

DOCKETED

Docket Number:	17-IEPR-09
Project Title:	Climate Adaptation and Resiliency
TN #:	220881-10
Document Title:	Using Satellite Data to Improve the Estimation of Snow-dominated Runoff Available for Hydropower Generation
Description:	8.29.2017: Presentation by Steve Margulis of UCLA
Filer:	Raquel Kravitz
Organization:	California Energy Commission
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff
Submission Date:	8/25/2017 10:23:20 AM
Docketed Date:	8/25/2017

DOCKETED

Docket Number:	17-IEPR-09
Project Title:	Climate Adaptation and Resiliency
TN #:	220882
Document Title:	Using Satellite Data to Improve the Estimation of Snow-dominated Runoff Available for Hydropower Generation
Description:	8.29.2017: Presentation by Steve Margulis of UCLA
Filer:	Raquel Kravitz
Organization:	California Energy Commission
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff
Submission Date:	8/25/2017 10:23:20 AM
Docketed Date:	8/25/2017

Using Satellite Data to Improve the Estimation of Snow-dominated Runoff Available for Hydropower Generation

Steve Margulis, UCLA

2017 IEPR Joint Agency Workshop on Climate Adaptation and Resilience for the Energy System

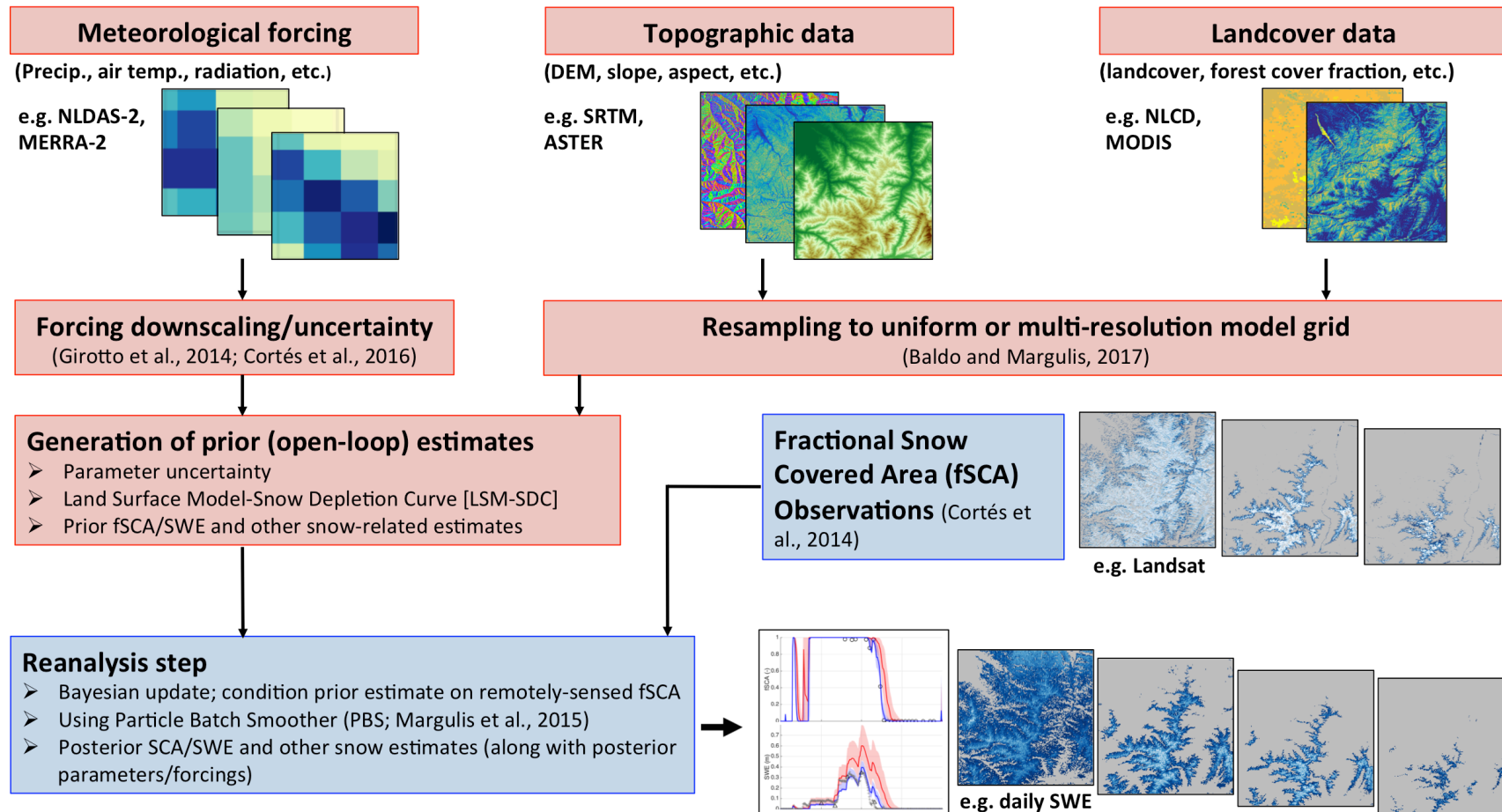
August 29, 2017



Objectives

- Develop new historical (reanalysis) database of snow over the Sierra Nevada from the remote sensing record
 - to characterize degree to which existing hydropower plants involve snow-dominated flows
 - to build better models for current forecasting
 - to understand how water/energy resources may change in future
- Demonstrate potential for improved streamflow from improved snow characterization
- Demonstrate potential for improved real-time snow characterization
- Build near-real-time/seasonal forecasting system

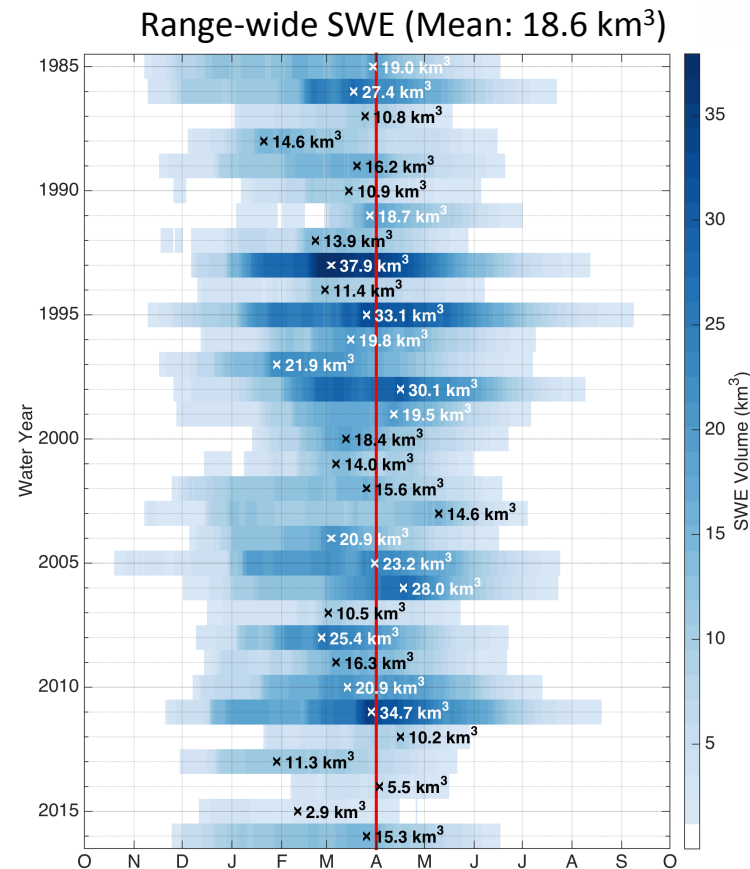
Historical Snow Reanalysis Framework



Sierra Nevada Snow Reanalysis

- Coverage: 20 snow-dominated basins (~49,000 km²)
- Resolution: daily at 90 meter
- Temporal extent:
Landsat 5-8 Record:
1985-2016 Water Years (WYs)
- Verification against over 9000 station-years of in situ (snow course/pillow) data

