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November 3, 2008

Ivor Benci-Woodward
California Energy Commission
1516 Ninth Street, MS-15
Sacramento, CA 95814

Subject: **Willow Pass Generating Station**
Application for Certification No. 08-AFC-06
Submittal of Revised Air Quality and Public Health Tables

Dear Mr. Benci-Woodward:

In response to a Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) request, pleased find enclosed revisions to the air dispersion and public health modeling results for the Willow Pass Generating Station.

Also enclosed are 5 CDs containing electronic copies of revised air quality and public health modeling input and output files.

Please contact me at (415) 243-3833 if you have any questions or require additional information.

Sincerely,

URS CORPORATION

Kathy Rushmore
Project Manager

Enclosure

cc: Jon Sacks, Mirant
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Revised AFC Air Quality and
Public Health Tables
In Response to BAAQMD Comments

Application for Certification
(08-AFC-06)
for
WILLOW PASS
GENERATING STATION
Pittsburg, California

October 2008

Prepared for:



Prepared by:

URS



1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this submittal is to present revised Willow Pass Generating Station (WPGS) air quality and health risk modeling results. Air dispersion and health risk remodeling was necessary because Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD) requested processing corrections to the meteorological data sets used in the original modeling and the use of the most recent version of the health risk model HARP (version 1.4a). BAAQMD also requested that two meteorological data sets (sets A and B) be used when modeling operational project emissions. Meteorological data set A uses two land-use sectors around the onsite meteorological station at Pittsburg Power Plant. Meteorological data set B uses three land-use sectors around the proposed turbines at the WPGS site.

Corrections to the meteorological data include processing both onsite meteorological data sets A and B with a local time stamp instead of using Greenwich Mean Time in AERMET, and using meteorological data set A (onsite meteorological station) coordinates of 594,586.5 m E; 4,210,812.5 m N (UTM NAD83) for surface characteristics in AERSURFACE. Meteorological set B uses 597,136 m E; 4,210,724 m N (UTM NAD83) for the study center in AERSURFACE. Surface moisture conditions, provided for context, can be found in Table 7.1-20. Land use characteristics are provided for meteorological data set A in Table 7.1-21a (Revised), and in Table 7.1-21b (New) for meteorological data set B.

New turbine impact screening modeling was performed, as well as revised refined modeling to evaluate impacts for turbine startup conditions, turbine commissioning, turbine normal operations, and a revised health risk assessment. Except for the above changes in the pre-processing of meteorological input data, the modeling methodology for each of these analyses was unchanged from that presented in the original Application for Certification (AFC).

Fugitive emissions that would be associated with project construction were recalculated and are presented in Appendix J3 (Revised) using the construction equipment given for the WPGS instead of using the conservative emission factor of 1.3 lb/hour-acre (emissions per acre for each hour of construction activity) of ground disturbance from Midwest Research Institute, 1996.

All revised modeling and meteorological processing files are included in a CD accompanying these revised tables.

The following tables, figures, and appendices that are marked as "Revised" replace the corresponding tables, figures, and appendices presented in the WPGS AFC. Tables that are marked as "New" present operational modeling results using meteorological data set B. Unmarked tables have not been revised and are included for context only.

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Table 7.1-10 (Revised) Daily Maximum Construction Emissions of Criteria Pollutants (lbs/day)						
Activity	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO	VOC	NO _x	SO _x
Onsite Combustion Emissions						
Construction Equipment	10.43	9.51	608.06	37.41	212.86	0.23
Worker vehicles and delivery trucks	0.04	0.03	3.12	0.35	0.65	0.003
Trains	0.20	0.18	0.94	0.31	5.57	3.69
Construction Combustion Subtotal (lbs)	10.7	9.7	612.1	38.1	219.1	3.9
Onsite Fugitive Dust Emissions						
Vehicle Travel on Paved Roads and Parking Lot	0.28	0.03	–	–	–	–
Demolition/Bulldozing/Excavation	3.26	0.68	–	–	–	–
Fugitive Subtotal (lbs)	3.5	0.7	–	–	–	–
Offsite On-Highway Emissions						
Worker Passenger Vehicle and delivery trucks – Combustion Emissions	1.30	0.89	103.84	11.62	21.57	0.11
Worker Passenger Vehicle and delivery trucks – Paved Road Dust	9.39	1.07	–	–	–	–
Trains Combustion Emissions	6.67	6.13	31.43	10.48	186.70	11.06
Subtotal of Offsite Emissions (lbs)	17.4	8.1	135.3	22.1	208.3	11.2
Total Max. Daily Emissions (lbs)	31.6	18.5	747.4	60.2	427.3	15.1
Notes. Bold indicates maximum concentration CO = carbon monoxide NO _x = nitrogen oxide(s) PM ₁₀ = particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter PM _{2.5} = particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter SO _x = sulfur oxide(s) VOC = volatile organic compounds						

Table 7.1-11 (Revised) Maximum Annual Construction Emissions of Criteria Pollutants (tons/year)						
Activity	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	CO	VOC	NO _x	SO _x
Onsite Combustion Emissions						
Construction Equipment	0.72	0.65	61.14	3.44	17.21	0.02
Worker vehicles and delivery trucks	0.004	0.003	0.57	0.03	0.08	0.0003
Trains	0.15	0.13	0.68	0.23	4.07	2.69
Construction Combustion Subtotal (tons)	0.9	0.8	62.4	3.7	21.3	2.7
Onsite Fugitive Dust Emissions						
Vehicle Travel on Unpaved Roads and Parking Lot	0.04	0.004	–	–	–	–
Demolition/Bulldozing/Excavation	0.71	0.15	–	–	–	–
Fugitive Subtotal (tons)	0.7	0.2	–	–	–	–
Offsite On-Highway Emissions						
Worker Passenger Vehicle and delivery trucks – Combustion Emissions	0.14	0.10	9.63	1.10	2.50	0.01
Worker Passenger Vehicle and delivery trucks – Paved Road Dust	1.18	0.15	–	–	–	–
Trains – Combustion Emissions	4.87	4.48	22.95	7.65	136.29	8.07
Subtotal of Offsite Emissions (tons)	6.2	4.7	32.6	8.7	138.8	8.1
Total Max. Yearly Emissions (tons)	7.8	5.7	95.0	12.4	160.1	10.8
Notes: Bold indicates maximum concentration CO = carbon monoxide NO _x = nitrogen oxide(s) PM ₁₀ = particulate matter less than 10 micrometers in diameter PM _{2.5} = particulate matter less than 2.5 micrometers in diameter SO _x = sulfur oxide(s) VOC = volatile organic compounds						

Table 7.1-20 Surface Moisture Conditions for Years 2002-2005												
Surface Moisture Condition by Month for the Antioch Pump Plant 3 Station												
Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2002	dry	dry	avg	dry	dry	dry	dry	dry	dry	dry	avg	wet
2003	avg	dry	avg	wet	wet	dry	dry	wet	dry	dry	avg	wet
2004	avg	wet	dry	dry	avg	dry	dry	dry	dry	wet	avg	wet
2005	wet	avg	wet	avg	avg	wet	dry	dry	dry	dry	dry	wet
Note: Surface moisture conditions provided by BAAQMD.												

Table 7.1-21a* (Revised)							
Land Use Characteristics Used in AERMET Meteorological Data Set A							
Month	Sector	Range	Land Use Characteristics				
			Albedo (α)	Bowen Ratio (β) Avg. sfc moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Dry sfc moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Wet sfc moisture	Surface Roughness (Z_o) (m)
Jan	1	90°-270°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.027
Jan	2	270°-90°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
Feb	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.031
Feb	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.008
Mar	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.031
Mar	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.008
Apr	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.032
Apr	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.008
May	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.032
May	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.008
Jun	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.032
Jun	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.008
Jul	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.032
Jul	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.31	0.53	0.24	0.008
Aug	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.032
Aug	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
Sep	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.032
Sep	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
Oct	1	90°-270°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.032
Oct	2	270°-90°	0.14	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
Nov	1	90°-270°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.027
Nov	2	270°-90°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
Dec	1	90°-270°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.027
Dec	2	270°-90°	0.15	0.35	0.57	0.26	0.008
* This table is a revised version of Table 7.1-21 included in the WPGS AFC.							

