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BUSINESS MEETING

BEFORE THE

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

In the Matter of:)	
)	16-BUSMTG-01
Business Meeting)	
)	

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

1516 NINTH STREET

ART ROSENFELD HEARING ROOM - FIRST FLOOR
SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814

WEDNESDAY, JULY 13, 2016

10:00 A.M.

Reported by Peter Petty

APPEARANCES

COMMISSIONERS

Robert B. Weisenmiller

Karen Douglas, Vice Chair

David Hochschild

Andrew McAllister

Janea Scott

Staff Present:

Rob Oglesby, Executive Director

Kourtney Vaccaro, Chief Counsel

Alana Mathews, Public Advisor

Cody Goldthrite, Secretariat

Retiring Honorees

Suzanne Korosec

Roger Johnson

Agenda Item

Joseph Douglas 3

Eric Veerkamp 4

Mary Dyas 5

Elizabeth Shirakh 6

Kristen Driskell 7

Kevin Chou

APPEARANCES (cont'd)

Agenda Item

Theresa Daniels 9
Brian Samuelson 10
Shahid Chaudhry 11
Dustin Davis 12
Kevin Mori 13

Also Present	Agenda	Item
Interested Parties		
James Kiefer, J-Power USA	3	
Scott Galati, DayZen, LLC	4	
Ross Gould, SMUD	5	
Anna Ferrera, School Energy Coalition	6	
Rick Brown, TerraVerde Renewable Partners	6	
Timothy Cody, Mt. Diablo Unified School Dist:	rict 6	
Helio Brazil, McSwain Elementary School	6	

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1 2 PROCEEDINGS JULY 13, 2016 3 10:09 A.M. 4 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Good morning. Let's 5 start with the Pledge of Allegiance. 6 (Whereupon, the Pledge of Allegiance 7 was recited in unison.) 8 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Last week was horrible 9 in a lot of ways, so I thought we'd start with a minute of silence. 10 11 (Whereupon, one minute of silence was 12 observed.) 13 Okay, let's start the business meeting. 14 Actually, there'll be three occasions to start with. 15 First with the summer institute. So Alana, 16 why don't you bring your students up. Katie, come 17 forward. Let's have a photo of that. Alana, why 18 don't you actually explain who they are. Yeah, 19 that's good, okay. 20 MS. MATHEWS: Good morning. These are our 2.1 students for the 2016 Summer Institute in Energy Law 22 and Policy, so they engage in a very two-week 23 intensive curriculum to learn about the business of 24 the Energy Commission as well as different key 25 policy stakeholders that deal with energy issues

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around the state. They've had an opportunity to
   visit the Governor's Office and talk to his key
2
 3
   policy advisers. They've also done a tour of CISO.
   They've gone over and had a tour of Cal EPA and got
 4
5
   to speak to Arsenio Mataka and learn about
 6
   environmental justice issues, and a whole host of
7
   speakers here within the Energy Commission, and most
   recently this morning our very own Executive
8
9
   Director Rob Oglesby.
10
            So now is an opportunity. They are going to
11
   have a presentation this Friday in this room at two
12
   o'clock to do a presentation on everything that
1.3
   they've learned about renewables and siting and
14
   fuels and transportation and energy efficiency, and
15
   they will be unveiling their very new exciting plan
16
   about SB350, and I'll leave that up to them to
17
   reveal, I won't spoil the surprise.
18
            And with them is their two teachers, Carlos
19
   Garcia and Mr. Benny Rich, and I'd like to present
20
   the students and have a photo opportunity with all
   the Commissioners.
2.1
22
                                  Thank you.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
23
            (Pause in proceedings.)
24
            Next, we want to honor a couple of our very
25
   valued employees who are retiring. Let's start with
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Suzanne.

David?

momentous month because we are going to be saying goodbye to a real hero of the Energy Commission for many, many moons, Suzanne Korosec, and I'll read her Resolution in a moment, but let me just first thank Suzanne for her many roles as an adviser and the lead on the IEPR and the lead at the Renewables Division, and for bringing a lot of integrity as well as a lot of spirit to the job.

And I'll just share one story, which is she always had her team at the Renewables Division take Halloween very seriously, and I think it's won the prize on a number of occasions. And we had a meeting on the day of Halloween and, you know, I forget who it was but it was some group that was quite serious a group of men who came in. And my team, they show up and one of them has like an axe, you know, in their head with blood, and Suzanne had, I think it was Edgar Allen Poe with like a crow on her shoulder, and having this quite serious enforcement discussion, I think about the RPS.

So it's been a delight, Suzanne, and I do just sincerely want to thank you on behalf of all of

us. And with that I'll just read the Resolution we have.

1.3

2.1

Whereas, Suzanne Korosec began working with the State of California on September 19th, 1985, at the California Public Employees Retirement System, less than a year later joined the California Energy Commission on June 1st, 1986;

And whereas, Suzanne utilized the Energy Commission's upward mobility program to become an energy analyst on January 4th, 1993;

And whereas, in 2006 Commissioner John

Geesman noticed Suzanne's brilliance and exceptional work ethic and invited her to be his adviser, a position she held until 2008. And she also advised Commissioner Karen Douglas in 2008;

And whereas, Suzanne contributed to the Integrated Energy Policy Report from 2005 to 2007, and later became program manager, also known as the IEPR Queen, for the biennial IEPR and IEPR updates between 2008 and 2013 while holding the title of Assistant Executive Director for Policy Development;

And whereas, Suzanne became the Deputy
Director for the Renewable Energy Division in 2013
where she worked until her retirement in 2016;

And whereas, Suzanne has been the primary

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author of over 30 Commission reports and a
   contributing author to over 170 reports, she has
2
 3
   presented over 100 times to foreign delegations, has
   participated in 248 IEPR workshops -- there's got to
 4
   be a metal for that -- and hearings, and nearly 100
5
 6
   business meetings -- God bless you -- has
 7
   represented the commission on the Clean Energy
8
   State's Alliance board of directors, the Underwriter
9
   Laboratories Renewable Energy Council, and the
   Western Renewable Energy Generation Information
10
11
   System WREGIS governing board, and received
12
   recognition from past and present commissioners for
1.3
   her outstanding work;
14
            Whereas, Suzanne will be remembered for her
15
   dedication to her staff and the Commission at large
16
   through her organization of morale building
17
   activities such as the annual picnic for 15 years,
18
   various celebrations for staff such as birthdays and
19
   retirements, over 90 blood drives, our Promise
20
   campaigns, as well as the Commission's 30th and 40th
21
   anniversary celebrations -- we're going to call you
22
   back for the 50th;
23
            And whereas, Suzanne was the master of a
24
   ghoulish and humorous Halloween costumes from the
25
   Cat Lady to Uncle Fester to Edgar Allen Poe;
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She has a love, knowledge, and appreciation of books, music, and art, which was demonstrated in her paintings, participation in art classes, and her collection of notebook doodles created in numerous lengthy Energy Commission meetings throughout the years;

Therefore, be it resolved that the California Energy Commission recognizes and thanks Suzanne Korosec.

Will you all join me and please stand and congratulate Suzanne.

(Applause.)

MS. KOROSEC: I won't provide a business card to the court reporter for this.

So thank you for the opportunity to say a few words, and I'll keep this short so that we can move on to our other retiree for today.

First, I would like to thank Rob and Drew for all the time, thought, and effort you put into preparing the Resolution for me. I think it really shows how much they value what I've given to the agency over the last 30 years, so thank you both very much, I appreciate that.

The world has changed a lot in the 30 years that I've been here. When I started in 1986, there

were no cell phones, there was no email, there was no Outlook calendar.

There was not even personal computers. At that time you wrote your reports in longhand and a secretary, which when I started happened to be me, would type the report up for you on a typewriter or on this massive beast of a word processing machine that used 12-inch floppy disks.

In 1986 our electricity mix was less than 8 percent renewables and we were still unsure about how many renewable power plants that had PURPA contracts would actually even get built.

Our alternative transportation fuel program was based around methanol.

The Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant had just pulled up to full power.

And global warming was just starting to become a political issue.

It's a very different world today.

I feel very lucky to have been part of the amazing changes in the energy world over the last three decades, and working here has been a really wonderful experience with so many great opportunities to learn and to influence and support state energy policies, and it's been incredibly

exciting to see the progress that we've made in really fundamentally changing the way energy is produced and used in the state to help support our environmental and climate change goals.

1.3

2.1

many other people say when they retire, which is when I leave here it's not the job that I'm going to miss, it's the people. Working here has been a joy. I've spent more than half of my life working here, and I can honestly say that most of the people that I've worked here have been among the hardest working, brightest, and most dedicated people I've ever had the pleasure of knowing.

I was also very lucky during my earlier years to have worked under some really spectacular managers, most of whom are gone now. Chuck Mizutani, Marwan Massry, Jim Hoffsis, and Melissa Jones whose still here. They taught me by their example what makes a good public servant, and how treating people with trust and respect brings out the best in your staff.

And those were lessons that really served me well when I was fortunate enough to be given the opportunity to manage the Renewable Energy Division where I worked with more amazing people who

consistently give their all to support the Energy Commission's mission despite many challenges and who never fail to make me look really good. And I'll thank them for their hard work and for making my job so much easier.

1.3

There's so much going on in the energy world right now, although I'm moving on to other things, I really look forward to checking in from time to time to see the progress on all the important activities that the agency is involved in, and I hope to be lucky enough to make it to 2050 when I'll be 90 years old so I can celebrate meeting our greenhouse gas emission reduction targets that I've worked toward for my entire career.

So I will miss you all very much. Thank you. (Applause.)

mentioned, we have two retirements today to celebrate, because we really wish Suzanne and Roger very, very well and we will miss them very, very much, and so it's my privilege to present the Energy Commission Resolution to Roger Johnson.

As I think virtually everyone here knows,
Roger has been our deputy director for the STEP
Division, the Siting, Environmental Protection and

Transmission Division of the Energy Commission for many years, and he has actually been at the Energy Commission for 33 years. I've had the privilege of working really closely with Roger through, you know, trips to the desert and visits to power plants and power plant siting cases all over the state. He's been a tremendous pleasure to work with. It's been a wonderful set of years working together with him. and so with that, I will read his Resolution. Whereas, Roger Johnson started working for the State of California on September 4th, 1979, as a graduate student assistant with the California Energy Commission -- so students take note; And Whereas, Roger left the Energy Commission in September 1981 to be a water quality biologist at the Department of Fish and Game, only to return to the Energy Commission's Facility Siting Division in March, 1985; And Whereas, during his 33 years at the Energy Commission Roger willingly took on increasingly responsible assignments and leadership appointments, including project manager, supervisor of several siting division staff units, siting

office manager, and deputy director;

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1 And Whereas, Roger is responsible for the 2 original version of 3 http://www.enerby.ca.gov\sitingcases\all projects.ht ml which has been a reliable World Wide Web 4 5 information source for many years; 6 And Whereas, Roger developed and managed the 7 Energy Peaker Permitting Program during the 2000-8 2001 energy crisis, which led to seven natural gas peakers being built in 2001 and two in early 2002. These nine peakers which contributed a combined 684 10 11 megawatts to the electricity grid are still 12 operating as reliable facilities; 13 And Whereas, Roger contributed to the 14 development of the electric transmissions corridor 15 designation concept which resulted in the passage of 16 SB1058 in 2006 and was a precursor to the State's 17 landscape scale planning efforts that reduced the 18 environmental impacts associated with renewable 19 energy resources development; And Whereas, Roger recognized the importance 20 2.1 of state and federal agency collaboration in 22 expediting the environmental analysis and permitting 23 processes for the numerous renewable generation 24 facilities proposed under the auspices of the 25 American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009;

And during 2009 and 2010 Roger was a key
Energy Commission staff person leading this
collaborative effort via the Renewable Energy Action
Team involving the Energy Commission, California
Department of Fish and Game, the U.S. Bureau of Land
Management and the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service;

And Whereas, Roger recognized the value of broad regional landscape and energy planning for addressing climate change issues in California with this planning approach exemplified by the State/Federal Desert Renewable Energy Conservation Plan Process;

As a STEP Division deputy director, Roger oversaw the work of the commission's DRECP Team and supported STEP Division staff in identifying low impact areas for potential renewable energy generation development in the San Joaquin Valley;

And Whereas, Roger is recognized as a talented and creative athlete. He was a frequent finalist in the STEP Division Olympic games such as the egg toss, the event he developed and nurtured, and the now world famous event, Towel Volleyball. His years as a runner by now include at least several thousand lunchtime laps around Southside Park;

1 And Whereas, Roger Johnson will be missed for his institutional knowledge, exceptional work 2 habits, pleasant demeanor, positive attitude, 3 remarkable editing skills, and most of all, the 4 infamous green pen; 5 Now Therefore Be It Resolved that the 6 7 management and staff of the California Energy Commission recognize and commend Roger Johnson for 8 his leadership, dedication, and significant 9 contributions to all areas of the California Energy 10 11 Commission. 12 So Roger, this is for you. 1.3 (Applause.) 14 MR. JOHNSON: Thank you very much. I'll just 15 say a few words. Suzanne said it all. We were here 16 about the same time and I remember all those 17 modernizations that we've gone through here. How did we ever do it with just typewriters? I don't know. 18 19 Thank you for your thoughtful recognition; 20 that was pretty amazing. A good flashback of all 21 those years. 22 It's been truly a privilege to work here. I 23 consider this just one of the best agencies in the 24 state. It's been amazing to work with such a professional and dedicated staff. And the management 25

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here has been excellent throughout the years, and
   this Commission is one of the best, if not the best
 2
 3
   set of commissioners that I can remember, so Thank
   you very much for all your support and efforts that
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5
   you give to the commission.
            But this has all been possible because of
 6
7
   the great staff that we have here. The staff that I
   worked with and that I've been able to supervise and
8
9
   eventually have in the division. They're all
   talented, they're all dedicated, and we couldn't do
10
11
   it without the staff, so Thank you very much.
12
            (Applause.)
13
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Okay. Let's start with
   the consent calendar.
14
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Move consent.
15
                                       Second.
16
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER:
17
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
18
            IN UNISON:
                        Aye.
19
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Consent calendar is
20
   approved five to zero.
2.1
            Item 2 we're past.
22
            Item 3. Joe Douglas, come on.
23
            MR. DOUGLAS: Good morning Commissioners, my
24
   name is Joseph Douglas and I am the Compliance
25
   Project Manager for the Orange Grove Energy Power
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Project. With me this morning is Senior Staff Counsel Kevin Bell. We also have members of Orange 2 3 Grove Energy here as well. 4 The Orange Grove Energy Power Project is a 5 96-megawatt facility that was certified by the 6 Energy Commission on April 8, 2009, and began 7 operation on June 17, 2010. The facility is located in the unincorporated area of Pala, in San Diego 8 9 County, California. 10 On April 12, 2016, Energy Commission staff 11 docketed a petition to amend on behalf of Orange 12 Grove Energy, L.P. requesting to modify the Final 1.3 Decision for the Orange Grove Energy Power Project. 14 The petition seeks to add and revise several 15 Air Quality conditions of certification to allow the 16 project to restore worn parts of the emission 17 control systems, and to optimize the design of 18 system components using like-kind part replacement 19 where needed to improve resistance to wear and long-20 term reliability, and to improve emission control 2.1 performance. 22

Staff concludes that with the adoption of the new and revised conditions of certification, the modified project would continue to comply with applicable federal, state, and San Diego Air

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Pollution Control District air quality laws, ordinances, regulations and standards. The proposed modifications would not result in significant air quality or greenhouse gas related impacts.

