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# Gas R&D Program FY 2025-26 Budget Plan

February 7, 2025



# FY 2025-26 Gas R&D Plan

- Energy Commission R&D Program staff are holding this workshop seeking public input on proposed gas research initiatives for the FY 2025-26 Gas R&D Budget plan
- Questions and feedback will be elicited during the workshop











- Overview of Gas R&D Program
- Staff Presentations on Proposed Initiatives Under the Themes:
  - Gas Decommissioning (2)
  - Building Decarbonization
  - Entrepreneurial Ecosystem
- General Questions and Public Comment
- Adjourn

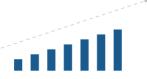


# **Announcements**

- This workshop is being recorded and will be posted at: <a href="https://www.energy.ca.gov/events">https://www.energy.ca.gov/events</a>
- Please type your comments and questions in the Q&A window
- Participants will be muted during the presentation
- Workshop materials, including this presentation, will be posted at: <a href="https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Lists/DocketLog.aspx?docketnumber=23-ERDD-02">https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Lists/DocketLog.aspx?docketnumber=23-ERDD-02</a>
- Sign up for updates on "Energy Research and Development": <a href="https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/CNRA/signup/31719">https://public.govdelivery.com/accounts/CNRA/signup/31719</a>



#### **CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION**



**Advancing State Energy Policy** 



Investing in **Energy Innovation** 



**Developing Renewable Energy** 



Preparing for Energy Emergencies





Achieving Energy Efficiency



**Transforming Transportation** 



Overseeing Energy Infrastructure



Intergovernmental Collaboration



# Gas R&D Program Background

**\$24 million annual budget**, public-interest research funded by a gas surcharge



Focus on energy efficiency, renewable technologies, conservation, and environmental issues



Support state energy policy



Offer a reasonable probability of providing benefits to ratepayers



Consider opportunities for collaboration and co-funding opportunities with other entities



# Gas R&D Program Focus Areas



#### **Building Decarbonization**

Improving building decarbonization technologies, energy efficiency, affordability, health and comfort of homes and businesses.



#### **Gas System Decarbonization**

Studying fugitive methane emissions, gas infrastructure decommissioning, renewable hydrogen, and biomethane.



#### **Industrial and Agricultural Innovation**

Developing and scaling technology solutions that reduce fossil gas use, cut carbon emissions, and lower waste.



#### **Transportation**

Increasing the efficiency and clean operations of medium- and heavy-duty and off-road vehicles.



#### Resilience, Health, and Safety

Researching pipeline safety, gas storage, climate risk, indoor air quality and health, and forest biomass usage.



#### **Entrepreneurial Ecosystem**

Supporting start-ups for early-stage research, prototype development, and commercialization of technologies.



# **Benefits to Californians**

#### **Ratepayer Benefits:**

- Affordability
- Safety & Reliability
- Adaptation
- Environmental Sustainability
- Equity

#### **By the Numbers:**

\$341M+

**GAS R&D FUNDS INVESTED** 

\$6.3B

FOLLOW-ON FUNDING AFTER RECEIVING GAS R&D SUPPORT

311

**PROJECTS** 

48%+

OF FUNDING IN UNDER-RESOURCED
COMMUNITIES SINCE FY 2016-17



# **Developing Initiatives**

#### Informed by:

- State policy drivers, including:
  - Gas R&D authority
  - CPUC Resolutions
- Emerging research trends and gaps
  - Roadmaps and strategies
  - Research at DOE, universities, etc.
  - CPUC and CEC proceedings
- Discussions with technical experts, EJ representatives, members of the public
- Equity considerations



# State policy drivers

#### Decarbonization

- SB 32 (2016): aims to reduce GHG emissions to 40% below 1990 levels by 2030
- AB 1279 (2022): establishes statewide goal to achieve carbon neutrality
- SB 1221 (2024): establishes neighborhood decarbonization zones
- AB 3232 (2018): assess potential to reduce GHG emissions from California's building stock

#### **Equity & Affordability**

- CPUC affordability proceeding
- CEC JAEDI Action Plan, DACAG Equity Framework

#### Public Health & Building Energy Performance

California Building Energy Code, California Building Energy Action Plan

#### Reliability & Safety

CPUC Long term gas-planning rulemaking, Resolution G-3571



# **Embedding Equity**

- Engage with Disadvantaged Communities Advisory Group and EJ representatives in initiative development
- Improve CEC's application and grant management process to relieve administrative burdens
- Provide preference points to grant applications that support benefits to disadvantaged and low-income communities



#### **Research Initiative Feedback**

 The California Energy Commission would like to hear your thoughts on the proposed research initiatives

 Written comments can be provided to the Docket until February 21, 2025: <a href="https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Ecomment/Ecomment.aspx?docketnumber=23-ERDD-02">https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Ecomment/Ecomment.aspx?docketnumber=23-ERDD-02</a>

