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Project Title:	Malburg City of Vernon-Compliance
TN #:	225053
Document Title:	Bicent - MGS Response to SCAQMD Data Request Letter
Description:	N/A
Filer:	Scott Galati
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Meteorological & Air Quality Modeling

October 20, 2018

Mr. Andrew Lee South Coast Air Quality Management District 21865 E. Copley Drive Diamond Bar, CA 91765

Subject: MGS (Facility ID# 155474) Response Package to the SCAQMD September 26th Comment Letter

Dear Mr. Lee;

Malburg Generating Station (MGS) has provided the attached response package to your September 26th, 2018 information request. As summarized below, we have responded to all of the questions. Additionally, there are several attachments and modeling files associated with the responses.

Response 4.a.iii: No comments.

Response 4.c.iii through 4.c.dd $- 2^{nd}$ Paragraph - Yes, the ratio of present versus upgraded turbine fuel use <u>on an hourly basis</u> if 1.07, i.e., 0.563/0.526, but this is not how the AQMD has in the past calculated the monthly fuel use limit. In each and every instance beginning with the initial 2002 engineering analysis up to the SOB for the Title 5 permit, the AQMD has calculated the monthly fuel limit based upon the number of PM10 offsets provided. This methodology is shown in the 2002 analysis, and it is re-stated in bold print in the 2013 amendment analysis dated 4/12/13, page 27.

Secondly, the letter cited from Ms. Carter at Siemens dated 2/9/18 is simply a statement addressing the fuel use increase on an hourly basis from the turbine and does not address the addition of the duct burner fuel use. Her comment has nothing to do with and should not be the basis for the calculation of the monthly fuel limit as noted above. Additionally, Table 2 in the application lists the proposed fuel increase to 405.24 mmscf/month which is for both the turbine upgrade (347.8 mmscf) plus the duct burner (57.456 mmscf).

4th paragraph – the PM10 emissions limit is not being lowered to a level of 2.366 lbs/hr. The AQMD accepted PM10 mass limit is 3.386 lbs/hr based upon data provided in a follow-up response supported by Mr. Matt McCune of Montrose Environmental Services, as well as an extensive table of source test values on similar turbines. Therefore, the AQMD should include condition C 1.4 and base it on the quantity of offsets credited to the facility.



Table 1 attached presents data which shows the historical method used by the AQMD to calculate the monthly fuel limit for each turbine based upon the PM10 offsets credited to the facility. Data for the table was extracted from the various engineering analyses performed by the AQMD for the years 2002, 2013, and 2015. Data derived from the turbine upgrade application is also presented, and the monthly fuel limit is calculated the exact same way as previously done by the AQMD. The table shows that the monthly fuel limit can be increased to a level of 405 mmscf/mo/turbine while maintaining compliance with the permit PM10 limit of 2438 lbs/month/turbine. The table also shows the revised PM10 emissions factor accepted by the AQMD, as well as a revision to the controlled PM10 emissions factor in units of lbs/mmscf. This data confirms the fuel use calculations presented in an earlier response.

 5^{th} paragraph and items 4.aa through 4.dd – SO_2 emissions versus fuel use increases. The current SO_2 monthly limit for both turbine power trains is 214 lbs. The current fuel use limit for each power train is 330 mmscf, for a total of 660 mmscf/month. The current permit states an emissions limit of 0.281 lbs/mmscf. The emission factor was derived in the SCAQMD calculations as:

- 1. AP-42 factor for SO₂ of 0.6 lbs/mmscf
- 2. Adjusted this factor for the fuel heat rating of 1018: (1018/1020) x 0.6 = 0.5988 lbs/mmscf
- 3. The AP-42 factor is based on a gas S content of 2000 grs/10^6 scf, which equals 0.2 grs/100 scf, which equals 3.2 ppm in the gas.
- 4. 53% conversion of SO_2 to SO_3 leaves 47% or 0.47
- 5. $0.47 \times 0.5988 = 0.281$ or 0.28 lbs/mmscf which is the SO₂ factor in the permit.

The application for the turbine upgrade used the same emission factor but with the new fuel use of:

- 0.48306 mmscf/hr (gas turbine Case S9)
- 0.07976 mmscf/hr (duct burner at max 81.2 mmbtu/hr rating)
- 0.56283 mmscf/hr (gas turbine (S13) + duct burner)

Using the SO₂ emission factor of 0.281 lb/mmscf, we get:

- Gas turbine no duct burner for S9 = 0.14 lb/hr
- Gas turbine with duct burner for S13 = 0.16 lb/hr

These are then used to calculate the lbs/month limits utilizing the following assumptions which is consistent with SCAQMD methodology used in the current permit:

- 1. 720 hrs per month = 30 days.
- 2. 5 cold starts per month, 5 non-cold starts per month, and 10 SD per month.
- 3. All remaining hours are at steady state operation conditions per Case S13 = 697.5 hour.



- 4. Total monthly SO_2 is 113.32 lbs/month per turbine or 226.644 lbs/month both turbines (rounded to 227 lbs/month both turbines).
- 5. Annual SO2 is 1.40 tpy for both turbines or a 0.12 tpy increase.

To calculate the new monthly fuel limit,

227 lbs/month/2 turbine) (mmscf/0.28 lb) = 405.4 scf per turbine

A couple of notes on the proposed increase:

- 1. Neither the present SO₂ emissions, or the SO₂ emissions at a fuel rate of 405 mmscf/mo/turbine would trigger NSR offsets, as both levels are well below the AQMD offset trigger level of 4 tpy.
- 2. SO₂ BACT for the proposed increase would not change from the present BACT determination, i.e., use of PUC grade pipeline natural gas.
- 3. The added small increase in SO₂ emissions will have no effect on the facility acid rain permit. Notifications of the small increase will be forwarded to EPA (Acid Rain Program division), and any increase in allowances that are needed to cover the increase will be acquired by MGS as part of its normal allowance acquisition process.