Table 7.1-21b (New)
Land Use Characteristics Used in AERMET Meteorological Data Set B

Month	Sector	Range	Land Use Characteristics				
			Albedo (α)	Bowen Ratio (β) Average Surface Moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Dry Surface Moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Wet Surface Moisture	Surface Roughness (Z_o) (m)
Jan	1	102°-194°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.517
Jan	2	194°-279°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.3
Jan	3	279°-102°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011
Feb	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.548
Feb	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.322
Feb	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.011
Mar	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.548
Mar	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.322
Mar	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.27	0.47	0.23	0.011
Apr	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.569
Apr	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.333
Apr	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.011
May	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.569
May	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.333
May	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.011
Jun	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.569
Jun	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.333
Jun	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.011
Jul	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.569
Jul	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.333
Jul	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.3	0.52	0.24	0.011
Aug	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.569
Aug	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.333
Aug	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011
Sep	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.569
Sep	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.333
Sep	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011
Oct	1	102°-194°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.569

Table 7.1-21b (New)							
Land Use Characteristics Used in AERMET Meteorological Data Set B (Continued)							
Month	Sector	Range	Land Use Characteristics				
			Albedo (α)	Bowen Ratio (β) Average Surface Moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Dry Surface Moisture	Bowen Ratio (β) Wet Surface Moisture	Surface Roughness (Z_o) (m)
Oct	2	194°-279°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.333
Oct	3	279°-102°	0.14	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011
Nov	1	102°-194°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.517
Nov	2	194°-279°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.3
Nov	3	279°-102°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011
Dec	1	102°-194°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.517
Dec	2	194°-279°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.3
Dec	3	279°-102°	0.15	0.34	0.55	0.25	0.011

Table 7.1-22a* (Revised) WPGS Turbine Screening Results FP10 Combined-Cycle Units With Meteorological Data Set A												
Normal Operations – New Siemens Peaker Flex-Plant 10 Emissions and stack parameters per Turbine												
Case	Case 1A	Case 1B	Case 1C	Case 2A	Case 2B	Case 2C	Case 3A	Case 3B	Case 3C	Case 3D	Case 3E	Case 3F
Ambient Temperature	Winter Minimum – 20°F			Yearly Average-58°F			Summer Maximum – 94°F					
CTG Load Level	100%	85%	60%	100%	85%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	60%
Evaporative Cooler Status/Effectiveness	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Augmentation Status	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Stack Outlet Temperature (°F)	350	346	343.7	340	337	328.7	338	348	333	341	346	323.3
Stack Outlet Temperature (°K)	449.82	447.59	446.32	444.26	442.59	437.98	443.15	448.71	440.37	444.82	447.59	434.98
Stack Exit Velocity (ft/s)	70.5	61.5	50.1	64.3	57.0	44.9	65.2	62.5	61.6	59.0	53.4	42.8
Stack Exit Velocity (m/s)	21.479	18.752	15.260	19.587	17.378	13.694	19.860	19.059	18.763	17.979	16.282	13.054
NO _x (at 2.0 ppm) (lb/hr)	17.4	15.1	12.0	15.8	13.9	10.0	16.3	15.2	15.3	14.3	12.9	10.6
CO (at 3.0 ppm) (lb/hr)	26.1	22.7	18.0	23.7	20.9	15.0	24.5	22.8	23.0	21.5	19.3	15.0
SO ₂ (lb/hr) (based on 0.4 gr total S/100 scf)	2.6	2.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.5
SO ₂ (lb/hr) (based on 1.0 gr total S/100 scf)	6.4	5.6	4.5	5.8	5.2	4.0	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.3	4.7	3.8
PM ₁₀ (lb/hr)	10.0	8.9	8.0	9.3	8.3	8.0	8.9	8.8	8.5	8.5	7.7	8.0
NO _x (g/s)	2.194	1.904	1.513	1.993	1.753	1.261	2.056	1.917	1.930	1.803	1.623	1.261
CO (g/s)	3.292	2.856	2.270	2.989	2.629	1.892	3.083	2.875	2.894	2.705	2.435	1.892
SO ₂ (g/s) (based on 0.4 gr total S/100 scf)	0.324	0.284	0.226	0.294	0.260	0.201	0.303	0.283	0.285	0.266	0.239	0.191
SO ₂ (g/s) (based on 1.0 gr total S/100 scf)	0.811	0.710	0.565	0.736	0.650	0.501	0.758	0.707	0.711	0.664	0.598	0.477
PM ₁₀ (g/s)	1.261	1.122	1.009	1.173	1.047	1.009	1.122	1.110	1.072	1.072	0.965	1.009
Model Results – Maximum X/Q concentration (µg/m ³ /(g/s)) predicted from AERMOD												
1 hour	12.99616	14.12715	15.70620	13.91224	14.80330	18.06803	13.84360	13.98057	14.32500	14.48790	15.07712	19.1520
3 hour	7.25330	7.90962	9.11455	7.79251	8.40100	9.66233	7.75591	7.81704	8.05436	8.13285	8.69538	9.84629
8 hour	4.81947	4.98066	5.01687	4.95917	5.02252	4.90416	4.95192	4.96544	4.99700	5.00577	5.02894	4.81770
24 hour	1.62596	1.68012	1.76205	1.67300	1.69401	1.82320	1.67051	1.67503	1.68557	1.68848	1.71034	1.84255
annual	0.07917	0.08872	0.10137	0.08681	0.09477	0.10847	0.08623	0.08738	0.09067	0.09215	0.09733	0.11093
Maximum Concentration (µg/m ³) predicted per Pollutant Normal Operations												
NO _x	1 hour	28.5179	26.9020	23.7687	27.7209	25.9494	22.7858	28.4571	26.7992	27.6362	26.1273	24.4709
	annual	0.1737	0.1689	0.1534	0.1730	0.1661	0.1368	0.1773	0.1675	0.1749	0.1662	0.1399
CO	1 hour	42.7769	40.3530	35.6531	41.5814	38.9240	34.1787	42.6856	40.1988	41.4543	39.1910	36.7064
	8 hour	15.8633	14.2268	11.3883	14.8227	13.2063	9.2770	15.2688	14.2773	14.4626	13.5410	12.2433
SO ₂	1 hour	10.5384	10.0240	8.8809	10.2428	9.6270	9.0593	10.4913	9.8825	10.1995	9.6269	9.0166
	3 hour	5.8816	5.6123	5.1537	5.7372	5.4634	4.8447	5.8778	5.5257	5.7356	5.4041	4.6918
	24 hour	1.3185	1.1921	0.9963	1.2317	1.1017	0.9142	1.2660	1.1840	1.2003	1.1220	0.8780
	annual	0.0257	0.0252	0.0229	0.0256	0.0247	0.0218	0.0261	0.0247	0.0258	0.0245	0.0233
PM ₁₀	24 hour	2.0505	1.8857	1.7777	1.9622	1.7732	1.8394	1.8750	1.8589	1.8068	1.8100	1.8589
	annual	0.0998	0.0996	0.1023	0.1018	0.0992	0.1094	0.0968	0.0970	0.0972	0.0988	0.0939

* This table is a revised version of Table 7.1-22 included in the WPGS AFC
Note: Bold indicates maximum concentration when compared to data set B (Table 7.1-22b)

Table 7.1-22b (New) WPGS Turbine Screening Results FP10 Combined-Cycle Units With Meteorological Data Set B												
Case	Case 1A	Case 1B	Case 1C	Case 2A	Case 2B	Case 2C	Case 3A	Case 3B	Case 3C	Case 3D	Case 3E	Case 3F
Ambient Temperature	Winter Minimum – 20°F			Yearly Average–59°F			Summer Maximum – 94°F					
CTG Load Level	100%	85%	80%	100%	85%	60%	100%	100%	100%	100%	85%	60%
Evaporative Cooler Status/Effectiveness	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Power Augmentation Status	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
Stack Outlet Temperature (°F)	350	346	343.7	340	337	328.7	338	348	333	341	346	323.3
Stack Outlet Temperature (°K)	449.82	447.59	446.32	444.26	442.59	437.98	443.15	448.71	440.37	444.82	447.59	434.98
Stack Exit Velocity (ft/s)	70.5	61.5	50.1	64.3	57.0	44.9	65.2	62.5	61.6	59.0	53.4	42.8
Stack Exit Velocity (m/s)	21.479	18.752	15.260	19.587	17.378	13.694	19.860	19.059	18.763	17.979	16.282	13.054
NO _x (at 2.0 ppm) (lb/hr)	17.4	15.1	12.0	15.8	13.9	10.0	16.3	15.2	15.3	14.3	12.9	10.0
CO (at 3.0 ppm) (lb/hr)	26.1	22.7	18.0	23.7	20.9	15.0	24.5	22.8	23.0	21.5	19.3	15.0
SO ₂ (lb/hr) (based on 0.4 gr total S/100 scf)	2.6	2.3	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.6	2.4	2.2	2.3	2.1	1.9	1.5
SO ₂ (lb/hr) (based on 1.0 gr total S/100 scf)	6.4	5.6	4.5	5.8	5.2	4.0	6.0	5.6	5.6	5.3	4.7	3.8
PM ₁₀ (lb/hr)	10.0	8.9	8.0	9.3	8.3	8.0	8.9	8.8	8.5	8.5	7.7	8.0
NO _x (g/s)	2.194	1.904	1.513	1.993	1.753	1.261	2.056	1.917	1.930	1.803	1.623	1.261
CO (g/s)	3.292	2.856	2.270	2.989	2.629	1.892	3.083	2.875	2.894	2.705	2.435	1.892
SO ₂ (g/s) (based on 0.4 gr total S/100 scf)	0.324	0.284	0.226	0.294	0.260	0.201	0.303	0.283	0.285	0.266	0.239	0.191
SO ₂ (g/s) (based on 1.0 gr total S/100 scf)	0.811	0.710	0.565	0.736	0.650	0.501	0.758	0.707	0.712	0.664	0.598	0.477
PM ₁₀ (g/s)	1.261	1.122	1.009	1.173	1.047	1.009	1.122	1.110	1.072	1.072	0.965	1.009
Model Results – Maximum X/Q concentration (µg/m ³ /(g/s)) predicted from AERMOD												
1 hour	13.61692	14.46808	16.59227	14.32166	15.23843	18.05708	14.27371	14.36597	14.60301	14.73681	15.76335	18.55055
3 hour	7.96325	8.61448	9.20965	8.50637	8.95599	9.98215	8.47221	8.52881	8.74621	8.81519	9.06381	10.62437
8 hour	4.63452	4.79308	4.83201	4.77163	4.83126	4.73849	4.76420	4.77770	4.80937	4.81780	4.83954	4.70164
24 hour	1.56225	1.61569	1.62898	1.60845	1.62870	1.72835	1.60594	1.61049	1.62122	1.62413	1.63150	1.83840
annual	0.07190	0.08092	0.09283	0.07908	0.08666	0.09965	0.07852	0.07962	0.08273	0.08413	0.08912	0.10208
Maximum Concentration (µg/m ³) predicted per Pollutant Normal Operations												
NO _x	1 hour	29.88006	27.55124	25.10964	28.53670	26.71212	22.77198	29.34120	27.53797	28.17651	26.57620	23.39430
	annual	0.15777	0.15409	0.14048	0.15757	0.15191	0.12567	0.16141	0.15262	0.15963	0.15172	0.14465
CO	1 hour	44.82009	41.32686	37.66445	42.80505	40.06818	34.15798	44.01180	41.30695	42.26476	39.86430	35.09146
	8 hour	15.25452	13.69103	10.96866	14.26161	12.70340	8.96364	14.69001	13.73748	13.91952	13.03255	8.89394
SO ₂	1 hour	11.04178	10.26595	9.38196	10.54424	9.91003	9.05381	10.81728	10.15493	10.39893	9.79228	8.83936
	3 hour	6.45730	6.11248	5.20752	6.26276	5.82436	5.00505	6.42064	6.02879	6.22825	5.85749	5.06253
	24 hour	1.26681	1.14643	0.92109	1.18423	1.05919	0.86659	1.21706	1.13841	1.15448	1.07920	0.97569
	annual	0.02332	0.02297	0.02100	0.02329	0.02254	0.01999	0.02380	0.02251	0.02357	0.02236	0.02132
PM ₁₀	24 hour	1.97017	1.81343	1.64346	1.88644	1.70480	1.74371	1.80249	1.78729	1.73786	1.74098	1.85474
	annual	0.09067	0.09082	0.09366	0.09275	0.09071	0.10054	0.08813	0.08836	0.08868	0.09018	0.08598

