DOCKETED		
Docket Number:	17-HYD-02	
Project Title:	Hydrogen Station Network Future Approaches	
TN #:	222052	
Document Title:	Joe Gagliano Comments Industry Stakeholder Comments - HRS Technical Requirements (2 of 2)	
Description:	N/A	
Filer:	System	
Organization:	Joe Gagliano	
Submitter Role:	Applicant Representative	
Submission Date:	12/22/2017 3:21:18 PM	
Docketed Date:	12/22/2017	

Comment Received From: Joe Gagliano Submitted On: 12/22/2017 Docket Number: 17-HYD-02

Industry Stakeholder Comments - HRS Technical Requirements (2 of 2)

Additional submitted attachment is included below.

SUMMARY OF PROPOSED CHANGES

GFO-15-605 LDV HRS INFRASTRUCTURE APPLICATION MANUAL	2017 FUTURE GFO RECOMMENDATIONS			
V. OVERALL ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS				
B. PROJECT REQUIREMENTS				
2. Be for refueling stations for light duty vehicles.	2. Be for refueling stations for light duty vehicles. <u>Stations that plan to serve</u> <u>vehicles with larger tank systems should be designed commensurate to</u> <u>support the increased capacity requirements for both vehicles types, and is</u> <u>above and beyond the Minimum Technical Requirements described in this</u> <u>solicitation (Section VI).</u>			
5. Be open to the public, meaning that no physical obstructions or physical obstacles exist to preclude an individual from entering the station premises and walking on or driving on the station premises.	 5. Be open to the public, meaning that no physical obstructions or physical obstacles exist to preclude an individual from entering the station premises and walking on or driving on the station premises the station is: (a) open for business 24 hours/day, 7 days/week, unless restricted by local ordinance or conditional use restriction by the Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ), (b) setup where customers or OEMs are not restricted or required to execute agreements, or be subject to training requirements, as a permissive for use of the dispenser, and not be required to enter a PIN code for operation of the dispenser. 			
VI. MINIMUM TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS				
A. HYDROGEN QUALITY				
A.1.a. Hydrogen quality readings shall be taken at the hydrogen refueling station, at a minimum, every 3 months. The date the hydrogen quality reading(s) is taken and any special condition(s) used while the reading(s) were taken shall be reported to the Energy Commission Agreement Manager in Monthly Progress Reports. The hydrogen quality shall also be tested every time the hydrogen lines are potentially exposed to contamination due to maintenance or other activities.	A.1.a. Hydrogen quality readings shall be taken at the hydrogen refueling station, at a minimum, every 3 months every 6 months. The date the hydrogen quality reading(s) is taken and any special condition(s) used while the reading(s) were taken shall be reported to the Energy Commission Agreement Manager in Monthly Progress Reports. The hydrogen quality shall also be tested prior to initial station opening, and every time the hydrogen lines are potentially exposed to contamination due to maintenance or other activities.			
A.1.b. The hydrogen refueling station design and operation shall include best practices, equipment, and software to ensure the most safe and	A.1.b. The hydrogen refueling station design and operation shall include best practices, equipment, and software to ensure the most safe and reliable			

reliable operations of dispensers possible. The hydrogen refueling station design shall also allow for future equipment retrofits that improve and/or automate the monitoring of common contaminants of the hydrogen gas stream.	operations of dispensers possible. The hydrogen refueling station design shall also allow for future equipment retrofits that improve and/or automate the monitoring of common contaminants of the hydrogen gas stream.	
A.1.c. The station design and operation shall include best practices, equipment, and software that monitor the gas stream humidity for stations that use on-site or off-site electrolyzers to produce hydrogen.	[delete and combine with a revised A.1.d, below]	
A.1.d. The station design and operation shall include best practices, equipment, and software that monitor carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide for stations that produce hydrogen on-site using steam methane reformation (SMR).	[combined and revised A.1.c and A.1.d] A.1.d. <u>On-Site Hydrogen - For station designs that include on-site production</u> <u>and/or purification, the system shall include a continuous monitor of key</u> <u>contaminants (i.e.; canary species) per the specific technology configuration, and</u> <u>control, as described by CSA HGV 4.9.</u>	
	[new section] Delivered Hydrogen - The delivery of hydrogen shall meet, as minimum criteria, the requirements of CSA HGV 4.9.	
	[new section] Each fueling position shall include a "Dispenser Fueling Filter" as defined by CSA HGV 4.9.	
C. FUELING PROTOCOLS		
3. 350 Bar Fueling: Dispensing H35-T20 is optional under this solicitation. If the hydrogen refueling station will dispense H35-T20, the application shall describe how the station developer will self-declare compliance with H35-T20 in SAE J2601.	3. 350 Bar Fueling: Dispensing H35-T20 H35 is optional under this solicitation. If the hydrogen refueling station will dispense H35 H35-T20, the application shall describe how the station developer will self-declare compliance with H35 H35-T20 in SAE J2601.	
If the station will fuel vehicles other than light duty (i.e., medium duty, delivery vehicles, and/or buses), the station throughput, circulation, and hydrogen dispensing shall prioritize the light duty vehicles' need for hydrogen storage, dispensing, point of sale, and other aspects.	If the station will fuel vehicles other than light duty (i.e., medium duty, delivery vehicles, and/or buses), the station throughput, circulation, and hydrogen dispensing shall prioritize the light duty vehicles' need for hydrogen storage, dispensing, point of sale, and other aspects.	
For example, if the H35 fill is used in a custom set up for a delivery truck with a 20 kg tank capacity, a special fueling protocol to allow this shall be described. The application shall describe how the station's design will accommodate custom H35 fills requiring a special fueling protocol without	For example, if the H35 fill is used in a custom set up for a delivery truck with a 20 kg tank capacity, a special fueling protocol to allow this shall be described. The application shall describe how the station's design will accommodate custom H35 fills requiring a special fueling protocol without impacting light duty	