MGS confirms the increase on the monthly fuel limit up to 405 mmscf/month per turbine.

The proposed increase in fuel use based on the upgraded turbines requires an increase in the monthly fuel limits, as summarized in the application package.

Response 6.a: The Rule 222 form for the cooling tower as well as a form 400-A, CEQA form, and form 400-PS were provided in the May 2018 response submittal. They are included with this response package.

Response 6.b.iii: The TDS value of 1125 mg/l used in the previous analysis was in error. The correct value is 1020 mg/l. The cooling tower emissions calculations have been updated. In addition, the annual average TDS value has been revised from 4500 to 4080 based on 4 cycles of concentration. Based on the use of 1020 mg/L, the PM10 emissions will slightly decrease from a previous October 2017 application from 1.327 tpy down to 1.203 tpy.

Response 6.d.i: The cooling tower HAP/toxics emissions were included in the revised HRA dated 5-2-18. The HAP emissions remain the same, i.e., the above noted change in TDS did not affect HAP emissions since the circulation rate in gallons per minute for the application as well as the updated analysis both relied upon the new circulation rate as provided by the applicant, and the HAPs concentrations were those derived from the latest water analysis. The HRA files have been previously supplied to the AQMD. As a note, the TDS increase from 1020 up to 1125 mg/l was the cause for the PM increase. The water circulation did not change. As the cooling tower HAP emissions are directly tied to the drift rate, which is solely a function of the water circulation rate of 26,927.4 gpm, the HAP emissions are 6.6 lbs/day.



Response 8.d.ii.aa: The basis for the emission rates referenced in aa-dd was the use of the startup emissions of 61.4 lbs/hr for NOx and 102.4 lbs/hr for CO which were higher than the anticipated commissioning emissions that were quantified as part of the variance. The use of this data was prior to the May 2018 comments provided by the SCAQMD where the district wanted revised CO and NOx startup emissions on a pound per hour basis. The following table presents the updated emissions used to model the commissioning emissions would occur for NOx and CO during a cold start event as the emissions of NOx and CO during the non-start hours would be less than startup. The maximum hourly startup emissions are based on district recommended numbers. For the 8-hour event, the very conservative commissioning emissions are based on the following:

Two non-cold starts at 119.8 lbs total based on permit limits

Two shutdowns at 100 lbs total based on expected commissioning emissions

7.5 hours of commissioning emissions at 100 lbs/hr for 750 lbs total

119.8 lbs + 100 lbs + 750 lbs = 969.8 lbs or 121.225 lbs/hr

AERMOD for New Commissioning Emissions & Compton Met	1-hour CO Commissioning	8-hour CO Commissioning	1-hour NO _x Commissioning
Turbines 1 & 2 (lbs/hr/turbine)	203.13	121.225	102.4
Turbines 1 & 2 (g/s/turbine)	25.5944	15.274	12.902
Modeled (μg/m³)	142.57	53.10	71.69
Background (µg/m³)	6,871	4,466	138.5
Maximum Impact	7,013.6	4,519.1	195.9*

* Modeled concentration of 71.69 ug/m³ was adjusted to 57.35 using ARM2 (0.8)

The DVD mailed on 5/29/18 does not contain the commissioning files. An updated DVD will be submitted based on the results in the table above.

Response 9.a.i: For the HRA, Scenario S15 (100 percent load at 65°F) was used to represent the stack parameters for both the 1-hour acute and annual chronic and cancer impact analyses. However, to calculate the emissions for the maximum hourly scenario, S13 (38°F 100 percent load) was used.

Response 9.a.ii: The basis for selecting annual average temperature Scenario S15 (100 percent load) for both the emissions (fuel use) and stack parameters is based on the long-term exposure (30 year) requirements for the chronic and cancer impact analyses. Scenario S13 was to calculate the maximum hourly emissions but Scenario S15 was used to model the 1-hour acute impacts as



the overall acute analyses from natural gas turbines is often several orders of magnitude less than the acute significance level of 1.0.

Response 9.b.II: The annual fuel use is based on Scenarios S11 and S15. Please note that Scenario S9 in Attachment 3, Table 3 was not used to derive the annual fuel use limits. Also note that the limit is 4772.68 mmscf/yr per turbine and not 4774.81 mmscf/yr turbine. The turbine fuel use calculations are included in Table 4 as an attachment.

Operation of the duct burner (rated at 81.2 MMBtu/hr) will only occur as needed to supply additional steam for power generation. It will not be used during any type of start event (cold, warm or hot) to avoid thermal shock to the boiler tubes in the HRSG. Once the turbines are safely started and up to temperature, and if the need demands, then duct firing will be utilized.

Response 9.c.iii: The risk summary, by turbine, was provided in the May 2018 submittal as an attachment (Table 2). The risk summary for the cooling tower is provided in Table 3 which is attached at the end of this response package.

Response 13.a.i: The values used in the previous emissions analysis are the CARB values as specified in CCR Title 17, Subchapter 10, Article 2, Section 95101, Table 2.

Response 13.a.ii: The GHG emissions estimates have been revised to reflect the use of the federal GWP values per 40 CFR 98 and are included as an attachment to this response.

Response 13.b: There are no circuit breakers that utilize SF6 or any other GHG compounds.

Response 15.a: As noted in the AERSCREEN User's Guide (EPA-454/B-16-004, December 2016, pp.33,57), the minimum distance from the source to the nearest shoreline must be less than 3000 meters for shoreline fumigation impacts to be calculated. Since these criteria is not met for MGS, shoreline fumigation impacts were not calculated.