 Verbal and written comments will be considered while developing the FY 2025-26 Gas R&D Proposed Budget Plan



# **Research Initiatives**

Initiative Theme	Initiative Title
Gas System Decommissioning	Social Science Research for Gas Decommissioning in the Mid- and Long Term
Decommissioning	Pilot Projects to Advance Gas Decommissioning
Building Decarbonization	Networked Geothermal Heat Pumps
Entrepreneurial Ecosystem	Scaling Technology to Decarbonize California's Gas Sector*

\*developing for future budget plan

# Social Science Research for Gas Decommissioning in the Mid and Long Term

Theme: Gas Decommissioning

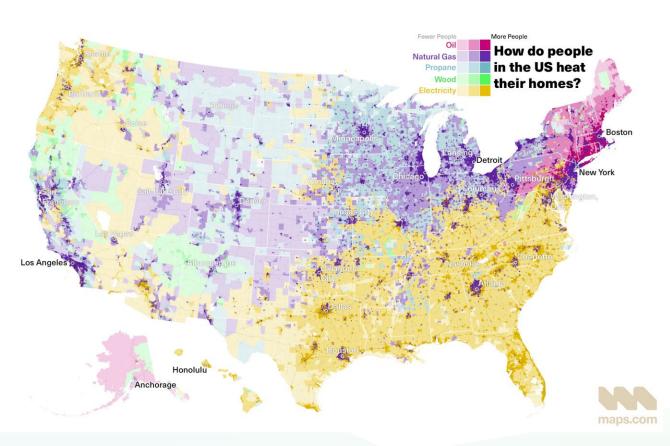


Presenter: Mithra Moezzi



# Background

- Planned transition from gas involves millions of technological and societal changes: how to make converting the natural and good choice? How to promote user and ratepayer benefits and control costs?
- Joint Agency Staff White Paper\* calls for social scientific research to support sociotechnical transition
- Little systematic social sciences research or integration into policy



#### The Geography of Heating U.S. Homes

Source: Joshua Stevens, https://www.maps.com/home-heating-fuels/; data from American Community Survey 2021

<sup>\* 2024</sup> Joint Agency Staff Paper: Progress Towards a Gas Transition. A White Paper Supporting the CPUC's Long-Term Gas Planning Rulemaking R.20-01-007.



## Innovations

#### Vision

- Produce findings, insights, and resources that reveal important patterns for gas end uses to better achieve positive transition outcomes locally & overall
- Take opportunity to learn from experience and apply new & existing data
- Inspire systematic experience-based discussions and actions

#### **Examples of Potential Projects**

- Advanced geographic analysis: Provide location-specific sociocultural, demographic, energy use, and tech data to illustrate context and consequences
- Electrification experience: Identify strategies to overcome frictions to electrification (including workforce); evaluate impacts
- Affordability tools: Estimate changes in gas and electricity costs for individuals and groups, drawing from empirical data



- Affordability: Provides info to planners and ratepayers on costs and risks of various transition pathways, including impacts across ratepayer groups
- Safety and Reliability: Affords higher precision in managing energy reliability and safety while transitioning away from gas
- Adaptation: Improves society's ability to adapt to a decarbonized energy system under climate change
- Environmental Sustainability: Supports cleaner air by reducing gas combustion indoors and at power plants
- **Equity**: Promotes engagement with Environmental and Social Justice\* and other communities on energy system transitions; develops resources to improve outcomes for those facing underinvestment or adverse outcomes; may promote high-road career paths

<sup>\*</sup>See CPUC document: Environmental & Social Justice Action Plan, Version 2.0 (April 2022)



# **Questions and Feedback**

- What are your latest insights on what impedes or encourages voluntary conversion from gas in residences?
- What are the biggest barriers to deciding to convert from gas in commercial buildings?
- What are the most promising technological directions to facilitate affordable conversion from gas?
- Can you recommend contacts who could speak to the observed impacts of electrifying gas end uses, e.g., end user satisfaction?
- Can you recommend contacts who could speak to workforce development and reskilling needs for converting away from gas end uses?

