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## **Code of Federal Regulations**

#### ▼Sec. 91.119

Part 91 GEN	IERAL OPERATING AN	D FLIGHT RULES
Subpart BFlight Rules		General

Sec. 91,119

Minimum safe altitudes: General.

Except when necessary for takeoff or landing, no person may operate an aircraft below the following altitudes:

- (a) Anywhere. An altitude allowing, if a power unit fails, an emergency landing without undue hazard to persons or property on the surface.
- (b) Over congested areas. Over any congested area of a city, town, or settlement, or over any open air assembly of persons, an altitude of 1,000 feet above the highest obstacle within a horizontal radius of 2,000 feet of the aircraft.
- (c) Over other than congested areas. An altitude of 500 feet above the surface, except over open water or sparsely populated areas. In those cases, the aircraft may not be operated closer than 500 feet to any person, vessel, vehicle, or structure.
- [ (d) Helicopters, powered parachutes, and weight-shift-control aircraft. If the operation is conducted without hazard to persons or property on the surface--
- (1) A helicopter may be operated at less than the minimums prescribed in paragraph (b) or (c) of this section, provided each person operating the helicopter complies with any routes or altitudes specifically prescribed for helicopters by the FAA; and
- (2) A powered parachute or weight-shift-control aircraft may be operated at less than the minimums prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section.]

Amdt. 91-311, Eff. 4/2/10

### Comments

## **▼**Document History

Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Actions:

Not Applicable.

#### Final Rule Actions:

Final Rule. Docket No. <u>2007-29015</u>; Issued on 1/22/10 Final Rule. Docket No. <u>2007-29015</u>; Issued on 1/22/10

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## Code of Federal Regulations

#### **▼Sec. 91.126**

Part 91 GENERAL OPERA	TING AND FLIGHT RULES
Subpart BFlight Rules	General

Sec. 91.126

Operating on or in the vicinity of an airport in Class G airspace.

- (a) General. Unless otherwise authorized or required, each person operating an aircraft on or in the vicinity of an airport in a Class G airspace area must comply with the requirements of this section.
- (b) *Direction of turns*. When approaching to land at an airport without an operating control tower in Class G airspace--
- (1) Each pilot of an airplane must make all turns of that airplane to the left unless the airport displays approved light signals or visual markings indicating that turns should be made to the right, in which case the pilot must make all turns to the right; and
- [(2) Each pilot of a helicopter or a powered parachute must avoid the flow of fixed-wing aircraft.]
- (c) Flap settings. Except when necessary for training or certification, the pilot in command of a civil turbojet-powered aircraft must use, as a final flap setting, the minimum certificated landing flap setting set forth in the approved performance information in the Airplane Flight Manual for the applicable conditions. However, each pilot in command has the final authority and responsibility for the safe operation of the pilot's airplane, and may use a different flap setting for that airplane if the pilot determines that it is necessary in the interest of safety.
- (d) Communications with control towers. Unless otherwise authorized or required by ATC, no person may operate an aircraft to, from, through, or on an airport having an operational control tower unless two-way radio communications are maintained between that aircraft and the control tower. Communications must be established prior to 4 nautical miles from the airport, up to and including 2,500 feet AGL. However, if the aircraft radio fails in flight, the pilot in command may operate that aircraft and land if weather conditions are at or above basic VFR weather minimums, visual contact with the tower is maintained, and a clearance to land is received. If the aircraft radio fails while in flight under IFR, the pilot must comply with Sec. 91.185.

Amdt. 91-282, Eff. 9/1/2004

#### Comments

# **▼Document History**Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Actions: