

DOCKETED

Docket Number:	11-RPS-01
Project Title:	Renewables Portfolio Standard
TN #:	215631
Document Title:	Eastside Power Authority Final RPS Verification Results Report for Compliance Period 1
Description:	N/A
Filer:	Judi Carter
Organization:	California Energy Commission
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff
Submission Date:	1/30/2017 8:46:37 AM
Docketed Date:	1/30/2017

California Energy Commission
COMMISSION FINAL REPORT

Renewables Portfolio Standard Verification Results

Eastside Power Authority
Compliance Period 1

California Energy Commission

Edmund G. Brown Jr., Governor

January 2017 | CEC-300-2017-016-CMF



California Energy Commission

David Hochschild
Lead Commissioner

Chris Metzker
Olga Romaso
Primary Authors

Emily Chisholm
Theresa Daniels
Project Manager

Natalie Lee
Office Manager
RENEWABLE ENERGY OFFICE

Courtney Smith
Deputy Director
RENEWABLE ENERGY DIVISION

Robert P. Oglesby
Executive Director

Verification Results: Compliance Period 1

Eastside Power Authority

Background

Established in 2002, California’s Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) is one of the most ambitious renewable energy policies in the nation. Enacted by Senate Bill 1078 (Sher, Chapter 516, Statutes of 2002) with bipartisan support, and accelerated and expanded by subsequent legislation, California’s RPS establishes increasingly progressive renewable energy targets for the state’s electric service providers, requiring both retail sellers and local publicly owned electric utilities (POUs) to increase their procurement of eligible renewable energy resources to 33 percent of retail sales by 2020 and 50 percent of retail sales by 2030. Originally restricted to retail sellers, Senate Bill X1-2 (Simitian, Chapter 1, Statutes of 2011, First Extraordinary Session) expanded the statewide RPS to apply to POUs starting in 2011. The POUs have the following RPS compliance period targets through 2020:

RPS Targets for Local Publicly Owned Utilities ¹									
Compliance Period 1			Compliance Period 2			Compliance Period 3			
2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	25%	27%	29%	31%	33%

POU Procurement Verification Process

California’s RPS is administered by the California Energy Commission (Energy Commission) and the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). The Energy Commission is responsible for certifying RPS-eligible renewable energy resources, developing a tracking system to verify renewable energy procurement for all program participants, and overseeing compliance of the POUs. The CPUC is responsible for overseeing compliance and enforcement of the retail sellers.

As part of its administrative responsibility, the Energy Commission verifies the procurement claims of both retail sellers and POUs. The method used by the Energy Commission to verify procurement claims for RPS program participants is detailed in the *Renewables Portfolio Standard Eligibility Guidebook*² and further explained in the *Renewables Portfolio Standard Verification Methodology Report*, which can be found at

http://www.energy.ca.gov/portfolio/documents/rps_verification.html

As POUs were mandated to comply with the statewide RPS program starting in 2011, this is the first issuance of verification results for POUs.

¹ Compliance with the RPS program is determined on a compliance period basis; however, each year within a compliance period contains a soft target that is applied to that year’s retail sales in order to determine that year’s contribution to the compliance period’s total RPS requirement.

² Refer to Section VI of the *Renewables Portfolio Standard Eligibility Guidebook, Eighth Edition*.

These verification results are not a compliance determination. The Energy Commission is responsible for determining POU compliance with the RPS.³ After the Energy Commission adopts a POU's *Verification Results*, it will begin the process of determining if the POU is in compliance with the RPS requirements in accordance with the *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities*⁴ for Compliance Period 1 (2011-2013). The Energy Commission's Executive Director will make a compliance determination informed by the verification results presented here and, if applicable, the application of optional compliance measures by the POU. The Executive Director will issue a letter to each POU documenting the RPS compliance determination. If the Executive Director determines a POU is not in compliance with the RPS requirements, a complaint will be issued to the POU, and adjudicated by the Energy Commission in accordance with the *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities*.

Verification Results

This document provides the verification results for Eastside Power Authority's RPS procurement for Compliance Period 1 (2011-2013). The verification results are shown in renewable energy credits (RECs)⁵ and include the following:

- The amount of eligible renewable energy procured by Eastside Power Authority.
- The Portfolio Content Category classification of eligible renewable energy.
- Eastside Power Authority's procurement target and portfolio balance requirements.
- Any optional compliance measures being applied by Eastside Power Authority.
- Eastside Power Authority's additional procurement above requirements, which may be applied to a future compliance period.