# Pilot Projects to Advance Gas Decommissioning

Theme: Gas Decommissioning

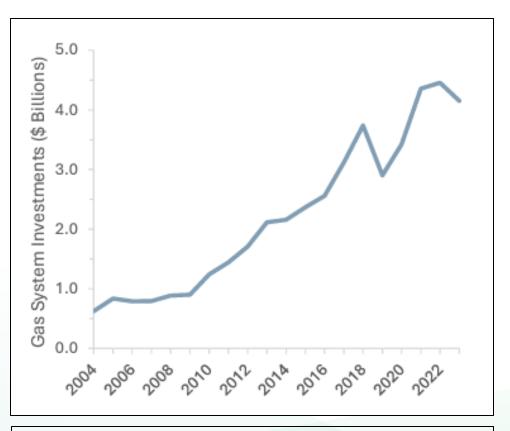


Presenter: Van Do

# ENERGY COMMISSION

# Background

- California's aging gas network will incur \$43 billion in maintenance costs by 2045\*
- Annual declines in gas demand could result in rate increases\*\*
- Recent study shows decommissioning paired with targeted electrification can provide net benefits to gas and electric ratepayers
- Pilot demonstrations are needed to assess technical, social, and economic feasibility



Historical annual capital investment in the PG&E, SCG, and SDG&E gas systems (nominal \$). Over the 10 years from 2014-2023, investments totaled \$33 billion. Source: Utility Form 2: "Gas Plant In-Service – Additions"\*

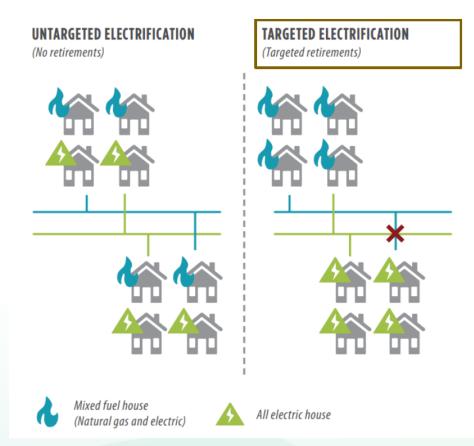
<sup>\*</sup> E3, Avoiding Gas Distribution Pipeline Replacement Through Targeted Electrification in California, 2024

<sup>\*\*</sup> SoCalGas, 2024 California Gas Report, 2024



### **Innovations**

- Demonstrate zonal decommissioning of buildings, households, and businesses within the same distribution pipeline network
- Replace fossil gas with electricity, thermal energy, or zero-emission alternatives
- Assess real-world technical feasibility, cost evaluation, supply chain dynamics, ratepayer implications, public acceptance
- Inform gas decommissioning policy and program development



Source: Energy+Environmental Economics (E3)



# **Benefits**

- Affordability: Provides transparent cost analysis to customers, businesses, policymakers
- Safety and Reliability: Reduces reliability concerns by decommissioning aging, potentially hazardous gas infrastructure
- Adaptation: Improves reliability and resilience through shifting resources from maintaining aging fossil gas infrastructure to electrification, zero-emission alternatives
- Environmental Sustainability: Improves environmental health, reduces local air quality impacts, avoids incidental GHG leakage, supports renewable energy alternatives
- Equity: Enhances inclusion and accessibility to low-cost electrification for justice communities and California Native American tribes



# **Questions and Feedback**

- What are the primary technical challenges or concerns for residents, renters, and businesses in the transition from fossil gas to other alternatives?
- What type of financial, technical, or educational resources would support homeowners in transitioning away from fossil gas?
- Besides electricity, what other clean energy sources should we consider as safe and effective fossil gas alternatives?
- What are the top criteria to consider in gas decommissioning pilot site selection?

# Networked Geothermal Heat Pumps

Theme: Building Decarbonization



Presenter: Pooya Khodaparast



# Background

- Decarbonizing buildings will be important to achieve the state's GHG goals
- Community-scale gas decommissioning and decarbonization can be challenging
- Networked geothermal technologies can offer higher efficiency than competing technologies
- California-specific research is needed to assess and demonstrate the potential of thermal energy networks

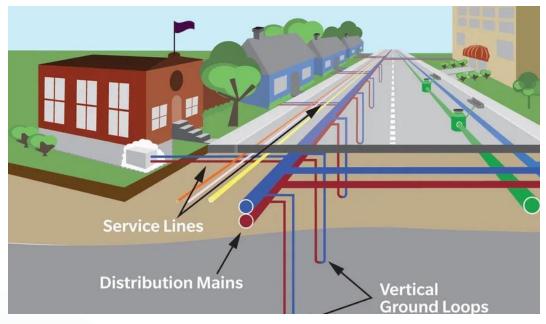


Source: CEC



# Innovations

- Assess potential of geo-networks in context of California's climate & geology
- Identify optimal methods, technologies, locations, and sites for deployment
- Analyze, compare applicable business models for different circumstances (e.g., population density, ownership rights)



Credit: Eversource

- Evaluate CA's policy and regulatory landscape pertinent to geo-networks
- Explore geo-networks' potential in large-scale decarbonization via demonstrations



- Affordability: Deliver cost savings by improving efficiency, lowering energy use, and reducing dependence on volatile gas pricing
- Safety and Reliability: Avoid combustion risks of small and large scales throughout the fossil gas system
- Adaptation: Reduce fossil gas demand in cold season and electricity demand in hot season due to high efficiency
- Environmental Sustainability: Reduce fossil gas consumption and GHG emissions, improve air quality
- Equity: Explore pilot potential and benefit impacts in justice and tribal communities, increase utility investment in decommissioning and decarbonization, explore business models that socialize costs, and help transition fossil economy workforce



# **Questions and Feedback**

- Is there public awareness and knowledge around installing and commissioning networked GHPs? Are there questions or concerns?
- What metrics are suitable in evaluating and comparing existing technologies and networked GHPs?
- What considerations of social and community significance should be made in ensuring that the business models will benefit end users?
- What key community criteria should be considered when evaluating, planning, and implementing networked geothermal systems?
- What outcomes of a successful networked GHP demonstration might encourage community support for gas decommissioning?

# Scaling Technology to Decarbonize California's Gas Sector

Theme: Entrepreneurial Ecosystem

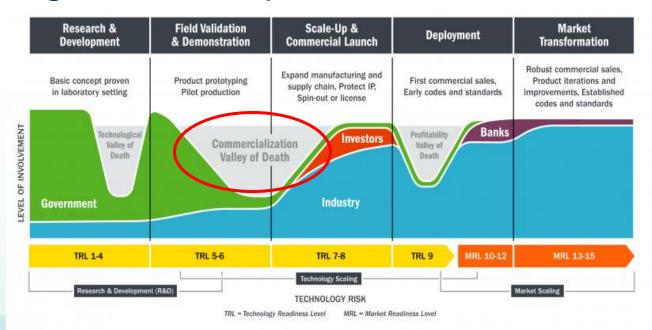


Presenter: Lindsey Fransen



# **Background**

- Some sectors of the economy may not be electrified in the near- to medium-term with existing technology.
- Innovative technologies that reduce GHG emissions in these sectors are in various stages of development in California.
- Innovators struggle to bridge the "valley of death" between prototype and fullscale manufacturing.
- Public funding can accelerate technology scale-up for greater decarbonization.





### Innovations

Fund manufacturing of innovative technologies to support decarbonization of gas-dependent sectors:

- Industrial manufacturing e.g., heat capture, storage, and exchange
- Low-carbon fuels e.g., renewable gas from waste biomass
- Fuel-flexible generation e.g., linear generators



Wall-mounted plastic heat exchanger. Source: Trevi, Inc.



Linear generator. Source: Mainspring Energy.



- Affordability: More efficient fuel use reduces utility bills; manufacturing at scale brings down the price of new technologies
- Reliability: Enables industries to stay in CA while pursuing decarbonization goals; focus on drop-in technologies to minimize retrofits where possible
- Environmental Sustainability: More efficient use of fuel reduces GHG and criteria air pollutant emissions; compatibility with renewable fuels supports GHG emission reductions
- **Equity:** Job creation and transition for gas workforce; reduction in criteria air pollutants, which disproportionately affect justice communities and California Native American tribes



# **Questions and Feedback**

- Do attendees see value in funding a manufacturing initiative in the gas R&D investment plan? Are there any unintended consequences of manufacturing scaleup that we should be considering?
- Which sectors, technologies, or applications currently using fossil gas are most pressing or promising for manufacturing scale-up?
- What results should project(s) funded under this initiative achieve, and what metrics should we use to gauge success?
- How can this initiative best support workers, particularly the existing gas workforce?
- Are there any key contributors on this topic we should be talking to who are not in this workshop?



# **Public Comment**



# **Public Comments**

- Please submit your question or comment in the <u>Question and</u>
   <u>Answers</u> window or raise your hand, and you will be called on to unmute yourself. (*Feature found under the Participants panel*)
  - First, we will call on participants with raised hands for verbal comments/questions.
  - Next, we will turn to the Q&A window for typed comments/questions.





# **General questions**

- 1. How can equity considerations be centered in these initiatives?
- 2. Do you have recommended research approaches or resources for any of these initiatives?
- 3. Which use cases or opportunities would benefit from these initiatives?
- 4. What are example performance metrics or targets for project success?
- 5. Are there other priority areas that the Gas R&D Program should consider in future budget plans? If so, please explain.

**Social Science Research for Gas Decommissioning** in the Mid- and Long Term

**Pilot Projects to Advance Gas Decommissioning** 

**Networked Geothermal Heat Pumps** 

Scaling Technology to Decarbonize California's Gas Sector\*



# **Next steps**

 The California Energy Commission would like to hear your thoughts on the proposed research initiatives. Written comments can be provided to the Docket until February 21, 2025:

https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Ecomment/Ecomment.aspx?docketnumber= 23-ERDD-02

- The proposed Budget Plan will be submitted to the California Public Utilities Commission for consideration by April 1, 2025
- Solicitations derived from this Budget Plan may be released following California Public Utilities Commission approval



# Thank you!