

DOCKETED

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TN #:	225897
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Submitted On: 11/14/2018
Docket Number: 18-ALT-01

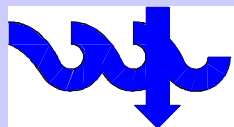
Lecture Algae Biofuel

Bio-Fuel and CO2 Capture by Algae

Additional submitted attachment is included below.

Bio-Fuel and CO2 Capture by Algae

Ami Ben-Amotz
NASA
November 20, 2008



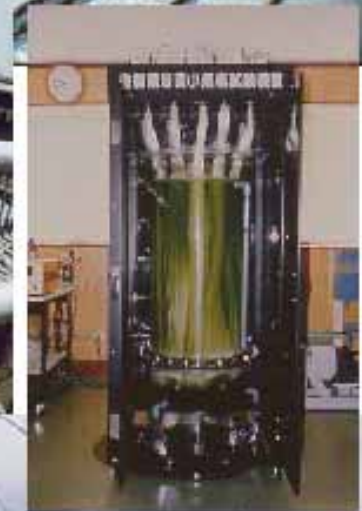
Seambiotic



Microalgal Applied Phycology

**Since 1950 through 2008
almost all commercial algae
production plants
use only open ponds**

**Commercial
Photo-Bioreactors
Examples of Failure
&
High Cost**



PBRs small scale, these for R&D, not production

1. Benemann, 5th Annual World Congress on Industrial Biotechnology, Chicago, April 29, 1999

Chlorella, Otto Pulz, Germany



Haematococcus, Algae Technologies, Israel



Dunaliella, Murcia, Spain
US\$ 10 million loss



Murcia, Spain

Major problems: predators and contamination



Murcia, Spain

1990



Murcia, Spain

Never worked commercially



GreenFuel Technologies Co, Arizona, USA photo-bioreactors on start



GreenFuel Technologies Co, Arizona, USA

Few weeks later, heavy contamination, difficulty to clean



GreenFuel Technologies Co, Arizona, USA

Bags trial, high cost scale up



GreenFuel Technologies Co, Arizona, USA

US\$ 10 million project, 2007



GreenFuel Technologies Co, Arizona, USA

Major problem: summer cooling



Commercial Algae Open Ponds

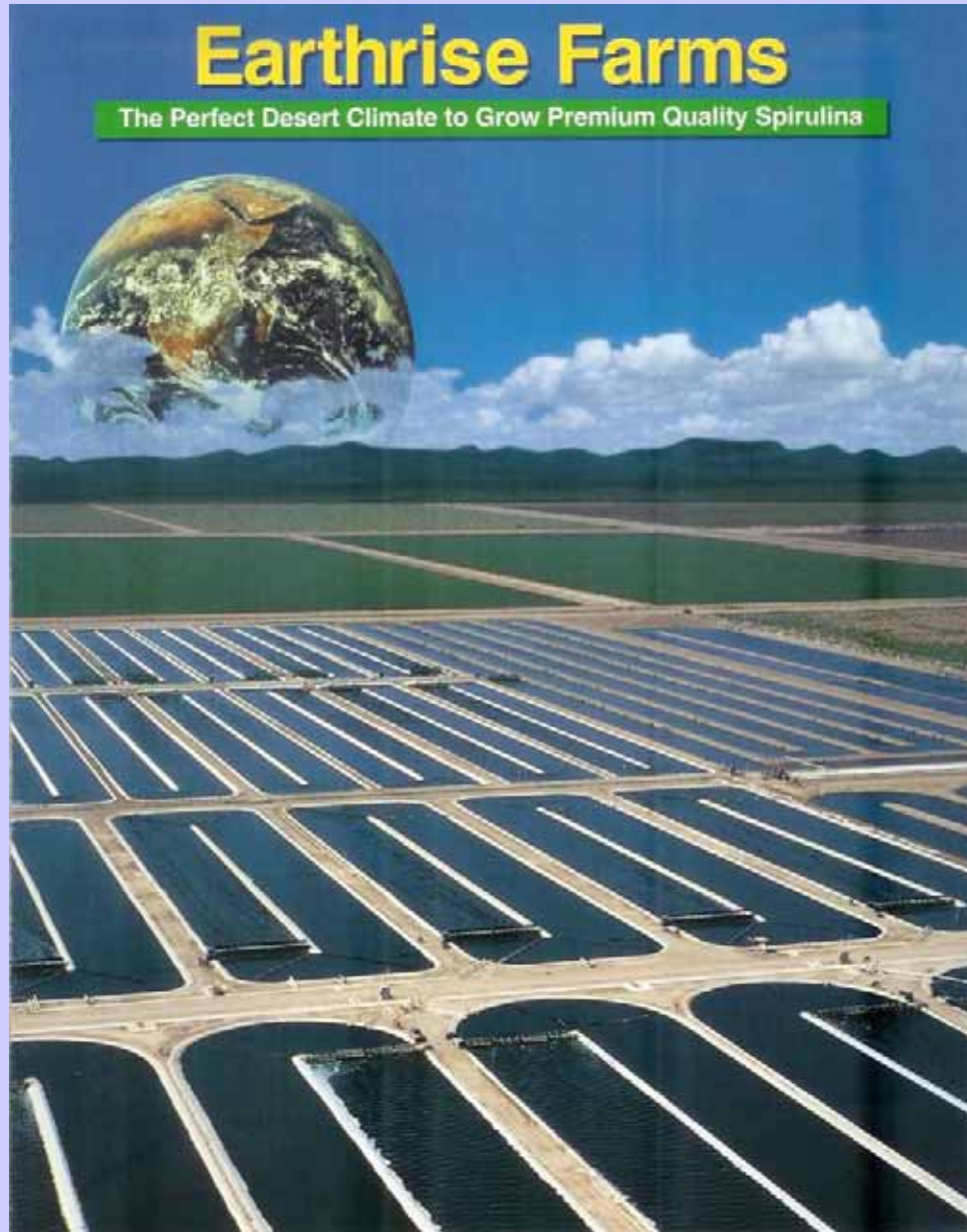
**Open Ponds
since 1950
Taiwan & Japan
round & oblong open ponds
mostly mixotrophic cultivation**



Far East *Chlorella* and *Spirulina* Open Ponds



Earthrise *Spirulina*, Imperial Valley, CA, USA



Cyanotech Co Hawaii, USA



Microbio Resources, Imperial Valley, Calipatria, CA, USA



An aerial view of the
production facility in
Calipatria.

Cognis *Dunaliella*, Whyalla, Australia



Whyalla SA, אוסטרליה

Image © 2008 DigitalGlobe
Image © 2008 TerraMetrics
Image NASA

©2008 Google™

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23 אוקטובר 2006

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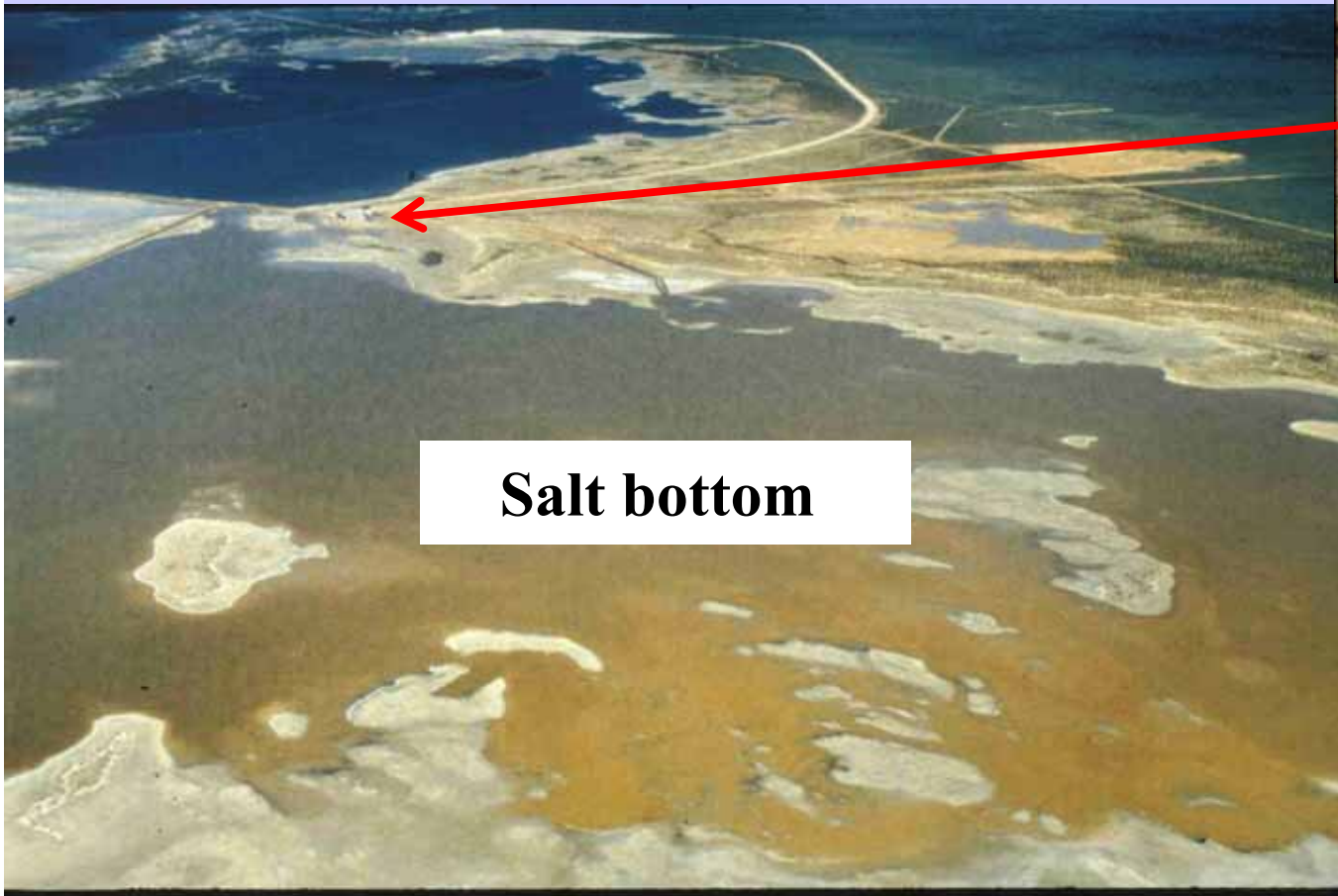
Cognis, Whayalla, Australia

Large Scale *Dunaliella* Cultivation

Harvesting Facilities



Salt bottom



Algae Cultivation



Dunaliella, Hutt Lagoon, West Australia





Dunaliella
Health Food Supplement
Commercial Plant
Intensive Cultivation



NBT Ltd., Nikken Sohonsa Co. (1975)
***Dunaliella* 10 Hectares Plant, Eilat, Israel**

