DOCKETED	
Docket Number:	16-RPS-02
Project Title:	Appeal by Los Angeles Department of Water & Power re Renewables Portfolio Standard Certification Eligibility
TN #:	213391
Document Title:	331 City Council File 03-2688 - Treatment of Hydro Facilities in LADWP 2005 RPS Policy (10.12.04) (Bates Nos. LA001593-LA001601)
<b>Description:</b>	N/A
Filer:	Adriana Ayuso
Organization:	Los Angeles Department of Water and Power
Submitter Role:	Applicant
Submission Date:	8/31/2016 3:42:44 PM
Docketed Date:	8/31/2016

### J. MICHAEL CAREY City Clerk

FRANK T. MARTINEZ
Executive Officer

When making inquiries relative to this matter refer to File No.

October 12, 2004

03-2688

### CITY OF LOS ANGELI

CALIFORNIA



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Los Angeles, CA 90012
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Office of the

HELEN GINSBURG
Chief, Council and Public Services Division

Coalition for Clean Air 523 W. 6th Street, 10th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90014

Councilmember Cardenas
Councilmember Garcetti
Office of the Mayor
Department of Water and Power
Board of Water and Power Commissioners
Attn: Barbara Moschos
City Attorney
City Administrative Officer

Chief Legislative Analyst Controller, Room 300 Accounting Division F&A Disbursement Division PLACE IN FILES
OCT 15 2004
DEPUTY

RE: INCLUSION OF HYDROELECTRIC GENERATING UNITS GREATER THAN 30 MEGAWATTS IN SIZE AS PART OF THE CITY'S RENEWABLES PORTFOLIO STANDARD LIST OF ELIGIBLE RESOURCES

At the meeting of the Council held October 5, 2004, the following action was taken:

Motion adopted to approve Committee report recommendation,	
as amended	X
Amending motion (Cardenas - Garcetti) adopted	
Attached resolution adopted	
FORTHWITH	
Ordinance adopted	
Motion adopted to approve communication recommendation(s)	

J. Michael Cary

City Clerk ir



# TO THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES

### Your COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MINORITY REPORT

reports as follows:

	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
Public Comments	XX	

COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MINORITY REPORT relative to the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) list of eligible resources.

Recommendation for Council action:

APPROVE the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size, excluding the Hoover hydroelectric plant, as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources.

<u>Fiscal Impact Statement</u>: None submitted. Neither the City Administrative Officer nor the Chief Legislative Analyst (CLA) has completed a financial analysis of this report.

#### <u>Summary</u>

At its July 13, 2004 meeting, your Committee heard a presentation from the Department of Water and Power (DWP) relative to the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. At present, the State's RPS legislation (Senate Bill 1078/Senate Bill 1038), applicable only to investor-owned utilities, defines eligible hydroelectric facilities as those equal to or less than 30 megawatts (MW) in size. In its RPS report to Council dated December 5, 2003, the Chief Legislative Analyst (CLA) proposed consideration of all hydro generation as eligible renewables regardless of size.

In its July 13, 2004 report, the DWP recommended including the hydroelectric facilities located along Aqueduct, some of which are 50 to 80 years old, as eligible for RPS consideration but not the 491 MW Hoover hydroelectric plant. Given the fact that the Aqueduct facilities shared the same water source, DWP cited the illogic of including some of these facilities as RPS-eligible and not others merely because they exceeded the State's 30 MW threshold. Moreover, DWP staff expressed concerns that excluding the Aqueduct facilities might undermine future modernization of the plants. DWP reported that excluding Hoover will require the utility to acquire an additional 2.8% of renewable electricity at an aggregate cost of \$157 million through 2017 and approximately \$20 million per year thereafter. DWP further advised that excluding the Aqueduct facilities greater than 30 MW including the 3 Gorge Plants and Power Plant 1 will require providing about 1.2% of new renewables at a cost of up to \$9 million per year.

After hearing public comments both for and against the proposal, your Committee continued the matter to August 10, 2004. The Committee also requested that the DWP report back with additional statistics/facts regarding the inclusion of Hoover. Based on the discussion, the question before your Committee was not whether hydroelectric power was a renewable resource, but rather whether the 75-year old Hoover facility should be excluded from the City's RPS portfolio by virtue of its size.

