<b>Docket Number:</b>	r: 16-AAER-04		
Project Title:	2016 California Quality LED Lamp Specifications		
TN #:	214415-2		
<b>Document Title:</b>	Attachment to Blair Chen Comment N/A		
<b>Description:</b>			
Filer:	Patty Paul		
Organization:	Blair Chen		
<b>Submitter Role:</b>	Public		
Submission Date:	11/8/2016 7:20:33 AM		
<b>Docketed Date:</b>	11/8/2016		

DOCKETED			
<b>Docket Number:</b>	16-AAER-04		
Project Title:	2016 California Quality LED Lamp Specifications		
TN #:	214302		
<b>Document Title:</b>	Voluntary California Quality Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Lamp Specificatio 3.0		
<b>Description:</b>	Voluntary California Quality Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Lamp Specificat 3.0		
Filer:	Soheila Pasha		
Organization:	California Energy Commission		
<b>Submitter Role:</b>	Commission Staff		
Submission Date:	10/31/2016 4:37:56 PM		
<b>Docketed Date:</b>	10/31/2016		

California Energy Commission

#### DRAFT STAFF REPORT

## Voluntary California Quality Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Lamp Specification 3.0

A Voluntary Minimum Specification for "California Quality" LED Lamps

California Energy Commission

Edmund G. Brown Jr., Governor



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#### **ABSTRACT**

The Voluntary California Quality Light Emitting Diode (LED) Lamp Specification (the specification) objective is to promote lighting products that have performance quality better than current mandatory requirements and to prepare the market for the upcoming mandatory efficiency regulations. A minimum level of quality and performance from LED lamps are needed to avoid consumer dissatisfaction and facilitate market transition to more efficient LED technology.

The specification is developed in collaboration with the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC). CPUC Decision 12-05-015 directs the California Investor Owned Utilities to propose rebates for LED products that are consistent with the quality specification developed by the California Energy Commission.

The initial version of the specification (Version 1.0) took effect December 2012. The requirements for Version 1.0 were mostly aligned with the ENERGY STAR® 1.0 specifications, with the exception of requirements for color, dimmability, light distribution, and warranty. In November 2014, the Energy Commission published Version 2.0 of the specification, which was updated to align with the ENERGY STAR 1.1 requirements, except for color, dimmability, and warranty. The specification is due to be updated again in order to continue driving the market towards higher quality products and prepare for the upcoming appliance efficiency regulations for state-regulated LED lamps. For this purpose, the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification, Version 3.0, is aligned with the Title 20 standards.

**Keywords**: California Energy Commission, energy efficiency, LED, LED lamps, lighting, light quality, lighting, specification, quality

Soheila Pasha, Peter Strait, Harinder Singh. 2016. *Voluntary California Quality Light-Emitting Diode (LED) Lamp Specification 3.0.* California Energy Commission. Publication Number: CEC-400-2016-024-SD.

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# CHAPTER 1: Background and Purpose

#### **History of the Specification**

California Energy Commission staff began working on a Voluntary California Quality Lamp LED Specification (specification) in 2012. The various iterations help utilities, the lighting industry, and consumers determine the appropriate level of performance necessary from light-emitting diode (LED) lighting products to meet or exceed consumer expectations for general purpose lighting in homes. Because LED lamps can achieve similar performance to incandescent lamps while using a fraction of the power, LED lamps present a significant opportunity to reduce energy consumption from lighting. However, many California consumers have chosen to continue purchasing halogen products to replace a burned-out light bulb, while others continue to use compact fluorescent lamps (CFLs).

Consumer opinions and perception of early products, and the slow uptake of efficient CFLs in the California market, provided a basis for determining what lighting product features matter to consumers. Addressing these concerns became the initial driver for the specification.

The initial version of the specification (Version 1.0) took effect in December 2012. The requirements for Version 1.0 were mostly aligned with the ENERGY STAR® Version 1.0 specifications. Version 1.0 did go beyond ENERGY STAR specifications in several areas: color, dimmability, light distribution, and warranty. In November 2014, the Energy Commission published Version 2.0 of the specification, which was updated to align more with the ENERGY STAR Version 1.1 requirements.

#### **Lighting Standards**

In June 2015, the Energy Commission adopted updates to the energy and water efficiency standards for new construction, located in Part 1, Chapter 10, and Part 6, of Title 24 of the California Code of Regulations. Joint Appendix 8 (JA8) contains requirements for lamps and luminaires installed in residential new construction. The 2016 Building Energy Efficiency Standards take effect on January 1, 2017.

