	LWA	W	4,756	3,592	2,136	672	532	1,358	986	729	1,815	1,400	
LZ2	IWA	W	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	450	
Concrete	TOTAL	W	22,763	20,552	4,085	2,120	1,717	3,971	2,198	1,566	3,481	10,600	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.045	0.044	0.095	0.074	0.082	0.064	0.101	0.142	0.100	0.042	0.079
	%W from	AWA	77.1%	80.3%	36.7%	47.1%	42.8%	54.5%	34.7%	24.7%	34.9%	82.5%	51.5%
	%W from	LWA	20.9%	17.5%	52.3%	31.7%	31.0%	34.2%	44.8%	46.6%	52.1%	13.2%	34.4%
	%W from IV	NA	2.0%	2.2%	11.0%	21.2%	26.2%	11.3%	20.5%	28.7%	12.9%	4.2%	14.0%

 Table 47: 2016 LED Prototype Site Calculations

Site Desc	ription		A- Long Skinny, Big Building	B-Square, Odd Building	C- Odd, Campus Buildings	D- Long Skinny, Small Square Building	E- Square, Small Building	F- Odd, Long Square Building	G- Long Skinny, Odd Building	H- Square, Large Square Building	J- Odd, Large Odd Building	K- Perfect Square Site, No Building	
Area, [sf]			501,626	471,726	42,828	28,500	21,000	61,798	21,797	11,040	34,735	250,000	
Perimeter	, [sf]		6,794	5,131	3,052	960	760	1,940	1,408	1,042	2,593	2,000	
Perimeter	to Area Ra	itio	1.4%	1.1%	7.1%	3.4%	3.6%	3.1%	6.5%	9.4%	7.5%	0.8%	
Title 24 - 2	016: With IV	VA											
		W/sf	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	
	AWA	W	20,065	18,869	1,713	1,140	840	2,472	872	442	1,389	10,000	
		W/lf	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	
	LWA	W	2,378	1,796	1,068	336	266	679	493	365	908	700	
LZ3	IWA	W	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	
Asphalt	TOTAL	W	22,963	21,185	3,301	1,996	1,626	3,671	1,885	1,326	2,817	11,220	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.046	0.045	0.077	0.070	0.077	0.059	0.086	0.120	0.081	0.045	0.071
	%W from		87.4%	89.1%	51.9%	57.1%	51.7%	67.3%	46.3%	33.3%	49.3%	89.1%	62.2%
	%W from		10.4%	8.5%	32.4%	16.8%	16.4%	18.5%	26.1%	27.5%	32.2%	6.2%	19.5%
	%W from IV	VA	2.3%	2.5%	15.8%	26.1%	32.0%	14.2%	27.6%	39.2%	18.5%	4.6%	18.3%
	1												
	AWA	W/sf	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.040	
		W	20,065	18,869	1,713	1,140	840	2,472	872	442	1,389	10,000	
	LWA	W/lf	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.70	
1 70		W	4,756	3,592	2,136	672	532	1,358	986	729	1,815	1,400	
LZ3	IWA	W	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	520	
Concrete	TOTAL	W	25,341	22,981	4,370	2,332	1,892	4,350	2,377	1,691	3,725	11,920	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.051	0.049	0.102	0.082	0.090	0.070	0.109	0.153	0.107	0.048	0.086
	%W from		79.2%	82.1%	39.2%	48.9%	44.4%	56.8%	36.7%	26.1%	37.3%	83.9%	53.5%
	%W from		18.8%	15.6%	48.9%	28.8%	28.1%	31.2%	41.5%	43.1%	48.7%	11.7%	31.7%
	%W from IV	WA	2.1%	2.3%	11.9%	22.3%	27.5%	12.0%	21.9%	30.8%	14.0%	4.4%	14.9%
	AWA	W/sf	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	
	AVVA	W	25,081	23,586	2,141	1,425	1,050	3,090	1,090	552	1,737	12,500	
	LWA	W/lf	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45	
	LVVA	W	3,057	2,309	1,373	432	342	873	634	469	1,167	900	
LZ4	IWA	W	640	640	640	640	640	640	640	640	640	640	
LZ4	TOTAL	W	28,779	26,535	4,155	2,497	2,032	4,603	2,363	1,661	3,544	14,040	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.057	0.056	0.097	0.088	0.097	0.074	0.108	0.150	0.102	0.056	0.089
	%W from	AWA	87.2%	88.9%	51.5%	57.1%	51.7%	67.1%	46.1%	33.2%	49.0%	89.0%	62.1%
	%W from	LWA	10.6%	8.7%	33.1%	17.3%	16.8%	19.0%	26.8%	28.2%	32.9%	6.4%	20.0%
	%W from IV	NA	2.2%	2.4%	15.4%	25.6%	31.5%	13.9%	27.1%	38.5%	18.1%	4.6%	17.9%

# Table 48: Proposed 2019 LED Prototype Site Calculations

Site Desci	ription		A- Long Skinny, Big Building	B-Square, Odd Building	C- Odd, Campus Buildings	D- Long Skinny, Small Square Building	E- Square, Small Building	F- Odd, Long Square Building	G- Long Skinny, Odd Building	H- Square, Large Square Building	J- Odd, Large Odd Building	K- Perfect Square Site, No Building	
Area, [sf]			501,626	471,726	42,828	28,500	21,000	61,798	21,797	11,040	34,735	250,000	
Perimeter	, [sf]		6,794	5,131	3,052	960	760	1,940	1,408	1,042	2,593	2,000	
Perimeter	to Area Ra	atio	1.4%	1.1%	7.1%	3.4%	3.6%	3.1%	6.5%	9.4%	7.5%	0.8%	
Title 24 - 2	019: With IV	NA											
		W/sf	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	
	AWA	W	9,029	8,491	771	513	378	1,112	392	199	625	4,500	
	1.1.47.4	W/lf	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.15	
	LWA	W	1,019	770	458	144	114	291	211	156	389	300	
1.74	IWA	W	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	180	
LZ1	TOTAL	W	10,228	9,441	1,409	837	672	1,583	784	535	1,194	4,980	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.020	0.020	0.033	0.029	0.032	0.026	0.036	0.048	0.034	0.020	0.030
	%W from	ÁWA	88.3%	89.9%	54.7%	61.3%	56.3%	70.3%	50.1%	37.1%	52.4%	90.4%	65.1%
	%W from	LWA	10.0%	8.2%	32.5%	17.2%	17.0%	18.4%	27.0%	29.2%	32.6%	6.0%	19.8%
	%W from I	WA	1.8%	1.9%	12.8%	21.5%	26.8%	11.4%	23.0%	33.6%	15.1%	3.6%	15.1%
	0.070	W/sf	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.023	
	AWA	W	11,537	10,850	985	656	483	1,421	501	254	799	5,750	
		W/If	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	0.17	
	LWA	W	1,155	872	519	163	129	330	239	177	441	340	
LZ2	IWA	W	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	
Asphalt	TOTAL	W	12,942	11,972	1,754	1,069	862	2,001	991	681	1,490	6,340	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.026	0.025	0.041	0.037	0.041	0.032	0.045	0.062	0.043	0.025	0.038
	%W from	ÁWA	89.1%	90.6%	56.2%	61.3%	56.0%	71.0%	50.6%	37.3%	53.6%	90.7%	65.7%
	%W from	LWA	8.9%	7.3%	29.6%	15.3%	15.0%	16.5%	24.2%	26.0%	29.6%	5.4%	17.8%
	%W from I	WA	1.9%	2.1%	14.3%	23.4%	29.0%	12.5%	25.2%	36.7%	16.8%	3.9%	16.6%
	AWA	W/sf	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	
	AVVA	W	12,541	11,793	1,071	713	525	1,545	545	276	868	6,250	
	1.14/4	W/lf	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	
	LWA	W	2,718	2,052	1,221	384	304	776	563	417	1,037	800	
LZ2	IWA	W	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	
Concrete	TOTAL	W	15,508	14,096	2,542	1,347	1,079	2,571	1,358	943	2,156	7,300	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.031	0.030	0.059	0.047	0.051	0.042	0.062	0.085	0.062	0.029	0.050
	%W from	AWA	80.9%	83.7%	42.1%	52.9%	48.7%	60.1%	40.1%	29.3%	40.3%	85.6%	56.4%
	%W from	LWA	17.5%	14.6%	48.0%	28.5%	28.2%	30.2%	41.5%	44.2%	48.1%	11.0%	31.2%
	%W from I	WA	1.6%	1.8%	9.8%	18.6%	23.2%	9.7%	18.4%	26.5%	11.6%	3.4%	12.5%

# Table 49: Proposed 2019 LED Prototype Site Calculations

r						,						· · · · · ·	1
Site Desci	ription		A- Long Skinny, Big Building	B-Square, Odd Building	C- Odd, Campus Buildings	D- Long Skinny, Small Square Building	E- Square, Small Building	F- Odd, Long Square Building	G- Long Skinny, Odd Building	H- Square, Large Square Building	J- Odd, Large Odd Building	K- Perfect Square Site, No Building	
Area, [sf]			501,626	471,726	42,828	28,500	21,000	61,798	21,797	11,040	34,735	250,000	l
Perimeter,			6,794	5,131	3,052	960	760	1,940	1,408	1,042	2,593	2,000	l
Perimeter	to Area Ra	tio	1.4%	1.1%	7.1%	3.4%	3.6%	3.1%	6.5%	9.4%	7.5%	0.8%	l
Title 24 - 2	019: With IV	VA											
		W/sf	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.025	
	AWA	W	12,541	11,793	1.071	713	525	1,545	545	276	868	6,250	Ì
		W/lf	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	
	LWA	W	1,699	1,283	763	240	190	485	352	261	648	500	1
LZ3	IWA	W	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	1
Asphalt	TOTAL	W	14,589	13,426	2,184	1,303	1,065	2,380	1,247	887	1,867	7,100	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.029	0.028	0.051	0.046	0.051	0.039	0.057	0.080	0.054	0.028	0.046
	%W from	AWA	86.0%	87.8%	49.0%	54.7%	49.3%	64.9%	43.7%	31.1%	46.5%	88.0%	60.1%
	%W from	LWA	11.6%	9.6%	34.9%	18.4%	17.8%	20.4%	28.2%	29.4%	34.7%	7.0%	21.2%
	%W from IN	NA	2.4%	2.6%	16.0%	26.9%	32.9%	14.7%	28.1%	39.5%	18.8%	4.9%	18.7%
		W/sf	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	i
	AWA	W	15,049	14,152	1,285	855	630	1,854	654	331	1,042	7,500	Ì
		W/lf	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	I
	LWA	W	2,718	2,052	1,221	384	304	776	563	417	1,037	800	Ì
LZ3	IWA	W	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	
Concrete	TOTAL	W	18,116	16,554	2,856	1,589	1,284	2,980	1,567	1,098	2,429	8,650	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.036	0.035	0.067	0.056	0.061	0.048	0.072	0.099	0.070	0.035	0.058
	%W from	AWA	83.1%	85.5%	45.0%	53.8%	49.1%	62.2%	41.7%	30.2%	42.9%	86.7%	58.0%
	%W from	LWA	15.0%	12.4%	42.8%	24.2%	23.7%	26.0%	35.9%	38.0%	42.7%	9.2%	27.0%
	%W from IN	NA	1.9%	2.1%	12.3%	22.0%	27.3%	11.7%	22.3%	31.9%	14.4%	4.0%	15.0%
	010/0	W/sf	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	
	AWA	W	15,049	14,152	1,285	855	630	1,854	654	331	1,042	7,500	I
	LWA	W/lf	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	0.35	l
	LVVA	W	2,378	1,796	1,068	336	266	679	493	365	908	700	I
LZ4	IWA	W	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	
LZ4	TOTAL	W	17,827	16,348	2,753	1,591	1,296	2,933	1,547	1,096	2,350	8,600	Mean
	LPD	W/sf	0.036	0.035	0.064	0.056	0.062	0.047	0.071	0.099	0.068	0.034	0.057
	%W from		84.4%	86.6%	46.7%	53.7%	48.6%	63.2%	42.3%	30.2%	44.4%	87.2%	58.7%
	%W from		13.3%	11.0%	38.8%	21.1%	20.5%	23.2%	31.9%	33.3%	38.6%	8.1%	24.0%
	%W from I	NA	2.2%	2.4%	14.5%	25.1%	30.9%	13.6%	25.9%	36.5%	17.0%	4.7%	17.3%

The cost-effectiveness of using LED luminaires as a baseline for all the specific applications was based on a one-for-one comparison of lighting equipment. Most of these applications are unlikely to reduce the equipment quantity substantially from using LED products, allowing for a one-on-one comparison. The 3000K LED luminaires studied were based on equivalent lumen output and luminaire type as the legacy product baseline. A breakdown of the recommended LPAs along with legacy product and equivalent 3000K LEDs are provided in Table 50 to Table 100.

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	15	25	35	45	Watts
2010	LPW	32	32	32	32	lm/W
	LPW	63	66	70	77	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	7.6	12.1	15.9	19.0	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	9	15	19	21	Watts

Table 50: Building Entrances and Exits Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

# Table 51: Building Entrances and Exits Legacy Product Calculation

				Area Lig	ht																		
	Weig	ghting					2008 Ba	sis of Des	sign					ed LP			Veighte	d Wat			Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire		- ,	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt												
							Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												
							Cost		(LLD)														
		0.05		18	CFL	E104	\$ 3,719	20		746	37	7.5				4	2	1	0	\$ 744	\$ 372		\$ -
				26	CFL	E105	\$ 3,719	28		1,077	38	9.6			-	7	4	1	1	\$ 930	\$ 558		\$ 186
0.25				32	CFL	E106	\$ 3,719	35		1,440	41	10.3			4.1	9	7	5	4	\$ 930	\$ 744	\$ 558	\$ 372
0.15	0.25	0.25		42	CFL	E107	\$ 3,719	46		1,920	42	_		10.4	4.2	7	12	12	5	\$ 558	\$ 930		\$ 372
0.10		0.15		50	PSMH	E045	\$ 686	67	0.670	2,257	34	3.4		-	1.7	7	10	10	3	\$ 69	\$ 103	\$ 103	\$ 34
0.05		0.20		70	PSMH	E046	\$ 686	92	0.740	3,675	40	2.0				5	9	18	9	\$ 34	\$ 69		\$ 69
0.00		0.10		100	PSMH	E047	\$ 696	129		5,431	42	0.0			12.6	0	6	13	39	\$ -	\$ 35		\$ 209
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.30	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 774	190	0.740	8,037	42	0.0	0.0	2.1	12.7	0	0	10	57	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39	\$ 232
1	1	1	1									39	39	40	41	38	50	70	118	\$ 3,264	\$ 2,810	\$ 2,208	\$ 1,474
				Wall Mou	unted Lu	minaire										· · ·			_	-			
	Weig	<u> </u>						sis of Des	3		L			ed LP				d Wat			. <u> </u>	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire			Luminaire	Maintained		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt												
							Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												
					051		Cost		(LLD)											<b>A A A</b>	<b>A</b> 17	<b>^ </b>	<u>^</u>
		0.05		26	CFL	e020	\$ 467	28		709	25	5.1	2.5			6	3	1	0	\$ 93	Ŧ		
0.25		0.05		26	CFL	E020	\$ 467	28		709	25	6.3			-	7	4	1	1	\$ 117	\$ 70		
	0.20			32 42	CFL	E021	\$ 470	35		947	27 27	6.8			2.7	9 7	7	5	4	\$ 117	\$ 94		· ·
	0.25				CFL PSMH	E022 E023	\$ 470 \$ 600	46	0.860	1,262	18	4.1	6.9 2.7			7	12 10	12	5	\$ 70 \$ 60	\$ 117	•	\$ 47 \$ 30
	0.15			50	-		• • • •		0.670	1,225		1.8			0.9			10	3		\$ 90	+	+
0.05			0.10	70	PSMH	E024	\$ 600	92 129	0.740	1,996	22 23	1.1	2.2	4.3	2.2	5	9	18	9	\$ 30	\$ 60		\$ 60
0.00	0.05	0.10		100 150	PSMH PSMH	E025	\$ 606 \$ 548	129	0.750	2,949 4,364	23	0.0		-	6.9 6.9	0	6 0	13 10	39 57	\$ - \$ -	\$ 30 \$ -	\$ 61 \$ 27	\$ 182 \$ 164
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.30	150	POINH	E026	φ 548	190	0.740	4,304	23	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.9	U	U	10	57	φ -	φ -	φ 2/	φ 104
1	1	1	1									25	25	24	24	40	51	70	118	\$ 488	\$ 508	¢ 500	\$ 554
			1									25	20	24	24	40	51	70	110	<del>ወ</del> 488	φ 508	φ <u>3</u> 33	φ 004
												22	22	22	22	20	51		110	¢ 1 976		-	

 Average:
 32
 32
 32
 32
 39
 51
 70
 118
 \$ 1,876
 \$ 1,659
 \$ 1,370
 \$ 1,014

	Area Light			
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency	Weighted 2017 Watt	Weighted Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 LED L70 Maintained Lumens	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
	Estimated System lifetime Luminaire per Watt			
	Luminaire Watts hours Lumens (LPW)			
	Cost (LLD)			
0.20 0.10 0.05 0.00	L104 \$ 1,197 14 0.700 1130 81	3 1 1 0	\$ 239 \$ 120 \$ 60 \$ -	16 8 4 0
0.25 0.15 0.05 0.05	L105 \$ 1,197 14 0.700 1130 81	4 2 1 1	\$ 299 \$ 179 \$ 60 \$ 60	20 12 4 4
0.25 0.20 0.15 0.10	L106 \$ 1,197 14 0.700 1130 81	4 3 2 1	\$ 299 \$ 239 \$ 179 \$ 120	20 16 12 8
0.15 0.25 0.25 0.10	L107 \$ 1,124 21 0.700 1695 81	3 5 5 2	\$ 169 \$ 281 \$ 281 \$ 112	12 20 20 8
0.10 0.15 0.15 0.05	L045 \$ 1,242 50 0.887 4703 94	5 8 8 3	\$ 124 \$ 186 \$ 186 \$ 62	9 14 14 5
0.05 0.10 0.20 0.10	L046 \$ 1,242 50 0.887 4703 94	3 5 10 5	\$ 62 \$ 124 \$ 248 \$ 124	5 9 19 9
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.30	L047 \$ 1,275 80 0.887 6781 85	0 4 8 24	\$ - \$ 64 \$ 128 \$ 383	0 4 8 25
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.30	L048 \$ 1,309 105 0.887 8601 82	0 0 5 32	\$ - \$ - \$ 65 \$ 393	0 0 4 25
1 1 1 1		20 28 40 67	\$ 1,193 \$ 1,194 \$ 1,208 \$ 1,254	83 84 86 84
	Wall Mounted Luminaire			
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency	Weighted 2017 Watt	Weighted Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 LED L70 Maintained Lumens	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
	Estimated System lifetime Luminaire per Watt			
	Luminaire Watts hours Lumens (LPW)			
	Cost (LLD)			
0.20 0.10 0.05 0.00	L020 \$ 136 16 0.781 625 39	3 2 1 0	<u>\$ 27 </u> \$ 14 \$ 7 \$ -	8 4 2 0
0.25 0.15 0.05 0.05	L020 \$ 136 16 0.781 625 39	4 2 1 1	\$ 34 \$ 20 \$ 7 \$ 7	10 6 2 2
0.25 0.20 0.15 0.10	L021 \$ 136 16 0.781 625 39	4 3 2 2	<u>\$ 34</u> <u>\$ 27</u> <u>\$ 20</u> <u>\$ 14</u>	10 8 6 4
0.15 0.25 0.25 0.10	L022 \$ 225 27 0.700 1222 45	4 7 7 3	<b>\$</b> 34 <b>\$</b> 56 <b>\$</b> 56 <b>\$</b> 23	7 11 11 5
0.10 0.15 0.15 0.05	L023 \$ 406 18 0.700 1202 67	2 3 3 1	\$ 41 \$ 61 \$ 61 \$ 20	7 10 10 3
0.05 0.10 0.20 0.10	L024 \$ 533 28 0.700 1693 60	1 3 6 3	\$   27  \$   53  \$  107  \$   53	3 6 12 6
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.30	L025 \$ 608 55 0.700 2904 53	0 3 6 17	\$ - <b>\$</b> 30 <b>\$</b> 61 <b>\$</b> 182	0 3 5 16
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.30	L026 \$ 608 37 0.700 4164 113	0 0 2 11	\$ - <b>\$</b> - <b>\$</b> 30 <b>\$</b> 182	0 0 6 34
· · · · · ·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1 1 1 1		18 22 26 36	\$ 196 \$ 262 \$ 349 \$ 481	44 48 54 69
	Average:	19 25 33 52	\$ 694 \$ 728 \$ 779 \$ 867	63 66 70 77

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	45	80	120	130	Watts
2010	LPW	27	26	25	25	lm/W
	LPW	62	66	69	79	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	19.7	31.8	44.4	40.5	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	20	40	57	60	Watts

Table 53: Primary Entrances Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

## **Table 54: Primary Entrances Legacy Product Calculation**

					Downlig	ht																							
		Weig	hting					2	2008 Ba	asis of De	esign			W	eighte	ed LP\	N	W	eighte	d Wat	tt			W	/eighte	ed Co	ost		
L	Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020		System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	l	_Z1	L	.Z2	LZ	3	LZ	<u>′</u> 4
					Wattage	Туре		Estim	ated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per																
					-			Lumir	naire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt																
								Cost			(LLD)		(LPW)																
0.	50	0.35	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E140	\$	315	35	0.860	685	20	9.8	6.8	2.0	1.0	18	12	4	2	\$	157	\$	110	\$	31	\$	16
0.	30	0.30	0.20	0.15	42	CFL	E141	\$	281	46	0.860	913	20	6.0	6.0	4.0	3.0	14	14	9	7	\$	84	\$	84	\$	56	\$	42
0.	15	0.20	0.25	0.25	70	PSMH	E097	\$	292	92	0.740	1,895	21	3.1	4.1	5.2	5.2	14	18	23	23	\$	44	\$	58	\$	73	\$	73
0.	05	0.10	0.30	0.30	100	PSMH	E098	\$	299	129	0.750	2,801	22	1.1	2.2	6.5	6.5	6	13	39	39	\$	15	\$	30	\$	90	\$	90

20 19 18 16 52 57 74 70 \$ 300 \$ 283 \$ 251 \$ 221

				Wall Pa	ck																							
	Weig	ghting						2008 Ba	asis of De	esign			N	/eighte	ed LP	W	W	eighte	d Wat	t			W	/eighte	ed Co	ost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020		System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	ſ	LZ1	L	.Z2	LZ	Z3	LZ	4
				Wattage	Туре		Estin	nated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per													1			
							Lumi	naire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt													i i			
							Cost			(LLD)		(LPW)																
0.40	0.20	0.10	0.00	26	CFL	E020	\$	467	28	0.858	709	25	10.1	5.1	2.5	0.0	11	6	3	0	\$	187	\$	93	\$	47	\$	-
0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	32	CFL	E021	\$	470	35	0.860	947	27	6.8	6.8	4.1	1.4	9	9	5	2	\$	117	\$	117	\$	70	\$	23
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.10	42	CFL	E022	\$	470	46	0.860	1,262	27	5.5	5.5	4.1	2.7	9	9	7	5	\$	94	\$	94	\$	70	\$	47
0.10	0.15	0.20	0.10	70	PSMH	E024	\$	600	92	0.740	1,996	22	2.2	3.3	4.3	2.2	9	14	18	9	\$	60	\$	90	\$	120	\$	60
0.05	0.10	0.20	0.15	100	PSMH	E025	\$	606	129	0.750	2,949	23	1.1	2.3	4.6	3.4	6	13	26	19	\$	30	\$	61	\$	121	\$	91
0.00	0.05	0.05	0.25	150	PSMH	E026	\$	548	190	0.740	4,364	23	0.0	1.1	1.1	5.7	0	10	10	48	\$	-	\$	27	\$	27	\$	137
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.25	175	PSMH	E042	\$	328	198	0.700	4,721	24	0.0	1.2	2.4	6.0	0	10	20	50	\$	-	\$	16	\$	33	\$	82
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E043	\$	535	291	0.700	6,787	23	0.0	0.0	1.2	2.3	0	0	15	29	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27	\$	54

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

26 25 24 24 45 70 103 161 \$ 488 \$ 499 \$ 516 \$ 494

				Area													L			. 1	-						
	Weig	phting						2008 B	asis of De	esign			V	/eight	ed LP	W	W	eighte	d Wat	t			W	eighte	ed Cost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	202	0	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4		LZ1	L	Z2	LZ3	L	.Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Esti	mated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per															
							Lum	ninaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt															
							Cos	t		(LLD)		(LPW)															
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$	3,719	20	0.856	746	37	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0	1	1	0	0	\$	186	\$	186	\$-	\$	-
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	26	CFL	E105	\$	3,719	28	0.858	1,077	38	3.8	1.9	0.0	0.0	3	1	0	0	\$	372	\$	186	\$-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.10	0.00	32	CFL	E106	\$	3,719	35	0.860	1,440	41	8.2	4.1	4.1	0.0	7	4	4	0	\$	744	\$	372	\$ 37	2 \$	-
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.10	42	CFL	E107	\$	3,719	46	0.860	1,920	42	8.3	6.3	4.2	4.2	9	7	5	5	\$	744	\$	558	\$ 37	2 \$	372
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.10	50	PSMH	E136	\$	686	67	0.670	1,558	23	4.7	4.7	3.5	2.3	13	13	10	7	\$	137	\$	137	\$ 10	3 \$	69
0.15	0.25	0.25	0.20	70	PSMH	E137	\$	686	92	0.740	3,098	34	5.1	8.4	8.4	6.7	14	23	23	18	\$	103	\$	172	\$ 17	2 \$	137
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.30	100	PSMH	E138	\$	696	129	0.750	4,736	37	3.7	5.5	9.2	11.0	13	19	32	39	\$	70	\$	104	\$ 17	4 \$	209
0.00	0.05	0.15	0.30	150	PSMH	E139	\$	774	190	0.705	6,372	34	0.0	1.7	5.0	10.1	0	10	29	57	\$	-	\$	39	\$ 11	5 \$	232
															-												

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 36
 34
 34
 60
 78
 102
 125
 \$ 2,355
 \$ 1,754
 \$ 1,308
 \$ 1,019

 Average:
 27
 26
 25
 52
 68
 93
 119
 \$ 1,048
 \$ 845
 \$ 692
 \$ 578

#### **Table 55: Primary Entrances LED Calculation**

				Downlight																				
	Weig	ghting				2	2016 LED I	Equivalency			We	ighted	2017 V	Vatt		W	eighte	ed Co	st			Weight	ed LPW	/
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ	72	LZ:	3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estim	nated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt														
					Lumi	naire	Watts	hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)														
					Cost					. ,														
0.50	0.35	0.10	0.05	L140	\$	141	12.8	0.700	732	57	6	4	1	1	\$ 70	\$	49	\$	14	\$ 7	29	20	6	3
0.30	0.30	0.20	0.15	L141	\$	154	20.5	0.700	1086	53	6	6	4	3	\$ 46	\$	46	\$	31	\$ 23	16	16	11	8
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.25	L097	\$	243	31.6	0.700	1603	51	5	6	8	8	\$ 36	\$	49	\$	61	\$ 61	8	10	13	13
0.05	0.10	0.30	0.30	L098	\$	1,128	67	0.940	3677	55	3	7	20	20	\$ 56	\$	113	\$ 3	338	\$ 338	3	5	16	16

1 1 1 1

21 24 33 32 \$ 209 \$ 257 \$ 444 \$ 429 55 52 45 40

				Wall Pack																				
	Weig	ghting				2	2016 LED I	Equivalency			We	ighted	2017 V	Vatt		٧	Veight	ed Co	ost			Weight	ed LPW	/
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1		LZ2	LZ	3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estima	ated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt														
					Lumin	aire	Watts	hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)														
					Cost																			
0.40	0.20	0.10	0.00	L020	\$	136	16	0.781	625	39	6	3	2	0	\$ 5	4 \$	27	\$	14	\$ -	16	8	4	0
0.25	0.25	0.15	0.05	L021	\$	136	16	0.781	625	39	4	4	2	1	\$ 3	4 \$	34	\$	20	\$ 7	10	10	6	2
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.10	L022	\$	225	27	0.700	1222	45	5	5	4	3	\$ 4	5\$	45	\$	34	\$ 23	9	9	7	5
0.10	0.15	0.20	0.10	L024	\$	533	28	0.880	2129	76	3	4	6	3	\$ 5	3 \$	80	\$	107	\$ 53	8	11	15	8
0.05	0.10	0.20	0.15	L025	\$	608	55	0.880	3651	66	3	6	11	8	\$ 3	D \$	61	\$	122	\$ 91	3	7	13	10
0.00	0.05	0.05	0.25	L026	\$	608	37	0.880	5235	141	0	2	2	9	\$ -	\$	30	\$	30	\$ 152	0	7	7	35
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.25	L042	\$	608	37	0.940	5592	151	0	2	4	9	\$ -	\$	30	\$	61	\$ 152	0	8	15	38
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	L043	\$	608	55	0.880	7081	129	0	0	3	6	\$ -	\$	-	\$	30	\$ 61	0	0	6	13

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

21 26 33 39 \$ 217 \$ 308 \$ 417 \$ 538 45 59 74 110

				Area											-							
	Weig	ghting				2	2016 LED I	Equivalency			We	ighted	2017 V	Vatt		Weigh	ted Cost			Weight	ed LPW	1
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estin	nated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lumi	naire	Watts	hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)												
					Cost																	
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	L104	\$	1,197	14	0.700	1130	81	1	1	0	0	\$ 60	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	4	4	0	0
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	L105	\$	1,197	14	0.700	1130	81	1	1	0	0	\$ 120	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	8	4	0	0
0.20	0.10	0.10	0.00	L106	\$	1,197	14	0.700	1130	81	3	1	1	0	\$ 239	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ -	16	8	8	0
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.10	L107	\$	1,124	21	0.700	1695	81	4	3	2	2	\$ 225	\$ 169	\$ 112	\$ 112	16	12	8	8
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.10	L136	\$	1,242	50	0.887	4703	94	10	10	8	5	\$ 248	\$ 248	\$ 186	\$ 124	19	19	14	9
0.15	0.25	0.25	0.20	L137	\$	1,242	50	0.887	4703	94	8	13	13	10	\$ 186	\$ 311	\$ 311	\$ 248	14	24	24	19
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.30	L138	\$	1,275	80	0.887	6781	85	8	12	20	24	\$ 128	\$ 191	\$ 319	\$ 383	8	13	21	25
0.00	0.05	0.15	0.30	L139	\$	1,309	105	0.887	8601	82	0	5	16	32	\$ -	\$ 65	\$ 196	\$ 393	0	4	12	25
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00								35	46	59	73	\$ 1,206	\$ 1,224	\$ 1,244	\$ 1,260	86	87	87	86
															,							

 Average:
 26
 32
 42
 48
 \$ 544
 \$ 596
 \$ 702
 \$ 743
 62
 66
 69
 79

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	40	75	125	200	Watts
2010	LPW	26	26	26	26	lm/W
	LPW	77	77	77	77	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	13.3	25.2	42.3	67.4	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	16	30	50	75	Watts

Table 56: Drive-Up Windows Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

### Table 57: Drive-Up Windows Legacy Product Calculation

				Round C	eiling l	Mounted D	ownlight																
	Weig	hting					2008 E	asis of De	esign			١	Neighte	ed LPV	V	V	Veighte	ed Wat	tt		Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimate	d Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												
							Luminaire	÷	Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
							Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)												
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 34	67	0.670	1,337	20	2	1	0	0	7	3	0	0	\$ 35	\$ 17	\$-	\$ -
0.20	0.15	0.05	0.10	70	PSMH	E055	\$ 36	9 92	0.740	2,177	24	5	4	1	2	18	14	5	9	\$ 74	\$ 55	\$ 18	\$ 37
0.30	0.25	0.20	0.30	100	PSMH	E056	\$ 36	9 129	0.750	3,216	25	7	6	5	7	39	32	26	39	\$ 111	\$ 92	\$ 74	\$111
0.40	0.55	0.75	0.60	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 49	9 190	0.740	4,759	25	10	14	19	15	76	105	143	114	\$ 199	\$ 274	\$ 374	\$ 299

