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#### BUSINESS MEETING

BEFORE THE

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

In the Matter	of:	)
		)19-BUSMTG-01
Business	Meeting	)
		)

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION (CEC)

## PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT ITEM #5

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION

WARREN-ALQUIST SATE ENERGY BUILDING

ART ROSENFELD HEARING ROOM, FIRST FLOOR

1516 NINTH STREET

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95814

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 2019
10:00 A.M.

Reported by: Peter Petty

#### **APPEARANCES**

### STATE LEADERSHIP PRESENT:

David Hochschild, Chair
Janea Scott, Vice Chair
J. Andrew McAllister, California Energy Commission
Patty Monahan, California Energy Commission
Karen Douglas, California Energy Commission

### CEC STAFF PRESENT:

Pat Saxton, Appliances Office, Efficiency Division Lisa DeCarlo, Senior Staff Counsel Darcie Houck, General Counsel

### PUBLIC COMMENT:

Noah Horowitz, NRDC
Mary Anderson, PG&E

\*Mel Hall-Crawford, Consumer Federation of America

\*Christopher Granda, Appliance Standard Awareness Project

\*Daniel Buch, CPUC

\*Laura Gildengorin, CARES

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- 2 NOVEMBER 13, 2019 10:00 A.M.
- 3 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Let's move on to Item 5,
- 4 Appliance Efficiency Regulations Rulemaking for General
- 5 Service Lamps, Pat Saxton.
- 6 MR. SAXTON: Good morning Chair and Commissioners.
- 7 My name is Patrick Saxton and I'm an electrical engineer in
- 8 the Appliances Office in the Efficiency Division. I'm joined
- 9 by Lisa DeCarlo an attorney with the Chief Counsel's Office.
- 10 Today, I'm presenting proposed changes to the
- 11 California Appliance Efficiency Regulations for General
- 12 Service Lamps.
- The first part of this agenda item is a Proposed
- 14 Negative Declaration finding that there are not significant
- 15 adverse effects on the environment from the proposed
- 16 regulations. There is a 30-day public comment period for the
- 17 Negative Declaration. However no comments were received.
- 18 At the conclusion of this presentation staff will
- 19 request approval of the Proposed Negative Declaration.
- 20 I'll provide a short background on general service
- 21 lamps. California has an existing standard requiring a
- 22 minimum efficacy of 45 lumens per watt for general service
- 23 lamps. But it has only been enforced on A-shaped lamps,
- 24 essentially traditional light bulbs. This standard was
- 25 adopted by the CEC in 2008 with a contingent effective date

- 1 of January 1, 2018. The standard implemented and became
- 2 effective when the United States Department of Energy, or
- 3 DOE, failed to meet congressional directives on general
- 4 service lamps. These actions were taken pursuant to
- 5 California's exceptions to preemption that are found in the
- 6 United States Code.
- 7 The result of enforcing this standard, typically
- 8 called the backstop standard, was removal of Halogen A-lamps
- 9 from California's market, leaving light emitting diode or LED
- 10 lamps, and compact florescent lamps or CFLs.
- 11 The U.S. DOE published two final rules that
- 12 established new and revised definitions related to general
- 13 service lamps in the Federal Register on January 19th, 2017.
- 14 And while the current definitions for general service lamps
- 15 already incorporates the 2017 Federal Revised Definitions,
- 16 staff proposes here to memorialize them into the California
- 17 Appliance Efficiency Regulations, as allowed by California's
- 18 exceptions to preemption for general service lamps in U.S.
- 19 Code.
- 20 After staff released its notice of proposed action
- 21 in this proceeding, DOE purported to withdraw its
- 22 definitions. On November 4th, 2019 15 State Attorneys
- 23 General, including California's as well as Washington D.C.
- 24 and the City of New York, filed a legal challenge to DOE's
- 25 purported withdrawal of its January 19th, 2017 expanded GSL