Response 15.b.i: Fumigation analyses with the EPA Model AERSCREEN (version 16216) were conducted for inversion breakup conditions based on EPA guidance given in EPA-454/R-92-019 (EPA, 1992). The annual average stack parameters (Scenario S14 for 100 percent load at 59°F) were modeled. Shoreline fumigation impacts were not assessed since the nearest distance to the shoreline of any large bodies of water is greater than 3 kilometers. Since AERSCREEN is a single point source model, only one of the two turbine stacks were modeled. Other AERSCREEN inputs were the BPIP-PRIME values used for the facility analyses for the eastern turbine stack, the AERSURFACE values used by the SCAQMD for generating the Colton meteorological data (i.e., 0.18 noontime surface albedo, 0.543 meter surface roughness, and 1.37 Bowen ratio), the range of ambient temperatures analyses in the facility screening analyses (38 to 94°F), a minimum fenceline distance, URBAN dispersion conditions (fumigation results default to RURAL dispersion), no flagpole receptors, a minimum wind speed of 0.5 m/s with a 10-meter anemometer height, and flat terrain. Impacts were initially evaluated for unitized emission rates (1.0 g/s).



If fumigation impacts exceed AERSCREEN maxima, then fumigation impacts longer than 1-hour averages will be evaluated based on Section 4.5.3 of Screening Procedures for Estimating the Air Quality Impact of Stationary Sources, Revised (EPA-454/R-92-019) guidance on converting to 3-, 8- and 24-hour average concentrations. For the MGS fumigation analysis, AERSCREEN determined that there were no meteorological conditions fitting the inversion breakup criteria. Therefore, no fumigation impacts were calculated to occur.

Response 15.b.ii: No inversion breakup fumigation is expected to occur.

Response 15.c: A zip file containing the AERSCREEN analysis for the fumigation assessment will be submitted on DVD.

Response 15.d: For the MGS fumigation analysis, AERSCREEN determined that there were no meteorological conditions fitting the inversion breakup criteria. Therefore, no fumigation impacts were calculated to occur. All of the fumigation impacts are less than the AERSCREEN maxima predicted to occur under normal dispersion conditions anywhere offsite. Since fumigation impacts are less than the maximum overall AERSCREEN impacts, no further analysis of additional short-term averaging times is required as described in Section 4.5.3 of EPA-454/R-92-019 (EPA, 1992a).

Response 16: The revised form 500-A2 Title V Application Certification is attached.

Copies of this submittal will be sent to the California Energy Commission. Please feel free to contact me at (831) 620-0481 if you have any questions concerning our response to your September comments.

Regards,

Atmospheric Dynamics, Inc.

Gregory Darvin

Сс

Kyle McCormack, MGS

Scott Galati, Dayzen, LLC



Attachments



The following signed cooling tower forms are included as a separate attachment:

- Form 222-CT
- Form 400-A
- Form 400 -CEQA
- Form 400-PS



Table 1 Ma	alburg Info-C	hrono		All data is o	n a per turbi	ne/duct burr	ner basis.							
	1 6	1010									D. 440 (0)	51.440		
lat Gas, btu	l/scf:	1018									PM10 (2)	PM10	Max Fuel	
				GT + DB	GT + DB	PM10 EF (1)		GT + DB	PM10	PM10 (3)	Req'd	provided	vs. PM10	
	GT cold	GT ISO	DB	cold	ISO	Control'd	Cold	ISO	Cold	ISO	offsets	offsets	offsets	AQMD
	mmbtu/hr	mmbtu/hr	mmbtu/hr	mmbtu/hr	mmbtu/hr	lbs/mmscf	mmscf/hr	mmscf/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/mo	lbs/mo	mmscf/mo	Analysi
2002	461.87	447.22	73.4	535.27	520.62	7.397	0.526	0.511	3.89	3.78	2784	2438	330	ATC/PT
2013	454.05	439.8	81.2	535.25	521	7.397	0.526	0.512	3.89	3.79	2800.8	2438	330	Amend
2015	454.05	439.4	81.2	535.25	520.6	7.397	0.526	0.511	3.89	3.78	2800.8	2438	330	T5
Upgrade														
2017/2018	491.76	474.61	81.2	572.96	555.81	6.014	0.563	0.546	3.386	3.285	NA	2438	405	Upgrade
						Old vs New							Old vs New	
						1.22996							1.22996	
(1) PM10 EF	controlled a	ccounts for S	502 to SO3 c	onversion										
(2) normal o	ps plus SU a	nd SD												
(3) the AQM	ID always us	es the cold d	lay to calcula	te the total	req/d offset	s, and the ISO	O day to calc	ulate the mo	nthly fuel l	imit based o	n the PM10 o	ffsets provi	ded.	
(4) The AQN	1D derived t	he 7.397 valu	ue as follows	:										
Using the	AP-42 PM1	0 emissions	factor and ac	ding in the S	502 to SO3 c	onversion ra	te of 53%, th	ey arrive at a	controlled	factor of 7.3	97 lbs/mmsc	f		
From the	previous an	alyses the 7	.397 value is	derived by t	aking the PI	/10 lb/hr em	ission rate a	nd dividing i	t by the ho	urly mmscf va	lue			
(Because	the number	rs are rounde	ed the deriva	ation of the e	exact value o	of 7.397 is no	t achieved.)							
(5) For the N	/alburg upgr	rade, the pro	posed and a	ccepted PM	10 emission	rate value fo	r the cold ca	se was 3.386	lbs/hr.					
3.386 lb/l	hr divided by	y the cold ca	se heat rate	of 572.96 res	ults in an er	nission rate o	of 0.00591 lb	s/mmbtu						
ISO case	(65F), 0.0059	1 times the	ISO heat rate	e of 555.81 m	mbtu/hr res	ults in a mas	s emissions	rate of 3.285	lbs/hr.					
6) In the pa	st AQMD an	alyses, they	have used th	ne cold day t	o calculate t	he total offse	ets (normal o	ops + SU + SD), and					
the ISO (65F) day to c	alculate the	monthly fue	l limit.										
7) Using the	e lbs/hr valu	es for both c	old and ISO	days, divide	d by the cold	and ISO mm	nscf/hr value	s results on r	evised em	issions factor	of ~ 6.014 lb	s/mmscf.		
										urrent permit			M10/month.	
-					-			• •	-	sults in the r				