In January 2016, the Energy Commission adopted appliance efficiency standards for state-regulated LED lamps. These mandatory standards set minimum performance and efficacy requirements for state-regulated LED lamps to ensure that consumers receive a product that performs as expected while driving efficacy improvements in these products generally. The appliance efficiency standards apply to any covered lamp that is sold or offered for sale in California on or after January 1, 2018.

In March 2016, the U.S. Department of Energy proposed standards for general service lamps, including general service LED lamps. While not yet finalized, these standards are expected to take effect on January 1, 2020. A final rule is expected at the end of 2016.

#### **Purpose of the Updated Specification**

The Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification represents the Energy Commission's recommendation for minimum requirements for an LED light to be considered "California quality." This update to the specification continues efforts to drive the market towards higher quality LED products. The Commission also seeks to prepare the market for the upcoming appliance efficiency regulations for state-regulated LED lamps. For this purpose, the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification, Version 3.0, is proposed to align with the Title 20 standards for state-regulated LED lamps.

The Energy Commission is essentially encouraging "early adoption" of the Title 20 Appliance Efficiency Regulations that apply to general service LED lamps. The Title 20 requirements are separated into two tiers. Tier 1 becomes effective January 1, 2018, and Tier 2 becomes effective July 1, 2019. This update is similarly divided into two tiers. The same criteria that are needed for Title 20 Tier 1 will apply from January 1, 2017, to January 1, 2018, and the same criteria that are needed for Tier 2 will apply from January 1, 2018, onward.

# Chapter 2: Eligible Lamps

This specification applies to lamps meeting the following four criteria for base, brightness, correlated color temperature (CCT), and chromaticity:

- The lamp must have an American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standard E12, E17, E26, or GU24 base, including LED lamps that are designed for retrofit within existing recessed can housing that contains one of the preceding bases.
- The lamp must be capable of producing a quantity of light suitable for general illumination, meaning a brightness less than or equal to 2,600 lumens, and greater than or equal to 150 lumens (for candelabra bases) or 200 lumens (for other bases).
- The lamp must be capable of producing white light, meaning light with a correlated color temperature between 2,200 K and 7,000 K.
- The lamp must have a Duv  $\pm 0.012$ .

The specification includes lamps of any shape that meet the above criteria. In defining the scope of the specification, the Energy Commission is not intending to exclude other lamp types from being included in utility programs. For example, small diameter directional lamps (SDDL) (with diameters less than 2.25 inches) are not in the scope of this specification although they are part of Title 20 Appliance Efficiency Regulations. This is because SDDL's are more commonly used in commercial applications and the specifications is intended to identify characteristics appropriate for residential consumers. However, quality characteristics for SDDLs may be identified through other voluntary specifications, such as ENERGY STAR. The Commission encourages utilities and the Public Utilities Commission to identify appropriate specifications to rebate any lamp type, whether or not included in this specification, that will help achieve significant energy savings statewide.

## Chapter 3: Elements of the California Quality LED Lamp Specification

The headings below show the detailed requirements of Version 3.0 of the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification. For easy comparability, the headings are generally ordered according to the structure of the ENERGY STAR Product Specification for Lamps 2.0.

#### **Effective Date**

Effective date means the date that the specification is updated to align with the indicated standards. The effective date is only for the purpose of the rebates and is neither the date of manufacture nor the date of sale.

Effective on or after January 1, 2017, only products complying with Version 3.0 and meeting Tier 1 will be considered as having met the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification.

On January 1, 2018 and after, the energy use requirement (based on an equation that balances efficacy with the average color rendering index (CRI) of the lamp) increases from the Tier 1 level to the Tier 2 level. On and after this date, only products complying with Version 3.0 and meeting the Tier 2 level will be considered as having met the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification.

#### **Future Specification Revisions**

The Energy Commission reserves the right to change the Voluntary California Quality LED Lamp Specification.

#### **Definitions**

See the glossary for definitions. Where a term is not defined here, use the appropriate definition from either the Illuminating Engineering Society (IES) test procedures noted under "Test Criteria" or in Title 20, Section 1602.

#### **Test Criteria**

The sampling provisions are the same as in 10 C.F.R. § 429.56.