- 1 definitions.
- 2 A separate legal challenge on the same issue was
- 3 filed by the Natural Resources Defense Council, Sierra Club,
- 4 Consumer Federation of America, Massachusetts Union of Public
- 5 Housing Tenants, Environment America and the U.S. Public
- 6 Interest Research Group.
- 7 The proposed regulations clarify the types of lamps
- 8 to which the existing state backstop standard for general
- 9 service lamps applies. The existing 45 lumens per watt
- 10 standard, which is not being amended, cannot be met by
- 11 incandescent or halogen lamps. The California market would
- 12 be served by LED and CFL lamps which are readily available,
- 13 provide equal service, are much higher efficiency resulting
- 14 in large utility bill savings and they last much longer.
- 15 This is the definition for general service lamps.
- 16 The highlights are that it increases the number of base types
- 17 meeting the state definition of general service lamps,
- 18 expands the voltage range and increases the maximum lumens
- 19 output or brightness. General service lamps include but are
- 20 not limited to general service incandescent lamps, CFLs and
- 21 LEDs.
- Notably, several important lamp types are no longer
- 23 exempt from the state definition of a general service lamp.
- 24 These lamp types are either products with high sales volumes
- 25 that are actually used in general lighting applications or

- 1 represent substitute products that could be used in general
- 2 lighting applications. Discontinued exemptions for reflector
- 3 lamps and certain lamp shapes such as candle shaped are
- 4 particularly important.
- 5 Twenty-six lamp types continue to be exempt from
- 6 the state definition of general service lamps. But these are
- 7 truly specialty lamps. Examples are appliance lamps, black
- 8 light lamps, bug lamps, colored lamps and 22 other types.
- 9 The proposed regulations also include clarification
- 10 of the definition for general service incandescent lamps and
- 11 supplemental definitions.
- 12 This chart shows the results of staff cost
- 13 effectiveness analysis for replacing various lamp types with
- 14 more efficient LEDs that are available on the market.
- 15 Incremental prices for LED lamps are generally low and
- 16 continue to come down. Staff used conservative assumptions
- 17 meaning higher incremental prices. Four of these five lamp
- 18 types have a simple payback period of less than one year.
- 19 And the fifth type has a simple payback of about two years.
- 20 The lifetime utility bill of electricity savings ranges from
- 21 \$50 to \$90 per lamp.
- This slide shows two scenarios estimating statewide
- 23 savings from the market shift from low efficiency lamp types
- 24 to high efficiency lamps. The scenario for low LED market
- 25 saturation was developed for the 2018 staff report on general

- 1 service lamps. The high LED market saturation was developed
- 2 as part of a supplemental analysis based on comments received
- 3 during the pre-rulemaking that the LED market share was
- 4 higher than staff original assumptions.
- 5 There's a large range of savings resulting from the
- 6 full shift of the market to high efficiency lamps depending
- 7 on the assumptions of current LED market saturation.
- 8 Industry has commented that they believe even the
- 9 high LED saturations scenario overestimates statewide
- 10 savings. Even if that is the case, it does not impact the
- 11 technical feasibility or cost effectiveness of replacing low
- 12 efficiency lamps with high efficiency lamps.
- 13 Comments supporting the proposed regulations have
- 14 been received from energy efficiency, environmental,
- 15 ratepayer and consumer organizations and utilities that are
- 16 shown on the screen here.
- 17 GE Lighting, LEDVANCE and the National Electrical
- 18 Manufacturer's Association have filed comments opposing the
- 19 proposed regulations. Their comments suggest that the CEC
- 20 should stop this proceeding, because DOE has withdrawn their
- 21 definitions for general service lamps, because the market
- 22 transition to LEDs is occurring quickly and in their opinion
- 23 regulations are not necessary. And because DOE has stated,
- 24 in DOE's opinion, California's exception to preemption are
- 25 not available. Staff strongly disagrees with these comments.