Scenario or Project ID:	Malburg					
Cooling Tower/Wet SAC Particulate Emission	S		Tower Physical Data (optional)			
# of Identical Towers:	1		# of Fans:	3		
# of Cells:	3		Fan ACFM:	750000		
Operational Schedule: Hrs/day	24		Fan Diam (ft):	22 ft	6.7056 m	
Days/Year	365		Exit Vel (ft/sec	32.9 ft/sec	10.028 m/s	
Hrs/Year	8760		Length (ft)	113.94 ft	34.73 m	
Pumping rate of recirculation pumps (gal/min)	26927.4		Width (ft)	37.34 ft	11.38 m	
Flow of cooling water (lbs/hr)	13464777.1		Deck Ht (ft)	35.042 ft	10.68 m	
TDS from water analysis: (mg/l or ppmw)	1020.0		Fan Ht (ft)	45.042 ft	13.73 m	
Cycles of Concentration:	4.0					
Avg TDS of circ water (mg/I or ppmw)	4080.0	annual avg valu	le			
Flow of dissolved solids (lbs/hr)	54936.29					
Fraction of flow producing drift*	1.00	1= worst case				
Control efficiency of drift eliminators, %	0.0005	0.000005				
Calculated drift rate (lbs water/hr)		67.32	1615.773252	Calc lbs/day		
	Per Tower	Per Cell	All Towers			
PM10 emissions (lbs/hr)	0.275	0.092	0.275			
PM10 emissions (lbs/day)	6.592	2.197	6.592			
PM10 emissions (tpy)	1.203	0.401	1.203			
PM2.5 fraction of PM10	1.00	1= worst case				
PM2.5 emissions (lbs/hr)	0.275	0.092	0.275			
PM2.5 emissions (lbs/day)	6.592	2.197	6.592			
PM2.5 emissions (tpy)	1.203	0.401	1.203			
Notes:						
Based on Method AP 42, Section 13.4, Jan 1995						



Table 3	Health Ris	sk Values l	by Cell for t	the Cooling	Tower							
Modeling	Receptor ID	Receptor	Receptor		Cell 1			Cell 2			Cell 3	
Receptor #	#	Туре	Sub_ID	Cancer Risk	Chronic HI	Acute HI	Cancer Risk	Chronic HI	Acute HI	Cancer	Risk Chronic H	I Acute HI
8029	1		SSW	1.90E-10	2.15E-05	5.93E-07	1.90E-10	2.15E-05	3.69E-07	1.90E-	10 2.15E-05	3.89E-07
8030	2		S	1.19E-10	1.34E-05	2.50E-07	1.19E-10	1.35E-05	3.31E-07	1.20E-	10 1.35E-05	3.34E-07
8031	3		ESE	1.48E-10	1.67E-05	1.88E-07	1.49E-10	1.68E-05	1.89E-07	1.50E-	10 1.69E-05	1.89E-07
8032	4		NE	5.55E-11	6.27E-06	1.05E-07	5.54E-11	6.26E-06	1.05E-07	5.52E-	11 6.24E-06	1.05E-07
8033	5	Residences	NNE	5.66E-11	6.40E-06	1.23E-07	5.67E-11	6.41E-06	1.24E-07	5.67E-	11 6.41E-06	1.25E-07
8034	6		N	5.69E-11	6.43E-06	9.64E-08	5.69E-11	6.43E-06	9.70E-08	5.69E-	11 6.43E-06	9.76E-08
8035	7		NW	5.71E-11	6.46E-06	1.05E-07	5.69E-11	6.43E-06	1.05E-07	5.67E-	11 6.41E-06	1.05E-07
8036	8		W	6.22E-11	7.04E-06	7.71E-08	6.20E-11	7.01E-06	7.76E-08	6.18E-	11 6.99E-06	7.81E-08
8037	9		SW	6.09E-11	6.89E-06	7.86E-08	6.08E-11	6.87E-06	7.84E-08	6.06E-	11 6.85E-06	7.82E-08
8038	10		N	6.87E-10	7.77E-05	1.10E-06	6.90E-10	7.80E-05	1.10E-06	6.91E-	10 7.81E-05	1.14E-06
8039	11		E	1.13E-09	1.28E-04	2.17E-06	1.16E-09	1.32E-04	2.20E-06	1.19E-	09 1.35E-04	1.93E-06
8040	12		S	4.26E-10	4.82E-05	3.35E-06	4.51E-10	5.10E-05	3.35E-06	4.84E-	10 5.47E-05	3.47E-06
8041	13	Markar	W	4.94E-10	5.58E-05	1.05E-06	4.89E-10	5.53E-05	1.08E-06	4.82E-	10 5.45E-05	1.08E-06
8042	14	Worker	NE	7.81E-10	8.83E-05	1.27E-06	7.58E-10	8.58E-05	1.41E-06	7.56E-	10 8.55E-05	1.54E-06
8043	15		NW	5.31E-10	6.01E-05	1.19E-06	5.11E-10	5.78E-05	1.15E-06	4.90E-	10 5.55E-05	1.11E-06
8044	16		SW	2.59E-10	2.93E-05	6.81E-07	2.56E-10	2.90E-05	1.72E-06	2.55E-	10 2.89E-05	1.83E-06
8045	17		SE	4.03E-10	4.55E-05	5.67E-07	4.15E-10	4.69E-05	5.85E-07	4.28E-	10 4.84E-05	6.04E-07