1 1 1 1

 24
 25
 25
 140
 154
 173
 162
 \$ 419
 \$ 439
 \$ 466
 \$ 447

				Ceiling I	Nounte	d, Full Cut	t-Off						-											
	Weig	hting					200	)8 Ba	sis of De	sign			\ \	Veighte	d LPW	/	V	Veighte	ed Wat	tt		Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020		System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estim	ated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												
							Lumin	naire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
							Cost			(LLD)		(LPW)												
0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	70	PSMH	E035	\$	752	92	0.740	2,432	26	11	11	11	11	37	37	37	37	\$ 301	\$ 301	\$ 301	\$ 301
0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	100	PSMH	E036	\$	752	129	0.750	3,593	28	17	17	17	17	77	77	77	77	\$ 451	\$ 451	\$ 451	\$ 451
1	1	1	1										27	27	27	27	114	114	114	114	\$ 752	\$ 752	\$ 752	\$ 752

Average: 26 26 26 26 127 134 144 138 \$585 \$595 \$609 \$599

## Table 58: Drive-Up Windows Equivalent LED Calculation

				Round Co	eiling	Mour	nted Dow	nlight			_											
	Weig	ghting				1	2017 LEC	Equivalenc	У		W	eighted	2017 W	att		Weight	ed Cost			Weighte	ed LPW	/
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	)	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estir	mated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lum	inaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												1
					Cost	t		(LLD)														
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	L054	\$	236	24.1	0.700	1540	64	2	1	0	0	\$ 24	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ -	6	3	0	0
0.20	0.15	0.05	0.10	L055	\$	257	34.6	0.700	2130	62	7	5	2	3	\$ 51	\$ 39	\$ 13	\$ 26	12	9	3	6
0.30	0.25	0.20	0.30	L056	\$	281	42.3	0.700	2909	69	13	11	8	13	\$ 84	\$ 70	\$ 56	\$ 84	21	17	14	21
0.40	0.55	0.75	0.60	L057	\$	365	72.2	0.700	4635	64	29	40	54	43	\$ 146	\$ 201	\$ 274	\$ 219	26	35	48	39
1	1	1	1								51	57	64	59	\$ 305	\$ 321	\$ 343	\$ 329	65	65	65	65

59 \$ 305 \$ 321 \$ 343 \$ 329 65 65 65 65 51 57 64

				Ceiling M	ounte	ed, Fu	III Cut-O	ff														
	Weig	ghting				2	2017 LEC	) Equivalenc	У		W	eighted	2017 W	att		Weight	ed Cost			Weighte	ed LPW	/
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	)	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estir	nated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lumi	inaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												
					Cost			(LLD)														
0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	L035	\$	985	24	0.700	2260	94	10	10	10	10	\$ 394	\$ 394	\$ 394	\$ 394	38	38	38	38
0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	L036	\$	985	36	0.700	3105	86	22	22	22	22	\$ 591	\$ 591	\$ 591	\$ 591	52	52	52	52
1	1	1	1								31	31	31	31	\$ 985	\$ 985	\$ 985	\$ 985	89	89	89	89

Average: 41 45 \$ 645 \$ 653 \$ 664 \$ 657 77 77 77 77 44 48

## Table 59: Uncovered Fuel Dispenser Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	120	175	185	330	Watts
2010	LPW	31	32	33	34	lm/W
	LPW	76	83	88	91	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	48.6	67.1	68.9	122.4	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	55	77	81	135	Watts

## Table 60: Uncovered Fuel Dispenser Legacy Product Calculation

				Area																							
	Weig	phting					2008 Ba	sis of Des	sign			\	Veighte	ed LPV	V	N	/eighte	ed Wa	att			N	/eight	ed C	Cost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4		LZ1	L	Z2	L	Z3	LZ	<u>Z</u> 4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt																
							Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)																
							Cost		(LLD)																		
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 1,010	129	0.750	3,876	30	6	3	2	0	26	13	6	0	\$	202	\$	101	\$	51	\$	-
0.30	0.20	0.10	0.05	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 1,010	190	0.740	5,737	30	9	6	3	2	57	38	19	10	\$	303	\$	202	\$	101	\$	51
0.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 1,062	198	0.700	5,895	30	9	9	9	7	59	59	59	50	\$	319	\$	319	\$	319	\$	266
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 1,205	291	0.700	9,801	34	7	10	12	13	58	87	102	116	\$	241	\$	361	\$	422	\$	482
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 1,205	452	0.700	17,046	38	0	4	8	11	0	45	90	136	\$	-	\$	120	\$	241	\$	361
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									31	32	33	34	200	243	277	311	\$	1,065	\$1	,104	\$1	,133	\$1,	159

 Average:
 31
 32
 33
 34
 200
 243
 277
 311
 \$ 1,065
 \$ 1,104
 \$ 1,133
 \$ 1,159

## Table 61: Uncovered Fuel Dispenser Equivalent LED Calculation

				Area						-									_			
	Weig	ghting			2	016 LED	Equivalenc	У		We	ighted	2017 V	Vatt			Weighte	ed Cost			Weighte	ed LPW	'
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ		LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estimated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt													
					Luminaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)													
					Cost		(LLD)															
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.00	L070	\$ 1,127.69	67	0.940	3677	55	13	7	3	0	\$ 2	26	\$ 113	\$ 56	\$ -	11	5	3	0
0.30	0.20	0.10	0.05	L071	\$ 1,796.44	126	0.940	6958	55	38	25	13	6	\$5	39	\$ 359	\$ 180	\$ 90	17	11	6	3
0.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	L037	\$ 1,364.82	85	0.938	7865	93	26	26	26	21	\$4	09	\$ 409	\$ 409	\$ 341	28	28	28	23
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	L073	\$ 1,775.68	126	0.940	12953	103	25	38	44	50	\$ 3	55	\$ 533	\$ 621	\$ 710	21	31	36	41
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	L075	\$ 1,551.67	210	0.700	16763	80	0	21	42	63	\$ -		\$ 155	\$ 310	\$ 466	0	8	16	24
									·													
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00							102	116	128	141	\$1,5	29	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,577	\$ 1,607	76	83	88	91

 Average:
 102
 116
 128
 141
 \$ 1,529
 \$ 1,569
 \$ 1,577
 \$ 1,607
 76
 83
 88
 91

#### Table 62: ATM Machine Lighting Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	250	250	250	250	Watts
2010	LPW	25	25	24	24	lm/W
	LPW	68	71	82	100	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	89.6	86.6	74.7	59.9	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	100	100	100	100	Watts

## Table 63: ATM Machine Lighting Legacy Product Calculation

				Wall Mo	ounted																				
	Weig	ghting					200	8 Basis	s of De	sign				We	eighte	d LP	W		Weight	ed Watt			Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	Sy	ystem	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	.Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimat	ed W	atts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt													
							Luminai	ire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)													
							Cost			(LLD)															
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.05	26	CFL	E020	\$ 4	467	28	0.858	709	25		5	5	4	1	6	6	4	1	\$ 85	\$ 85	\$ 64	\$ 21
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.15	32	CFL	E021	\$ 4	470	35	0.860	947	27		7	7	7	4	9	9	9	5	\$ 108	\$ 108	\$ 108	\$ 65
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.10	100	PSMH	E025	\$ (	606	129	0.750	2949	23		6	5	2	2	32	26	13	13	\$ 139	\$ 111	\$ 56	\$ 56
0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30	150	PSMH	E026	\$	548	190	0.740	4364	23		5	5	6	7	38	38	48	57	\$ 92	\$ 92	\$ 115	\$ 138
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.25	175	PSMH	E042	\$	328	198	0.700	4721	24		2	2	4	6	20	20	30	50	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 45	\$ 75
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.15	250	PSMH	E043	\$	535	291	0.700	6787	23		0	1	2	3	0	15	29	44	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 49	\$ 74
													-												
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00											25	25	24	24	104	113	132	170	\$ 453	\$ 450	\$ 436	\$ 428

 Average:
 25
 25
 24
 24
 104
 113
 132
 170
 \$ 453
 \$ 450
 \$ 436
 \$ 428

## Table 64: ATM Machine Lighting Equivalent LED Calculation

				Wall Mour	nte d																	
	Weig	ghting				2	2017 LED	Equivalency	1		We	eighted	2017 W	/att		Weighte	ed Cost		1	Neight	ed LPV	/
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estin	nated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lumi	naire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												
					Cost			(LLD)														
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.05	L020	\$	136	16	0.781	625	39	3	3	2	1	\$ 27	\$ 27	\$ 20	\$ 7	8	8	6	2
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.15	L021	\$	136	16	0.781	625	39	4	4	4	2	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 20	10	10	10	6
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.10	L025	\$	608	55	0.880	3651	66	14	11	6	6	\$ 152	\$ 122	\$ 61	\$ 61	17	13	7	7
0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30	L026	\$	608	37	0.880	5235	141	7	7	9	11	\$ 122	\$ 122	\$ 152	\$ 182	28	28	35	42
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.25	L042	\$	608	37	0.940	5592	151	4	4	6	9	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 91	\$ 152	15	15	23	38
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.15	L043	\$	608	55	0.880	7081	129	0	3	6	8	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ 61	\$ 91	0	6	13	19
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00								32	32	32	37	\$ 395	\$ 395	\$ 419	\$ 513	78	81	93	114

Average:	32	32	32	37	\$ 395	\$ 395	\$ 419	\$ 513	78	81	93	114

Table 65: Outdoor Sales Frontage Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0	22.5	36	45	W/lf
2010	LPW	37	37	39	40	lm/W
	LPW	84	82	79	77	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0	10.3	17.8	23.6	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0	11	19	25	W/If

Table 66: Outdoor Sales Frontage Legacy Product Calculation

				Area																							
	Weig	ghting					2008	Basis of De	sign				Weight	ed LPV	V	V	Veighte	ed Wa	tt			V	Veight	ed Co	ost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	L	_Z1	Ľ	Z2	L	Z3	L	_Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimat	ed Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt																
							Luminai	e	Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)																
							Cost		(LLD)		` ´																ļ
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 1,0 <sup>-</sup>	0 129	0.750	3,876	30	3	2	0	0	13	6	0	0	\$	101	\$	51	\$	-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 1,0 <sup>-</sup>	0 190	0.740	5,737	30	6	3	0	0	38	19	0	0	\$	202	\$	101	\$		\$	-
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 1,00	2 198	0.700	5,895	30	7	6	3	0	50	40	20	0	\$	266	\$	212	\$	106	\$	-
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 1,20	5 291	0.700	9,801	34	7	8	7	3	58	73	58	29	\$	241	\$	301	\$	241	\$	120
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	320	PSMH	E074	\$ 1,20	5 368	0.700	12,571	34	5	7	7	5	55	74	74	55	\$	181	\$	241	\$	241	\$	181
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.20	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 1,20	5 452	0.700	17,046	38	4	6	9	8	45	68	113	90	\$	120	\$	181	\$	301	\$	241
0.00	0.05	0.15	0.25	750	PSMH	E076	\$ 1,76	2 818	0.700	32,399	40	0	2	6	10	0	41	123	205	\$	-	\$	88	\$	264	\$	441
0.00	0.00	0.10	0.30	1000	PSMH	E077	\$ 1,76	2 1080	0.701	49,590	46	0	0	5	14	0	0	108	324	\$	-	\$	•	\$	176	\$	529

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

32 33 37 40 259 320 495 703 \$ 1,111 \$ 1,175 \$ 1,330 \$ 1,511

				Flood																						
	Weig	hting					2008 Ba	asis of De	sign			١	Weight	ed LPV	V	V	Veighte	ed Wa	tt			We	eighte	ed Cost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	L	_Z1	LZ	2	LZ3		LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt															
				-			Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)															
							Cost		(LLD)																	
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E126	\$ 1,261	129	0.750	5,315	41	4	2	0	0	13	6	0	0	\$	126	\$	63	\$-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	150	PSMH	E127	\$ 1,276	190	0.740	7,728	41	8	4	0	0	38	19	0	0	\$	255	\$	128	\$-	\$	-
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	175	PSMH	E078	\$ 1,045	198	0.700	8,053	41	10	8	4	0	50	40	20	0	\$	261	\$	209	\$ 1 <sup>,</sup>	04 \$	-
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	250	PSMH	E128	\$ 1,482	291	0.700	12,275	42	8	11	8	4	58	73	58	29	\$	296	\$	370	\$ 20	96 \$	148
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	320	PSMH	E079	\$ 1,053	368	0.700	14,847	40	6	8	8	6	55	74	74	55	\$	158	\$	211	\$ 2	11 \$	158
0.10	0.20	0.30	0.30	400	PSMH	E129	\$ 1,482	452	0.700	19,640	43	4	9	13	13	45	90	136	136	\$	148	\$	296	\$ 4	45 \$	445
0.00	0.00	0.20	0.45	1000	PSMH	E130	\$ 1,976	1080	0.701	42,582	39	0	0	8	18	0	0	216	486	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 39	95 \$	889
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									41	42	41	41	259	302	503	706	\$	1,245	\$1,	277	\$ 1,4	j1 \$	1,640

 Average:
 37
 39
 40
 259
 311
 499
 705
 \$ 1,178
 \$ 1,226
 \$ 1,391
 \$ 1,576

#### Table 67: Outdoor Sales Frontage Equivalent LED Calculation

				Area																		
	Weig	ghting				2	017 LED	Equivalency	/		Weig	hted :	2017	Watt		Weigh	ted Cost		W	eight	ed LP	W
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	0	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Esti	mated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lum	ninaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												
					Cos	t		(LLD)														
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	L070	\$	1,128	67	0.940	3677	55	7	3	0	0	\$ 113	\$ 56	\$ -	\$ -	5	3	0	0
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	L071	\$	1,796	126	0.940	6958	55	25	13	0	0	\$ 359	\$ 180	\$ -	\$ -	11	6	0	0
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	L037	\$	1,365	85	0.938	7865	93	21	17	9	0	\$ 341	\$ 273	\$ 136	\$ -	23	19	9	0
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	L073	\$	1,776	126	0.940	12953	103	25	32	25	13	\$ 355	\$ 444	\$ 355	\$ 178	21	26	21	10
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	L074	\$	1,552	139	0.700	11494	83	21	28	28	21	\$ 233	\$ 310	\$ 310	\$ 233	12	17	17	12
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.20	L075	\$	1,552	210	0.700	16763	80	21	32	53	42	\$ 155	\$ 233	\$ 388	\$ 310	8	12	20	16
0.00	0.05	0.15	0.25	L076	\$	1,687	311	0.700	24204	78	0	16	47	78	\$ -	\$ 84	\$ 253	\$ 422	0	4	12	19
0.00	0.00	0.10	0.30	L077	\$	1,687	311	0.700	24204	78	0	0	31	93	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 169	\$ 506	0	0	8	23
•				-	. —						•		. —		-		-	-				

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

120 139 192 247 \$1,556 \$1,580 \$1,612 \$1,649 81 85 86 81

				Flood							_				-								_			
	Weig	hting				2	017 LED	Equivalency	/		Weig	hted	2017	Watt			We	eighte	ed Co	ost			W	eighte	ed LF	W
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	)	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ	1	LZ	2	LZ	<u>7</u> 3	Ľ	Z4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Esti	mated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt																
					Lum	inaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)																
					Cost	t		(LLD)																		
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	L126	\$	979	71	0.700	4840	68	7	4	0	0	\$	98	\$	49	\$	-	\$	-	7	3	0	0
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	L127	\$	979	52	0.700	7725	149	10	5	0	0	<b>\$</b> 1	196	\$	98	\$	-	\$	-	30	15	0	0
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	L078	\$	979	106	0.700	7725	73	27	21	11	0	\$ 2	245	\$	196	\$	98	\$	-	18	15	7	0
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	L128	\$	1,047	155	0.700	10825	70	31	39	31	16	\$ 2	209	\$ 2	262	\$	209	\$	105	14	17	14	7
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	L079	\$	1,552	210	0.700	15099	72	32	42	42	32	\$ 2	233	\$ ;	310	\$	310	\$	233	11	14	14	11
0.10	0.20	0.30	0.30	L129	\$	1,687	261	0.700	18952	73	26	52	78	78	<b>\$</b> 1	169	\$ 3	337	\$	506	\$	506	7	15	22	22
0.00	0.00	0.20	0.45	L130	\$	1,687	261	0.700	18952	73	0	0	52	117	\$	-	\$	-	\$	337	\$	759	0	0	15	33

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 133
 163
 214
 243
 \$ 1,149
 \$ 1,252
 \$ 1,461
 \$ 1,603
 87
 79
 72
 72

 Average:
 126
 151
 203
 245
 \$ 1,353
 \$ 1,416
 \$ 1,536
 \$ 1,626
 84
 82
 79
 77

Table 68: Hardscape Or	rnamental	Lighting	g Calcula	tion Results and LPA Recommendations in Red
	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	L <b>Z</b> 4

		LZI		LZJ	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0	0.02	0.04	0.06	W/sf
2010	LPW	15	16	14	13	lm/W
	LPW	68	67	61	57	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.000	0.005	0.009	0.013	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0	0.007	0.013	0.019	W/sf

 Table 69: Hardscape Ornamental Lighting Legacy Product Calculation

				Decorativ	ve Area												_							
	Weig	hting					20	008 Bas	is of Des	ign			V	/eight	ed LP	W		Weighte	ed Wat	t		Weigh	ted Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type			imated ninaire	Watts		Luminaire	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.25	0.15	0.10	0.05	50	PSMH	E132	\$	3,719	67	0.670	584	9	2	1	1	0	17	10	7	3	\$ 779	\$ 467	\$ 312	\$ 156
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.20	70	PSMH	E133	\$	3,719	92	0.740	928	10	2	3	2	2	18	23	18	18	\$ 623	\$ 779	\$ 623	\$ 623
0.15	0.20	0.30	0.25	100	PSMH	E134	\$	3,719	129	0.750	1256	10	1	2	3	2	19	26	39	32	\$ 467	\$ 623	\$ 935	\$ 779
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.30	150	PSMH	E135	\$	3,719	190	0.740	1652	9	0	0	1	3	10	10	29	57	\$ 156	\$ 156	\$ 467	\$ 935
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	42	CFL	E099	\$	585	46	0.860	1237	27	5	4	3	1	9	7	5	2	\$ 107	\$ 80	\$ 54	\$ 27
0.15	0.20	0.15	0.15	57	CFL	E100	\$	610	62	0.860	1662	27	4	5	4	4	9	12	9	9	\$ 84	\$ 112	\$ 84	\$ 84
					-								·											

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 15
 16
 14
 13
 83
 88
 106
 123
 \$2,215
 \$2,217
 \$ 2,473
 \$ 2,602

 Average:
 15
 16
 14
 13
 83
 88
 106
 123
 \$2,215
 \$2,217
 \$ 2,473
 \$ 2,602

## Table 70: Hardscape Ornamental Lighting Equivalent LED Calculation

				Decorative	e Are	ea																			
	Weig	ghting					2017 LE	D Equivalency			We	eighted	2017 W	/att		V	Veighte	ed Cos	t				Weighte	ed LPW	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	202	20	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	L	Z2	LZ3	3	LZ4	Ļ	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Est	timated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt															
					Lur	ninaire	Watts	hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)															
					Cos	st																			
0.25	0.15	0.10	0.05	L132	\$	1,296	25	0.970	1775	71	6	4	3	1	\$ 324	\$	194	<b>\$</b> 1	130	\$	65	18	11	7	4
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.20	L133	\$	1,296	43	0.970	2947	69	9	11	9	9	\$ 259	\$	324	\$ 2	259	\$ 2	259	14	17	14	14
0.15	0.20	0.30	0.25	L134	\$	1,531	48	0.850	2135	44	7	10	14	12	\$ 230	\$	306	\$ ∠	159	\$ 3	83	7	9	13	11
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.30	L135	\$	2,420	85	0.850	3585	42	4	4	13	26	\$ 121	\$	121	\$ 3	363	\$ 7	26	2	2	6	13
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	L099	\$	1,197	14	0.700	1130	81	3	2	1	1	\$ 239	\$	179	<b>\$</b> 1	20	\$	60	16	12	8	4
0.15	0.20	0.15	0.15	L100	\$	1,124	21	0.700	1695	81	3	4	3	3	\$ 169	\$	225	<b>\$</b> 1	69	\$ 1	69	12	16	12	12
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00								32	35	43	51	\$ 1,342	\$ 1	1,350	\$ 1,4	199	\$ 1,6	61	68	67	61	57
										Average:	32	35	43	51	\$ 1,342	\$ 1	1,350	\$ 1,4	199	\$ 1,6	61	68	67	61	57
										0								,		,					

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.000	0.180	0.350	0.500	W/sq.ft.
2010	LPW	28	29	30	29	lm/W
	LPW	48	58	68	73	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.000	0.091	0.153	0.198	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.000	0.100	0.170	0.225	W/sq.ft.

## Table 71: Building Facades Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

### **Table 72: Building Facades Legacy Product Calculation**

				Wall Mo	unted F	Full Cutoff														_			
	Weig	ghting					2008 B	asis of De	sign			١	Weight	ed LPV	V	V	Veighte	ed Wa	tt		Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												1
				-			Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
							Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)												
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	26	CFL	E012	\$ 343	28	0.858	927	33	3	3	2	2	3	3	1	1	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 17	\$ 17
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E013	\$ 362	35	0.860	1,238	35	5	4	4	2	5	4	4	2	\$ 54	\$ 36	\$ 36	\$ 18
0.30	0.25	0.20	0.10	42	CFL	E014	\$ 392	46	0.860	1,651	36	11	9	7	4	14	12	9	5	\$ 118	\$ 98	\$ 78	\$ 39
0.15	0.20	0.10	0.20	50	PSMH	E023	\$ 600	67	0.670	1,225	18	3	4	2	4	10	13	7	13	\$ 90	\$ 120	\$ 60	\$ 120
0.15	0.20	0.15	0.10	70	PSMH	E001	\$ 303	92	0.740	3,253	35	5	7	5	4	14	18	14	9	\$ 45	\$ 61	\$ 45	\$ 30
0.10	0.05	0.20	0.20	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 606	129	0.750	2,949	23	2	1	5	5	13	6	26	26	\$ 61	\$ 30	\$ 121	\$ 121
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 548	190	0.740	4,364	23	1	1	3	5	10	10	29	38	\$ 27	\$ 27	\$ 82	\$ 110
0.00	0.05	0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E042	\$ 328	291	0.700	4,721	16	0	1	1	2	0	15	15	29	\$ -	\$ 16	\$ 16	\$ 33

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 31
 30
 28
 25
 68
 80
 103
 123
 \$ 430
 \$ 423
 \$ 457
 \$ 488

				Ground I	Mounte	d Floodlig	ht									_							
	Weig	ghting					2008 Ba	sis of De	sign			\	Weighte	ed LPV	/	V	Veighte	ed Wa	tt		Weight	ed Cost	
LZ	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												
							Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
							Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)												
1.0	0 0.45	0.25	0.25	100	PSMH	E038	\$ 611	129	0.750	4,424	34	34	15	9	9	129	58	32	32	\$611	\$ 275	\$ 153	\$ 153
0.0	0 0.45	0.50	0.35	175	PSMH	E039	\$ 957	198	0.700	7,680	39	0	17	19	14	0	89	99	69	\$ -	\$ 431	\$ 479	\$ 335
0.0	0 0.10	0.25	0.40	250	PSMH	E040	\$ 957	291	0.700	10,081	35	0	3	9	14	0	29	73	116	\$ -	\$ 96	\$ 239	\$ 383

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

34 36 37 36 129 176 204 218 \$611 \$801 \$871 \$871

				Cylindric	al																		
	Weig	hting					2008 Ba	sis of De	sign				Weighte	ed LPV	V	V	Veighte	ed Wat	tt		Weighte	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												1
							Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												1
							Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)												1
0.30	0.15	0.05	0.00	50	MR16	E002	\$ 187	50	0.900	752	15	5	2	1	0	15	8	3	0	\$ 56	\$ 28	\$ 9	\$ -
0.30	0.15	0.10	0.05	75	MR16	E003	\$ 187	75	0.900	1,062	14	4	2	1	1	23	11	8	4	\$ 56	\$ 28	\$ 19	\$ 9
0.15	0.30	0.25	0.10	50	PSMH	E034	\$ 752	67	0.670	1,493	22	3	7	6	2	10	20	17	7	\$ 113	\$ 226	\$ 188	\$ 75
0.15	0.25	0.35	0.25	70	PSMH	E035	\$ 752	92	0.740	2,432	26	4	7	9	7	14	23	32	23	\$ 113	\$ 188	\$ 263	\$ 188
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.60	100	PSMH	E036	\$ 752	129	0.750	3,593	28	3	4	7	17	13	19	32	77	\$ 75	\$ 113	\$ 188	\$ 451
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									19	22	24	26	74	81	91	111	\$ 413	\$ 582	\$ 667	\$ 724

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 Average:
 28
 29
 30
 29
 90
 113
 133
 151
 \$ 484
 \$ 602
 \$ 665
 \$ 694

# Table 73: Building Facades Equivalent LED Calculation

	Wall Mounted Full Cutoff												
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency		Wei	ighted 2	017 Watt		Weighte	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	'
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 System LED L70 Maintain	ed Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	1 LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
	Estimated Watts lifetime Luminair	e per Watt											
	Luminaire hours (LLD) Lumens	(LPW)											
	Cost												
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.05		39	2	2	1 1		\$ 14	\$ 7	\$ 7	4	4	2	2
0.15 0.10 0.10 0.05		22 45	4	3	3 1	\$ 34		\$ 23	\$ 11	7	5	5	2
0.30 0.25 0.20 0.10		66 93	5	5	4 2			\$ 81	\$ 41	28	23	19	9
0.15 0.20 0.10 0.20		66 93	3	4	2 4	-	\$ 81	\$ 41	\$ 81	14	19	9	19
0.15 0.20 0.15 0.10		23 82	8	10	8 5		\$ 90	\$ 68	\$ 45	12	16	12	8
0.10 0.05 0.20 0.20 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.20		66 235 141	6	3	11 11 6 7		\$ 30 \$ 30	\$ 122 \$ 91	\$ 122 \$ 122	7	3	13	13
0.00 0.05 0.05 0.10		ige 151	0	2	2 4	\$ 30 \$ -	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 122	0	8	21 8	28 15
0.00 0.05 0.05 0.10	L042 \$ 608 37 0.940 55	92 151	0	2	2 4	3 -	\$ 30	\$ 3U	\$ 01	0	0	0	15
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00			7	6	18 22	\$ 91	\$ 91	\$ 243	\$ 304	14	18	42	57
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00					10 22		Ф 01	¥ 210	Ф 001		10	12	0,
	Ground Mounted Floodlight												
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency		Wei	ighted 2	017 Watt		Weighte	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	·
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 System LED L70 Maintain	ed Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	4 LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
	Estimated Watts lifetime Luminair	e per Watt											
	Luminaire hours (LLD) Lumens	(LPW)											
	Cost												
1.00 0.45 0.25 0.25		'11 75	63	28	16 16		-	-	\$ 179	75	34	19	19
0.00 0.45 0.50 0.35	L039 \$ 979 106 0.96 105		0	48	53 37		\$ 441	\$ 490	\$ 343	0	45	50	35
0.00 0.10 0.25 0.40	L040 \$ 1,047 155 0.96 148	96 96	0	16	39 62	\$ -	\$ 105	\$ 262	\$ 419	0	10	24	38
				00	400 44		A 007	â 000	A 040	75	00	00	00
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00			63	92	108 11	\$ /15	\$ 867	\$ 930	\$ 940	75	88	93	92
	Cylindrical												
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency		Wei	iahted 2	017 Watt	1	Weighte	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4		ed Lumens	LZ1		LZ3 LZ4	1 LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
	Estimated Watts lifetime Luminair												
	Luminaire hours (LLD) Lumens	(LPW)											
	Cost												
0.30 0.15 0.05 0.00	L002 \$ 136 16 0.781 6	25 39	5	2	1 0	\$ 41	\$ 20	\$ 7	\$ -	12	6	2	0
0.30 0.15 0.10 0.05		25 39	5	2	2 1	\$ 41	\$ 20	\$ 14	\$ 7	12	6	4	2
0.15 0.30 0.25 0.10	L034 \$ 858 18 0.700 15	52 86	3	5	5 2	\$ 129	\$ 257	\$ 214	\$ 86	13	26	22	9
0.15 0.25 0.35 0.25		94	4	6	8 6		\$ 246	\$ 345	\$ 246	14	24	33	24
0.10 0.15 0.25 0.60	L036 \$ 985 36 0.700 31	05 86	4	5	9 22	\$ 98	\$ 148	\$ 246	\$ 591	9	13	22	52
<b>_</b>						_		-					
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00			20	22	24 30	\$ 456	\$ 692	\$ 826	\$ 930	59	74	82	86
		Average	30	40	50 56	¢ 404	\$ 550	¢ 666	\$ 725	49	60	72	78
		Average:	- 30	40	50 56	⇒ 4Z1	\$ 550	\$ 000	\$ 125	49	00	12	10

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.164	0.555	0.758	1.285	W/sq.ft.
2010	LPW	29	29	30	30	lm/W
	LPW	98	96	100	97	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.049	0.170	0.224	0.392	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.060	0.210	0.280	0.485	W/sq.ft.

Table 75: Outdoor Sales Lots Legacy Product Calculation

					Wall Mo	unted												_				_						
	1	Weig	hting					20	)08 Ba	isis of De	esign				Weigh	ted LF	PW	١	Veight	ed Wa	att			W	eighte	ed Cos	t	
LZ	1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020		System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	.Z1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	I	_Z1	L	Z2	LZ3		LZ4
					Wattage	Туре		Estin	nated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt															
								Lumi	naire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)															
								Cost			(LLD)																	
0.1	0 (	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E025	\$	606	129	0.750	2,949	23		2 '	1 (	0 0	13	6	0	0	\$	61	\$	30	\$	- 9	5 -
0.2	20 0	0.10	0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E026	\$	548	190	0.740	4,364	23		5 2	2 3	3 1	38	19	29	10	\$	110	\$	55	\$	32 3	\$27
0.2	25 (	0.15	0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E042	\$	328	198	0.700	4,721	24		6 4	4 5	5 4	50	30	40	30	\$	82	\$	49	\$	66 9	\$ 49
0.2	25 (	0.30	0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E043	\$	535	291	0.700	6,787	23		6	7 7	7 7	73	87	87	87	\$	134	\$	161	\$ 1	51 3	\$ 161
0.2	20 0	0.40	0.35	0.50	320	PSMH	E044	\$	535	368	0.700	8,705	24		5 9	9 8	8 12	74	147	129	184	\$	107	\$	214	\$ 1	37 3	\$ 268
			4.00											_		00	04					¢.	400	<b></b>	500			¢ 505

 23
 23
 23
 24
 247
 290
 284
 311
 \$ 493
 \$ 509
 \$ 496
 \$ 505

					Area																						
		Weig	hting					2008 Ba	asis of De	esign			W	eight	ed LP	W		Neigh	ted W	att		V	Veight	ed C	Cost		
LZ	1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1		.Z2	L	.Z3	Ľ	Z4
					Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt												l l			
								Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												l l			
								Cost		(LLD)														l l			
0.1	0 (	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 1,010	129	0.750	3,876	30	3	2	0	0	13	6	0	0	\$ 5 101	\$	51	\$	-	\$	-
0.2	20 (	0.10	0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 774	190	0.740	8,037	42	8	4	6	2	38	19	29	10	\$ 155	\$	77	\$	116	\$	39
0.2	25 (	0.15	0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 1,062	198	0.700	5,895	30	7	4	6	4	50	30	40	30	\$ 266	\$	159	\$	212	\$	159
0.2	25 (	0.30	0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 1,205	291	0.700	9,801	34	8	10	10	10	73	87	87	87	\$ 301	\$	361	\$	361	\$	361
0.2	20 (	0.40	0.35	0.50	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 1,205	452	0.700	17,046	38	8	15	13	19	90	181	158	226	\$ 5 241	\$	482	\$	422	\$	602
1.0	00	1.00	1.00	1.00									35	35	36	36	264	4 323	314	353	\$ 1,063	\$ ·	1,131	\$1	,112	\$1	,162

29 29 30 30 
 255
 306
 299
 332
 \$ 778
 \$ 820
 \$ 804
 \$ 833
 Average:

### Table 76: Outdoor Sales Lots Equivalent LED Calculation

				Wall Mou	nted									_				_			
	Weig	ghting				2017 LEI	D Equivalency	/		We	ighted	2017 V	Vatt		Weight	ed Cost		N	Weighte	ed LPW	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estimated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Luminaire	Watts	hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)												
					Cost																
		0.00		L025	\$ 608	55			53	6	3	0	0	\$ 61	\$ 30	\$ -	\$ -	5	3	0	0
		0.15		L026	\$ 608	37		-	113	7	4	6	2	\$ 122	\$ 61	\$91	\$ 30	23	11	17	6
		0.20		L042	\$ 608	37			151	9	6	7	6	\$ 152	\$ 91	\$ 122	\$ 91	38	23	30	23
		0.30		L043	\$ 608	55			102	14	17	17	17	\$ 152	\$ 182	\$ 182	\$ 182	26	31	31	31
0.20	0.40	0.35	0.50	L044	\$ 979	106	0.887	9789	92	21	42	37	53	\$ 196	\$ 392	\$ 343	\$ 490	18	37	32	46
<b></b>															•	•					
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00							57	71	67	77	\$ 682	\$ 756	\$ 738	\$ 793	110	104	110	105
				A																	
	Woid	ahtina		Area		2017   EI				We	ighted	2017 1	lott		Weight	od Coat		<b></b>	Noight		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	2017 LEI 2017	D Equivalency	Maintained	1	LZ1	LZ2	2017 V	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	ed LPW	LZ4
	LZZ	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire		-			Lumens per Watt	LZI		LZ3	LZ4	LZT	LZZ	LZ3	LZ4	LZI	L22	LZ3	LZ4
					Estimated Luminaire	System Watts	hours (LLD)	Luminaire	(LPW)												
					Cost	walls	nouis (LLD)	Lumens	(LPVV)												
0.10					CUSI																0
	0.05	0 00	000	1070	\$ 1 1 28	67	0 0/0	3677	55	7	3	0	0	\$ 113	\$ 56	¢ _	¢ _	5	3	$\Omega$	
		0.00		L070	\$ 1,128 \$ 1,309	67 105			55 82	7	3	0	0	\$ 113 \$ 262	+	\$- \$196	\$- \$65	5	3	0	0
0.20	0.10	0.15	0.05	L048	\$ 1,309	105	0.887	8601	82	21	11	16	5	\$ 262	\$ 131	\$ 196	\$ 65	16	8	12	4
0.20 0.25	0.10 0.15	0.15 0.20	0.05 0.15	L048 L037	\$ 1,309 \$ 1,365	105 85	0.887 0.938	8601 7865	82 93	21 21	11 13	16 17	5 13	\$ 262 \$ 341	\$ 131 \$ 205	\$ 196 \$ 273	\$65 \$205	16 23	8 14	12 19	4
0.20 0.25 0.25	0.10 0.15 0.30	0.15 0.20 0.30	0.05 0.15 0.30	L048 L037 L073	\$ 1,309 \$ 1,365 \$ 1,776	105 85 126	0.887 0.938 0.940	8601 7865 12953	82 93 103	21 21 32	11 13 38	16 17 38	5 13 38	\$ 262 \$ 341 \$ 444	<ul><li>\$ 131</li><li>\$ 205</li><li>\$ 533</li></ul>	\$ 196 \$ 273 \$ 533	\$ 65 \$ 205 \$ 533	16 23 26	8 14 31	12 19 31	4 14 31
0.20 0.25 0.25	0.10 0.15 0.30	0.15 0.20	0.05 0.15 0.30	L048 L037	\$ 1,309 \$ 1,365	105 85	0.887 0.938 0.940	8601 7865 12953	82 93 103	21 21	11 13	16 17	5 13	\$ 262 \$ 341	\$ 131 \$ 205	\$ 196 \$ 273	\$65 \$205	16 23	8 14	12 19	4

Average: 90 110 105 119 \$1,076 \$1,151 \$1,141 \$1,186 98 96 100 97

### Table 77: Vehicle Service Station Hardscape Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

_		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.014	0.155	0.308	0.485	W/sq.ft.
2010	LPW	30	30	31	31	lm/W
	LPW	77	78	78	82	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0054	0.0599	0.1217	0.1826	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.006	0.068	0.138	0.200	W/sq.ft.