- 1 Additionally an out of scope comment on portable 2 luminaires was received. 3 Staff finds that the proposed regulations provide clarifications that are technically feasible and cost 4 5 effective. And that California's exceptions to preemption 6 for general service lamps in U.S. Code Title 42, Section 7 6295(i)(6)(a) are operative and applicable. 8 Staff requests approval of the Negative Declaration 9 and the proposed regulations. I'm available for any 10 questions. 11 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you, Pat. 12 Commissioner McAllister, did you want to? 13 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Do we have any public 14 comment? 15 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Should we do the public comments 16 on this, yeah sure. Thank you, Pat. Let's do public 17 comments starting with those in the room, Noah Horowitz, from 18 NRDC. 19 20 MR. HOROWITZ: Good morning, Commissioners and 21 staff. My name is Noah Horowitz. And I'm the Director of 22 the Center for Energy Efficiency Standards at the Natural 23 Resource Defense Council, NRDC. 24 I'm here today to express our strong support for 25 the CEC proposal to update the state standards for general
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- 1 service lamps or every-day light bulbs, more commonly known.
- 2 The update includes three essential components, the test
- 3 method, the definition of scope and the minimum efficiency
- 4 requirements. And we believe the CEC got it right in all
- 5 three cases.
- To be mindful of time, I'd like to make four key
- 7 points. One, scope and definition really do matter. CEC's
- 8 current lighting regulations only cover the bulbs that go
- 9 into roughly half of the sockets in existing homes in
- 10 California. CEC's proposal which mirrors the 2017 updated
- 11 definition by DOE brings into scope key bulb types which
- 12 include three-way bulbs, candle and flame shaped bulbs in our
- 13 chandeliers and sconces, reflector bulbs in our recessed cans
- 14 and down lights and the round globe bulbs often in our
- 15 bathroom fixtures.
- In some cases these might be the only bulb used in
- 17 the room and they're not some sort of niche or specialty bulb
- 18 as NEMA and its member often incorrectly allege.
- 19 Secondly, it's critically important to phase out
- 20 the remaining inefficient light bulbs in our homes.
- 21 Incandescents and halogens consume four-to-six times more
- 22 energy than the LED bulbs that replace them while giving off
- 23 the same amount of light. Given the many millions of sockets
- 24 in California homes that still contain an inefficient light
- 25 bulb, adopting the 45 lumen per watt backstop for bulbs not

- 1 yet covered by California standards will deliver massive
- 2 energy and carbon savings to the state.
- 3 As a result of these new regulations virtually all
- 4 bulbs in California will soon be efficient ones, resulting in
- 5 annual energy savings as Pat has shown, between roughly 750
- 6 million and more than \$2 billion per year.
- 7 In addition, millions of tons of greenhouse gas
- 8 emissions and other pollutants will be prevented annually.
- 9 Three, we support CEC's proposal to update the test
- 10 methods for measuring the energy use and light output of the
- 11 GSLs including LED lamps, so as to align with the federal
- 12 ones.
- 13 And four and finally, we urge the CEC to maintain
- 14 the date of sale, effective date of January 1, 2020, which
- 15 aligns with the backstop date contained in the 2007 Federal
- 16 Energy Bill.
- 17 Unlike other state and federal appliance efficiency
- 18 standards, which utilize the date of manufacturer or a date
- 19 of import prohibition the backstop and EISA, or the Energy
- 20 Independence and Security Act -- I didn't make up that name -
- 21 uses a date of sale effective date. This means that
- 22 retailers may not sell through their existing inventories of
- 23 incandescents and halogens as of January 1st.
- While January 1 is just around the corner, the
- 25 lighting industry and retailers have known for years that

- 1 these standards were coming and some have chosen at their
- 2 potential peril to ignore or oppose them.
- 3 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: If you could wrap up.
- 4 MR. HOROWITZ: Okay. The date of sale compliance
- 5 mechanism also makes enforcement much faster and
- 6 representatives of the CEC can simply look at the bulb and
- 7 know whether or not it complies.
- 8 So in closing, we commend the CEC for moving
- 9 forward with its proposal and doing its part to ensure the
- 10 transition away from energy wasting light bulbs is completed
- 11 in California as soon as possible. Thank you.
- 12 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you.
- 13 Let's move on to Mary Anderson, PG&E on behalf of
- 14 the California IOUs.
- MS. ANDERSON: Good morning, it's almost afternoon.
- 16 My name is Mary Anderson from PG&E speaking on behalf of the
- 17 California IOUs. I am pleased to be here to urge the Energy
- 18 Commission to adopt the expanded general service lamp
- 19 definition into Title 20, California Appliance Efficiency
- 20 Regulations.
- The State of California has championed forward
- 22 looking lamp standards for over a decade, first through the
- 23 implementation of state GSIL standards and then through the
- 24 adoption of the 45 lumens per watt backstop for GSLs. Now
- 25 California seeks to complete the transition to a high