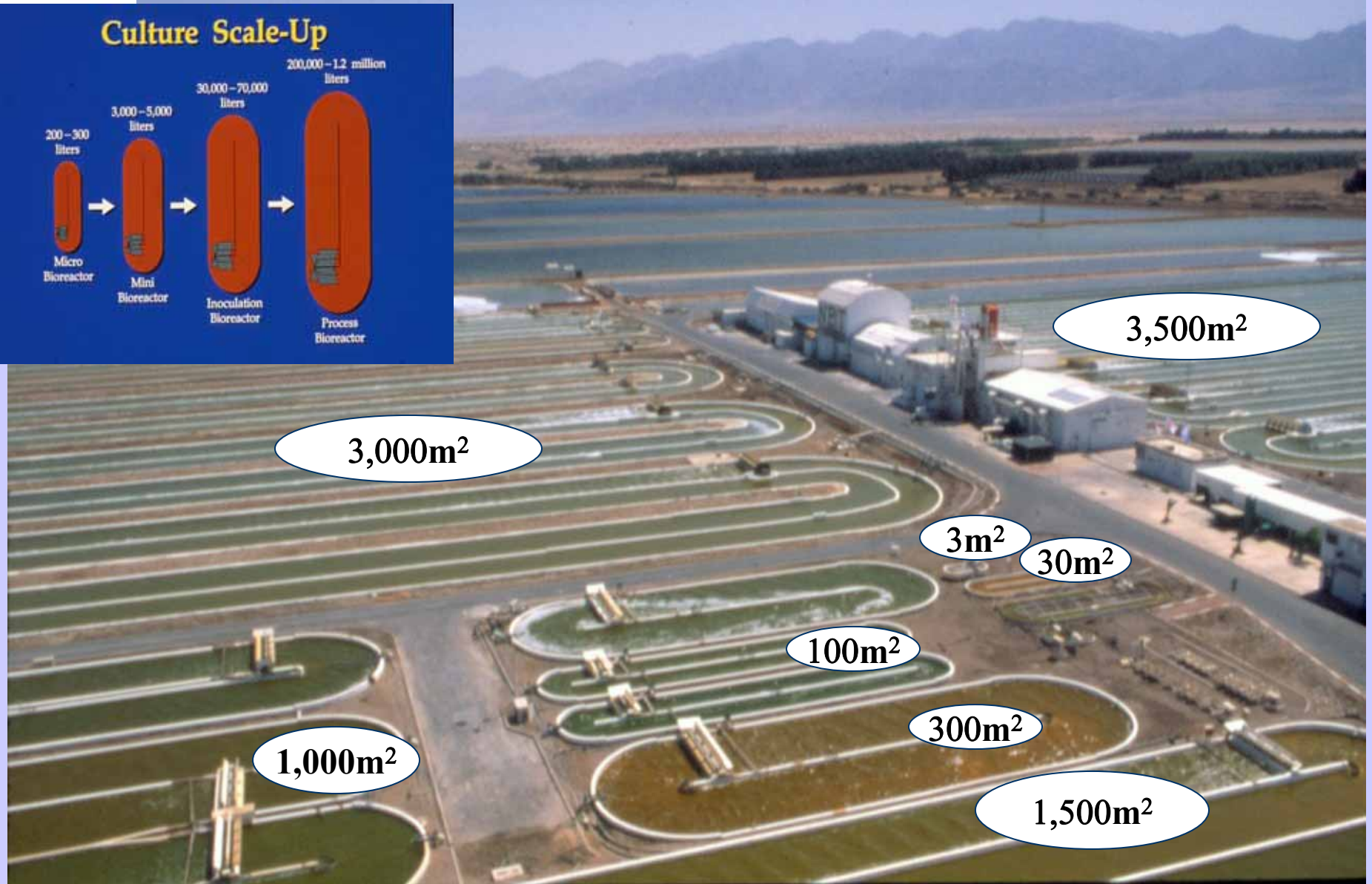
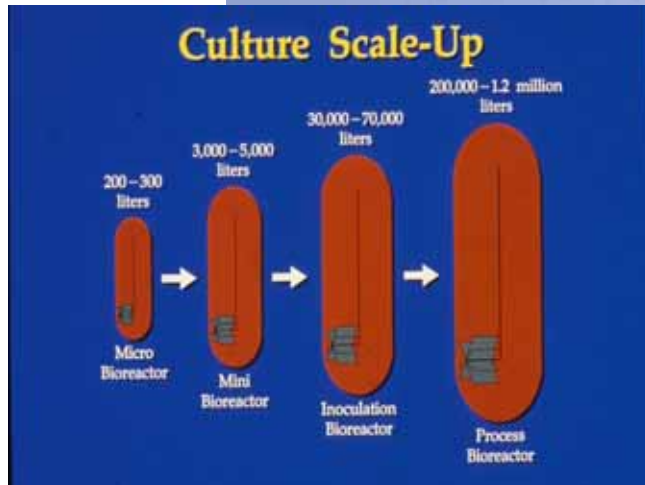


$$\int h v_x dt$$



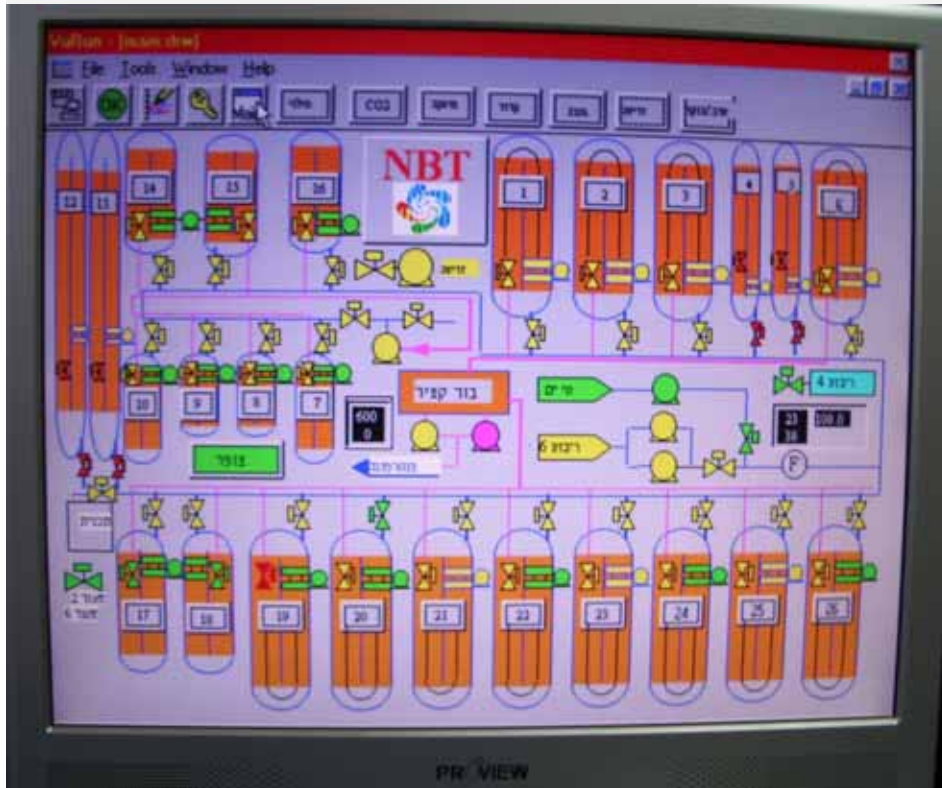


Dunaliella Scale Up



Dunaliella Biotechnology

PC Control





Dunaliella

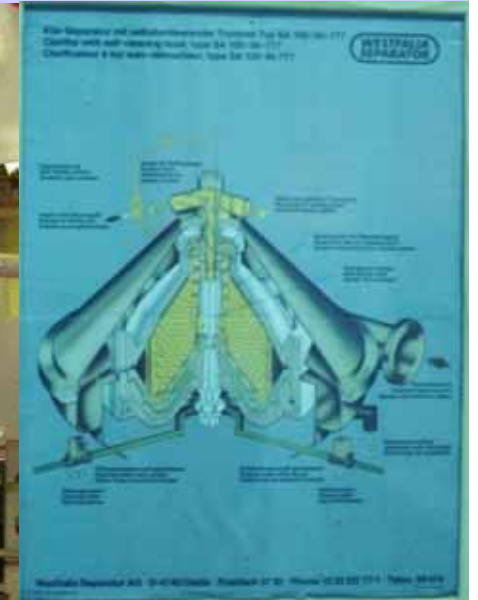
Biotechnology

Processing

Dunaliella Harvesting Westphalia Ltd., Continuous Centrifuges



60m³/hr



Dunaliella Paste (~15%)



Dunaliella Spray Dryer



Dunaliella

Spray Dried β -Carotene Algal Powder



Japan & Far East Market Price
~\$4,000/kg algal AFDA
(β-Carotene Health Food)

Japan



Raw algae
Israel



Dunaliella β -Carotene Capsules 100 yen/capsule



**300 mg dry powder/cap
20 mg β -carotene
9-cis/all-trans 1:1**

Dunaliella Health Food Powder

Door to door marketing by 500,000 sale agents in the Far East



自然からの贈り物
天然カロチノイドをカプセルにつめ込んだ栄養食品

「ドナリエラハードカプセル」は、不規則な生活の方、野菜嫌いの方、アルコール摂取の多い方、ストレスのたまりやすい方などに気軽に安心して天然カロチノイドが摂取できる優れた栄養食品です。

天然の良さを生かして...

私たちが健康に生き抜くためには、安全で健康な食物を毎日摂ることが必要です。その中でも特に、緑黄色野菜に含まれる天然カロチノイドは健康維持に欠かすことができません。ドナリエラハードカプセルは、天然カロチノイドがニンジンのおよそ900倍以上含まれる。まさにスーパー緑黄色野菜と呼ぶにふさわしい栄養食品です。

現代の食生活において、化学物質や環境ホルモンなど、生活習慣病を引き起こす要因はまさに化学製品によるものが多く考えられています。

天然の良さは、人間の健康維持のために必要なさまざまな成分が含まれており、これらの互いの働きによって、安全かつ多くの体に良い作用が発揮されることです。

天然カロチノイド含有食品
ドナリエラ Dunaliella
ハードカプセル

クロスタンの
株式会社 日健総本社



MULTI CAROTENOIDS
SUPER Dunaliella
スーパー
ドナリエラ フィト PHYTO

さらに進化したドナリエラパーダウィル培養技術による
ドナリエラ最強の抗酸化作用=フィトエン含有
濃縮された天然カロチノイドが体内脂肪の酸化を防ぐ、スーパー緑黄色野菜

通常のドナリエラ培養技術による抗酸化作用を引き起こす物質は、紫外線照射に依存した通常の生活の中で多く摂取されています。また、不規則な食生活や過度なストレスにより、ドナリエラ培養技術による抗酸化作用が不足しています。

【ドナリエラスーパーフィト】はドナリエラパーダウィル培養技術により、天然カロチノイドを濃縮した「ドナリエラ」を原料とし、さらに「ドナリエラ」の持つ抗酸化作用をさらに強化した「ドナリエラスーパーフィト」を開発しました。

【ドナリエラスーパーフィト】は特にフィトエンを多く含み、紫外線照射により、ドナリエラ培養技術による抗酸化作用がさらに強化された「ドナリエラスーパーフィト」を開発しました。天然の良さは、人間の健康維持に必要不可欠な成分であり、その働きによって、安全かつ多くの体に良い作用が発揮されます。

Dunaliella
Dunaliella
Dunaliella
Dunaliella

株式会社 日健総本社

Open Ponds & Closed Bioreactors

The key Questions:

Cost of construction & operation

Light

Contamination

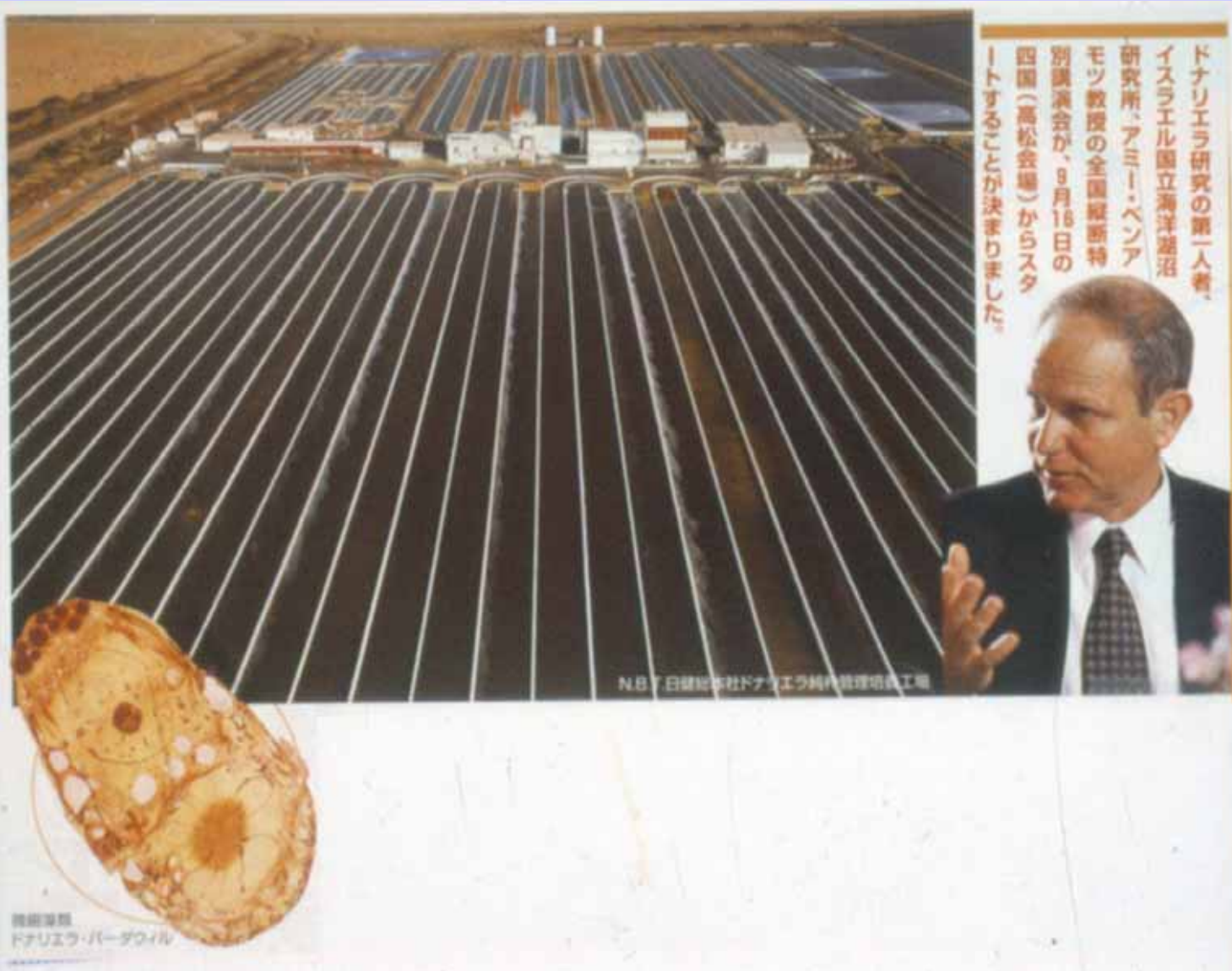
Cleaning

Maintenance

Productivity



Nature Beta Technologies Ltd. (NBT) Nikken Sohonsa Co Sharing our know-how



Annual Microalgae Production Costs
NBT *Dunaliella* Plant versus Alternative Bio-Fuel Algal Plant
(10 Hectares Plant Open Ponds)