Table 4																
	m Hourly, Daily	v. and Annu	al Emissio	ns Calculatio	ons				Nur	nber of Iden	tical Engines	2				
Case #:	AVG Ops Scena									Turbine Model: SGT-800 up						
nput data			Avg	Avg	Avg	Cold	Warm	Hot				Ser occupan		Max		
input duta	Max	Max	# of Cold	# of Warm	# of Hot	Startup	Startup	Startup	Shutdown	Cold	Warm	Hot	Estimated	Estimated		
	Operation	Annual	Startups	Startups	Startups	Time	Time	Time	Time	Starts	Starts	Starts		Shutdowns		
	hrs/day	Op hrs	day	day	day	hrs	hrs	hrs	hrs	events/yr	events/yr	events/yr		day		-
	24	8760	uay 1	1	0	2	1.5	1	0.5	30	26	0	yr 56	2		
	24	8760	1	T	U	2	1.5	1	0.5	30	26	U	50	Z		
	0.11	14/2			Charal I	61	M47		Turker			A I				
	Cold	Warm	Hot	<u> </u>	Stead		Worst Hr		1	/SD Time	<u> </u>	Annual				
	Startup	Startup	Startup	Shutdown	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	Cold	Warm	Hot	Shutdown	Steady State		al Annual Er		
	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	Emissions	w/o DB	w/DB	w/DB	Start	Start	Start		Non SU/SD	Cold SU	Warm SU	Hot SU	Shutdowr
	lbs/event	lbs/event	lbs/event	lbs/event	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	lbs/hr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	hrs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr
					Case S11	Case S15	Case S13									
NOx	122.80	51.30	51.30	4.50	3.46	4.08	4.16	60	39	0	28	8633	3684.0	1333.8	0.00	252.0
со	204.80	59.90	59.90	10.80	2.11	2.48	2.53			Total SU-S	D Hours/Yr:	127	6144.0	1557.4	0.00	604.8
voc	1.75	1.55	1.55	0.71	0.72	0.85	0.87			Stea	dy State Ho	ur Breakdown	52.5	40.3	0.00	39.8
SOx	0.28	0.21	0.14	0.07	0.13	0.15	0.16					Hrs/yr	8.3	5.4	0.00	3.9
PM10	3.46	2.60	1.73	0.87	1.69	2.28	2.35		Duct burne	r firing, max	hours/yr:	8633	103.8	67.6	0.00	48.7
PM2.5	3.46	2.60	1.73	0.87	1.69	2.28	2.35		Non-duct b	urner firing,	hours/vr:	0	103.8	67.6	0.00	48.7
NH3	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	3.32	3.89	4.01			0,			0.0	0.0	0.00	0.0
Notes:					65F	65F	38 F									
	plus shutdown =		2.5	hrs	001	001			Annual Fue	l Use Values	mmhtu/hr	hrs/yr*		mmbtu/yr		
	rt plus shutdown =	-	2.5	hrs								127		60275.47		
	plus shutdown =		1.5	hrs							474.61	0		0		
Shut dowr			0.5	hrs					Case S11 w		555.81	8633		4798307.73		
Shut uowi	1-		0.5	111.5					Case 315 W		555.61	0055		4858583.2		
	Fatimate d America															
iviaximum	Estimated Annua	al Emissions											Per GT/DB	4772.68	mmscf/yr	
				NOx	СО	VOC	SOx	PM10	PM2.5	NH3						
	s Scenario			lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr	lbs/yr		Total Al	I GTs/DBs =	9545.35	mmscf/yr	
Cold Start	•			3684.0	6144.0	52.5	8.3	103.8	103.8							
Warm Star				1333.8	1557.4	40.3	5.4	67.6	67.6							
Hot Startu				0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0							
Shutdown	IS			252.0	604.8	39.8	3.9	48.7	48.7							
Steady Sta	ate w/o DB			0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0						
Steady Sta	ate w/DB			35222.6	21409.8	7338.1	1295.0	19683.2	19683.2	33582.4						
		1 Turbine Tota	ıl, lbs/yr:	40492.4	29716.0	7470.6	1312.5	19903.4	19903.4	33582.4						
		1 Turbine Tota	al, tons/yr:	20.25	14.86	3.74	0.66	9.95	9.95	16.79						
				NOx*	СО	VOC	SOx	PM10	PM2.5	NH3						
				tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy	tpy						
	Total	Tons/Yr All Uni	its:	40.49	29.72	7.47	1.31	19.90	19.90	33.58						
Fristing Es	acility PTE: (see n	•		39.4	45.81	19.42	1.284	29.25	29.25	33130						
-	Difference: (incre	•	acreases	1.09	-16.09	-11.95	0.03	-9.35	-9.35							
	Air Agency Offs		,	4	-18.09	-11.95	4	-9.55	-9.55						-	



GHG Emissi	ons Estimates										
Fuel:	Natural Gas				short			CO2e			
Btu/scf:	1018	HHV	Emissions	lbs/yr	tons/yr		IPCC SAR	short			
Heat Rate:	4858583.2	mmbtu/yr		5.68E+08	2.84E+05		Values	tons/yr			
Fuel Rate:	4772.6750	mmscf/yr		1.07E+04	5.36E+00		1	2.84E+05			
Emissions Fo	actors			1.07E+03	5.36E-01		25	1.34E+02			
CO2	116.89	lbs/mmbtu					298	1.60E+02			
CH4	0.002205	lbs/mmbtu					Total CO2e:	284,253	short TPY	1 Engine	
N2O	0.0002205	lbs/mmbtu					Total CO2e:	568,507	short TPY	All Engines	
							Total CO2e:	258,412	metric TPY	1 Engine	
Emissions F	actors for GHG,			Total CO2e:	516,824	metric TPY	All Engines				
1 short ton = 2	1 short ton = 2000 lbs, 1 metric ton = 2200 lbs.										