- 1 efficiency lamp type through alignment with DOE's lawfully
- 2 expanded definition of GSLs.
- 3 By implementing these regulations on Jan 1, 2020,
- 4 along with the already effective backstop the Energy
- 5 Commission will ensure that Californians realize an
- 6 anticipated 1.4 quadrillion BTUs of energy savings through
- 7 2050. The California investor owned utilities urge the
- 8 Energy Commission to adopt these definitions and implement
- 9 them as planned to secure the front-loaded savings afforded
- 10 by this rule making. Thank you.
- 11 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you.
- I think that's everybody in the room. Let's move
- 13 on to the public comment on the phone starting with Mel Hall-
- 14 Crawford, if I'm pronouncing that correctly, Consumer
- 15 Federation of America.
- MS. HALL-CRAWFORD: Yes, hi. Good morning, Chair
- 17 and Commissioners. I hope you can hear me, I have a little
- 18 bit of an echo.
- 19 My name is Mel Hall-Crawford. I am the Director of
- 20 Energy Programs for the Consumer Federation of America. CFA
- 21 is a federation of some 250 non-profit organizations working
- 22 in the consumer interest through research, advocacy and
- 23 education.
- I am pleased to speak in support of the
- 25 Commission's adoption of the revised 2017 federal definitions

- 1 for GSLs, general service lamps. Consumer Federation, the
- 2 Consumer Federation of California, Consumer Action and
- 3 Consumer Reports together submitted comments into the docket
- 4 in favor of the Commission's proposed action, so I will just
- 5 highlight the points made.
- 6 Over the past decade, we have managed to increase
- 7 the amount of light in our lives with declining electricity
- 8 consumption and bills.
- 9 The proposed action by the CEC will further benefit
- 10 California consumers and businesses. As previously point
- 11 out, it is projected to save them between \$736 million and
- 12 \$2.4 billion in annual savings after the existing stock turns
- 13 over and there are also important benefits for the
- 14 environment.
- 15 In addition, there are broader economic benefits
- 16 when the commercial and industrial sectors save on lighting
- 17 costs, consumers benefit through lower costs in goods and
- 18 services.
- 19 We greatly appreciate the CEC's leadership in
- 20 energy efficiency. You serve as a beacon for the rest of the
- 21 country. CFA urges you to adopt the 2017 federal definitions
- 22 for GSILs and GSLs.
- Thank you for this opportunity to speak.
- 24 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you. You were fading in
- 25 and out there, but I think we got about 80 percent of that.

- 1 Thank you.
- 2 Let's move on to Christopher Granda, Appliance
- 3 Standards Awareness Project.
- 4 MR. GRANDA: Yes, good morning. This is Chris
- 5 Granda calling from the Appliance Standards Awareness
- 6 Project. I am a Senior Researcher Advocate and staff member
- 7 responsible for our lighting technologies.
- 8 The Appliance Standards Awareness Project applauds
- 9 California's history of light bulb energy efficiency
- 10 standards, and supports the CEC's expansion of the definition
- 11 of general service lamps as contained in the Negative
- 12 Declaration. This expansion of California's definition for
- 13 general service lamps will make California regulations
- 14 consistent with similar state standards in Vermont, Nevada,
- 15 Washington State and Colorado. And with federal standards
- 16 that are due to come into effect prohibiting the sales of
- 17 non-compliant general service lamps starting January 1st,
- 18 2020.
- 19 The U.S. Department of Energy has issued a rule
- 20 withdrawing the expansion of the federal definition, but we
- 21 believe that this action was illegal and will be overturned
- 22 in court pending the resolution of the lawsuits mentioned by
- 23 Mr. Saxton in his presentation.
- 24 By expanding the California definition of general
- 25 service lamps, and enforcing the standard under this broader

- 1 scope, California will save significant amounts of
- 2 electricity, save lightbulb users large amounts of money,
- 3 reduce carbon emissions from electricity generation and
- 4 mitigate the confusion and inconvenience that the Department
- 5 of Energy's recent actions have caused for manufacturers,
- 6 retailers, and consumers of light bulbs.
- 7 The effect of the California Energy Commission's
- 8 proposed changes will be to accelerate the transition from
- 9 incandescent and other legacy light bulb technologies to
- 10 light emitting diodes. We see only benefits to California
- 11 consumers and the environment from this change.
- In addition to the savings in dollars, kilowatt
- 13 hours and carbon, and reduction in other impacts, we
- 14 anticipate no reduction and the availability of different
- 15 lamp types to consumers.
- 16 California's general service lamps standards came
- 17 into effect smoothly in 2018, and since then we have seen
- 18 many new kinds of LED light bulbs come to the market. And
- 19 new manufacturers enter the market to serve consumer demand
- 20 for these products as well.
- 21 Thank you for the opportunity to share these
- 22 comments.
- 23 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you.
- 24 Let's move on to Daniel Buch from the Public
- 25 Advocate's Office.