	<i>Dunaliella</i> NBT Ltd., Eilat, 2008	Alternative Algal Plant 2008(?)
	Cost in US\$/year	
Manpower	500,000 (20 workers)	?
Electricity (\$0.125/KW)	180,000	?
Fertilizers (N,P,K, Fe) and other chemicals	36,000	?
Domestic Land City Taxes	50,000	?
CO ₂ (\$500/ton)	150,000	?
Sea Water (\$0.25/m3)	200,000	?
Fresh Water	20,000	?
Other supplies and Miscellaneous	30,000	?
Total	<u>1,166,000</u>	?
Yearly production of dry algae biomass	70 tons (2g/m2/day)	?
Cost of 1Kg dry microalgae	<u>\$17.00/kg</u>	<u>\$0.34/kg ???</u>
Market Price	\$4,000/kg algal AFDA (β-Carotene Health Food) Total sale ~\$100 million/year	Algae cost for bio-fuel should be below \$0.5/kg algal AFDW

**How to reduce
the
Cost of Algae
Production?**

Electric Power Stations

Burn: oil, gas, coal and mix

Use: sea water for cooling

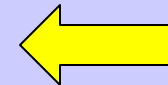
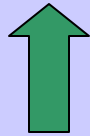
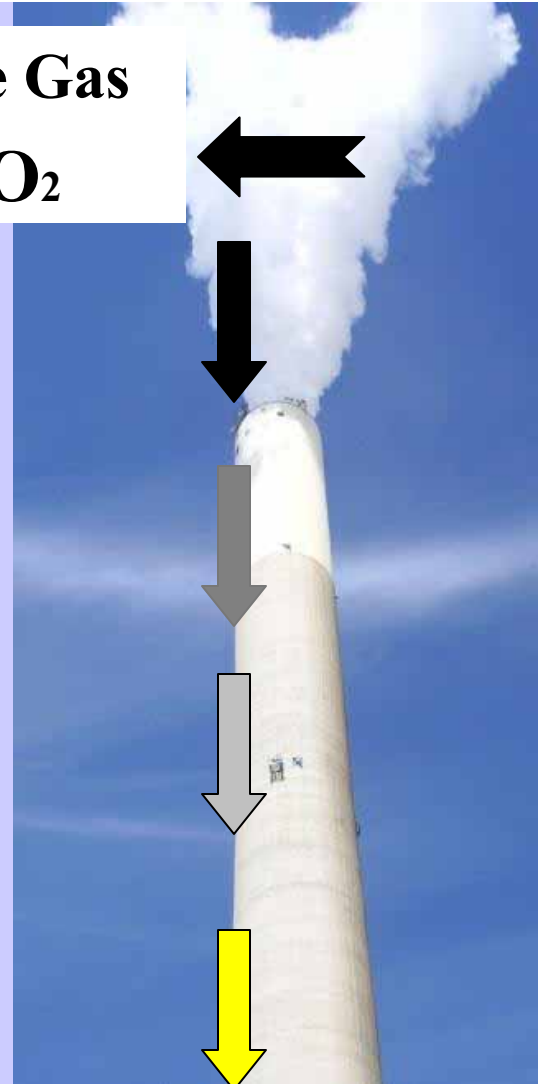
Average mid-large station emits ~ 4,000 ton CO₂ per hr

CO₂ emission, 4-14%, plus NO_x, plus minerals, plus?

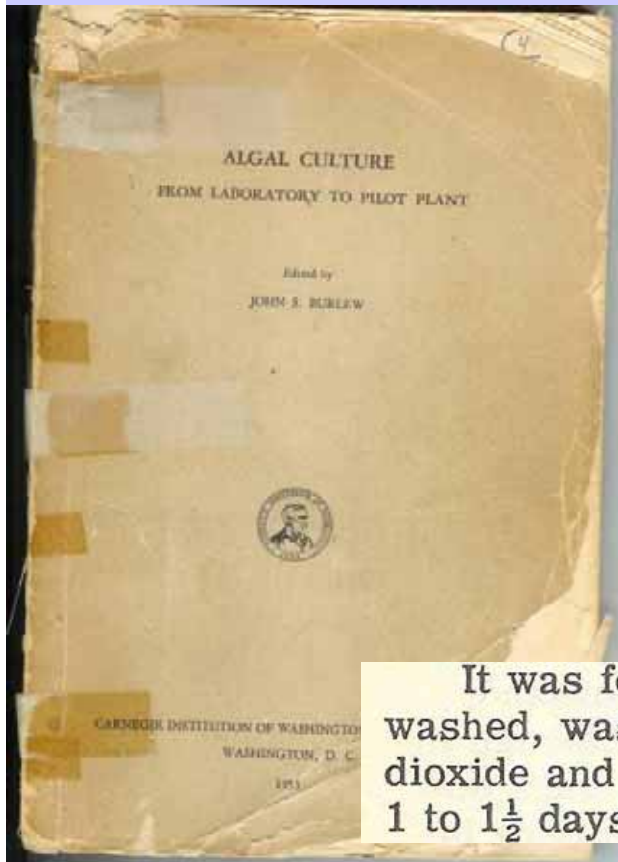


Algae ?

Flue Gas
CO₂



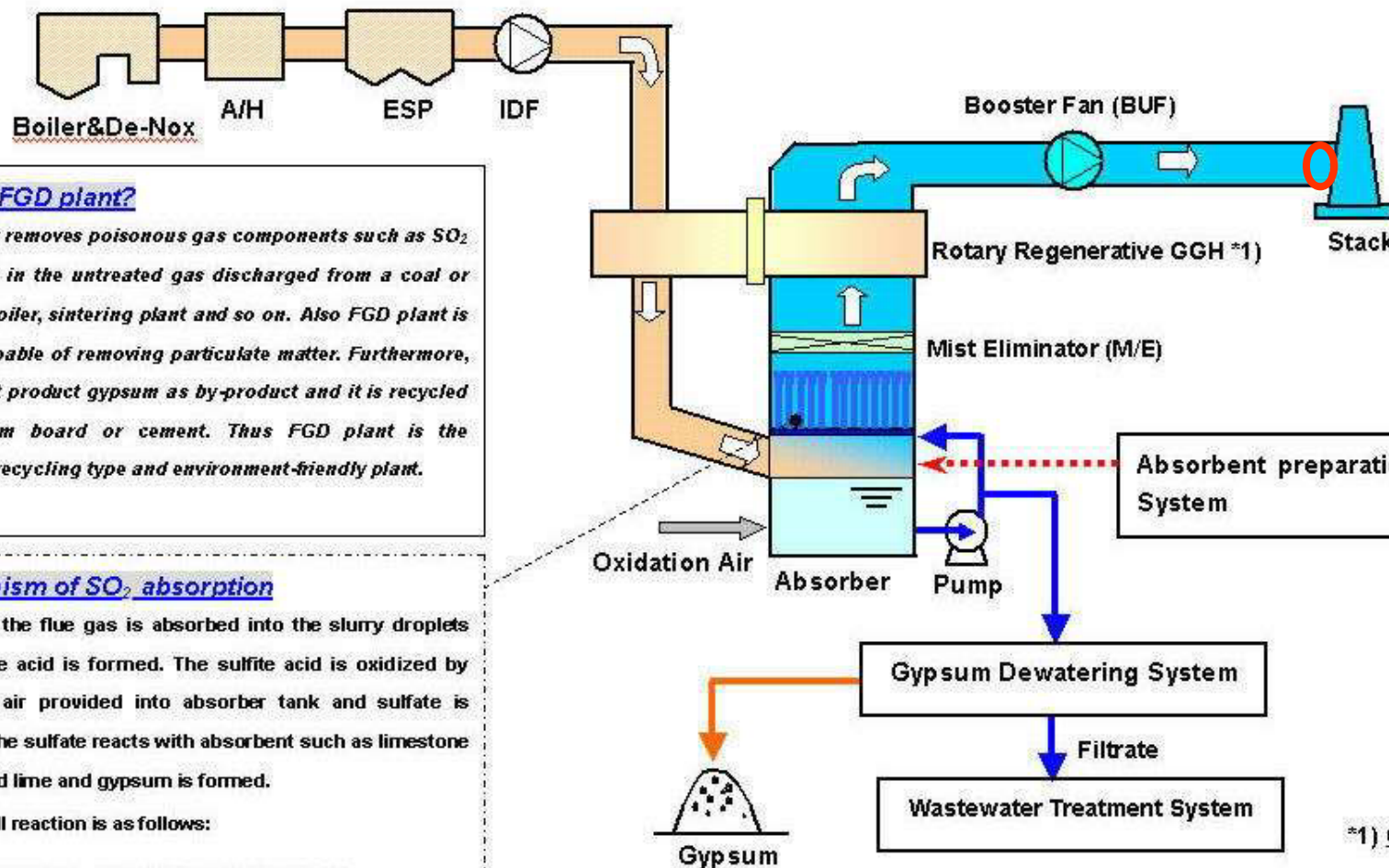
The “Algal Bible”:
“Algal Culture, From Laboratory to Pilot Plant”
John S. Burlew (Ed.), 1953:
“Flue Gas is Toxic to Algae”! SO₂ & H₂S toxicity



It was found that the carbon dioxide (from cylinders filled here), if unwashed, was extremely toxic to the algae because of the presence of sulfur dioxide and hydrogen sulfide, which resulted in the death of the cultures in 1 to 1½ days. The gas had to be washed by passing through alkaline per-

Flue Gas Desulphurization (FGD, SO₂ Scrubbing)

FGD the art technology used for removing sulfurdioxide-of-is the current state (I to generate from the exhaust flue gases in power plants that burn coal or oi (2SO neratorsthe steam for the steam turbines that drive their electricity ge



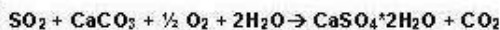
What's FGD plant?

FGD plant removes poisonous gas components such as SO₂ contained in the untreated gas discharged from a coal or oil-fired boiler, sintering plant and so on. Also FGD plant is highly capable of removing particulate matter. Furthermore, FGD plant product gypsum as by-product and it is recycled as gypsum board or cement. Thus FGD plant is the resource-recycling type and environment-friendly plant.

Mechanism of SO₂ absorption

SO₂ from the flue gas is absorbed into the slurry droplets and sulfite acid is formed. The sulfite acid is oxidized by oxidation air provided into absorber tank and sulfate is formed. The sulfate reacts with absorbent such as limestone and slaked lime and gypsum is formed.

The overall reaction is as follows:

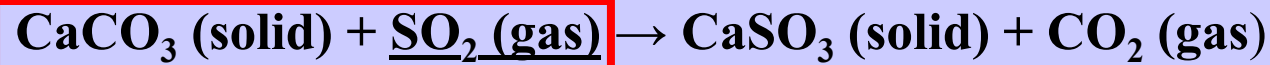


*1) Gas-Gas Heater

Flue Gas Desulphurization (FGD SO₂ chemistry) Scrubbing with a basic solid or solution

SO₂ is an acid gas and thus the typical sorbent slurries or other materials used to remove the SO₂ from the flue gases are alkaline.

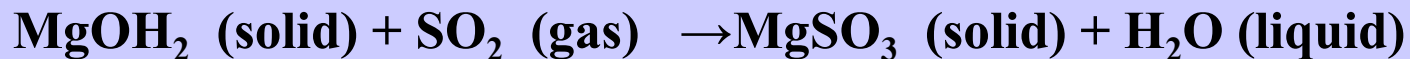
The reaction is taking place in **wet scrubbing** using limestone, CaCO₃ to calcium sulphite, CaSO₃ that can be expressed as:



When wet scrubbing with a Ca(OH)₂ (lime slurry), the reaction also produces CaSO₃ (calcium sulphite) and can be expressed as:



When wet scrubbing with a Mg(OH)₂ (magnesium hydroxide slurry), the reaction produces MgSO₃ (magnesium sulphite) and can be expressed as:



Some FGD systems go a step further and oxidize CaSO₃ (calcium sulphite) to produce marketable CaSO₄.2H₂O (gypsum):

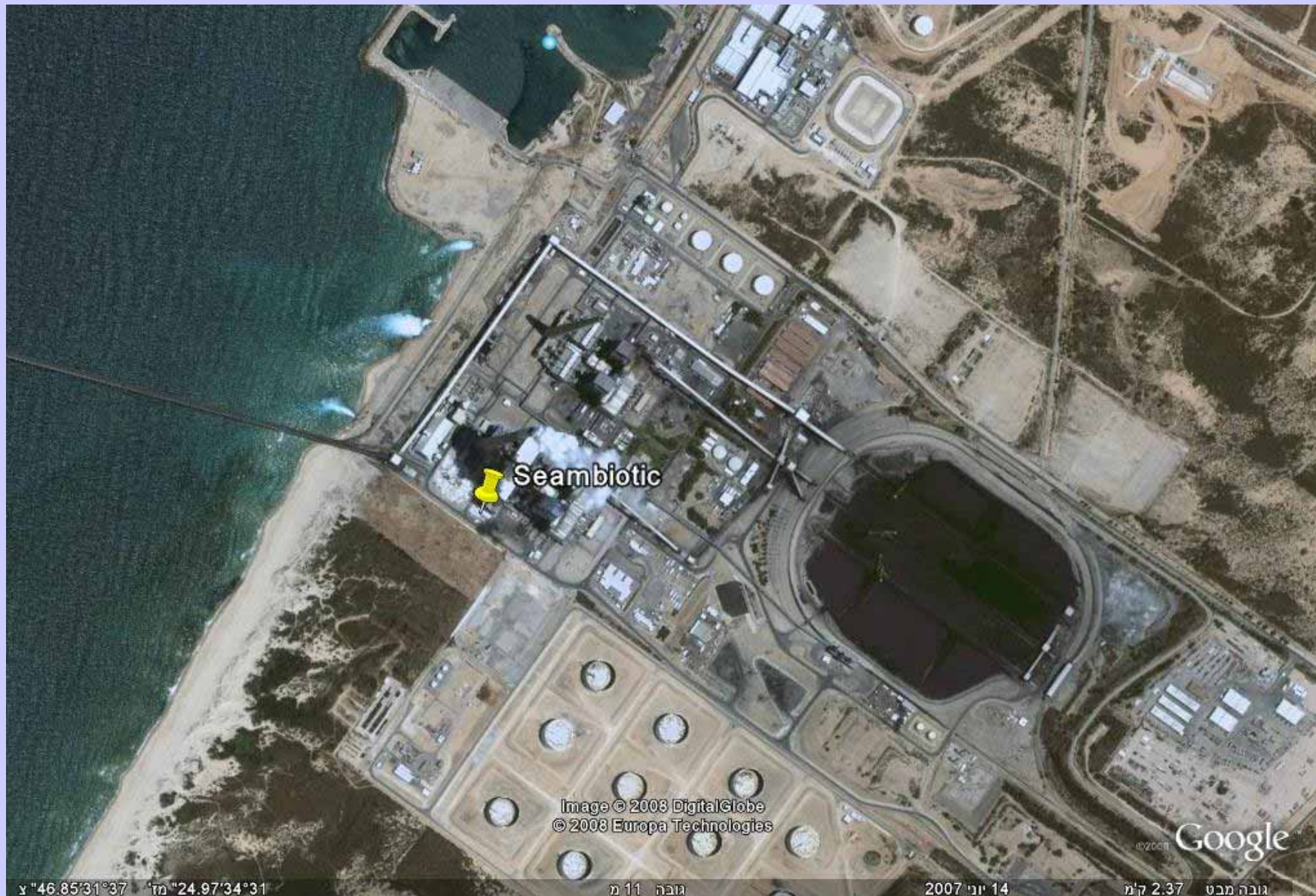


Israel Electric Corporation Four Power Plants all coal One is FGD Plant (Ashkelon)



Seambiotic Algae Pilot Plant

Within the IEC Power Plant area, Ashkelon, Israel



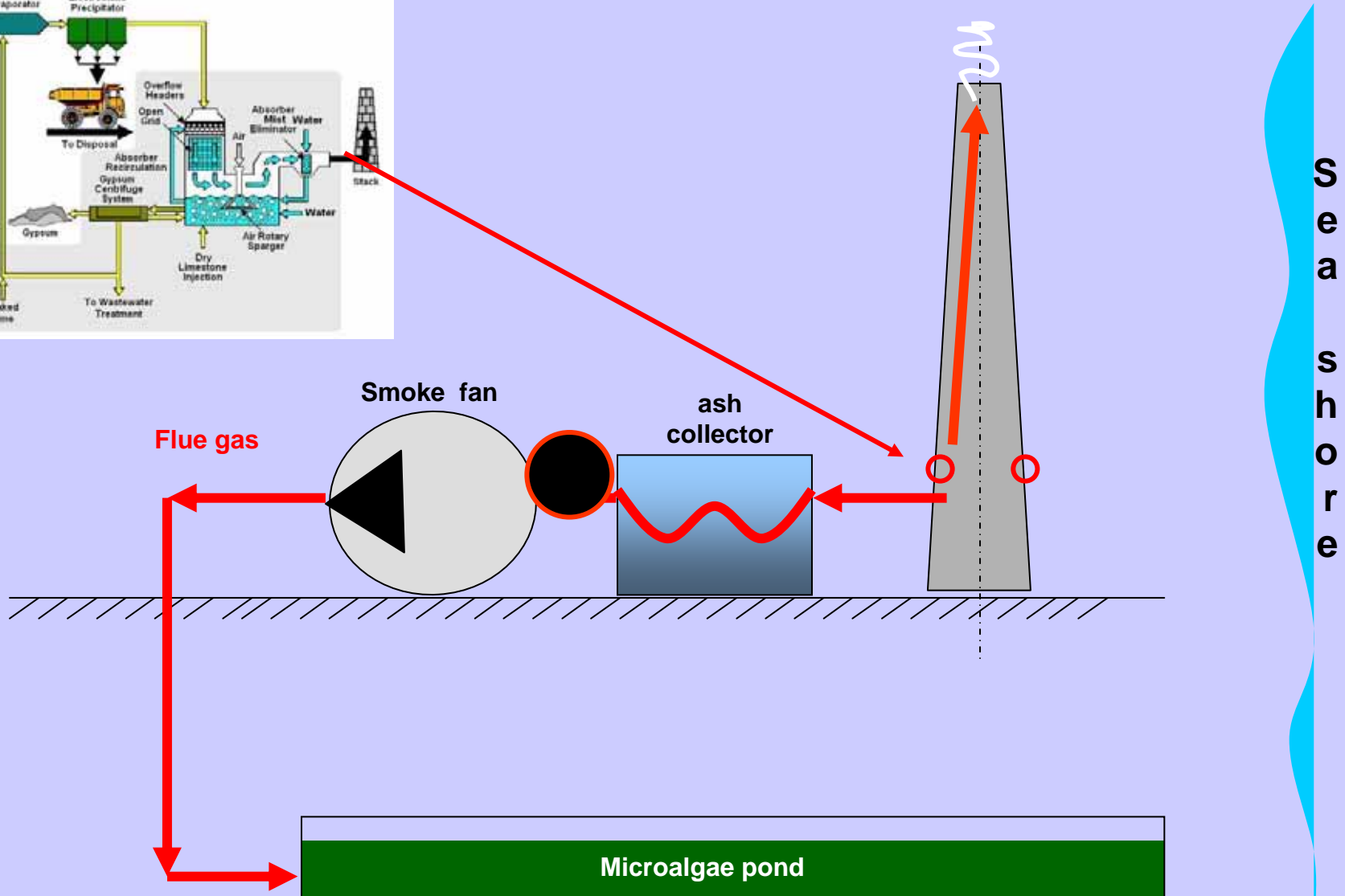
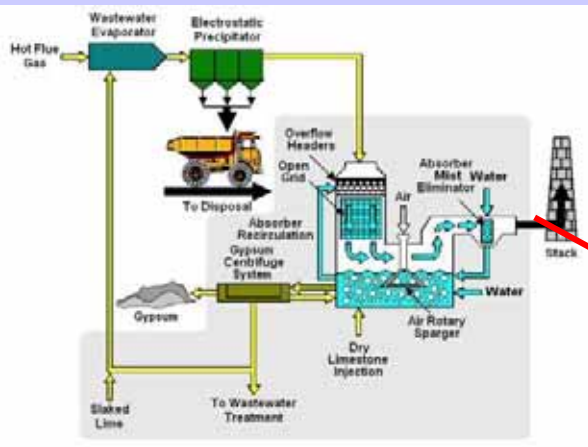
IEC Power Plant Ashkelon, Israel

Only one FGD chimney (out of 8 in Israel)



IEC CO₂- Generation Basic Scheme

“Please make holes in the smokestack for algae”



Israel Electric Corporation

The connections to the chimney (FGD 2 units)



FGD Power Station, Ashkelon, Israel (431 ton CO₂ /hr, 10,344 /day)

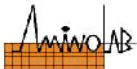


Ruthenberg Power Station, Units III&IV.		Unit Nominal Load 550MW					
I. Coal		LHV =	6170	kcal/kg			
	C,% =	65.26	H ₂ O,% =	10.99			
	H,% =	4.53	Ash,% =	8.85			
	S,% =	0.63	N,% =	1.25			
	O,% =	8.49					
II. Theoretical Flue Gas Composition.			Excess Air=	100.00%			
	V ⁰ =	6.74	V ⁰ _{CO2} =	1.22	@6%O ₂	Alfa =	1.4
	V ⁰ _{H2O} =	0.748	V ⁰ _{N2} =	5.33			
	V ⁰ _{SO2} =	4.41E-03	V ⁰ _{dry} =	6.55			
	Vgas ^{alfa} =	8.743	Vgas ^{6%O2} =	10.04			
III. Real Gas Composition		(Gas temperature 140 -50 C, density 1.3 kg/m3).					
Unit Load		550MW		341MW		181MW	
Excess Air		1.21		1.44		1.7	
	Calculated		Measured	Calculated		Calculated	
	Before FGD	After FGD		Before FGD	After FGD	Before FGD	After FGD
Gas Volume, Nm ³ /kg fuel	8.743	10.04		10.318	11.59	12.10	13.52
CO ₂ ,%	13.93	12.13	13.30	11.802	10.51	10.07	9.01
O ₂ ,%	16.19	14.10	4.7-5.12	6.04	5.37	8.19	6.10
N ₂ ,%	0.11	0.10		74.41	66.25	74.90	67.03
H ₂ O,%	7.31	22.31		7.71	19.33	6.81	19.19
SO ₂ ,ppmv	504.23	-	56-70	427	-	364.37	-
H ₂ S,%	~0			~0		~0	~0
NO _x ,ppmv	297.00	300	190-200	292	260	249	223
SO ₃ ,mg/Nm ³	~5						
CO,mg/Nm ³	287		~250	243		208	186
CH _{condensable}	No data			No data		No data	No data
Sulfur	~0			~0		~0	~0
Particles,mg/Nm ³	46						

Flue Gas Processing Inside the FGD Chimney



Analysis of the FGD Flue Gas Mist Many Minerals at Low pH (variety of coals)