South Coast Air Quality Management District Form 222-CT Registration for Industrial Cooling Tower	5	Mail To: SCAQMD P.O. Box 4944 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0944
AQMD Complete one form per equipment.		Tel: (909) 396-3385 www.aqmd.gov
Section A - Operator Information		
1. Facility Name (Business Name of Operator):		2. Valid AQMD Facility ID
Bicent (California) Malburg, LLC		(Leave blank if a new business):
3. Owner's Business Name (If different from Business Name of Operator):	Check here if change of operator	155474
Section B - Equipment Location Address	Section C - Business Mailing Address	i
4. Equipment Location Is:	5. Correspondence Information:	
4963 Soto St.	Check here if same as equipment locat	tion address
Street Address	Address	
Vernon , CA 90058 City Zip	City	' State Zip
Kyle McCormack Environmental Manager	,	
Contact Name Title	Contact Name	Title
303 442 5590 Ext. Fax #	Phone # Ext.	— Fax #
E-Mail: kmccormack@heorotpower.com		Fax#
	E-Mail:	
Section D - Equipment Information		
Fees are updated on For current fees, please see Rule 301 or go to <u>http://www.aqmd.</u>	May 5, 2017) sflow Other Average 26952.4 gpm wdown water (part per million or mg/L) Other Sources:	<u>1125</u>
Section E - Authorization/Signature I hereby certify that all information conta	ined herein and information submitted with this a	application are true and correct.
7. Signature of Responsible Official: Halliday		Operating Officer
^{9. Print Name:} Douglas Halliday	^{10. Date:} 5/2/2018	
11. Check List: 🕢 Authorized Signature/Date 📝 Fees Enclosed		
AQMD APPLICATION TRACKING # EQUIPMENT CATEGORY CODE:	FEE \$	VALIDATION
A R ENG.A R CLASS ASSIGNMENT DATE DATE I III Unit Engineer	CHECK/MONEY ORDER # AMOUNT \$	TRACKING #

© South Coast Air Quality Management District, Rule 222 Registration Form (2017.09)

South Coast

Mail To: SCAQMD P.O. Box 4944 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0944

Application Form for Permit or Plan Approval List only one piece of equipment or process per form.

South Coast Air Quality Management District

Form 400-A

Tel: (909) 396-3385 www.aqmd.gov

Section A - Operator information							
1. Facility Name (Business Name of Operator to Appear on the Permit):		2. Valid AQMD Facility ID (Available On					
Bicent (California) Malburg, LLC				Permit Or Invoice Issued By AQMD):			
3. Owner's Business Name (If different from Business Name of Operator):	1			155474			
Section B - Equipment Location Address	Sec	ction C - Permit	Mailing Address				
	ious Location 5. P						
4963 Soto Street		 963 Soto Street Iress					
Vernon , CA 90058 City Zip	Ve	ernon		, <u>CA 90058</u>			
Kyle McCormack Environmental M		/le McCormack		State Zip Environmental Manager			
Contact Name Title (303) 442-5590		ntact Name 03) 442-5590		Title			
Phone # Ext. Fax #	Pho	one#	Ext.	Fax #			
E-Mail: kmccormack@heorotpower.com	E-M	lail: kmccormac	k@heorotpower.	com			
Section D - Application Type							
6. The Facility Is: O Not In RECLAIM or Title V O	In RECLAIM	🔘 In Title V	In RECLAIM &	Title V Programs			
7. Reason for Submitting Application (Select only ONE):							
7a. New Equipment or Process Application: 7c.	Equipment or Proce	ess with an Existing	Previous Application	ı or Permit:			
New Construction (Permit to Construct)	Administrative Chang	ge					
O Equipment On-Site But Not Constructed or Operational	Alteration/Modificatio	on		Existing or Previous Permit/Application			
Equipment Operating Without A Permit *	Alteration/Modificatio	on/Modification without Prior Approval * If you checked any of the					
O Compliance Plan	Change of Condition	l		7c., you MUST provide an existing			
Registration/Certification	Change of Condition	without Prior Approv	val *	Permit or Application Number:			
O Streamlined Standard Permit	Change of Location						
7b. Facility Permits:	Change of Location v	cation without Prior Approval *					
O Title V Application or Amendment (Refer to Title V Matrix)	Equipment Operating	g with an Expired/Ina	ctive Permit *				
	Higher Permit Processing	g Fee and additional Anr	nual Operating Fees (up t	o 3 full years) may apply (Rule 301(c)(1)(D)(i)).			
	d End Date of Const	truction (mm/dd/yyy	/): 8c. Estimated	Start Date of Operation (mm/dd/yyyy):			
9. Description of Equipment or Reason for Compliance Plan (list appl	icable rule): 10.	For Identical equip	ment, how many add	litional			
Rule 219 Exempt Cooling Tower Registration			eing submitted with t ed for each equipment				
11. Are you a Small Business as per AQMD's Rule 102 definition? (10 employees or less and total gross receipts are	12.		/iolation (NOV) or a N n issued for this equ				
\$500,000 or less <u>OR</u> a not-for-profit training center) • No	○ Yes	comply (NC) bee	If Yes, provide N	ipineir:			
Section E - Facility Business Information							
13. What type of business is being conducted at this equipment locat Electric Power Generation			less primary NAICS (Iustrial Classification S				
15. Are there other facilities in the SCAQMD jurisdiction operated by the same operator?		Are there any scho	ools (K-12) within cility property line?	• No Yes			
				application are true and correct.			
	le of Responsible Off			he permit prior to issuance.			
	hief Operating O		(This may cause a application proce	a delay in the ONO			
20. Print Name: 21. Dat Douglas Halliday	te:		22. Do you claim co data? (If Yes, se				
23. Check List: X Authorized Signature/Date X For	m 400-CEQA	Supplemental	Form(s) (ie., Form 40	00-E-xx) 🛛 🔀 Fees Enclosed			
AQMD APPLICATION TRACKING # CHECK # AMOUNT RE	ECEIVED	PAYMENT TRACK	ING #	VALIDATION			
	MENT CATEGORY CODE	E TEAM ENGINEE	R REASON/ACTION T	AKEN			

© South Coast Air Quality Management District, Form 400-A (2014.07)



South Coast Air Quality Management District Form 400-CEQA California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Applicability

Mail To: SCAQMD P.O. Box 4944 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0944

> Tel: (909) 396-3385 www.aqmd.gov

The SCAQMD is required by state law, the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), to review discretionary permit project applications for potential air quality and other environmental impacts. This form is a screening tool to assist the SCAQMD in clarifying whether or not the project¹ has the potential to generate significant adverse environmental impacts that might require preparation of a CEQA document [CEQA Guidelines §15060(a)].² Refer to the attached instructions for guidance in completing this form.³ For each Form 400-A application, also complete and submit one Form 400-CEQA. If submitting multiple Form 400-A applications for the same project at the same time, only one 400-CEQA form is necessary for the entire project. If you need assistance completing this form, contact Permit Services at (909) 396-3385 or (909) 396-2668.