Table 78: Vehicle Service Station Hardscape Legacy Product Calculation	Table 78: Vehicle	Service Statio	n Hardscape I	Legacy Product	Calculation
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				Area								_											
	Weig	ghting					2008 Ba	sis of De	sign			١	Neighte	ed Wat	tt	١	Neight	ed Wat	t		Weig	hted Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per										ĺ		
				-			Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt										ĺ		
							Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)										ĺ		
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	42	CFL	E099	\$ 585	46	0.860	1,237	27	1	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	\$ 29	\$ 29	\$ -	\$ -
0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05	57	CFL	E100	\$ 610	62	0.860	1,662	27	3	1	1	1	6	3	3	3	\$ 61	\$ 30	\$ 30	\$ 30
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	70	PSMH	E069	\$ 1,010	92	0.740	2,623	29	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	\$ 51	\$ 51	\$ 51	\$51
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.10	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 1,010	129	0.750	3,876	30	3	3	5	3	13	13	19	13	\$ 101	\$ 101	\$ 152	\$ 101
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.20	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 1,010	190	0.740	5,737	30	8	8	8	6	48	48	48	38	\$ 253	\$ 253	\$ 253	\$ 202
0.30	0.30	0.25	0.30	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 1,062	198	0.700	5,895	30	9	9	7	9	59	59	50	59	\$ 319	\$ 319	\$ 266	\$ 319
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 1,205	291	0.700	9,801	34	5	7	8	10	44	58	73	87	\$ 181	\$ 241	\$ 301	\$ 361
								-	•														
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									30	30	31	31	177	188	197	205	\$ 994	\$ 1,023	\$ 1,052	\$ 1,064
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									30	30	31	31	177	188	197	205	\$ 994	\$ 1,023	\$	1,052

Average: 30 30 31 31 177 188 197 205 \$994 \$1,023 \$1,052 \$1,064

### Table 79: Vehicle Service Station Hardscape Equivalent LED Calculation

				Area							_										_			
	Weig	hting					2017 LED	Equivalency	1		Wei	ghted	2017 V	Vatt		W	eighte	ed Cost				Weight	ed LPW	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	202	20	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	L	Z2	LZ3	L	Z4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Est	imated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt														
					Lur	ninaire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)														
					Cos	st		(LLD)																
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	L099	\$	1,197	14	0.700	1130	81	1	1	0	0	\$ 60	\$	60	\$ -	\$	-	4	4	0	0
0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05	L100	\$	1,124	21	0.700	1695	81	2	1	1	1	\$ 112	\$	56	\$ 56	\$	56	8	4	4	4
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	L069	\$	1,128	67	0.940	3677	55	3	3	3	3	\$ 56	\$	56	\$ 56	\$	56	3	3	3	3
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.10	L070	\$	1,128	67	0.940	3677	55	7	7	10	7	\$ 113	\$	113	\$ 169	\$	113	5	5	8	5
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.20	L071	\$	1,796	126	0.940	6958	55	32	32	32	25	\$ 449	\$	449	\$ 449	\$	359	14	14	14	11
0.30	0.30	0.25	0.30	L037	\$	1,365	85	0.938	7865	93	26	26	21	26	\$ 409	\$	409	\$ 341	\$	409	28	28	23	28
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	L073	\$	1,776	126	0.940	12953	103	19	25	32	38	\$ 266	\$	355	\$ 444	\$	533	15	21	26	31

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

89 94 99 100 \$1,466 \$1,499 \$1,516 \$1,527 77 78 78 82

 Average:
 89
 94
 99
 100
 \$1,466
 \$1,499
 \$1,516
 \$1,527
 77
 78
 78
 82

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.514	1.005	1.300	2.200	W/sq.ft.
2010	LPW	26	26	26	26	lm/W
	LPW	70	70	67	65	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.1892	0.3737	0.5092	0.8898	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.220	0.430	0.580	1.010	W/sf

### Table 81: Vehicle Service Station Canopies Legacy Product Calculation

					Downlig	ht																		
		Weig	ghting					2008 B	asis of D	esign			W	eight	ed LP	W	V	/eighte	ed Wa	att		Weight	ed Cost	
	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt												
								Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												
								Cost		(LLD)														
C	).15	0.15	0.05	0.05	70	PSMH	E049	\$ 588	92	0.740	2,234	24	4	4	1	1	14	14	5	5	\$ 88	\$ 88	\$ 29	\$ 29
C	).20	0.20	0.20	0.10	100	PSMH	E050	\$ 477	129	0.750	3,683	29	6	6	6	3	26	26	26	13	\$ 95	\$ 95	\$ 95	\$ 48
C	0.30	0.25	0.20	0.10	175	PSMH	E058	\$ 458	198	0.700	5,584	28	8	7	6	3	59	50	40	20	\$ 137	\$ 115	\$ 92	\$ 46
C	).35	0.40	0.55	0.75	250	PSMH	E059	\$ 458	291	0.700	8,028	28	10	11	15	21	102	116	160	218	\$ 160	\$ 183	\$ 252	\$ 343

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

27 27 28 28 201 206 230 256 \$ 481 \$ 481 \$ 468 \$ 466

					Recessed	d Down	lights, Fre	snel Lens																	
	We	eight	ting					2008 E	asis of D	esign			W	eighte	ed LP	W	V	/eight	ed Wa	tt		W	eighte	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ	2 L	_Z3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	L	Z2	LZ3	LZ4
					Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt													
					ľ	· · ·		Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)													
								Cost		(LLD)		`´´													
0.0	5 0.0	05 0	0.00	0.00	(2) 32	CFL	E051	\$ 460	68	0.860	1,876	28	1	1	0	0	3	3	0	0	\$ 23	\$	23	\$	· \$ -
0.0	5 0.0	05 0	).05	0.05	(2) 42	CFL	E052	\$ 467	93	0.860	2,276	24	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	\$ 23	\$	23	\$ 23	3 \$ 23
0.0	0.0	05 0	).10	0.10	(2) 57	CFL	E053	\$ 447	128	0.860	2,800	22	0	1	2	2	0	6	13	13	\$ -	\$	22	\$ 45	5 \$ 45
0.10	0.0	05 0	0.00	0.00	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 346	67	0.670	1,337	20	2	1	0	0	7	3	0	0	\$ 35	\$	17	\$·	· \$ -
0.20	0.1	0 0	0.05	0.05	70	PSMH	E055	\$ 369	92	0.740	2,177	24	5	2	1	1	18	9	5	5	\$ 74	\$	37	\$ 18	8 \$ 18
0.2	5 0.2	20 0	).10	0.10	100	PSMH	E056	\$ 369	129	0.750	3,216	25	6	5	2	2	32	26	13	13	\$ 92	\$	74	\$ 37	'\$37
0.3	0.5	50 0	0.70	0.70	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 499	190	0.740	4,759	25	9	13	18	18	67	95	133	133	\$ 174	\$	249	\$ 349	\$ 349

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

## 24 25 25 132 148 168 \$ 422 \$ 446 \$ 472 \$ 472

 Average:
 26
 26
 26
 26
 166
 177
 199
 212
 \$ 451
 \$ 464
 \$ 470
 \$ 469

### Table 82: Vehicle Service Station Canopies Equivalent LED Calculation

				Downligh	ıt														_			
	We	ighting				201	7 LED Eq	uivalency			W	eighteo	2017	Watt		Weight	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	/
LZ	1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020	2	2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estimated	5	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Luminaire	Cost \	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												
								(LLD)														
0.1	5 0.15	0.05	0.05	L049	\$ 31	0.33	28	0.969	3253	116	4	4	1	1	\$ 47	\$ 47	\$ 16	\$ 16	17	17	6	6
0.2	0 0.20	0.20	0.10	L050	\$ 35	3.41	45	0.960	4751	106	9	9	9	5	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 72	\$ 36	21	21	21	11
0.3	0 0.25	0.20	0.10	L058	\$ 36	3.33	92	0.700	5479	60	28	23	18	9	\$ 109	\$91	\$ 73	\$ 36	18	15	12	6
0.3	5 0.40	0.55	0.75	L059	\$ 36	3.33	92	0.700	5479	60	32	37	51	69	\$ 127	\$ 145	\$ 200	\$ 272	21	24	33	45

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

73 73 79 84 \$354 \$354 \$360 \$360 77 77 72

				Recessed	Downli	ights, Fre	esnel Len	IS														
	Weig	phting				20 <sup>-</sup>	17 LED Ec	quivalency			We	ghted	2017	Watt		Weight	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	1
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estima	ated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												
					Lumina	aire Cost	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												
								(LLD)														
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	L051	\$	242.59	31.6	0.700	1603	51	2	2	0	0	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ -	3	3	0	0
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	L052	\$	255.70	41.1	0.700	2078	51	2	2	2	2	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 13	3	3	3	3
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.10	L053	\$	267.72	47.1	0.700	2191	47	0	2	5	5	\$ -	\$ 13	\$ 27	\$ 27	0	2	5	5
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	L054	\$	236.30	24.1	0.700	1540	64	2	1	0	0	\$ 24	\$ 12	\$ -	\$ -	6	3	0	0
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	L055	\$	256.79	34.6	0.700	2130	62	7	3	2	2	\$ 51	\$ 26	\$ 13	\$ 13	12	6	3	3
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.10	L056	\$	281.38	42.3	0.700	2909	69	11	8	4	4	\$ 70	\$ 56	\$ 28	\$ 28	17	14	7	7
0.35	0.50	0.70	0.70	L057	\$	364.70	72.2	0.700	4635	64	25	36	51	51	\$ 128	\$ 182	\$ 255	\$ 255	22	32	45	45
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00								49	55	63	63	\$ 298	\$ 314	\$ 336	\$ 336	63	63	62	62

 Average:
 61
 64
 71
 74
 \$ 326
 \$ 334
 \$ 348
 \$ 348
 70
 70
 67
 65

#### Table 83: Sales Canopies Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.000	0.655	0.908	1.135	W/sq.ft
2010	LPW	44	44	43	43	lm/W
	LPW	60	62	64	65	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0000	0.4621	0.6078	0.7445	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.000	0.470	0.622	0.740	W/sq.ft

67

	Downligh	nt											_							
Weighting				2008 Bas	is of Desi	ign				Weight	ed LPW	1		Weight	ed Watt			Weighte	ed Cost	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
	Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per												
				Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
				Cost		(LLD)		(LPW)												
0.05 0.00 0.00 0.00	13	CFL	E004	\$ 151.89	16	0.855	476	30	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	\$8	\$-	\$-	\$-
0.05 0.05 0.00 0.00	18	CFL	E005	\$ 161.72	20	0.856	693	35	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	\$8	\$8	\$-	\$-
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.00	26	CFL	E027	\$ 365.65	28	0.858	696	25	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$-
0.10 0.05 0.05 0.05	32	CFL	E028	\$ 365.65	35	0.860	930	27	3	1	1	1	4	2	2	2	\$ 37	\$ 18	\$ 18	\$ 18
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.05	42	CFL	E029	\$ 392.22	46	0.860	1,240	27	3	3	1	1	5	5	2	2	\$ 39	\$ 39	\$ 20	\$ 20
0.15 0.10 0.10 0.10	(2) 32	CFL	E051	\$ 460.04	68	0.860	1,876	28	4	3	3	3	10	7	7	7	\$ 69	\$ 46	\$ 46	\$ 46
0.15 0.10 0.10 0.10	(2) 42	CFL	E052	\$ 466.59	93	0.860	2,276	24	4	2	2	2	14	9	9	9	\$ 70	\$ 47	\$ 47	\$ 47
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.10	(2) 57	CFL	E053	\$ 447.10	128	0.860	2,800	22	1	1	1	2	6	6	6	13	\$ 22	\$ 22	\$ 22	\$ 45
0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 345.98	67	0.670	1,337	20	3	1	1	1	10	3	3	3	\$ 52	\$ 17	\$ 17	\$ 17
0.10 0.15 0.15 0.05	70	PSMH	E055	\$ 369.26	92	0.740	2,177	24	2	4	4	1	9	14	14	5	\$ 37	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 18
0.05 0.15 0.15 0.10	100	PSMH	E056	\$ 369.26	129	0.750	3,216	25	1	4	4	2	6	19	19	13	\$ 18	\$ 55	\$ 55	\$ 37
0.00 0.10 0.10 0.15	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 498.52	190	0.740	4,759	25	0	3	3	4	0	19	19	29	\$ -	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 75
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15	175	PSMH	E058	\$ 458.07	198	0.700	5,584	28	0	1	3	4	0	10	20	30	\$ -	\$ 23	\$ 46	\$ 69
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10	250	PSMH	E059	\$ 457.92	291	0.700	8,028	28	0	0	1	3	0	0	15	29	\$-	\$-	\$ 23	\$ 46
																		-		
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	]								25	26	25	25	68	97	118	141	\$ 378	\$ 400	\$ 418	\$ 437
	Recessor	l l inear F	luorescer	nt																
Weighting	10003300		100103001	2008 Bas	is of Desi	ian			<b>—</b>	Weight	ed LPW	/	<b>—</b>	Weight	ed Watt		T	Weighte	ed Cost	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire			5	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
			Lammano	Estimated	Watts			per							LLO				220	
		IVDe I																		
	wanage	Туре			mano															
	Wallage	туре		Luminaire	Wallo	Depreciation	Lumens	Watt												
0 10 0 10 0 05 0 05			F119	Luminaire Cost		Depreciation (LLD)	Lumens	Watt (LPW)	6	6	3	3	3	3	1	1	\$ 66	\$ 66	\$ 33	\$ 33
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.05	25	Т8	E119 F121	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10	26	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921	Lumens 1,640	Watt (LPW) 63	6	6	3	3	3	3		1		\$ 66 \$ 68		
0.15 0.10 0.05 0.05	25 32	T8 T8	E121	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22	26 33	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949	Lumens 1,640 2,240	Watt (LPW) 63 68	10	7	3	3	5	3	2	2	\$ 102	\$ 68	\$ 34	\$ 34
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10	25 32 (2) 32	T8 T8 T8	E121 E118	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59	26 33 66	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47	10 7	7 5	3 7	3 5	5 10	3 7	2 10		\$ 102 \$ 70	\$68 \$47	\$ 34 \$ 70	\$ 34 \$ 47
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05	25 32 (2) 32 21	T8 T8 T8 T8 T5	E121 E118 E120	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08	26 33 66 25	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949 0.952	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88	10 7 9	7 5 9	3 7 9	3 5 4	5 10 3	3 7 3	2 10 3	2 7 1	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70	\$ 34 \$ 70 \$ 70	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05	25 32 (2) 32 21 28	T8 T8 T8 T8 T5 T5 T5	E121 E118 E120 E114	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95	26 33 66 25 31	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949 0.952 0.948	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65	10 7 9 10	7 5 9 6	3 7 9 6	3 5 4 3	5 10	3 7 3 3	2 10	2 7 1 2	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46	<ul> <li>\$ 34</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 46</li> </ul>	\$ 34         \$ 47         \$ 35         \$ 23
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10	25 32 (2) 32 21 28 (2) 21	T8 T8 T8 T5 T5 T5 T5	E121 E118 E120	Luminaire Cost 661.10 680.22 466.59 466.59 702.08 458.95 \$458.95	26 33 66 25	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54	10 7 9	7 5 9	3 7 9	3 5 4	5 10 3 5	3 7 3	2 10 3 3	2 7 1	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46	<ul> <li>\$ 34</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 46</li> </ul>	\$ 34         \$ 47         \$ 35         \$ 23
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 28 (2) 21 (2) 28	T8       T8       T8       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59	26 33 66 25 31 50 62	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59	10 7 9 10 5 9	7 5 9 6 5	3 7 9 6 5 9	3 5 4 3 5 9	5 10 3 5 5 9	3 7 3 3 5	2 10 3 3 5	2 7 1 2 5 9	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47	<ul> <li>\$ 34</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 46</li> <li>\$ 55</li> <li>\$ 70</li> </ul>	\$ 34         \$ 47         \$ 35         \$ 23         \$ 55         \$ 70
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54	T8       T8       T5	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117 E122	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59 \$ 719.83	26 33 66 25 31 50 62 62	Depreciation (LLD) 0.949 0.949 0.952 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948 0.950	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642 3,800	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59 61	10 7 9 10 5 9 3	7 5 9 6 5 6 6	3 7 9 6 5 9 9	3 5 4 3 5 9 9	5 10 3 5 5	3 7 3 3 5 6 6	2 10 3 3 5 9 9	2 7 1 2 5 9 9	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 36	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72	\$ 34       \$ 70       \$ 70       \$ 70       \$ 55       \$ 70       \$ 108	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35 \$ 23 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54 (2) 39	T8       T8       T8       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5       T5	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59	26 33 66 25 31 50 62	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59	10 7 9 10 5 9	7 5 9 6 5 6	3 7 9 6 5 9	3 5 4 3 5 9	5 10 3 5 5 9 3	3 7 3 3 5 6	2 10 3 3 5 9	2 7 1 2 5 9	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72	<ul> <li>\$ 34</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 70</li> <li>\$ 46</li> <li>\$ 55</li> <li>\$ 70</li> </ul>	\$ 34         \$ 47         \$ 35         \$ 23         \$ 55         \$ 70
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54	T8           T8           T5           T5HO           T5HO	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117 E122 E124	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59 \$ 719.83 \$ 580.24	26 33 66 25 31 50 62 62 62 82	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948 0.950 0.950	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642 3,800 4,452	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59 61 54	10 7 9 10 5 9 3 3 3	7 5 9 6 5 6 6 5	3 7 9 6 5 9 9 5	3 5 4 3 5 9 9 8	5 10 3 5 5 9 3 4	3 7 3 3 5 6 6 8	2 10 3 3 5 9 9 8	2 7 1 2 5 9 9 9 12	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 36 \$ 29	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72 \$ 58	\$ 34 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 58	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35 \$ 23 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 87
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 (2) 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54 (2) 39 (2) 54	T8           T8           T5           T5HO           T5HO	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117 E122 E124	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59 \$ 719.83 \$ 580.24	26 33 66 25 31 50 62 62 62 82	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948 0.950 0.950	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642 3,800 4,452	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59 61 54	10 7 9 10 5 9 3 3 3	7 5 9 6 5 6 6 5	3 7 9 6 5 9 9 5	3 5 4 3 5 9 9 8	5 10 3 5 5 9 3 4	3 7 3 3 5 6 6 8	2 10 3 3 5 9 9 8	2 7 1 2 5 9 9 9 12	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 36 \$ 29	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72 \$ 58	\$ 34 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 58 \$ 30	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35 \$ 23 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 87
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.10         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 (2) 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54 (2) 39 (2) 54	T8           T8           T5           T5HO           T5HO	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117 E122 E124	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59 \$ 719.83 \$ 580.24	26 33 66 25 31 50 62 62 62 82	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948 0.950 0.950	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642 3,800 4,452	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59 61 54	10 7 9 10 5 9 3 3 0	7 5 9 6 5 6 6 5 6	3 7 9 6 5 9 9 5 3	3 5 4 3 5 9 9 8 9	5 10 3 5 5 9 3 4 0	3 7 3 5 6 6 8 12	2 10 3 3 5 9 9 8 6	2 7 1 2 5 9 9 9 12 19	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 36 \$ 29 \$ -	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72 \$ 58 \$ 60	\$ 34 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 58 \$ 30	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35 \$ 23 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 87 \$ 90
0.15         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.15         0.10           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.05           0.10         0.10         0.10         0.10           0.15         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.15           0.05         0.10         0.10         0.15           0.00         0.10         0.05         0.15	25 32 (2) 32 21 (2) 28 (2) 21 (2) 28 54 (2) 39 (2) 54	T8           T8           T5           T5HO           T5HO	E121 E118 E120 E114 E123 E117 E122 E124	Luminaire Cost \$ 661.10 \$ 680.22 \$ 466.59 \$ 702.08 \$ 458.95 \$ 548.55 \$ 466.59 \$ 719.83 \$ 580.24	26 33 66 25 31 50 62 62 62 82	Depreciation (LLD) 0.921 0.949 0.952 0.948 0.952 0.948 0.950 0.950	Lumens 1,640 2,240 3,092 2,210 2,006 2,677 3,642 3,800 4,452	Watt (LPW) 63 68 47 88 65 54 59 61 54	10 7 9 10 5 9 3 3 0	7 5 9 6 5 6 6 5 6	3 7 9 6 5 9 9 5 3	3 5 4 3 5 9 9 8 9	5 10 3 5 5 9 3 4 0	3 7 3 5 6 6 8 12	2 10 3 3 5 9 9 8 6	2 7 1 2 5 9 9 9 12 19	\$ 102 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 69 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 36 \$ 29 \$ -	\$ 68 \$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 47 \$ 72 \$ 58 \$ 60	\$ 34 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 46 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 58 \$ 30	\$ 34 \$ 47 \$ 35 \$ 23 \$ 55 \$ 70 \$ 108 \$ 87 \$ 90

# Table 84: Sales Canopies Legacy Product Calculation

### Table 85: Canopies Equivalent LED Calculation

L         L         Estimated Luminaire Cost         System Watts (LLD)         lifetime hours (LLD)         Luminaire Lumens         per Watt (LPW)         -         -         -         -         2         0           0.05         0.00         0.00         0.00         1004         \$ 85         9         0.700         435         48         0         0         0         0         \$ 4         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 2         0         0           0.05         0.05         0.05         0.05         0.05         0.05         16         0.781         625         39         1         1         1         0         \$ 7         \$ 7         \$ 7         \$ -         2																		Downlight				
Luminaire         System         lifetime         Luminaire         per Watt         (LPW)         Image: Cost         Image: Cost <td>W</td> <td>ed LPW</td> <td>Weight</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ed Cost</td> <td>Weight</td> <td></td> <td>att</td> <td>2017 W</td> <td>/eighted</td> <td>N</td> <td></td> <td>/</td> <td>Equivalency</td> <td>017 LED</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>ghting</td> <td>Weig</td> <td></td>	W	ed LPW	Weight			ed Cost	Weight		att	2017 W	/eighted	N		/	Equivalency	017 LED	2			ghting	Weig	
Luminaire       Luminaire       Watts       hours       Lumens       (LPW)       Image: Cost	3 LZ4	LZ3	LZ2	LZ1	LZ4	LZ3	LZ2	LZ1	LZ4	LZ3	LZ2	LZ1	Lumens	Maintained	LED L70	2017	020	Luminaire	LZ4	LZ3	LZ2	LZ1
Cost       (LLD)       Cost       (LLD)       Cost													per Watt	Luminaire	lifetime	System	stimated					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$													(LPW)	Lumens	hours	Watts	uminaire					
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $															(LLD)		ost					
0.05       0.05       0.05       0.00       L027       \$ 136       16       0.781       625       39       1       1       1       0       \$ 7       \$	0	0	0	2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4	0	0	0	0	48	435	0.700	9	6 85	L004	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
0.10       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.028       \$ 225       27       0.700       1222       45       3       1       1       1       \$ 23       \$ 11 <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ -</td> <td>\$ 4</td> <td>\$ 4</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td>48</td> <td>435</td> <td>0.700</td> <td>9</td> <td>6 85</td> <td>L005</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0.05</td> <td>0.05</td>	0	0	2	2	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4	\$ 4	0	0	0	0	48	435	0.700	9	6 85	L005	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05
0.10       0.05       0.05       0.05       0.029       \$ 225       27       0.700       1222       45       3       3       1       1       \$ 23       \$ 23       \$ 11       \$ 11       \$ 11       \$ 5       5       5       5       3       3       1       1       \$ 23       \$ 23       \$ 11       \$ 11       \$ 5       5       5       5       3       3       1       1       \$ 23       \$ 23       \$ 11       \$ 11       \$ 5       5       5       3       3       1       1       \$ 36       \$ 24	0	2	2	2	\$ -	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 7	0	1	1	1	39	625	0.781	16	5 136	L027	0.00	0.05	0.05	0.05
0.15       0.10       0.10       0.10       0.10       100	2	2	2	5	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 23	1	1	1	3	45	1222	0.700	27	5 225	L028	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.10
0.15       0.10       0.10       0.00       1052       \$ 256       41.1       0.700       2078       51       6       4       4       4       \$ 38       \$ 26 <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td>5</td> <td>5</td> <td>\$ 11</td> <td>\$ 11</td> <td>\$ 23</td> <td>\$ 23</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>45</td> <td>1222</td> <td>0.700</td> <td>27</td> <td>5 225</td> <td>L029</td> <td>0.05</td> <td>0.05</td> <td>0.10</td> <td>0.10</td>	2	2	5	5	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 23	\$ 23	1	1	3	3	45	1222	0.700	27	5 225	L029	0.05	0.05	0.10	0.10
0.05       0.05       0.05       0.10       L053       \$ 268       47.1       0.700       2191       47       2       2       2       5       \$ 13       \$ 13       \$ 13       \$ 27       2       2       2       10       3       \$ 13       \$ 13       \$ 13       \$ 13       \$ 27       10       3       3       3       10       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       3       \$ 13       \$	5	5	5	8	\$ 24	\$ 24	\$ 24	\$ 36	3	3	3	5	51	1603	0.700	31.6	5 243	L051	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.15
0.15       0.05	5	5	5	8	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ 26	\$ 38	4	4	4	6	51	2078	0.700	41.1	5 256	L052	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.15
0.10       0.15       0.05       L055       \$ 257       34.6       0.700       2130       62       3       5       5       2       \$ 26       \$ 39       \$ 39       \$ 13       6       9       9         0.05       0.15       0.15       0.10       L056       \$ 281       42.3       0.700       2909       69       2       6       6       4       \$ 14       \$ 42       \$ 42       \$ 28       3       10       1         0.00       0.10       0.15       L057       \$ 365       72.2       0.700       4635       64       0       7       7       11       \$ -       \$ 36       \$ 36       \$ 55       0       6       0       3       0       0       5       9       14       \$ -       \$ 18       \$ 36       \$ 55       0       6       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       3       0       0	5	2	2	2	\$ 27	\$ 13	\$ 13	\$ 13	5	2	2	2	47	2191	0.700	47.1	5 268	L053	0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05
0.05       0.15       0.10       L056       \$ 281       42.3       0.700       2909       69       2       6       6       4       \$ 14       \$ 42       \$ 42       \$ 28       3       10       1         0.00       0.10       0.10       0.15       L057       \$ 365       72.2       0.700       4635       64       0       7       7       11       \$ -       \$ 36       \$ 36       \$ 55       0       6       0       0       5       9       14       \$ -       \$ 18       \$ 36       \$ 54       0       3       0       1	3	3	3	10	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 35	1	1	1	4	64	1540	0.700	24.1	5 236	L054	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.15
0.00       0.10       0.15       L057       \$ 365       72.2       0.700       4635       64       0       7       7       11       \$ -       \$ 36       \$ 36       \$ 55       0       6       0         0.00       0.05       0.10       0.15       L058       \$ 363       92       0.700       5479       60       0       5       9       14       \$ -       \$ 18       \$ 36       \$ 55       0       6       0       3       0	3	9	9	6	\$ 13	\$ 39	\$ 39	\$ 26	2	5	5	3	62	2130	0.700	34.6	5 257	L055	0.05	0.15	0.15	0.10
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.15 L058 \$ 363 92 0.700 5479 60 0 5 9 14 \$ - \$ 18 \$ 36 \$ 54 0 3	) 7	10	10	3	\$ 28	\$ 42	\$ 42	\$ 14	4	6	6	2	69	2909	0.700	42.3	5 281	L056	0.10	0.15	0.15	0.05
	10	6	6	0	\$ 55	\$ 36	\$ 36	\$ -	11	7	7	0	64	4635	0.700	72.2	365	L057	0.15	0.10	0.10	0.00
	9	6	3	0	\$ 54	\$ 36	\$ 18	\$ -	14	9	5	0	60	5479	0.700	92	5 363	L058	0.15	0.10	0.05	0.00
0.00 0.05 0.10 L059 \$ 363 92 0.700 5479 60 0 5 9 \$- \$- \$18 \$36 0 0 5	6	3	0	0	\$ 36	\$ 18	\$ -	\$ -	9	5	0	0	60	5479	0.700	92	5 363	L059	0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00
											-											
1.00       1.00       1.00       1.00	57	57	56	53	\$ 297	\$ 276	\$ 255	\$ 224	56	47	39	30							1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00

				Recessed	Linea	ir Fluc	prescent															
	Weig	ghting				2	017 LED	Equivalency	/		W	eighted	2017 W	att		Weight	ed Cost			Weighte	ed LPW	1
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Luminaire	2020		2017	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
					Estim	nated	System	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt												1
					Lumir	naire	Watts	hours	Lumens	(LPW)												1
					Cost			(LLD)														
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	L119	\$	382	37	0.954	2033	55	4	4	2	2	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 19	\$ 19	5	5	3	3
0.15	0.10	0.05	0.05	L121	\$	382	37	0.954	2709	73	6	4	2	2	\$ 57	\$ 38	\$ 19	\$ 19	11	7	4	4
0.15	0.10	0.15	0.10	L118	\$	382	37	0.954	2709	73	6	4	6	4	\$ 57	\$ 38	\$ 57	\$ 38	11	7	11	7
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05	L120	\$	382	37	0.954	1792	48	4	4	4	2	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 19	5	5	5	2
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.05	L114	\$	382	37	0.954	1792	48	6	4	4	2	\$ 57	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 19	7	5	5	2
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	L123	\$	382	37	0.954	2614	71	4	4	4	4	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 38	\$ 38	7	7	7	7
0.15	0.10	0.15	0.15	L117	\$	382	37	0.954	3484	94	6	4	6	6	\$ 57	\$ 38	\$ 57	\$ 57	14	9	14	14
0.05	0.10	0.15	0.15	L122	\$	382	37	0.954	3484	94	2	4	6	6	\$ 19	\$ 38	\$ 57	\$ 57	5	9	14	14
0.05	0.10	0.10	0.15	L124	\$	778	53	0.700	2853	54	3	5	5	8	\$ 39	\$ 78	\$ 78	\$ 117	3	5	5	8
0.00	0.10	0.05	0.15	L125	\$	832	53	0.700	3804	72	0	5	3	8	\$ -	\$83	\$ 42	\$ 125	0	7	4	11
			·						-			-	-			·		·				
1 00	1 00	1 00	1 00								20	40	20	42	¢ 400	¢ 467	¢ 111	¢ 500	60	60	71	72