2.1

The District added two new conditions to ensure compliance with permitted emission limits after the completion of the maintenance and repair work. The District also made some administrative changes to other conditions.

In addition, staff found some inconsistencies between the Energy Commission approved conditions of certification and the District approved conditions. There, staff proposes to revise the conditions of certification to provide consistency with the current District requirements.

A Notice of Receipt was docketed and mailed to the post certification mail list On May 13, 2016.

The Staff Analysis was docketed and mailed to the post certification mail list with a 30 day comment period On June 9, 2016. No comments were received during the comment period.

Energy Commission staff reviewed the petition and finds that it complies with the requirements of Title 20, Section 1769(a) of the California Code of Regulations and recommends

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approval of Orange Grove Air Quality petition.
 2
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you.
 3
            Orange Grove, applicant, you want to come
4
   forward?
5
            MR. KIEFER: My name's Jim Kiefer. I'm the
   Vice-President of Market Analytics and Business
 6
7
   Development for J-Power USA, the owner of Orange
8
   Grove.
9
            We feel very strongly that we are an
10
   efficient, safe, and environmentally responsible
11
   operator, and the time to do projects like this is
12
   prior to their time of need.
13
            We think that the cycling that these plants
14
   have are adding -- plants were never meant to cycle
15
   and ramp as our plant is being required to do to
16
   make market loads, and it's causing some issues and
   we'd like to fix it sooner rather than later.
17
            Thank you.
18
19
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah. Anyone else in
20
   the audience or on the phone have a comment on this?
21
            Okay. Then commissioners?
22
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: I've got some brief
23
   comments on this, and you're welcome to sit down
24
   here at the table in Celebrity Spotlight
   Entertainment there are questions or in the
25
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audience; it's up to you. I don't have questions for the applicant but others might.

2.1

So in short, today's amendment proposes the following sorts of changes.

There's some modifications and administrative cleanup of some conditions of certification, particularly in order to look at just ensuring that there's consistency with, for example, current administrative requirements from the Air District because we like to have that kind of consistency, it adds a lot of clarity for project owners.

We are proposing to allow for the installation of like kind replacement of some components of the emission control systems, as the applicant noted, to restore worn parts and optimize the design of system components where needed to improve resistance to wear and tear and add to long term reliability.

And I would agree with you that the time to come in and do that is when you're beginning to see issues that you want to get in front of and address.

I wanted to make a comment that's not so much about this proposal but generally about how we handle these kinds of amendments, because in my role

as the lead Commissioner for siting, one of the things that I've been working with staff on for well over a year and a half now and it's beginning to come to fruition now, is an effort to find ways to process amendments more efficiently, looking at a range of things that we can do to gain that efficiency from our own internal processes or how we handle issues at business meetings to possibly some rulemaking language where we see regulations that might make sense to adjust or modify in some way.

1.3

And so in this instance we have a tradition and practice of always bringing siting related amendments to the business meeting and not putting them on the consent calendar but always having them up for presentation and discussion, even where we're looking at pretty modest changes that have really virtually no or really no environmental impact, and yet we have a real interest in ensuring that our conditions are up to date and that we are able to efficiently accommodate this kind of request where the applicant comes to us and says we'd like to make some modernizing like kind of changes in our plant operations.

So one thing that I have suggested to staff is that some kinds of amendments, particularly those

where the project will remain in compliance with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations and standards, the request to change will very clearly and obviously not cause the project to result in any significant environmental impact. No additional mitigation of offsets would be required as a result of the change. No existing daily, quarterly or annual permit limit will be exceeded as a result of the change. There will be no increase in any daily, quarterly or annual permit limit needed as a result of the change. You know, that these would be the sort of items that we might put on the consent calendar, an obviously, as is our usual practice, if there's any desire by one of us or a public comment that leads us to think that -- or a comment by the applicant, for example, that might want to raise an issue with a condition or whatever it might be, of course we would take it off the consent calendar. It's a relatively small efficiency but these things do matter because the time and preparation to put together the business meeting presentation, the time that you all spend, especially my colleagues, who will need to review the packet in order to ascertain what kind of change this is, there is some efficiency to be gained in some of these

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circumstances. So I wanted to just bring that to 2 your attention in an open meeting and we can have some discussion on that if you have views on that, 3 but this is an example of the kind of proposal that 4 I think could be reasonably handled that way. 5 6 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: No, I think it makes a 7 lot of sense. Again, as you know, these are 8 conforming. 9 Obviously our standard is to look at whether there's any significant environmental impact from 10 11 the change. And to the extent that it is a relative 12 pro forma change, particularly conforming with the 1.3 local APCD, it would seem like that well could be a 14 consent item issue item unless either a Commissioner 15 has a question or we get a public comment. 16 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Um-hmm. 17 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: So that makes a lot of 18 sense. 19 I just want to note on the comment on the 20 plants. Remember when Edison basically divested of 21 its power plants, one of the VPs had called the 22 unions and just pointed out that before they used to 23 have six startups a year and in San Diego things 24 were going to change. I think you probably see in 25 this type of plant more like six startups a week.

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1
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS:
                                    Alright, great. Well,
2
   with that, then, I'll move approval of this
 3
   amendment.
 4
            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second.
5
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
            IN UNISON: Aye.
 6
 7
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
8
   to zero. Thank you.
9
            MR. KIEFER: Thank you so much.
10
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                 Okay.
11
            Let's go on to Item 4, which is Palmdale.
12
            MR. VEERKAMP: Good morning, Honorable
13
   commissioners, member of the audience. My name is
14
   Eric Veerkamp and I am the Compliance Project
15
   Manager for the Palmdale Energy Project. And I
16
   believe we do have an owner's representative here as
17
   well. Oh yes, there he is.
18
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                 Okay.
19
            MR. VEERKAMP: I didn't see you earlier,
20
   Scott.
21
            MR. GALATI: I'm sneaky like that.
22
            MR. VEERKAMP: The Petition to Amend for
23
   consideration before the Commission is to extend the
24
   construction start date for the Palmdale Energy
   Project for approximately 9 months, from August 10,
25
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2016, to June 1, 2017.

2.1

The petitioner is seeking to ensure adequate time for the Energy Commission to issue a decision on the July 20, 2015 Petition to Amend, which proposes several revisions to the licensed Palmdale Hybrid Power Project, including increasing the nominal capacity to 700 megawatts, and eliminating the solar component, as well as requesting to change the name of the facility to the Palmdale Energy Project, or PEP. The PEP would be located on the same site as the hybrid project, approximately 60 miles north of downtown Los Angeles, in the northernmost portion of the city of Palmdale at 950 East Avenue M.

Staff reviewed the petition and concludes that good cause exists to extend the construction deadline for the Palmdale Energy Project from August 10, 2016 to June 1, 2017. In staff's view, the three factors previously articulated by the Energy Commission as important to determining whether good cause exists have been met. These factors are:

Has the project owner been diligent in seeking to begin construction and in seeking the extension?

Number two, whether factors beyond the

project owner's control have prevented success.

And number three, a comparison of the amount of time and resources that would have to be spent in processing any amendments to the license if the extension is granted with the amount of time and resources that would be spent in processing a new Application for Certification if the extension were denied.

A Notice of Receipt was mailed to the project post-certification mail list, docketed, and posted to the web on June 3, 2016.

Staff's analysis was docketed on June 16, and it was mailed to the project post-certification mail list on June 17, 2016.

No comments have been received.

In light of reaching a decision in the positive that good cause has been demonstrated by the petition, staff recommends the Energy Commission approve the request to extend the deadline to commence construction from August 10, 2016 to June 1, 2017.

And that concludes my presentation. I'd be happy to take any questions you have.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you.

Applicant's replied?

1 MR. GALATI: Scott Galati on behalf of 2 Palmdale Energy LLC. We're strongly in support of 3 the petition. 4 Just for the rest of the commissioners that 5 are not working on the siting committee, the project 6 has had its preliminary staff assessment and a 7 preliminary staff assessment workshop, and is likely to get the final staff assessment probably within 45 8 days. We're waiting for the final determination of 10 compliance to come out of the Air District, which 11 they're working on. So we are close to being able to 12 go to evidentiary hearing and conclude the project, 1.3 so we ask for the extension. 14 Thank you. 15 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you. Any public 16 comment either from anyone in the room or anyone on 17 the phone? 18 Okay, let's transition to commissioners. 19 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Yeah, I'll just 20 briefly comment. 2.1 As Mr. Galati notes, we are in the middle of 22 a proceeding on this power plant right now and so 23 the extension is necessary to ensure that the 24 license does not expire during the proceeding, so 25 I'll move approval of this item.

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COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD:
                                       Second.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
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            IN UNISON:
                       Aye.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
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5
   to zero. Thank you.
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            MR. GALATI: Thank you.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Let's go on to Item 5,
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   which is Campbell Cogen Project.
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            MS. DYAS: Good morning, Commissioners. My
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   name is Mary Dyas and I'm the compliance project
11
   manager for the Campbell Cogeneration Project. With
12
   me this morning is Kevin Bell, senior staff
13
   attorney.
14
            The 158-megawatt Campbell Cogeneration
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   Project was certified by the Energy Commission on
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   November 30, 1994, and began commercial operation in
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   1997. The facility is located in the city of
18
   Sacramento.
19
            On November 24, 2015, Sacramento Power
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   Authority filed a petition to amend the Campbell
21
   Cogeneration Project requesting to provide an option
22
   to replace the use of potable water with recycled
23
   water in the cooling tower when available in
24
   suitable quantities and quality, to construct
25
   additional water treatment facilities, and to
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increase discharge amounts to the city's sanitary sewer system resulting from the use of recycled water.

An addendum to the petition was filed on May 19, 2016, to provide additional information on the likely location and depth of the recycled water line, the air quality impacts from the construction equipment, and to modify the project description to address the addition of a small metering building near the cooling tower.

The Sacramento Power Authority voluntarily filed this petition to convert from fresh water to recycled water use for wet cooling of their steam cycle. The use of recycled water will substantially reduce the project's fresh water use while providing a dependable supply that will be drought resistant.

This project not only demonstrates significant compliance with Energy Commission water policy, but it will also provide for area wide distribution of recycled water for other users.

On November 30, 2015, a Notice of Receipt was mailed to the project's post-certification mail list, docketed and posted to the web.

On June 9, 2016, staff's analysis was mailed to the project's post-certification mail list,

docketed and posted to the web with a comment period ending on July 11, 2016.

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Technical staff in the areas of air quality, geology, and Paleontology, public health, and soil and water resources proposes the modification, addition and/or deletion of a number of conditions of certification to ensure the proposed changes would not have a significant impact on the environment and that the project continues to comply with laws, ordinances, regulations and standards.

The Sacramento Metropolitan Air quality

Management District provided specific conditions for

the use of recycled water at the Campbell facility.

Staff reviewed the conditions and recommend they be

incorporated into the decision. The air quality

conditions of certifications in the proposed order

will reflect the District's conditions.

For all other technical areas, staff has determined that the modified project would continue to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations and standards, and no changes to any existing conditions of certification are necessary to ensure impacts remain less than significant.

On July 5, 2016, the Sacramento Power Authority filed comments on staff's analysis. The

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comments are mainly to provide minor errata and to
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   further clarify requirements in the technical areas
 3
   of air quality, geology and Paleontology, and soil
   and water resources. No other comments have been
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5
   received.
 6
            Staff has acknowledged the Sacramento Power
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   Authority's comments and prepared a letter of
8
   response that was docketed and posted to the web on
9
   July 8, 2016. The changes that staff has proposed to
   conditions of certification will be shown in the
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11
   final order.
12
            Staff has determined that the changes
1.3
   proposed in the amendment and supplementary
14
   materials comply with the requirements of Title 20,
   Section 1769(a) of the California Code of
15
16
   Regulations, and recommends approval of the project
   modifications and associated revisions of the air
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   quality, geology and Paleontology, public health,
19
   and soil and water resources conditions of
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   certification.
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            Thank you.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Applicant?
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            MR. GOULD: Good morning, Commissioners. My
24
   name is Ross Gould, I'm the Director of Power
25
   Generation for SMUD and authorized representative
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for the Sacramento Power Authority. We would like to thank staff for their 2 3 review of our petition. We agree with their analysis, the findings, and the revisions to the 4 conditions of certification that they've presented 5 in the proposed order. 6 7 This is an important project for our community as it reduces the amount of potable water 8 9 that's being used for power generation in 10 Sacramento, and at the same time helps the 11 Sacramento Regional County Sanitation District in 12 their efforts to develop an infrastructure for 13 distributing reclaimed water throughout the south 14 end of Sacramento County in support of their Eco 15 Water Project. 16 We are hopeful that the Commissioners will 17 consider approval of this petition. Thank you for 18 your consideration. 19 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you. Any comments 20 from anyone in the room or on the line? 2.1 Let's transition to commissioners. 22 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Just as a brief 23 comment, this change obviously is a very welcome 24 change and very much in line with the Energy

Commission's water policy. We really support the use

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of recycled water and it looks like this has had
   both -- or will have a benefit both for the project
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 3
   itself in terms of drought resiliency, but also the
   Region in terms of being able to make use of
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   recycled water and expand the use of recycled water,
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   so it's a very welcome change and it's great to see.
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 7
            I don't know, are there any questions? I'm
   happy to move the item. I'll go ahead and move
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9
   approval of this item.
            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD:
10
                                       Second.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
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            IN UNISON: Aye.
13
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
14
   to zero. Thank you.
15
            Let's go on to Item 6, Proposition 39.
16
            (Begin slide presentation.)
            MS. SHIRAKH: Good morning Commissioners.
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18
   am Elizabeth Shirakh from the Local Assistance and
19
   Financing Office of the Energy Efficiency Division.
20
   I am the Program Lead for the Proposition 39 K-12
21
   Program.
22
            For your consideration and possible
23
   adoption, I will present an overview of the proposed
24
   substantive changes to the Prop 39: California Clean
25
   Energy Jobs Act - 2016 Program Implementation
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Guidelines.

2.1

Excuse me, my slide presentation should be at the beginning. There we go. Let me back up.

For your consideration and possible adoption, I will present an overview of the proposed substantive changes to the Prop 39: California Clean Energy Jobs Act - 2016 Program Implementation Guidelines, referred to as the "Guidelines" from this point forward in my presentation.