Section A - Facility Information
1. Facility Name (Business Name of Operator To Appear On The Permit):

. I acting Name (Business Name of Operator To Appear On Th

Bicent (California) Malburg, LLC

2. Valid AQMD Facility ID (Available On Permit Or Invoice Issued By AQMD): 155474

3. Project Description:

Rule 219 Exmept Cooling Tower Registration

Section B - Review For Exemption From Further CEQA Action									
Check "Yes" or "No" as applicable									
	Yes	No	Is this application for:						
1.	۲	0	A CEQA and/or NEPA document previously or currently prepared that specifically evaluates this project? If yes, attach a copy of the signed Notice of Determination to this form.						
2.	0	0	A request for a change of permittee only (without equipment modifications)?						
3.	0	0	A functionally identical permit unit replacement with no increase in rating or emissions?						
4.	0	0	A change of daily VOC permit limit to a monthly VOC permit limit?						
5.	0	0	Equipment damaged as a result of a disaster during state of emergency?						
6.	0	0	A Title V (i.e., Regulation XXX) permit renewal (without equipment modifications)?						
7.	0	0	A Title V administrative permit revision?						
8.	0	0	The conversion of an existing permit into an initial Title V permit?						
			r any question in Section B, your application does not require additional evaluation for CEQA applicability. Skip to Section D - Signatures on date this form.						
Sectio	on C - I	Review	of Impacts Which May Trigger CEQA						
	ete Par tach it to		by checking "Yes" or "No" as applicable. To avoid delays in processing your application(s), explain all "Yes" responses on a separate sheet orm.						
	Yes	No	Part I - General						

	Yes	No	Part I - General				
1.	0	Has this project generated any known public controversy regarding potential adverse impacts that may be generated by the project? Controversy may be construed as concerns raised by local groups at public meetings; adverse media attention such as negative articles newspapers or other periodical publications, local news programs, environmental justice issues, etc.					
2.	0	0	Is this project part of a larger project? If yes, attach a separate sheet to briefly describe the larger project.				
			Part II - Air Quality				
3.	0	0	Will there be any demolition, excavating, and/or grading construction activities that encompass an area exceeding 20,000 square feet?				
4.		_	Does this project include the open outdoor storage of dry bulk solid materials that could generate dust? If Yes, include a plot plan				

¹A "project" means the whole of an action which has a potential for resulting in physical change to the environment, including construction activities, clearing or grading of land, improvements to existing structures, and activities or equipment involving the issuance of a permit. For example, a project might include installation of a new, or modification of an existing internal combustion engine, dry-cleaning facility, boiler, gas turbine, spray coating booth, solvent cleaning tank, etc.

² To download the CEQA guidelines, visit http://ceres.ca.gov/env_law/state.html.

³ To download this form and the instructions, visit http://www.aqmd.gov/ceqa or http://www.aqmd.gov/permit

[©] South Coast Air Quality Management District, Form 400-CEQA (2014.07)

Section C - Review of Impacts Which May Trigger CEQA (cont.)									
	Yes	No	Part II - Air Quality (cont.)						
5.	0	0	Would this project result in noticeable off-site odors from activities that may not be subject to SCAQMD permit requirements? For example, compost materials or other types of greenwaste (i.e., lawn clippings, tree trimmings, etc.) have the potential to generate odor complaints subject to Rule 402 – Nuisance.						
6.	0	0	Does this project cause an increase of emissions from	marine vessels, trains and/or airplanes?					
7.	0	0		zardous materials stored aboveground onsite or transported by mobile ne amounts associated with each compound on the attached Table 1? ⁴					
			Part III – Water Resources						
8.	0	0	Will the project increase demand for water at the facility by more than 5,000,000 gallons per day? The following examples identify some, but not all, types of projects that may result in a "yes" answer to this question: 1) projects that generate steam; 2) projects that use water as part of the air pollution control equipment; 3) projects that require water as part of the production process; 4) projects that require new or expansion of existing sewage treatment facilities; 5) projects where water demand exceeds the capacity of the local water purveyor to supply sufficient water for the project; and 6) projects that require new or expansion of existing water supply facilities.						
9.	0	0	Will the project require construction of new water conveyance infrastructure? Examples of such projects are when water demands exceed the capacity of the local water purveyor to supply sufficient water for the project, or require new or modified sewage treatment facilities such that the project requires new water lines, sewage lines, sewage hook- ups, etc.						
			Part IV – Transportation/Circulation						
10.			Will the project result in (Check all that apply):						
	0	0	a. the need for more than 350 new employees?						
	0	0		nd/or from the facility by more than 350 truck round-trips per day?					
	0	0	c. increase customer traffic by more than 700 visits pe	r day?					
			Part V – Noise						
11.	0	0	Will the project include equipment that will generate no	oise GREATER THAN 90 decibels (dB) at the property line?					
			Part VI – Public Services						
12.			Will the project create a permanent need for new or additional public services in any of the following areas (Check all that apply):						
	0	0	a. Solid waste disposal? Check "No" if the projected pot	ential amount of wastes generated by the project is less than five tons per day.					
b. Hazardous waste disposal? Check "No" if the projected potential amount of hazardous wastes generated by the project is less cubic yards per day (or equivalent in pounds).									
REM	NDER:	For each	"Yes" response in Section C, attach all pertinent information includi	ng but not limited to estimated quantities, volumes, weights, etc.					
		Signatu							
CORR RIGH	ECT TO	o the I Onside	BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE. I UNDERSTAND THAT THI R OTHER PERTINENT INFORMATION IN DETERMINING	ND INFORMATION SUBMITTED WITH THIS APPLICATION IS TRUE AND S FORM IS A SCREENING TOOL AND THAT THE SCAQMD RESERVES THE CEQA APPLICABILITY.					
1. Sign	ature of	Respor	sible Official of Firm:	2. Title of Responsible Official of Firm:					
	-	V. Ha	Reidang.	Chief Operating Officer					
3. Prin	t Name (of Respo	onsible Official of Firm:	4. Date Signed:					
Do	uglas	Hallio	day						
5. Pho	ne # of F	Respons	ible Official of Firm: 6. Fax # of Responsible Official of Firm:	7. Email of Responsible Official of Firm:					
(41	10) 77	0-950	0	halliday@beowulfenergy.com					
			er, (If prepared by person other than responsible official of firm):	9. Title of Preparer:					
		X	an Stain	Consultant					
10. Pri	nt Name	of Prep	arer:	11. Date Signed:					
Gr	eaorv	Darvi	'n	05/07/2018					
		Prepare		14. Email of Preparer:					
(83	31) 62	0-048		darvin@atmosphericdynamics.com					