Margulis et al., JHM, 2016

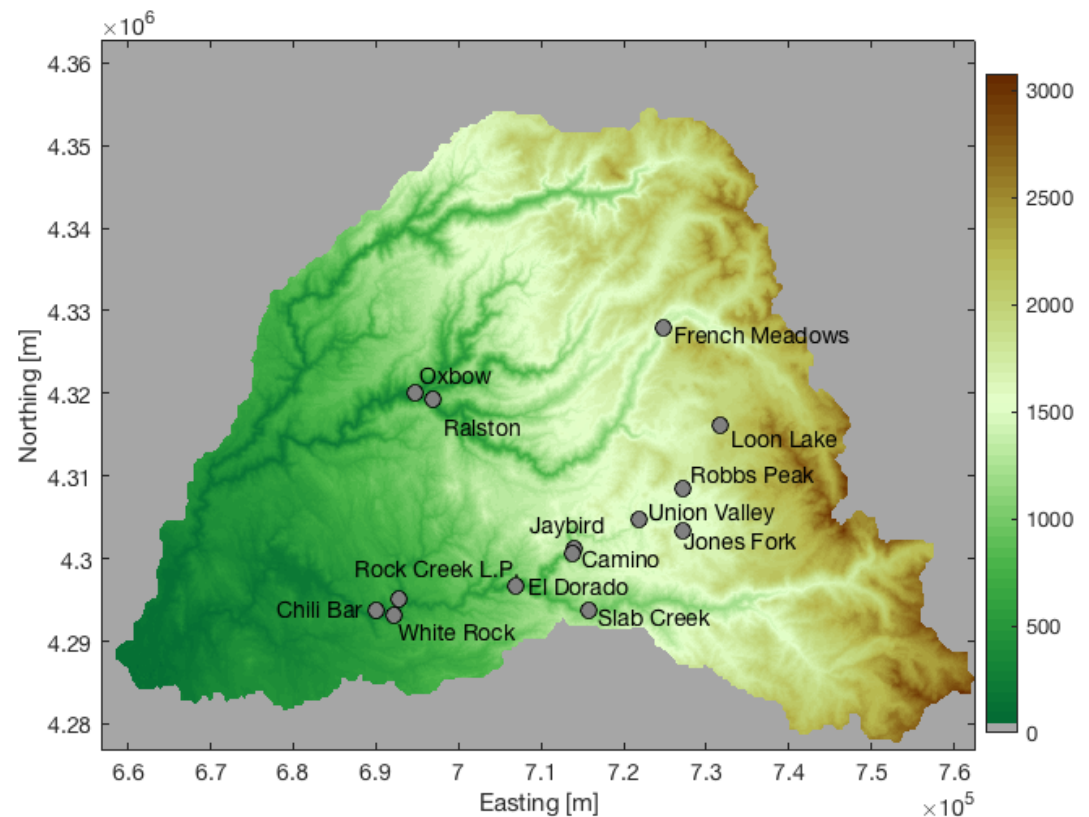


Margulis et al., GRL, 2016

Hydropower plant characterization