The Guidelines define how the State of California implements the Proposition 39 program, with the majority of the Guidelines outlining the Local Educational Agency K-12 award program that provides energy efficiency projects and clean energy installation grant funding to Local Educational Agencies, known as LEAs. LEAs are defined as county offices of education, school districts, charter schools, and state special schools.

(Next Slide)

On November 6, 2012, in the statewide general election, California voters passed Proposition 39, the California Clean Energy Jobs Act. The initiative made statutory changes to the Corporate Income Tax Code and transfers up to \$550 million annually in projected revenue from the

General Fund to the Job Creation Fund for five 1 fiscal years, beginning with fiscal year 2013-14. 2 3 In June 2013, Senate Bill 73 became law and codified the Energy Commission as the lead agency 4 5 for the K-12 school portion of the Clean Energy Jobs Act program. 6 7 (Next Slide) As the lead agency, the Energy Commission is 8 9 responsible for establishing guidelines and accepting, reviewing and approving Prop 39 K-12 10 11 Energy Expenditure Plan applications. 12 applications are approved, the California Department 1.3 of Education distributes the approved allocations to the LEAs. 14 15 The total four year appropriation for the 16 Prop 39 K-12 Program is nearly \$1.4 billion. But as 17 you can see from this slide, the total Proposition 18 39 annual appropriations are less than the original 19 projected revenue of \$550 million per year. 20 (Next Slide) 21 Now, I'd like to provide a brief background 22 on the Prop 39 K-12 program and report on 23 accomplishments. 24 Immediately after SB 73 become law, the 25

Energy Commission began a comprehensive process to

gain input for the draft Guidelines. And in just
six months, on December 19, 2013, the Energy
Commission adopted the Proposition 39: California
Clean Energy Jobs Act - 2013 Program Implementation
Guidelines.

Continuing on this expedited program

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implementation path, in January 2014, the Energy Commission launched the Proposition 39 K-12 program and released the energy expenditure plan application and handbook, established an electronic submission process, trained Energy Commission staff, provided webinars and training seminars reaching over 800 LEAs and established a Prop 39 K-12 Hotline.

Over the past two years we have continued to streamline and improve the program. Since December 2013, the Guidelines have been revised two times: once in June 2014 and again in December 2014.

The Energy Commission also developed an online energy expenditure plan application system and an online reporting module.

And finally, just last month, the Prop 39 publicly searchable database was deployed and posted on our webpage. This includes school specific information on all Prop 39 K-12 approved and completed energy projects.

(Next Slide)

We have accomplished a tremendous amount in three years and next $I^{\prime}d$ like to report on funding milestones.

As of July 1, 2016, Energy Commission staff had approved 983 energy expenditure plans, which is 86 percent of the plans submitted, totaling \$677 million. This funding provides energy projects for nearly 3,500 school sites.

In addition, LEAs have also requested \$154 million for energy planning activities.

Therefore, to date, \$831 million has been approved for energy projects and planning activities. This represents 85 percent of the \$973 million available for the first three fiscal years of funding.

(Next Slide)

The Energy Commission has continuously provided extensive program outreach and education through webinars, workshops, conference presentations, press releases, blog posts, listserv announcements, direct phone calls and mail, and public meetings. Through this widespread effort we have facilitated increased LEAs participation, yet challenges do remain.

The program is now more than halfway through the funding period, yet fewer than half of eligible 2,136 LEAs have requested energy project funding. If this trend continues, there will be funds remaining at the end of the program encumbrance date of June 30, 2018.

(Next Slide)

This brings us to the Proposition 39 program proposed Guideline revisions which I present today.

Following the same public process as previously
Guideline revisions, this third update was an iterative public process. Program staff worked with LEAs, actively listening to their concerns and listening to their suggestions to further improve the program.

Taking that information, on April 27, 2016, proposed Guideline revisions were posted for public review and comment. The Energy Commission held two public webinar meetings to present draft Guidelines revisions, receive comments and answer questions.

The Energy Commission also opened a docket and received 14 submittals.

On June 27, 2016, the Energy Commission docketed and posted the notice of the July 13th business meeting and a second revised draft

Guidelines, including a summary of changes made between April 27 and June 27.

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At this time, I'd like to highlight the major substantive changes to the Guidelines. These revisions focus on changes to the cost effectiveness criteria, an alternative electric rate for LEAs with First Preference power rates, revisions for LEAs with zero-net-energy schools, revisions to Appendix E that list the effective useful life for energy efficiency measures in years, and revisions to Appendix F: Power Purchase Agreement SIR Calculation and Conditions.

(Next Slide)

The Public Resources Code requires that all projects shall be cost effective and that the Energy Commission establish the cost-effective determination. Therefore, the Commission established the Savings-to-Investment Ratio, or SIR. The SIR is the total net present value of savings over the total project installation cost. This ratio compares the investment the LEA will make now with the energy cost savings the LEA will achieve over time.

Some LEAs have struggled to meet the cost-

effectiveness criteria due to several reasons, including previously implemented energy efficiency measures, low electric rates, small facilities with low energy cost, or prioritized energy measures such as heating ventilation air conditioning, HVAC, that cannot meet the cost-effective criteria.

There are two proposed major changes that apply to the SIR. The first is reducing the minimum SIR from 1.05 to 1.01. An eligible energy project must currently achieve a minimum SIR ratio of 1.05. Now, eligible energy projects can meet the minimum SIR with a 1.01 ratio. For every dollar invested in the eligible energy project, the LEA will accrue \$1.01 in savings.

(Next Slide)

The second change to the SIR is increasing the maintenance cost savings assumption in the net present value of savings formula. A fixed maintenance savings of 2 percent for all energy efficiency measures is used in the SIR formula. However, due to the wide variance in estimated maintenance cost savings between various energy efficiency measure categories, an adjustment from 2 percent to 3 percent in maintenance cost savings is needed.

For example, nearly 60 percent of the funded Prop 39 K-12 energy efficiency measures are lighting. With the advancement of LED lighting, many LEAs are retrofitting classroom fluorescent lighting with LED lighting, realizing higher maintenance cost savings.

The same applies to the replacement of old inefficient HVAC measures which account for nearly 20 percent of the funded measures.

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LEAs located in three rural counties,

Tuolumne, Calaveras and Trinity, receive a First

Preference Federal Power rates at 7 to 8 cents per
kilowatt hour.

In the 1950s and 1960s, the Federal government acquired large portions of county land for the construction of hydroelectric projects in these counties. As compensation for the negative impacts, loss of taxable land, loss of agricultural land, and loss of local water resources, government entities, including public schools, were compensated by a reduced electricity charge at a First Preference power rate.

We are proposing that LEAs receiving a First
Preference electric rate may use an alternative

electric rate of 13.2 cents per kilowatt hour. This alternative electric rate was proposed by the First Preference Public Power Agencies based on the true cost of electric power when considering the lost tax revenue due to the federal hydro projects built in these three counties.

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Few, if any, LEAs are completely zero net energy. Therefore, LEAs with large solar investments did not qualify for the zero net energy option. However, some LEAs may have school sites that are zero net energy.

The proposed revisions change the definition from all school sites within an LEA to a school site. Now LEAs with school sites that are zero net energy can submit an energy expenditure plan application demonstrating how the proposed measures are eligible for Prop 39 funding.

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Another substantive change is expanding the list of energy measures in the Effective Useful Life in Appendix E. We have expanded the list to include more efficiency technologies. For example, some of the new energy measures include demand control ventilation, occupancy controls and door switches,

weather stripping, and kitchen equipment controls.

There is also clarification to HVAC packaged units and split systems and when funding continuous retro-commissioning, there is now a 5-year maintenance commitment required.

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Other substantive changes to Appendix E include increasing the effective useful life for high efficiency transformers from 15 to 20 years. Also, warranty clarifications were made for advanced battery storage requiring a 10-year warranty and for solar photovoltaic projects using a 15 year effective useful life, requiring a 25-year panel performance warranty.

(Next Slide)

The last substantive change is found in Appendix E [sic]: Power Purchase Agreement SIR Calculation and Conditions. In the Terms and Conditions section, number 3 was deleted. We removed the condition that a power purchase agreement clean generation project shall be sized to reduce up to 70 percent of the kWh energy consumption at a school site. The requirement was removed and cautionary language was added to alert LEAs to understand the long term consequences when sizing clean generation

systems.

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Finally, there are also non-substantive changes in the Guideline revisions. Most of the non-substantive changes provide clarification through minor revisions and edits. Other non-substantive changes make grammatical edits to provide better descriptions of processes, update funding appropriations, update website links, and a statutory repeal.

There is one non-substantive change I'd like to highlight that was not included in the Guidelines posted on June 27, 2016, and this is the update of Proposition 39 funding appropriations for fiscal year 2016-17.

The 2016-17 California Budget Bill was signed after the posting of the second Guideline revision. Now that the Budget Bill is signed, the Prop 39 Fiscal Year 2016-17 funding appropriations will be updated in Chapter 1, Chapter 3 and Appendix A of the Guidelines.

In conclusion, the Prop 39 K-12 program successfully launched in a short time, has achieved success, and has evolved to provide processes, tools and procedures that maximize program participation

while maintaining the integrity of program 2 objectives. 3 Thank you and I'm happy to answer any 4 questions. 5 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you. Let's start with comments, first those in 6 7 the room. Let's start with the School Energy 8 Coalition. 9 MS. FERRERA: Good morning, I'm Anna Ferrera on behalf of the School Energy Coalition. It's an 10 11 organization made up of K-14 schools throughout the 12 state. We provide information, education and 1.3 technical assistance to schools. We also advocate at the Capitol on legislative bills, budget, and other 14 15 issues that may impact K-14 schools on energy and 16 water project construction. 17 California schools strongly support Proposition 39. We were there from the beginning and 18 19 we really are in support of the new substantive 20 changes that have come about. 2.1 Since the Commission's Proposition 39 22 Guidelines were approved, we've worked to assist 23 school districts, county offices of ed, and charter 24 schools stay up to date on the Guideline changes. 25 It has been a collaborative process. We do

appreciate what the staff has done, listening to the concerns that schools have as they try to make the approval process work for them. And it has been some struggle with the SIR trying to make that happen given that there's no other real funding available for construction right now.

HVAC really rose to the top for schools given that they haven't been able to really apply funding for some of these very important maintenance issues, so schools are looking to make Prop 39 funding work for some of those items.

So we are first and foremost very much in support to change SIR to 1.01 for approval of LEA energy expenditure plans. This will allow more school projects to be approved, and so we absolutely are in support of that.

And we think, also, that schools that may have already said this isn't working for us may take a second look now because they have this leeway, and so we do appreciate that very much.

Also, the other zero net energy, we've been commenting on that over time. SEC supports that change. It was difficult with all the sites having to be ZNE.

And the 2 percent to 3 percent of project

cost for maintenance, that also goes back to the HVAC issue.

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our only concern at this time with the SIR is when this new target may be approved, when they may be able to use it. Summer is the time that schools really do go out there and have to rearrange schedules. Not so much in the summer with students and teachers, so that is the time where they try to get a lot of these installations done, and so the sooner the better as far as we're concerned, again, in the interest of moving these projects forward.

Finally, we would also point out with regard to the section on eligible energy measure identification, it's Step 5 on Page 23 in the proposed Guidelines. I know that this is something that staff needs because it makes it simpler for them. It's the idea of having an energy survey, using calculators and using third party. This is going to require one consistent method throughout an energy expenditure plan, again, in the interest of flexibility and moving these forward.

And for the small schools that may not be able to hire a third party consultant to make that all consistent, the flexibility of being able to do both would be helpful, although I understand the

concerns that staff has so I would only put that across to you as well.

Again, thank you so very much to Liz and her team. They're just terrific people to work with, and schools look forward to moving more projects forward with these new changes.

Thank you.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Great. Thank you for being here.

TerraVerde?

MR. BROWN: Good morning. Rick Brown,
12 President TerraVerde Renewable Partners.

First of all, I want to just say speaking in support of all the Guideline changes.

Also want to thank Liz and her staff. They really have worked really hard to come up with these changes to address the problems that we have faced, all of us have faced in trying to move projects along and getting projects qualified.

As an example of how the process works, we started talking last fall. The citizens oversight board did their work of highlighting and elevating these issues. You all commented on it, and we're now at a place we're going to get it done.

But as Anna said, it's going to be not until

Guidelines, and I understand that's the process and that's how we do it, but for those who critique this program because it takes a long time to do things, then you'd understand these are the obstacles that schools face in getting their projects going, an so we're working to work with that and make things happen.

The only other point I want to make, and it hasn't been highlighted here, particularly the SIR change and the maintenance factor change, those are absolutely going to help the smaller and economically disadvantages districts in the state, that's what these Guidelines are going to really help because those are the districts that really don't have cash that they can put into a project to lift up the SIR.

I mean, I can give you example after example of districts we're working with that have basically had to sit on the sidelines waiting for these changes to happen because they just don't have the ability to get their projects qualified without these changes. So in terms of equity issues, these changes are very important.

And the last thing I would say is on the

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change around the limit on the solar sizing. We've
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   done a lot of projects under the current limits with
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   our clients and have figured out ways to work around
   things. It's just going to make many more projects
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   easier to get done, reduce some of the sort of
   sorting out of things and making projects actually
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   better in terms of the economics they provide to our
   districts because the sizing is now going to be done
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   to the optimal sizing in terms of getting those
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   benefits instead of basically suboptimizing to this
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   fixed number.
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            So again, thank you to Liz and her staff,
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   they've done a great job. Thank you to the
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   Commission and also the Citizens Advisory Board.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Great.
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            Anyone else in the room?
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            Then let's turn to the parties on the line.
   Let's start with Mt. Diablo first.
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            MR. CODY: Good morning, can you hear me?
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yes. Please identify
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   yourself.
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                      Tim Cody, Director of Measure C,
            MR. CODY:
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   Mt. Diablo Unified School District.
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            Since I'm on the web I can't see anyone but
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   I'll just thank the Commission and Ms. Shirakh's
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office. She has been very helpful in trying to clarify some of these things that we're talking about this morning.

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One of the things I would like to point out is we are one of the districts I would like to participate in the program; however, prior to them approving this program the District has been very proactive. We've installed about 12 megawatts of solar throughout the District. We've installed VRF, and we've pretty much completed interior lighting before this came into play.

The reason that I'm on the call this morning is solar generation has created what we see as a penalty for being proactive in the energy conservation area because of the amount of power that we are generating onsite has reduced our electrical cost, and because of that reduced electrical cost, none of the projects that we're planning to expand upon using the California Jobs Act monies become eligible because our cost of electrical is so low.