אמינולאב בע"מ - שרותי מעבדה אנליטיים לתעשייה, מזון, רפואה, חקלאות, מחקר ואיכות הסביבה
 סניף ראשי - קרית ויצמן, ת.ד. 4074 נס ציונה 70400 טל: 08-9303333 פקס: 08-9303300
 סניף צפון - הידעונים 19, ת.ד. 1033 כרמיאל 20100 טל: 04-9586916 פקס: 04-9582154

14/03/2007
 דו"ח מס' C1695

לכבוד
 מר משה כהן
 סימביוטיקס בע"מ
 מנדלי עזריאלי (1 בניין ענול)
 תל אביב 67021
 טל: 050-6709692
 פקס: cmoshec@gmail.com

תעודה לתוצאות בדיקה

הנדון:

תאריך קבלה: 05/03/2007

מס' אמינולאב: 10559.07-C
 תאור הדוגמה: FGD-Famm נוזל
 נוגע ע"י: הלקוח
 סוג הדגימה: לא ידוע

טענות הבדיקה:

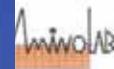
הערות	תוצאה	יחידות מידה	הבדיקה
1	<0.05	mg/L	סריקת מתכות מלאה ב- ICP
			כסף - Ag
	3	mg/L	אלומיניום - Al
	<0.1	mg/L	ארסן - As
	<0.1	mg/L	ברזן - B
	0.07	mg/L	בריום - Ba
	<0.05	mg/L	בריליום - Be
	5	mg/L	סידן - Ca
	<0.05	mg/L	קדמיום - Cd
	<0.05	mg/L	קובלט - Co
	0.06	mg/L	כרום - Cr
	31	mg/L	נחושת - Cu
	23	mg/L	ברזל - Fe
	<0.05	mg/L	כספית - Hg
	0.6	mg/L	אשלגן - K
	<0.05	mg/L	ליתיום - Li
	1	mg/L	מגנזיום - Mg
	0.2	mg/L	מנגן - Mn
	<0.05	mg/L	מוליבדן - Mo
	<0.5	mg/L	נתרן - Na
	1	mg/L	ניקל - Ni
	1	mg/L	זרחן - P
	2	mg/L	עופרת - Pb
	6347	mg/L	גופרית - S

בדק ע"י: ליליה איסאקוב חתימה: _____
 אושר ע"י: דר' צדוק שאבי - מנהל המחלקה חתימה: _____

יש להתייחס לתוצאות המופיעות במסמך זה כמלאים ואין להתייחס להם, זאת כולל או חלקם, למסמכים אחרים.
 התוצאות המופיעות משקפים במדויק את התוצאות של הדוגמה שמסרה לבדיקה, כפי שמתקבל במעבדה. אין לעשות שימוש במטה של
 אמינולאב בנייה או במטריקס שלה, בהקשר לתוצאות או הממצאים המצוינים במסמך זה אלא ובמקרה להישירה המפורטת במטה.



**Mist (H₂O)
 Flue Gas
 13% CO₂
 NO_x
 Minerals
 Low pH**



אמינולאב בע"מ - שרותי מעבדה אנליטיים לתעשייה, מזון, רפואה, חקלאות, מחקר ואיכות הסביבה
 סניף ראשי - קרית ויצמן, ת.ד. 4074 נס ציונה 70400 טל: 08-9303333 פקס: 08-9303300
 סניף צפון - הידעונים 19, ת.ד. 1033 כרמיאל 20100 טל: 04-9586916 פקס: 04-9582154

14/03/2007
 דו"ח מס' C1695

מס' אמינולאב: 10559.07-C

הערות	תוצאה	יחידות מידה	הבדיקה
	<0.05	mg/L	סידן - Ca
	0.1	mg/L	סידריום - Sr
	0.2	mg/L	טיטניום - Ti
	<0.05	mg/L	ווליום - V
	72	mg/L	צורן - Zn

הערות לבדיקה:
 (-) אין הערות.
 1. סריקת מתכות - תוצאות מלאה בקיבוצי 100 - לא נבדקו עקבות בדוגמה בנושא תוצאות המטריקס.

הערות	שיטה / נקוד	הבדיקה
	SOP CW-041	סריקת מתכות מלאה ב- ICP

העמדות והציוד:
 מעבדה מרכזת ויזמות ממשלתית לפי ISO/IEC 17025 הוא סקרנס סקאנס לנליזת נוזלים. מודלים .

בדק ע"י: ליליה איסאקוב חתימה: _____
 אושר ע"י: דר' צדוק שאבי - מנהל המחלקה חתימה: _____

יש להתייחס לתוצאות המופיעות במסמך זה כמלאים ואין להתייחס להם, זאת כולל או חלקם, למסמכים אחרים.
 התוצאות המופיעות משקפים במדויק את התוצאות של הדוגמה שמסרה לבדיקה, כפי שמתקבל במעבדה. אין לעשות שימוש במטה של
 אמינולאב בנייה או במטריקס שלה, בהקשר לתוצאות או הממצאים המצוינים במסמך זה אלא ובמקרה להישירה המפורטת במטה.

Ponds on Construction



Ponds on Construction



PVC Liner



FGD Gas

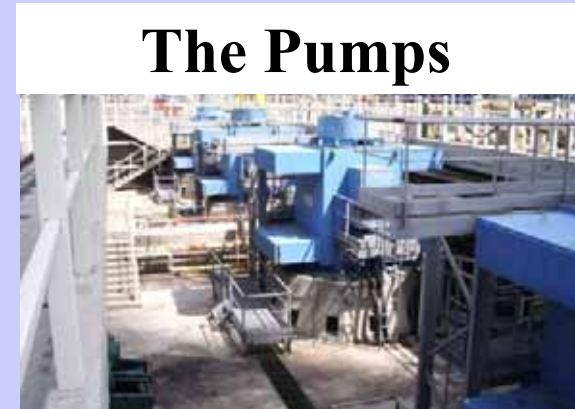
From the Chimney to the Algae Ponds



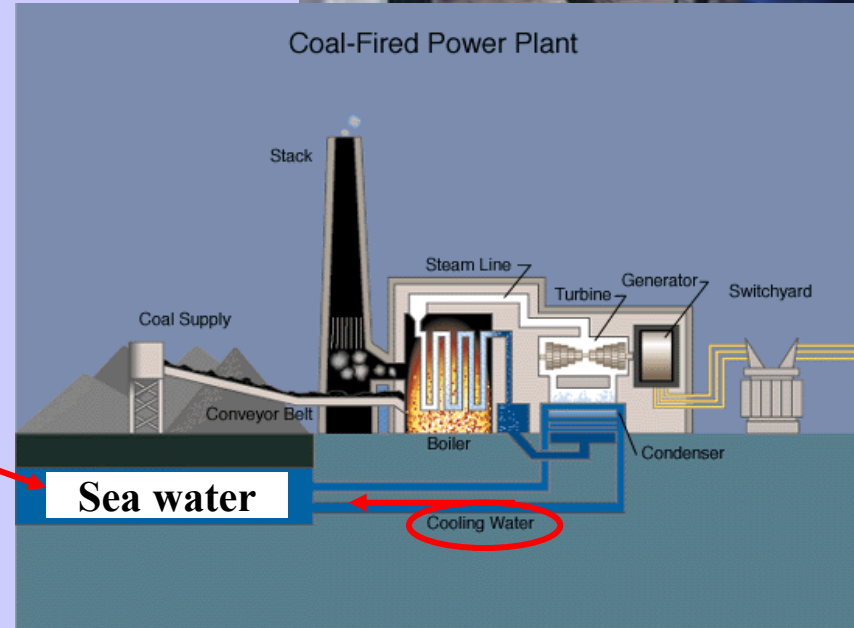
IEC Power Plant

Free Seawater Supply ~ 450,000 m³/hr
 (Filtered & Chlorinated)

Production Cost
Manpower
Electricity (\$0.125/KW)
Fertilizers (N,P,K, Fe) and other chemicals
Domestic Land City Taxes
CO ₂ (\$500/ton)
Free Sea Water
Fresh Water
Other supplies and Miscellaneous
Total
Yearly production of dry algae biomass
Cost of 1Kg dry microalgae ?



The Pumps



IEC Power Plant

Flue gas

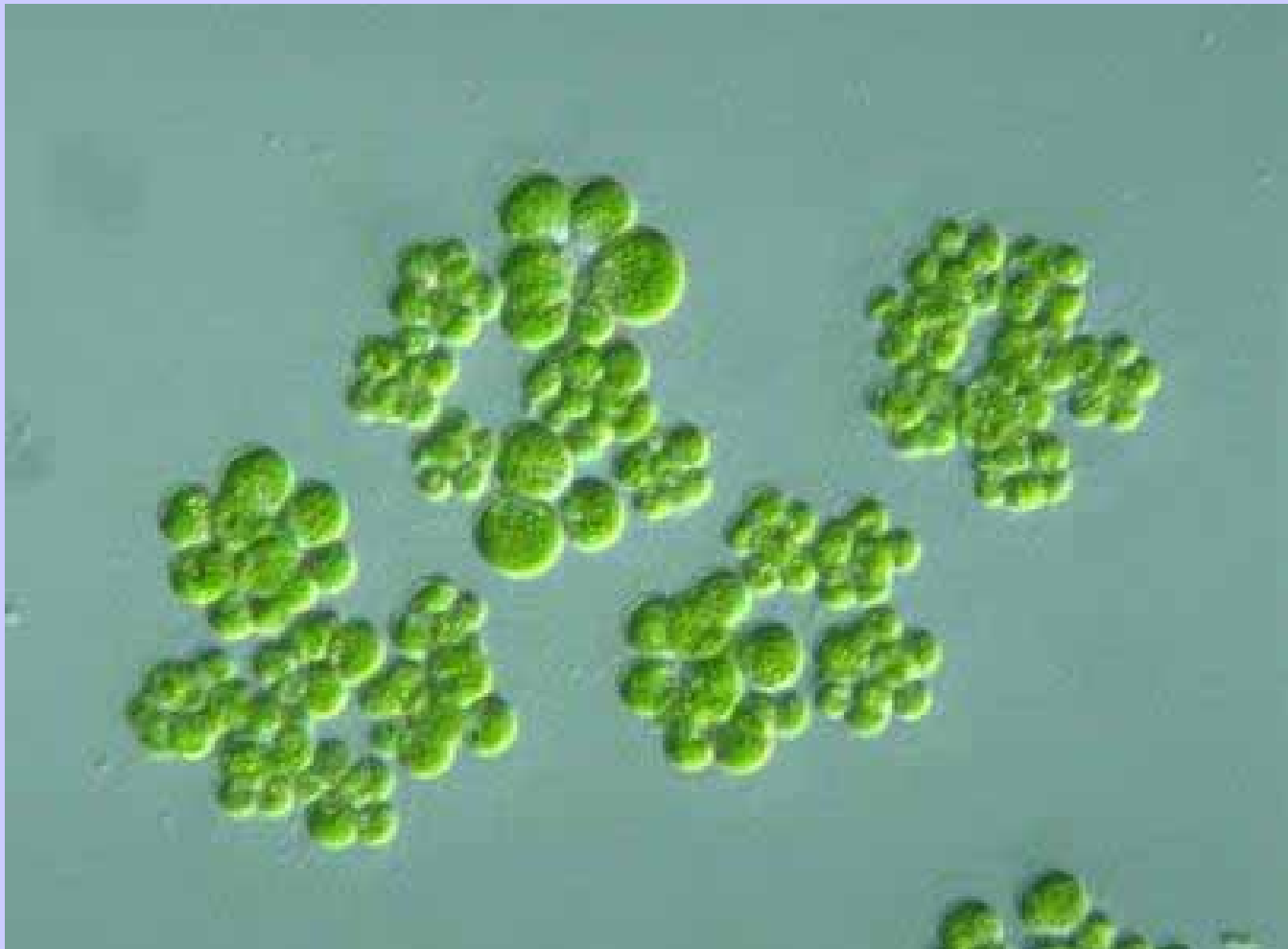
Free NO_x

N fertilizer(?)