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

 38
 40
 39
 42
 \$402
 467
 444
 509
 68
 68
 71
 73

 Average:
 34
 40
 43
 49
 \$ 313
 \$ 361
 \$ 360
 \$ 403
 60
 62
 64
 65

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.084	0.205	0.408	0.585	W/sq.ft
2010	LPW	49	47	47	46	lm/W
	LPW	77	75	76	78	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0536	0.1292	0.2535	0.3472	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.057	0.137	0.270	0.370	W/sq.ft

 Table 86: Non-sales Canopies and Pedestrian Tunnels Calculation Results and LPA Recommendation in Red

# Table 87: Non-sales Canopies and Pedestrian Tunnels Legacy Product Calculation

			Downligh	ıt																		
	eighting					2008 Ba	sis of De	sign					ed LPV				ed Watt			Neighte		
LZ1 LZ	2 LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type	Luminaire	2020 Estimated Luminaire	System Watts	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.20 0.1	15 0.10	0.05	13	CFL	E004	Cost \$ 152	16	(LLD) 0.855	476	30	6	4	3	1	3	2	2	1	\$ 30 \$	23	\$ 15	\$8
0.20 0.2		0.05	18	CFL	E005	\$ 162	20	0.856		35	7	7	5	2	4	4	3	1	\$ 32 \$		\$ 24	\$ 8
0.20 0.2	20 0.15	0.10	26	CFL	E027	\$ 366	28	0.858	696	25	5	5	4	2	6	6	4	3	\$ 73 \$	73	\$ 55	\$ 37
0.10 0.1	_	0.15	32	CFL	E028	\$ 366	35	0.860	930	27	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	\$ 37 \$		\$ 55	\$ 55
0.05 0.1		0.20	42	CFL	E029	\$ 392	46	0.860		27	1	3	4	5	2	5	7	9	\$ 20 \$		\$ 59	\$ 78
0.10 0.0	_	0.05	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 346	67	0.670		20	2	1	1	1	7	3	3	3	\$ 35 \$		\$ 17	\$ 17
0.10 0.0			70	PSMH		\$ 588	92	0.740		24	2	1	2	2	9	5	9	9	\$ 59 \$	-	\$ 59	\$ 59
0.05 0.1	_	0.15	100 150	PSMH PSMH	E050 E057	\$ 477 \$ 499	129 190	0.750		29 25	0	3	3	4	6 0	13 10	13 10	19 29	\$ 24 \$ \$ - \$		\$ 48 \$ 25	\$ 72 \$ 75
	0 1.00		150	F SIVILI	2037	φ 499	190	0.740	4,739	23	28	28	27	27	41	50	56	79	\$ 309 \$		\$ 357	\$ 408
1.00 1.0	1.00	1.00	Desserves								20	20	21	21	41	50	50	75	\$ 309 4	5 323	φ 337	\$ 408
	eighting		Recessed	Lineal	r Fluoresce		sis of De	sign					ed LPV				ed Watt			Neighte	ed Cost	
LZ1 LZ	2 LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
			Wattage	Туре		Estimated Luminaire Cost	Watts	Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Luminaire Lumens	per Watt (LPW)												
0.05 0.0		0.05	25	T8	E119	\$ 661	26	0.921	1,640	63	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	\$ 33 \$		\$ 33	\$ 33
0.20 0.1		0.10	32	T8	E121	\$ 680	33	0.949		68	14	10	10	7	7	5	5	3	\$ 136 \$		\$ 102	\$ 68
0.20 0.2		0.15	(2) 32	T8 TC	E118	\$ 467	66	0.949		47	9	9	9	7	13	13	13	10	\$ 93 \$		\$ 93	\$ 70
0.05 0.0	_	0.05	21 28	T5 T5	E120 E114	\$ 702 \$ 459	25 31	0.952	2,210	88 65	4	4 10	4 10	4	1 6	1 5	1 5	1	\$ 35 \$ \$ 92 \$		\$ 35 \$ 69	\$ 35 \$ 46
0.20 0.1		0.10	(2) 21	T5	E114 E123	\$ 439 \$ 549	50	0.948	2,008	54	3	5	3	3	3	5	3	3	\$ <u>92</u> \$ 27 \$		\$ 27	\$ 40 \$ 27
0.20 0.2	_		(2) 28	T5	E117	\$ 467	62	0.948		59	12	12	12	9	12	12	12	9	\$ 93 \$		\$ 93	\$ 70
0.00 0.0	_	0.10	54	T5HO	E122	\$ 720	62	0.950	3,800	61	0	0	3	6	0	0	3	6	\$ - \$		\$ 36	\$ 72
0.00 0.0		0.05	(2) 39	T5HO	E124	\$ 580	82	0.950	4,452	54	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	4	\$-\$		\$-	\$ 29
0.00 0.0	00.00	0.10	(2) 54	T5HO	E125	\$ 598	124	0.950	7,600	61	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	12	\$ - \$	5 -	\$ -	\$ 60
0.95 0.9	0.90	0.90									58	54	54	54	43	43	43	53	\$ 510 \$	6 481	\$ 489	\$ 510
			Gasketed	Linear	Fluoresce														-			
	eighting			ı.	<u>.</u>		sis of De	1		r.			ed LPV		1.74		ed Watt	174		Neighte		
LZ1 LZ	2 LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type	Luminaire	2020 Estimated Luminaire Cost	System Watts	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.05 0.0	05 0.05	0.05	17	T8	E082	\$ 125	19	0.929	1,037	55	3	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	\$ 6 \$	6	\$6	\$ 6
0.20 0.1		0.10	32	T8	E085	\$ 122	33	0.949		64	13	10	10	6	7	5	5	3	\$ 24 \$		\$ 18	\$ 12
0.05 0.1		0.05	(2) 17	Т8	E088	\$ 131	38	0.929	1 -	55	3	5	3	3	2	4	2	2	\$ 7 \$		\$ 7	\$ 7
0.20 0.2		0.15	(2) 32	T8 TC	E091	\$ 130	66	0.949	1	64	13	13	13	10	13	13	13	10	\$ 26 \$		\$ 26	\$ 20
0.05 0.0		0.05	14 28	T5 T5	E081 E084	\$ 139 \$ 142	17 31	0.944	859 1,853	51 60	3	3	3	3	1	1 5	1 5	1	\$ 7 <b>\$</b> \$ 28 \$		\$ 7 \$ 21	<u>\$</u> 7 \$14
0.20 0.1	_	0.10	(2) 14	T5	E084 E087	\$ 142 \$ 148	31	0.948	1	51	3	9 5	3	о З	2	3	5 2	2	\$ 7 \$		\$ 21	\$ 14 \$ 7
0.20 0.2		0.05	(2) 14	T5	E090	\$ 146	62	0.944		67	13	13	13	10	12	12	12	9	\$ 29 \$		\$ 29	\$ 22
0.00 0.0	_	0.05	24	T5HO	E083	\$ 144	27	0.950		53	0	0	3	3	0	0	1	1	\$ - \$		\$ 7	\$ 7
0.00 0.0		0.10	54	T5HO	E086	\$ 141	62	0.950		58	0	0	3	6	0	0	3	6	\$ - \$		\$ 7	\$ 14
0.00 0.0	_	0.05	(2) 24	T5HO	E089	\$ 144	54	0.950		47	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	\$ - \$		\$ -	\$ 7
0.00 0.0		0.10	(2) 54	T5HO	E092	\$ 148	124	0.950	5,453	44	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	12	\$-\$		\$-	\$ 15
1.00 1.0	00 1.00	1.00									61	60	61	58	44	44	45	54	\$ 135 \$	136	\$ 136	\$ 138
										Average:	49	47	47	46	43	46	48	62	\$ 318 \$	313	\$ 327	\$ 352

# Table 88: Non-sales Canopies and Pedestrian Tunnels Equivalent LED Calculation

									_			-
Weighting			Equivalency					2017 Watt		Weight		Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire	2020 2017	LED L70		nens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
		Estimated System	lifetime hours		Watt							
		Luminaire Cost Watts	(LLD)	Lumens (LP	(VV)							
0.20 0.15 0.10 0.05	L004	\$ 85.23	9 0.700	435	48	2	1	1 0	\$ 17	\$ 13	\$ 9 \$ 4	10 7 5 2
0.20 0.13 0.10 0.03	L004	\$ 85.23	9 0.700		48	2	2	1 0	\$ 17	\$ 13	<u>5</u> 954 51354	10 7 5 2
0.20 0.20 0.15 0.05	L027		16 0.78		39	3	3	2 2	\$ 27	\$ 27	\$ 20 \$ 14	8 8 6 4
0.10 0.10 0.15 0.15	L028		27 0.700		45	3	3	4 4	\$ 23		\$ 34 \$ 34	5 5 7 7
0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20	L029		27 0.700		45	1	3	4 5	\$ 11			2 5 7 9
0.10 0.05 0.05 0.05	L054	\$ 236.30 24			64	2	1	1 1	\$ 24			6 3 3 3
0.10 0.05 0.10 0.10	L049	\$ 310.33	28 0.950	3189	114	3	1	3 3	\$ 31	\$ 16	\$ 31 \$ 31	11 6 11 11
0.05 0.10 0.10 0.15	L050	\$ 358.41	45 0.930	4603	102	2	5	5 7	\$ 18	\$ 36	\$ 36 \$ 54	5 10 10 15
0.00 0.05 0.05 0.15	L057	\$ 364.70 72	.2 0.700	4635	64	0	4	4 11	\$ -	\$ 18	\$ 18 \$ 55	0 3 3 10
							00	05 04	0.400	C 400		
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00						18	22	25 34	\$ 168	\$ 183	\$ 206 \$ 252	57 56 60 64
Weighting		2017 I FD	Equivalency			Weig	hted 2	2017 Watt		Weight	ed Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire	2020 2017	LED L70	Maintained Lum	nens	LZ1		LZ3 LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
		Estimated System	lifetime hours	Luminaire per	Watt							
		Luminaire Cost Watts	(LLD)	Lumens (LP	W)							
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	L119		37 0.954		55	2	2	2 2	\$ 19			3 3 3 3
0.20 0.15 0.15 0.10	L121		37 0.954		73	7	6	6 4	\$ 76	\$ 57	\$ 57 \$ 38	15 11 11 7
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15	L118		37 0.954		73	7	7	7 6	\$ 76	\$ 76	\$ 76 \$ 57	15 15 15 11
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	L120		37 0.954		48	2	2	2 2	\$ 19			2 2 2 2 10 7 7 5
0.20 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.10 0.05 0.05	L114 L123		37 0.954 37 0.954		48 71	7	6	6 4 2 2	\$ 76 \$ 19	\$ 57 \$ 38	\$ 57 \$ 38 \$ 19 \$ 19	10 7 7 5 4 7 4 4
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15	L123		37 0.954		94	7	7	7 6	\$ 76	\$ 76		19 19 19 14
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10	L122		37 0.954		94	0	0	2 4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19 \$ 38	0 0 5 9
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05	L124		53 0.700		54	Ő	0	0 3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$ 39	0 0 0 3
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.10	L125		53 0.700		72	0	0	0 5	\$ -	ş -	\$ - \$ 83	0 0 0 7
							1					
0.95 0.90 0.90 0.90						35	33	33 36	\$ 363	\$ 344	\$ 344 \$ 409	67 64 65 65
Weighting		2017 LED	Equivalency			Weig	hted 2	2017 Watt		Weight	ed Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire	2020 2017	LED L70	Maintained Lum	nens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
		Estimated System	lifetime hours		Watt							
		Luminaire Cost Watts	(LLD)	Lumens (LP	W)							
				4000	70	$ \vdash $						
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	L082		26 0.700		73	1	1	1 1 5 3	\$ 13	\$ 13		<u>4 4 4 4</u> 24 18 18 12
0.20 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.10 0.05 0.10 0.05	L085 L088		31 0.887 40 0.850		120 101	2	4	5 3 2 2	\$ 49 \$ 8			24 18 18 12 5 10 5 5
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15	L088		45 0.800		101	2	9	9 7	\$ 46			21 21 21 16
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05	L081		26 0.700		73	1	1	<u> </u>	\$ 13			4 4 4 4
0.20 0.15 0.15 0.10	L084		31 0.887		115	6	5	5 3	\$ 46	\$ 35	\$ 35 \$ 23	23 17 17 11
0.05 0.10 0.05 0.05			27 0.850		113	1	3	1 1	\$ 7	-	\$ 7 \$ 7	6 11 6 6
	L087	φ 140.00	0.000						0 50			
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15	L090	\$ 251.33	69 0.800	7062	102	14	14	14 10	\$ 50	\$ 50		20 20 20 15
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05	L090 L083	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44	69 0.800 26 0.700	) 7062 ) 1890	73	0	0	1 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13	0 0 4 4
0.20         0.20         0.20         0.15           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.05           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10	L090 L083 L086	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830	73 113	0	0	1 1 3 7	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25	0 0 4 4 0 0 6 11
0.20         0.20         0.20         0.15           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.05           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.05	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055	73 113 101	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 3 7 0 2	\$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8	0 0 4 4 0 0 6 11 0 0 0 5
0.20         0.20         0.20         0.15           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.05           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10	L090 L083 L086	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055	73 113	0	0	1 1 3 7	\$ - \$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25	0 0 4 4 0 0 6 11
0.20         0.20         0.20         0.15           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.05           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10           0.00         0.00         0.05         0.10           0.00         0.00         0.00         0.05	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055	73 113 101	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 3 7 0 2	S - S - S - S -	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8	0 0 4 4 0 0 6 11 0 0 0 5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055	73 113 101	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 3 7 0 2 0 5	S - S - S - S -	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8 \$ - \$ 23	0         0         4         4           0         0         6         11           0         0         0         5           0         0         0         11
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055	73 113 101	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	1 1 3 7 0 2 0 5	S - S - S - S -	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8 \$ - \$ 23	0         0         4         4           0         0         6         11           0         0         0         5           0         0         0         11
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055 0 4740	73 113 101	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 41	1 1 3 7 0 2 0 5	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 233	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8 \$ - \$ 23 \$ 235 \$ 231	0         0         4         4           0         0         6         11           0         0         0         5           0         0         0         11
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	L090 L083 L086 L089	\$ 251.33 \$ 264.44 \$ 251.33 \$ 162.54	69         0.800           26         0.700           59         0.887           40         0.850	0 7062 0 1890 7 7830 0 4055 0 4740	73 113 101 105	0 0 0 0 41	0 0 0 0 41	1 1 3 7 0 2 0 5 43 44	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 233	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 225	\$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 13 \$ 25 \$ - \$ 8 \$ - \$ 23 \$ 235 \$ 231	0         0         4         4           0         0         6         11           0         0         0         5           0         0         0         11           106         105         104         103

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.154	0.355	0.708	0.985	W/sq.ft.
2010	LPW	34	33	31	31	lm/W
	LPW	71	74	77	84	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0742	0.1587	0.2887	0.3674	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.081	0.176	0.325	0.425	W/sq.ft.

Table 89: Guard Stations Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

# Table 90: Guard Stations Legacy Product Calculation

	Wall Pack											
Weighting		2008 Basi	s of Design		We	ighted LPV	V	Weighted	Watt	Weigh	ted Cost	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Lamp Lamp Wattage Type	Luminaire 2020 S	System Luminaire Vatts Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Lumens Luminaire per Watt Lumens (LPW)		Z2 LZ3		LZ1 LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.20         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.25         0.15         0.05         0.05	26 CFL 32 CFL	E020\$ 466.59E021\$ 469.87	28         0.858           35         0.860	709 25 947 27		3 1 4 1	1	6 3 9 5	1 1 2 2	\$ 93 \$ 47 \$ 117 \$ 70	\$ 23	\$ 23 \$ 23
0.250.200.100.050.150.250.250.150.100.150.250.20	42 CFL 70 PSMH 100 PSMH		46         0.860           92         0.740           129         0.750	1,262271,996222,94923	-	5 3 5 5 3 6	1 3 5	12         9           14         23           13         19	5 2 23 14 32 26	\$ 117       \$ 94         \$ 90       \$ 150         \$ 61       \$ 91	\$ 150	\$ 23 \$ 90 \$ 121
0.050.100.150.200.000.050.100.200.000.000.050.10	150 PSMH 175 PSMH 250 PSMH	E042 \$ 327.82	190         0.740           198         0.700           291         0.700	4,364         23           4,721         24           6,787         23		2 3 1 2 0 1	5 5 2	10         19           0         10           0         0	293820401529	\$ 27 \$ 55 \$ - \$ 16 \$ - \$ -		<ul><li>\$ 110</li><li>\$ 66</li><li>\$ 54</li></ul>
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00					25	24 23	24	62 89	126 152	\$ 506 \$ 523	\$ 537	\$ 510
	Area				-			-				
Weighting	1	1 1	s of Design	Maintainad Itanaana		ighted LPV		Weighted		v	ted Cost	LZ4
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Lamp Lamp Wattage Type		System Luminaire Vatts Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Lumens Luminaire per Watt Lumens (LPW)		Z2 LZ3	LZ4	LZ1 LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.05 0.05 0.00 0.00	18 CFL	E104 \$3,719.47	20 0.856	746 37	2	2 0	0	1 1	0 0	\$ 186 \$ 186	; \$ -	\$-
0.20 0.10 0.05 0.05	26 CFL	E105 \$ 3,719.47	28 0.858	1,077 38		4 2	2	6 3	1 1	\$ 744 \$ 372	¥	\$ 186
0.20 0.15 0.05 0.05	32 CFL 42 CFL	E106 \$ 3,719.47	35 0.860	1,440 41		6 2	2	7 5 12 9	2 2	\$ 744 \$ 558 \$ 930 \$ 744		\$ 186
0.25 0.20 0.10 0.05 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15	42 CFL 70 PSMF	E107 \$3,719.47 E069 \$1,010.17	46 0.860 92 0.740	1,920 42 2,623 29		8 4 6 7	2	12 9 14 18	5 2 23 14	\$ 930 \$ 744 \$ 152 \$ 202	+ -	\$ 186 \$ 152
0.10 0.15 0.25 0.15	100 PSMF		129 0.750	3,876 30	3	5 8	6	13 19	32 26	\$ 101 \$ 152		\$ 202
0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20	150 PSMF		190 0.740	5,737 30		3 5	6	10 19	29 38	\$ 51 \$ 101		\$ 202
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.20	175 PSMF		198 0.700	5,895 30	0	1 3	6	0 10	20 40	\$ - \$ 53		\$ 212
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10	250 PSMF	E073 \$1,204.80	291 0.700	9,801 34	0	0 2	3	0 0	15 29	\$ - \$ -	\$ 60	\$ 120
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00					37	35 32	32	61 85	126 152	\$ 2,907 \$ 2,367	\$ 1,567	\$ 1,446
	Floodlight				-							
Weighting			s of Design			ighted LPV		Weighted			ted Cost	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Lamp Lamp Wattage Type		System Luminaire Vatts Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Lumens Luminaire per Watt Lumens (LPW)		.Z2 LZ3	LZ4	LZ1 LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.40 0.35 0.20 0.20	100 PSMF		129 0.750	5,315 41		14 8	8	52 45	26 26	\$ 504 \$ 441		\$ 252
0.25 0.25 0.25 0.25	150 PSMF		190 0.740	7,728 41		10 10	10	48 48	48 48	\$ 319 \$ 319		\$ 319
0.20 0.20 0.30 0.25	175 PSMH		198 0.700	8,053 41		8 12	10	40 40	59 50	\$ 209 \$ 209		\$ 261
0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30	250 PSMF	E016 \$ 1,165.25	291 0.700	9,660 33	5	78	10	44 58	73 87	\$ 175 \$ 233	\$ 291	\$ 350
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00					40	39 39	39	182 190	205 210	\$ 1,207 \$ 1,202	\$ 1,176	\$ 1,182
				Average:	34	33 31	31	102 121	152 171	\$ 1,540 \$ 1,364	\$ 1,093	\$ 1,046

# Table 91: Guard Station Equivalent LED Calculation

	Wall Pack													
Weighting			2017 LED E	Equivalency				Neighted	2017 Wat	t I		Weighte	ed Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire	2020 Estimated Luminaire Cost	2017 System Watts	LED L70 lifetime hours (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
0.20         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.25         0.15         0.05         0.05           0.25         0.20         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.25         0.20         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.25         0.25         0.15         0.15           0.10         0.15         0.25         0.25         0.15           0.10         0.15         0.25         0.20         0.00           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.20         0.02	L020 L021 L022 L024 L025 L026	\$ 135.90 \$ 135.90 \$ 225.31 \$ 533.25 \$ 607.56 \$ 607.56	16 16 27 28 55 37	0.781 0.781 0.700 0.700 0.700 0.700 0.700	625 625 1222 1693 2904 4164	39 39 45 60 53 113	3 4 7 4 6 2	2 2 5 7 8 4	1 1 3 7 14 6	1 1 1 4 11 7	\$ 27 \$ 34 \$ 56 \$ 80 \$ 61 \$ 30	\$ 14 \$ 20 \$ 45 \$ 133 \$ 91 \$ 61	\$       7       \$       7         \$       7       \$       7         \$       23       \$       11         \$       133       \$       80         \$       152       \$       122         \$       91       \$       122	\$         \$         \$         2         \$         2         \$         2         \$         2         \$         2         \$         2         \$         10         \$         6         \$         2         \$         2         \$         2         \$         11         \$         9         \$         5         \$         2         \$         2         \$         11         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         15         \$         9         \$         11         \$         6         \$         11         \$         11         \$         11         \$         11         \$         23         3         3         111         \$         4         17         \$         23         3         3         11         \$         17         \$         23         3         3         11         \$         17         \$         23         3         3         3         11
0.00 0.05 0.10 0.20 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00	L042 L043	\$ 607.56 \$ 607.56	37 55	0.940 0.700	5592 5633	<u>151</u> 102	0 0 26	2 0 30	4 3 37	7 6 38	\$ - \$ - \$ 289	\$ 30 \$ - \$ 395	\$ 61 \$ 122 \$ 30 \$ 61 \$ 504 \$ 530	\$         -         \$         8         \$         15         \$         30           \$         -         \$         -         \$         5         \$         10           49         61         74         89         30 <t< td=""></t<>
[]							<u> </u>	,			<u>_ + </u>	, +,	* ***	
M + 1	Area		0017150	- · ·			· · ·		0047144		-			
Uzi LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire	2020 Estimated Luminaire Cost	Watts	LED L70 lifetime hours (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	2017 Watt LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	Weighte LZ2	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
0.05         0.05         0.00         0.00           0.20         0.10         0.05         0.05           0.20         0.15         0.05         0.05           0.25         0.20         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.20         0.10         0.05           0.15         0.20         0.25         0.15           0.10         0.15         0.20         0.25           0.10         0.15         0.20         0.25           0.10         0.15         0.20         0.25           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.20           0.05         0.10         0.15         0.20           0.00         0.05         0.10         0.21	L104 L105 L106 L077 L069 L070 L071 L037 L073	\$ 1,196.54 \$ 1,196.54 \$ 1,124.14 \$ 1,127.69 \$ 1,127.69 \$ 1,127.69 \$ 1,796.44 \$ 1,364.82 \$ 1,775.68	14 14 21 67 67 126 85 126	0.700 0.700 0.700 0.940 0.940 0.940 0.938 0.940	1130 1130 1130 1695 3677 3677 6958 7865 12953	81 81 81 55 55 55 93 103	1 3 5 10 7 6 0 0	1 1 2 4 13 10 13 4 0	0 1 2 17 17 17 19 9 6	0 1 1 10 13 25 17 13	\$       60         \$       239         \$       239         \$       281         \$       169         \$       113         \$       90         \$       -         \$       -         \$       -	\$ 60 \$ 120 \$ 179 \$ 225 \$ 226 \$ 169 \$ 180 \$ 68 \$ -	\$         -         \$         -           \$         60         \$         60           \$         60         \$         60           \$         12         \$         56           \$         282         \$         126           \$         282         \$         269           \$         282         \$         359           \$         136         \$         273           \$         89         \$         178	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00							35	49	71	81	\$1,191	\$1,226	\$1,291 \$1,380	73 70 66 71
	Floodlight													
Weighting       LZ1     LZ2     LZ3     LZ4	Luminaire	2020 Estimated Luminaire Cost	Watts	LED L70 lifetime hours (LLD)	Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	2017 Watt LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	Weighte	LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
0.400.350.200.200.250.250.250.250.250.200.200.300.250.300.150.200.250.30	L126 L127 L078 L016	\$         979.08           \$         979.08           \$         979.08           \$         979.08           \$         934.84	71 52 106 166	0.700 0.700 0.700 0.955	4840 7725 7725 12414	68 149 73 75	28 13 21 25	25 13 21 33	14 13 32 42	14 13 27 50	<ul> <li>\$ 392</li> <li>\$ 245</li> <li>\$ 196</li> <li>\$ 125</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>\$ 343</li> <li>\$ 245</li> <li>\$ 196</li> <li>\$ 167</li> </ul>	\$ 196       \$ 196         \$ 245       \$ 245         \$ 294       \$ 245         \$ 209       \$ 250	\$         27         \$         24         \$         14         \$         14           \$         37         \$         37         \$         37         \$         37           \$         15         \$         15         \$         22         \$         18           \$         11         \$         15         \$         19         \$         22
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00						Average:	88 49	92 57	101 69	104 74	\$ 957 812	\$ 950 857	\$ 943 \$ 936 912 949	90         91         91         91           71         74         77         84

	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
Allowance	0	0.12	0.45	0	W/sq.ft.
LPW	29	29	29	30	lm/W
LPW	68	69	76	81	lm/W
Limit of Reduction	0.000	0.051	0.174	0.000	Limit of Reduction
Proposed LPA	0.000	0.056	0.200	0.000	W/sf
	LPW LPW Limit of Reduction	Allowance0LPW29LPW68Limit of Reduction0.000	Allowance         0         0.12           LPW         29         29           LPW         68         69           Limit of Reduction         0.000         0.051	Allowance         0         0.12         0.45           LPW         29         29         29           LPW         68         69         76           Limit of Reduction         0.000         0.051         0.174	Allowance         0         0.12         0.45         0           LPW         29         29         29         30           LPW         68         69         76         81           Limit of Reduction         0.000         0.051         0.174         0.000

Table 92: Student Pick-up/Drop Off Zones Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

# Table 93: Student Pick-Up/Drop-Off Zones Legacy Product Calculation

				Downlight																								
	Weig	ghting						2008 Ba	asis of De	esign			V	Veighte	d LPV	V		٧	Neighte	ed Watt				We	ighte	ed Cost		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type		Est	timated ninaire	Watts	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD)		Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	L	Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	L	Z1	LZ	2	LZ3	L	LZ4
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.00	32	CFL	E095	\$	314.71	35	0.860	940	27	3	3	1	0		4	4	2	0	\$	31	\$	31	\$ 10	6 \$	-
0.25	0.10	0.05	0.05	42	CFL	E096	\$	307.06	46	0.860	1,254	27	7	3	1	1		2	5	2	2	\$	77	\$	31	\$ 1	5\$	15
0.25	0.20	0.20	0.10	70	PSMH	E097	\$	292.40	92	0.740	1,895	21	5	4	4	2	2	23	18	18	9	\$	73	\$	58	\$ 5	3 \$	29
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.25	100	PSMH	E098	\$	299.49	129	0.750	2,801	22	3	4	4	5		9	26	26	32	\$	45	\$	60	\$ 6	) \$	75
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	150	PSMH	E057	\$	498.52	190	0.740	4,759	25	4	5	6	8	2	29	38	48	57	\$	75	\$ 1	00	\$ 12	5 \$	150
0.10	0.20	0.25	0.30	175	PSMH	E058	\$	458.07	198	0.700	5,584	28	3	6	7	8	2	20	40	50	59	\$	46	\$	92	\$ 11	5 \$	137

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

24 25 24 25 106 130 14

106 130 145 160 \$ 347 \$ 372 \$ 389 \$ 406

LZ1       LZ2       LZ3       LZ4       Lamp Wattage       Luminaire Dyee       System Luminaire Lumen Depreciation Lumens       Maintained Luminaire per Watt (LPW)       LZ1       LZ2       LZ3       LZ4       LZ4       LZ1       LZ5       LZ4       LZ1       LZ3       LZ4       LZ4       LZ4       LZ1       LZ3       LZ4       LZ4 <thl24< th=""> <thl24< th=""> <thl24< th=""></thl24<></thl24<></thl24<>	ghted Cost 2 LZ3 LZ4
Wattage       Type       Estimated Luminaire Cost       Lumen Depreciation (LLD)       Luminaire Lumens       per Watt (LPW)       per Watt (LPW)       per Watt (LPW)	? LZ3 LZ4
Image: Low in a region       Luminaire Cost       Depreciation       Lumens       (LPW)       Image: Low in a region       Luminaire Cost       Luminaire Cost       Lumens       (LPW)       Image: Low in a region       Low in a region       Lumens	
OLID         Cost         (LLD)         OLID         OLID <t< td=""><td></td></t<>	
0.10       0.05       0.00       26       CFL       E020       \$ 466.59       28       0.858       709       25       3       3       1       0       3       3       1       0       \$ 47       \$         0.15       0.10       0.05       32       CFL       E021       \$ 469.87       35       0.860       947       27       4       3       3       1       0       \$ 47       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$       \$       \$       70       \$	
0.15       0.10       0.05       32       CFL       E021       \$ 469.87       35       0.860       947       27       4       3       3       1       5       4       4       2       \$ 70       \$         0.20       0.15       0.10       0.10       42       CFL       E022       \$ 469.87       46       0.860       1,262       27       5       4       3       3       9       7       5       5       \$ 94       \$	
0.20 0.15 0.10 0.10 42 CFL E022 \$ 469.87 46 0.860 1,262 27 5 4 3 3 9 7 5 5 \$ 94 \$	47 \$ 23 \$ -
	47 \$ 47 \$ 23
0.25 0.20 0.15 0.10 70 PSMH E024 \$ 599.91 92 0.740 1,996 22 5 4 3 2 23 18 14 9 \$ 150 \$	70 \$ 47 \$ 47
	20 \$ 90 \$ 60
0.15 0.25 0.15 0.15 100 PSMH E025 \$ 606.46 129 0.750 2,949 23 3 6 3 3 19 32 19 19 \$ \$ 91 \$	52 \$ 91 \$ 91
0.10 0.15 0.25 0.20 150 PSMH E026 \$ 548.07 190 0.740 4,364 23 2 3 6 5 19 29 48 38 \$ 55 \$	82 \$ 137 \$ 110
0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 175 PSMH E042 \$ 327.82 198 0.700 4,721 24 1 1 4 6 10 10 30 50 \$ 16 \$	16 \$ 49 \$ 82
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.15 250 PSMH E043 \$ 535.44 291 0.700 6,787 23 0 0 1 3 0 0 15 44 \$ - \$	

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

24 24 24 89 102 134 166

\$ 523 \$ 534 \$ 511 \$ 493

				Area																			
	Weig	ghting					2008 B	asis of De	esign				Weight	ed LPV	V		Weight	ed Watt			Weight	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	System	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estimated	Watts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt												
				_			Luminaire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												
							Cost		(LLD)		. ,												
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$ 3,719.47	20	0.856	746	37	2	2	0	0	1	1	0	0	\$ 186	\$ 186	\$-	\$-
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	26	CFL	E105	\$ 3,719.47	28	0.858	1,077	38	2	2	2	0	1	1	1	0	\$ 186	\$ 186	\$ 186	\$-
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E106	\$ 3,719.47	35	0.860	1,440	41	4	4	4	2	4	4	4	2	\$ 372	\$ 372	\$ 372	\$ 186
0.20	0.15	0.20	0.10	42	CFL	E107	\$ 3,719.47	46	0.860	1,920	42	8	6	8	4	9	7	9	5	\$ 744	\$ 558	\$ 744	\$ 372
0.30	0.20	0.20	0.15	50	PSMH	E045	\$ 686.23	67	0.670	2,257	34	10	7	7	5	20	13	13	10	\$ 206	\$ 137	\$ 137	\$ 103
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	70	PSMH	E046	\$ 686.23	92	0.740	3,675	40	8	8	8	10	18	18	18	23	\$ 137	\$ 137	\$ 137	\$ 172
0.05	0.15	0.15	0.25	100	PSMH	E047	\$ 696.07	129	0.750	5,431	42	2	6	6	11	6	19	19	32	\$ 35	\$ 104	\$ 104	\$ 174
0.05	0.10	0.10	0.20	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 773.75	190	0.740	8,037	42	2	4	4	8	10	19	19	38	\$ 39	\$ 77	\$ 77	\$ 155
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									39	39	40	40	70	83	84	110	\$ 1,904	\$ 1,758	\$ 1,758	\$ 1,161
											Average:	29	29	29	30	88	105	121	145	\$ 925	\$ 888	\$ 886	\$ 687