Again, we talked to Ms. Shirakh's office and we thought that was very productive. I've submitted two pieces of correspondence and I don't know if the Commission has those. If you have those I won't try

to reiterate those. 2 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah, we have the 3 docket, so you don't have to. It's fine to summarize but we don't have the time for you to read it. 4 MR. CODY: Right, and I don't know if we 5 want to read it, but basically, we believe in some 6 7 of the SIR changes, but really what it comes down to is a simple modification to the Guidelines to allow 8 us to use the cost of the solar systems that we 9 10 installed plus our operation and maintenance cost as 11 part of the calculation of our current power cost. 12 When we do that we have a number of projects 1.3 that we would like to continue what we're doing in 14 the District, and we think that what we've done and 15 we'd like to do is within the spirit of the 16 California Jobs Act; therefore, we're asking for that minor modification or clarification to allow us 17 to resubmit our expenditure plans. 18 19 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Okay. Thank you. 20 MR. CODY: With that, any questions the 2.1 Commission has I'd be happy to answer. 22 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: We'll go through one more commenter and then go to the Commissioners and 23

we'll see if we have questions, so stay on the line.

So, McSwain Elementary School.

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MR. BRAZIL: Good morning, Commissioners and staff. My name is Helio Brazil, I'm the superintendent of McSwain Elementary School District in Merced County, and I'm also the president-elect of Small School Districts Association, and as small school districts we are certainly in support of these proposed revisions. We're especially willing and committed to clean energy production and conservation efforts.

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However, this being said, we are one of many small districts that attempt to complete our Prop 39 projects and are facing a number of obstacles that primarily impact small districts in our efforts to complete those projects.

As small districts, many of us are experiencing declining enrollments. We don't have the required district funds that small districts must incur in order to complete the Prop 39 requirement projects. And I have written and I am calling in to request that the Commission consider alternative HVAC effectiveness methodology for small school districts and economically disadvantaged districts.

I think everyone has kind of echoed what I would certainly agree with and support, and I thank

you for your consideration and your efforts to support the energy needs of the state of California. 2 3 We really do want to take advantage of the funds, but for districts like ours it's a fine line between 4 5 being able to do it and putting the district at a financial risk. 6 7 So thank you. CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Okay, thank you. 8 9 Anyone else on the line? 10 Then let's turn to, I was going to say the 11 Commission but first I'll ask the staff if the staff 12 has any comments on the issues that were raised. 1.3 MS. SHIRAKH: Yes, I have a comment on the 14 issue raised by Mt. Diablo. 15 PRC Code 26206(c) requires that projects 16 shall be cost-effective and the total benefits 17 greater than the project cost over time. 18 We may consider non-energy benefits such as 19 health and safety in addition to energy benefits. 20 Our challenge is that considering bond payments and 21 maintenance costs as energy costs fits neither of 22 these considerations in the PRC Code. The statute 23 allows the Energy Commission to establish methods 24 for establishing energy benefits, but does not provide for an adjustment like that for the costs. 25

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Okay, thank you.

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So let's turn to Commissioner McAllister.

COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Alright. So I want to thank Liz and staff for -- I mean, I see daily how much effort you put into working with all the stakeholders, the schools across the state, and hearing these stories and trying to match up what statute actually says with getting the results that we all want for our schools and for California over the long term, I am extremely impressed with the way you've gone about that and super supportive of these changes.

And I want to thank also all the advocates that have been involved. I mean, Rick, others that have really brought those examples to us and helped to understand, I think, all across the board, not just in this building but just really educated the marketplace, the schools arena about the program and learning how to navigate it. It does get kind of complex because the statute says what it says, and so we have to faithfully implement the statute.

Having said that, I want to be proactive, I want to continue to work with staff and work with those who are trying to participate and maybe finding it a bit difficult to see if there are

solutions. Have the right discussions to possibly even work with decision makers outside of this building to try to make those work, and to really just do the right thing and get the funds where they were intended to go when the proposition passed a number of years ago. So thank you all again for that.

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All these changes are really good. I know they seem a little bit technocratic to the uninitiated, you know, from 1.05 to 1.01 and, you know, 3 percent maintenance instead of 2 percent maintenance, but at the margin these changes really matter.

We live or die by the SIR sort of by necessity here, by statute, and so we're trying to really push the envelope on the possible and get every project we possibly can into the program, so I think these changes are within the wiggle room that we can do and are very necessary.

And it shows the program evolution. Liz highlighted a number of things that the program has done. I'm really particularly interested in, advocating for, and proud of the data and transparency aspects of the program.

Certainly the project information itself is

now available online. We've actually, as a condition of receiving the funds schools allow us to access their actual consumption data. That's going to be really interesting to understand the evolution of these buildings going forward and I think help us develop better policy in the future, so working with that data and it is actually posted and public and people can actually access it now. God help you if you don't have the right big data analysis tools to actually work with the data, but there are those who do and we're going to work with them to understand the evolution of the program. So I just want to also just highlight best practice in building upgrades and retrofits. I've sort of got a foot in the renewable energy industry and in the energy efficiency industry for the last going on 30 years. They complement each other so well, they do. And anyone who's looking at improving the performance of their buildings, facilities, really needs to be looking at

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Solar is an incredibly dynamic marketplace. We absolutely saw fit to lift the cap on the solar. I think that's a positive change.

both efficiency and renewables.

Having said that, you really have to do

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integrated planning. If there are opportunities for
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   energy efficiency, you need to look at those
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   alongside solar, so I want to just encourage the
   schools to think long term when they're figuring out
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   what their punch list looks like for the projects
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   that they're going to fund with Prop 39 or anything
 6
7
   else, really try to optimize.
            So with that, I think I just want to thank
8
9
   Liz and staff again, the rest of the staff working
10
   on this. There's a phalanx of people there
11
   processing massive quantities of applications and
12
   really having that, I think, very educational and
1.3
   productive interaction with all the school districts
   and the stakeholders and the intermediaries and
14
15
   consultants and everything else.
16
            So it's really a positive trend long-term
17
   for the state. It's not just getting rid of this
   money and being done with the program; it's really
18
19
   helping plow the field for future productive
20
   enterprise. Our schools really need this and they
21
   will going forward even after the first five years
22
   of this program.
23
            So with that, I'll pass it to the other
24
   commissioners. Anybody?
25
            COMMISSIONER SCOTT:
                                  Sure. I would just like
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to say I have had occasion to really dig into and learn a lot more about some of the details and weaves in Prop 39 and I've really been impressed both with the excellent briefings from Liz -- thank you very much -- and the really serious commitment of the staff to make sure that all LEAs know about the options, know about the changes that we're making. My understanding is that we have literally made a phone call to every single one to make sure that they know about the program.

I wanted to underscore what you mentioned about the publicly searchable database that we just deployed. As the public member, I'm really thrilled to see that we have a database like that up and running. I think it provides the potential for the schools to be able to trade information with each other.

And it also for other building owners with similarly sized buildings who are looking into wanting to make energy efficiency improvements, renewable improvements, to be able to look and see what types of things have worked really well for the school buildings, I just think that's going to be a really fantastic database for us to have going forward.

appreciate the commitment to making the improvements. We've been continuously making these improvements all along to make sure that all LEAs do have the ability to take advantage of this kind of once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to really dig in and upgrade school buildings with energy efficiency, you know, the HVAC, the solar on behalf of all the California school children, so I wanted to thank you for your leadership on that and the staff in doing such a great job in implementing that.

1.3

COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Yeah, I wanted to echo that and really thank Commissioner McAllister for your ongoing diligence with your team to make this a success.

I do want to note it's been about a year since that article came out, I believe it was in SacBee about what a failure and disappointment Prop 39 has done, and I just want to say three-quarters of a billion dollars out the door for these projects is really something we should be proud of

And I think it's just worth remembering there is a trajectory here with any big new program, whether it was ARRA money back in 2010 or other programs, the first year or two there's a lot of

process that has to get done and we apply a lot of diligence and there's a lot of back-and-forth with 2 3 stakeholders. It's very inclusive but it does slow things down, but at the end of the day we're getting 4 the job done. And I really want to thank Anna 5 Ferrera and Rick Brown and the other stakeholders 6 7 who participated to help us make the program more friction free. 8 9 This was begun before SB350, and if you 10 think about it, this is really now a significant 11 tool in our tool belt as we press to meet those 12 objectives. 13 And I just did want to ask, and forgive me 14 if I missed this in the presentation, but there's 15 principal efficiency but there's a lot of solar as 16 well. What portion of the Prop 39 projects involve 17 renewables, do you know offhand? 18 MS. SHIRAKH: Yeah, about 2 percent of our 19 projects that we have funded to date have been solar 20 projects. 21 COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Only 2 percent? 22 MS. SHIRAKH: Yeah. Roughly about 60 percent 23 in lighting, 30 percent in HVAC. Next would be plug 24 loads at 6 percent, I think, but solar projects is about 2 percent. 25

COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: 1 Got you, okay. 2 Well, that's good to know. 3 Well, just in general I just want to echo the other comments. Just keep going and working with 4 5 stakeholders to make this friction free, because it's worth remembering that even five years from now 6 7 the projects that were just completed, with the way efficiency is going, there's going to be 8 9 opportunities for further retrofits down the line. Who knows if there'll be a new source of funds into 10 11 this program down the line. 12 So with that, thanks. 13 (End slide presentation.) 14 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Alright. So I 15 think just under 300 PV projects have been done --16 I'm looking at a table right here -- out of 12,700 17 projects overall. 18 So let's see, I also want to build on what 19 you just said about the process. 20 I mean, we have statutory process we have to 21 go through -- I see Karen nodding her head over 22 there -- and we did it as fast as we possibly could. I mean, if you look at the timeline of what was 23 24 required of us to do and the comment periods, 25 etcetera, etcetera, we got this basically done as

```
quickly as it could have been done, so the sort of
2
   hit piece you mentioned was ignorant of much of that
 3
   and I think it kind of showed -- in any case, I will
   move this item.
 4
 5
            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
 6
 7
            IN UNISON: Aye.
8
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item has been
9
   adopted five to zero. Thanks, Liz.
10
            MS. SHIRAKH: Thank you.
11
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Let's go on to Item 8 -
12
   - excuse me, Item 7, Executive Order.
1.3
            Kristen, please.
14
            MS. DRISKELL: Good morning, Chair and
15
   Commissioners. My name is Kristen Driskell from the
16
   Appliances and Outreach and Education Office in the
17
   Efficiency Division. I am here to present Item 7,
18
   Executive Order B-37-16, Proposed Order Instituting
19
   Informational Proceeding. With me is Galen Lemei
20
   from the Commission's Chief Counsel's Office.
21
            On May 9, 2016, Governor Brown issued
22
   Executive Order B-37-16, Making Water Conservation a
23
   California Way of Life. The Executive Order requires
24
   state agencies to update temporary emergency water
25
   restrictions and transition to permanent long-term
```

improvements in water use by taking a number of specific actions. The Energy Commission in particular is directed to certify innovative water conservation and water loss detection and control technologies that also increase energy efficiency.

The Energy Commission has taken a number of actions in response to the drought under earlier executive orders issued by the Governor.

The Energy Commission adopted toilet, urinal, kitchen faucet, and lavatory faucet standards in April 2015, and lavatory faucet and showerhead standards in August 2015. Together, these standards are expected to save more than 14 billion gallons of water in the first year of implementation, and over 150 billion gallons per year after ten years. Staff in currently investigating water efficiency opportunities in irrigation emitters and irrigation controllers.

The proposed Order Instituting Informational Proceeding would further the Commission's drought response by seeking public feedback on additional opportunities to save water while saving energy.

This effort is being coordinated with an interagency team established under Executive Order B-37-16. Staff proposes to begin collecting

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information related to certifying innovative water
   conservation and water loss detection and control
2
 3
   technologies that also increase energy efficiency
   through a staff workshop tentatively scheduled for
 4
5
   October of this year, and may also conduct joint
   agency workshops with the Department of Water
 6
 7
   Resources and other members of the interagency team
   to gain more insight into water saving
8
   opportunities. The information gathered through
   these activities may then be used to develop
10
11
   appliance efficiency rulemakings.
12
            I ask your approval of Item 7, a proposed
1.3
   Order Instituting Informational Proceeding on
   Executive Order B-37-16. I am happy to answer any
14
15
   questions that you may have.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
16
                                 Thanks. First, any
17
   comments from anyone in the room or on the line?
18
            Okay. Let's transition to commissioners.
            Commissioner McAllister.
19
20
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: I mean, I don't
21
   think there's a lot to say about this. We've been
22
   asked to do something and we need to gather
23
   information from stakeholders to do it.
24
            Obviously, water and energy efficiency are
25
   top level Administration goals. We are in the
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business of innovation and identifying pathways for
2
   fostering innovation, so I think this is a forum
 3
   that we can use to implement the Executive Order and
   do so in a pretty expeditious way, so I'm supportive
4
5
   of this item.
            So I'll move Item 7.
 6
 7
            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Second.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
8
 9
            IN UNISON: Aye.
10
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
11
   to zero. Thank you.
12
            Let's go on to Item 8, Power Source
1.3
   Disclosure Program.
14
            MR. CHOU: Good morning Chair Weisenmiller
15
   and Commissioners, I am Kevin Chou from the
16
   Renewable Energy Division. I am joined today by
17
   staff attorney, Lisa De Carlo.
18
            As you may recall, on May 17, 2016, the
19
   Energy Commission adopted modifications to the power
20
   source disclosure regulations in order to implement
21
   recent statutory changes and make other minor
22
   modifications. After careful consideration, it was
23
   determined that some of the changes adopted may not
24
   have been clearly marked in accordance with
25
   Government Code section 11346.8(c).
```

1 Therefore, in order to ensure that the 2 proposed changes were properly brought to the 3 attention of the public prior to submittal to the state's Office of Administrative Law, the Energy 4 Commission released a second set of 15-Day language 5 changes to more clearly identify those portions of 6 7 the proposed changes that had not been so identified in the previous publications. 8 9 We received only one set of comments during this comment period, which reiterated comments made 10 11 previously in the proceeding. Therefore, no changes 12 have been made to the regulation requirements since 1.3 the May 17th business meeting. 14 Staff recommends approval of the resolution adopting the modifications to the Power Source 15 16 Disclosure program and finding that the 17 modifications are exempt from CEQA. 18 We are happy to take any questions you have. 19 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: First, any public comment either in the room or on the phone? 20 Commissioner? 2.1 22 COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Yeah, just I'd ask 23 my colleagues for support. 24 Just one of the things to keep in mind, this

program, the power source disclosure, predated by

25

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five years the first RPS, and so that has created
2
   some challenges and they have subtly different
 3
   metrics, but the intent is to make it as clear and
   consistent as possible, and I just would ask my
4
5
   colleagues for support.
            I'd move the item.
 6
 7
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Second.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
8
 9
            IN UNISON: Aye.
10
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
11
   to zero. Thank you.
12
            Let's go on to Item 8 [sic] Renewable
1.3
   Portfolio Standard.
14
            MS. DANIELS: Hello Commissioners, I am
15
   Theresa Daniels, verification lead for the
16
   Renewables Portfolio Standard RPS program. Today, I
17
   am requesting adoption of the RPS 2011-2013 Retail
18
   Sellers Procurement Verification Report.
19
            As you know, retail sellers have an RPS
20
   obligation that has been in place since the RPS law
21
   was first signed in 2002 requiring the Public
22
   Utilities Commission, or CPUC-regulated retail
23
   sellers to procure 20 percent renewable energy by
24
   2017.
25
            In 2006, legislation accelerated the RPS to
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20 percent by 2010, and then in 2011 it was
   increased to 33 percent by 2020 under SBX1-2. Most
2
 3
   recently, in 2015 the passage of SB 350 raised the
   RPS to 50 percent by 2030.
4
            While not legally mandated, verification
5
 6
   reports are prepared as part of the Energy
7
   Commission's RPS responsibilities. Upon adoption and
   posting of the Final 2011-2013 Retail Sellers
8
   Verification Commission Report, the Energy
10
   Commission will transmit its findings to the CPUC
11
   for use in determining retail sellers' RPS
12
   compliance for 2011-2013 which covers Compliance
1.3
   Period 1.
14
            This Verification Report only includes the
15
   RPS Verification results for retail sellers.
16
   Publicly Owned Electric Utilities, or POUs, are not
17
   included in this report. A separate report will be
18
   prepared later this year for POUs' compliance period
19
   1 RPS verification results.
20
            The 2011-2013 RPS claims were primarily
21
   reported through the Western Renewable Energy
22
   Generation Information System, or WREGIS. There were
23
   more than 2,390 RPS claims verified in this report
24
   representing over 118,000 gigawatts of generation.
25
            Among other things, the report verifies the
```

