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Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) Programs

California Energy Commission presentation to DACAG December 1, 2023



CEC Building Decarbonization Programs

NEW
Federal
Incentives
& Financing
Branch

Inflation Reduction Act (IRA) Programs

HEERHA electrification rebates

(\$290 million)

HOMES whole house efficiency

(\$292 million)

Training for Residential Contractors (TREC)

(\$10 million)

Residential tax credit education

(\$10 million)

Equitable Building Decarbonization

Direct Install

(\$690 million)

Tribal Direct Install

(\$30 million)

Statewide Incentive Program

(\$80 million)

Building Decarbonization Incentive Programs

CalSHAPE

(\$900 million)

ECAA

(waitlist)

BUILD

(\$80 million)

CalEHP

(\$75 million)



IRA Authorized Home Energy Rebate Programs and Contractor Training

"HOMES":

Home Efficiency Rebates \$292 million

"HEEHRA":

Home Electrification & Appliance Rebates \$290 million

"TREC":

Training for Residential Energy Contractors \$10 million

- Non-competitive, formula funding allocated to State Energy Offices
- States (CEC) must apply to Department of Energy (DOE) for funding
- California's programs will align with goals of reaching carbon neutrality by 2045, installation of 6
 million heat pumps by 2030, and prioritizing equity and environmental justice
- DOE's Overarching Outcomes for Home Energy Rebates:
 - 1. Support well-established exemplary and innovative efficiency and electrification programs.
 - 2. Widespread access and uptake for disadvantaged communities.
 - 3. Proven value streams and roles for sustained investments to continue market transformation.
 - 4. Reduced pollution from buildings in support of the clean energy economy.
- DOE goals for TREC: Reduce the cost of training, testing and certifying residential energy efficiency and electrification contractors.



HOMES Whole House Efficiency Key Components



Whole-house efficiency rebates

Single family & multifamily buildings

15% energy savings required

 Wiring, panel upgrades, IAQ are ok - as long as 15% energy savings are realized Rebates cover % of project cost or Pay for Performance

Rebates may cover 100%
 of project cost for Low
 Income households

Approx 50% of rebate funds must be allocated to Low Income households

Justice 40:

40% of benefits must flow to DACs

Measured pathway:

12 months of measured savings prior to payment of rebate

Delivery model: aggregator or implementer



HOMES: Questions for Input



1. CEC is considering incorporating, or braiding, HOMES funding into the Equitable Building Decarbonization Direct Install Program

Direct Install Program:

- Serves low-income residents in under-resourced communities
- Energy decarbonization packages installed at no-cost

Why combine programs:

- Support decarbonization for thousands of additional low-income residents
- Streamline implementation and minimize administrative costs
- a. What do you think about this approach?
- b. What are reasons why the CEC should or shouldn't braid the programs?
- c. Please share any best practices of braiding federal and state funds for rebate, incentive or direct install programs.



HOMES: Questions for Input



- 2. In the case that CEC does not (or is not able to) braid HOMES with the EBD Direct Install Program:
 - a. How can HOMES funds, awarded to support efficiency, be best aligned to support the state's decarbonization and electrification goals?
 - b. How should CEC's proposed HOMES program design accommodate leveraging and stacking with existing programs?
 - c. If funds are provided directly to existing programs: what are the most important priorities for funding and factors for success?
 - d. Should the state reserve additional funds for low-income households or other priority populations?
 - e. Should funds be accessible for moderate and higher-income households, and if so, at what levels?



Building the Workforce

Underpins Building Decarbonization Success





TREC: DOE and CA Program Goals

- 1. Develop workforce necessary for long-term market transformation for building electrification technologies
- 2. Reduce cost of training contractor employees
- 3. Provide testing/certifications to install electrification technologies and deliver electrification improvements
- 4. Partner with nonprofit organizations + CBOs



TREC Proposed Program and Budget Overview

Proposed Program Allocation	Proposed Budget	Goals
Pre-Apprenticeship & Apprenticeship Program Grants	\$5 million	Grow workforce needed to install and maintain electrification and efficiency measures in targeted, overburdened communities.
Workforce Enablement Grants	\$3 million	Build well-trained and appropriately certified workforce needed to install and maintain priority measures and achieve cost reductions.
New and Expanding Program Grants	\$1 million	Support expansion of new programs in hard-to-reach, overburdened communities such as rural and tribal.
Grant Administration and Reporting	\$1 million	Administer, track, analyze, and report to DOE for life of program as well as iterative program improvement.

Note: DOE deadline to spend funds by 2029, with final reporting 2031



TREC Contractor Training Timeline

Date	Task	
Aug 2023	Request for Information posted	
Sep 2023	Deadline for RFI comments	
Nov 30, 2023	Survey closes: TREC priorities	
Jan 31, 2024	DOE application deadline for TREC	
2024	CEC conducts grant funding opportunity	



Pre-Apprenticeship & Apprenticeship Program Grants

Overview

- Focus on targeted, hard-to-reach communities
- Aligned focus with:
 - Measurable goals
 - Tracking
 - DOE Reporting

Proposed Eligibility for Grants

- Competitive Grants awarded to CBOs and training organizations to provide stipends for:
 - Certification test costs (portion/all)
 - Exam preparation courses
 - Educator training
 - Language appropriate coaching
 - Scholarships for pre-apprenticeship programs/paid training
 - Scholarships for contractors previously trained/licensed to install gas appliances (offset retraining costs)
 - Increase remote instruction options



Workforce Enablement Grants

Overview

Grants to cover gaps stalling trainees from entering or completing programs, such as:

- Childcare
- Travel
- Costs of Certifications
- Cost of Courses
- Tools

Proposed Eligibility for Grants

- Competitive Grants awarded to CBOs and training organizations
- These organizations will specify criteria and funding amounts to help trainees address inhibitors to entering or advancing in building decarbonization careers and trades
- Examples of trainee needs:
 - Stipends for childcare or travel
 - Tools lending libraries or funding directly for tools purchase
 - All or portion of certification fees



New and Expanding Program Grants (in targeted, hard-to-reach communities)

Overview

Aid programs designed to reach overburdened communities where trainees live. Examples:

- Mobile training centers
- Recruitment efforts made to middle, high school, and community colleges
- Energy Counselor Training (similar to Medicare HICAP)

Proposed Eligibility for Grants

- Criteria to measurably increase skilled labor living in or near targeted low income and disadvantaged communities
- Programs that focus on priority equipment, skills, and equity qualifiers
- Focus on hard-to-reach communities, such as rural, tribal, and other designated disadvantaged areas of California



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CEC Inflation Reduction Act Website