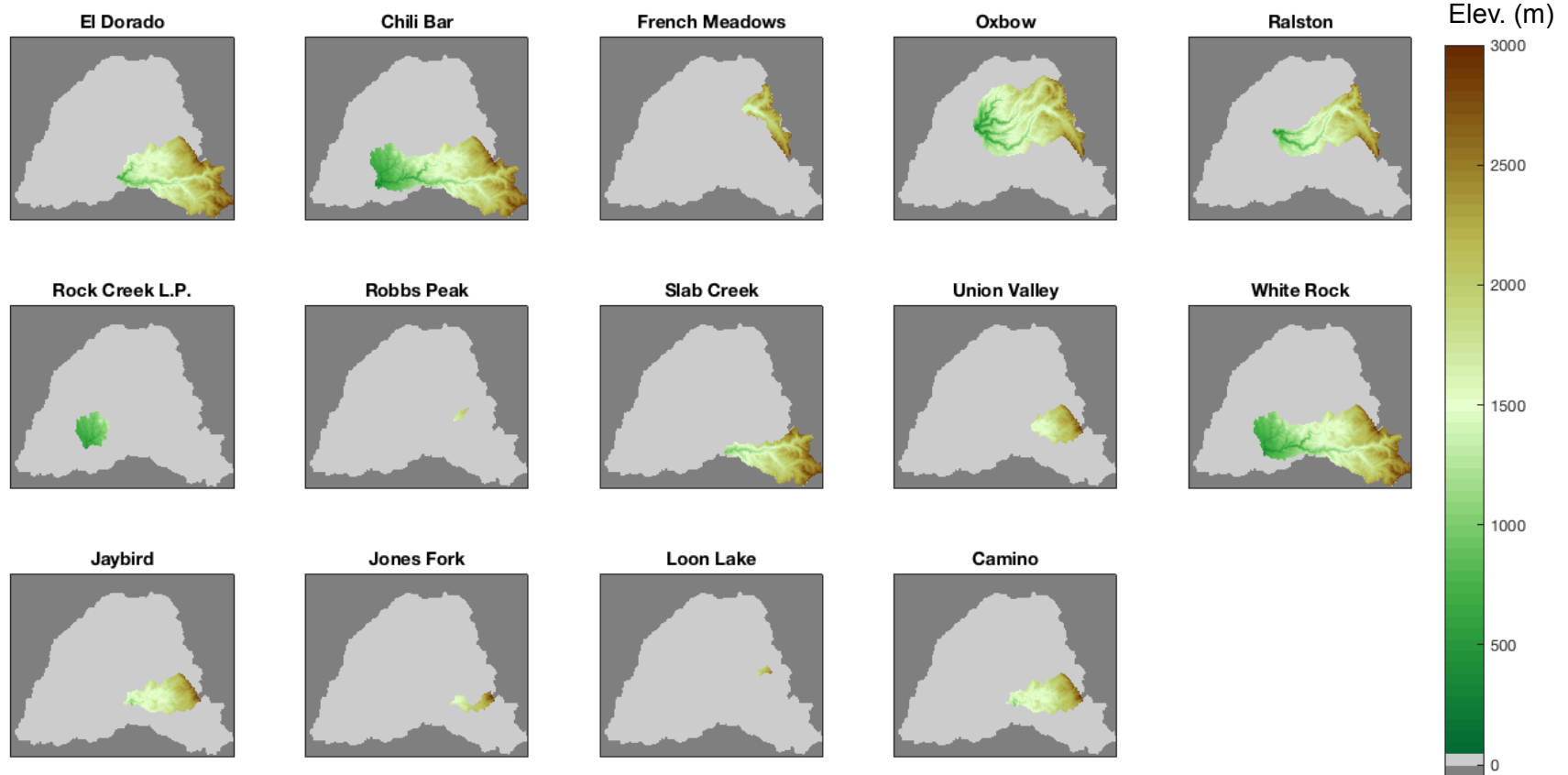
e.g. American River Basin:

Total of 14 power plants,
approximately 1000 MW of
installed capacity (source:
CEC)



