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Energy Efficiency Standards for Computers and Computer Monitors

Art Rosenfeld Hearing Room
December 14, 2016

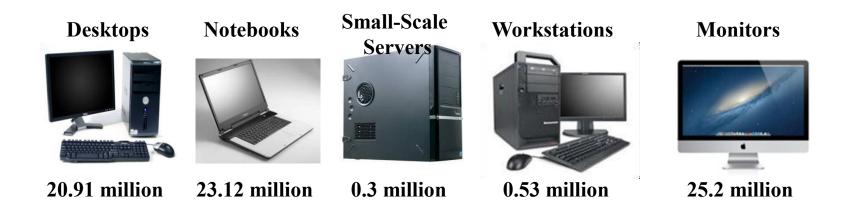
Soheila Pasha

Appliances and Outreach and Education Office

Efficiency Division



Significant Statewide Use



- In California:
 - ➤ There are more than 44 million computers and more than 25 million computer monitors.
 - Computers and monitors use 5,610 GWh/yr



Significant Statewide Benefit

- Reduced electricity demand by 2,332 GWh/yr:
 - Computers: 1,636 GWh/yr
 - Monitors: 696 GWh/yr
- Consumer utility bill savings of over \$3.5 Billion from 2019-2030.
- Greenhouse gas reduction of 0.73 MMT of CO₂ equivalent per year.
- Computer regulations apply to idle, sleep and off modes and <u>do</u> not set a limit for active mode; Performance <u>is not</u> impacted.
- Proposed standards are cost effective and provide the flexibility to comply in the most cost effective way.
 - For example: ~\$10 incremental cost to desktops results in life cycle savings of about \$40.



Initial Study/Proposed Negative Declaration

- The proposed negative declaration for the environmental impacts of adopting the proposed standards for Computers, Computer Monitors, and Signage Displays shows no adverse environmental impacts.
- Written comment period for negative declaration ended on October 24, 2016.
- No comments were received during or after the comment period.



Scope Computer Monitors

- 17" ≤ Diagonal Screen Size ≤ 61"
- Includes:
 - Enhanced Performance Displays
 - Gaming Monitors
 - Curved Monitors
 - Organic Light-Emitting Diode (OLED) Monitors
- Does not include:
 - Televisions or signage displays
 - Computing devices





Scope

Computers

- Includes:
 - Desktops and Thin-Clients
 - Notebooks
 - Small-Scale servers
 - Workstations



- Does not include:
 - Tablets
 - Small computing devices (like smart phones)
 - Game consoles
 - Large-scale servers



Modes of Operation

Monitors

- Operate in 3 modes: on, sleep, and off.
- Proposed standards limit energy consumption in each of these modes.

Computers

- Operate in 5 modes: active (on), short-idle, long-idle, sleep, and off.
- Some systems combine long-idle and sleep modes into an "alternative sleep" mode.
- Proposed standards focus on limiting idle-mode consumption.



Performance Requirement: Monitors

- On Mode power consumption limit is a set of formulas based on the diagonal screen size, resolution, and screen area.
- Sleep and off modes combined must consume less than 1.2 Watts.
- Allowances are provided for enhanced performance displays (EPDs), curved, OLED, touch, and gaming features.
 - Monitors with multiple features may combine allowances.



Performance Requirement: Desktops

- Performance standard based on annual energy consumption targets in short-idle, long-idle, sleep, and off modes.
- > Adders for additional features & functions.
- > Targets are determined based on the computer's "expandability score."
- Expandability score approximates how much energy a computer needs for specific functions.



Performance Requirements: Notebooks

- ➤ Performance standard based on annual energy consumption in short-idle, long-idle, sleep, and off modes
- > 30 kWh/yr + adders
- Adders for additional features & functions



Performance Requirements: Small-scale Servers & Workstations

- Prescriptive standard
- ➤ 80+ Gold Power Supply and Energy Efficient Ethernet



Power Management: Computers

- All computers are required to transition displays into sleep mode after 15 minutes or less of user inactivity.
- All computers are required to transition into a sleep mode after 30 minutes or less of user inactivity.
- Does not apply to small-scale servers, rackmounted workstations, and computers with no operating system or with only a limited capability operating system.



Effective Dates

Computer Monitors Effective Dates:

Standards and Tier 1	Standards and Tier 2
Allowances	Allowances
July 1, 2019	January 1, 2021

Computers Effective Dates:

	Small-Scale Servers and Workstations	Notebooks
Tier 1: January 1, 2019	January 1, 2018	January 1, 2019
Tier 2: July 1, 2021		



Technical Feasibility: Monitors

- ➤ Technologies, such as higher efficiency LED backlights and more efficient power supplies, are available today to improve efficiency.
- ➤ About 20% of monitors already meet the proposed standards.
- ➤ About 80% of monitors already meet the sleep and off mode requirements.



Technical Feasibility: Computers

Desktops and Notebooks:

- Proposed standards provide flexibility to comply in the most cost effective way.
- Technologies to meet the proposed standards exist.
- Some notebook and desktop products that meet or are close to meeting the proposed standards exist today.

Small-Scale Servers and Workstations:

Requires use of components that are widely available in the market.



Unit Cost Effectiveness

Product Type	Life Cycle Savings (kWh)	Life Cycle Savings (\$)	Incremental Cost (\$)
Desktop (Tier1)	272.4	\$43.58	\$9.55
Desktop (Tier2)	365	\$58.39	\$14.00
Notebook	14.4	\$2.30	\$1.00
Small-Scale Server	120	\$19.20	\$13.00
Workstation	187	\$29.92	\$13.00
Monitors	194	\$31.08	\$5.00



Small Volume Manufacturers (SVM)

- Manufacturers with total annual gross revenue of \$2M or less who assemble and sell the computers at the same location.
- Computers manufactured by SVMs are exempted from complying with the proposed standards, with the exception of power management.
- If an SVM manufactures desktops or workstation in quantities of 50 units or more of a basic model, those units must fully comply.
- Basic models have the same chassis, power supply, motherboard, and expandability score.



Clarifying Changes

- Proposed language clarifies that Signage Displays are required to meet existing television efficiency standards.
 - Professional signage displays, such as those used in stadiums, continue not to be covered.
- Proposed language clarifies that certain non-consumer battery chargers are not covered under the battery charger standard.



Post Adoption Activities

Monitoring the market:

- Monitor for shifts in the market and adjusting regulations to ensure that projected energy savings are achieved.
- Propose regulations for new technologies or features upon petition for rulemaking.

> Tools for market monitoring:

- Data collected through certification to the Appliance Efficiency Database.
- Third-party data, scaled to California population.

> Outreach and education



Questions & Comments