The Energy Commission finds that the procurement claim amounts listed in this report are eligible for the RPS, consistent with the RPS certification and procurement rules and requirements specified in the *Renewables Portfolio Standard Eligibility Guidebook* and *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities*, and should therefore count toward meeting the Eastside Power Authority's RPS procurement requirements.

For Compliance Period 1, Eastside Power Authority procured eligible renewable energy equal to 7 percent of its retail sales for the period and had a procurement target deficit of 7,022 RECs. Eastside Power Authority had a Category 1 portfolio balance requirement deficit of 4,682 RECs. Eastside Power Authority applied the cost limitations compliance measure to excuse its REC deficits, which will be evaluated by Energy Commission staff after the approval of Eastside Power Authority's Compliance Period 1 (2011-2013) verification results.

³ Pub. Util. Code § 399.30, subd. (o) and (p).

⁴ The *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities* are set forth in 20 CCR §§ 1240 and 3200 – 3208, and establish the rules and procedures by which the Energy Commission will assess a POU's procurement actions and determine whether those actions meet the RPS procurement requirements in the law.

⁵ Refer to 20 CCR § 3201(v). RECs are measured in megawatt hours (MWh).

The table below summarizes REC eligibility determinations for Eastside Power Authority, and provides a breakdown of the total procurement claim amount, the amounts identified as ineligible, the amounts withdrawn by the Load Serving Entity (LSE), and the procurement claim amount determined to be eligible for the RPS.

Eastside Power Authority claimed 820 RECs from Lewiston Powerplant, Nimbus Powerplant, and Stampede Powerplant which are ineligible for the RPS. These claims have vintages prior to 2011, which would only be eligible for the RPS as historic carryover. Eastside Power Authority did not meet the criteria specified in *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities* to claim historic carryover procurement for the RPS.⁶

Overview of RPS Claims (MWh):	
Total RPS Claims Reported	12,990
Ineligible Claims:	
Amount ineligible because facility is not RPS-Certified when RECs were created	
Amount ineligible because the claim was retired more than 36 months after the vintage of the RECs	
Amount ineligible due to double claiming of RECs	
Amount ineligible because facility exceeded fossil fuel usage limit or used ineligible fuel	
Amount ineligible because generation not reported through WREGIS	
Claims with a pre-2011 vintage are only eligible for historic carryover	820
Withdrawn Claims	
Amount withdrawn by LSE	
Claims Eligible Toward the RPS	12,170

⁶ Refer to 20 CCR § 3206 of the *Enforcement Procedures for the Renewables Portfolio Standard for Local Publicly Owned Electric Utilities*.



Procurement Target Calculation (MWh)	Calendar Year	Annual Retail Sales	Soft Target Percentage	Soft Targets
	2011	17,010	20%	3,402
	2012	17,500	20%	3,500
	2013	19,711	20%	3,942
Procurement Target				10,844

RECs Retired and Applied ¹	Category 0 (PCC 0)	Category 3 (PCC 3)	Total ²
Eligible RECs Retired	1,481	10,689	12,170
Eligible RECs Applied	1,481	9,364	3,822

RPS Portfolio Balance Requirements (MWh)	CP 1
Category 1 Balance Requirement ³	4,682
Category 3 Balance Limitation ⁴	2,341
Disallowed Category 3 RECs	7,023

RPS Requirement Deficits (MWh)	CP 1
Procurement Target Deficit	7,022
Category 1 Balance Requirement Deficit	4,682
Percent Renewable for CP1	7%

Optional Compliance Measures Applied	CP 1
Cost Limitations	Yes
Delay of Timely Compliance	No
Portfolio Balance Reduction	No

Excess Procurement Calculation (MWh)	CP 1
Total RECs Retired	0
RECs Applied to Target	0
Category 3 RECs Not Applied	0
Short Term RECs	0
Eligible Excess Procurement	0

Balance of Additional Procurement (MWh)	Starting Balance	Accumulated in CP 1	Applied to CP 1	Remaining Balance
Historic Carryover	0	0	0	0
Excess Procurement	0	0	0	0

1. Only includes REC categories that are claimed by the POU listed above

2. Total RECs Applied does not include Disallowed Category 3 RECs

3. Calculated as lesser of RECs retired or procurement target less Category 0 RECs, pre-June 2010 RECs, and Historic Carryover, multiplied by 0.5

4. Calculated as lesser of RECs retired or procurement target less Category 0 RECs, pre-June 2010 RECs, and Historic Carryover, multiplied by 0.25