# Table 94: Student Pick-Up/Drop-Off Zones Equivalent LED Calculation

	Downlight			
Weighting	2017 LED Equivalency	Weighted 2017 Watt	Weighted Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire         2020         2017 System         LED L70         Maintained         Lumens           Estimated         Watts         lifetime         Luminaire         per Watt           Luminaire         hours (LLD)         Lumens         (LPW)	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.00	Cost         13         0.700         732         57		\$ 14 \$ 14 \$ 7 \$ -	6 6 3 0
0.25 0.10 0.05 0.05	L096 \$ 154.07 21 0.700 1086 53	5 2 1 1	\$ 39 \$ 15 \$ 8 \$ 8	13 5 3 3
0.25 0.20 0.20 0.10	L097 \$ 242.59 32 0.700 1603 51	8 6 6 3	\$ 61 \$ 49 \$ 49 \$ 24	13 10 10 5
0.15 0.20 0.20 0.25	L098 \$ 1,127.69 67 0.940 3677 55	10 13 13 17	\$ 169 \$ 226 \$ 226 \$ 282	8 11 11 14
0.15 0.20 0.25 0.30	L057 \$ 364.70 72 0.700 4635 64	11 14 18 22	\$ 55 \$ 73 \$ 91 \$ 109	10 13 16 19
0.10 0.20 0.25 0.30	L058 \$ 363.33 92 0.700 5479 60	9 18 23 28	\$ 36 \$ 73 \$ 91 \$ 109	6 12 15 18
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00		44 56 62 70	\$ 373 \$ 449 \$ 471 \$ 532	55 57 58 59
Weighting	Wall Pack 2017 LED Equivalency	Weighted 2017 Watt	Weighted Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 System LED L70 Maintained Lumens	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
	Estimated Watts lifetime Luminaire per Watt Luminaire Cost LLD Lumens (LPW)			
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.00	L020 \$ 135.90 16 0.781 625 39	2 2 1 0	<u>\$ 14 </u> \$ 14 <u>\$</u> 7 <u>\$</u> -	4 4 2 0
0.15 0.10 0.10 0.05	L021 \$ 135.90 16 0.781 625 39	2 2 2 1	\$ 20 \$ 14 \$ 14 \$ 7	6 4 4 2
0.20 0.15 0.10 0.10	L022 \$ 225.31 27 0.700 1222 45	5 4 3 3	\$ 45 \$ 34 \$ 23 \$ 23 • 100 0 0	9 7 5 5
0.25         0.20         0.15         0.10           0.15         0.25         0.15         0.15	L024         \$ 533.25         28         0.700         1693         60           L025         \$ 607.56         55         0.700         2904         53	7         6         4         3           8         14         8         8	\$         133         \$         107         \$         80         \$         53           \$         91         \$         152         \$         91         \$         91	15         12         9         6           8         13         8         8
0.10 0.15 0.25 0.15 0.15	L025 \$ 607.56 35 0.700 2904 53 L026 \$ 607.56 37 0.700 4164 113	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 61 \$ 91 \$ 152 \$ 91 \$ 61 \$ 91 \$ 152 \$ 122	<u> </u>
0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25	L022 \$ 607.56 37 0.700 4104 113 L042 \$ 607.56 37 0.940 5592 151	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 30 \$ 30 \$ 91 \$ 152 \$ 152	8 8 23 38
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.15	L043 \$ 607.56 55 0.700 5633 102		\$ - \$ - \$ 30 \$ 91	0 0 5 15
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00		30 34 35 39	\$ 395 <b>\$</b> 441 <b>\$</b> 487 <b>\$</b> 538	61 64 83 96
Weighting	Area 2017 LED Equivalency	Weighted 2017 Watt	Weighted Cost	Weighted LPW
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020 2017 System LED L70 Maintained Lumens	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4
	Estimated Watts lifetime Luminaire per Watt Luminaire Cost LLD Lumens (LPW)			
0.05 0.05 0.00 0.00	L104 \$ 1,196.54 14 0.700 1130 81	1 1 0 0	\$ 60 \$ 60 \$ - \$ -	4 4 0 0
0.05 0.05 0.05 0.00	L105 \$ 1,196.54 14 0.700 1130 81		\$ 60 \$ 60 \$ 60 \$ -	4 4 4 0
0.10 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.20 0.15 0.20 0.10	L106         \$ 1,196.54         14         0.700         1130         81           L107         \$ 1,124.14         21         0.700         1695         81	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 120 \$ 120 \$ 120 \$ 60 \$ 225 \$ 169 \$ 225 \$ 112	8 8 8 4 16 12 16 8
0.20 0.15 0.20 0.10 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.15	L07 \$ 1,124.14 21 0.700 1095 81 L045 \$ 1,242.43 50 0.887 4703 94	<u>4</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>2</u> 15 <u>10</u> 10 <u>8</u>	\$ 225 \$ 169 \$ 225 \$ 112 \$ 373 \$ 248 \$ 248 \$ 186	16         12         16         8           28         19         19         14
0.20 0.20 0.20 0.15	L045 \$ 1,242.43 50 0.887 4703 94	10 10 10 8 10 10 10 13	\$ 373 \$ 246 \$ 246 \$ 186 \$ 248 \$ 248 \$ 248 \$ 311	<u> </u>
0.05 0.15 0.15 0.25	L047 \$ 1,275.21 80 0.887 6781 85	4 12 12 20	\$ 64 \$ 191 \$ 191 \$ 319	4 13 13 21
0.05 0.10 0.10 0.20	L048         \$ 1,309.09         105         0.887         8601         82	5 11 11 21	\$ 65 \$ 131 \$ 131 \$ 262	4 8 8 16
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00		41 48 49 64	\$ 1,215 \$ 1,227 \$ 1,223 \$ 1,250	88 87 87 87
	Average:	39 46 49 58	\$ 661 \$ 706 \$ 727 \$ 773	\$ 68 \$ 69 \$ 76 \$ 81

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.014	0.135	0.240	0.400	W/sf
2016	LPW	7	6	6	5	lm/W
	LPW	48	48	47	45	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.002	0.018	0.029	0.047	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.004	0.030	0.050	0.075	W/sf

### Table 95: Outdoor Dining Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

## **Table 96: Outdoor Dining Legacy Product Calculation**

				Area													_								
	Weig	ghting					20	08 Basi	is of D	Design				Weighte	ed Wat	t		Weigh	ted Wat	tt		V	Neighte	ed Cost	t
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2020	Sy	/stem	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ	1 LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	I L	.Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Estima	ted Wa	atts	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt													
				-			Lumina	ire		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)													
							Cost			(LLD)															
0.15	0.10	0.05	0.00	15	B10	E108	\$ 0	70	15	0.82	78	5	1	1	0	0	2	2	1	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$-
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	25	B10	E109	\$ 0	81	25	0.82	180	7	1	1	0	0	5	3	1	1	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0.25	0.30	0.30	0.20	40	B10	E110	\$ 0	73	40	0.82	303	8	2	2	2	2	1(	12	12	8	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	15	G16	E111	\$ 0	76	15	0.82	86	6	1	2	2	2	3	5	5	6	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	25	G16	E112	\$ 1	88	25	0.82	246	10	2	1	0	0	5	3	1	1	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	40	G16	E113	\$ 0	89	40	0.82	77	2	0	0	0	1	C	4	8	12	\$	<i>.</i>	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
				-							-		-				-		-	-					
													7	6	6	5	2	27	29	29	\$	1	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 1
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00															•		•					

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

7 6 6 5 Average:

25 27 29 29 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1 \$ 1

### Table 97: Outdoor Dining Equivalent LED Calculation

				A	rea																			
	Weig	ghting						2017 LED E	quivalency			W	eighted	2017 Wa	att			Weighte	ed Cost			Weight	ed LPW	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lu	uminaire	2020		2017 System	LED L70	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
						Estin	nated	Watts	lifetime	Luminaire	per Watt													
						Lumi	naire		hours (LLD)	Lumens	(LPW)													
						Cost																		
0.15	0.10	0.05	0.00	Ľ	108	\$	1.91	4	0.700	140	35	1	0	0	0		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ -	5	4	2	0
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	Ľ	109	\$	1.91	4	0.700	140	35	1	0	0	0		\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	7	4	2	2
0.25	0.30	0.30	0.20	Ľ	110	\$	6.31	4.5	0.700	315	70	1	1	1	1		\$2	\$ 2	\$2	\$ 1	18	21	21	14
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	Ľ	111	\$	4.36	4.5	0.700	126	28	1	1	2	2		\$1	\$ 1	\$2	\$ 2	6	8	10	11
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	Ľ	112	\$	6.55	3.5	0.700	228	65	1	0	0	0		\$1	\$ 1	\$ 0	\$ 0	13	7	3	3
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	Ľ	113	\$	6.51	5	0.700	245	49	0	1	1	2		\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 2	0	5	10	15
	-								-															
												4	4	5	5		\$4	\$5	\$5	\$5	48	48	47	45
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00																					
																_								
											Average:	4	4	5	5		\$4	\$5	\$ 5	\$5	48	48	47	45
																_								

Table 98: Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian Hardscape Calculation Results and LPA Recommendations in Red

		LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	
2016	Allowance	0.007	0.009	0.019	0	W/sq.ft
2010	LPW	31	31	29	29	lm/W
	LPW	61	63	66	72	lm/W
2019	Limit of Reduction	0.0036	0.0045	0.0085	0.0000	Limit of Reduction
	Proposed LPA	0.004	0.005	0.010	0.000	W/sq.ft

Table 99: Special Security Lighting for Retail Parking and Pedestrian Hardscape Legacy Product Calculation

				Wall Pa	ck																		
	Weig	phting					2008 Basi	s of Desi	gn				Weighte	ed LPW			Weight	ed Watt			Weighte	ed Cost	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type	Luminaire		System Watts	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
0.25 0.25 0.25 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.00 0.00	0.15 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.10 0.00 0.00	0.10 0.15 0.20 0.15 0.20 0.15 0.05 0.00	0.10 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.10 0.05	26 32 42 70 100 150 175 250	CFL CFL PSMH PSMH PSMH PSMH	E020 E021 E022 E024 E025 E026 E042 E043	\$ 466.59 \$ 469.87 \$ 599.91 \$ 606.46 \$ 548.07 \$ 327.82 \$ 535.44	28 35 46 92 129 190 198 291	0.858 0.860 0.740 0.740 0.750 0.740 0.700 0.700	947 1,262 1,996 2,949 4,364 4,721	25 27 27 22 23 23 23 23 24 24	6 7 2 2 1 0 0	4 7 3 2 2 0 0	3 4 5 3 5 3 1 0	3 4 2 3 5 2 1	7 9 12 9 13 10 0	4 9 12 14 13 19 0 0	3 5 9 14 26 29 10 0	3 5 7 9 19 38 20 15	\$ 117 \$ 117 \$ 60 \$ 61 \$ 27	\$ 70 \$ 117 \$ 117 \$ 90 \$ 61 \$ 55 \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 94 \$ 90 \$ 121 \$ 82 \$ 16 \$ -	\$ 47 \$ 70 \$ 70 \$ 60 \$ 91 \$ 110 \$ 33 \$ 27
1.00		1.00	1.00	Area								26	25	25	24	59	70	95	116	\$ 500			\$ 508
LZ1	Weig LZ2	hting LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type	Luminaire			gn Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	LZ1	Weighte LZ2	ed LPW LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	Weight	ed Watt LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	Weighte LZ2	ed Cost LZ3	LZ4
0.10 0.25 0.20 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.00 0.00	0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00 0.00	0.05 0.10 0.15 0.15 0.20 0.15 0.05 0.00 1.00	0.00 0.10 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.10 0.05 1.00	18 26 32 42 70 100 150 175 250	CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH PSMH PSMH	E104 E105 E106 E107 E069 E070 E071 E037 E073	\$ 3,719.47 \$ 3,719.47 \$ 3,719.47 \$ 3,719.47 \$ 1,010.17 \$ 1,010.17 \$ 1,010.17 \$ 1,010.17 \$ 1,010.17 \$ 1,062.13 \$ 1,204.80	20 28 35 46 92 129 190 198 291	(CCD) 0.856 0.866 0.866 0.746 0.746 0.756 0.740 0.700 0.700	1,077 1,440 1,920 2,623 3,876 5,737 5,895	37 38 41 42 29 30 30 30 30 30	4 10 8 3 3 2 0 0 0 37	4 6 8 10 4 3 2 0 0 37	2 4 6 4 6 5 1 0 34	0 4 6 3 5 6 3 2 34	2 7 9 9 13 10 0 0 57	2 4 7 12 14 13 10 0 0 61	1 3 5 7 14 26 29 10 0 94	0 3 5 7 9 19 38 20 15 116	\$ 930 \$ 744 \$ 744 \$ 101 \$ 101 \$ 51	\$ 744 \$ 930 \$ 152 \$ 101 \$ 51 \$ - \$ -	\$ 186 \$ 372 \$ 558 \$ 558 \$ 152 \$ 202 \$ 152 \$ 152 \$ 152 \$ 53 \$ - \$2,232	\$         -           \$         372           \$         558           \$         558           \$         101           \$         152           \$         202           \$         106           \$         60
											Average:	31	31	29	29	58	66	95	116	\$1,771	\$1,709	\$1,376	\$1,308

	Wall Pack													
Weighting		2017 LED Equivalency		Weigh	nted 2017 W	'att		Weight	ed Cost			Weighted	LPW	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3 LZ4	Luminaire 2020	2017 System LED L70	Maintained Lumens	LZ1 L	Z2 LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	LZ2 I	.Z3 L	Z4
	Estimated	Watts lifetime	Luminaire per Watt											
	Luminaire	hours (LLD)	Lumens (LPW)											
	Cost													
0.25 0.15 0.10 0.10	L020 \$ 135.90	16 0.781	625 39	4	2 2	2	\$ 34	\$ 20	\$ 14		10	6	4	4
0.25 0.25 0.15 0.15	L021 \$ 135.90	16 0.781	625 39		4 2	2	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 20		10	10	6	6
0.25 0.25 0.20 0.15	L022 \$ 225.31	27 0.700	1222 45		7 5	4	\$ 56	\$ 56	\$ 45	\$ 34	11	11	-	7
0.10 0.15 0.15 0.10	L024 \$ 533.25	28 0.700		-	4 4	3	\$ 53		\$ 80	+	6	9	-	6
0.10 0.10 0.20 0.15	L025 \$ 607.56	55 0.700			6 11	8	\$ 61	\$ 61	\$ 122	\$91	5	-		8
0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20	L026 \$ 607.56	37 0.700			4 6	7	\$ 30	\$ 61	\$91		6			23
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10	L042 \$ 607.56	37 0.940			0 2	4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ 61	0	0		15
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05	L043 \$ 607.56	55 0.700	5633 102	0	0 0	3	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30	0	0	0	5
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00				25	27 32	33	\$ 269	\$ 312	\$ 402	\$ 425	48	53	63 7	73
Mainh tin n	Area			10/	1 - 1 - 004714		_	Mainda 1			-			
Weighting		2017 LED Equivalency 2017 System LED L70	Maintained Lumens	Ueigh	ted 2017 W	LZ4	LZ1	Weight	LZ3	LZ4	LZ1	Weighted		Z4
		,	Luminaire per Watt			LZ4			LZS	LZ4	LZI		-23   L	24
	Luminaire	hours (LLD)												
	Cost	nouis (LLD)												
0.10 0.10 0.05 0.00	L104 \$ 1,196.54	14 0.700	1130 81	1	1 1	0	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 60	\$-	8	8	4	0
0.25 0.15 0.10 0.10	L105 \$ 1,196.54	14 0.700			2 1	1	\$ 299	\$ 179	\$ 120	\$ 120	20	12		8
0.20 0.20 0.15 0.15	L106 \$ 1,196.54	14 0.700			3 2	2	\$ 239	\$ 239	\$ 179	\$ 179	16		-	12
0.20 0.25 0.15 0.15	L107 \$ 1,124.14	21 0.700		-	5 3	3	\$ 225	\$ 281	\$ 169	\$ 169	16	-		12
0.10 0.15 0.15 0.10	L069 \$ 1,127.69	67 0.940			10 10	7	\$ 113	\$ 169	\$ 169	\$ 113	5	8		5
0.10 0.10 0.20 0.15	L070 \$ 1,127.69	67 0.940			7 13	10	\$ 113	\$ 113	\$ 226	\$ 169	5	-	-	8
0.05 0.05 0.15 0.20	L071 \$ 1,796.44	126 0.940		6	6 19	25	\$ 90	\$ 90	\$ 269	\$ 359	3	3		11
0.00 0.00 0.05 0.10	L037 \$ 1,364.82	85 0.938		0	0 4	9	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68	\$ 136	0	0	5	9
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05	L073 \$ 1,775.68	126 0.940	12953 103	0	0 0	6	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 89	0	0	0	5
	· · · · · ·				•					,				
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00				32	35 54	63	\$ 1,198	\$ 1,191	\$ 1,260	\$ 1,334	74	73	68	71
· · · ·				-	-	-				_		-		
			Average:	28	31 43	48	\$ 734	\$ 752	\$ 831	\$ 880	61	63	66 7	72

Energy savings were calculated by the difference in wattage between legacy products and LED products for the specific applications. That wattage difference was applied on an hour-by-hour basis across an entire year using statewide use schedules. Full load hours of operation vary by the different specific applications. The operating hours include the impact of outdoor lighting controls.

# **Appendix F: LUMEN MAINTENANCE DATA**

The General Hardscape models utilized luminaires with longer lumen maintenance than assumed in the 2016 models, based on technology improvements. Today, many outdoor site and area lighting LED luminaires are offered with L70 values of 100,000 hours or greater. The lumen maintenance at 60,000 hours is often reported as 90 percent or higher. The table below shows the luminaires used in the General Hardscape model, listed by Luminaire ID, with make and model redacted. These luminaires are all commercially available and represent offerings from four different manufacturers.

Luminaire ID	Reported Life	Reported Lumen Maintenance at 60,000hr
PL01	100,000	0.990
PL03	100,000	0.990
PL05	100,000	0.990
PL06	60,000	0.930
PL07	60,000	0.930
PL08	60,000	0.700
PL09	60,000	0.700
PL11	100,000	0.840
PL12	100,000	0.840
PL13	154,000	0.910
PL14	100,000	0.887
PL15	100,000	0.887
PL16	100,000	0.887
PL17	100,000	0.887
PL18	100,000	0.887
PL19	90,000	0.864
PL20	100,000	0.887
PL21	100,000	0.887
PL22	100,000	0.887
PL23	100,000	0.887
PL24	100,000	0.887
PL25	100,000	0.887
PL26	154,000	0.910
PL27	154,000	0.910
PL29	150,000	0.950
PL30	150,000	0.950
PL31	150,000	0.950
PL32	150,000	0.950
PL33	150,000	0.950
PL34	150,000	0.950
PL35	150,000	0.950
Average	111,032	0.900

# Table 101: General Hardscape LED Luminaire Reported Lumen Maintenance

	_					Yea	ars betwe	en relan	nps							Tota	l relamps	ș in 15 Ye	ears			
Lamp	Lamp	Reported		Schedule	Schedule	General	Retail	ATM	Service	Service	Outdoor	Outdoor	Schedule	Schedule		General	Retail	ATM	Service	Service	Outdoor	Outdoor
Туре	Wattage	Light	A	В	С	Hardscape			Station	Station	Dining	Sales	A	В	С	Hardscape			Station	Station	Dining	Sales
		Source Life							Hardscape	Canopies		Lots							Hardscape	Canopies		Lots
PSMH	50	10,000	2.1	6.4	5.2	3.6	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.7	5.2	3.3	7	2	2	4	4	4	5	5	2	4
PSMH	70	20.000	4.3	12.8	10.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.5	10.4	6.7	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
PSMH	100	20,000	4.3	12.8	10.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.5	10.4	6.7	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
PSMH	150	20,000	4.3	12.8	10.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.5	10.4	6.7	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
PSMH	175	14,000	3.0	8.9	7.2	5.1	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.8	7.2	4.7	5	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
<b>PSMH</b>	250	14,000	3.0	8.9	7.2	5.1	4.4	4.2	3.8	3.8	7.2	4.7	5	1	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	3
PSMH	320	20,000	4.3	12.8	10.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.5	10.4	6.7	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
<b>PSMH</b>	400	20,000	4.3	12.8	10.4	7.2	6.3	6.0	5.5	5.5	10.4	6.7	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	2
PSMH	750	12,000	2.6	7.7	6.2	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.3	6.2	4.0	5	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	2	3
<b>PSMH</b>	1000	12,000	2.6	7.7	6.2	4.3	3.8	3.6	3.3	3.3	6.2	4.0	5	1	2	3	3	4	4	4	2	3
CFL	18	10,000	2.1	6.4	5.2	3.6	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.7	5.2	3.3	7	2	2	4	4	4	5	5	2	4
CFL	26	10,000	2.1	6.4	5.2	3.6	3.1	3.0	2.7	2.7	5.2	3.3	7	2	2	4	4	4	5	5	2	4
CFL	32	16,000	3.4	10.2	8.3	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.4	8.3	5.3	4	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	2
CFL	42	16,000	3.4	10.2	8.3	5.8	5.0	4.8	4.4	4.4	8.3	5.3	4	1	1	2	2	3	3	3	1	2
T8	17	30,000	6.4	19.1	15.5	10.8	9.4	9.1	8.2	8.2	15.5	10.0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
T8	25	30,000	6.4	19.1	15.5	10.8	9.4	9.1	8.2	8.2	15.5	10.0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
T8	32	30,000	6.4	19.1	15.5	10.8	9.4	9.1	8.2	8.2	15.5	10.0	2	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
T5	14	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
T5	21	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
T5	28	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
T5HO	24	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
T5HO	39	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
T5HO	54	25,000	5.3	16.0	12.9	9.0	7.8	7.5	6.8	6.8	12.9	8.3	2	0	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1
MR16	50	6,000	1.3	3.8	3.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.6	3.1	2.0	11	3	4	6	7	8	9	9	4	7
MR16	70	6,000	1.3	3.8	3.1	2.2	1.9	1.8	1.6	1.6	3.1	2.0	11	3	4	6	1	8	9	9	4	7
G16.5	15	1,500	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
G16.5	25	1,500	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
G16.5 B10	40	1,500 1,500	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5 0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5 0.5	46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
	15		0.3	1.0			0.5	0.5	0.4		0.8		46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
B10 B10	25 40	1,500 1,500	0.3	1.0	0.8	0.5 0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
			0.3	1.0	0.8		0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.8	0.5	46	15	19	27	31	33	36	36	19	30
LED Av	erage	93,000	19.8	59.3	48.1	31.6	29.1	25.5	25.5	33.6	48.1	31.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	U	U	U	U

# Table 102: Specific Applications Light Source Maintenance Period

Luminaire ID	Reported Life	Reported Lumen Maintenance at	Luminaire ID	Reported Life	Reported Lumen Maintenance at	Luminaire ID	Reported Life	Reported Lumen Maintenance at 60,000 hr
		60,000 hr			60,000 hr	L091	60.000	0.800
L001	100.000	0.960	L046	100.000	0.887	L092	60,000	0.800
L002	70,000	0.781	L047	100,000	0.887	L093	100,000	0.900
L003	70,000	0.781	L048	100,000	0.887	L094	100,000	0.900
L004	50,000	0.700	L049	100,000	0.950	L095	50,000	0.700
L005	50,000	0.700	L050	100,000	0.930	L096	50,000	0.700
L006	50,000	0.700	L051	60,000	0.700	L097	60,000	0.700
L007	50,000	0.700	L052	60,000	0.700	L098	100,000	0.940
L008	50,000	0.700	L053	60,000	0.700	L099	60,000	0.700
L009	50,000	0.700	L054	60,000	0.700	L100	60,000	0.700
L010	50,000	0.700	L055	60,000	0.700	L101	100,000	0.960
L011	50,000	0.700	L056	60,000	0.700	L089	60,000	0.850
L012	70,000	0.781	L057	60,000	0.700	L103	100,000	0.900
L013	60,000	0.700	L058	60,000	0.700	L104	60,000	0.700
L014	100,000	0.970	L059	60,000	0.700	L105	60,000	0.700
L015	205,000	0.900	L060	100,000	0.962	L106	60,000	0.700
L016	205,000	0.900	L061	100,000	0.962	L107	60,000	0.700
L017	205,000	0.900	L062	100,000	0.964	L108	60,000	0.700
L018	205,000	0.900	L063	100,000	0.964	L109	60,000	0.700
L019	205,000	0.900	L064	100,000	0.964	L110	60,000	0.700
L020	70,000	0.781	L065	100,000	0.959	L111	60,000	0.700
L021	70,000	0.781	L066	100,000	0.959	L112	60,000	0.700
L022	60,000	0.700	L067	60,000	0.700	L113	60,000	0.700
L023	100,000	0.970	L068	60,000	0.700	L114	200,000	0.954
L024	100,000	0.880	L069	100,000	0.940	L115	200,000	0.954
L025	100,000	0.880	L070	100,000	0.940	L116	200,000	0.954
L026	100,000	0.880	L071	100,000	0.940	L117	200,000	0.954
L027	70,000	0.781	L072	100,000	0.940	L118	200,000	0.954
L028	60,000	0.700	L073	100,000	0.940	L119	200,000	0.954
L029	60,000	0.700	L074	100,000	0.960	L120	200,000	0.954
L030	60,000	0.700	L075	100,000	0.960	L121	200,000	0.954
L031	60,000	0.700	L076	100,000	0.960	L122	200,000	0.954
L032	250,000	0.961	L077	100,000	0.960	L123	200,000	0.954
L033	250,000	0.961	L078	100,000	0.960	L124	60,000	0.700
L034	60,000	0.700	L079	100,000	0.960	L125	60,000	0.700
L035	60,000	0.700	L080	100,000	0.887	L126	60,000	0.700
L036	60,000	0.700	L081	50,000	0.700	L127	60,000	0.700
L037	150,000	0.938	L082	50,000	0.700	L128	60,000	0.700
L038	100,000	0.887	L083	50,000	0.700	L129	100,000	0.960
L039	100,000	0.960	L084	100,000	0.887	L130	100,000	0.960
L040	100,000	0.960	L085	100,000	0.887	L131	70,000	0.781
L041	100,000	0.880	L086	100,000	0.887	L132	60,000	0.970
L042	100,000	0.940	L087	60,000	0.850	L133	60,000	0.970
L043	100,000	0.880	L088	60,000	0.850	L134	60,000	0.850
L044	100,000	0.960	L089	60,000	0.850	L135	60,000	0.850
L045	100,000	0.887	L090	60,000	0.800	Average	93,000	0.831

# Table 103: Specific Applications LED Luminaire Reported Life

### **Table 104: Maintenance Labor Cost**

	Maintenance Sta	aff	Duration of Lamp		Total Cost of La	abor
	Labor Rate (mar	n-hr)	Replacement (hr)			
Easy Maintenance Access	\$	54.52	(	).5	\$	27.26
Moderate Maintenance Access	\$	54.52	1	1.0	\$	54.52
Difficult Maintenance Access	\$	54.52	1	1.5	\$	81.78

Table 105: Legac	y Product Ea	sy Maintenance	Access Cost

													Present	Valu	e - Easy	Aco	cess Mai	ntena	ance Cos	t					
Lamp	Lamp	2017		2020	Reported	Sch	nedule	Sch	nedule	Sch	nedule	G	General		Retail		ATM	S	ervice	S	Service	С	) utdoor	0ι	ıtdoor
Туре	Wattage	Lamp		Lamp	Light		A		В		С	Ha	rdscape						tation	5	Station		Dining	Sale	es Lots
		Cost	Es	calation	Source Life													Hai	rdscape	Ca	anopies				
DOM	50	<b></b>	<b></b>	00.00	40.000	<b>^</b>	054	<u>_</u>	400	<b>^</b>	400	<b>^</b>	004	<b>^</b>	004	<b>^</b>	004	<b>^</b>	054	•	054	•	400	¢	004
PSMH PSMH	50 70	\$ 20.96 \$ 20.15	\$ \$	22.90 22.02	10,000 20,000	\$ \$	351	\$	100 49	\$	100 49	\$	201 99	\$	201 99	\$	201 99	\$ \$	251 99	\$	251 99	\$ \$	100 49	\$ \$	201 99
	100	•	⊅ \$	30.59		ֆ \$	148 174	\$		\$		\$	116	\$	116	\$	116		116	\$	116	· •			99 116
PSMH PSMH	150	\$ 27.99 \$ 20.96	\$ \$	22.90	20,000 20,000	ֆ \$	150	\$	58 50	\$ \$	58 50	\$ \$	100	\$ \$	100	\$	100	\$ \$	100	\$ \$	100	\$ \$	58 50	\$ \$	100
PSMH	175	\$ 20.90	• \$	40.98	14,000	φ \$	341	\$ \$	68	ֆ \$	136		136	<b>ֆ</b> \$	205	\$ \$	205	• \$	205	• \$	205	ֆ \$	136	ֆ \$	205
PSMH	250	\$ 15.67	\$ \$	17.12	14,000	ֆ \$	222	ֆ \$	44	ծ \$	89	\$ \$	89	ъ \$	133	э \$	133	ъ \$	133	э \$	133	ֆ \$	89	ծ \$	133
PSMH	320	\$ 23.91	• \$	26.13	20.000	φ \$	160	• \$	53	ֆ \$	53	φ \$	107	<b>Փ</b> \$	107	• \$	107	φ \$	107	• \$	107	ֆ \$	53	φ \$	107
PSMH	400	\$ 17.06	φ \$	18.64	20,000	φ \$	138	φ \$	46	φ \$	46	φ \$	92	φ \$	92	φ \$	92	φ \$	92	φ \$	92	φ \$	46	φ \$	92
PSMH	750	\$ 27.66	• \$	30.22	12,000	φ \$	287	φ \$	57	φ \$	115	φ \$	172	φ \$	172	φ \$	230	φ \$	230	• \$	230	φ \$	115	φ \$	172
PSMH	1000	\$ 26.13	\$	28.55	12,000	\$	279	\$	56	φ \$	112	φ \$	167	\$	167	\$	230	φ \$	230	\$	230	\$	113	φ \$	167
CFL	18	\$ 3.83	\$	4.19	10,000	\$	220	\$	63	Ψ \$	63	Ψ \$	126	Ψ \$	126	Ψ \$	126	Ψ \$	157	Ψ \$	157	\$	63	Ψ \$	126
CFL	26	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	10,000	\$	213	\$	61	\$	61	\$	120	\$	120	\$	120	\$	152	\$	152	\$	61	\$	120
CFL	32	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	16,000	\$	125	\$	31	\$	31	\$	62	\$	62	\$	93	\$	93	\$	93	\$	31	\$	62
CFL	42	\$ 3.77	\$	4.12	16,000	\$	126	\$	31	\$	31	\$	63	\$	63	\$	94	\$	94	\$	94	\$	31	\$	63
T8	17	\$ 2.58	\$	2.82	30,000	\$	60	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	-	\$	30
T8	25	\$ 3.81	\$	4.16	30,000	\$	63	\$	-	\$	-	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	-	\$	31
Т8	32	\$ 1.94	\$	2.12	30,000	\$	59	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29	\$	29	\$	29	\$	29	\$	29	\$	-	\$	29
T5	14	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	25,000	\$	62	\$	-	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	62	\$	62	\$	31	\$	31
Т5	21	\$ 3.89	\$	4.25	25,000	\$	63	\$	-	\$	32	\$	32	\$	32	\$	32	\$	63	\$	63	\$	32	\$	32
T5	28	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	25,000	\$	61	\$	-	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	61	\$	61	\$	30	\$	30
T5HO	24	\$ 4.02	\$	4.39	25,000	\$	63	\$	-	\$	32	\$	32	\$	32	\$	32	\$	63	\$	63	\$	32	\$	32
T5HO	39	\$ 3.72	\$	4.06	25,000	\$	63	\$	-	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	31	\$	63	\$	63	\$	31	\$	31
T5HO	54	\$ 2.31	\$	2.52	25,000	\$	60	\$	-	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	30	\$	60	\$	60	\$	30	\$	30
MR16	50	\$ 1.52	\$	1.66	6,000	\$	318	\$	87	\$	116	\$	174	\$	202	\$	231	\$	260	\$	260	\$	116	\$	202
MR16	70	\$ 5.65	\$	6.17	6,000	\$	368	\$	100	\$	134	\$	201	\$	234	\$	267	\$	301	\$	301	\$	134	\$	234
G16.5	15	\$ 0.63	\$	0.69	1,500	\$	1,286	\$	419	\$	531	\$	755	\$	866	\$	922	\$	1,006	\$	1,006	\$	531	\$	838
G16.5	25	\$ 0.63	\$	0.69	1,500	\$	1,286	\$	419	\$	531	\$	755	\$	866	\$	922	\$	1,006	\$	1,006	\$	531	\$	838
G16.5	40	\$ 1.42	\$	1.55	1,500		1,325	\$	432	\$	547	\$	778	\$	893	\$	951	\$	1,037	\$	1,037	\$	547	\$	864
B10	15	\$ 0.64	\$	0.70	1,500		1,286	\$	419	\$	531	\$	755	\$	867	\$	923	\$	1,007	\$	1,007	\$	531	\$	839
B10	25	\$ 0.93	\$	1.02	1,500		1,301	\$	424	\$	537	\$	763	\$	877	\$	933	\$	1,018	\$	1,018	\$	537	\$	848
B10	40	\$ 1.06	\$	1.16	1,500	<u> </u>	1,307	\$	426	\$	540	\$	767	\$	881	\$	938	\$	1,023	\$	1,023	\$	540	\$	853
LED Av	erage				93,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