impacting light duty vehicles. If the fill is for other than a light duty vehicle, the fill must be attended by a technician and the application shall describe the procedures for the fill, perhaps after the normal hours of operation without interfering with fueling light duty vehicles (i.e., the fueling of light duty vehicles will not be affected).	vehicles. If the fill is for other than a light duty vehicle, the fill must be attended by a technician and the application shall describe the procedures for the fill, perhaps after the normal hours of operation without interfering with fueling light duty vehicles (i.e., the fueling of light duty vehicles will not be affected).
 4. HyStEP: The application shall state that the station/fuel dispenser shall be evaluated using the U.S. Department of Energy Hydrogen Station Equipment Performance (HyStEP) device, as practicable, for station commissioning. The evaluation shall occur after the station becomes operational. Should the HyStEP device be unavailable, the station/fuel dispenser fueling protocol shall be evaluated using best practices with automobile Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs). The application shall include milestones and due dates for the possibility of using HyStEP and automaker best practices. 	 4. HyStEP Fueling Protocol Confirmation: The application shall state that the station/fuel dispenser shall be evaluated using the a 3rd Party National Recognized Test Laboratory (NRTL) as the target process to confirm the fueling interface in accordance with CSA HGV 4.3 (as referenced above). Should the 3rd Party NRTL be unavailable, the station/fuel dispenser shall be evaluated using the U.S. Department of Energy Hydrogen Station Equipment Performance (HyStEP) device, as practicable, for station commissioning to confirm the fueling interface. Should the <u>3rd Party NRTL, or</u> HyStEP device, be unavailable, the station/fuel dispenser shall be evaluated using best practices with automobile Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs), to confirm the fueling interface. The evaluation may shall occur after the station becomes operational. The application shall include milestones and due dates for the possibility of using HyStEP and automaker best practices to implement the confirmation process. Note: A list of NRTLs may be referenced at https://www.osha.gov/dts/otpca/nrtl/nrtllist.html

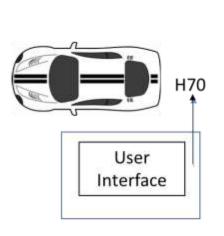
D. MINIMUM DAILY FUELING CAPACITY	
Each station shall have the capability to dispense a minimum average daily capacity of no less than 180 kg. Applicants will be required to adhere to the minimum daily fueling capacity proposed in their application. Minimum daily fueling capacity refers to the station's capacity to fuel light duty vehicles over a 12 hour period, between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on a daily basis.	A station in a "cluster" area shall have a minimum of 2 fueling positions. A "connector" or "destination" station may install only 1 fueling position, but the site layout shall not preclude the future addition of a second fueling position. A single fueling position is defined as an H70 fueling interface with a dedicated customer vehicle access, user control, and point of sale interface. The fueling position may also include an H35 nozzle, in addition to, the H70 nozzle. For a station with multiple fueling positions, each fueling position shall be capable to operate independently and in-parallel (simultaneously). [see enclosed diagram below] Each fueling position station daily capacity of no less than 160 180 kg. Applicants will be required to adhere to the minimum daily fueling capacity proposed in their application. Minimum daily fueling capacity refers to the station's capacity to fuel light duty vehicles over a 12-hour period, between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. on a daily basis. Each fueling position shall have the capability to dispense a minimum of 200 kg over a period of 24-hours (6 a.m. to 6 a.m.) on a daily basis. Stations which require a batch process such as resupply from delivered gas, or recovery period for production or compression processes, must include the delay caused by this process step over the 24- hour period. The 24-hour fueling capacity shall also represent a repeatable value such that fueling could occur on consecutive days between periods of planned maintenance. A single "fill" is described in the following table, per CSA HGV 4.9, as a reference to evaluate station performance and equipment capability.
	Metrics:Minimum Criteria:SAE J2601 Protocol ClassH70-T40CHSS Size125 LDispensed Mass4 kgState of Charge (SOC), Comm. Fill98% +2/-1%Note: The terms "cluster", "connector", and "destination" are referenced in the publication "A California Road Map: The Commercialization of Hydrogen Fuel Cell Vehicles, California Fuel Cell Partnership (2012).