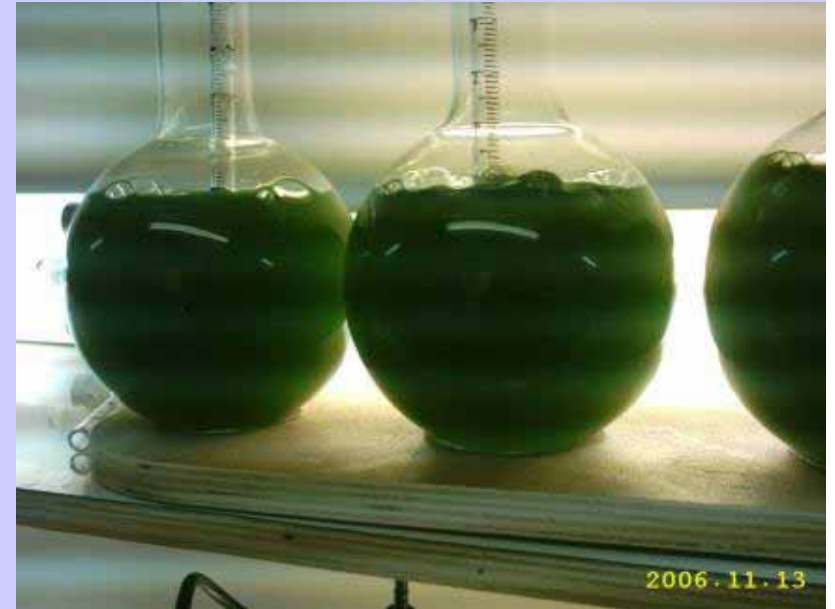
Production Cost
Manpower
Electricity (\$0.125/KW)
Fertilizers (N,P,K, Fe) and other chemicals
Domestic Land City Taxes
CO ₂ (\$500/ton)
Free Sea Water
Fresh Water
Other supplies and Miscellaneous
Total
Yearly production of dry algae biomass
Cost of 1Kg dry microalgae ?



Nannochloropsis
Eustigmatophyceae
Bio-Fuel or High W3 FA, EPA



Stock Algae Cultures in house



Stock Algae Cultures outside



Scale-Up Cultivation of *Nannochloropsis sp*

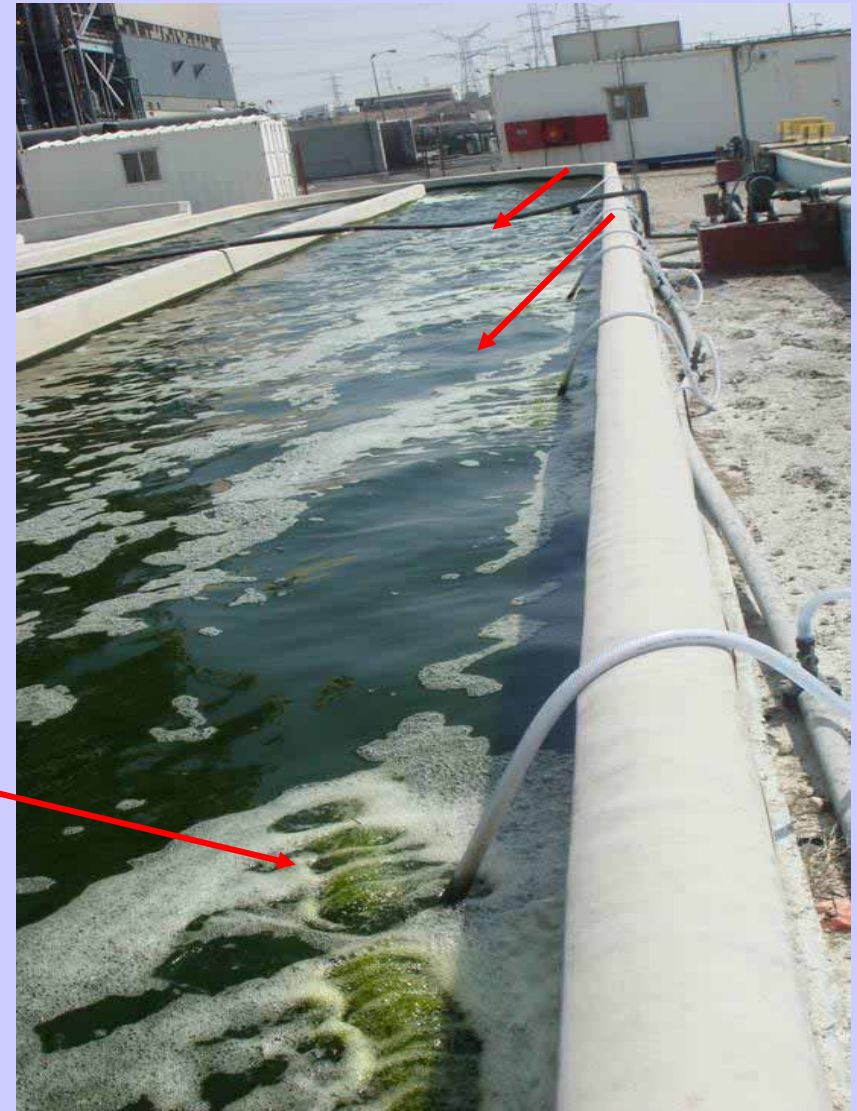


Coal Burning FGD Flue Gas

Superior Algal Growth!

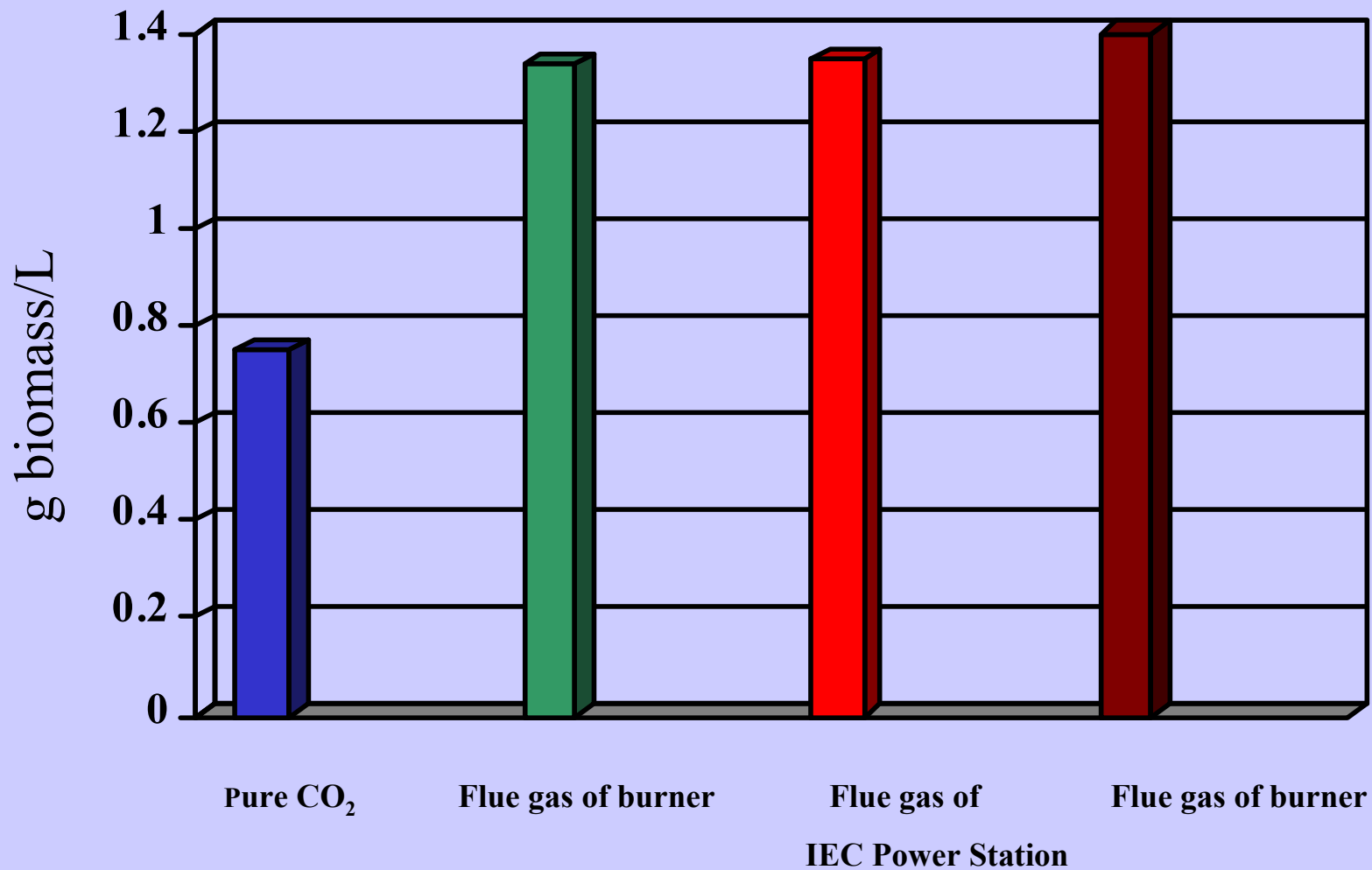
Algal density at depth of 20 cm ~ 1g algae/L

Production Cost
Manpower
Electricity (\$0.125/KW)
Fertilizers (N,P,K, Fe) and other chemicals
Domestic Land City Taxes
*Free FGD CO₂
Sea Water (\$0.25/m ³)
Fresh Water
Other supplies and Miscellaneous
Total
Yearly production of dry algae biomass
Cost of 1Kg dry microalgae ?



Nannochloropsis Grows better on Coal FGD Flue Gas than on Pure CO₂

1. Pure CO₂
2. Flue gas
3. Flue gas from the Power Plant
4. Flue gas



Coal FGD Mist Minerals Content

“Coal Extract” superior to “Soil Extract”

Seambiotic

דיגוס: 05/08/2008 00:00 תנאי שמירת חדונמא וחחובלח:

תאור בדיקה	יחידת מידח	תחום מותר	תוצאח
כספית (Hg) ב-AA	מייג/ליטר		<0.001
סריקת מתכות ב-ICP	-	ראה רשימה	
כסף (Ag) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
אלומיניום (Al) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.733
ארסן (As) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.020
ברזן (B) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		7.69
בריום (Ba) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.028
בריליום (Be) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.005
סידן (Ca) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		8.60
קדמיום (Cd) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.005
קובלט (Co) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
כרום (Cr) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
נחושת (Cu) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
ברזל (Fe) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.381
כספית (Hg) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
אשלגן (K) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.092
ליתיום (Li) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
מגנזיום (Mg) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		1.40
מנזן (Mn) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.012
פוליבידיום (Mo) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
נתרן (Na) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		3.21
ניקל (Ni) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010

דיגוס: 05/08/2008 00:00 תנאי שמירת חדונמא וחחובלח:

תאור בדיקה	יחידת מידח	תחום מותר	תוצאח
זרחן (P) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.011
עופרת (Pb) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
גופרית (S) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		29.0
אנטימון (Sb) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.020
סלניום (Se) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.020
סיליקון (Si) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.568
בדיל (Sm) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.020
סטרוניום (Sr) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.020
טיטניום (Ti) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.023
ונדיום (V) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		<0.010
אבץ (Zn) - ב-ICP	מייג/ליטר		0.539