Note: Bold indicates maximum concentration when compared to data set A (Table 7.1-22a)

Willow Pass Generating Station
Revised Air Quality and Public Health Tables
In Response to BAAQMD Comments

08-AFC-06

In Response to EIR/CEQA Comments

Table 7.1-24 (Revised)
 Maximum Modeled Criteria Pollutant Impacts Due to WPGS Construction: Site Demolition, Grading, Laydown, Building, and Pipeline
 Excavation Emissions (Short-Term Impact Estimates Based on Month 6 Construction Activities)

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Modeled Impact ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Background ¹ ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Maximum Total Predicted Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Most Stringent AAQS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	UTM Coordinates NAD27	
						East (m)	North (m)
Construction Impacts							
CO	1 hour	684.45	3,762	4,446	23,000	596,988	4,210,672
	8 hours	253.48	2,166	2,419	10,000	597,426	4,210,331
NO ₂	1 hour ²	226.97	109.04	336	339	596,400	4,207,400
	Annual ²	6.31	22.56	29	57	597,478	4,210,517
PM ₁₀	24 hours ³	49.11	84	133	50	597,100	4,210,387
	Annual ³	4.52	20	25	20	597,074	4,210,414
PM _{2.5}	24 hours ³	10.67	62	73	35	597,100	4,210,387
	Annual ³	1.04	10	11	12	597,132	4,210,378
SO ₂	1 hour	38.63	122.67	161	655	596,400	4,207,400
	3 hours	24.75	65.25	90	1300	596,659	4,210,346
	24 hours	10.03	23.49	34	105	596,631	4,210,119
	Annual	0.14	7.83	8	80	596,976	4,209,931

Notes:

¹ Background represents the maximum values measured at the monitoring stations described in previous sections, for 2004-2006.

² Results for NO₂ during construction used ozone limiting method with ambient ozone data collected at the Pittsburg monitoring station for the years 2002-2005.

³ PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} background levels exceed ambient standards.

⁴ In February 2007, the CARB approved new, more stringent CAAQS for NO₂. The new standards of 339 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (1 hour) and 57 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (annual) became effective in March 2008

AAQS = ambient air quality standard

CO = carbon monoxide

$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ = micrograms per cubic meter

NO₂ = nitrogen dioxide

PM₁₀ = particulate matter less than or equal to 10 microns in diameter

PM_{2.5} = particulate matter less than or equal to 2.5 microns in diameter.

SO₂ = sulfur dioxide

UTM = Universal Transverse Mercator

Table 7.1-25a* (Revised)
AERMOD Modeling Results for WPGS Operations
Using Meteorological Data Set A
(All Project Sources Combined)

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Predicted Impact ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Significant Air Quality Impacts ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Background Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) ¹	Total Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	NAAQS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	CAAQS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Maximum UTMX NAD27 (m)	Maximum UTM Y NAD27 (m)
NO ₂	1-hour ²	30.7 (normal operations)	19 ⁶	109.04	139.74	NA	339 ⁵	594,800	4,205,750
		99.9 (startup operations)	NA	109.04	208.94	NA	339 ⁵	593,750	4,206,725
	Annual ²	0.28	1.0	22.56	22.8	100	57 ⁵	597,074	4,210,414
SO ₂	1-hour	12.5	NA	122.67	135.17	NA	655	594,800	4,205,750
	3-hour	7.1	25	65.25	72.35	1300	NA	593,375	4,206,075
	24-hour	1.5	5	23.49	24.99	365	105	597,150	4,203,075
	Annual	0.015	1.0	7.83	7.85	80	NA	594,200	4,206,725
CO	1-hour	28.3 (normal operations)	2,000	3,762	3,790	40,000	23,000	594,800	4,205,750
		721.5 (startup operations)	NA	3,762	4,484	40,000	23,000	593,750	4,206,725
	8-hour	67.4	500	2,166	2,233	10,000	10,000	597,150	4,203,075
PM ₁₀	24-hour ^{3,4}	2.33	5	84	86.3	150	50	595,150	4,203,075
	Annual ^{3,4}	0.08	1.0	20	20.08	NA	20	594,300	4,206,925
PM _{2.5}	24-hour ^{3,4}	2.33	NA	62	64.3	35	NA	595,150	4,203,075
	Annual ^{3,4}	0.08	NA	10	10.08	15	12	594,300	4,206,925

* This table is a revised version of Table 7.1-25 included in the WPGS AFC.

Notes:

Bold indicates highest estimated impact when compared to data set B (Table 7.1-25b).

¹ Background represents the maximum values measured at the monitoring stations identified in Section 7.1.1.2.

² Results for NO₂ during operations used ozone limiting method with ambient ozone data collected at the Pittsburg air quality monitoring station for the years 2002-2005.

³ PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} background levels exceed ambient standards

⁴ All PM₁₀ emissions from project sources were also considered to be PM_{2.5}.

⁵ In February 2007, CARB approved new, more stringent CAAQS for NO₂ as shown in the table above. These changes became effective in March 2008.

⁶ If predicted maximum 1-hour NO₂ concentration due to new sources is below this significant threshold, no further analysis is required. Otherwise, it must be demonstrated that the project's impacts plus background will be below applicable ambient air quality standards.

Willow Pass Generating Station
Revised Air Quality and Public Health Tables
In Response to BAAQMD Comments

08-AFC-06

Table 7.1-25b (New)
AERMOD Modeling Results for WPGS Operations
Using Meteorological Data Set B
(All Project Sources Combined)

Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Predicted Impact ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Significant Air Quality Impacts ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Background Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) ¹	Total Concentration ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	NAAQS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	CAAQS ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Maximum UTMX NAD27 (m)	Maximum UTM Y NAD27 (m)
NO ₂	1-hour ²	31.2 (normal operations)	19 ⁶	109.04	140.24	NA	339 ⁵	593,350	4,206,250
		92.9 (startup operations)	NA	109.04	201.94	NA	339 ⁵	593,425	4,206,250
	Annual ²	0.29	1.0	22.56	22.85	100	57 ⁵	597,074	4,210,414
SO ₂	1-hour	12.8	NA	122.67	135.47	NA	655	593,350	4,206,250
	3-hour	7.5	25	65.25	72.75	1300	NA	593,400	4,206,125
	24-hour	1.4	5	23.49	25.99	365	105	597,150	4,203,075
	Annual	0.013	1.0	7.83	7.84	80	NA	593,400	4,206,250
CO	1-hour	28.7 (normal operations)	2,000	3,762	3,791	40,000	23,000	593,350	4,206,250
		671.2 (startup operations)	NA	3,762	4,433	40,000	23,000	593,425	4,206,250
	8-hour	65.1	500	2,166	2,231	10,000	10,000	597,150	4,203,075
PM ₁₀	24-hour ^{3,4}	2.25	5	84	86.3	150	50	595,150	4,203,075
	Annual ^{3,4}	0.07	1.0	20	20.07	NA	20	594,300	4,206,925
PM _{2.5}	24-hour ^{3,4}	2.25	NA	62	64.3	35	NA	595,150	4,203,075
	Annual ^{3,4}	0.07	NA	10	10.07	15	12	594,300	4,206,925

Notes

Bold indicates highest estimated impact when compared to data set A (Table 7.1-25a).

¹ Background represents the maximum values measured at the monitoring stations

² Results for NO₂ during operations used ozone limiting method with ambient ozone data collected at the Pittsburg air quality monitoring station for the years 2002-2005

³ PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} background levels exceed ambient standards.

⁴ All PM₁₀ emissions from project sources were also considered to be PM_{2.5}.