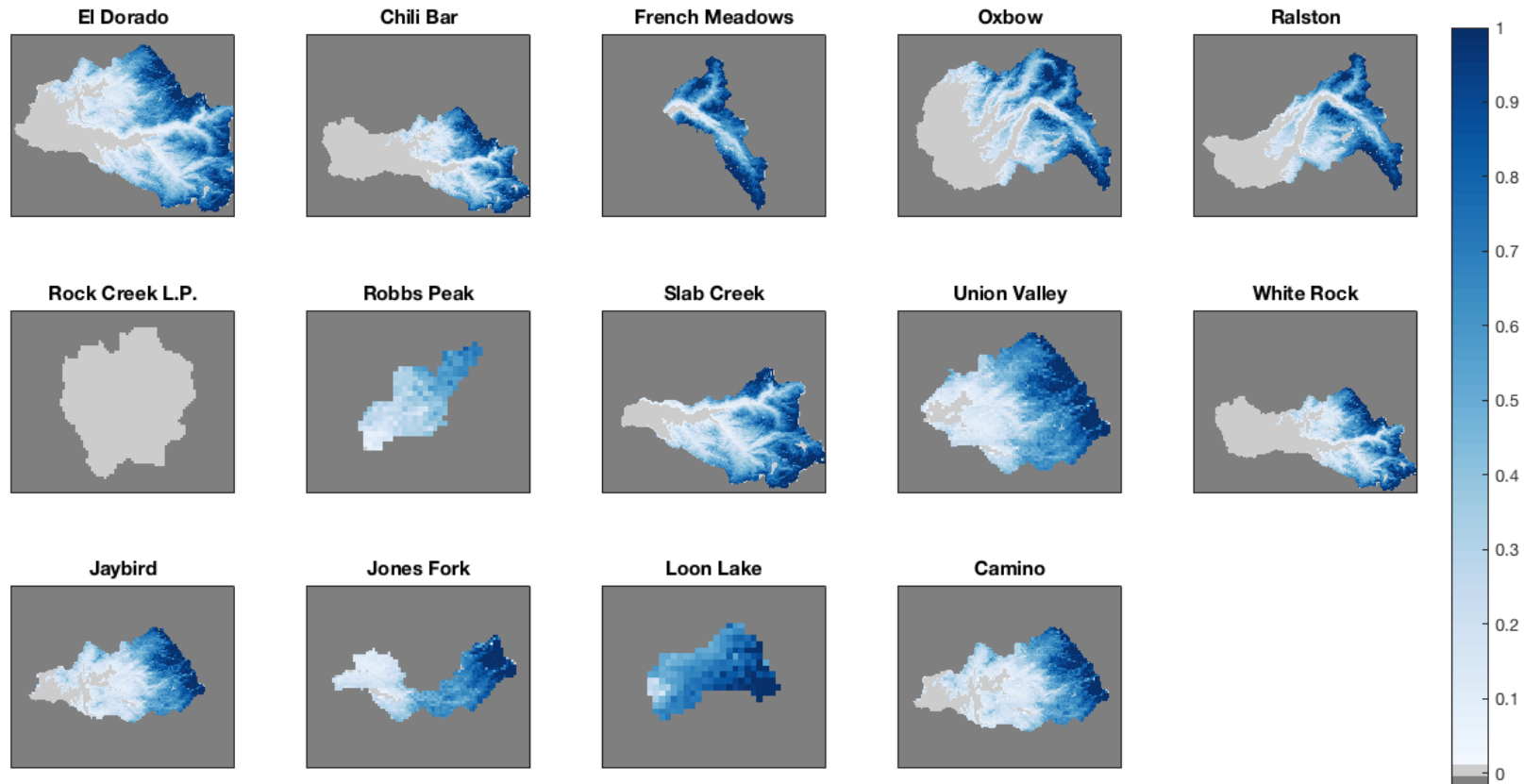
Hydropower plant characterization

Delineated upstream areas



Hydropower plant characterization

Mean April 01 SWE (in meters) in each basin



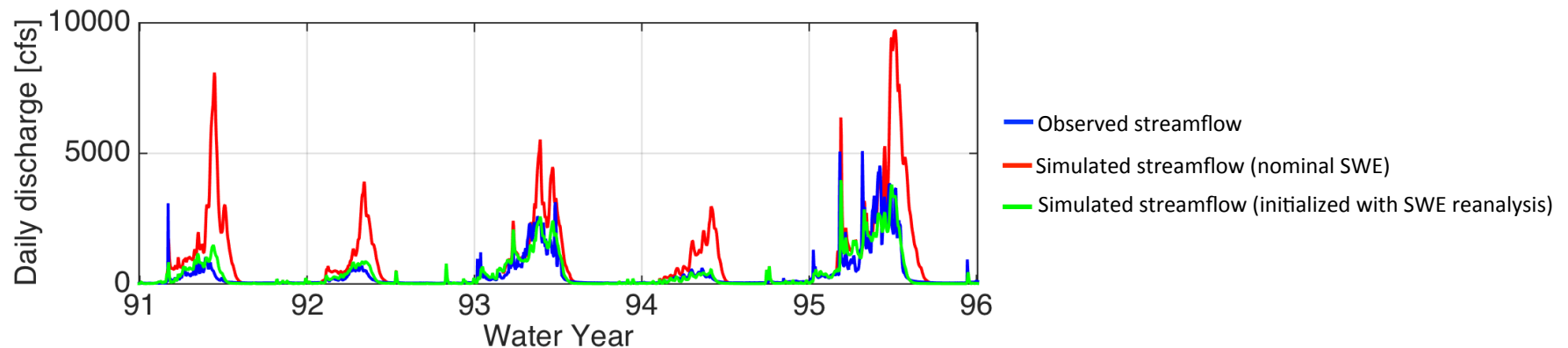
Hydropower plant characterization

Power Plant	Owner	Mean Elev. [m.a.s.l.]	Area [sq.km]	MW	April 1 st mean SWE [m]	% Snow covered on April 1st
El Dorado	El Dorado	1883	1617	20	0.38	79%
Chili Bar	PG&E	1645	1541	7	0.29	60%
French Meadows	Placer County Water Agency	2140	286	15	0.69	96%
Oxbow	Placer County Water Agency	1647	1351	6	0.31	63%
Ralston	Placer County Water Agency	1723	818	79	0.35	67%
Rock Creek L.P.	Rock Creek LTD PNSP	879	191	3.6	-	0
Robbs Peak	Sacramento MUD	1833	22	29.5	0.37	99.6%
Slab Creek	Sacramento MUD	1996	664	0.4	0.43	84.6%
Union Valley	Sacramento MUD	1970	286	46.7	0.49	94%
White Rock	Sacramento MUD	1652	1532	230	0.29	60%
Jaybird	Sacramento MUD	1835	421	154	0.38	85%
Jones Fork	Sacramento MUD	2009	96	11.5	0.52	97%
Loon Lake	Sacramento MUD	2127	17	82	0.72	100%
Camino	Sacramento MUD	1834	422	308	0.38	84.6%

Improved streamflow via improved SWE?

Exploration of potential runoff improvement with better SWE characterization:

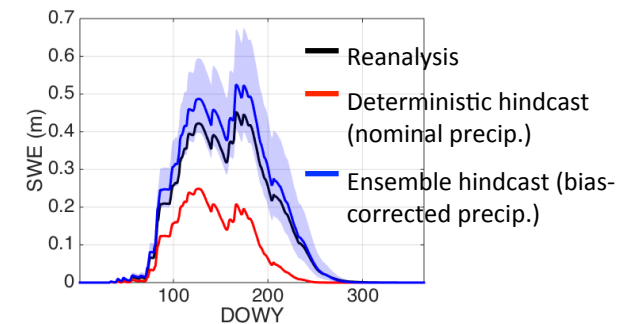