The test procedure for input power, lumen output, lumens per watt, correlated color temperature, Duv, CRI, power factor, lumen maintenance, and time to failure is 10 CFR §430.23(ee), and Appendix BB to Subpart B of Part 430, consistent with Title 20 (Section 1604(k)) and federal law.

The test procedure for flicker for those lamps that are dimmable is Title 24, Part 6, Joint Appendix 10 (2015) at both 100 percent and 20 percent output. Lamps with a percent amplitude modulation (percent flicker) less than 30 percent at frequencies less than 200Hz are considered "reduced flicker operation." For audible noise, lamps shall be tested using ENERGY STAR Recommended Practice – Noise (2013) at both 100 percent and 20 percent output.

On and after January 1, 2018, the test procedure for lamp standby power is 10 C.F.R. § 430.23(ee) and Appendix BB to Subpart B of Part 430.

#### **Photometric Performance**

**Minimum luminous efficacy:** Before January 1, 2018, the minimum luminous efficacy requirement is 68 lumens per watt. On and after January 1, 2018, the minimum luminous efficacy is 80 lumens per watt.

**Minimum color rendering:** The minimum average color rendering index ( $R_a$ ) is 82. The minimum individual color score for R1-R8 is 72.

**Minimum combined efficacy score:** Before January 1, 2018, the sum of the lamp's luminous efficacy and 2.3 times its CRI must be 282 or higher. On and after January 1, 2018, the sum of the lamp's luminous efficacy and 2.3 times its CRI must be 297 or higher.

**Minimum light distribution:** The omnidirectional light distribution requirements for Ashape lamps is ENERGY STAR's Product Specification for Lamps Version 2.0 (December 2015) for omnidirectional lamps. Lamp shapes B, BA, C, CA, F, and G shall meet the decorative light distribution requirements of ENERGY STAR's Product Specification for Lamps Version 1.1 (August 2014).

**Correlated color temperature (CCT):** The chromaticity and color consistency requirements are in Table 1 of Annex B of ANSI C78.377-2015, approximately equivalent to a 4-step MacAdam ellipse.

#### **Lumen Maintenance and Rated Life**

**Minimum rated life**:10,000 hours or greater as determined by the lumen maintenance and time to failure test procedures.

#### **Electrical Performance**

Minimum power factor: 0.7

**Maximum standby power**: On and after January 1, 2018, the maximum standby power for connected lamps is 0.2 watts.

#### **Controls Requirements**

**Dimming behavior**: Lamps that claim to be dimmable shall dim down to 10 percent output, have reduced flicker operation, and not produce noise in excess of 24 Aweighted decibels at 100 percent and 20 percent outputs. Reduced flicker operation means that the lamp has percent amplitude modulation (percent flicker) less than 30 percent at frequencies less than 200Hz.

#### **Lamp Labeling and Packaging Requirements**

The California Quality LED Specification does not require the inclusion of any particular label or mark. However lamps must meet the criteria below before making any of the following claims in marketing materials, including retail packaging or on the lamp itself:

**Dimmable**: If the manufacturer claims that the product is "dimmable," the product must meet the control requirements for dimmable lamps. If the product cannot have reduced flicker operation using a standard phase-cut dimmer, but can reduce flicker operation using another type of dimmer, references to dimmability can be qualified with the phrase "dimmable with LED dimmer." These lamps shall include instructions describing the type of dimmers that are compatible or recommended for use with the lamp.

**Comparison to incandescent performance**: If the manufacturer makes any claims of being equivalent in performance to an incandescent, the lamp shall have a CCT of 3000k or less, a lumen output of 310 lumens or greater for E26-base, or 150 lumens or greater for E12 and E17 bases, and meet the controls requirements for dimmable lamps.

**Equivalent incandescent wattage**: If the manufacturer makes wattage equivalency claims for medium screw-base and GU-24 base omnidirectional lamps, the lamps shall have a minimum lumen output consistent with the following table:

**Table 1: Wattage Equivalency** 

Claimed Equivalent Wattage	Minimum Lumen Output
40 W	310
60 W	750
75 W	1050
100 W	1490
150 W	2500

## **Glossary**

Lighting industry terms used in this report which may not be familiar to some readers, include the following:

ANSI

The American National Standards Institute. ANSI is a nonprofit organization that oversees the development (by others) of voluntary standards in the United States. It coordinates with international bodies such as the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) and Commission International de l'Eclairage (CIE).