1	MR.	BUCH:	Thank	you	for	the	opportunity	to	speak
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- 2 today. My name is Dan Buch and I'm the Supervisor of the
- 3 Energy Customer Programs Team at the Public Advocates Office
- 4 at the California Public Utilities Commission.
- 5 The Public Advocates Office strongly supports
- 6 approval of this item, which will solidify California's
- 7 continuing leadership in Energy Efficiency and lock in a very
- 8 significant stream of highly cost-effective energy savings
- 9 from lighting, reducing greenhouse gas emissions and ensuring
- 10 bill savings for customers. It is imperative that California
- 11 continue to lead the way in fighting climate change.
- 12 If the federal government continues to abrogate its
- 13 duty to enforce cost-effective lighting standards that
- 14 protect the environment and save customers money, it is
- 15 necessary and appropriate that the State of California step
- 16 in to achieve these important goals.
- 17 California's regulatory agencies and utilities have
- 18 been planning for this set of lighting standards for many
- 19 years, supporting the state's energy and environmental goals
- 20 through a systematic effort to transform the lighting market.
- 21 Charting a path to broad, cost effective and highly efficient
- 22 lighting standards has been the planning goal since the early
- 23 2000s. California ratepayers have contributed hundreds of
- 24 millions of dollars in subsidies and programmatic efforts to
- 25 spur market development, quality improvements and price

- 1 reductions.
- 2 And we have achieved those market transformation
- 3 goals. Highly efficient lighting is now widespread high
- 4 quality and inexpensive. The most recent CPUC goals and
- 5 potential studies show that there is little remaining space
- 6 for an incentive-led efficiency gains in lighting. And no
- 7 reason to continue incentivizing lighting measures that
- 8 consumers would largely adopt regardless of whether
- 9 incentives are offered or not. And so it is appropriate for
- 10 ratepayers to wind down their financial commitment and for
- 11 compulsory standards to take over.
- Based on the most recent potential end goals
- 13 studies the CPUC now expects dramatic reductions in lighting
- 14 incentives starting in 2020 and the Public Advocates Office
- 15 strongly supports that direction. So as of January 1, 2020
- 16 the lighting products covered by this regulation will be
- 17 included in a standard practice baseline in most
- 18 applications. And investor owned utilities and other energy
- 19 efficiency program administrators regulated by the CPUC will
- 20 no longer offer incentives or subsidies. This is reflected
- 21 in CPUC decisions, investor owned utility energy efficiency
- 22 business plans and regulatory filings and CPUC and CEC energy
- 23 savings and procurement planning forecasts.
- 24 This is the right policy. It safeguards ratepayers
- 25 from paying for energy savings that would occur without

- 1 subsidy. And it allows the CPUC to direct needed resources
- 2 to transforming new markets and initiatives like building
- 3 decarbonization. And importantly, CPUC policy sunsetting
- 4 incentives for lighting is not legally dependent on standards
- 5 approval. The Public Advocates Office anticipates that even
- 6 if these standards were to face legal challenge, the
- 7 sunsetting of lighting incentives would continue to be CPUC
- 8 policy. We do not anticipate nor would we support a
- 9 resumption of ratepayer funding for lighting after January 1,
- 10 2020.
- 11 Thank you for the opportunity to speak at this
- 12 meeting and your continued leadership in energy efficiency.
- 13 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you.
- 14 Let's move on to Laura Gildengorin. Thank you,
- 15 let's move on to Laura Gildengorin, California Association of
- 16 Ratepayers for Energy Savings.
- MS. GILDENGORIN: Thank you, Commissioners. My
- 18 name's Laura Gildengorin and I'm speaking on behalf of the
- 19 California Association of Ratepayers for Energy Savings,
- 20 commonly known as CARES. CARES is a nonprofit association of
- 21 California ratepayers dedicated to affordable and sustainable
- 22 energy, on a mission to create and maintain a healthy
- 23 environment for all Californians.
- 24 CARES is participating in today's meeting, because
- 25 it wants to show its strong support of the CEC's proposed