RPS eligibility of the facilities from which there 2 are claims, that there was sufficient generation 3 from the facilities to cover the claims, the amount of RPS generation allowed from multi-fuel 4 5 facilities, including those using pipeline biomethane, and that facilities met RPS 6 7 requirements. 8 Staff coordinated with energy agencies in 9 Oregon and Green-e Energy, representing the voluntary REC market, to help ensure against double 10 11 counting. We worked closely with retail sellers 12 throughout the verification process and were able to 1.3 resolve almost all outstanding issues. In situations where there were eligibility 14 concerns, either sufficient documentation was 15 16 provided to verify the claims or the claims were 17 withdrawn by the retail sellers. Two retail sellers 18 have claims that were determined to be ineligible. For each of the 21 retail sellers with RPS 19 20 claims for Compliance Period 1, staff prepared 2.1 preliminary verification results tables identifying 22 amounts as eligible, ineligible, or withdrawn. These 23 draft results were sent to retail sellers in 24 December and then posted for public comment on 25 February 2nd, 2016. Three retail sellers submitted

additional supporting documentation for their claims and their draft verification results were updated accordingly.

1.3

The staff draft verification report was prepared and included the verification results tables along with an explanation of the verification process. The staff draft report was posted for public comment on May 10th. We received two sets of comments on the staff draft report.

SCE submitted comments requesting that their claim, deemed ineligible in the report, be counted as RPS-eligible. SCE also requested that, if the claim is found to be ineligible, the Energy Commission should establish a process for LSEs to report RPS claims using the interim tracking system in exceptional circumstances.

SCE's claim is unable to be counted as RPS-eligible due to the requirements in the RPS
Eligibility Guidebook; however, the issue of LSEs
requesting to report claims outside of WREGIS is
being addressed in the next edition of the RPS
Eligibility Guidebook.

PG&E submitted comments requesting that a sentence in the report be revised to state that revisiting the eligibility of claims in finalized

70

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verification reports should only be done as a last
2
   resort, and instead correct any errors in future
 3
   year's report. This sentence has been clarified in
   the lead commissioner report.
 4
 5
            In sum, 99.98 percent of the procurement
 6
   claims detailed in this report were from RPS-
 7
   certified facilities with sufficient generation to
8
   cover the procurement claim amounts.
 9
            Without evidence to the contrary, Energy
10
   Commission staff finds that the procurement claim
11
   amounts listed in this Verification Report are
12
   eligible to count toward meeting the retail sellers'
13
   RPS obligations.
            With that, I ask that the Energy Commission
14
15
   adopt this RPS 2011-2013 Retail Seller Procurement
16
   Verification Report with minor non-substantive
17
   changes to the report; for example, to change it
18
   from a lead commissioner draft to a final Commission
   report.
19
20
            Thank you, and are there any questions?
2.1
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you. Let's first
   see if there's any comments from anyone in the room
22
23
   or on the phone.
            Commissioner Hochschild?
24
25
            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: No comments; I'll
```

```
move the item.
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS:
 2
                                    Second.
 3
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
            IN UNISON: Aye.
 4
5
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
   to zero. Thank you.
 6
 7
            MS. DANIELS:
                           Thank you.
8
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Let's move on to Item
9
   10, County of Sonoma.
10
            MR. SAMUELSON: Good morning Commissioners.
11
   I am Brian Samuelson with the Local Assistance &
12
   Financing Office of the Efficiency Division. I am
1.3
   requesting your approval for a $410,805 Energy
14
   Conservation Assistance Act loan at a 1-percent
15
   simple interest to the County of Sonoma.
16
            The estimated cost of the project is
17
   $487,963 with the County paying the $77,158 cost
18
   difference. The County will use these funds to
19
   install 93 kilowatt DC photovoltaic panels at its
20
   newly constructed fleet operations facility.
2.1
            On completion, the proposed project will
22
   reduce approximately 119,316 kilowatt hours of grid
23
   electricity every year, saving the County over
24
   24,000 annually in utility costs.
                                       The project will
25
   also reduce 41 tons of carbon dioxide equivalent
```

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greenhouse gas emissions each year.
                                         The simple
   payback on the requested loan amount is
2
 3
   approximately 17 years.
 4
            The loan request is in compliance with the
5
   terms and conditions of the Energy Conservation
 6
   Assistance Act loan program; staff, therefore,
 7
   request your approval of this loan.
8
            I will be happy to answer any questions, you
9
   may have.
10
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Are there any comments
11
   from anyone in the room or on the line?
12
            Okay, let's turn to the Commissioners.
13
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: I don't have any
14
   extensive comments, just would note Sonoma's
15
   leadership in many of these issues and obviously
16
   quite a sophisticated applicant and I think this is
17
   just a classic project that we should be supporting,
   and so I'll move the item.
18
19
            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD:
                                       Second.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
20
21
            IN UNISON: Aye.
22
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
23
   to zero. Thank you.
24
            Let's go on to Woodlake Unified School
25
   District.
```

MR. CHAUDHRY: Good morning, Mr. Chairman and Commissioners. I'm Shahid Chaudhry with the Local Assistance and Financing Office of the Energy Efficiency Division, and I'm requesting your approval for \$1 million ECAA loan at zero percent to the Woodlake Unified School District.

The District will use these funds to install 324 kilowatt DC rooftop-mounted PV panels at its maintenance, operations and transportation facility. The total cost of the project is \$1 million so the requested loan amount will cover full cost of the project.

On completion the proposed project will reduce approximately 526,000 kilowatt hours of grid electricity every year, saving the District about \$66,000 annually in utility costs. The project will also reduce 182 tons of carbon dioxide (inaudible) greenhouse gas emissions each year. The payback on this loan is approximately 15 years.

The loan request is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the ECAA loan program; staff, therefore, request your approval of this loan.

Thank you for your consideration, and I'm available to answer any questions you may have.

```
1
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                  Thank you. Are there
2
   any comments from anyone in the room or on the
 3
   phone?
 4
            Okay, Commissioners.
5
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: We got the Prop 39
 6
   update. Well, this is the ECAA Ed, the loan piece of
7
   Prop 39, so again another funding source that came
   from Prop 39 that's doing good stuff out there, so
8
   again, very supportive of this project and move
   Item 11.
10
11
            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second.
12
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
13
            IN UNISON: Aye.
14
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
15
   to zero. Thank you.
16
            Let's go on to Item 12.
17
            MR. DAVIS: Good Morning Commissioners. I'm
18
   Dustin Davis with the Energy Efficiency Research
19
   Office. The next six research projects resulted from
20
   a competitive solicitation --
2.1
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Hang on one second
   while Commissioner McAllister does some disclosures.
22
23
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER:
                                       Yeah, sorry, I
24
   just want to do disclosures here first.
25
            I don't know, Commissioner Douglas, you no
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longer have to do this; is that right? Okay. I'm
2
   solo at this point.
 3
            So just to disclose, my wife is a professor
   at the law school at UC Davis at King Hall. There is
4
5
   no conflict here so I'm not recusing, just
   disclosing my financial interest in UC Davis.
 6
 7
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                  Thank you.
            Go ahead.
8
 9
            MR. DAVIS: Alright, great.
            Good afternoon again. My name's Dustin Davis
10
11
   with the Energy Efficiency Research Office. The next
12
   six research projects resulted from a competitive
1.3
   solicitation titled Reducing Costs For Communities
14
   And Businesses Through Integrated Demand-Side
15
   Management And Zero Net Energy Demonstrations. This
16
   solicitation sought proposals to fund integrated
17
   technologies, strategies, and demos that emphasize
18
   innovative energy efficiency packages to achieve
19
   whole building performance improvements.
20
            The first item I'm requesting approval for
2.1
       with Gas Technology Institute for $1 million.
22
            This project will develop and measure the
23
   performance of innovative energy efficiency packages
24
   in single family homes located in Stockton,
25
   California, in partnership with Habitat for
```

Humanity.

Measured field performance data of new and emerging technologies can help overcome the skepticism about the magnitude of the energy savings potential in real applications.

These energy efficiency packages will include high performance enclosures, advanced HVAC, and low-cost water heating systems and are anticipated to exceed 2016 Title 24 energy efficiency standards up to 50 percent.

Project includes about \$168,000 in match funds.

The next item I'm requesting approval for is with Lawrence Berkeley National Lab for \$1 million.

This project will investigate the benefits, feasibility and costs of all-electric new zero net energy homes in comparison to dual-fuel zero net energy homes with gas and electricity.

The analysis will explore supply side infrastructure costs such as natural gas pipelines and electricity distribution systems associated with each approach and demand-side costs including energy efficiency packages, distributed energy resources, and operation and maintenance at the building and community level.

This work will give policymakers key information to enable them to better understand the costs and benefits associated with each approach considering multiple scenarios to achieving zero net energy homes and communities.

This project has the support of Southern California Edison, San Diego Gas and Electric, and Pacific Gas and Electric.

The next item I'm requesting approval for is with UC Davis California Lighting Technology Center for almost \$2 million.

This project will refine and evaluate a cutting edge integrated building control retrofit package that maximizes the energy efficiency of existing commercial buildings by combining independent electric lighting, fenestration and HVAC control systems into a single intelligent automated system accessed through one easy-to-use control portal.

Evaluating performance under real world conditions will help address occupant comfort, the potential for optimized whole building efficiency, and understand operator interaction with the system.

The retrofit package is estimated to reduce

1 commercial building electricity use up to 30
2 percent.
3 Project includes about \$264,000 in match

2.1

Project includes about \$264,000 in match funds and has the support of San Diego Gas and Electric.

The next item I'm requesting approval for is with Lawrence Berkeley National Lab for \$2 million.

Meeting the state's ZNE goals requires whole-building integrated solutions that enable building sectors such as small commercial to realize deep energy savings. However, many in the small commercial market sector lack the awareness of a pathway on how to actually achieve ZNE in a cost effective manner.

This project will develop and evaluate costeffective retrofit packages of emerging wholebuilding integrated systems and controls to achieve
ZNE in small commercial buildings.

The project includes testing the innovative packages in a multi-story office building in San Francisco to document energy performance and occupant satisfaction in actual operating environment.

The retrofit packages are estimated to reduce energy use by at least 50 percent.

Project includes \$2 million in match funds and has the support of Pacific Gas and Electric.

The next item I'm requesting approval for is with UC Davis Western Cooling Efficiency Center for \$1.2 million.

While several new HVAC technologies exist for improving energy efficiency, there needs to be research and development towards creating costeffective retrofit packages for existing homes and to identify opportunities to encourage widespread adoption of these packages.

This project will test two residential retrofit packages in Davis, California, that use advanced technologies to improve single-family building envelopes, indoor air quality, and cooling efficiency. The retrofit packages will include innovative envelope sealing, smart mechanical ventilation such as night breeze systems, and compressor-free evaporative air conditioning, which is estimated to reduce cooling energy use by 30 percent.

Project includes \$126,000 in match funds.

The last item I'm requesting approval is with UC Davis for \$1 million.

25 Although the technical feasibility of

```
achieving zero net energy in many building types in
   California has been documented, the optimal cost-
 2
 3
   effective strategy for achieving ZNE goals remains
 4
   unclear.
5
            This project will conduct extensive energy
   modeling and computer simulation activities to
 6
   determine optimal cost effective pathway to zero net
7
   energy for multifamily and commercial buildings in
8
9
   each climate zone. Identifying cost effective
   building energy measures can be used to inform
10
11
   policy makers such as the Title 24 energy efficiency
12
   building standards folks to help facilitate ZNE
1.3
   buildings into the construction process in
   California.
14
15
            This project includes match funding of
16
   $105,000.
17
            With that, I'll conclude and answer any
   questions. Thank you.
18
19
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                 Thank you.
20
            First, are there any comments from anyone in
2.1
   the room or on the phone?
22
            Okay. Then we'll talk about it on the
23
   Commissioner side.
24
            So these are all RDD funds, so basically as
25
   lead Commissioner in this area I'm responsible for
```

reviewing these. Obviously these are all motivated by the Governor's aggressive goals on zero net energy, and we're doing a lot of research to develop more tools for that. Obviously we're shooting for that starting in the 2019 Standards, so it's important to get this type of research done in a timely fashion.

Commissioner McAllister?

1.3

excited about this group of projects, and in particular the big nut that I think we have yet to crack is in retrofits, and there are several projects in here that do that with existing buildings, really looking at being proactive and getting deep retrofits, or deep savings in an upgrade situation, so that's terrific. Some of these have been historically difficult to reach; small commercial, for example.

There's also new construction, there's multi-family, another hard to reach sector. So really some smart folks are going to be trying to make progress on that.

I'm very optimistic that we're going to be able to do it. I'm obviously very interested in getting updates as these projects proceed and very

supportive of this package. 2 I want to congratulate the RDD Division, you 3 and the leadership there with Laura and Virginia and the whole crew, so thank you. 4 5 Okay. I'll move Item 12. COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second. 6 7 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor? IN UNISON: Aye. 8 9 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Item 12 passes five to 10 zero. Thank you. 11 Let's go on to Item 13. Staff. 12 MR. MORI: Good Afternoon Commissioners, I 13 am Kevin Mori of the Energy Efficiency Research 14 Office. Today, staff is recommending approval of the 15 following applied research agreement: Item A, Low 16 Energy, Zero Liquid Discharge Adsorption Technology to Remove Contaminants and Recover Source Water with 17 ES Engineering Services. 18 19 Current technologies to filter contaminated 20 groundwater are energy intensive and have a hard 21 time removing heavy metals. ES Engineering plans to 22 test their low-energy, zero liquid discharge 23 adsorption system to potentially filter out arsenic 24 and other contaminants from groundwater in the City 25 of Cerritos.