												Р	resent Va	lue	- Modera	ate A	ccess N	lainte	enance C	ost					
Lamp	Lamp	2017		2020	Reported	So	chedule	Sch	nedule	Sc	hedule	G	eneral		Retail		ATM		ervice		Service	-	utdoor	-	utdoor
Туре	Wattage	Lamp		Lamp	Light		А		В		С	Ha	rdscape						Station		Station	0	Dining	Sal	es Lots
		Cost	Es	calation	Source Life													Ha	rdscape	C	anopies				
DOM	50	¢ 00.00	¢	00.00	10,000	¢	540	¢	455	¢	455	¢	210	<u>م</u>	210	¢	210	¢	207	¢	207	¢	455	¢	210
PSMH PSMH	50 70	\$ 20.96 \$ 20.15	\$ \$	22.90 22.02	10,000 20,000	\$ \$	542 230	\$ \$	155 77	\$ \$	155 77	\$ \$	310 153	\$ \$	310 153	\$ \$	310 153	\$ \$	387 153	\$ \$	387 153	\$ \$	155 77	\$ \$	310 153
PSMH	100	\$ 27.99	φ \$	30.59	20,000	φ \$	250	φ \$	85	φ \$	85	φ \$	170	φ \$	170	φ \$	170	φ \$	170	φ \$	170	φ \$	85	φ \$	170
PSMH	150	\$ 20.96	φ \$	22.90	20,000	φ \$	233	φ \$	77	φ \$	77	φ \$	155	φ \$	155	φ \$	155	φ \$	155	φ \$	155	φ \$	77	φ \$	155
PSMH	175	\$ 37.50	Ψ \$	40.98	14,000	Ψ \$	477	Ψ \$	95	♥ \$	191	Ψ \$	191	Ψ \$	286	♥ \$	286	Ψ \$	286	Ψ \$	286	Ψ \$	191	Ψ \$	286
PSMH	250	\$ 15.67	Ψ \$	17.12	14,000	\$	358	\$	72	φ \$	143	φ \$	143	Ψ \$	200	\$	215	\$	200	\$	200	φ \$	143	Ψ \$	215
PSMH	320	\$ 23.91	\$	26.13	20,000	\$	242	\$	81	\$	81	\$	161	\$	161	\$	161	\$	161	\$	161	\$	81	\$	161
PSMH	400	\$ 17.06	\$	18.64	20,000	\$	212	\$	73	\$	73	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	146	\$	73	\$	146
PSMH	750	\$ 27.66	\$	30.22	12,000	\$	424	\$	85	\$	169	\$	254	\$	254	\$	339	\$	339	\$	339	\$	169	\$	254
PSMH	1000	\$ 26.13	\$	28.55	12,000	\$	415	\$	83	\$	166	\$	249	\$	249	\$	332	\$	332	\$	332	\$	166	\$	249
CFL	18	\$ 3.83	\$	4.19	10,000	\$	411	\$	117	\$	117	\$	235	\$	235	\$	235	\$	294	\$	294	\$	117	\$	235
CFL	26	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	10,000	\$	404	\$	115	\$	115	\$	231	\$	231	\$	231	\$	288	\$	288	\$	115	\$	231
CFL	32	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	16,000	\$	234	\$	58	\$	58	\$	117	\$	117	\$	175	\$	175	\$	175	\$	58	\$	117
CFL	42	\$ 3.77	\$	4.12	16,000	\$	235	\$	59	\$	59	\$	117	\$	117	\$	176	\$	176	\$	176	\$	59	\$	117
Т8	17	\$ 2.58	\$	2.82	30,000	\$	115	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	-	\$	57
Т8	25	\$ 3.81	\$	4.16	30,000	\$	117	\$	-	\$	-	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	-	\$	59
Т8	32	\$ 1.94	\$	2.12	30,000	\$	113	\$	-	\$	-	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	-	\$	57
Т5	14	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	25,000	\$	117	\$	-	\$	58	\$	58	\$	58	\$	58	\$	117	\$	117	\$	58	\$	58
Т5	21	\$ 3.89	\$	4.25	25,000	\$	118	\$	-	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	118	\$	118	\$	59	\$	59
Т5	28	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	25,000	\$	115	\$	-	\$	58	\$	58	\$	58	\$	58	\$	115	\$	115	\$	58	\$	58
T5HO	24	\$ 4.02	\$	4.39	25,000	\$	118	\$	-	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	118	\$	118	\$	59	\$	59
T5HO	39	\$ 3.72	\$	4.06	25,000	\$	117	\$	-	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	59	\$	117	\$	117	\$	59	\$	59
T5HO	54	\$ 2.31	\$	2.52	25,000	\$	114	\$	-	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	57	\$	114	\$	114	\$	57	\$	57
MR16	50	\$ 1.52	\$	1.66	6,000	\$	618	\$	169	\$	225	\$	337	\$	393	\$	449	\$	506	\$	506	\$	225	\$	393
MR16	70 15	\$ 5.65 \$ 0.63	\$	6.17 0.69	6,000	\$	668	\$	182 828	\$	243	\$	364	\$	425	\$	486	\$	546	\$	546	\$	243	\$	425
G16.5 G16.5	25	\$ 0.63 \$ 0.63	\$ \$	0.69	1,500 1,500	\$ \$	2,540 2,540	\$ \$	828	\$ \$	1,049	\$ \$	1,491 1,491	\$ \$	1,711	\$ \$	1,022	\$ \$	1,988 1,988	\$ \$	1,988 1,988	\$ \$	1,049 1,049	\$ \$	1,656 1,656
G16.5	40	\$ 1.42	ф \$	1.55	1,500	φ \$	2,540	φ \$	841	φ \$	1,049	ф \$	1,491	\$	1,738	φ \$	1,850	φ \$	2,019	φ \$	2,019	φ \$	1,049	φ \$	1,682
B10	40 15	\$ 0.64	φ \$	0.70	1,500	φ \$	2,540	φ \$	828	φ \$	1.049	φ \$	1,491	φ \$	1,730	φ \$	1.822	φ \$	1,988	φ \$	1.988	φ \$	1.049	φ \$	1.657
B10	25	\$ 0.04	φ \$	1.02	1,500	φ \$	2,555	φ \$	833	φ \$	1,049	φ \$	1,499	\$	1,722	φ \$	1,833	φ \$	1,900	φ \$	1,999	φ \$	1,049	φ \$	1,666
B10	40	\$ 1.06	Ψ \$	1.16	1,500	φ \$	2,561	\$	835	φ \$	1,058	Ψ \$	1,499	\$	1,726	\$	1.837	\$	2,004	Ψ \$	2.004	Ψ \$	1,058	φ \$	1,670
LED Av		÷ 1.00	Ψ	1.10	93,000	\$	- 2,001	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 2,004	\$	- 2,004	\$	-	\$	-
LLD AV	onage				33,000	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	

# Table 106: Legacy Product Moderate Maintenance Access Cost

													Present V	alue	- Difficu	ilt Ad	cess Ma	ainter	nance Co	st					
Lamp	Lamp	2017		2020	Reported	Sch	edule	Sc	hedule	Sc	hedule	G	eneral		Retail		ATM	S	ervice	S	Service	0	utdoor	0	utdoor
Туре	Wattage	Lamp		Lamp	Light		A		В		С	Ha	rdscape						tation	5	Station	[	Dining	Sal	es Lots
		Cost	Es	calation	Source Life													Har	rdscape	Ca	anopies				
DOMU	50	\$ 20.96	\$	22.90	10,000	¢	700	¢	209	¢	000	¢	419	¢	440	¢	419	¢	500	¢	500	¢	209	¢	410
PSMH PSMH	50 70	\$ 20.96 \$ 20.15	\$ \$	22.90	10,000 20,000	\$ \$	733 311	\$ \$	104	\$ \$	209	\$ \$	208	\$ \$	419 208	\$	208	\$ \$	523 208	\$	523 208	\$ \$	209	\$ \$	419 208
PSMH	100	\$ 27.99	φ \$	30.59	20,000	φ \$	337	φ \$	112	φ \$	112	φ \$	206	ֆ \$	200	\$ \$	200	φ \$	206	\$ \$	200	φ \$	112	ֆ \$	208
PSMH	150	\$ 20.96	φ \$	22.90	20,000	φ \$	314	φ \$	105	э \$	105	ֆ \$	223	Դ \$	223	φ \$	225	э \$	223	э \$	223	э \$	105	ֆ \$	223
PSMH	175	\$ 37.50	φ \$	40.98	14.000	\$	614	φ \$	123	φ \$	246	φ \$	209	φ \$	368	φ \$	368	φ \$	368	φ \$	368	φ \$	246	φ \$	368
PSMH	250	\$ 15.67	φ \$	17.12	14,000	\$	495	φ \$	99	φ \$	198	φ \$	198	φ \$	297	φ \$	297	φ \$	297	φ \$	297	φ \$	198	φ \$	297
PSMH	320	\$ 23.91	\$	26.13	20.000	\$	324	\$	108	♥ \$	108	\$	216	Ψ \$	216	♥ \$	216	Ψ \$	216	♥ \$	216	Ψ \$	108	Ψ \$	216
PSMH	400	\$ 17.06	\$	18.64	20,000	\$	301	\$	100	\$	100	\$	201	\$	201	\$	201	\$	201	\$	201	\$	100	\$	201
PSMH	750	\$ 27.66	\$	30.22	12,000	\$	560	\$	112	\$	224	\$	336	\$	336	\$	448	\$	448	\$	448	\$	224	\$	336
PSMH	1000	\$ 26.13	\$	28.55	12,000	\$	552	\$	110	\$	221	\$	331	\$	331	\$	441	\$	441	\$	441	\$	221	\$	331
CFL	18	\$ 3.83	\$	4.19	10,000	\$	602	\$	172	\$	172	\$	344	\$	344	\$	344	\$	430	\$	430	\$	172	\$	344
CFL	26	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	10,000	\$	594	\$	170	\$	170	\$	340	\$	340	\$	340	\$	425	\$	425	\$	170	\$	340
CFL	32	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	16,000	\$	343	\$	86	\$	86	\$	171	\$	171	\$	257	\$	257	\$	257	\$	86	\$	171
CFL	42	\$ 3.77	\$	4.12	16,000	\$	344	\$	86	\$	86	\$	172	\$	172	\$	258	\$	258	\$	258	\$	86	\$	172
Т8	17	\$ 2.58	\$	2.82	30,000	\$	169	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	-	\$	85
T8	25	\$ 3.81	\$	4.16	30,000	\$	172	\$	-	\$	-	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	-	\$	86
Т8	32	\$ 1.94	\$	2.12	30,000	\$	168	\$	-	\$	-	\$	84	\$	84	\$	84	\$	84	\$	84	\$	-	\$	84
T5	14	\$ 3.55	\$	3.88	25,000	\$	171	\$	-	\$	86	\$	<mark>8</mark> 6	\$	86	\$	86	\$	171	\$	171	\$	86	\$	86
Т5	21	\$ 3.89	\$	4.25	25,000	\$	172	\$	-	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	172	\$	172	\$	86	\$	86
T5	28	\$ 2.86	\$	3.13	25,000	\$	170	\$	-	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	85	\$	170	\$	170	\$	85	\$	85
T5HO	24	\$ 4.02	\$	4.39	25,000	\$	172	\$	-	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	172	\$	172	\$	86	\$	86
T5HO	39	\$ 3.72	\$	4.06	25,000	\$	172	\$	-	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	86	\$	172	\$	172	\$	86	\$	86
T5HO	54	\$ 2.31	\$	2.52	25,000	\$	169	\$	-	\$	84	\$	84	\$	84	\$	84	\$	169	\$	169	\$	84	\$	84
MR16	50	\$ 1.52	\$	1.66	6,000	\$	918	\$	250	\$	334	\$	501	\$	584	\$	668	\$	751	\$	751	\$	334	\$	584
MR16	70	\$ 5.65	\$	6.17	6,000	\$	967	\$	264	\$	352	\$	528	\$	616	\$	704	\$	792	\$	792	\$	352	\$	616
G16.5	15	\$ 0.63	\$	0.69	1,500		3,794	\$	1,237	\$	1,567	\$	2,227	\$	2,557	\$	2,721	\$	2,969	\$	2,969	\$	1,567	\$	2,474
G16.5	25	\$ 0.63	\$	0.69	1,500	<u> </u>	3,794	\$	1,237	\$	1,567	\$	2,227	\$	2,557	\$	2,721	\$	2,969	\$	2,969	\$	1,567	\$	2,474
G16.5	40	\$ 1.42	\$	1.55	1,500		3,833	\$	1,250	\$	1,583	\$	2,250	\$	2,583	\$	2,750	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	1,583	\$	2,500
B10	15	\$ 0.64	\$	0.70	1,500		3,794	\$	1,237	\$	1,567	\$	2,227	\$	2,557	\$	2,722	\$	2,969	\$	2,969	\$	1,567	\$	2,474
B10	25	\$ 0.93	\$	1.02	1,500		3,809	\$	1,242	\$	1,573	\$	2,235	\$	2,567	\$	2,732	\$	2,981	\$	2,981	\$	1,573	\$	2,484
B10	40	\$ 1.06	\$	1.16	1,500	<u> </u>	3,815	\$	1,244	\$	1,576	\$	2,239	\$	2,571	\$	2,737	\$	2,986	\$	2,986	\$	1,576	\$	2,488
LED Av	erage				93,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Table 108: Building	<b>Entrances and</b>	<b>Exits Legacy</b>	<b>Product Maintenance</b>

Area I	Light														
	Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design	l			We	ighted N	<i>Aaintena</i>	ance
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenanc	e Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt				
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)				
									(LLD)						
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$ 41	Moderate	0.856	746	37	\$82	\$ 41	\$ 21	\$ -
0.25	0.15	0.05	0.05	26	CFL	E105	\$ 40-	Moderate	0.858	1,077	38	\$ 101	\$ 61	\$ 20	\$ 20
0.25	0.20	0.15	0.10	32	CFL	E106	\$ 23	Moderate	0.860	1,440	41	\$ 59	\$ 47	\$ 35	\$ 23
0.15	0.25	0.25	0.10	42	CFL	E107	\$ 23	6 Moderate	0.860	1,920	42	\$ 35	\$ 59	\$ 59	\$ 24
0.10	0.15	0.15	0.05	50	PSMH	E045	\$ 54	2 Moderate	0.670	2,257	34	\$ 54	\$81	\$81	\$ 27
0.05	0.10	0.20	0.10	70	PSMH	E046	\$ 23	Moderate	0.740	3,675	40	\$ 12	\$ 23	\$ 46	\$ 23
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.30	100	PSMH	E047	\$ 33	Difficult	0.750	5,431	42	\$ -	\$ 17	\$ 34	\$ 101
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.30	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 31	Difficult	0.740	8,037	42	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16	\$ 94
1	1	1	1									\$ 343	\$ 328	\$ 311	\$ 313
												<b>\$</b> 010	<i>\</i> 020	<b>\$ 0</b>	φ 010
Wall I	Mount	ed Lu	minaire	9								<u> </u>	<b>\$ 010</b>	<b>•</b> • • • •	φ 010
Wall I	<b>Mount</b> Weig		minaire	e			2008	Basis of Design					ighted N		
Wall I			minaire	e Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	2008 15-year	asis of Design Maintenance		Maintained	Lumens				
	Weig	hting			Lamp Type	Luminaire		Maintenance		Maintained Luminaire	Lumens per Watt	We	ighted N	Aaintena	ince
	Weig	hting		Lamp		Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Luminaire		We	ighted N	Aaintena	ince
	Weig	hting		Lamp	Туре	Luminaire	15-year Maintenanc	Maintenance	Luminaire Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt	We	ighted N	Aaintena LZ3	ance LZ4
LZ1 0.20	Weig LZ2 0.10	hting LZ3 0.05	LZ4 0.00	Lamp Wattage 26	Type CFL	Luminaire E020	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40	Maintenance Access	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858	Luminaire Lumens 709	per Watt (LPW) 25	We LZ1 \$ 81	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20	ance LZ4 \$-
LZ1 0.20 0.25	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05	LZ4 0.00 0.05	Lamp Wattage 26 26	Type CFL CFL	E020 E020	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 40	Maintenance Access Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858	Luminaire Lumens 709 709	per Watt (LPW) 25 25	We LZ1 \$ 81 \$ 101	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32	Type CFL CFL CFL	E020 E020 E021	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 40 \$ 23	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860	Luminaire Lumens 709 709 947	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27	We LZ1 \$ 81 \$ 101 \$ 59	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35	ance LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL	E020 E020 E021 E022	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 40 \$ 23 \$ 23	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860	Luminaire Lumens 709 709 947 1,262	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27 27	We LZ1 \$ 81 \$ 101 \$ 59 \$ 35	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 59	LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 0.15	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.05	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42 50	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH	E020 E020 E021 E022 E023	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 40 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 54	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.860 0.670	Luminaire Lumens 709 709 947 1,262 1,225	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 25 27 27 18	We LZ1 \$ 81 \$ 101 \$ 59 \$ 35 \$ 54	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59 \$ 81	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 35 \$ 59 \$ 81	ance LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24 \$ 27
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 0.15 0.20	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.10	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42 50 70	CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH	E020 E020 E021 E022 E023 E024	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 54 \$ 54	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.670 0.740	Luminaire Lumens 709 709 947 1,262 1,225 1,996	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27 27 27 18 22	We           LZ1           \$ 81           \$ 101           \$ 59           \$ 35           \$ 54	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 23	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 46	LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24 \$ 27 \$ 23
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 0.15 0.20 0.10	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.10 0.30	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42 50 70 100	CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH PSMH	E020 E020 E021 E022 E023 E024 E025	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 400 \$ 230 \$ 233 \$ 233 \$ 233 \$ 543 \$ 236 \$ 333	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.670 0.740 0.750	Luminaire Lumens 709 947 1,262 1,225 1,996 2,949	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27 27 27 18 22 23	We           LZ1           \$ 81           \$ 101           \$ 59           \$ 35           \$ 54           \$ 12           \$ -	\$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 23 \$ 17	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 46 \$ 34	s - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24 \$ 27 \$ 23 \$ 101
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 0.15 0.20	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.10	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42 50 70	CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH	E020 E020 E021 E022 E023 E024	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 40 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 54 \$ 54	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.670 0.740	Luminaire Lumens 709 709 947 1,262 1,225 1,996	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27 27 27 18 22	We           LZ1           \$ 81           \$ 101           \$ 59           \$ 35           \$ 54	ighted N LZ2 \$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 23	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 46	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24 \$ 27 \$ 23
LZ1 0.20 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00	Weig LZ2 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05	hting LZ3 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.25 0.15 0.20 0.10	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.10 0.30	Lamp Wattage 26 26 32 42 50 70 100	CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH PSMH	E020 E020 E021 E022 E023 E024 E025	15-year Maintenanc Cost \$ 400 \$ 230 \$ 233 \$ 233 \$ 233 \$ 543 \$ 236 \$ 333	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.858 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.670 0.740 0.750	Luminaire Lumens 709 947 1,262 1,225 1,996 2,949	per Watt (LPW) 25 25 27 27 27 18 22 23	We           LZ1           \$ 81           \$ 101           \$ 59           \$ 35           \$ 54           \$ 12           \$ -	\$ 40 \$ 61 \$ 47 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 23 \$ 17	Aaintena LZ3 \$ 20 \$ 20 \$ 35 \$ 59 \$ 81 \$ 46 \$ 34 \$ 16	snce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 23 \$ 24 \$ 27 \$ 23 \$ 23 \$ 101

### **Table 109: Primary Entrance Legacy Product Maintenance**

Downlight 2000 Project Desire												_						
W	/eigh	ting					200	Basis of Desig	jn				W	eighted	Main	tenan	ce	
LZ1 LZ	Z2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Lamp Type	Luminaire	15-year Maintenance Cost	Maintenance Access	Luminaire Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Maintained Luminaire Lumens	Lumens per Watt (LPW)	L	Z1	LZ2	L	.Z3	LZ	Z4
0.50 0.3	35 (	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E140	\$ 164	Moderate	0.860	685	20	\$	82	\$ 57	\$	16	\$	8
0.30 0.3	30 (	0.20	0.15	42	CFL	E141	\$ 164	Moderate	0.860	913	20	\$	49	\$ 49	\$	33	\$	25
0.15 0.3	20 (	0.25	0.25	70	PSMH	E097	\$ 109	Moderate	0.740	1,895	21	\$	16	\$ 22	\$	27	\$	27
0.05 0.	10 (	0.30	0.30	100	PSMH	E098	\$ 164	Difficult	0.750	2,801	22	\$	8	\$ 16	\$	49	\$	49
1 1	1	1	1									\$	155	\$ 144	\$	125	\$	109
				Wall Pag	ck							_						
	/eigh	<u> </u>						Basis of Desig						eighted				
LZ1 LZ	Z2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	,	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		Z1	LZ2	L	.Z3	LZ	Z4
				Wattage	lype		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per					I	l i	
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt					I	l i	
0.40 0.3	20 (	0.10	0.00	26	CFL	E020	\$ 136	Easy	(LLD) 0.858	709	(LPW) 25	\$	55	\$ 27	\$	14	\$	-
			0.00	32	CFL	E020	\$ 164	,	0.858	947	25	3 \$	55 41	\$ 41	5	25	3 \$	- {
			0.05	32 42	CFL	E021	\$ 164		0.860	1.262	27	3 \$	33	\$ 33		25	3 \$	1(
			0.10	70	PSMH	E022	\$ 109		0.300	1,202	22	\$	11	\$ 16		22	\$	1
			0.15	100	PSMH	E024	\$ 164		0.750	2,949	23	\$	8	\$ 16		33	\$	2
	_		0.25	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 164		0.740	4,364	23	\$	-	\$ 8		8	\$	4
			0.25	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 245		0.700	4,721	24	\$	-	\$ 12		25	\$	6
		0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 245		0.700	6,787	23		-	\$ -	\$	12	\$	2
1.00 1.0	00	1.00	1.00	Area	•						·	\$	147	\$ 154	\$	162	\$	18
W	/eigh	ting					200	Basis of Desig	n				W	eighted	Main	tenan	ce	
	<u> </u>	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire		Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	Z1	LZ2		Z3		Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance Cost	Access	Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Luminaire Lumens	per Watt (LPW)							
0.05 0.	05 (	0.00	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$ 273	Moderate	0.856	746	37	\$	14	\$ 14	\$	-	\$	-
0.10 0.	05 (	0.00	0.00	26	CFL	E105	\$ 409	Difficult	0.858	1,077	38	\$	41	\$ 20	\$	-	\$	-
0.20 0.	10 (	0.10	0.00	32	CFL	E106	\$ 245	Difficult	0.860	1,440	41	\$	49	\$ 25	-	25	\$	-
			0.10	42	CFL	E107	\$ 245		0.860	1,920	42	\$	49	\$ 37		25	\$	2
			0.10	50	PSMH	E136	\$ 409		0.670	1,558	23	\$	82	\$ 82		61	\$	4
0.15 0.3			0.20	70	PSMH	E137	\$ 164		0.740	3,098	34	\$	25	\$ 41	\$	41	\$	3
	15 (	0.25	0.30	100	PSMH	E138	\$ 164	Difficult	0.750	4,736	37	\$	16	\$ 25	\$	41	\$	4
0 00 0	~ E (	~ T	0.00	4.50	I D OLL II	<b>E</b> 100	6 10/	D.105 H	0 705	0.070				<b>^</b>		05		

164

Difficult

0.705

6,372

34

0.00 0.05 0.15 0.30 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

8 \$ \$ 275 \$ 251 \$ 217 \$ 196

49

25 \$

\$

\$ -

150

PSMH

E139

\$

### Table 110: Drive-Up Windows Legacy Product Maintenance

WeightingWeighted MainteeLZ1LZ2LZ3LZ4LampLampLuminaire15-yearMaintenanceLuminaireLuminaireLuminaireLuminaireLZ1LZ2LZMaintenanceCostCostCostLumenLumensWattLUMLULULULU	ance LZ4
WattageTypeMaintenanceAccessLumenLuminaireperCostDepreciationLumensWatt	LZ4
Cost Depreciation Lumens Watt	
0.10 0.05 0.00 0.00 50 PSMH E054 \$ 542 Moderate 0.670 1,337 20 \$ 54 \$ 27 \$ -	\$ -
0.20 0.15 0.05 0.10 70 PSMH E055 \$ 230 Moderate 0.740 2,177 24 \$ 46 \$ 35 \$	\$ 23
0.30 0.25 0.20 0.30 100 PSMH E056 \$ 337 Difficult 0.750 3,216 25 \$101 \$ 84 \$ 0	\$ 101
0.40 0.55 0.75 0.60 150 PSMH E057 \$ 314 Difficult 0.740 4,759 25 \$126 \$173 \$2	\$ 188

#### 1 1 1 1

# \$ 327 \$ 319 \$ 314 \$ 313

				Ceiling N	lounte	d, Full Cut	-Off					_			
	Weig	hting					2008 B	asis of Design				We	ighted N	laintena	nce
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per				
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	Watt				
									(LLD)		(LPW)				
0.40	0.40	0.40	0.40	70	PSMH	E035	\$ 230	Moderate	0.740	2,432	26	\$ 92	\$ 92	\$ 92	\$ 92
0.60	0.60	0.60	0.60	100	PSMH	E036	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	3,593	28	\$ 202	\$ 202	\$ 202	\$ 202
1	1	1	1									\$ 294	\$ 294	\$ 294	\$ 294

# Table 111: Uncovered Fuel Dispenser Legacy Product Maintenance

				Area				_							
	Weig	hting						W	eighted N	laintenar	nce				
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt				
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)				
									(LLD)						
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 255	Moderate	0.750	3,876	30	\$ 51	\$ 26	\$ 13	\$ -
0.30	0.20	0.10	0.05	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 232	Moderate	0.740	5,737	30	\$ 70	\$ 46	\$ 23	\$ 12
0.30	0.30	0.30	0.25	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 477	Moderate	0.700	5,895	30	\$ 143	\$ 143	\$ 143	\$ 119
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 358	Moderate	0.700	9,801	34	\$ 72	\$ 107	\$ 125	\$ 143
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 219	Moderate	0.700	17,046	38	\$ -	\$ 22	\$ 44	\$ 66

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 335 \$ 344 \$ 348 \$ 340

				Wall Mo	unted														
	Weig	Ihting					2008	Basis of Design					W	eigh	ted N	/laint	tenan	се	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	Z1	L	Z2	L	Z3	Ľ	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)								
									(LLD)										
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.05	26	CFL	E020	\$ 231	Moderate	0.858	709	25	\$	46	\$	46	\$	35	\$	12
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.15	32	CFL	E021	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	947	27	\$	29	\$	29	\$	29	\$	18
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.10	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 170	Moderate	0.750	2949	23	\$	43	\$	34	\$	17	\$	17
0.20	0.20	0.25	0.30	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 155	Moderate	0.740	4364	23	\$	31	\$	31	\$	39	\$	46
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.25	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 286	Moderate	0.700	4721	24	\$	29	\$	29	\$	43	\$	72
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.15	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 215	Moderate	0.700	6787	23	\$	-	\$	11	\$	21	\$	32
										•									

\$ 177 \$ 180 \$ 184 \$ 196

				Area															
	Weig	hting					2008 B	asis of Design					W	eigh	ted N	/lain	tenan	се	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	.Z1	L	Z2	L	.Z3	L	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
				-			Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)								
									(LLD)										
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	3,876	30	\$	34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	5,737	30	\$	63	\$	31	\$	-	\$	-
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	5,895	30	\$	154	\$	123	\$	61	\$	-
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	9,801	34	\$	99	\$	124	\$	99	\$	50
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	320	PSMH	E074	\$ 324	Difficult	0.700	12,571	34	\$	49	\$	65	\$	65	\$	49
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.20	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 301	Difficult	0.700	17,046	38	\$	30	\$	45	\$	75	\$	60
0.00	0.05	0.15	0.25	750	PSMH	E076	\$ 560	Difficult	0.700	32,399	40	\$	-	\$	28	\$	84	\$	140
0.00	0.00	0.10	0.30	1000	PSMH	E077	\$ 552	Difficult	0.701	49,590	46	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55	\$	166

### \$ 428 \$ 433 \$ 440 \$ 464

				Flood																			
	Weig	phting			2008 Basis of Design											Weighted Maintenance							
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	ed Lumens		.Z1	LZ2		LZ3		L	.Z4				
				Wattage	attage Type Maintenance Access Lumen Luminaire per Watt																		
				-			Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)												
									(LLD)														
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E126	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	5,315	41	\$	34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-				
0.20	0.10	0.00	0.00	150	PSMH	E127	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	7,728	41	\$	63	\$	31	\$	-	\$	-				
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.00	175	PSMH	E078	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	8,053	41	\$	154	\$	123	\$	61	\$	-				
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.10	250	PSMH	E128	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	12,275	42	\$	99	\$	124	\$	99	\$	50				
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.15	320	PSMH	E079	\$ 324	Difficult	0.700	14,847	40	\$	49	\$	65	\$	65	\$	49				
0.10	0.20	0.30	0.30	400	PSMH	E129	\$ 301	Difficult	0.700	19,640	43	\$	30	\$	60	\$	90	\$	90				
0.00	0.00	0.20	0.45	1000	PSMH	E130	\$ 552	Difficult	0.701	42,582	39	\$	-	\$	-	\$	110	\$	248				

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 428 \$ 420 \$ 426 \$ 437

	Decorative Area																			
	Weighting 2008 Basis of Design												Weighted Maintenance							
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1		LZ2		LZ3		LZ4		
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	minaire per Watt									
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)									
									(LLD)											
0.25	0.15	0.10	0.05	50	PSMH	E132	\$ 542	Moderate	0.670	584	9	\$	136	\$	81	\$	54	\$	27	
0.20	0.25	0.20	0.20	70	PSMH	E133	\$ 230	Moderate	0.740	928	10	\$	46	\$	58	\$	46	\$	46	
0.15	0.20	0.30	0.25	100	PSMH	E134	\$ 255	Moderate	0.750	1256	10	\$	38	\$	51	\$	77	\$	64	
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.30	150	PSMH	E135	\$ 232	Moderate	0.740	1652	9	\$	12	\$	12	\$	35	\$	70	
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	42	CFL	E099	\$ 235	Moderate	0.860	1237	27	\$	47	\$	35	\$	24	\$	12	
0.15	0.20	0.15	0.15	57	CFL	E100	\$ 235	Moderate	0.860	1662	27	\$	35	\$	47	\$	35	\$	35	