⁵ In February 2007, CARB approved new, more stringent CAAQS for NO₂ as shown in the table above. These changes became effective in March 2008

⁶ If predicted maximum 1-hour NO₂ concentration due to new sources is below this significant threshold, no further analysis is required. Otherwise, it must be demonstrated that the project's impacts plus background will be below applicable ambient air quality standards

Willow Pass Generating Station
Revised Air Quality and Public Health Tables
In Response to BAAQMD Comments

08-AFC-06

Table 7.1-26a* (Revised)
Turbine Commissioning Modeling Results Using Meteorological Data Set A

Modeling Scenario	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Estimated Impact from FP10 1 and gas heater ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Maximum Estimated Impact from FP10 2 and gas heater ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Background ¹ ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Total Predicted Concentration from FP10 1 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Total Predicted Concentration from FP10 2 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Most Stringent Standard ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Each FP10 Turbine commissioning with fuel gas heater ⁴	CO	1 hour	4,761	4,826	3,762	8,523	8,588	23,000
		8 hours	1,333	1,263	2,166	3,499	3,429	10,000
	NO ₂ ³	1 hour	198.4	198.3	109.04	307.44	307.34	339 ²

*This table is a revised version of Table 7.1-26 included in the WPGS AFC

Notes:

Bold indicates highest estimated impact when compared to data set B (Table 7.1-26b)

¹ Background represents the maximum values measured at the monitoring stations.

² In February 2007, the CARB approved new, more stringent CAAQS for NO₂. The new standards of 339 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (1 hour) and 57 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (annual) became effective in March 2008

³ NO₂ modeling for Commissioning was conducted with the OLM algorithm

⁴ Applicant will agree to a condition limiting commissioning of Flex 10 plants to one unit at a time.

CO = carbon monoxide

$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ = micrograms per cubic meter

NO₂ = nitrogen dioxide

Table 7.1-26b (New)
Turbine Commissioning Modeling Results Using Meteorological Data Set B

Modeling Scenario	Pollutant	Averaging Period	Maximum Estimated Impact from FP10 1 and gas heater ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Maximum Estimated Impact from FP10 2 and gas heater ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Background ¹ ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Total Predicted Concentration from FP10 1 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Total Predicted Concentration from FP10 2 ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)	Most Stringent Standard ($\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
Two FP10 Turbines commissioning with fuel gas heater ⁴	CO	1 hour	4450	4477	3,762	7,912	8,239	23,000
		8 hours	1284	1180	2,166	3,450	3,346	10,000
	NO ₂ ³	1 hour	196.8	196.6	109.04	305.84	305.64	339 ²

Notes:

¹ Background represents the maximum values measured at the monitoring stations.

² In February 2007, the CARB approved new, more stringent CAAQS for NO₂. The new standards of 339 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (1 hour) and 57 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (annual) became effective in March 2008.

³ NO₂ modeling for Commissioning was conducted with the OLM algorithm.

⁴ Applicant will agree to a condition limiting commissioning of Flex 10 plants to one unit at a time.

CO = carbon monoxide

$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ = micrograms per cubic meter

NO₂ = nitrogen dioxide

Table 7.6-4 (Revised) Estimated Cancer Risk and Acute and Chronic Non-cancer Total Hazard Indices Due to WPGS Emissions of TACs					
Receptor Type	Risk Type	Maximum Risk	NAD83 UTM Easting (m)	NAD83 UTM Northing (m)	Description & Distance of Receptor from fenceline
Point of Maximum Impact	Cancer Risk (in 1 million)	0.111	602,112	4,206,806	Grid ¹ approximately 6 km southeast
	Chronic Total Hazard Index	0.005	602,112	4,206,806	Grid ¹ approximately 6 km southeast
	Acute Total Hazard Index	0.142	604,262	4,208,066	Grid ¹ approximately 7 km east-southeast
Sensitive/ Residential Receptor	Cancer Risk (in 1 million)	0.084	594,105	4,207,202	Kids Jump for Fun ² ~ 4 km southwest of Project
	Chronic Total Hazard Index	0.004	594,105	4,207,202	Kids Jump for Fun ² ~ 4 km southwest of Project
	Acute Total Hazard Index	0.105	594,105	4,207,202	Kids Jump for Fun ² ~ 4 km southwest of Project
Notes: ¹ Modeling grid receptor location. ² Daycare center					

LEGEND

Willow Pass Generating Station Proposed Project Boundary

Maximum Predicted Ground Level Pollutant Concentrations

- ▲ CO, 1 Hour Normal Operations, (28.3 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
SO₂, Annual, (12.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
NO₂, 1 Hour Normal Operations, (30.7 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- CO, 1 Hour Startup Operations, (721.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
NO₂, 1 Hour Startup Operations, (99.9 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- PM₁₀, 24 Hour, (2.33 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
PM_{2.5}, 24 Hour, (2.33 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ◆ PM₁₀, 24 Annual, (0.08 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
PM_{2.5}, Annual, (0.08 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ✚ CO, 8 Hour, (87.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
SO₂, 24 Hour, (1.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ⊕ SO₂, 3 Hour, (7.1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ▲ SO₂, Annual, (0.015 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- NO₂, Annual, (0.28 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

OVERVIEW MAP



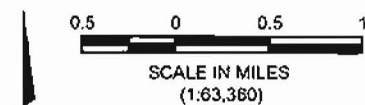
LOCATIONS OF MAXIMUM PREDICTED GROUND LEVEL POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS FOR THE OPERATIONAL PROJECT AREA USING METEOROLOGICAL DATA SET A

October 2008
28067343

Willow Pass Generating Station
Mirant Willow Pass, LLC
Pittsburg, California

URS

FIGURE 7.1-5a (REVISED)



SOURCES: CH2M HILL (Fenceline);
ESRI ArcGIS Online (100K and
24K topo, various dates).

LEGEND

Willow Pass Generating Station Proposed Project Boundary

Maximum Predicted Ground Level Pollutant Concentrations

- ▲ CO, 1 Hour Normal Operations, (28.7 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
SO₂, Annual, (12.8 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
NO₂, 1 Hour Normal Operations, (31.2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- CO, 1 Hour Startup Operations, (871.2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
NO₂, 1 Hour Startup Operations, (92.9 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- PM₁₀, 24 Hour, (2.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
PM_{2.5}, 24 Hour, (2.25 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ◆ PM₁₀, 24 Annual, (0.07 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
PM_{2.5}, Annual, (0.07 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ✚ CO, 8 Hour, (65.1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
SO₂, 24 Hour, (1.4 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ⊕ SO₂, 3 Hour, (7.5 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- ▲ SO₂, Annual, (0.013 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)
- NO₂, Annual, (0.29 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$)

OVERVIEW MAP



LOCATIONS OF MAXIMUM PREDICTED GROUND LEVEL POLLUTANT CONCENTRATIONS FOR THE OPERATIONAL PROJECT AREA USING METEOROLOGICAL DATA SET B

October 2008
28067343

Willow Pass Generating Station
Mirant Willow Pass, LLC
Pittsburg, California

URS

FIGURE 7.1-5b (NEW)

0.5 0 0.5 1
SCALE IN MILES
(1:63,360)

SOURCES: CH2M Hill (Fenceline);
ESRI ArcGIS Online (100K and
24K topo, various dates).

Appendix J3
Construction Emissions (Revised)

**Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
Construction Equipment List**

				Year 2009												Year 2010												Year 2011												Year 2012													
				2009			2010												2011												2012																						
				1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	Total per Eq															
Construction Equipment	% Usage	HP	Fuel	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Total per Eq															
On-Road Vehicles																																																					
Concrete Pumper Truck	15%	350	Dsl			1	1	1	1													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							14																
Dump Truck	35%	300	Dsl			1	1	1	1														2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1						23															
Dump Truck (30 Ton)	100%	300	Dsl							10	1	1	1									1	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	13															
Fuel/Lube Truck	25%	150	Gas	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	32																
Pickup truck	75%	150	Gas	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	82															
Water Truck	50%	300	Dsl	1	1	1	1	1	1												1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	22																
Off-Road Vehicles																																					0																
Air Compressor	80%	50	Gas	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	41																
Articulating Boom Manlift (120, 80, 60 and 40 Ft.)	70%	75	Gas					2	2	4	4	6	6	6	6	8	12	12	10	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	8	8	8	8	6	6	6	4	2	2	234																
Backhoe Loader	40%	80	Dsl			2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1						1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	31																
Jumping Jack Compactors	60%	7.5	Gas								2	2	2									1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				26																	
150 Ton Crawler Crane	50%	300	Dsl	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1							1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	20																
M2250 Crawler Crane	25%	500	Dsl						1	1	1																		1	1	1	1	1	1		9																	
Hydraulic Crane (45 Ton)	65%	250	Dsl	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1									1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	26																
Hydraulic Crane (55 Ton)	65%	300	Dsl	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	38																	
Bull Dozer	80%	300	Dsl																			1	1	1	1	1	1									6																	
Bull Dozer w/ripper	80%	300	Dsl						1																											1																	
Hydraulic Excavator	65%	250	Dsl			2	2	2	2	4	2	2	2	1	1						1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1				40																	
Forklift	75%	40	Gas	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	3	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	57																
Front End Loader	70%	130	Dsl		1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1					1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2				39																	
Light Plant	30%	25	Gas		1	1	1	1								1	1	1	1																	8																	
Tractor	50%	195	Dsl	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	34																	
Vibratory Roller	80%	125	Gas		1	1	1	1	1													1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15																	
Walk Behind Vibratory Roller	60%	25	Gas			1	1	1	1		1	1	1									1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1			23																	
Welder (Diesel)	70%	25	Dsl	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	53																
Total per month				12	14	22	22	24	28	38	30	28	28	20	20	29	23	23	19	17	18	27	33	34	36	37	37	33	32	33	33	31	33	25	23	18	18	887															

**Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
Emission Factors for Construction Equipment**

Equipment Description	Fuel Class	% usage	hp	Emission Factors (lbs/hr) [with the % usage factor included]								
				CO	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO _x	ROG ¹
On-Road Vehicles												
Concrete Pumper Truck	HHDT-DSL	15	350	0.044	10,468	0.000	0.000	0.091	0.008	0.008	0.00010	0.021
Dump Truck	HHDT-DSL	35	300	0.103	24,425	0.001	0.000	0.212	0.015	0.013	0.00023	0.049
Dump Truck (30 ton)	HHDT-DSL	100	300	0.295	69,786	0.002	0.001	0.607	0.042	0.038	0.00066	0.139
Fuel/Lube Truck	MHD-GAS	25	150	0.150	9,217	0.000	0.000	0.012	0.000	0.000	0.00009	0.012
Pickup truck, 1 ton	MHD-GAS	75	150	0.451	27,650	0.001	0.001	0.035	0.001	0.001	0.00028	0.038
Water Truck	HHDT-DSL	50	300	0.148	34,893	0.001	0.001	0.304	0.021	0.019	0.00033	0.069
Off-Road Vehicles	SCAB Eq Name											
Air Compressor, GAS	Air Compressors	80	50	4.048	27,077	0.009	0.009	0.226	0.002	0.002	0.00033	0.182
Articulating Boom Manlift (120, 80, 60 and 40 Ft.), GAS	Aerial Lifts	70	75	1.859	24,952	0.003	0.007	0.150	0.002	0.002	0.00027	0.062
Backhoe loader	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	40	80	0.147	15,804	0.001	0.000	0.178	0.017	0.018	0.00019	0.049
Compactors, Jumping Jack, GAS	Plate Compactors	60	7.5	0.758	1,662	0.002	0.002	0.018	0.006	0.005	0.00005	0.034
Crane, 150 Ton, Crawler	Cranes	50	300	0.218	62,874	0.005	0.002	0.712	0.027	0.025	0.00069	0.072
Crane, 330 Ton, Crawler, M2250	Cranes	25	500	0.179	45,025	0.004	0.001	0.469	0.018	0.017	0.00044	0.048
Crane, 45 Ton Hydraulic	Cranes	65	250	0.238	72,903	0.005	0.002	0.852	0.033	0.030	0.00082	0.085
Crane, 55 Ton Hydraulic	Cranes	65	300	0.284	81,736	0.007	0.002	0.925	0.036	0.033	0.00089	0.093
Dozer	Rubber Tired Dozers	80	300	0.816	159,811	0.008	0.003	2.176	0.095	0.087	0.00174	0.245
Dozer w/Ripper	Rubber Tired Dozers	80	300	0.816	159,811	0.008	0.003	2.176	0.095	0.087	0.00174	0.245
Excavator, Hydraulic	Excavators	85	250	0.352	134,880	0.007	0.002	1.384	0.047	0.043	0.00152	0.130
Forklift, GAS	Forklifts	75	40	4.048	11,518	0.004	0.006	0.089	0.002	0.002	0.00017	0.067
Front End Loader	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	70	130	0.285	42,630	0.003	0.001	0.480	0.039	0.036	0.00049	0.073
Light Plant, GAS	Other Construction Equipment	30	25	1.803	2,761	0.002	0.002	0.026	0.002	0.001	0.00007	0.038
Tractor, Farm	Off-Highway Tractors	50	195	0.392	65,209	0.003	0.001	0.916	0.049	0.045	0.00073	0.115
Vibratory Roller, GAS	Rollers	80	125	4.653	65,792	0.016	0.018	0.770	0.005	0.005	0.00063	0.288
Walk behind Vibratory Roller, GAS	Rollers	60	25	4.562	15,244	0.008	0.006	0.074	0.001	0.001	0.00023	0.137
Welder	Welders	70	25	0.048	7,900	0.001	0.000	0.078	0.008	0.005	0.00010	0.019

Note:

¹ Assuming ROG are equivalent to VOCs

- Emission factors for on-road vehicles are based on results from Emfac Emissions Model 2007 Version 2.3 (HHDT-DSL=heavy heavy-duty trucks-diesel; MHD-GAS=medium heavy duty-GAS). EMFAC scenario year was 2009 and the selected area was Contra Costa County. PM₁₀ values include brake wear and tire wear.
 - Emission factors for off-road diesel equipment are based on the maximum emission factors from 2009 to 2012 of the South Coast Air Quality Management District (AQMD) data. Linear interpolation was used to calculate the emission factor for horse power values that were not listed.
 - Emission factors for off-road gasoline equipment are based on the maximum emission factors from 2009 to 2012 using OFFROAD2007 Dated December 15, 2007. Linear interpolation was used to calculate the emission factor for horse power values that were not listed.
 - CO₂ emissions for off-road equipment were estimated using USEPA AP-42 Chapter 3.3 - Gasoline and Diesel Industrial Engines, and Chapter 3.4 - Large Stationary Diesel and All Stationary Dual-fuel Engines
 - PM_{2.5} emission factors were determined by multiplying PM₁₀ numbers by a "PM_{2.5} fraction of PM₁₀" value. Fractional values for PM_{2.5} were taken from the SCAQMD guidance: Final - Methodology to Calculate PM₁₀ and PM_{2.5} Significance
- On-Road Vehicles:**
- PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Brake wear: 0.429
 - PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Diesel: 0.920
 - PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Tire wear: 0.250
- Off-Road Vehicles:**
- PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Diesel: 0.920
- CH₄ and N₂O factors for on-road vehicles are derived from California Climate Action Registry General Reporting Protocol Version 2.2 (March 2007), Table C.4 using the mileage accrual rates by age table from EMFAC2007 Version 2.3, November 1, 2006, California Air Resources Board, normalized accrual rates (annual odometer mileage weighted by population) for LDT, MHD, and HHD diesel fueled trucks in the San Joaquin Valley Air Basin. These emissions are in g/mile. On-road vehicles are limited to 10 mph, which is used to convert to lb/hr
- CH₄ and N₂O factors for off-road equipment are derived from California Climate Action Registry General Reporting Protocol Version 2.2 (March 2007), Table C.6 (distillate fuel factors for the industrial sector) using the following to convert from kg/gallon to lb/hp-hour, and then multiplying by the rated horsepower ratings: 1 gallon/137,000 Btu, 7,000 Btu/hp-hour, and 2.2046 lb/kg.

McGraw-Hill's Fast Forward Series Monthly Construction Enrichments

Month	CO ₂			CH ₄			H ₂ O			NO _x			PM _{2.5}			SO ₂			BCD		
	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)	Monthly Emissions (t/year)	12-Month Total (t/year)			
October, 2009	1.16	NA	48.02	NA	0.00	NA	0.00	NA	0.47	NA	0.02	NA	0.02	NA	0.00	0.00	0.09	NA			
November, 2009	1.29	NA	53.00	NA	0.00	NA	0.00	NA	0.52	NA	0.02	NA	0.02	NA	0.00	0.00	0.10	NA			
December, 2009	1.23	NA	98.99	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	0.98	NA	0.04	NA	0.04	NA	0.00	0.00	0.19	NA			
January, 2010	1.37	NA	116.01	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	1.04	NA	0.04	NA	0.04	NA	0.00	0.00	0.20	NA			
February, 2010	1.38	NA	104.29	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	0.94	NA	0.04	NA	0.04	NA	0.00	0.00	0.21	NA			
March, 2010	4.08	NA	126.90	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	1.20	NA	0.05	NA	0.05	NA	0.00	0.00	0.25	NA			
April, 2010	3.56	NA	239.67	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	2.34	NA	0.11	NA	0.11	NA	0.00	0.00	0.41	NA			
May, 2010	4.58	NA	121.58	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	1.13	NA	0.06	NA	0.06	NA	0.00	0.00	0.25	NA			
June, 2010	3.68	NA	113.25	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	1.06	NA	0.06	NA	0.06	NA	0.00	0.00	0.23	NA			
July, 2010	3.68	NA	113.25	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	1.06	NA	0.06	NA	0.06	NA	0.00	0.00	0.23	NA			
August, 2010	2.45	NA	81.90	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	0.76	NA	0.03	NA	0.03	NA	0.00	0.00	0.15	NA			
September, 2010	2.61	NA	70.62	NA	0.01	NA	0.01	NA	0.82	NA	0.03	NA	0.03	NA	0.00	0.00	0.15	NA			
October, 2010	3.77	38.87	70.50	1,302.78	0.51	0.12	0.51	0.12	0.56	12.47	0.52	0.53	0.52	0.53	0.01	0.01	0.14	2.48			
November, 2010	3.77	38.87	70.50	1,302.78	0.51	0.12	0.51	0.12	0.56	12.47	0.52	0.53	0.52	0.53	0.01	0.01	0.14	2.48			
December, 2010	3.77	38.87	70.50	1,302.78	0.51	0.12	0.51	0.12	0.56	12.47	0.52	0.53	0.52	0.53	0.01	0.01	0.14	2.48			
January, 2011	3.32	41.53	55.16	1,250.43	0.01	0.12	0.01	0.12	0.42	11.51	0.01	0.42	0.01	0.42	0.00	0.00	0.11	2.50			
February, 2011	2.88	41.02	51.16	1,196.80	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.11	0.33	10.88	0.01	0.45	0.01	0.45	0.00	0.00	0.11	2.44			
March, 2011	2.88	38.60	1,125.76	90.96	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.11	0.39	10.03	0.01	0.43	0.01	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.11	2.19			
April, 2011	4.54	40.10	1,125.76	90.96	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.11	0.39	10.03	0.01	0.43	0.01	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.11	2.19			
May, 2011	4.54	40.10	1,125.76	90.96	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.11	0.39	10.03	0.01	0.43	0.01	0.43	0.00	0.00	0.11	2.19			
June, 2011	4.58	41.40	1,008.81	0.01	0.10	0.02	0.12	0.13	1.31	8.71	0.05	0.39	0.05	0.39	0.00	0.00	0.29	2.08			
July, 2011	5.55	42.28	144.00	1,039.58	0.01	0.11	0.02	0.13	1.32	8.97	0.05	0.34	0.05	0.34	0.00	0.00	0.31	2.18			
August, 2011	6.01	46.84	146.27	1,102.92	0.02	0.11	0.02	0.14	1.33	9.54	0.05	0.36	0.05	0.36	0.00	0.00	0.32	2.16			
September, 2011	6.01	50.39	145.27	1,164.29	0.02	0.12	0.02	0.15	1.33	10.11	0.05	0.38	0.05	0.38	0.00	0.00	0.32	2.35			
October, 2011	5.19	52.77	134.29	1,229.76	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.16	1.26	10.75	0.06	0.41	0.06	0.41	0.00	0.00	0.29	2.57			
November, 2011	4.65	54.80	132.23	1,272.66	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.16	1.22	11.21	0.04	0.44	0.04	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.29	2.67			
December, 2011	4.65	54.80	132.23	1,272.66	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.16	1.22	11.21	0.04	0.44	0.04	0.44	0.00	0.00	0.29	2.67			
January, 2012	4.65	56.32	132.23	1,114.77	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.18	1.05	12.66	0.05	0.50	0.05	0.50	0.00	0.00	0.27	3.05			
February, 2012	5.09	56.50	115.00	1,478.60	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.18	1.05	13.33	0.04	0.53	0.04	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.28	3.19			
March, 2012	5.13	61.01	124.86	1,562.81	0.01	0.16	0.01	0.17	1.17	14.11	0.04	0.56	0.04	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.27	3.35			
April, 2012	3.64	61.14	86.72	1,548.04	0.01	0.16	0.01	0.17	0.79	14.15	0.03	0.57	0.03	0.57	0.00	0.00	0.27	3.35			
May, 2012	3.43	60.83	83.23	1,503.99	0.01	0.16	0.01	0.16	0.76	13.75	0.03	0.56	0.03	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.27	3.23			
June, 2012	2.50	57.16	58.48	1,450.80	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.15	0.68	13.10	0.03	0.53	0.03	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.24	3.06			
July, 2012	2.50	57.16	58.48	1,450.80	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.15	0.68	13.10	0.03	0.53	0.03	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.24	3.06			
August, 2012	2.50	57.16	58.48	1,450.80	0.01	0.15	0.01	0.15	0.68	13.10	0.03	0.53	0.03	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.24	3.06			
September, 2012	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
October, 2012	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
November, 2012	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
December, 2012	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
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April, 2013	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
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September, 2013	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
October, 2013	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
November, 2013	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
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February, 2014	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
March, 2014	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
April, 2014	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
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December, 2014	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
January, 2015	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
February, 2015	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
March, 2015	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			
April, 2015	6.97	46.87	15.57	1,729.48	0.01	0.13	0.01	0.13	0.60	12.46	0.03	0.46	0.03	0.46	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.59			