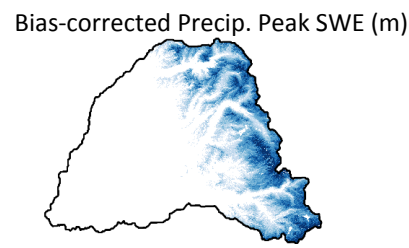
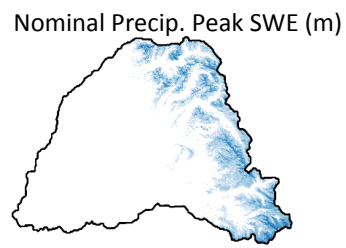
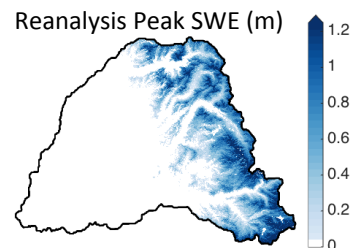
- Will runoff predictions improve given better SWE initial conditions?
- Initialized runoff model (VIC) with reanalysis SWE to assess whether runoff performance improved vs. a free-running nominal simulation.



Ability to improve real-time SWE estimates?

Exploration of potential for real-time SWE improvements based on information derived from historical SWE reanalysis

- Retrospective reanalysis results show significant biases in nominal precipitation
- Can bias-correction be used for real-time SWE prediction?



Next steps

- Sierra Nevada-wide characterization of snow-dominated hydropower plants using historical snow database; identify and target large plants with significant snowmelt contributions to streamflow
- Seek input from hydropower agencies for understanding current state-of-the-art forecasting methodologies
- Build real-time/seasonal snow estimation and runoff forecasting system
- Test forecasting system at identified hydropower plants; quantify forecasting potential via hindcasts over historical record
- Characterization of how forecasting system will be impacted by climate change