ANSI Standard Shapes and ANSI Standard Bases The standard lamp (light bulb) envelope shapes and base designs, respectively, defined by ANSI standards. These standards ensure that lamps from many different manufacturers will physically fit within luminaires and be compatible with their sockets.

Connected LED lamp

An LED lamp capable of changing its lumen output or spectral power distribution in response to an external control signal other than a change in root mean square (RMS) AC supply voltage or a 0-10 volt DC control signal. Connected LED lamps include those that can be controlled wirelessly and through power line carrier digital communication.

Duv

A light parameter that is used for color consistency. It is measured as the closest distance from the chromaticity coordinate of the light source to the Planckian locus on the International Commission on Illumination (CIE)

(u', 2/3 v') coordinates with "+" sign for above and "-" sign for below the Planckian locus.

Lamp

The source that creates optical radiation, also known as a "light bulb."

Luminaire

The housing within which the lamp is held, which provides mechanical support and electrical power to the lamp, and reflects or diffuses the light. This is also referred to as a "light fixture" in commercial applications. Many consumers refer to luminaires as "lamps," such as "floor lamps" or "desk lamps."

Lamp efficacy

The measured lumen output of a lamp in lumens divided by the measured lamp electrical power in watts expressed in units of lumens per watt (LPW).

Macadam ellipse

The ellipse shaped region on a chromaticity diagram that contains all colors that are indistinguishable to the average human eye, from the color at the center of the ellipse. The contour of the ellipse, represents the just noticeable differences of chromaticity. ANSI has developed a measurement that approximates a Macadam ellipse using quadrangles.

Omnidirectional lamp

When used for LED lamps, refers to a lamp intended to function with isotropic light distribution (that is, to distribute light evenly in all directions) and intended to function as a direct replacement for incandescent A-lamps.

#### Planckian Locus

Refers to the path or locus that the color of an incandescent black body would take in a particular chromaticity space as the black body temperature changes. It goes from deep red at low temperatures through orange, yellowish white, white, and finally bluish white at very high temperatures.

 $R_{a}$ 

Metric in color rendering refers to the average of color palette scores R1 through R8.

## **Performance Metric Comparison**

**Table 2: Metric Comparison of Different Revisions** 

	Effective Date	December 2012	November 2014	December 2016
General	Lamp Types	Omni, flood, spot, & integrated LED lamp recessed can retrofits	Omni, flood, spot, & integrated LED lamp recessed can retrofits	All lamps with brightness of more than 200 lumens (150 lumens for candelabra bases) and less than 2,600 lumens, with a Duv ±0.012
	Base Type	E12, E17, E26, GU-24, GU10, GX5.3, G8, & G9	E12, E17, E26, GU-24, GU10, GX5.3, G8, & G9	E12, E17, E26, GU24
Electrical Performanc e	Power Factor	≥ 0.9	≥ 0.9	≥ 0.7
	Efficacy (lm/W)	-	-	Before 1/1/2018:  Minimum efficacy of 68 lm/W and, efficacy + 2.3 x CRI ≥ 282  On or after 1/1/2018:  Minimum efficacy of 80 lm/W and, efficacy + 2.3 x CRI ≥ 297
ric	Center Beam Intensity	ENERGY STAR® 1.0, Draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1	-
Photoemtric Performance	Distribution	ENERGY STAR 1.0, Draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1	For A-shape: ENERGY STAR 2.0 For B, BA, C, CA, F, and G- shape: ENERGY STAR 1.1
	CCT	2700 or 3000	2700 or 3000	2200-7000
	Binning / Duv	4-Step McAdam	4-Step McAdam	ANSI C78.377-2015, Table B1
	CRI Minimum	90	90	82
	R1-R8 Minimum	-	-	72
	R9 Minimum	50	50	-
	Color Angular Uniformity	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1	-

Life Requirements	Color Maintenance	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1	-
	Lumen Maintenance	-	-	10,000 hours
	Min Rated Life	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	10,000 hours
	Warranty	5 years	5 years	-
	Min Dimming Level	10%	10%	10%
Dimming Requirements	Flicker	Flicker free	Flicker free	Reduced flicker < 30% flicker at f < 200 Hz
	Audible Noise (100% Output)	Noise free	Noise free	<24 dB
	Audible Noise (Min req output)	Noise free	Noise free	<24 dB at 20% output
Markings	Lamp Marking	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1	-
	Lamp Packaging	ENERGY STAR 1.0, draft 2	ENERGY STAR 1.1, plus intensity	-