At its August 10, 2004 meeting, your Committee considered this matter a second time. At this meeting, the DWP submitted supplemental information, dated August 10, 2004, on the Hoover hydroelectric facility with emphasis on the cost impact to DWP's RPS program and in regards to other California municipalities' hydro eligibility consideration. In its supplemental information (attached to the Council file), the DWP reports that although State RPS legislation defines hydro as 30 megawatts or less, over 80% of all California municipal utilities that have an RPS policy defined all of their hydro electric facilities regardless of size as RPS eligible. Moreover, of those municipal utilities that own interests in Hoover, all of them counted their share toward their respective RPS goal. Additionally, DWP reported that there was no consistent eligibility definition for hydro among states possessing renewable portfolio standard programs. (Ten out of 21 states have no size limit; four states have a limit--less than 30, less than 60, less than 100, and low head; four states do not recognize hydro as renewables; three states use criteria other than size).

During the discussion of this item, the CLA provided a thorough overview of the cost and operational implications of including hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's Renewables Portfolio Standard list of eligible resources, including and excluding the Hoover hydroelectric plant, and recommended that the City include hydroelectric plants greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources.

After hearing public comments for and against the inclusion of Hoover, Committee Chair Cárdenas voted not to include Hoover as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. However, Councilmembers Miscikowski and Hahn voted in favor of including Hoover as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. This matter is now forwarded to Council for its consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MINORITY REPORT

**MEMBER** CARDENAS:

MISCIKOWSKI:

MLE 09-13-04 #032688b 1 suy Candenel

OCT 0 5 2004 MOTION ADOPTED TO APPROVE COMMITTEE REPORT RECOMMENDATION LOS ANGELES CITY COUNCIL tas amended

SEE AMENDING MOTION ADOPTED

#### MOTION

I MOVE that the COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MINORITY REPORT (Cardenas) relative to the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) list of eligible resources, Item 15 B on today's Council Agenda, CF 03-2688 BE AMENDED to change the recommendation of that report to read as follows:

APPROVE the inclusion of <u>existing DWP</u> hydroelectric generating units greater than 30megawatts in size, excluding the Hoover hydroelectric plant, as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources.

AMENDING MOTTON ADOPTED

OCT 0 5 2004

LOS AHGELES CITY COUNCIL

PRESENTED BY:

TONY CARDENAS Councilman, 6<sup>th</sup> District

SECONDED BY:

October 5, 2004

ak



## TO THE COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF LOS ANGELES

## Your COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MAJORITY REPORT

reports as follows:

	<u>Yes</u>	No
Public Comments	<u>XX</u>	

COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MAJORITY REPORT relative to the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's Renewables Portfolio Standard (RPS) list of eligible resources.

Recommendation for Council action:

APPROVE the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size, including the Hoover hydroelectric plant, as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources.

<u>Fiscal Impact Statement</u>: None submitted. Neither the City Administrative Officer nor the Chief Legislative Analyst (CLA) has completed a financial analysis of this report.

#### Summary

At its July 13, 2004 meeting, your Committee heard a presentation from the Department of Water and Power (DWP) relative to the inclusion of hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. At present, the State's RPS legislation (Senate Bill 1078/Senate Bill 1038), applicable only to investor-owned utilities, defines eligible hydroelectric facilities as those equal to or less than 30 megawatts (MW) in size. In its RPS report to Council dated December 5, 2003, the Chief Legislative Analyst (CLA) proposed consideration of all hydro generation as eligible renewables regardless of size.

In its July 13, 2004 report, the DWP recommended including the hydroelectric facilities located along Aqueduct, some of which are 50 to 80 years old, as eligible for RPS consideration but not the 491 MW Hoover hydroelectric plant. Given the fact that the Aqueduct facilities shared the same water source, DWP cited the illogic of including some of these facilities as RPS-eligible and not others merely because they exceeded the State's 30 MW threshold. Moreover, DWP staff expressed concerns that excluding the Aqueduct facilities might undermine future modernization of the plants. DWP reported that excluding Hoover will require the utility to acquire an additional 2.8% of renewable electricity at an aggregate cost of \$157 million through 2017 and approximately \$20 million per year thereafter. DWP further advised that excluding the Aqueduct facilities greater than 30 MW including the 3 Gorge Plants and Power Plant 1 will require providing about 1.2% of new renewables at a cost of up to \$9 million per year.