83

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The system will be using an innovative one-
1
2
   time use adsorption media as the filtering agent and
 3
   has the potential to reduce energy use by
   approximately 30 percent compared to conventional
4
5
   methods.
 6
            Thank you. Staff recommends approval of this
7
   agreement. I will be happy to answer any questions.
8
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Great, thank you.
9
            So first, any questions from anyone, or
10
   comments from anyone in the room or on the phone?
11
            Okay. So again, as lead Commissioner on R&D,
12
   I reviewed this. I think we all know that the
13
   water/energy nexus is important and certainly
14
   there's been a lot of issues now about heavy metal
15
   in water supply, so basically this project seems
16
   like it's really good, particularly one that could
17
   be affecting one or more (inaudible) area.
18
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Absolutely, it looks
   like a really strong project, so I'll move approval
19
20
   of this project.
2.1
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER:
                                       Second.
22
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
23
            IN UNISON: Aye.
24
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: This item passes five
25
   to zero. Thank you.
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Let's go to the minutes, June 14th.
1
            COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Move the minutes.
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 3
            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Second.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: All those in favor?
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            IN UNISON: Aye.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: So there's four with
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7
   one abstention; Commissioner McAllister was not
8
   here.
9
            So let's go on to 15, lead Commissioner
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   reports.
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            Commissioner Scott?
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            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Well, good morning.
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            Also, I wanted to take a moment to welcome
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   Matt Coldwell, who has joined my team as of June
   20th. He's over here so you guys can wave at him and
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16
   get to see him and say hello.
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            Matt, as you all probably know, has been at
18
   the Energy Commission since about 2008 and he served
19
   at several positions, most recently as a senior
20
   analyst in the Energy Assessments Division. And I am
21
   delighted to have him on my team as an adviser, so
22
   welcome, Matt.
2.3
            The other thing I just wanted to highlight
24
   for you all is work is continuing apace, not a lot
25
   of site visits or updates to share with you all.
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But the Summer Institute, I think, has been really fun. I want to commend Alana for putting that together for us again, for having about a dozen students here who are very interested in energy and what we do and learning about the wide range of careers that are available where you could come and work at the Energy Commission, right. You can be a lawyer, you can be a scientist, you can be a journalist. There's all kinds of things that you can do and still have an energy component, so I think that they've been inspired.

And I've had a great time. When I got to go and talk with them, they had some fantastic questions for me and about how you get involved in energy, and really thoughtful what they're thinking about. So I just wanted to highlight the Summer Institute.

I wanted to thank my summer intern, Adriana Gomez, who has been kind of Alana's right-hand person setting this up, and I think she as a college student has really enjoyed having the opportunity to engage with and help advise some of the high school students.

And also a special thanks to their two teachers, who have really gone the extra mile to

spend each day accompanying the students here and then spending the day with them as they've gone about their days here at the Commission.

So that is my update for you all.

COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Great. So I want to actually introduce a couple of people that are working in my office now, in the back there they both are.

Brian Early is my new policy adviser, so he comes to us with a number of experiences in the energy realm as Beth Capital working for a member, and just came back from getting his masters at the Yale School of Forestry, so we're very happy to have him back to California and really he's already got his feet very wet, so he jumped in very quickly. So really glad to have my office rounded out.

And then Jeff Lynn, who is helping us, he's over helping the Energy Commission this summer from Stanford where he is a PhD student. And I have to say I'm just incredibly wowed by the fact that he's started to produce good work just within a few weeks of getting here and manipulating some of the Prop 39 data and is going to be working on some information rich projects and helping us make sense of some important stuff on the ZNE front potentially and

some others. So we're very happy to have Jeff here as well.

But just a couple of things.

Suzanne and Roger are huge losses to the Commission, but I was holding my tongue when we were reading the Resolutions and everything, because in particular I worked with both of them and just super impressed with just their overall humanity and the real care they bring to their work.

With Suzanne I guess just with having gone through my first IEPR with Suzanne as sort of a comrade in arms there. Yeah, we were siblings in arms, I guess you would say. But just the quality of her work and the quickness of the turnaround and just responsiveness and everything was just really always phenomenal, and the quality of the product obviously, so going to miss her but absolutely wish her the best.

So just a couple of things really.

Energy Advisory Board, which is a DOE group that advises the assistant secretary for energy efficiency renewable energy, and we based it out of the Berkeley Lab representatives essentially from state energy offices from all over the country, and

so they look to California for leadership and it's a really nice forum to exchange ideas amongst ourselves and then also offer some value to the Department of Energy and hopefully help shape some of the initiatives that they do.

So we got a bunch of presentations from California's best innovators, and I think it went off well. Got to see a few interesting buildings around in the Bay Area really pushing the envelope on technology. So that was positive and I think allowed California to show its best side.

Then let's see. I guess I'll just say I'm really excited about the fact that we're getting rolling on 350 implementation. There's so much meat there, so much good stuff, and it's also necessary.

And in particular we've had a couple of workshops recently about evolving the forecasting methodology to do what needs to be done, and I'm excited to in a way sort of piggyback on that effort to make sure that we're creating an environment in which we can not just do the forecast but also learn as we go and really kick out some understanding and knowledge that's based on much more detailed information.

And I think it's going to help us do policy,

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it's going to help us know whether we're even
   meeting the goals, and certainly on the IRP front
2
 3
   and on the energy efficiency doubling front it's
   going to offer a lot of value, I think.
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            I know staff in various divisions have their
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6
   sleeves rolled up pretty high on this and I think
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   it's a really critical set of activities right now
   for the future of the Commission and it's really
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9
   going to benefit the state, so it's very exciting.
10
            And as part of that, I think the other day
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   we had a workshop to talk about some of these
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   issues. Very productive. Centered around the
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   forecasting methodology but really talking about
14
   information and how we can use it better, how we can
15
   build tools that we have.
16
            And we had ARB, we had CPUC, ISO and ARB
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   right here on the dais talking about these issues,
18
   and I think that level has infused a little bit of
19
   urgency to some of these discussions across the
20
   agencies as well, which I think is very positive.
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            So with that, I'll pass it to Commissioner
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COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Alright. Well, my report is really very brief. It's been a very busy number of weeks, but a lot of it has been spent in

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Douglas.

my case attending IEPR workshops, reviewing IEPR drafts, and working with our very strong staff team and with the Chair and with a number of others as we work to get the draft Environmental Performance Report ready to go out for public comment and for a workshop, and I'm hoping that that will be out within two weeks or so as part again of the IEPR cycle. So I also wanted to note from the morning, as Commissioner McAllister said, of course it is a

as Commissioner McAllister said, of course it is a tremendous loss for us to have Suzanne and Roger retire, and of course we also very sincerely wish them all the best. They've made just tremendous contributions to the Energy Commission over the course of their careers, and I know that Rob will soon introduce Michael Lewis, so we'll look forward to that.

And I think with that I'll pass this on to Commissioner Hochschild.

COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: A couple updates.

Did a visit to the geysers actually at the Chair's suggestion just to assess the damage since the fire. Rob Oglesby joined along with a number of other staff.

And the short story is it ended up being

\$100 million worth of damage that occurred from the September fire. They're about 75 percent back online. They'll be fully online by the end of the year.

But we did spend some time talking with them about fire prevention and actually got to understand some of what they're doing. They're rebuilding with much more fire resistant materials and trying to do a better job with clearing wood around the power plants.

So very informative.

Rob, thank you for helping arrange that.

And I also just want to highlight the collaboration with Stanford.

We started a conversation with Stanford maybe a year and a half ago when Commissioner McAllister went down there to speak together just to reach out about they have new pipelines for talent and they have now funded this program which is beyond the CEC. They have, I think, 12 graduate students, a number of whom are here but they're also at ARB and the ISO and the PUC, and we had a great roundtable with all of them.

And the DMs who are running that program, they're very excited about wanting to expand it and

they're paying for all the students' salaries, so it's just been a big win.

I'll just say from the two in my office,
Esteban and Tara, are just fabulous and I'm really,
really pleased to have them on board.

One or two other quick things, which is we had a fruitful confab with Commissioner Peterman for our regular PUC confab. And just to be aware what's happening at the PUC because of the proposed reorg, they're going to lose about 250 positions and then they got approval to hire another 100 roughly, so they're going to land at roughly 850 or 900 people in the early part of next year, but one-third of their staff will be new according to Commissioner Peterman, so it's really a big sea change going on over there.

And also had a great forum with the Silicon Valley leadership group's energy symposium a couple weeks ago. And that's it for me.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Couple things just starting out.

One is I wanted to follow up first on Commissioner Hochschild's comment on the Stanford thing, and want to really thank Dian Grueneich for helping us get this going. I think certainly all of

us have really benefited from this, and I encourage everyone next time you see her to thank her for helping us get this going and helping in expanding it.

Also, talking just a little bit about the IRP process. In 350 we have the IRP process and the notion is to basically cut across some of our silos. We have lead Commissioners, we have very effective programs on ZEV, energy efficiency, renewables, and 350 actually requires us to cut across that.

So we have had a workshop on what the POUs are doing on IRPs, and what I've asked Rob to do is have Sylvia come in and talk generally so we have a public forum where everyone can interact on what we're doing in terms of next steps.

One of the things which I've done recently talking to President Picker, Steve Berberich, Mary, is that obviously one of the benchmarks for 350 is basically the utility greenhouse gas emissions. You can certainly look at the ARB website, there's a great number for what an aggregate utility GHG emissions are. If you look at the last one on the website is 2014, we're 20 percent below 1990, which is our target by 2020, so the utility sector is really carrying at least its weight if not making up

for other sectors and is marching forward.

1.3

Now the next question is could we identify the top ten utilities in terms of GHG emissions? And I haven't found that. I mean, basically we're going to have to work across all the agencies to come up with that sort of accounting, and that's going to be something that I think at this point our staff's talking to the other utilities, to the PUC, the ISO, the ARB. This will probably be part of what's known as the JAS Project, efforts to get all four agencies on the same.

Because the last thing we need is suddenly for the Energy Commission or the PUC to come up with something that duplicates what the ARB does, or discover that we have a methodology that's somehow different than either of the other two agencies or both the other two agencies, so it's got to be a very collaborative process to get our arms around this.

But again, as we talk about a lot of the 350 stuff this year is starting to develop tools or concepts. And just as Commissioner McAllister indicated, we've had a couple workshops, a long workshop just this week on what's the baseline for the doubling of energy efficiency.

So a lot of that, I'd have to say the renewable part of the baseline is "easy" but with some of these others it's much harder and at some point basically if the IOUs or POUs want to claim credit for helping us make progress on ZEV, then the question is going to be what's the baseline there.

1.3

So anyway, there's a lot of nuts and bolts issues that we're launching this year. I think having Sylvia come in and talk about where we are will facilitate more cross-communication on how we move on that.

Trying to keep it short. Last time I had to step out of the room for a call at just this moment. I sort of suspected what the announcement was PG&E was going to tell me but I think it was made public after that, but in terms of looking back a little bit at what I've been caught up in.

First, and actually I had a couple of my colleagues with me at the Clean Energy Ministerial, which that was in San Francisco. It was a joint activity of the State and Department of Energy. It was a chance for the clean energy ministers to build off of Paris. I think there were 30-some ministers from different countries, or energy ministers there.

At the same time we had an event, California

did, on a blow to Clean Energy Ministerial, so it was sort of like nested. The workshops that were in parallel, they were combined, you know. And there was a great booth on energy innovation out in Union Square.

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2.1

So it was very effective in terms of we got a lot of positive recognition from the Governor's Office from Grant Maxwell from Alana's work on that. There's just an incredible amount of hard work that goes into getting an event like that to run relatively smoothly.

After that I went to China for a short trip, combination of things.

First, the Chinese are in terms of amount the largest procurer of renewables in the world, and they're starting to run into surprise utility system issues and starting to curtail renewables. And so the State Department had a special session with them to talk about tools and their approaches. And the Energy Foundation had a special session again to dig into that issue deeper.

In between Energy Foundation I had a press conference in China on these issues.

It's interesting as all of us look at the regional market here, the Chinese, their current

theory on one way to deal with it, although there's certainly other things they could do, is to do a regional market that includes China, Russia and Europe, and deal with the diversities of loads and renewable resources across those continents.

Just think, it's like, wow.

I'll keep it short, but it's always interesting when you go to China, when you go to Germany and you start seeing the similarities and differences between the power systems and how people are reacting to the opportunities in renewables and what that means for utility planning and good operation.

Along with that, I've been focused a lot on the regional market issues, so we've done a workshop in Sacramento and then one in Denver to basically start to facilitate the ISO and Governor's Office dialog with California entities and then with other states on some of the approaches on regional.

There's a workshop coming up next week where the ISO benefit studies, the final versions were released yesterday.

Certainly, again, parts of this are just obvious, that if you look across the region particularly on a big picture level, there's

enormous benefits.

For example, we peak in the summer. The rest of the region peaks in the winter, so in terms of the amount of reserves you need to deal with peak are much less. If you're doing that collectively then each individual 38 balancing authorities all coming up with what their peak reserves are to meet their peaks.

And similarly when you look across in terms of renewables, again, overall as you go through you can say how do you deal with the diversity and take advantage of the diversity of the sun shining in California versus if you go east/west as opposed to north/south, so as you look at wind moving just out of the passes in California to more regional.

So anyway, lots of opportunities there, and at the same time well over a billion dollars by 2030 is what we're talking about in terms of benefits (inaudible). So again, pretty impressive study.

The lower cost has real benefits for disadvantaged community. Again, if you can reduce California's cost, that reduces the amount going into energy, and combine that with basically a bigger (inaudible) renewables, there's a lot more jobs, a lot more opportunities. And at the same time

you certainly reduce greenhouse gas emissions westwide if you shift more from California to regional, so basically a lot of benefits.

2.1

The big issue is the Governor's question, and I think by Friday we'll get from the ISO their proposal on moving forward. There was a draft, comments have been taken, and now they're working on the final version at the Governor's Office.

So anyway, and then there's been the IEPR stuff obviously in terms of working with

Commissioner McAllister and a couple of those nuts and bolts forecasting questions.

And I would note that we did the first flex alert in southern California this summer, expecting loads about 45,000. We did a flex alert. Certainly I've been sending letters periodically to every state agency saying please, if you're thinking of doing LED, do it today. Same with citizens.

It's hard to untangle, but there seemed to be a pretty good response from the citizens of southern California for the flex alert and helped us get through that relatively smoothly.