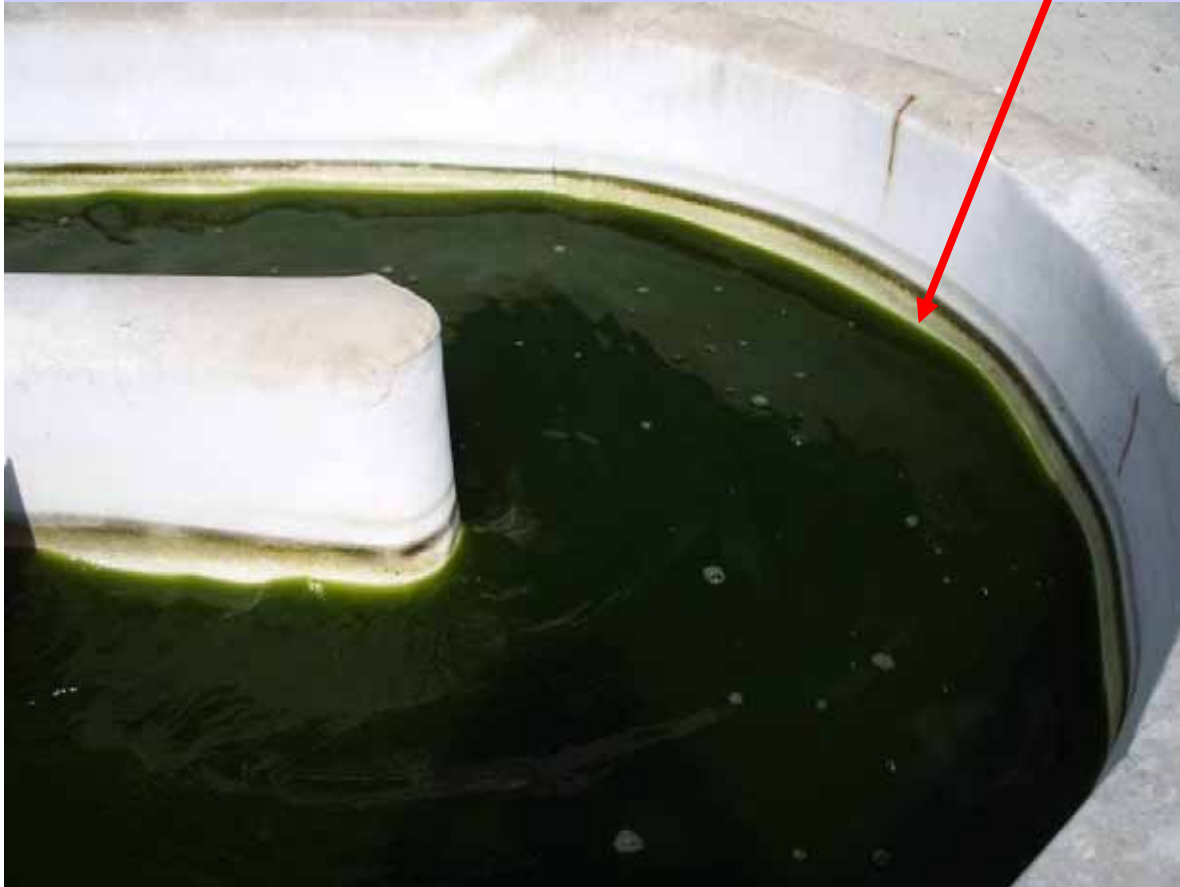


13.3 % CO₂
200 ppm NO_x
Minerals
Low pH

Natural Selection of Microalgae

by season and by the coal

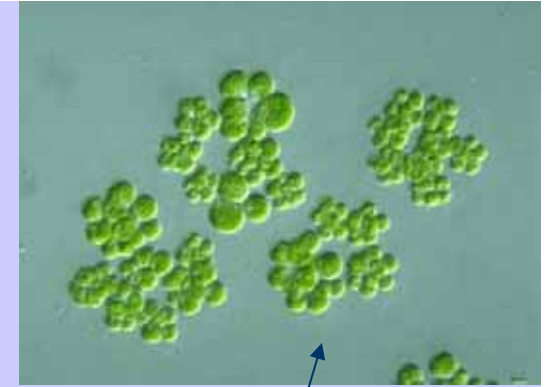
Spring-Summer Diatoms (brown/black)



Diatoms

Self Selected algae by the specified coal FGD flue gas
(spring-summer algae)





Coal FGD Algae Selection 2005-2008

Dunaliella, Chlorophyceae

Tetraselmis, Chlorophyceae

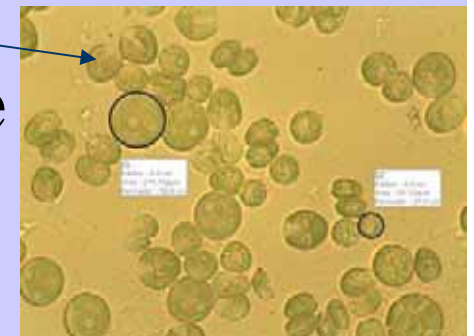
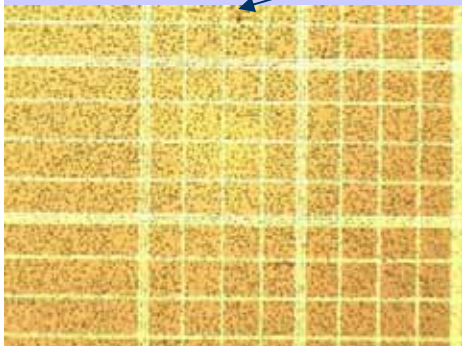
Nannochloropsis, Eustigmatophyceae

Nannochloris, Chlorophyceae

Chlorococcum, Chlorophyceae

Skeletonema, Bacillariophyceae

Navicula, Bacillariophyceae,



**Average Yearly Productivity
of
unicellular marine algae
on
FGD flue gas
in
open ponds
~20 g x m² x day⁻¹**

Photosynthetic Limitation of Long Term Algal Productivity

Max Theoretical Algal Productivity

25 g/m²/day

Environment Factor	Reduction	(%)
Solar light	-----	100
Scattering and reflecting properties of surface	10%	90
<i>Absorption spectrum (depth of culture)</i>	50%	45
Photosynthetic efficiency (25%)	75%	11.3
Light saturation (7-95%)	60%	4.5
Respiration, photo-respiration, excretion	5%	4.3
Photo-inhibition	10%	3.8
Temperature	20%	3.1
=====	=====	
	Productivity	
Mean daily solar intensity	4,000 kcal/ m ² /day	
Energy productivity at 3% efficiency	120 kcal/ m ² /day	
Algal biomass productivity (5 kcal/g)	25 g/m²/day	

Dunaliella Productivity NBT, 2 g/m²/day

Flue gas Algae Productivity, 20 g/m²/day

(Terrestrial plants productivity is up to 5 g/m²/day)

Feasible
Harvesting

Low Cost Algal Harvesting?

Seambiotic



Algae Centrifuges of Lower Cost



Basket Centrifuge

Decanter Centrifuge



Seambiotic

Auto-flocculation (Diatoms)



Harvesting by Floc-Filtration

Seambiotic



Dunaliella induced Flocculation



Dunaliella Biopolymer-Flocculation



Co-Bio-Flocculation

Nannochloropsis & diatoms



Annual Microalgae Production Costs
NBT *Dunaliella* Plant versus Seamibiotic/IEC FGD Plant
(10 Hectares Plant)

	<i>Dunaliella</i> NBT Ltd., Eilat	Seamibiotic/IEC Plant (estimated)
	Cost in US\$/year	
Manpower	500,000 (20 workers)	120,000 (8 workers)
Electricity (\$0.125/KW) & residual energy	180,000	30,000
Fertilizers (N,P,K, Fe) and other chemicals	36,000	36,000
Domestic Land Taxes	50,000	10,000
CO₂	150,000	5,000
Sea Water	200,000	5,000
Fresh Water	20,000	10,000
Other supplies and Miscellaneous	30,000	20,000
Total	<u>1,166,000</u>	<u>236,000</u>
Yearly production of dry algae biomass	70 tons (2g/m ² /day)	700 tons (20g/m ² /day)
Cost per 1Kg dry microalgae	\$17.00	\$0.34
Market Price	\$4,000 β-Carotene Health Food	For Bio-Fuel cost should be below \$0.5/kg algal dw

**From the Algae
to
Bio-Fuel**

Seambiotic made algae available in large quantity



Seambiotic

Seambiotic frozen algae stock

7 tons/1,000m²/year



Seambiotic

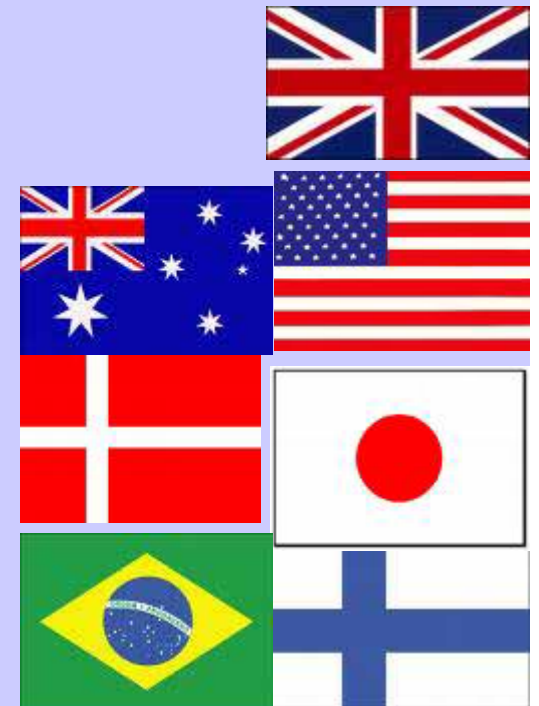
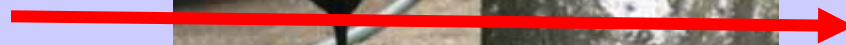
Seambiotic

**Extraction and Processing
of lipids and carbohydrates
to bio-diesel & bio-ethanol & protein**

**Algal paste (a few tons) were shipped frozen or dried
from
Seambiotic Ltd., Israel
to
processing trials**



Israel



Nannochloropsis, **Bio-Diesel**

Seambiotic & Inventure



Nannochloropsis Bio-Diesel (marine algae smell)

Certificate of Analysis



Certificate of Analysis

Customer: Seambiotic Date : 4/29/2008
B/L# : NA Time :
P.O.# : NA Batch# : SEA42908
Quantity : Received unknwn microalgae for processing
Product Certified: Algae biodiesel

Results from Certification Sample

	Method	Minimum	Maximum	Results
Flash Point, deg C	(ASTM D 93)	130.0		>130
Kinematic Viscosity, cSt @ 40C	(ASTM D 445)	1.9	6.0	3.5
Cloud Point, deg C	(ASTM D 2500)	-2.0		< -2
Specific Gravity @ 60f	(ASTM D 1298)	0.85	0.90	0.880
Acid Number, mg KOH, gm	(ASTM D 664)		0.5	0.20
Free Glycerin	(ASTM D 6584)		0.02	<0.01
Total Glycerin	(ASTM D 6584)		0.24	0.20
Appearance	(Visual)	B&C		B&C

Tested by _____
Q/C control

Inventure Chemical, Inc.
1741 First Ave. S, third floor
Seattle, WA 98134
Phone# (206)-753-0258
www.inventurechem.com



Certificate of Analysis

Customer: Seambiotic Date : 4/29/2008
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Cloud Point, deg C	(ASTM D 2500)	-2.0		< -2
Specific Gravity @ 60f	(ASTM D 1298)	0.85	0.90	0.880
Acid Number, mg KOH, gm	(ASTM D 664)		0.5	0.20
Free Glycerin	(ASTM D 6584)		0.02	<0.01
Total Glycerin	(ASTM D 6584)		0.24	0.20
Appearance	(Visual)	B&C		B&C

Tested by _____
Q/C control

Inventure Chemical, Inc.
1741 First Ave. S, third floor
Seattle, WA 98134
Phone# (206)-753-0258
www.inventurechem.com

Algae Bio-Ethanol



Certificate of Analysis

Customer: GreenFuel Technologies Date : 02/07/07
B/L# : NA Time : NA
P.O.# : NA Batch# : GFT011007
Quantity : Processed de-fatted algae pulp, material evaporated to concentrate
Initial 2000 grams of algae
* material not distilled

Product Certified: Algae ethanol

Results from Certification Sample

	Method	Minimum	Maximum	Results
Flash Point, deg C	(ASTM D 93)	Report		25.0
Ethanol %wt	GC	Report		78.3*
Methanol %wt	GC		0.50	NA
Acid Number, mg KOH, gm	(ASTM D 664)		0.5	0.46
Specific Gravity @ 60F	(ASTM D 1298)	0.75	0.87	0.87
Appearance	(Visual)	B&C		B&C

Tested by

Inventure Chemical Technologies LLC
2244 Port of Tacoma Road
Tacoma, WA, 98401
Phone# (253) 284-4302
Fax# (253) 284-4303



From the Algae
through lipids
Acid Transesterification
to
“Protein”

Seambiotic

Dried Algae

Diatoms



Nannochloropsis



Nannochloropsis High Value Protein, (essential amino acids)

University of Alabama,
Drs' Rusty Sutterlin & Thomas Mawhinney



Units Dept #	W/W% Insolubles	W/W% Solubles
Taurine	0.00	0.01
Hydroxyproline	0.00	0.00
Aspartic Acid	0.00	0.03
Threonine	0.00	0.00
Serine	0.00	0.00
Glutamic Acid	0.14	1.94
Proline	0.04	1.13
Lanthionine	0.00	0.05
Glycine	0.02	0.66
Alanine	0.04	1.24
Cysteine	0.01	0.01
Valine	0.03	1.26
Methionine	0.00	0.02
Isoleucine	0.01	0.43
Leucine	0.04	1.80
Tyrosine	0.02	0.64
Phenylalanine	0.03	0.95
Hydroxylysine	0.04	1.42
Ornithine	0.00	0.16
Lysine	0.03	0.44
Histidine	0.00	0.04
Arginine	0.01	0.07
Tryptophan	< 0.04	0.42
Total	0.46	12.72
Crude Protein*	8.73	41.80

* Percentage Nitrogen X 6.25. W/W%= grams per 100 grams of sample.
Results are expressed on an "as received" basis unless otherwise indicated.