After hearing public comments both for and against the proposal, your Committee continued the matter to August 10, 2004. The Committee also requested that the DWP report back with additional statistics/facts regarding the inclusion of Hoover. Based on the discussion, the question before your Committee was not whether hydroelectric power was a renewable resource, but rather whether the 75-year old Hoover facility should be excluded from the City's RPS portfolio by virtue of its size.

At its August 10, 2004 meeting, your Committee considered this matter a second time. At this meeting, the DWP submitted supplemental information, dated August 10, 2004, on the Hoover hydroelectric facility with emphasis on the cost impact to DWP's RPS program and in regards to other California municipalities' hydro eligibility consideration. In its supplemental information (attached to the Council file), the DWP reports that although State RPS legislation defines hydro as 30 megawatts or less, over 80% of all California municipal utilities that have an RPS policy defined all of their hydro electric facilities regardless of size as RPS eligible. Moreover, of those municipal utilities that own interests in Hoover, all of them counted their share toward their respective RPS goal. Additionally, DWP reported that there was no consistent eligibility definition for hydro among states possessing renewable portfolio standard programs. (Ten out of 21 states have no size limit; four states have a limit--less than 30, less than 60, less than 100, and low head; four states do not recognize hydro as renewables; three states use criteria other than size).

During the discussion of this item, the CLA provided a thorough overview of the cost and operational implications of including hydroelectric generating units greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's Renewables Portfolio Standard list of eligible resources, including and excluding the Hoover hydroelectric plant, and recommended that the City include hydroelectric plants greater than 30 megawatts in size as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources.

After hearing public comments for and against the inclusion of Hoover, Committee Chair Cárdenas voted not to include the Hoover hydroelectric plant as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. However, Councilmembers Miscikowski and Hahn voted in favor of including Hoover as part of the City's RPS list of eligible resources. This matter is now forwarded to Council for its consideration.

Respectfully submitted,

COMMERCE, ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES COMMITTEE MAJORITY REPORT

CARDENAS: HAHN:

MISCIKOWSKI:

YES

OCT 0 5 2004 - Received and Filed

Chan Misalemeli

09-13-04 #032688a

#### COUNCIL VOTE

Oct 5, 2004 12:06:30 PM, #11

ITEM NO. (15) Adopt as Amended

CARDENAS		Yes	
GARCETTI		Yes	
GREUEL		Yes	
HAHN		Yes	
LABONGE		Yes-No	
LUDLOW		Yes	
MISCIKOWSKI		No	
PARKS		Yes	
PERRY		Yes	
REYES		Yes	
*SMITH		Yes	
VILLARAIGOSA		Yes	
WEISS		Yes	
ZINE	,	Yes	
PADILLA		Absent	
Present: 14,	Yes:	13 No: 1	-
		12 3	2,

#### COUNCIL VOTE

Oct 5, 2004 12:06:03 PM, #10

ITEM NO. (15) Question Whether to Substitute

CARDENAS		Yes
GARCETTI		Yes
GREUEL		Yes
HAHN		Yes
LABONGE		No
LUDLOW		Yes
MISCIKOWSKI		No
PARKS		Yes
PERRY		Yes
REYES		Yes
*SMITH		Yes
VILLARAIGOSA		Yes
WEISS		Yes
ZINE		Yes
PADILLA		Absent
Present: 14,	Yes:	12 No: 2

### COUNCIL VOTE

Oct 5, 2004 12:03:59 PM, #9

ITEM NO. (15) Previous Question

CARDENAS	Yes
GARCETTI	Yes
GREUEL	Yes
HAHN	Yes
LABONGE	Yes
LUDLOW	Yes
MISCIKOWSKI	Yes
PARKS	Yes
PERRY	Yes
REYES	Yes
*SMITH	Yes
VILLARAIGOSA	Yes
WEISS	Yes
ZINE	No
PADILLA	Absent
Present: 14,	Yes: 13 No: 1