The press reports were a little confusing. I mean, if you have temperatures of like 120 out in the desert or 100 in Los Angeles, well, transformers

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blow up, and if your local transformer blows up
2
   you're going to have a blackout.
 3
            So it wasn't an Aliso Canyon power system
   bulk power issues, it was just the same...
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            Big thing last night the note from the
   Porter Ranch people was in the end if a car hits at
 6
7
   the pole, you're going to lose power, so these have
   been more that sort of local facts of life stuff.
8
9
            But anyway, an early heat wave there,
   certainly not the last, but mid summer.
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            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Mr. Chairman, just
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   on that point, you know, I understand DGS has now
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   filled the position of lead sustainability, I
14
   believe it was Greq (inaudible) wife.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Sure.
16
            COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: But it does raise
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   that question of what else we can do to engage with
   their planning for state facilities and that might
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19
   be a --
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: As I said, I sent out
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   the letter originally with Aliso and we worked with
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   them on the draft frankly, worked with him on the
23
   draft. And then as we had the flex alerts I sent out
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   letters again saying it's serious, go forth.
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            So General Services is certainly looking at
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the Aliso challenge as an opportunity for them to get some movement out of state facilities. I don't know if I can remember the full list, but General Services, obviously prisons was one, community colleges, UC. You name it, we tried to blanket them with appeals for action.

And you can see some. I don't know if you saw that recent announcement about UC Long Beach and basically what's happening is some things that I think are in the pipeline are accelerating, so this is one that Susan Kennedy's firm is doing with storage.

So again, as you know, all these development things take time so it's not like you can ask people to do something and next week it suddenly happens, but maybe if they have something in the pipeline you can grease it up and speed it up some. Yeah.

The other letter I did was on -- basically if you look at the energy consumption of hospitals versus, say, office buildings, if you go back to 2000 they were comparable in energy intensity. And if you look at them now, we've done a lot to squeeze down office buildings.

Hospitals are exempted from our standards and they tend to have an incredible focus on

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recirculating air as a health measure, and there's
2
   some debate over whether that's really necessary.
 3
   But anyway, so we've asked the Department of Health
   Services to look at potential experiments to play
4
5
   around with. Can you make hospitals more energy
   efficient without sacrificing obviously the medical
 6
 7
   care?
8
            So anyway, we're certainly trying to do
9
   everything we can to get people accelerate on the
10
   preferred technologies in that area this summer. And
11
   we have the workshop in August on the winter and I'm
12
   sure we're going to be asking for more actions
13
   again.
14
            Summer has been very electrical focused.
15
   This winter will be very gas focused.
16
            Okay. Let's go to Executive Director report
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   -- excuse me, Chief Counsel's report.
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            MS. VACCARO: It's okay, I don't have
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   anything to report today. Nothing.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                 Okay.
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            MR. OGLESBY: Okay. Just two things. First
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   an introduction and then I want to cover some
23
   highlights for the budget very, very briefly, I
24
   won't take up too much of your time.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER:
                                  Sure.
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MR. OGLESBY: It's my pleasure to introduce Mike Lewis, who is sitting right behind me. He's been on the job for about two weeks. Mike Lewis will fill the very large shoes left by Roger Johnson, who we celebrated earlier in this meeting. And we've structured it so there's been some overlap between Roger's concluding his service and Michael Lewis joining, so, so far it's been seamless and a very good smooth transition.

We're lucky to have Mike Lewis. He has extensive experience both in the private sector and the public sector. He comes most recently from T.Y. Lin International, which is a global engineering firm, and Mike was a professional engineer and at T.Y. Lin International he managed many projects, large scale infrastructure projects, including the high speed rail project or portions of the high speed rail project as well as many others.

Prior to that he had a career at Caltrans, and at Caltrans he was involved chiefly with the oversight of bridge infrastructure projects, which includes seismic retrofit as well as other design and build components of it.

So you're never going to find someone with the perfect match of skills and experience that fit

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our unique authority and role in power plant siting
   and evaluation here at the Energy Commission, but I
2
   think Michael joins us with a very suitable and
 3
   strong set of skills and will augment our team.
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            MR. LEWIS: Thank you for the opportunity. I
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   look forward to working with all of you.
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 7
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah, welcome aboard.
            MR. OGLESBY: Really briefly I want to cover
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   some highlights on the just signed budget. This is
9
   our first business meeting after the Governor
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11
   approved the budget and Legislature passed it.
12
            I'll preface it by saying the budget's not
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   done, at least there are some straggling bills and
14
   issues that will carry forward to at least August,
15
   the last month in the session this year.
16
            But what has been determined already in the
17
   bulk of the budget is that the Energy Commission did
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   very well. The Legislature expressed confidence in
19
   the Energy Commission's work and endorsed 29.5
20
   positions to implement SB350 plus $3.5 million in
21
   other support funds by contracts.
22
            And for SB802, the efficiency legislation,
23
   8 (inaudible) and $500k in contract funds.
24
            I want to identify the issues with those.
25
   Those are being funded out of air pollution related
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funds. It's a one-year appropriation, so part of our challenge going forward and implementing those programs is to work with the Department of Finance and the Governor's Office and the Administration and ultimately the Legislature to look at longer term funding as we implement SB350 and 802. But for this year the funding level we requested, the amounts we requested were honored, and so we can go forward with implementing this really important legislation.

1.3

We also received \$15 million to help look at substitutes for petroleum fuels. That was from the General Fund, so we did very well. It's research based work.

I want to draw a distinction between that $\label{eq:condition} \mbox{and what we do through the ARFVTP program.}$

ARFVTP program is for deployment demonstration and development of alternative fuels and vehicle technologies. This is research, and so the intent is to target it toward some gaps related to biofuels and other alternatives to petroleum fuels.

We also received approval to redeploy from ARRA funds, and some of that, about \$5 million will be going to General Services and some will be going to local governments to promote and get ahead of the

game on benchmarking and other innovative programs that we're seeking to promote.

The reason we have ARRA funds is because basically we were successful in deploying the funds. A great deal of the funds are being repaid. We can have an opportunity to step back and look at how some of those funds could be redeployed based on our experience and the highest and best use of it, and so we received some legislative authorization to continue to put that money to work.

We have a couple of things going related to natural gas and other things.

We received about \$8 million that goes to our Energy Analysis Division to help augment our work determining the safety of natural gas, but also our analysis and understanding of the natural gas system.

One of the challenges that we faced when Aliso Canyon developed the leak was being able to have the in-house expertise to analyze the impacts and the consequences and, frankly, the concerns to reliability of having that type of thing. And so we're bolstering our in-house ability to do that analysis, which is important not only for emergency situations but also for all the planning we do for

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power plants and integrated renewables and so forth.

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            Still pending are a few issues. Cleanup
 3
   legislation is common and related bills, trailer
   bills, are common in every budget year, and we have
4
5
   some in that category.
 6
            We have pending legislation that helps us
7
   continue the NSHP, the New Solar Homes program that
   is carrying over. And a few other bits and pieces of
8
   our budget are also going to carry over to that
10
   August thing.
11
            But another one that I'll close on is a
12
   major issue, and that's the (inaudible) funds remain
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   unresolved and will either carry over to August or
   beyond, depending on how agreeable the Legislature
14
15
   is in resolving those funds.
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            So with that I'll close.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thanks.
            Let's go on to Public Adviser's report.
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            Again, obviously we had the barriers report,
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   and that's one where basically I think we're all
21
   involved in, so I think the best way to communicate
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   about that is in the business meeting, so I've asked
   Alana and Rob to give us updates at every business
23
24
   meeting.
25
            MS. MATHEWS: Okay. So I thought it would be
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a little helpful if I just presented a short PowerPoint because it's visual and I've been doing 2 3 this three or four times so it's convenient to use it. I've tailored it a little bit. 4 5 (Begin slide presentation.) So first I just want to review the 350 6 7 barrier study requirements. 8 It requires us to look at various barriers 9 to and opportunities for solar voltaic, renewable 10 energy, contracting opportunities for small 11 businesses, barriers for low income customers, and 12 energy efficiency investments and weatherization 13 investments, and to make recommendations on how to 14 increase access. 15 (Next Slide) 16 A broad just general overview. 17 Our barrier study scope is covering low income housing characteristics, setting goals, 18 19 metrics, reporting requirements for clean energy 20 programs. We're looking at low income customer 21 programs both on the federal level and the state 22 level, looking at barriers regarding all of those 23 previous areas. 24 Also, we have a section on solution and 25 opportunities to tie into the recommendations and

ensuring economic benefits, which goes to the small business contracting opportunities. 2 3 (Next Slide) The components of the study is pretty much 4 summarized in four phases. 5 There's a literature review where we've 6 7 scoured a lot of research to see what the programs are, the barriers in each of those individual areas; 8 renewable technology, efficiency, and weatherization 9 investments. 10 11 And then we're doing a gap analysis, which 12 will be completed by the end of this month, to see 1.3 what's missing, what data is missing. 14 And then that's going to inform our public 15 engagement part of the study so that when we either 16 meet with stakeholders or we go into the community 17 meetings we can have targeted focus on what 18 information we need to get. 19 And then the last part will be the 20 recommendations that we want to put forth as to how 2.1 to overcome these barriers. 22 (Next Slide)

This is just kind of a general overview and other documentation has been provided of our schedule.

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1 We had our kickoff workshop June 3rd. We had comments due on that June 20th. 2 3 July through September we've had public and stakeholder engagement, which would include also our 4 5 workshops. We'll have a couple more workshops added 6 in. 7 September we'll have our draft study posted 8 for public review. 9 In October, proposed final study. 10 November, we'll have the public comment 11 period closes. 12 And then December we want to present this 13 for adoption at our business meeting. 14 (Next Slide) 15 I just wanted to focus a little bit more on 16 public engagement because that's the most relevant 17 part of the update for this month. 18 We have three primary workshops, which our 19 scoping workshop was June 3rd. 20 We'll have a more technical one hopefully 21 maybe in August or September where we'll be able to 22 bring in all of the key stakeholders, academia, 23 industry, local government, and environmental equity

And then once we have the draft proposal we

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and justice groups.

will present that in a workshop.

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We also have planned a number of community meetings which our commissioners will be present;
Los Angeles, Fresno, Riverside and Oakland.

In addition to that we'll have separate stakeholder meetings. We've had one already, which is the energy equity experts roundtable that looked at the barriers with a lot of environmental justice advocates.

We have the clean energy jobs workshop that's coming up on July 20th.

And then we will have another stakeholder meeting with the Sierra communities, and that's tentatively planned for August 23rd.

And then we're also planning our tribal community stakeholders to look at the barriers that are unique to both of those communities, and that is tentatively proposed for the last week in August in Ukiah.

(Next Slide)

This is just regular information.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Why don't you step back and just talk about the community meetings for a second. Alana, go back on your slide to the community meetings. Okay. So discuss what you want

to achieve in the community meetings there, or the 2 dates. 3 (Next Slide) MS. MATHEWS: So the dates for Los Angeles 4 will be August 3rd, Fresno will be August 5th, 5 Riverside will be August 18th, and Oakland will be 6 7 August 19th. And what we hope to achieve is to meet with low income rate payers, customers, and find out 8 9 what their barriers are. 10 With the questions that we are refining 11 currently from our gap analysis, that's the 12 information that we want to collect in that, so we 13 will have an opening to kind of do an overview of what the barrier study requires and make sure that 14 15 the participants in the workshop understand the goal 16 and the purpose of why we are there. 17 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: So a couple 18 observations. 19 So one is, as we're looking for times when 20 all of us are free for the technical workshops, one 21 opportunity would be the afternoon of business 22 meetings. So anyway, just in terms of a heads up 23 that as you're looking at your scheduling, keep that 24 mind that we may be trying to use that.

The other thing which in talking to people

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was that one of the things we need to be sensitive to is language and some of the documents, particularly the notices or preliminary list of questions we need to make sure we have well translated documents for the communities associated with these areas.

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MS. MATHEWS: We will certainly do that. And for the four community workshops we have already made sure that we've scheduled a translation, so we've identified what languages will be needed to offer interpretation services and we have already secured translators for those as well.

And one other thing that I can add, that this presentation does not reflect as our agency coordination, so two agencies that I've worked with include the CPUC. We have monthly meetings that are targeted more toward establishing the scope and what would be the goal of the advisory committee that 350 asks us to create in consultation with the CPUC. They are taking the lead on that because they are named first in the statute.

The other agency coordination has been with the Air Resources Board. We have worked very closely together. Every workshop that I have had or that their coordinator has had, we have both been able to

participate, and we also work with scheduling.

Most recently they have allowed me the opportunity, the environmental justice advisory committee is doing a series of community meetings on their scoping plan. So the way they have it set up is that they go into an area and they do what they call a world cafe, and they have a lot of different issues and policies being discussed.

Well, they've allowed me to have a table, so I am not discussing the scoping plan but I have the opportunity to ask some of the questions that are pertinent to our barrier study such as what type of dwelling that the residents in that community live in, what energy efficiency and weatherization programs are they participating in. If they're not, why they're not. And then asking questions about renewable technology and how that interfaces with their community.

So I attended this week the EJAC meeting in San Bernardino. Tomorrow I will be able to participate in the San Diego meeting. And then there are two more later on this month that I have the opportunity to participate in. And I am doing that jointly with the Air Resources Board lead for their transportation study.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah, I was going to ask folks if they had questions. This is a good time to either ask questions or talk.

Janea, you want to start?

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COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Sure. I think this is a really great idea for us to talk at the business meetings because it does involve all of us and this is our chance to discuss, so I appreciate you putting together the slides for us today and anticipate doing those as we continue.

Because there are a lot of moving pieces here that at some point need to, I think, end up looking somewhat similar as we roll them up and put the finished product before folks.

The other thing that we are working on from my team's perspective is this similar type of public engagement is taking place on the transportation side for SB350 barriers to transportation, but the Air Resources Board is the lead on that component and so we are working hard to try to coordinate with the Air Resources Board to make sure that we understand what they're putting together to make sure that if there are places where the Energy Commission could potentially weigh in, or if there are questions that we should be asking similar to

how Alana's been able to go to the environmental justice advisory committee meetings, are there places where we should continue to engage, potentially have ARB at some of our workshops.

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And we talked a little bit about the IRPs, so my team and the transportation team, Tim Olson's taking the lead on developing for us an IRP workshop focused on the transportation electrification component for the publicly owned utilities that are more than 700 gigawatt hours or bigger.

We're also working very closely with

Commissioner Peterman and her team at the Public

Utilities Commission because of course they're doing
a very similar exercise for the investor-owned

utilities and transportation electrification.

So our workshop will probably not be until the fall, but we are working on it and we've put together an outline, some potential speakers, the types of questions that we want to have answered, and so we'd be happy to share that with you as it gets a little more fleshed out as we get closer to that workshop.