Notes:
Assuming ROG4 is equivalent to VOCs
Based on 28.9% conversional assumed for
ROG4

Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
Combustion Emissions from Delivery Trucks and Passenger Vehicles

Transportation Information

-Total HHDT miles/year = 57,600
 -Total LDA peak miles/year = 1,425,600

Comment

Truck miles based on the assumption that they will travel 15 miles/trip, there will be an average of 16 1-way trips/day and 20 days/month of truck delivery

Passenger vehicle miles based on the assumption that they will travel an average 15 miles/trip, there will be an average of 360 1-way trips/day and 22 days/month of construction

DATA FROM EMFAC2007

Equipment Description	Vehicle Miles Traveled per Day	Tons Per Day					
		CO	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO _x	ROG
Heavy-Heavy Duty Diesel Truck 2009	405,000	2.24	7.92	0.32	0.28	0.01	0.55
Passenger Vehicles 2009	13,268,000	61.54	5.32	0.48	0.27	0.06	6.59

Note:

- Emission factors for on-road, heavy-heavy-duty vehicles and light duty autos are based on results from Emfac Emissions Model 2007 Version 2.3. The values are the projected values for the HHDT and LDA vehicles within Contra Costa County in the respective year
- PM_{2.5} emission factors were determined by multiplying PM₁₀ numbers by a "PM_{2.5} fraction of PM₁₀" value. Fractional values for PM_{2.5} were taken from the SCAQMD guidance: Final - Methodology to Calculate PM_{2.5} and PM_{2.5} Significance Thresholds, October 2006: Appendix A-Update:
- PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Brake wear: 0.429
- PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Diesel: 0.920
- PM_{2.5} Fraction of PM₁₀, Tire wear: 0.250

CALCULATION OF EMISSION FACTOR

Equipment Description	Pounds per Mile					
	CO	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO _x	ROG
Heavy-Heavy Duty Diesel Truck 2009	1.11E-02	3.91E-02	1.58E-03	1.36E-03	4.94E-05	2.72E-03
Passenger Vehicles 2009	9.28E-03	8.02E-04	7.24E-05	4.11E-05	9.04E-06	9.93E-04

Note:

- The following equation was used to obtain the emission factors:

$$EF = ER / VMT * 2000$$

Where: EF = emission factor in pounds per mile

ER = Emission Rate in tons per day

VMT = Average vehicle miles traveled per day in Contra Costa county

EMISSIONS

Equipment Description	Tons Emitted Per Year					
	CO	NO _x	PM ₁₀	PM _{2.5}	SO _x	ROG
Heavy-Heavy Duty Diesel Truck 2009	0.32	1.13	0.05	0.04	0.0014	0.08
Passenger Vehicles 2009	6.61	0.57	0.05	0.029	0.0064	0.71
TOTAL	6.93	1.70	0.10	0.07	0.0079	0.79

Note:

- The following equation was used to obtain the emission factors:

$$M = EF * D / 2000$$

Where: M = Mass emissions rate from refinery related activities in tons per year

EF = emission factor in pounds per mile

D = Distance traveled by trucks to the refinery in miles per year.

Milant-Milow Pass
Maximum Daily Fugitive Dust Emissions

Grading and Demolition - Fugitive Dust Emissions

Maximum fugitive dust from construction activity occurs in month 6 during grading and demolition activities

Building/Earth clearing

$$E = 0.45 \cdot Q^{1.5} / H^{1.5} \cdot 2.2048$$

PM10 Emissions from bulldozing (lb/hr) from SCAQMD Table A9-9-F

7.5 G = Silt content (%) from Table A9-9-F-1 for overburden

15 H = Moisture content of surface material (%) from Table A9-9-F-2 for moist dirt

0.46 lb/hr of PM10

Equipment	Quantity	Hours/Day	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Dozer/Tractor	1	8	85%	0.07	0.55	0.01	0.11
			Total	0.068	0.562	0.014	0.115

22 construction days per month

8 Total months of on-site soil movement from project description

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

Dirt Piling or Material Handling

$$E = 0.00112 \cdot (Q/5)^{1.5} / (H/2)^{1.5}$$

PM10 Emissions from Dirt Piling or Material Handling (lb/hr) from SCAQMD Table A9-9-G

10 G = Mean Wind speed (mph), from PG&E on-site meteorological station at Pittsburg power plant

15 H = Moisture content of surface material (percent) from Table A9-9-G-1 for moist dirt

0.00016 lb/hr of PM10

Equipment	Quantity	Hours/Day	Material Handled (ton/day)	Material Handled (ton)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Loader	3	8	872	115,186	85%	0.0027	0.0216	0.0008	0.0045
Dump Trucks	1	8	872	115,186	85%	0.0027	0.0216	0.0008	0.0045
					Total	0.0054	0.0432	0.0011	0.0089

2 Assume Loaders involved in grading and excavators in demolition

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

890 yd3/day

92,133 yd3

672 ton/day

115,186 tons

2500 density of soil (lb/yd3)

(Physical Soil Property default density)

Amount of soil moved from project description

92,133 cubic yds, total soil moved from cut and fill combined

Cover Storage Pile

SCAQMD Table A9-9-E

$$E = (1.7 \cdot Q/1.5 \cdot (365+H)/235 \cdot H/15 \cdot J)$$

PM10 Emission factor from wind erosion of storage piles per day per acre

7.5 G = Silt content (%) from Table A9-9-E-1 for overburden

55 H = Mean number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation (from Western Regional Climate Center for Antioch Pump Plant 3)

30 J = Percentage of time that the undisturbed wind speed exceeds 12 mph at mean pile height, from PG&E on-site meteorological station at PPP

0.5 J = Fraction of TSP that is PM10 = 0.5

11,213 lb/acre/day

Source	Quantity	Size of Pile (acres)	Hours/Day	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Cover Storage Pile	1	1	24	85%	0.070	1.682	0.015	0.350

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

number of piles and pile size assumed for activities occurring in this month

Demolition

SCAQMD Table A9-9-H

$$E = 0.00042 \cdot V$$

Total building and asphalt volume to be demolished

989,550 cubic ft

Concrete density

4000 lb/yd3

AP 42 Appendix A Miscellaneous Data and Conversion factors

Demolition to occur over 6 months

132 days

7,497 J=Building volume (cubic feet) handled per day

Source	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)	PM10 Emissions (tons/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/day)	Watering Control Efficiency
Demolition	0.47	0.10	0.03	0.01	85%
	5,000 cy debris				
	25,150 cy concrete				
	10,000 tons brick		5000 cy brick		
	1,000 tons granite		500 cy brick		

excavators used in demolition

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants to reduce visible dust plumes