\$ 314 \$ 284 \$ 270 \$ 253

Wall Mounted Full Cutoff																			
Weighting			2008 Basis of Design										Weighted Maintenance						
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire			Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4		
				Wattage			Maintena	nce	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per							
				Ũ			Cost			Depreciation	Lumens	Watt							
										(LLD)		(LPW)							
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	26	CFL	E012	\$	231	Moderate	0.858	927	33	\$	23	\$ 23	\$ 12	\$ 12		
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E013	\$	117	Moderate	0.860	1,238	35	\$	18	\$ 12	\$ 12	\$ 6		
0.30	0.25	0.20	0.10	42	CFL	E014	\$	117	Moderate	0.860	1,651	36	\$	35	\$ 29	\$ 23	\$ 12		
0.15	0.20	0.10	0.20	50	PSMH	E023	\$	310	Moderate	0.670	1,225	18	\$	47	\$ 62	\$ 31	\$ 62		
0.15	0.20	0.15	0.10	70	PSMH	E001	\$	153	Moderate	0.740	3,253	35	\$	23	\$ 31	\$ 23	\$ 15		
0.10	0.05			100	PSMH		\$	170	Moderate	0.750	2,949	23	\$	17	\$ 9	\$ 34	\$ 34		
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E026	\$	115	Moderate	0.740	4,364	23	\$	6	\$6	\$ 17	\$ 23		
0.00	0.05	0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E042	\$	215	Moderate	0.700	4,721	16	\$	-	\$ 11	\$ 11	\$ 22		
1.00	1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00 \$ 168 \$ 182 \$ 163 \$ 185												\$ 185						
				Ground	Mounte	d Floodlig	ht												
	Weig	ghting		2008 Basis of Design								Weighted Maintenance							
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year		Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4		
				Wattage	Туре		Maintena	nce	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per							
							Cost			Depreciation	Lumens	Watt							
										(LLD)		(LPW)							
1.00	0.45	0.25	0.25	100	PSMH		\$	116	Easy	0.750	4,424	34		116	\$ 52	\$ 29	\$ 29		
0.00	0.45		0.35	175	PSMH		\$	205	Easy	0.700	7,680	39	\$		\$ 92	\$ 103	\$ 72		
0.00	0.10	0.25	0.40	250	PSMH	E040	\$	133	Easy	0.700	10,081	35	\$	-	\$ 13	\$ 33	\$ 53		
1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00										\$	116	\$ 158	\$ 165	\$ 154					
_																			
	Cylindrical										Weighted Maintenance								
LZ1	LZ2	phting LZ3	LZ4	Laman	1.0.00.0	Luminaira	15-year	2008 B	asis of Design	Luminoire	Lumana		vve Z1	LZ2	LZ3	nce LZ4			
			LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	,		Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained			۲٦	LZZ	LZ3	LZ4		
				Wattage	Type		Maintena	nce	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
							Cost			Depreciation	Lumens								
0.00	0.15	0.05	0.00	50	MD40	E002	\$	202	Moderate	(LLD)	752	(LPW)	¢	110	\$ 59	\$ 20	\$ -		
0.30	0.15			50 75	MR16 MR16			393		0.900		15		118					
			0.05	75 50	-		\$ \$	425	Moderate	0.900	1,062	14 22		128 47	\$ 64 \$ 93	\$ 43 \$ 78	\$ 21 \$ 31		
	0.30				PSMH PSMH			310	Moderate Moderate	0.670	1,493		\$						
	0.25		0.25	70 100			\$ \$	153 170	Moderate Moderate	0.740 0.750	2,432 3,593	26 28	\$ \$	23 17	\$ 38 \$ 26	\$ 54 \$ 43	\$ 38 \$ 102		
0.10	0.15	0.20	0.00	100	PSMH	2030	Φ	170	Moderate	0.750	3,393	28	Ф	17	φ 20	<b>Φ</b> 43	φ 102		
1.00	1 00	1.00	1 00										¢	332	\$ 270	\$ 236	\$ 193		
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00										Ψ	00Z	ψ 219	ψ 200	ψ 193		

# Table 115: Building Facades Legacy Product Maintenance

### Table 116: Outdoor Sales Lots Legacy Product Maintenance

Weighting																			
					200	8 Ba	asis of Design						W	eigh	nted M	laint	tenan	ce	
LZ1 LZ2 LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Ν	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1		L	Z2	L	Z3	l	Z4
		Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	÷ /	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt									
					Cost			Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)									
								(LLD)											
0.10 0.05 0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 33	37	Difficult	0.750	2,949	23		\$	34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-
0.20 0.10 0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 3	14	Difficult	0.740	4,364	23	Γ	\$	63	\$	31	\$	47	\$	16
0.25 0.15 0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 6'	14	Difficult	0.700	4,721	24	Γ	\$1	53	\$	92	\$	123	\$	92
0.25 0.30 0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 49	95	Difficult	0.700	6,787	23	Γ	\$ 1	24	\$	148	\$	148	\$	148
0.20 0.40 0.35	0.50	320	PSMH	E044	\$ 32	24	Difficult	0.700	8,705	24		\$	65	\$	129	\$	113	\$	162

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 438 \$ 418 \$ 432 \$ 418

	Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design					N	/eigl	nted M	laint	tenan	ce	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	L	.Z2	L	Z3	L	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
				-	Cost Depreciation Lumens (LPV (LLD)														
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	3,876	30	\$	34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	7,926	42	\$	63	\$	31	\$	47	\$	16
0.25	0.15	0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E037	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	5,895	30	9	153	\$	92	\$	123	\$	92
0.25	0.30	0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E073	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	9,801	34	\$	124	\$	148	\$	148	\$	148
0.20	0.40	0.35	0.50	400	PSMH	E075	\$ 301	Difficult	0.700	17,046	38	\$	60	\$	121	\$	105	\$	151

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 434 \$ 409 \$ 424 \$ 407

#### Table 117: Vehicle Service Station Hardscapes Legacy Product Maintenance

					W all Mo	unted														
		Weig	hting						2008 E	asis of Design				V	/eig	hted M	lain	tenan	ce	
L	.Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year		Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	l	.Z2	L	Z3	l	_Z4
					Wattage	Туре		Mainten	ance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
								Cost			Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
											(LLD)									
0	.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E025	\$	337	Difficult	0.750	2,949	23	\$ 34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-
0	.20	0.10	0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E026	\$	314	Difficult	0.740	4,364	23	\$ 63	\$	31	\$	47	\$	16
0	.25	0.15	0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E042	\$	614	Difficult	0.700	4,721	24	\$ 153	\$	92	\$	123	\$	92
0	.25	0.30	0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E043	\$	495	Difficult	0.700	6,787	23	\$ 124	\$	148	\$	148	\$	148
0	.20	0.40	0.35	0.50	320	PSMH	E044	\$	324	Difficult	0.700	8,705	24	\$65	\$	129	\$	113	\$	162
0.	.20 .25 .25	0.10 0.15 0.30	0.15 0.20 0.30	0.05 0.15 0.30	150 175 250	PSMH PSMH PSMH	E026 E042 E043	\$ \$ \$	314 614 495	Difficult Difficult Difficult	0.740 0.700 0.700	4,364 4,721 6,787	23 24 23	\$63 \$153 \$124	\$ \$ \$	31 92 148	\$ \$ \$ \$	123 148	3 8	3 \$ 8 \$

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 438 \$ 418 \$ 432 \$ 418

				Area																	
	Weig	hting						2008 B	asis of Design						W	eigh	nted M	aint	tenan	ce	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year		Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		L	Z1	L	Z2	L	Z3	L	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintena	ance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt									
					Cost Depreciation Lumens (I																
					Cost Depreciation Lumens (LLD)																
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	100	PSMH	E070	\$	337	Difficult	0.750	3,876	30		\$	34	\$	17	\$	-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.15	0.05	150	PSMH	E048	\$	314	Difficult	0.740	7,926	42		\$	63	\$	31	\$	47	\$	16
0.25	0.15	0.20	0.15	175	PSMH	E037	\$	614	Difficult	0.700	5,895	30		\$	153	\$	92	\$	123	\$	92
0.25	0.30	0.30	0.30	250	PSMH	E073	\$	495	Difficult	0.700	9,801	34		\$	124	\$	148	\$	148	\$	148
0.20	0.40	0.35	0.50	400	PSMH	E075	\$	301	Difficult	0.700	17,046	38		\$	60	\$	121	\$	105	\$	151
			·			•							_								

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 434 \$ 409 \$ 424 \$ 407

#### Table 118: Vehicle Service Station-Canopies Legacy Product Maintenance

					Downlig	nt													
		Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design					We	eighte	ed M	ainter	anc	e
LZ	71	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	LZ	2	LZ3		LZ4
					Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
								Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
										(LLD)									
0.1	15	0.15	0.05	0.05	70	PSMH	E049	\$ 230	Moderate	0.740	2,234	24	\$	35	\$	35	\$ 1	2 \$	\$ 12
0.2	20	0.20	0.20	0.10	100	PSMH	E050	\$ 255	Moderate	0.750	3,683	29	\$	51	\$	51	\$ 5	1 5	\$ 26
0.3	30	0.25	0.20	0.10	175	PSMH	E058	\$ 382	Moderate	0.700	5,584	28	\$	115	\$	96	\$ 7	6 5	\$ 38
0.3	35	0.40	0.55	0.75	250	PSMH	E059	\$ 287	Moderate	0.700	8,028	28	\$	100	\$ 1	15	\$ 15	8 3	\$ 215
					I					ł			-					-	

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 301 \$ 296 \$ 297 \$ 290

		LZ3LZ4LampLampLuminaire15-yearMaintenanceMaintenanceLuminaireLuminaireLumenWattageTypeTypeMaintenanceAccessLumenLumenLumensPer W0.000.00(2) 32CFLE051\$ 117Moderate0.8601,8760.050.05(2) 42CFLE052\$ 117Moderate0.8602,2760.100.10(2) 57CFLE053\$ 117Moderate0.8602,8000.0050PSMHE054\$ 310Moderate0.6701,337																	
	Weig	hting							We	eight	ed M	ainte	nano	се					
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	l	.Z1	L	Z2	LZ:	3	LZ	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)								
									(LLD)										
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	(2) 32	CFL	E051	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	1,876	28	\$	6	\$	6	\$	-	\$	-
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	(2) 42	CFL	E052	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	2,276	24	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	6
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.10	(2) 57	CFL	E053	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	2,800	22	\$	-	\$	6	\$ 1	2	\$	12
0.10	0.05	0.00	0.00	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 310	Moderate	0.670	1,337	20	\$	31	\$	15	\$	-	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	70	PSMH	E055	\$ 153	Moderate	0.740	2,177	24	\$	31	\$	15	\$	8	\$	8
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.10	100	PSMH	E056	\$ 170	Moderate	0.750	3,216	25	\$	43	\$	34	<b>\$</b> 1	7	\$	17
0.35	0.50	0.70	0.70	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 155	Moderate	0.740	4,759	25	\$	54	\$	77	\$ 10	8(	\$ 1	108

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 170 \$ 160 \$ 151 \$ 151

				Downligh	IL							_						
	Weig	phting					2008	Basis of Design	1				W	eight	ed N	lainte	nan	се
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	L	72	LZ3	3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt					1		
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)					1		
									(LLD)									
0.05	0.00	0.00	0.00	13	CFL	E004	\$ 235	Moderate	0.855	476	30	\$	5 12	\$	-	\$	-	\$-
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	18	CFL	E005	\$ 235	Moderate	0.856	693	35	\$	5 12	\$	12	\$	-	\$-
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	26	CFL	E027	\$ 231	Moderate	0.858	696	25	\$	5 12	\$	12	<b>\$</b> 1	12	\$-
0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05	32	CFL	E028	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	930	27	\$	5 12	\$	6	\$	6	\$6
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	42	CFL	E029	\$ 117	Moderate	0.860	1,240	27	\$	5 12	\$	12	\$	6	\$6
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.10	(2) 32	CFL	E051	\$ 234	Moderate	0.860	1,876	28	\$		\$	23	\$	23	\$ 23
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.10	(2) 42	CFL	E052	\$ 234	Moderate	0.860	2,276	24	\$	35	\$	23	\$ 2	23	\$ 23
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.10	(2) 57	CFL	E053	\$ 344	Difficult	0.860	2,800	22	\$	5 17	\$	17	` \$	17	\$ 34
0.15	0.05	0.05	0.05	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 310	Moderate	0.670	1,337	20	\$	6 47	\$	16	` \$	16	\$ 16
0.10	0.15	0.15	0.05	70	PSMH	E055	\$ 153	Moderate	0.740	2,177	24	\$	5 15	\$	23	\$	23	\$8
0.05	0.15	0.15	0.10	100	PSMH	E056	\$ 170	Moderate	0.750	3,216	25	\$	9	\$	26	\$	26	\$ 17
0.00	0.10	0.10	0.15	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 209	Difficult	0.740	4,759	25	\$		\$	21	\$	21	\$ 31
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.15	175	PSMH	E058	\$ 368	Difficult	0.700	5,584	28 28	\$		\$	18	\$	37	\$ 55
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E059	\$ 297	Difficult	0.700	8,028	28	\$	-	\$	-	` \$	15	\$ 30
												_						
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									\$	216	\$	208	\$ 22	24	\$ 249
				Recesse	d Linear	Fluorescer	nt											
		hting					2008	Basis of Design	1					<u> </u>		lainte		
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	L	Z2	LZ:	3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt					1		
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)					1		
									(LLD)							L		
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.05	25	T8	E119	\$ 27	Moderate	0.921	1,640	63	\$	3	\$	3	\$	1	\$ 1
0.15	0.10	0.05	0.05	32	T8	E121	\$ 28	Moderate	0.949	2,240	68	\$		\$	3	\$	1	\$ 1
0.15	0.10	0.15	0.10	(2) 32	T8	E118	\$ 56	Moderate	0.949	3,092	47	\$		\$	6	\$	8	\$ 6
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05	21	T5	E120	\$ 59	Moderate	0.952	2,210	88	\$		\$	6	\$	6	\$ 3
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.05	28	T5	E114	\$ 58	Moderate	0.948	2,006	65	\$	9	\$	6	\$	6	\$ 3
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	(2) 21	T5	E123	\$ 118	Moderate	0.952	2,677	54	\$			12			\$ 12
0.15	0.40	0.45	0.45	(0) 00	TE		¢ 440	Madavata	0.040	0.040	50	đ	× 47	¢.	40	Ċ.	17	¢ 47

### Table 119: Sales Canopies Legacy Product Maintenance

Downlight

1.00 1.00	1.00	1.00
-----------	------	------

0.15

0.05

0.05

0.00

LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-yea	ar	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	L	Z2	Ľ	Z3	LZ	Z4
			Wattage	Туре		Mainte	enance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
						Cost			Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
									(LLD)									
0.10	0.05	0.05	25	T8	E119	\$	27	Moderate	0.921	1,640	63	\$ 3	\$	3	\$	1	\$	1
0.10	0.05	0.05	32	T8	E121	\$	28	Moderate	0.949	2,240	68	\$ 4	\$	3	\$	1	\$	1
0.10	0.15	0.10	(2) 32	T8	E118	\$	56	Moderate	0.949	3,092	47	\$ 8	\$	6	\$	8	\$	6
0.10	0.10	0.05	21	T5	E120	\$	59	Moderate	0.952	2,210	88	\$ 6	\$	6	\$	6	\$	3
0.10	0.10	0.05	28	T5	E114	\$	58	Moderate	0.948	2,006	65	\$ 9	\$	6	\$	6	\$	3
0.10	0.10	0.10	(2) 21	T5	E123	\$	118	Moderate	0.952	2,677	54	\$ 12	\$	12	\$	12	\$	12
0.10	0.15	0.15	(2) 28	T5	E117	\$	116	Moderate	0.948	3,642	59	\$ 17	\$	12	\$	17	\$	17
0.10	0.15	0.15	54	T5HO	E122	\$	57	Moderate	0.950	3,800	61	\$ 3	\$	6	\$	9	\$	9
0.10	0.10	0.15	(2) 39	T5HO	E124	\$	118	Moderate	0.950	4,452	54	\$ 6	\$	12	\$	12	\$	18
0.10	0.05	0.15	(2) 54	T5HO	E125	\$	114	Moderate	0.950	7,600	61	\$ -	\$	11	\$	6	\$	17
1.00	1.00	1.00										\$ 68	\$	75	\$	78	\$	87

#### Table 120: Non-Sales Canopies and Pedestrian Tunnels Legacy Product Maintenance

				Downlight														
	Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design				W	eight	ed M	ainte	enan	ice	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	_Z1	LZ	72	LZ	Z3	LZ	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt						1	
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)						1	
									(LLD)								1	
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.05	13	CFL	E004	\$ 273	Moderate	0.855	476	30	\$ 55	\$	41	69	27	\$	14
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.05	18	CFL	E005	\$ 273	Moderate	0.856	693	35	\$ 55	\$	55	\$	41	\$	14
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.10	26	CFL	E027	\$ 273	Moderate	0.858	696	25	\$ 55	\$	55	\$	41	\$	27
0.10	0.10	0.15	0.15	32	CFL	E028	\$ 164	Moderate	0.860	930	27	\$ 16	\$	16	\$	25	\$	25
0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	42	CFL	E029	\$ 164	Moderate	0.860	1,240	27	\$ 8	\$	16	69	25	\$	33
0.10	0.05	0.05	0.05	50	PSMH	E054	\$ 273	Moderate	0.670	1,337	20	\$ 27	\$	14	\$	14	\$	14
0.10	0.05	0.10	0.10	70	PSMH	E049	\$ 109	Moderate	0.740	2,234	24	\$ 11	\$	5	\$	11	\$	11
0.05	0.10	0.10	0.15	100	PSMH	E050	\$ 164	Diffic ult	0.750	3,683	29	\$ 8	\$	16	\$	16	\$	25
0.00	0.05	0.05	0.15	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 164	Diffic ult	0.740	4,759	25	\$ -	\$	8	\$	8	\$	25

#### 1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

#### \$ 234 \$ 226 \$ 207 \$ 185

				Reces	sed Linear i	Fluorescent												
	Weig	phting					2008	Basis of Design				W	eigh	ted M	lainte	enan	се	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	L	Z2	Ľ	Z3	LZ	Z4
				Watta	ge Type		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
									(LLD)									
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	25	T8	E119	\$ 55	Moderate	0.921	1,640	63	\$ 3	\$	3	\$	3	\$	3
0.20	0.15	0.15	0.10	32	T8	E121	\$ 55	Moderate	0.949	2,240	68	\$ 11	\$	8	\$	8	\$	5
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.15	(2) 3	2 T8	E118	\$ 109	Moderate	0.949	3,092	47	\$ 22	\$	22	\$	22	\$	16
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	21	T5	E120	\$ 109	Moderate	0.952	2,210	88	\$ 5	\$	5	\$	5	69	5
0.20	0.15	0.15	0.10	28	T5	E114	\$ 109	Moderate	0.948	2,006	65	\$ 22	\$	16	\$	16	\$	11
0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	(2) 2	1 T5	E123	\$ 218	Moderate	0.952	2,677	54	\$ 11	\$	22	\$	11	\$	11
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.15	(2) 2	8 T5	E117	\$ 218	Moderate	0.948	3,642	59	\$ 44	\$	44	\$	44	\$	33
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	54	T5HO	E122	\$ 109	Moderate	0.950	3,800	61	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5	\$	11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	(2) 3	9 T5HO	E124	\$ 218	Moderate	0.950	4,452	54	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	(2) 5	4 T5HO	E125	\$ 218	Moderate	0.950	7,600	61	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	22

#### 0.95 0.90 0.90 0.90

				Gaskete	ed Linear Fi	uorescent													
	Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design					W	eight	ed M	lainte	nan	ce	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	L	.Z2	LZ	23	LZ	4
				Wattage	e Type		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)								
									(LLD)										
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	17	T8	E082	\$ 55	Moderate	0.929	1,037	55	5	; 3	\$	3	\$	3	\$	3
0.20	0.15	0.15	0.10	32	T8	E085	\$ 55	Moderate	0.949	2,104	64	5	; 11	\$	8	\$	8	\$	5
0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	(2) 17	T8	E088	\$ 109	Moderate	0.929	2,074	55	5	; 5	\$	11	\$	5	\$	5
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.15	(2) 32	T8	E091	\$ 109	Moderate	0.949	4,208	64	5	22	\$	22	\$	22	\$	16
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	14	T5	E081	\$ 109	Moderate	0.944	859	51	5	; 5	\$	5	\$	5	\$	5
0.20	0.15	0.15	0.10	28	T5	E084	\$ 109	Moderate	0.948	1,853	60	5	22	\$	16	\$	16	\$	11
0.05	0.10	0.05	0.05	(2) 14	T5	E087	\$ 218	Moderate	0.944	1,719	51	5		\$	22	\$	11	*	11
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.15	(2) 28	T5	E090	\$ 218	Moderate	0.948	4,133	67	5	5 44	\$	44	\$	44	\$ 3	33
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.05	24	T5HO	E083	\$ 109	Moderate	0.950	1,427	53	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5	\$	5
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	54	T5HO	E086	\$ 109	Moderate	0.950	3,569	58	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5	\$	11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	(2) 24	T5HO	E089	\$ 218	Moderate	0.950	2,561	47	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	(2) 54	T5HO	E092	\$ 218	Moderate	0.950	5,453	44	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2	22

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 117 \$ 120 \$ 114 \$ 128

\$ 123 \$ 131 \$ 125 \$ 139

### Table 121: Guard Station Legacy Product Maintenance

				Wall Pack	k											
	Weig	hting					2008 I	Basis of Design					We	eighted N	/laintena	ince
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	L	Z1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4			
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt					
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)					
									(LLD)							
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	26	CFL	E020	\$ 404	Moderate	0.858	709	25	\$	81	\$ 40	\$ 20	\$ 20
0.25	0.15	0.05	0.05	32	CFL	E021	\$ 234	Moderate	0.860	947	27	\$	58	\$ 35	\$ 12	\$ 12
0.25	0.20	0.10	0.05	42	CFL	E022	\$ 235	Moderate	0.860	1,262	27	\$	59	\$ 47	\$ 23	\$ 12
0.15	0.25	0.25	0.15	70	PSMH	E024	\$ 230	Moderate	0.740	1,996	22	\$	34	\$ 57	\$ 57	\$ 34
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.20	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	2,949	23	\$	34	\$ 51	\$ 84	\$ 67
0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	4,364	23	\$	16	\$ 31	\$ 47	\$ 63
0.00	0.05	0.10	0.20	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	4,721	24	\$	-	\$ 31	\$ 61	\$ 123
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	6,787	23	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 49
												_				-
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									\$	282	\$ 292	¢ 220	¢ 380
												Ψ	202	ψ 292	φ 330	\$ 300
				A								<u> </u>	202	ψ 292	φ 330	\$ 300
	Waia	ubting		Area			2009.1	Dogio of Dogion				Ţ		, .		. ·
	Weig				11	1		Basis of Design	1		1		We	eighted N	laintena	ince
LZ1	Weig LZ2	hting LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens			, .		. ·
LZ1	¥				Lamp Type		15-year Maintenance		Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt		We	eighted N	laintena	ince
LZ1	¥			Lamp			15-year	Maintenance	Lumen Depreciation				We	eighted N	laintena	ince
	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp Wattage	Туре		15-year Maintenance Cost	Maintenance Access	Lumen Depreciation (LLD)	Luminaire Lumens	per Watt (LPW)		We _Z1	eighted M	laintena	INCE
0.05	LZ2 0.05	LZ3 0.00	LZ4 0.00	Lamp Wattage 18	Type	E104	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411	Maintenance Access Moderate	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856	Luminaire Lumens 746	per Watt (LPW) 37	\$	We _Z1 _21	eighted N LZ2 \$ 21	Aaintena LZ3 \$-	nce LZ4 \$ -
0.05	LZ2 0.05 0.10	LZ3 0.00 0.05	LZ4 0.00 0.05	Lamp Wattage 18 26	Type CFL CFL	E104 E105	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077	per Watt (LPW) 37 38	\$	Wa _Z1 _21 	eighted N LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20
0.05 0.20 0.20	LZ2 0.05 0.10 0.15	LZ3 0.00 0.05 0.05	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.05	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32	Type CFL CFL CFL	E104 E105 E106	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41	\$\$\$	We _Z1 _21 	eighted N LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12
0.05 0.20 0.20 0.25	LZ2 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20	LZ3 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.10	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.05	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32 42	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL	E104 E105 E106 E107	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234 \$ 235	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860 0.860	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440 1,920	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41 42	\$ \$ \$	We _Z1 _21 _81 _47 _59	eighted N LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35 \$ 47	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 23	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 12
0.05 0.20 0.20 0.25 0.15	0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.20	0.00 0.05 0.10 0.25	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.15	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32 42 70	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH	E104 E105 E106 E107 E069	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234 \$ 235 \$ 311	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Difficult	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.740	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440 1,920 2,623	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41 42 29	\$ \$ \$	Wo _Z1 _21 	eighted N LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35 \$ 47 \$ 62	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 23 \$ 78	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 47
0.05 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10	LZ2 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.20 0.15	LZ3 0.00 0.05 0.10 0.25 0.25	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.20	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32 42 70 100	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH	E104 E105 E106 E107 E069 E070	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234 \$ 235 \$ 311 \$ 337	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Difficult	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.740 0.750	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440 1,920 2,623 3,876	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41 42 29 30	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Wo _Z1 21 81 47 59 47 34	sighted M LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35 \$ 47 \$ 62 \$ 51	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 23 \$ 78 \$ 84	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 47 \$ 67
0.05 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05	LZ2 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.20 0.15 0.10	0.00 0.05 0.05 0.10 0.25 0.25 0.15	0.00 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.20 0.20	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32 42 70 100 150	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH PSMH	E104 E105 E106 E107 E069 E070 E071	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234 \$ 235 \$ 311 \$ 337 \$ 314	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Difficult Difficult	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.740 0.750 0.740	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440 1,920 2,623 3,876 5,737	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41 42 29 30 30	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	We _Z1 _21 	sighted M LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35 \$ 47 \$ 62 \$ 51 \$ 31	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 23 \$ 78 \$ 84 \$ 84 \$ 47	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 47 \$ 67 \$ 63
0.05 0.20 0.25 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00	LZ2 0.05 0.10 0.15 0.20 0.20 0.15	0.00 0.05 0.05 0.25 0.25 0.15 0.10	LZ4 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.15 0.20 0.20 0.20	Lamp Wattage 18 26 32 42 70 100	Type CFL CFL CFL CFL PSMH PSMH	E104 E105 E106 E107 E069 E070	15-year Maintenance Cost \$ 411 \$ 404 \$ 234 \$ 235 \$ 311 \$ 337	Maintenance Access Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate Difficult	Lumen Depreciation (LLD) 0.856 0.858 0.860 0.860 0.740 0.750	Luminaire Lumens 746 1,077 1,440 1,920 2,623 3,876 5,737 5,895	per Watt (LPW) 37 38 41 42 29 30	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Wo _Z1 21 81 47 59 47 34	sighted M LZ2 \$ 21 \$ 40 \$ 35 \$ 47 \$ 62 \$ 51	Aaintena LZ3 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 23 \$ 78 \$ 84	nce LZ4 \$ - \$ 20 \$ 12 \$ 12 \$ 47 \$ 67 \$ 63 \$ 123

#### \$ 303 \$ 318 \$ 351 \$ 393

				Floodligh	t							_							
	Weig	hting					2008 E	Basis of Design					We	eighte	ed M	aint	tenan	ice	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	LZ	2	Ľ	Z3	Ľ	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt								
				_			Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)								
									(LLD)										
0.40	0.35	0.20	0.20	100	PSMH	E126	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	5,315	41		\$ 135	\$ 1	18	\$	67	\$	67
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	150	PSMH	E127	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	7,728	41		\$79	\$	79	\$	79	\$	79
0.20	0.20	0.30	0.25	175	PSMH	E078	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	8,053	41		\$ 123	\$ 1	23	\$ ·	184	\$	153
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	250	PSMH	E016	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	9,660	33	5	\$74	\$	99	\$ ·	124	\$	148

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 410 \$ 418 \$ 454 \$ 448

### Table 122: Student Pick Up Legacy Product Maintenance

				Downligh	t													
	Weig	ghting					2008	Basis of Design					We	eight	ed N	lainte	nano	ce
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	1	_Z1	Ľ	Z2	LZ3	3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
									(LLD)									
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.00	32	CFL	E095	\$ 58	Moderate	0.860	940	27	\$	6	\$	6	\$	3	\$-
0.25	0.10	0.05	0.05	42	CFL	E096	\$ 59	Moderate	0.860	1,254	27	\$	15	\$	6	\$	3	\$3
0.25	0.20	0.20	0.10	70	PSMH	E097	\$ 77	Moderate	0.740	1,895	21	\$	19	\$	15	<b>\$</b> 1	5	\$8
0.15	0.20	0.20	0.25	100	PSMH	E098	\$ 112	Difficult	0.750	2,801	22	\$	17	\$	22	\$ 2	22	\$ 28
0.15	0.20	0.25	0.30	150	PSMH	E057	\$ 105	Difficult	0.740	4,759	25	\$	16	\$	21	\$ 2	26	\$ 31
0.10	0.20	0.25	0.30	175	PSMH	E058	\$ 123	Difficult	0.700	5,584	28	\$	12	\$	25	\$	81	\$ 37

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 84 \$ 95 \$ 100 \$ 107

				Wall Pac	k							_						
	Weig	hting					2008	Basis of Design					We	eightec	Ma	intena	nce	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens		LZ1	LZ2		LZ3	Ľ	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							
				-			Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							
									(LLD)		. ,							
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.00	26	CFL	E020	\$ 115	Moderate	0.858	709	25		\$ 12	\$ 1	2 \$	\$6	\$	-
0.15	0.10	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E021	\$ 58	Moderate	0.860	947	27		\$9	\$	6 \$	\$6	\$	3
0.20	0.15	0.10	0.10	42	CFL	E022	\$ 59	Moderate	0.860	1,262	27		\$ 12	\$	9 \$	\$6	\$	6
0.25	0.20	0.15	0.10	70	PSMH	E024	\$ 77	Moderate	0.740	1,996	22		\$19	\$ 1	5 \$	\$11	\$	8
0.15	0.25	0.15	0.15	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 112	Difficult	0.750	2,949	23		\$ 17	\$ 2	8 \$	\$17	\$	17
0.10	0.15	0.25	0.20	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 105	Difficult	0.740	4,364	23		\$ 10	\$ 1	6 \$	\$ 26	\$	21
0.05	0.05	0.15	0.25	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 123	Difficult	0.700	4,721	24		\$6	\$	6 \$	\$18	\$	31
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.15	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 99	Difficult	0.700	6,787	23		\$-	\$ -	4	₿5	\$	15

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

#### \$ 85 \$ 91 \$ 95 \$ 100

				Area												
	Weig	phting					2008	Basis of Design				We	eight	ed N	lainten	ance
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	_Z1	LZ	72	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt					
				-			Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)					
									(LLD)							
0.05	0.05	0.00	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$ 117	Moderate	0.856	746	37	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ -	\$ -
0.05	0.05	0.05	0.00	26	CFL	E105	\$ 115	Moderate	0.858	1,077	38	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ 6	\$ -
0.10	0.10	0.10	0.05	32	CFL	E106	\$ 58	Moderate	0.860	1,440	41	\$ 6	\$	6	\$ 6	\$ 3
0.20	0.15	0.20	0.10	42	CFL	E107	\$ 59	Moderate	0.860	1,920	42	\$ 12	\$	9	\$ 12	\$ 6
0.30	0.20	0.20	0.15	50	PSMH	E045	\$ 209	Difficult	0.670	2,257	34	\$ 63	\$	42	\$ 42	\$ 31
0.20	0.20	0.20	0.25	70	PSMH	E046	\$ 104	Difficult	0.740	3,675	40	\$ 21	\$	21	\$ 21	\$ 26
0.05	0.15	0.15	0.25	100	PSMH	E047	\$ 112	Difficult	0.750	5,431	42	\$ 6	\$	17	\$ 17	\$ 28
0.05	0.10	0.10	0.20	150	PSMH	E048	\$ 105	Difficult	0.740	8,037	42	\$ 5	\$	10	\$ 10	\$ 21

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 124 \$ 116 \$ 113 \$ 115

				Area															
	Weig	ghting					200	8 Basis of Desigr	า				V	/eigł	nted N	lain	tenan	се	
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	Γ	LZ1	l	_Z2	L	.Z3	L	Z4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt							1	
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)							1	
									(LLD)										
0.15	0.10	0.05	0.00	15	B10	E108	\$ 867	Easy	0.82	78	5		\$ 130	\$	87	\$	43	\$	-
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	25	B10	E109	\$ 877	Easy	0.82	180	7		\$ 175	\$	88	\$	44	\$	44
0.25	0.30	0.30	0.20	40	B10	E110	\$ 881	Easy	0.82	303	8		\$ 220	\$	264	\$	264	\$	176
0.20	0.30	0.35	0.40	15	G16	E111	\$ 866	Easy	0.82	86	6		\$ 173	\$	260	\$	303	\$	347
0.20	0.10	0.05	0.05	25	G16	E112	\$ 866	Easy	0.82	246	10		\$ 173	\$	87	\$	43	\$	43
0.00	0.10	0.20	0.30	40	G16	E113	\$ 893	Easy	0.82	77	2		\$ -	\$	89	\$	179	\$	268
				-					•										
1 00	1 00	1.00	1 00										\$ 872	\$	874	S	877	S	878

### Table 123: Outdoor Dining Legacy Product Maintenance

1.00 1.00 1.00 1.00

\$ 872 \$ 874 \$ 877 \$ 878

#### Table 124: Special Security for Retail and Pedestrian Hardscape Legacy Product Maintenance

				Wall Pa	ck							_			
	Weig	phting					2008 E	Basis of Design					Neighted	Mainten	ance
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt				
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)				
									(LLD)						
0.25	0.15	0.10	0.10	26	CFL	E020	\$ 404	Moderate	0.858	709	25	\$ 10	1 \$ 6	1 \$ 4	0 \$ 40
0.25	0.25	0.15	0.15	32	CFL	E021	\$ 234	Moderate	0.860	947	27	\$ 5	8 \$ 5	8 \$ 3	5 \$ 35
0.25	0.25	0.20	0.15	42	CFL	E022	\$ 235	Moderate	0.860	1,262	27	\$ 5	9 \$ 5	9 \$ 4	7 \$ 35
0.10	0.15	0.15	0.10	70	PSMH	E024	\$ 311	Difficult	0.740	1,996	22	\$ 3	1 \$ 4	7 \$ 4	7 \$ 31
0.10	0.10	0.20	0.15	100	PSMH	E025	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	2,949	23	\$ 3	4 \$ 3	4 \$ 6	7 \$ 51
0.05	0.10	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E026	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	4,364	23	\$ 1	6 \$ 3	1 \$ 4	7 \$ 63
0.00	0.00	0.05	0.10	175	PSMH	E042	\$ 614	Difficult	0.700	4,721	24	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	1 \$ 61
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	250	PSMH	E043	\$ 495	Difficult	0.700	6,787	23	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 25
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00									\$ 29	8 \$ 28	9 \$ 31	4 \$ 341
				Area											
	Weig	phting					2008 E	Basis of Design					Neighted	Mainten	ance
LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4	Lamp	Lamp	Luminaire	15-year	Maintenance	Luminaire	Maintained	Lumens	LZ1	LZ2	LZ3	LZ4
				Wattage	Туре		Maintenance	Access	Lumen	Luminaire	per Watt				
							Cost		Depreciation	Lumens	(LPW)				
									(LLD)						
0.10	0.10	0.05	0.00	18	CFL	E104	\$ 411	Moderate	0.856	746	37	\$ 4			1\$-
0.25	0.15	0.10	0.10	26	CFL	E105	\$ 404	Moderate	0.858	1,077	38	\$ 10		Ŧ	0 \$ 40
0.20	0.20	0.15	0.15	32	CFL	E106	\$ 234	Moderate	0.860	1,440	41	\$ 4			5 \$ 35
0.20	0.25	0.15	0.15	42	CFL	E107	\$ 235	Moderate	0.860	1	42	\$ 4	• -		· · ·
0.10	0.15	0.15	0.10	70	PSMH	E069	\$ 311	Difficult	0.740	2,623	29	\$ 3	Ŧ	Ŧ	7 \$ 31
						E070	\$ 337	Difficult	0.750	3,876	30	\$ 3	4 \$ 3	4 \$ 6	7 \$ 51
0.10	0.10	0.20	0.15	100	PSMH	E070									
0.10 0.05	0.05	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 314	Difficult	0.740	- / -	30		6 \$ 1	-	÷ ÷ ÷
0.10	0.05	0.15	0.20 0.10	150 175	PSMH PSMH	E071 E037	\$ 314 \$ 614	Difficult	0.700	5,895	30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3	1 \$ 61
0.10 0.05	0.05	0.15	0.20	150	PSMH	E071	\$ 314			,				- +	
0.10 0.05 0.00	0.05	0.15	0.20 0.10	150 175	PSMH PSMH	E071 E037	\$ 314 \$ 614	Difficult	0.700	5,895	30	\$ -	\$ - \$ -	\$3 \$-	1 \$ 61

# Appendix G: NARROW BAND LED LUMINAIRE EFFICACY COMPARISON

Table 125 provides a comparison of various 3000K white light LED luminaires with the equivalent narrow band spectrum LED luminaire as offered by each manufacturer. Each of the narrow band spectrum sources were shown to meet the appropriate CALGreen requirements.