THIS CONCLUDES FORM 400-CEQA. INCLUDE THIS FORM AND ANY ATTACHMENTS WITH FORM 400-A.

⁴ Table 1 – Regulated Substances List and Threshold Quantities for Accidental Release Prevention can be found in the Instructions for Form 400-CEQA.

South Coast Air Form 400 Plot Plan	Mail To: SCAQMD P.O. Box 4944 Diamond Bar, CA 91765-0944							
South Coast	e accompanied by a completed Application for a Permit to Const	truct/Operate - Form 400A and Form 400-CEQA.	Tel: (909) 396-3385 www.aqmd.gov					
Section A - Operator Info	rmation							
Facility Name (Business Name Bicent (California) N	e of Operator To Appears On The Permit): 1alburg, LLC	Valid AQMD Facility ID (Available On Permit Or	Invoice Issued By AQMD): 155474					
	t will be operated (for equipment which will be moved to variou rnon, Ca. 90058	s location in AQMD's jurisdiction, please list the initial lo						
Section B - Location Dat	1							
Plot Plan	Please attach a site man for the project with distances and scales. Identify and locate the proposed equipment on the man. A copy of the appropriate							
	Is the facility located within a 1/4 mile radius (1,320 feet) of If yes, please provide name(s) of school(s) below: School Name:	-	No					
	School Address:							
Location of Schools Nearby	.							
	Distance from stack or equipment vent to the outer boundary of the school:	Distance from stack or equipment ven feet to the outer boundary of the school:	tfeet					
	CA Health & Safety Code 42301.9: "School" means any public or private school used for purposes of the education of more than 12 children in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, but does not include any private school in which education is primarily conducted in private homes.							
Population Density	● Urban O Rural (<50% of land within 3 km radius acc	counted for by urban land use categories, i.e., multi-fam	ily dwelling or industrial.)					
Zoning Classification	 Mixed Use Residential Commercial Zone (M-U) Heavy Commercial (C-4) 	 Service and Professional Zone (C-S) Commercial Manufacturing (C-M) 	O Medium Commercial (C-3)					
Section C - Emission Re	ease Parameters - Stacks, Vents							
	Stack Height: 45.00 feet (above ground level)	What is the height of the closest building neares	st the stack? feet					
	Stack Inside Diameter: 264.00 inches		erature:°₽					
	Rain Cap Present: O Yes No 	Stack Orientation: Vertical Horiz	zontal					
Stack Data	If the stack height is less than 2.5 times the closest building he (attach additional sheet if necessary):							
	Building #/Name:Tower has 3 cells	Building #/Name:_ data above is fo	or each cell					
	Building Height:feet (above ground leve		(above ground level)					
	Building Width:feet	Building Width:feet						
Decenter Distance From	Building Length:feet	Building Length:feet						
Receptor Distance From Equipment Stack or Roof	Distance to nearest residence or sensitive receptor*:	feet						
Vents/Openings	Distance to nearest business:	feet						
	Are the emissions released from vents and/or openings from If yes, please provide:	o m a building? 🔘 Yes 💿 No						
Building Information	Building #/Name:	-						
	Building Height:feet (above ground level)) Building Length:feet						

*AQMD Rule 1470 defines SENSITIVE RECEPTOR as meaning any residence including private homes, condominiums, apartments, and living quarters, schools as defined under paragraph (b)(57), preschools, daycare centers and health facilities such as hospitals or retirement and nursing homes. A sensitive receptor includes long term care hospitals, hospices, prisons, and dormitories or similar live-in housing.

Form 400-PS

Plot Plan And Stack Information Form

This form must be accompanied by a completed Application for a Permit to Construct/Operate - Form 400A and Form 400-CEQA.

Section D - Authorization/Signature								
I hereby certify that all information contained herein and information submittfgfed with this application is true and correct.								
Signature of Preparer:	Title of Preparer:		Preparer's Phone #: (831) 620-0481					
hegge	Consultant		Preparer's Email: darvin@atmosphericdyr	amics.com				
Contact Person: Kyle McCormack		Contact's Phone#: (303) 442-5590		Date Signed:				
Contact's Email: kmccormack@heorot	power.com	Contact's Fax#:		05/07/2018				
THIS IS A PUBLIC DOCUMENT Pursuant to the California Public Records Act, your permit application and any supplemental documentation are public records and may be disclosed to a third party. If you wish to claim certain limited information as exempt from disclosure because it qualifies as a trade secret, as defined in the District's Guidelines for Implementing the California Public Records Act, you must make such claim <u>at the time of submittal</u> to the District. Check here if you claim that this form or its attachments contain confidential trade secret information.								