So there's a great opportunity for us to provide some updates. I don't know that I have specific questions for you today on what you

presented.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Let me, although again,

I think as the public member I will be looking to

you on the public participation processes aligned up

here.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Yes.

CHAIR WEISENMILLER: And certainly want to make sure that to the extent each of the Commissioners are signed up for these workshops, that you all have common understandings of what the workshop is -- what the community meeting, excuse me, what the expectations are for that.

So again, that's an opportunity here to talk about those expectations. But again, as the public member you're really assuming you're going to be much more in having to make sure this really works on the public participation side.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Right, that we have excellent public participation, that we're getting information at each of the meetings that feeds back into the report we're putting together.

And actually, Alana and my team are going to sit down and really talk through a lot of this in detail this afternoon pretty much right after this meeting.

MS. MATHEWS: And just -- excuse me -- just based on conversations that you and I have had early on, we will start each workshop with what I'm just calling a gallery work, but we're sending materials ahead of time so that community members have an opportunity to digest it and can really give us meaningful feedback.

And we also are planning to have examples of the technology there so that we can be as engaging as possible. I know that that's something that Commissioner Scott has communicated that we want to not only get information but also really engage all the participants.

members of my team to by extension be members of Alana's team as we put this together. Alana will serve the similar role that Heather Raitt plays for us now on the IEPR, that Suzanne played for us in terms of taking the materials and making sure that you all get to see them and weigh in -- and me too -- to see them and weigh in on them, but then she can incorporate that in a way that it reflects all of our feedback without us knowing who gave what feedback to her on that.

That's something that we're also going to

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talk about this afternoon, how to make sure that the
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   materials are reflecting what we all want them to
   say so that when we do go in and give that initial
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   overarching presentation, here's why we're here,
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   we've all had a chance already to see it, to weigh
   in on it and make sure that we've got that common
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7
   understanding of what we want to accomplish.
            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah, it might be good
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   too to think about in terms of programs that they
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   might be able to participate in, so at least have
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   some of that material there.
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            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Yeah, that's a good
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   idea, too.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Yeah. Obviously the one
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   thing on this approach is we need to do renewables
   and energy efficiency so I'm trying to have one
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   coherent report as opposed to two, but that means
   that I'm going to be looking very much to
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   Commissioner McAllister on the energy efficiency
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   part, Commissioner Hochschild on the renewable part
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   there.
            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Yeah.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: So again, comments,
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   questions?
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            COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Yes. One
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suggestion.

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I think it'll be important to involve the Community Services and Development in this as well, so that's another agency that's really key certainly on the efficiency side that already administers tens of millions of dollars and is going to get a bunch more funding potentially from the GGRF discussion, so they are a longstanding actor in this realm.

In most states the Weatherization Assistance Program, which is a federal program that's funded every year by Congress, comes through the state energy office, and so the Energy Commission or its equal would be the logical entity to administer that.

Well, in California we do it a little bit different where it goes to CSD and they do it.

So there's a long history. There's literally dozens of implementers of weatherization assistance, which is one of the primary low income programs in the state, all over the state and certainly in the large urban areas they are a community unto themselves really.

So one of the issues I think is to make sure that the community level we really seek out what's working for the various programs.

The investor run utilities have the ESAP program which provides significant funds to weatherization, low income weatherization. And sometimes but not always it is implemented by the same agencies, the same nonprofits typically on the ground, and so there are some structural issues that I think it'll be interesting to understand how things are working on the ground and potentially could wrap up into some recommendations.

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There's also a lot going on at the CPUC on this. Commissioner Peterman's office obviously is lead on efficiency, but also in Commissioner Sandoval's office as redirecting or proposing some alternative uses for some of the ESAP funds that have not been able to be spent.

So I think it's really critical that we true up what people are telling us on the ground, and that includes certainly community members but also the implementers that really are up close and personal with the existing programs that are there, that know the costs of measures.

One thing that I think one type of program that is critical across the country, not just here in California, is direct install programs. They're expensive. They aren't cost-effective in the sense

that we expect some of our other programs to be, but they're critical from an equity perspective and just from a fairness and from a results perspective, and they really need to continue to be, I believe, a core effort.

But again, they're expensive, and so can we do better? Can we expand to do more integrated and cold building types of approaches with some combination of direct install finance.

There's all sorts of interesting questions and certainly definitely at the community level at these meetings we'll get a sense of how people feel in terms of their participation in the programs.

But then also it's really critical to garner that expertise really that local implementers have.

They will have a whole bunch of experience that they will have distilled into lessons and understanding of the program that I think it's really hard to capture at the state level.

So I have some high hopes for the community meetings, and then also subsequently to be able to integrate a lot of what we learn there and say, hey, here's the grand picture. Big state, diverse population, almost 40 million people now.

Thank you for taking it on, Alana, and

certainly Brian as my lead on this, and looking forward to helping shape the agendas and make sure that the right people are at the table so we can learn really what we need to on the efficiency side. So thanks again.

COMMISSIONER SCOTT: So just briefly, while

a lot of the policy areas that you're covering in the report are not areas where I'm the policy lead, nevertheless, I have a lot of interest in the topic, and also want to be very supportive to you, Alana, in carrying this out.

So as both Commissioner Scott and

Commissioner McAllister said, I've also made my
advisers available and we've had a number of

meetings, and I just want to be as helpful as I can
in helping you see this process through. It is a

very significant amount of work and a level of

public and community engagement that you're taking
on is great for us and it's also, I know, going to
be a lot of hours of coordination and a lot of hours
on the road, and you know we're committed certainly
to sharing some of that with you. So thank you, and
obviously I think we're all here to help.

COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: So we haven't had a chance to talk about exactly how you're thinking

about structuring the agenda.

I guess from my perspective for renewables low income, which I've been working on that issue for many years, there's a lot of programs that are not new. We've been doing MASH and SASH for over a decade. Care program has been around for much longer. And even the billion dollars a year we give as rebates for which low income customers are eligible. And there's direct install where groups like Rising Sun are retained to have disadvantaged youths be trained to do direct installs and so forth.

I'd love to hear some feedback from the stakeholders about the stuff that's already in place, what's working, what's not. Did they get sufficient outreach about these programs, are they aware? Just to know that as a first step.

And also I guess one of the things I've noticed, there's a bunch of groups -- we had a roundtable meeting on renewables with the top environmental justice groups about six months ago, and at these meetings a lot of times you get representatives of organizations who come, but I would love to know our strategy just to get individuals from the community that may not be part

of an organization per se but might have something 2 to say. I don't know our outreach strategy, just trying to reach people who are not the usual 3 suspects as well as all the folks who do already 4 5 participate vigorously. 6 MS. MATHEWS: So just to respond to that 7 briefly. I'm finding it is somewhat targeted in our community meetings just because we want to make sure 8 we're getting substantive feedback, but in my 9 participation with the EJAC meetings, those are just 10 11 community members, and because they're really coming 12 from the scoping plan, they cover a variety of 13 stakeholders, community residents, local government 14 leaders. Not necessarily like the mayor or a county 15 supervisor, but someone like a Parks and Rec 16 district representative or a commissioner. 17 And so at San Bernardino I was really able to get a lot of feedback from regular community 18 19 members, not just in participating but actually 20 finding out how they coordinated. I think that will 21 help for our process to get people to participate 22 that you just mentioned that are not necessarily in 23 some environmental organization. 24 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: I also certainly want

to thank Emilio for his help on setting this up. I

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think we have a very good set of forms here, that they've put a lot of time and effort into reaching out to the community groups, pulling people together, and I think part of the message is trying to make sure we really take full advantage of the opportunities of those meetings.

And certainly I'm sure each of the commissioners will want to review the material that's going out to the communities to help with the framing. So again, as you go in you have a good sense of what's going on, get a list of who's going to be there.

We all know to get as much as you can out of meetings, you have to work on getting prepared, and I think part of it is certainly that back-and-forth on the preparation is going to be critical so that we really take full advantage of the opportunities.

It is interesting, what I understand from the literature survey so far is there's a lot of literature on energy efficiency. We've probably been doing weatherization programs, I'm thinking back since Jimmy Carter days. And there's a lot less literature on the renewable part, is what I've been told.

One of the things I was going to suggest,

(inaudible) grid alternatives. And again, we need to figure out a way to build off of their experience as part of this.

COMMISSIONER HOCHSCHILD: Yeah, they will be terrific both because they're the leading group doing low income solar, but now they've also been administering these programs for the PUC and I'm sure they'll be active. So that's a good point.

commissioner Mcallister: They also did, early on they put together a database. I haven't plugged into that for a while but they put together a database of low income populations and all the different eligibility criteria and how they all fit together. There was a huge effort and I don't think they realized how big an effort it was going to be, but in the process they learned a ton about that population and just a lot that I think we can potentially build off of.

Part of the problem is the strings attached to different sources of funds are different and slightly modify the eligibility, and so the program administration just gets a little complicated, so that was an effort to try to cut through some of that and I think we can all hopefully build on that, so they've done a great job.

 $\label{eq:chair_constraints} \textbf{CHAIR WEISENMILLER:} \quad \textbf{Well, hopefully they} \\ \text{and other organizations.}$

Obviously we have different audiences and Alana is trying to distinguish between. The community meetings are different than the technical workshop, and presumably grid alternatives would be a great participant in a technical workshop, but the sort of conversation you would have with grid alternatives is not the same as you would have at the community meetings.

So anyway, it's good to have that sort of triangle there of meetings in trying to indicate who the audiences are. Thinking then about the participation of those and the material.

And I would say that one of the other notions, when we get to the technical workshop it's going to be horrible to schedule but certainly we will invite, we will be inviting PUC and other agencies to be participants, although step one is to make sure we can make it and then hope they can make it.

Anything else?

Again, I know all of you are making this a pretty high priority, and as I said, it really involves all of us and it's an unusual project for

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us in that sense. This is the only forum I can think
   of to really allow us to have a free and frank
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   conversation about the steps here.
            So thank you. Thanks for your hard work on
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   this.
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            MS. MATHEWS: Okay. And I just have a few
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   more updates.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Okay.
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            MS. MATHEWS: So I guess to close out I did
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   want to say, since it is Suzanne Korosec's last
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   business meeting, I wanted to thank her because
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   she's been very invaluable to the whole 350 process
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   from understanding the scoping of the study to
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   actually doing the literature reviews, so I wanted
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   to just publicly thank her and let her know how well
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   she is appreciated in this process.
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            I also wanted to introduce someone, Rosemary
   Avalos. I have a new person in the public adviser's
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   office and we are very excited.
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            She actually returns to us. She worked here
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   previously in the hearing officer's office and she
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   now returns, so she has a very unique understanding
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   of our complex siting process.
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            And she has a lot of enthusiasm and energy.
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   She's jumped right in. She's bilingual, so I'm very
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happy that she will be able to join us at the next 2 Mission Rock where we have a large participation from Spanish speaking community members, but she's 3 also been able to help us with translating notices. 4 5 And even on our website she's been diligent 6 in looking at the information that we have and 7 identifying communities such as the Puente project, so she's been very helpful with that. 8 9 So I want to say thank you and welcome. 10 CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Welcome, welcome. 11 Do you want to talk about what we're doing 12 to make sure that our Mission Rock thing doesn't 13 occur again? 14 MS. MATHEWS: That was my next seque since I 15 talked about her helping me. 16 So I do want to also publicly apologize. 17 We've done this already to the Mission Rock 18 community because certainly at our last meeting it 19 was not up to the standard that we usually have at 20 the Energy Commission. So I'm glad to have the 21 opportunity to have worked with the mayor, of course 22 our committee and other community stakeholders to 23 make sure that when we return at the end of this 24 month we will meet the standard that we normally 25 have at Energy Commission meetings and informational

hearings.

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So we had originally reached out, the public adviser's office, we do our own outreach. We had noticed the meeting in three publications, which is unprecedented for our office, usually it's one we provide a notice. But we provided six notices actually, one in English and one in Spanish in two magazines, the Ventura County Star as well as the Santa Paula Times, and Vida, which is the leading Spanish speaking media periodical that they have.

So this time we are also publicizing the informational hearing in those particular publications as well to make sure we have active community involvement.

And we have translation available. We have a room that can accommodate as many residents as we anticipate who will be there who have shown interest. We will have simultaneous translation that even will accommodate when we have public comment, so we will still have a translator available to communicate the comments and also to assist anyone who is Spanish speaking to the podium.

We have worked with the applicant to ensure all of this and we have a room I think is large enough where we also have an overflow room as well.

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            And lastly, I will say that I've taken the
   initiative to order translation equipment here at
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   the Energy Commission. I think we realize that as we
   continue to do work throughout the state that
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   benefits all Californians, sometimes it will include
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   having translation services available, so we will
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   have our own transmitters and receivers that have
   multiple channels so that if we have to translate in
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   more than one language we can do that.
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            And that certainly will be the case starting
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   with our community meetings because the community
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   meeting under SB350 in Oakland will at least have
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   two Asian languages, so we will be able to
   accommodate that.
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            So I do want to thank Steve Bonta and Jeremy
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   Shurlock, who have initiated that and have actually
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   expedited the order so that we would have it in time
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   in case we need it for Mission Rock.
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            And lastly I wanted to say as we are
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   overlapping, I just want to give an update on the
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   diversity workgroup.
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            So I want to have a special thank you to the
   Efficiency and Fuels and Transportation Division.
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            (Next Slide)
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Up on the screen we have our clean energy

jobs workshop that's going to happen July 20th, and that's looking at barriers that small businesses face in disadvantaged communities to contracting opportunities, and it's looking more broadly in the green economy, but I thought it was a perfect opportunity to look at the funding opportunities here at the Energy Commission and be able to connect with the advocates in disadvantaged communities so that we can share resources and build those relationships.

So the Energy Efficiency Division has agreed to send a representative, and so did Fuels and Transportation, so they can discuss that other perspective of being as an implementer of a program or a funder of a program what are the parameters for getting a contracting opportunity. So hopefully we will have someone from EPIC that will also be able to join as well, so that's kind of taking off the 350 hat and putting on the diversity working group hat and seeing how we can reach that other goal that we have of increasing diverse business enterprises' participation in our funding opportunities, we'll be able to do that.

Thank you again to everyone who has been supportive of the Summer Institute. It is really an

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eye opening and life changing transformative
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   experience for all of the 12 students who are
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   participating, so hopefully at two o'clock tomorrow
   everyone will be able to come back and enjoy a
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   reception and hear what the students have learned.
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            COMMISSIONER SCOTT: Friday, right? Two
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   o'clock Friday?
            MS. MATHEWS: Yes, Friday at two o'clock in
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   this room.
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            CHAIR WEISENMILLER: Thank you.
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            Public comment, either in the room or on the
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   phone.
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            Okay, this meeting is adjourned.
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              (Meeting Adjourned at 12:59 p.m.)
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REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were reported by me, a certified electronic court reporter and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of July, 2016.

PETER PETTY CER**D-493 Notary Public

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IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 20th day of July, 2016.

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