- 1 action to expand the GSL definition to be coextensive with
- 2 the Obama-era federal definition including the 45 lumens per
- 3 watt efficacy standard and updating the relevant test
- 4 procedures. What I will refer to as the CEC's proposed
- 5 action.
- 6 Ask California energy ratepayers, CARES members
- 7 have two main concerns. The first, preserving the
- 8 environment we all live in. And second, saving money on
- 9 their energy costs. The CEC's proposed action addresses both
- 10 those concerns and makes tremendous improvements to
- 11 California energy policy. By our estimates, conserving up to
- 12 13,600 gigawatt hours of and saving consumers an average of
- 13 \$210 per household per year. Those are meaningful savings
- 14 that Californians simply don't have the luxury of giving up.
- As Mr. Saxton mentioned, the CEC's proposed action
- 16 is expressly provided for in the language of the Energy
- 17 Independence and Security Act of 2007 in California's
- 18 preemption exceptions. And is undoubtedly the next
- 19 progressive step towards significant financial relief and
- 20 environmental protections.
- 21 For these reasons, and those stated in the CARES
- 22 comment letter, CARES fully supports the CEC's proposed
- 23 action. Thank you for your time.
- 24 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you.
- I think that concludes public comment. Let's move

- 1 on to Commissioner McAllister.
- 2 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Okay. Thanks, Chair
- 3 Hochschild.
- 4 So thanks Pat for that presentation and all the
- 5 commenters for being here on the line today. I just have a
- 6 brief statement really. I certainly would echo the
- 7 historical context mentioned by some of the commenters. I
- 8 believe this item fits perfectly within California's history
- 9 along these lines as well as federal history, and our history
- 10 collaboration with the federal government to promote
- 11 efficient lighting.
- Here, we are doing exactly what we have said we
- 13 would do since essentially 2007, and certainly since 2017.
- 14 This is a straight conformance item with the proper federal
- 15 GSL definition. The backstop applies and anti-backsliding
- 16 provisions also apply. Commission staff and Chief Counsel
- 17 will continue to support the Attorney General's Office in its
- 18 efforts in the courts together with other state partners.
- 19 So in sum, this rulemaking clarifies the scope of
- 20 our enforcement authority. It does not establish new or
- 21 amended regulations. This merely clarifies the scope to
- 22 which our existing 45 lumens per watt standard applies.
- I commend the lighting industry to take note of
- 24 that. I want to thank staff and then Counsel, certainly
- 25 CCO's Office, the Executive Office as well, for all of their

- 1 leadership and collaboration on this. So I strongly support
- 2 this item.
- 3 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thanks. Any other comments from
- 4 Commissioners?
- 5 Hearing none, is there a motion?
- 6 MS. HOUCK: Chairman? Just really quick before you
- 7 vote, I noted that there is a typo in the agenda. That it
- 8 should be Title 20, Section 1004, not 1007. The docket
- 9 number is correct and all the backup material has the correct
- 10 code, but I just want it to be clear for the record for the
- 11 vote.
- 12 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you for catching that,
- 13 Darcie. So with that correction --
- 14 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: We have to do a Negative
- 15 Declaration and then the motion itself, right?
- 16 MS. DECARLO: Yes, correct. In that order.
- 17 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: Okay. So I'll move Item
- 18 5 Negative Declaration.
- 19 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Okay. Is there a second?
- 20 COMMISSIONER DOUGLAS: Second.
- 21 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: All in favor say aye.
- 22 (Ayes.)
- 23 CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: That motion passes unanimously.
- 24 COMMISSIONER MCALLISTER: I'll move Item 5b.
- VICE CHAIR SCOTT: Second.

1	CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Second by Vice Chair Scott. All
2	in favor say aye.
3	(Ayes.)
4	CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: All right, that motion passes
5	unanimously. Thank you.
6	MR. SAXTON: Thank you.
7	CHAIR HOCHSCHILD: Thank you to the staff for all
8	the work on that.
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#### REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE

I do hereby certify that the testimony in the foregoing hearing was taken at the time and place therein stated; that the testimony of said witnesses were reported by me, a certified electronic court reporter and a disinterested person, and was under my supervision thereafter transcribed into typewriting.

And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 14th day of November, 2019.

PETER PETTY CER\*\*D-493 Notary Public

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And I further certify that I am not of counsel or attorney for either or any of the parties to said hearing nor in any way interested in the outcome of the cause named in said caption.

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