Travel on unpaved road

$$F = 2.1 \cdot (G/12 \cdot H/30 \cdot (J/3))^{0.7} \cdot (W/1)^{0.1} \cdot (365-K)/365$$

SCAQMD Table A9-9-D

Emission factor for vehicle travel on unpaved roads (lb/VMT)

15 G = Surface silt loading (%) (average value between alone quarrying plant road and farm road, SCAQMD Table A9-9-D-1)

5 H = Mean vehicle speed (mph)

value listed in table I = Mean number of wheels on vehicle

value listed in table J = Mean vehicle weight (ton)

55 H = Mean number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation (from Western Regional Climate Center for Antioch Pump Plant 3)

Vehicle Type	No. Of Unit	Round Trip (Days/Unit)	Round Trip (miles)	Daily VMT (all units)	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Number of Wheels on Vehicle	PM10 EF (lb/VMT)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Vibratory Rollers	2	2	0.1	0.4	5	4	0.53	85%	0.003	0.032	0.001	0.007
Pickup Truck	2	2	0.1	0.4	2	4	0.28	85%	0.001	0.017	0.000	0.004
Water Truck	1	4	0.1	0.4	13	10	1.84	85%	0.008	0.058	0.002	0.021
Front Loader	2	1	0.1	0.2	13	4	1.04	85%	0.003	0.031	0.001	0.007
Manlift	4	1	0.1	0.4	13	4	1.04	85%	0.005	0.042	0.001	0.013
Concrete truck	1	1	0.1	0.1	13	10	1.84	85%	0.002	0.025	0.000	0.005
								Total	0.022	0.285	0.005	0.046

mean silt is approximately 0.2 mi x 0.2 mi

Assumed maximum travel speed is 5 mph

Equipment weight from SCAQMD Table A9-9-D-3

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

PM2.5 emission factors from updated CEIDARS List with PM2.5 fractions

PM2.5 numbers obtained by multiplying the PM10 values by fraction in CEIDARS list for appropriate fugitive dust sources.

**Mirant-Willow Pass
Maximum Daily Fugitive Dust Emissions Linears**

Fugitive Dust Emissions from the construction of linears during month 6

Dirt Piling or Material Handling

$$E = 0.00112 \cdot (G/5)^{1.3} / (H/2)^{1.4}$$

PM10 Emissions from Dirt Piling or Material Handling (lb/hr) from SCAQMD Table A9-9-G

10 G = Mean Wind speed (mph), From PG&E onsite meteorological station at Pittsburg power plant

15 H = Moisture content of surface material (%) (from Table A9-9-G-1 for moist dirt)

0.00016 lb/ton of PM10

Equipment	Quantity	Hours/Day	Material Handled (ton/day)	Material Handled (ton)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Loader	3	8	4	1,144	85%	1.30E-05	1.04E-04	2.71E-06	2.16E-05
Dump Truck	1	8	4	1,144	85%	1.30E-05	1.04E-04	2.71E-06	2.16E-05
Total						2.60E-05	2.08E-04	5.41E-06	4.33E-05

12 Total months of soil movement for construction of all linears, assume

22 construction days per month

Notes:

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

3 yd3/day
916 yd3

4 ton/day
1,144 tons

2500 density of soil (lb/yd3)
(Physical Soil Property default density)

Amount of soil moved

916 cubic yds

Length of disturbed area 350 m 362,765 yd assume gets disturbed in 1 month
Assumed width of disturbed area 1 m 1.094
Assumed depth of disturbed area 2 m 2.187

Travel on paved road

$$F = 0.77 \cdot ((G \cdot 0.35)^{0.3})$$

SCAQMD Table A9-9-C

Emission factor for vehicle travel on unpaved roads (lb/VMT)

8.85 G = Surface soil loading (oz/yd³) (construction site without cleaning—conservative, SCAQMD Table A9-9-C-1)

Vehicle Type	No. of Unit	Round Trips /Day/ Unit	Round Trip Distance (miles)	Daily VMT (all units)	PM10 EF (lb/VMT)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/hr)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)
Field truck	2	2	0.25	1	1.08	85%	0.014	0.162	0.003	0.034
Water truck	1	2	0.25	0.5	1.08	85%	0.007	0.081	0.001	0.017
Total							0.020	0.243	0.004	0.052

Notes:

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

PM2.5 emission factors from updated CEIDARS List with PM2.5 fractions.

PM2.5 numbers obtained by multiplying the PM10 values by fraction in CEIDARS list for appropriate fugitive dust sources.

Equipment and quantity of equipment per year based on estimate for the linears being constructed

Round trips based on average length from site at start of linear area to end of linear area

22 Maximum number of days per month of construction

12 Maximum number of hours per construction day

Neust-Milieu Pass
Annual Fugitive Dust Emissions

Annual Fugitive Dust Emissions

Months 1-12 demolition and grading activities

Building/Earth clearing
 $E = 0.45 \cdot Q^{1/4} \cdot H^{1/4} \cdot 2.2046$

PM10 Emissions from bulldozing (lb/yr) from SCAQMD Table A9-B-F
7.5 G = Soil content (%) from Table A9-B-F-1 for overburden
15 H = Moisture content of surface material (%) from Table A9-B-F-2 for moist dirt
0.45 lb/yr of PM10

Equipment	Quantity/ year	Hours/ Day	Hours/ year/Unit	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Tractor/Dozer	13	8	104	85%	0.473	0.096
				Total	0.473	0.096

5 Total months of soil movement onsite
22 construction days per month

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

Dirt Piling or Material Handling

$E = 0.00112 \cdot (Q/5)^{1/4} \cdot (H/2)^{1/4}$

PM10 Emissions from Dirt Piling or Material Handling (lb/yr) from SCAQMD Table A9-B-G
10 G = Mean Wind speed (mph), from PO&S onsite meteorological station at Pillsbury power plant
15 H = Moisture content of surface material (%) from Table A9-B-G-1 for moist dirt
0.00112 lb/yr of PM10

Equipment	Quantity/ year	Hours/ Day	Annual Material Handled (tons)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Loaders	30	8	115,168	85%	1,42E-03	2.95E-04
Dump Trucks	17	8	115,168	85%	1,42E-03	2.95E-04
			Total		2.84E-03	5.90E-04

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

858 yd/day
92,133 yd
872 ton/day
115,168 tons
2500 density of soil (lb/yd³)
(Physical Soil Property default density)
for Mertz Quarry Sand soil

Amount of soil moved from project description
92,133 cubic yards, total soil moved from cut and fill operations

Cover Storage Pile

SCAQMD Table A9-B-E

$E = 1.7 \cdot Q^{1/3} \cdot (365-H/225) \cdot H^{1/3} \cdot J$

PM10 Emission factor from wind erosion of storage piles per day per acre

7.5 G = Soil content (%) from Table A9-B-E-1 for overburden
56 H = Mean number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation (from Western Regional Climate Center for Andrich Pump Plant 3)
30 I = Percentage of time that the unobstructed wind speed exceeds 12 mph at mean pile height, from PO&S onsite meteorological station at PPP
0.5 J = Fraction of TSP that is PM10 - 0.5
11.213 lb/acre/day

Wind speed percentage based on 2002-2006 (5 yrs) of wind speed data (actual hours > 12 mph) as recorded at John Wayne airport station

Source	Quantity	Size of Pile (acre)	Days / year	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Cover Storage Pile	1	1	180	85%	1.51E-01	3.16E-02

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

Site site assumed

Days per year accounts for weekend days also, not just work days

Demolition

SCAQMD Table A9-B-H

$E = 0.00042 \cdot J$

Total Building and asphalt volume to be demolished

589,550 cubic ft

Concrete density

4000 lb/yd³

AP 42 Appendix A Miscellaneous Data and Conversion Factors

Demolition to occur in month 1-6

132 days

7,497 J = Volume (cubic feet) handled per day

Source	PM10 Emissions (lb/day)	PM2.5 Emissions (lb/day)	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)	Watering Control Efficiency
Demolition	0.47	0.10	0.03	0.01	85%
	6,000 cy debris				
	25,150 cy concrete				
	10,000 tons brick		5000 cy brick		
	1,000 tons granite		500 cy brick		

excavators used in demolition

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants (to reduce visible dust plumes)

Travel on unpaved road

$F = 2.1 \cdot Q^{1/2} \cdot H^{1/2} \cdot (J/3)^{1/2} \cdot (V/4)^{1/2} \cdot (365-H/225)$

SCAQMD Table A9-B-D

Emission factor for vehicle travel on unpaved roads (lb/VAUT)

15 Q = Surface soil loading (%) leverage value between stone quarrying plant road and burn road, SCAQMD Table A9-B-D-1)

5 H = Mean vehicle speed (mph)

value listed in table 1 = Mean number of wheels on vehicle

value listed in table 2 = Mean vehicle weight (ton)

55 H = Mean number of days per year with at least 0.01 inches of precipitation (from Western Regional Climate Center for Andrich Pump Plant 3)

Vehicle Type	Quantity/ year	Round Trip Days/ Unit	Round Trip Distance (miles)	Daily VMT per Unit	Annual VMT for all Units	Mean Vehicle Weight (tons)	Number of Wheels on Vehicle	PM10 EF (lb/1000 ft)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Victory Helium	11	2	0.1	0.2	48.4	5	4	0.53	85%	0.002	0.000
Pickup Truck	24	2	0.1	0.20	105.6	5	4	0.28	85%	0.002	0.000
Water Truck	8	4	0.1	0.40	52.8	13	10	1.64	85%	0.006	0.001
Forklift	19	1	0.1	0.10	41.8	13	4	1.04	85%	0.003	0.001
Manlift	42	1	0.1	0.10	82.4	13	4	1.04	85%	0.007	0.002
Concrete Truck	4	1	0.1	0.10	8.8	13	10	1.64	85%	0.001	0.000
								Total		0.020	0.004