Seambiotic

Flue Gas Microalgae Gross Chemistry

Protein (food & feed)

20-50%

Cellular Lipids (bio-diesel)

TG, DG, MG, Polar & Neutral

8-50%

Cellular Carbohydrates (bio-ethanol)

20-50%

Chlorophyceae: Starch (α (1 \rightarrow 4) glucose units

Most other classes: Chrysolaminarin (β (1 \rightarrow 3) glucose units

Seambiotic

Microalgae

Commodity Market Potential Value

33% Protein (feed), US\$ 1.0/kg = \$ 0.3

33% Lipids (bio-diesel), 1.2 US\$/L = \$ 0.4

33% Carbohydrates (bio-ethanol), US\$ 1.0/L = \$0.3

Total ~ US\$ 1.0/kg algae

Lower CAPEX
Large Scale Algae
Open Ponds

Capital Costs
***Dunaliella* Plant versus Alternative Bio-Fuel Algal Plant**
(10 Hectares Plant Open Ponds)

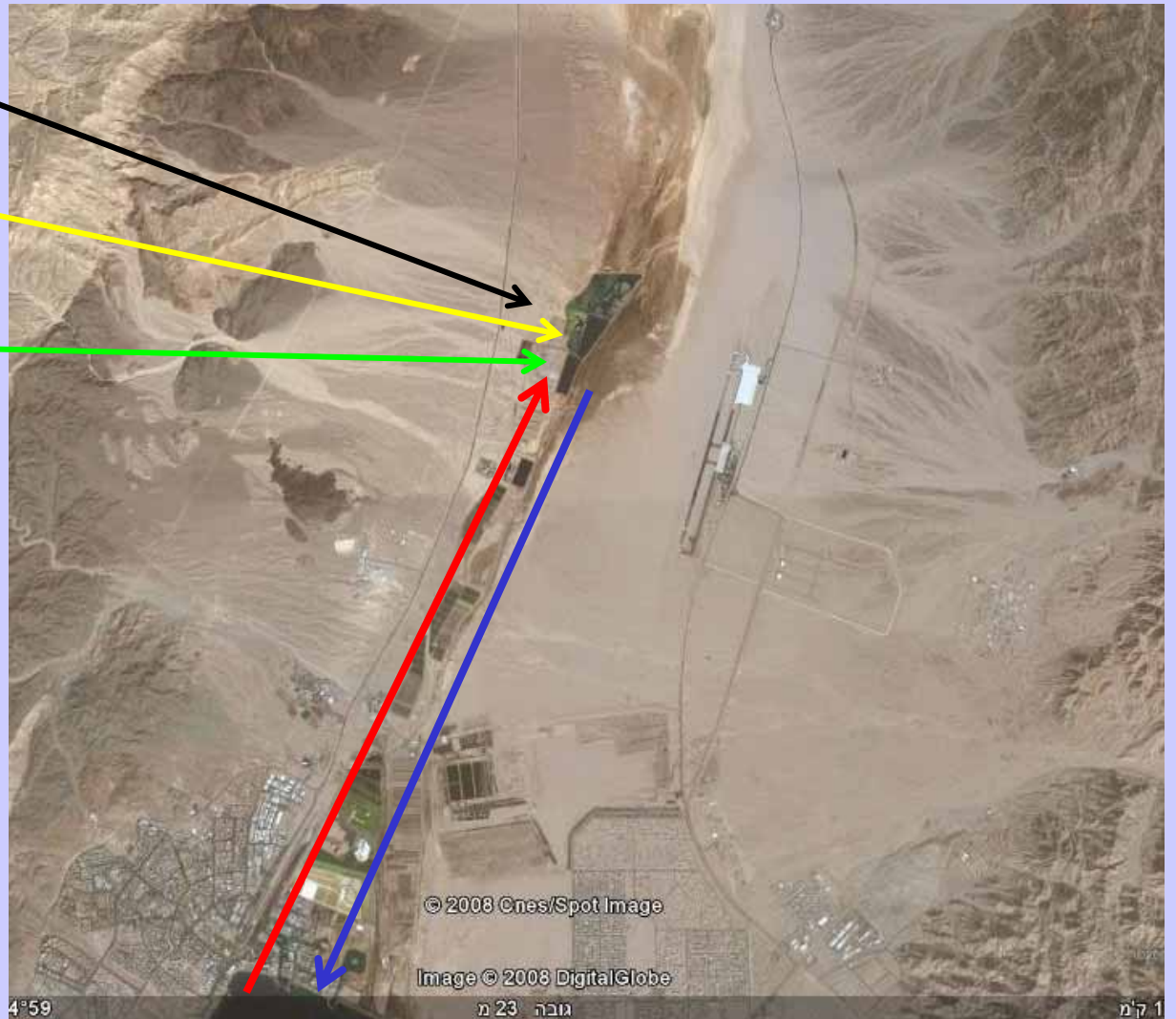
Category	Health Food <i>Dunaliella</i> NBT Ltd., Eilat, 2008 Capital Cost in US\$	Category	Alternative Algal Plant Capital Cost in US\$
Land	0	Land	0
Seawater Pumps and Underground Pipes, 4,000 m ³ /day (1 km from the sea), ~\$100/m*	200,000*	Sea water and piping, outsourcing,	30,000
Centrifuges, 4 x SS Clarifiers, 1,500m ³ /day	2,000,000	Flocculation	200,000
Ground Work & Liner, PVC Food Grade & Cloth, \$15/m ²	1,500,000	Ground work & Clay, Salt	150,000
Pressurized CO ₂ Containers , 2 x 15 tons, \$50,000/unit, piping	150,000	Flue gas and piping, outsourcing	50,000
Spray Drier, 300L/hr, plus LP Gas Container	450,000	Drying? Power plant, outsourcing	?
\$250,000/unit Infrastructure, air, pipes, pumps, containers paddle wheels, sensors, control , power room, PC room	1,000,000	Infrastructure?	200,000?
Buildings: office, laboratory, processing, maintenance, control	1,000,000	Buildings	500,000
Others, including recycling salt, \$0.3ML	300,000	Others	300,000
<u>Total</u>	<u>6.600,000</u>	Total	1,430,000(?)
Capital Cost, US\$/m²	66.0	Capital Cost, US\$/m²	14.3(?)

Capital Costs

Bio-Fuel Microalgae Plant Land & Outsourcing

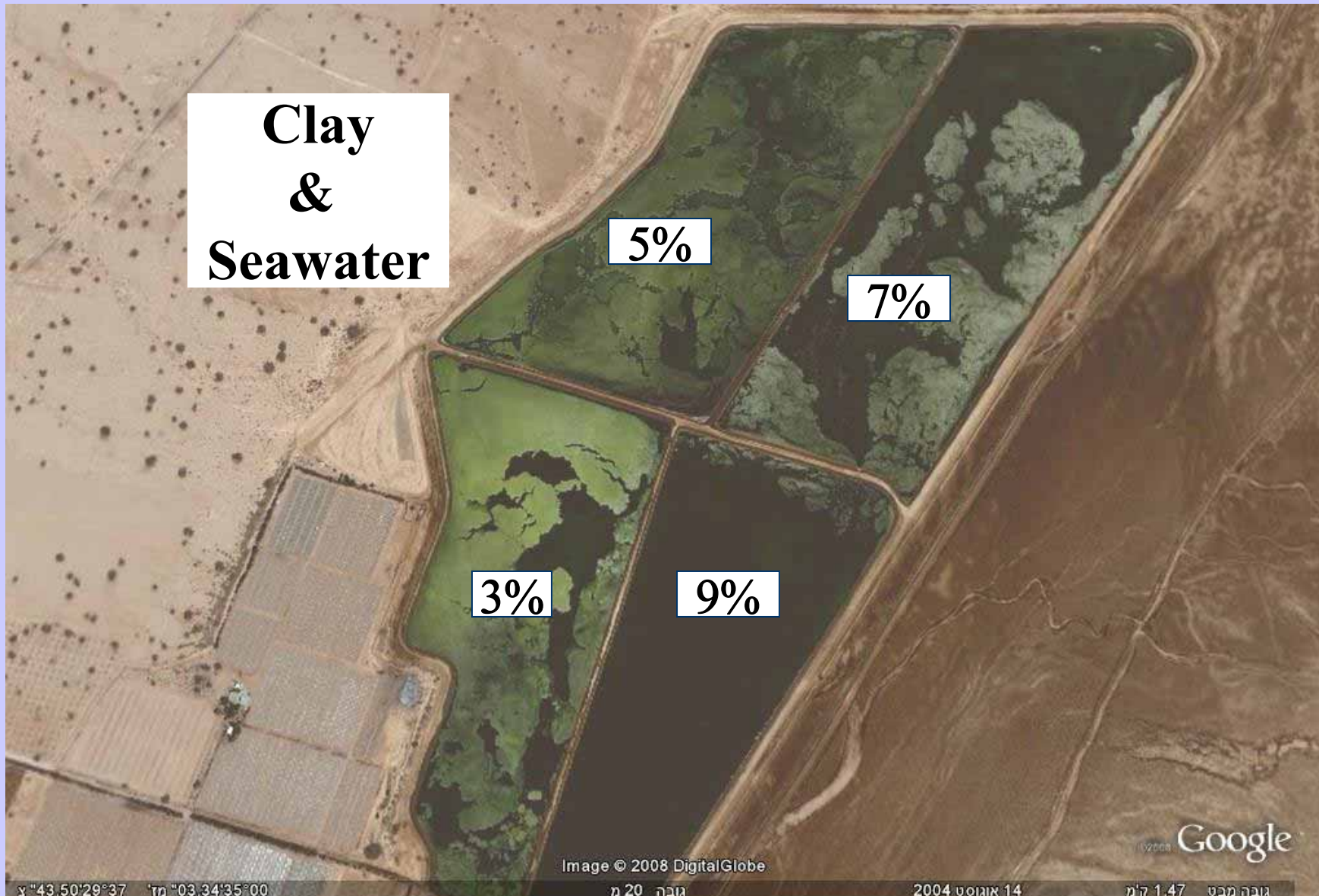
Desalination &
Seawater pipe,
700,000m³/day

Category
<i>Land, Desert Land ?</i>
<i>Seawater Pumps and Underground Pipes, Outsourcing: Desalination Plant, Salt Industry</i>
Centrifuges, 4 x SS Clarifiers, 1,500m ³ /day
<i>Liner, Clay, Salt</i>
Pressurized CO ₂ Containers , 2 x 15 tons, \$50,000/unit
Spray Drier, 300L/hr, plus LP Gas Container
\$250,000/unit Infrastructure, air, pipes, pumps, containers paddle wheels, sensors, control , power room, PC room, \$1ML
Buildings: office, laboratory, processing, maintenance, control, \$1ML
Others, \$0.3ML
Total
Capital Cost, US\$/m²



Salt Water Clay Ground Ponds

200 Hectares Desert Arava Valley, Israel



NASA

**Intensive Culture Mixing
&
Algal Productivity**



Salt



Algae

Economic Feasibility?

Salt at US\$25/ton is feasible

Algae at US\$1,000/ton??

Seambiotic

ISRAELI ELECTRIC CO



NATURE BETA TECHNOLOGIES LTD.
P.O. B. 525, ELAT 88100-0584
TEL. 0720 848101/9 6478779
FAX. 0720 8-6478107
E-mail: nbt @ elatcity.co.il



Seambiotic

Small Israeli company of 6 employees

Major Achievements (2005-2008):

- 1. Applying the know-how of health food algal biotechnology to algal bio-fuel**
- 2. Direct use of electric power plant coal burning flue gas**
- 3. Direct use of electric power plant turbine cooling sea water**
- 4. Continuous production of microalgae, ~7 tons/1,000m²/year**
- 5. Production of high lipid *Nannochloropsis* to 50%/AFDW**
- 6. Processing collaboration of the algal mass to bio-diesel, bio-ethanol and protein**
- 7. Supply of mass of algae to many algae companies**
- 8. Reducing CAPEX and APEX of algal biotechnology**
- 9. Scale up to 5 hectares pond area in 2009**
- 10. Open to cooperation and collaboration**