Туре	3000K W	hite Light L	uminaire		Narrow B	and LED	luminaire
1 ypc	ID	Lumens	Lm/W	ID	Lumens	Lm/W	BUG Rating
Area	W01	3863	84	A01	3090	67	not documented
Area	W02	6197	84	A02	4958	67	not documented
Area	W07	9375	105	A07	1491	16	B0-U0-G1
Area	W08	7354	107	A08	1177	17	B0-U0-G0
Area	W09	5330	99	A09	853	16	B0-U0-G0
Area	W10	6178	110	A10	1533	51	B1-U0-G0
Area	W11	6178	110	A11	2276	57	B1-U0-G1
Area	W12	6178	110	A12	3452	66	B1-U0-G1
Area	W23	3777	59	A23	3081	32	not documented
Area	W24	2833	59	A24	1541	32	not documented
Area	W25	5240	79	A25	5312	33	not documented
Bollard	W03	888	44	A03	374	19	B0-U0-G1
Bollard	W05	729	48	A05	656	44	B0-U0-G1
Bollard	W13	1083	70	A13	239	21	B0-U0-G0
Ingrade	W19	155	52	A19	73	24	not documented
Linear	W20	149	50	A20	144	48	not documented
Pathway (Puck)	W21	14	14	A21	14	14	B0-U1-G0
Tape	W15	64	25	A15	37	14	B0-U1-G0
Tape	W16	380	32	A16	64	8	not documented
Tape	W17	490	43	A17	174	22	not documented
Wall	W22	840	93	A22	299	43	not documented

The average difference in efficacies of warm white light LED luminaires and narrow band LED luminaires was determined in Table 126. The total efficacy ratio was used to determine an appropriate LPA multiplier for use when narrow band spectrum luminaires are required.

	Average 3000K Efficacy (lm/W)	Average Narrow Band Efficacy (lm/W)	3000K: Narrow Band Efficacy
Area Light	92	41	222%
Area Light <sup>1</sup> Excluding Luminaires 09-11	87	51	171%
Bollard	54	28	196%
Ingrade	52	24	212%
Linear	50	48	103%
Pathway (puck light)	14	14	100%
Wall Mounted	93	43	219%
Tape Light	33	15	225%
Total	49	29	182%
<sup>1</sup> Area Light Excluding Luminaires 09-11 i 3000K: Narrow Band Efficacy.	s shown for reference	only. This value is not cons	idered in the total

Table 126: Average Efficacies of White Light Luminaires Compared to Narrow Band LED Luminaires

# **Appendix H: GENERAL HARDSCAPE STATEWIDE SAVINGS ASSUMPTIONS**

The following is an excerpt from the 2016 Nonresidential Outdoor Lighting Power Allowance CASE Study that explains how the assumptions were developed to translate indoor construction forecasts to General Hardscape.

#### -----Start of Excerpt-----

Since the outdoor hardscape is not estimated as part of the construction forecasts, statewide impacts must be completed by making proxies with reasonable estimates of the relationship of the line item to the potential gross square footage of indoor spaces associated with the measure.

In effect, the estimates relate the unit of the measure (square foot of hardscape), with an equivalent unit of gross interior space, which can then be projected using the construction forecasts. Most measure line items only apply to certain building types (retail or small office, for example), and this is taken into account as well.

The process to develop the relationship of General Hardscape square footage to building gross square footage for statewide construction estimates is as follows:

- 1. Establish the square footage of a parking space (which will be the basic unit of comparison because of the code use of minimum spaces per square foot).
- 2. Determine any modifications to the basic unit required for specific building types to accommodate specific design requirements. This is primarily to adjust for warehouse buildings.
- 3. Determine the basic parking requirements for the listed building types in the construction forecasts.
- 4. Create a table of adjustment factors to apply to the respective building types, normalizing the value back to a single square footage unit to make the calculations work in a direct manner.

Step #1: Establish 'per space' Square Footage

The Statewide CASE Team first established the approximate square footage of hardscape associated with a single parking space, using the following assumptions that are based on general design documents and traditional design standards:

- Each parking space is approximately 144 square feet (8 feet by 18 feet).
- There is a drive lane to gain access to the space, and the minimum amount is one-half of the drive lane directly in front of the parking space. This adds 80 square feet (8 feet by 10 feet).
- The parking is only 'funded' to 75 percent on-site. This reduces the vehicle hardscape from 224 square feet to 168 square feet. There are many reasons this may occur, including trade-offs with mass transit, on-street parking, garage space parking, etc. Many municipalities permit trades of this kind. The actual amount is unclear, so this adjustment is an estimate based on reasonable expectations.
- There is vehicular hardscape that is not specifically associated with the parking lot. This adds 40 square feet per space. This constitutes all of the hardscape on a site that is oriented to vehicles, but not specifically included in the parking space requirements that the municipalities are establishing, including loading docks, access drives, pick-up and drop-off zones, etc. However, warehouse buildings have a large requirement for loading dock and access hardscape that is underrepresented in this without increasing this value to 1,800 square feet.
- There is hardscape that is not vehicle oriented that must be included. This constitutes all the rest of the hardscape on a site, and includes sidewalks required to gain access to the building. The non-vehicular hardscape adds 40 square feet to the hardscape per space.

This results in a net of 250 square feet of hardscape per parking space for the basic Parking Space unit.

Step #2: Modifications for Specific Building Types

The majority of building types in the construction forecasts can use the 250 square feet per space estimate. However, warehouses are an exception to this and need adjustment to these values.

- Parking space 144 square feet.
- Drive lane 80 square feet.
- The parking is only 'funded' to 75 percent on-site 168 square feet.
- Other vehicular hardscape Warehouse buildings have a large requirement for loading dock and access hardscape that is underrepresented without using a much higher hardscape value because the number of people in the buildings is low relative to the size of the building and the large vehicles on the site. Based on reasonable estimates, this addition should be 390 square feet.
- Non-vehicular hardscape 40 square feet.

This results in a net of 600 square feet of hardscape per parking space for warehouses. This will be applied as an adjustment multiplier in step #4.

#### Step #3: Determine General Parking Requirements

The general hardscape square footage values are based on the requirements for parking spaces in various building development codes. These vary depending on the building density and location; how urban or suburban the region is. The parking space requirements also vary depending on the use of the building, and other variables. Figure 38 provides information from three metropolitan areas that show the range of minimum parking space accommodation requirements in the local building standards (NRC2013), (MTC2012), (LADBS2013).

			Parki	ng Space N	Minimums (	One space	e Per)		
Metro Region	Office	Retail	Restaurant	Mixed Use	Warehouse	Hotel	Industrial	School	College
Los Angeles Area <sup>1.</sup>	500sf	250sf	100sf	-	500sf up to 10,000sf, 5,000sf after		500sf	Classroom (elementary)	5 seats (classroom)
San Diego Area <sup>2.</sup>	250sf to 330sf	200sf to 1,000sf	70sf to 1,000sf	-	1,000sf	Each hotel room, and Per 100sf convention space	400sf to 650sf	.5 Classroom (elementary), 5 students (high school)	-
Bay Area Metro Region <sup>3.</sup>	200sf to 400sf	200sf to 500sf	-	500sf to 1,000sf	1,000sf	-	-	-	-

1. Los Angeles City Department of Bulding and Safety, 2013. P/ZC 2002-011.

2. Dan Diego Municipal Code, 2009. Chapter 4: General Regulations.

3. Survey of Bay Area Cities' Parking Requirements: Summary Report. Includes cities in Alameda, Contra Costa, Napa, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Solano, and Sonoma counties.

#### Figure 13: Parking Space Requirements for Various Metropolitan Regions

Using reasonable estimates from the wide range of parking space requirements, the minimums were translated into reasonable single values for individual building types that match the construction estimate forecasts. These values are shown in Figure 14.

		Repres	entative C	ode-Colle	cted Parkin	g Minimu	ms (One s	pace per)	
	Office, LG & SM	Retail	Restaurant	Food (Grocery)	Warehouse, Ref & NR	Hotel	School	College	Other
Value Employed	250sf	360sf	250sf	250sf	2,000sf	360sf	360sf	250sf	360sf

#### Figure 14: Representative Code Parking Space Requirements Employed

These values were grouped into three basic groups; 250ft<sup>2</sup>, 360ft<sup>2</sup>, and 2,000ft<sup>2</sup>. These will also be applied as adjustment multiplier in step #4.

Step #4: Create a Table of Adjustment Factors.

The best method to apply general hardscape to each building type is to determine a single unit of adjustment and apply that unit to the construction square footage uniformly if possible.

In this case, the unit selected is a single Parking Space, which represents 250 square feet of hardscape, as was determined in Step #1.

However, since some building types require more square footage per space, and the various buildings have different densities for the spaces, a table must be developed to adjust this unit for the specifics of the individual building types.

Figure 15 below provides this table and represents the process for making the adjustments to the influence factors that are applied in the statewide impacts calculations.

	Area Multipliers to Apply to Building Types (Using 250sf as Basic Unit)						sic Unit)	
	Decis Derline	Adjustment for Site Differences		Adjustment for Code Requirement Differences			Converted Into	
	Basic Parking Unit	S. F. Per Space Required	Adjustment	Per Space Min. Required	Adjustment	Final Value	"Basic (250sf) Parking Units"	
Parking Space for Office, Grocery, Restaurant, College Building Types	250sf			250sf	1	250sf	1	
Parking Space for Retail, Hotel, School, Other Building Types	250sf			360sf	0.7	360sf	0.7	
Parking Space for Warehouse, REF & NR	250sf	600sf	2.4	2,000sf	0.125	830sf	0.3	

#### Figure 15: Parking Space Area Multipliers Applied in Statewide Calculations

As a result, the energy savings in the first row of building types are applied at the rate of 250 square feet of hardscape for each 250 square feet of gross building area. The second row of building types savings are applied at the rate of 250 square feet of hardscape to 360 square feet of gross building area. Warehouse savings are applied at the rate of 250 square feet for every 830 square feet of warehouse gross area, which is equivalent to 600 square feet of hardscape in 2,000 square feet for warehouse.

# **Appendix I: SPECIFIC APPLICATIONS STATEWIDE** SAVINGS ASSUMPTIONS

The majority of the statewide savings assumptions for Table 140.7-B Specific Applications were taken from the 2016 Nonresidential Outdoor Lighting Power Allowance CASE Report. However, the Statewide CASE Team performed additional analyses to refine some of the assumptions. Specifically, the Statewide CASE Team examined Building Facades, Outdoor Sales Lots, Outdoor Sales Frontage, Vehicle Service Station Canopies, and Vehicle Service Station Hardscape.

## **Building Façade**

The Statewide CASE Team calculated new statewide savings after refining the assumptions for Building Façades. The following equation was developed and used to determine the illuminated façade wall area to floor ratio:

#### weighted wall to floor ratio (%) \* fraction of buildings lit \* fraction of walls lit = illuminated facade wall area to floor ratio

The Statewide CASE Team used 2016 Census floorspace data from the Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey (CBECS) to determine the weighted wall to floor ratio. This analysis was completed by examining the number buildings (split into categories of square footage and number of floors) and total floorspace (also split by square footage and number of floors). The total floorspace was divided by the total number of buildings and average number of floors). A floor height (assumed average of 12 feet) was multiplied by a 2-to-1 floor to wall aspect ratio and divided by the square root of the average floorspace per floor (also multiplied by the 2-to-1 floor to wall aspect ratio) to give the wall area to floor ratio (by square footage and number of floors). Each of the wall area to floor ratio.

The fraction of buildings lit assumption is based on a lighting project and observations at the University of California, Berkeley campus; the assumption is that approximately eight percent of buildings have façade lighting.

The fraction of walls lit is an assumption on the percent of building walls (on one building) that are lit based on the experience of lighting designers. The Statewide CASE Team assumed that 37.5 percent of building walls (on one building) are lit; this translates to roughly one to two sides of a building is generally lit.

All three of these variables are combined to produce the illuminated façade wall area to floor ratio of 1.22 percent; i.e. for every 100 square feet newly constructed indoor space, there is approximately 1.22 square feet of building façade space constructed. The statewide savings assumptions were adjusted to match this ratio. See Table 37 for the updated assumptions.

## **Outdoor Sales Lots and Outdoor Sales Frontage**

The Statewide CASE Team modeled a medium and large sized auto dealership lot to help refine and verify assumptions for the statewide savings estimates for Outdoor Sales Lots and Outdoor Sales Frontage. For the analysis, the Statewide CASE Team selected Lighting Zone 3 with high activity levels per IES 10<sup>th</sup> Edition Handbook (Table 34.2). The Statewide CASE Team assumed a lumen maintenance of 90 percent at 60,000 hours for luminaires that would meet the proposed 2019 LPAs and CALGreen requirements. A 90 percent dirt depreciation factor was also applied to the luminaires to achieve a total light loss factor of 0.81. The results showed that Outdoor Sales Frontage for the medium sized auto

dealership accounted for approximately 90 percent of the installed wattage while Outdoor Sales Lots only accounted for roughly 10 percent of installed wattage. Similarly, the results of the large sized auto dealership showed that despite Outdoor Sales Frontage only accounting for roughly six percent of the total area, it still contained approximately 65 percent of the installed wattage. See Figure 16 and Figure 17 for diagrams of the medium and large sized auto dealerships.

The Statewide CASE Team adjusted the assumptions to achieve the following results: Outdoor Sales Frontage accounts for approximately ten percent of Outdoor Sales Lots area and roughly 61 percent of the energy savings. See Table 37 for the updated assumptions.

	Medium Sized	Large Sized Auto
	Auto Dealership	Dealership
Sales Lot Area (square feet)	37,000	195,700
Sales Lot Perimeter (feet)	985	1,817
Sales Lot Wattage (watts)	488	4,410
Sales Frontage Area (square feet)	6,600	11,440
Sales Frontage Perimeter (feet)	819	1,354
Sales Frontage Wattage (watts)	4,434	8,132
Ratio of Frontage to Lot area	17.84%	5.85%
Total Wattage (watts)	4922	12,542
Ratio of Frontage to Lot wattage	90.09%	64.84%

Table 127: Modeled Auto Dealership Lots for Sales Lots and Sales Frontage

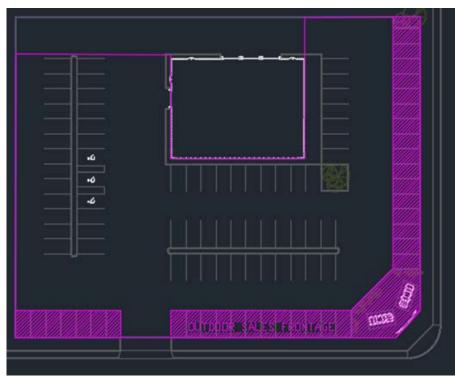


Figure 16: Modeled medium sized auto dealership – purple shaded area represents sales frontage

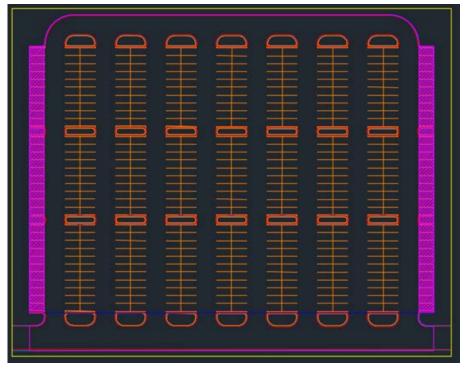


Figure 17: Modeled large sized auto dealership - purple shaded area represents sales frontage

### Vehicle Service Station Canopies and Hardscape

The Statewide CASE Team verified the Vehicle Service Station Canopies and Vehicle Service Station Hardscape assumptions by examining a number of gas stations located throughout California. The Statewide CASE Team found a listing of gas stations for sale online and used the listings to obtain addresses, lot sizes, and building sizes. The Statewide CASE Team then used a measurement tool in Google maps to estimate canopy and hardscape size. Based on the gas stations sampled, an average hardscape to canopy (H/C) ratio was calculated to be ten to one. In other words, for every one square foot of gas station (vehicle service station) canopy built, ten square feet of gas station (vehicle service station) hardscape is built.

The Statewide CASE Team took the results of this analysis and weighted it by gas station density, applied by county. Figure 18 is a map of California which estimates gas station density by county. The results of the weighted average are essentially the same as the non-weighted average. The results of this analysis validated the Statewide CASE Team's assumptions for Vehicle Service Station Canopies and Vehicle Service Station Hardscape which resulted in no changes to the assumptions.

County	Building Size (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Canopy Size (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Hardscape Size (ft <sup>2</sup> )	Lot Size (ft <sup>2</sup> )	H/C Ratio
Los Angeles	800	6083	16199	22500	3
West Covina	1596	2700	25760	30056	10
Alameda	3000	2091	19825	36547	9
Santa Clara	2735	1306	22379	29620	17
Orange	3050	1699	17467	22216	10
San Bernardino	1862	1612	13079	16553	8
Riverside	4100	3223	79797	87120	25
San Diego	912	3575	18513	24829	5
Fresno	921	2868	34774	40000	12
Kern	2050	2657	13982	26349	5
Sacramento	3800	2311	14252	18820	6
Average	2257	2739	25093	32237	10

Table 128: Vehicle Service Station Canopies and Hardscape Assumptions Analysis Results

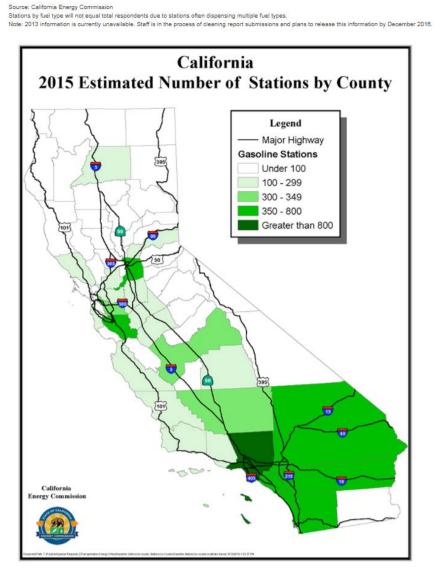


Figure 18: California Energy Commission gas station density estimates by county

# **Appendix J: STAKEHOLDER SURVEY**

The Statewide CASE Team conducted as survey in 2017 to solicit feedback on the proposed code changes from a wide variety of stakeholder. The anonymized responses are shown in Figure 19 through Figure 34.

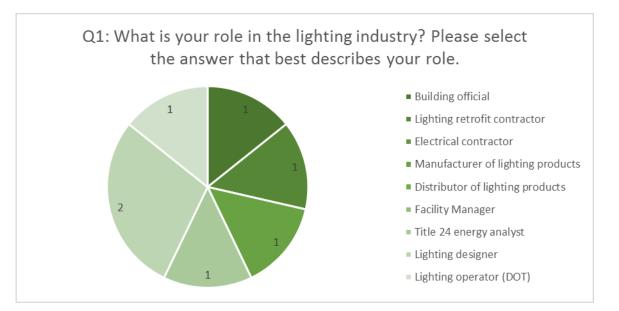


Figure 19: Stakeholder survey respondents' industry role.

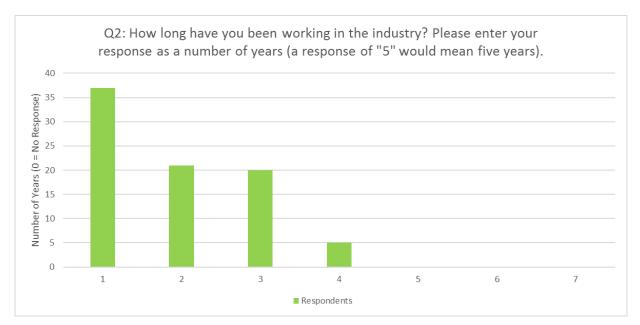


Figure 20: Stakeholder survey respondents' experience in lighting industry (as number of years).

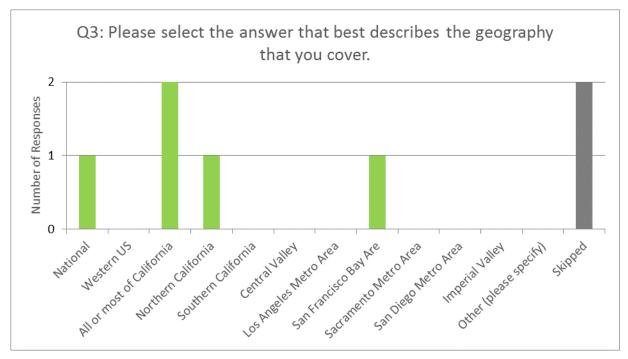


Figure 21: Stakeholder survey respondents' geography.

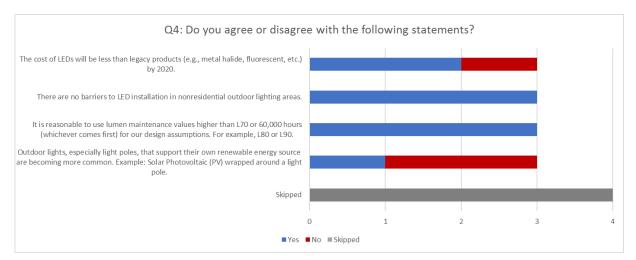


Figure 22: Assumptions for LED modeling.

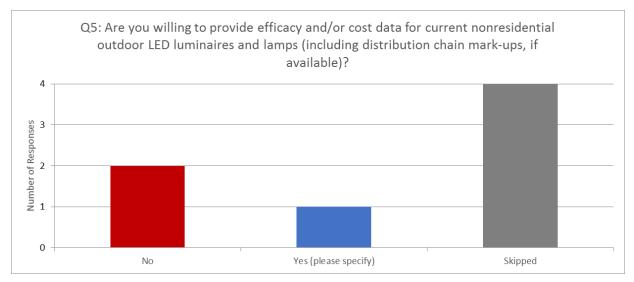


Figure 23: Willingness to provide data.

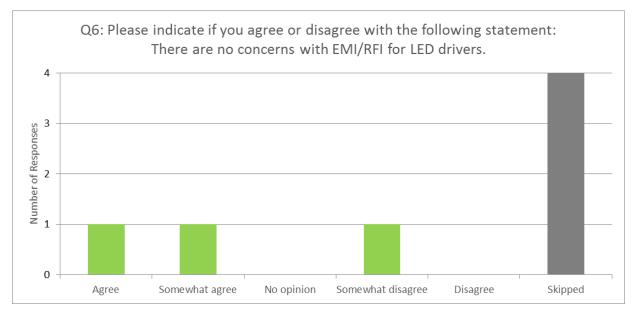


Figure 24: EMI/RFI assumptions for LEDs.

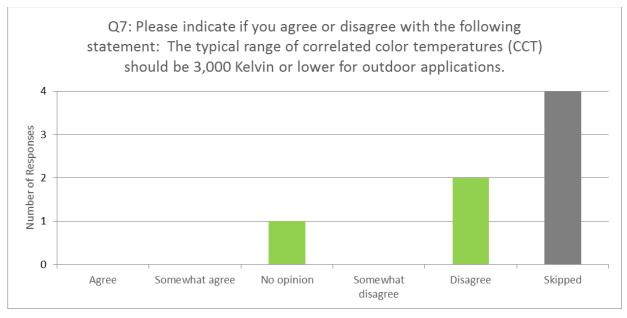


Figure 25: Range of CCT for outdoor applications.

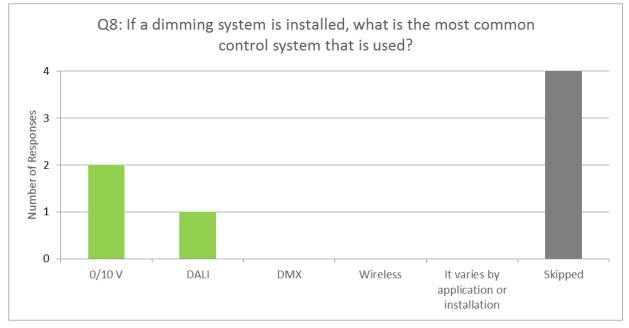


Figure 26: Common types of dimming control systems used.

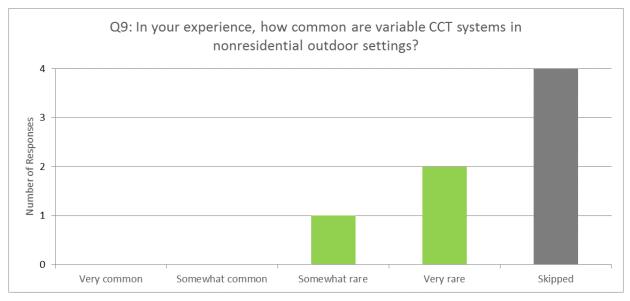


Figure 27: Frequency of variable CCT system usage in outdoor settings.

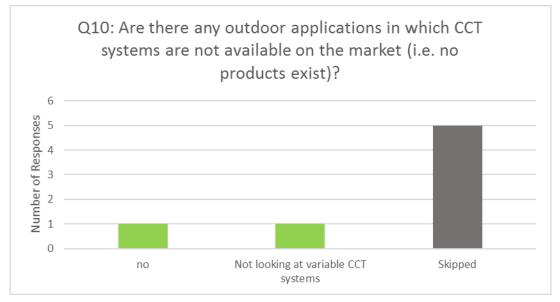


Figure 28: Outdoor applications where CCT systems are not available.

Q11: Please indicate how strongly you agree or disagree with all the following statements:	Strongly Agree	Somewhat Agree	Neutral	Somewhat Disagree	Strongly Disagree
Variable CCT systems will be common in outdoor applications in the next 3 years.	0	0	2	0	1
Variable CCT systems are less efficient than non-tunable luminaires. Example: variable CCT system set 3000K vs non-tunable 3000K luminaire.	0	1	2	0	0
Variable CCT systems are significantly more expensive than non- tunable luminaires.	0	2	1	0	0
The cost of variable CCT systems prevents their widespread use.	0	1	2	0	0
Skipped			4		

Figure 29: Variable CCT system assumptions.

Q12: How frequently are the following CCT techniques used in nonresidential outdoor lighting applications?				
Answer Choices	Responses			
Dim to Warm tuning:% of fixtures.	2			
White color tuning:% of fixtures.	2			
Full color tuning:% of fixtures.	2			
Skipped	5			

Figure 30: Frequency of variable CCT system techniques.

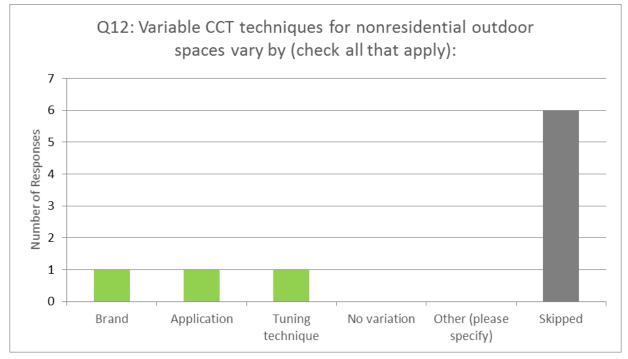


Figure 31: How variable CCT system techniques differ.

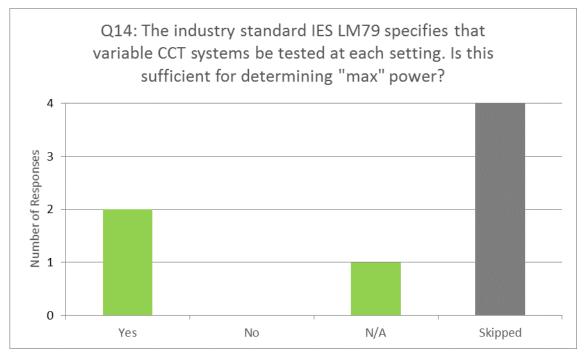


Figure 32: Assumptions on rating "max" power for variable CCT systems.

Q15: In your experience, do you consider variable CCT systems to be a unique system of lighting or system of controls? Please explain.					
Answer Choices	Responses				
yes	2				
No. Plenty of interior applications for it. Just not exterior. It's not					
like the moon changes color	2				
no opinion	2				
Skipped	5				

Figure 33: Assumptions on how to classify variable CCT systems.



Figure 34: Willingness to have follow up conversations.