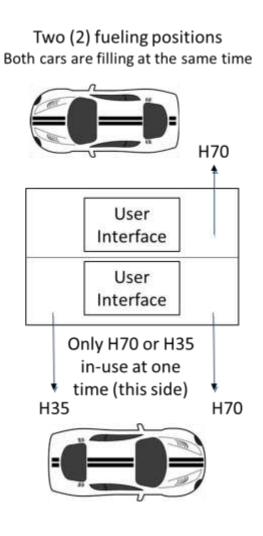
E. MINIMUM PEAK FUELING CAPACITY		
1. Minimum Peak Fueling Capacity for 700 Bar Refueling : Each station shall have the capability to provide a minimum of five 4kg H70-T40 fills per hour, back-to-back, without vehicle users having to wait for the station to recharge. Minimum peak fueling capacity refers to the station's ability to serve peak fueling demand between 6 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 6 p.m.	 1. Minimum Peak Fueling Capacity for 700 Bar Refueling: Each fueling position station shall have the capability to provide a minimum of five (5) 4kg-H70-T40 fills (20 kg), where "fills" are described above, per 1-hour, back-to-back, without vehicle users having to wait for the station to recharge. The back-to-back (consecutive) fill sequence is defined per CSA HGV 4.9. Each fueling position shall have the capability to repeat this 1-hour capacity performance across 3 consecutive hours within the 12-hour term. This is defined as the 3-hour capacity. Minimum peak fueling capacity refers to the station's ability to serve peak fueling demand between 6 a.m. to 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. 	
2. Minimum Peak Fueling Capacity for 350 Bar Refueling: Stations that opt to provide H35-T20 shall provide a minimum of four 4kg H35-T20 fills per hour, back-to-back, without vehicle users having to wait for the station to recharge. The peak fueling capacity for H35-T20 does not need to be demonstrated in the same hour as the H70-T40.	2. Minimum Peak Fueling Capacity for 350 Bar Refueling: Stations that opt to provide <u>H35 H35-T20</u> shall provide a minimum of four <u>(4) 2kg 4kg H35 H35-T20</u> fills per hour, back-to-back, without vehicle users having to wait for the station to recharge. The peak fueling capacity for <u>H35 H35-T20</u> does not need to be demonstrated in the same hour as the H70-T40.	
G. POINT OF SALE (POS) TERMINAL		
 The hydrogen refueling station shall include a POS terminal that accepts major credit cards, debit cards, and fleet card payment systems like those commonly used at gas stations. 1. The POS terminal shall be compatible with card payment curtages that use embedded micropresessor ship technology is a 	The hydrogen refueling station shall include a POS terminal that accepts major credit cards, debit cards, and fleet card payment systems like those commonly used at gas stations, the major retail and commercial card systems, including MasterCard, Visa, Wex, and Voyager, as minimum criteria.	
systems that use embedded microprocessor chip technology, i.e., Europay, MasterCard, and Visa (EMV) now managed by EMVCo for automated fuel dispensers.	1. The POS terminal shall be compatible with card payment systems that use embedded microprocessor chip technology, i.e., Europay, MasterCard, and Visa (EMV) now managed by EMVCo for automated fuel dispensers.	
2. The POS terminal shall use standard, public product codes to specify hydrogen fuel sale type in the transaction record.	2. The POS terminal shall use standard, public product codes to specify hydrogen fuel sale type in the transaction record.	
I. STATION DESIGN REQUIREMENTS	1	

J. STATION DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

Hydrogen refueling stations funded under this solicitation must be designed to allow for and be permitted for the hydrogen refueling station to accept delivery of hydrogen fuel from a mobile hydrogen refueler or hydrogen tube trailer.	Hydrogen refueling stations funded under this solicitation must be designed to allow for and be permitted for the hydrogen refueling station to accept delivery of hydrogen fuel from a mobile hydrogen refueler or hydrogen tube trailer.
	 [new section] Operations - The station provider shall include a response and maintenance plan consistent with the following: An immediate response to any safety alarm, including fire or hydrogen detection. The station provider shall demonstrate the ability to respond with service technicians to the site in less than 4 hours. Upon system failure, commercially reasonable efforts should be employed to ensure the fueling equipment is operational within a 24-hour period. Notification should be provided to OEMs, and listed on CaFCP SOSS, no less than 48-hours ahead of any planned shutdown.

One (1) fueling position





Two (2) fueling positions Both cars are filling at the same time