Assumed maximum travel speed is 5 mph

Equipment weight from SCAQMD Table A9-B-D-3

Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants

PM2.5 emission factors from updated CEDARS List with PM2.5 fractions

PM2.5 numbers obtained by multiplying the PM10 values by fraction in CEDARS list for appropriate fugitive dust sources.

main site is approximately 0.2 mi x 0.2 mi

22 Maximum number of days per month of construction

Mirant-Milow Pass
Annual Fugitive Dust Emissions Linears

Annual (months 1-12) Fugitive Dust Emissions from construction of linears

Dirt Piling or Material Handling						
$E = 0.00112 \cdot (G/5)^{1.3} / (H/2)^{1.4}$						
PM10 Emissions from Dirt Piling or Material Handling (lb/hr) from SCAQMD Table A9-9-G						
10 G = Mean Wind speed (mph). From PG&E onsite meteorological station at Pittsburg power plant						
15 H = Moisture content of surface material (%) (from Table A9-9-G-1 for moist dirt)						
0.00016 lb/ton of PM10						
Equipment	Quantity/ year	Hours/ Day	Annual Material Handled (ton)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Loader	30	8	1,144	85%	1.41E-05	2.93E-06
Dump Truck	17	8	1,144	85%	1.41E-05	2.93E-06
Total					2.82E-05	5.86E-06
12 Total months of soil movement for construction of linears						
22 construction days per month						
Notes:						
Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants						
3 yd ³ /day 4 ton/day						
916 yd ³ 1,144 tons 2500 density of soil (lb/yd ³)						
(Physical Soil Property default density)						
Amount of soil moved 916 cubic yds						
Length of disturbed area 350 m 382,765 yd						
Assumed width of disturbed area 1 m 1,094 yd						
Assumed depth of disturbed area 2 m 2,187 yd						

Travel on paved road									
$F = 0.77 \cdot ((G \cdot 0.35)^{0.3})$									
Emission factor for vehicle travel on unpaved roads (lb/VMT)									
8.85 G = Surface silt loading (oz/yd ²) (construction site without cleaning—conservative. SCAQMD Table A9-9-C-1)									
Vehicle Type	Quantity/ year	Round Trips /Day/ Unit	Round Trip Distance (mile)	Daily VMT per Unit	Annual VMT for all Units	PM10 EF (lbs/VMT)	Watering Control Efficiency	PM10 Emissions (tons/yr)	PM2.5 Emissions (tons/yr)
Field truck	24	2	0.25	0.5	264	1.08	85%	0.021	0.005
Water truck	12	2	0.25	0.5	132	1.08	85%	0.011	0.002
Total								0.032	0.007
Notes:									
Water efficiency from CEQA Table 11-4 watering 3 times daily or using chemical suppressants									
PM2.5 emission factors from updated CEIDARS List with PM2.5 fractions.									
PM2.5 numbers obtained by multiplying the PM10 values by fraction in CEIDARS list for appropriate fugitive dust sources.									
Equipment and quantity of equipment year based on estimate for the linears being constructed									
Round trips based on average length from site at start of linear area to end of linear area									
22 Maximum number of days per month of construction									
12 Maximum number of hours per construction day									

Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
On-road Fugitive Dust

Entrained Dust Calculation - Dry Paved Road

$$E = k \left(\frac{sL}{2} \right)^{0.65} \times \left(\frac{W}{3} \right)^{1.5} - C$$

Entrained Dust Calculation - Natural Mitigation With
Precipitation Correction Factor

$$E_{nt} = \left[k \left(\frac{sL}{2} \right)^{0.65} \left(\frac{W}{3} \right)^{1.5} - C \right] \left(1 - \frac{P}{4N} \right)$$

Entrained dust estimates calculated using guidance from AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 13.2.1. Paved Roads

Where:

E = particulate emission factor

E_{nt} = annual or other long-term average emission factor

k = particle size multiplier for particle size range and units of interest

sLa = arterial (major street/highway) road surface silt loading

sLc = collector road surface silt loading

W = average weight (tons) of the vehicles traveling the road

C = emission factor for 1980's vehicle fleet exhaust, brake wear and tire wear.

P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period

N = number of days in the averaging period (e.g., 365 for annual, 91 for seasonal, 30 for monthly)

WMT = vehicle mile traveled

Paved Roads PM₁₀ Delivery Trucks

Equation Values		Source
k =	0.018 lb/VMT	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.1; default k value for PM ₁₀
sLa =	0.035 g/m ²	Silt loading values based on silt loadings measured by MRI in the South Coast Air Quality Management District
sLc =	0.035 g/m ²	District
W =	23.25 ton	Muleski, Greg. Improvement of Specific Emission Factors (BACM Project No. 1), Final Report, Midwest Research Institute, March 28, 1995.
C =	0.00047 lb/VMT	Average fleet weight is based on the assumption from the average weight of HHDY (EMFAC2007); 46500 lbs
P =	56 wet days	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.2; default C value for PM ₁₀
N =	365 days	From WRCC Antioch meteorological station
Annual VMT arterial highway =	57,600 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of 15 miles/one way, 16 1-way trips/day at 20 days/month
Annual VMT paved road onsite collector =	1,728 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of .45 miles/one way, 16 1-way trips/day at 20 days/month

Road Surface	VMT miles/yr	E lb/VMT	Base Emissions ton/yr	Corrected ¹ ton/yr	Ext lb/VMT	Mitigated Emissions ton/yr	Corrected ¹ ton/yr
Arterial	57,600	0.024421	0.70	0.70	0.0234846	0.68	0.68
Collector	1,728	0.024421	0.02	0.02	0.0234846	0.02	0.02
Totals Delivery trucks				0.72			0.70

Note:

¹ AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 13.2.1, page 13.2.1-5. "There may be situations where low silt loading and/or low average weight will yield calculated negative emissions from equation 1. If this occurs, the emissions calculated from equation 1 should be set to zero."

Paved Roads PM_{2.5} Delivery Trucks

Equation Values		Source
k =	0.0024 lb/VMT	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.1; default k value for PM _{2.5}
sLa =	0.035 g/m ²	Silt loading values based on silt loadings measured by MRI in the South Coast Air Quality Management District
sLc =	0.035 g/m ²	District
W =	23.25 ton	Muleski, Greg. Improvement of Specific Emission Factors (BACM Project No. 1), Final Report, Midwest Research Institute, March 28, 1995.
C =	0.00038 lb/VMT	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.2; default C value for PM _{2.5}
P =	56 wet days	From WRCC Antioch meteorological station when >= 0.10 in.
N =	365 days	
Annual VMT arterial highway =	57,600 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of 15 miles/one way, 16 1-way trips/day at 20 days/month
Annual VMT paved road onsite collector =	1,768 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of .46 miles/one way, 16 1-way trips/day at 20 days/month

Road Surface	VMT miles/yr	E lb/VMT	Base Emissions ton/yr	Corrected ¹ ton/yr	Ext lb/VMT	Mitigated Emissions ton/yr	Corrected ¹ ton/yr
Arterial	57,600	0.003374	0.10	0.10	0.0032443	0.09	0.09
Collector	1,768	0.003374	0.00	0.00	0.0032443	0.00	0.00
Totals				1.001E-01			9.830E-02

Note: ¹ AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 13.2.1, page 13.2.1-5. "There may be situations where low silt loading and/or low average weight will yield calculated negative emissions from equation 1. If this occurs, the emissions calculated from equation 1 should be set to zero."

Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
On-road Fugitive Dust

Entrained Dust Calculation - Dry Paved Road

$$E = k \left(\frac{sL}{2} \right)^{0.65} \times \left(\frac{W}{3} \right)^{1.5} - C$$

Entrained Dust Calculation - Natural Mitigation With
Precipitation Correction Factor

$$E_{nat} = \left[k \left(\frac{sL}{2} \right)^{0.65} \left(\frac{W}{3} \right)^{1.5} - C \right] \left(1 - \frac{P}{4N} \right)$$

Entrained dust estimates calculated using guidance from AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 13.2.1: Paved Roads

Where:

E = particulate emission factor

Ext = annual or other long-term average emission factor

k = particle size multiplier for particle size range and units of interest

sLa = arterial (major street/highway) road surface silt loading

sLc = collector road surface silt loading

W = average weight (tons) of the vehicles traveling the road

C = emission factor for 1980's vehicle fleet exhaust, brake wear and tire wear.

P = number of "wet" days with at least 0.01 in. of precipitation during the averaging period

N = number of days in the averaging period (e.g., 365 for annual, 91 for seasonal, 30 for monthly)

VMT = vehicle mile traveled

Paved Roads PM₁₀ Passenger Vehicles

Equation Values		Source
k =	0.016 lb/VMT	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.1: default k value for PM ₁₀
sLa =	0.035 g/m ²	Silt loading values based on silt loadings measured by MRI in the South Coast Air Quality Management District
sLc =	0.035 g/m ²	District
W =	2 ton	Muleski, Greg. Improvement of Specific Emission Factors (BACM Project No. 1), Final Report, Midwest Research Institute, March 28, 1996.
C =	0.00047 lb/VMT	Assumed average passenger vehicle weight
P =	56 wet days	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.2: default C value for PM ₁₀
N =	365 days	From WRCC Antioch meteorological station
Annual VMT arterial highway =	1,425,600 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of 15 miles/one way, 360 1-way trips/day at 22days/month
Annual VMT paved road on-site collector =	42,768 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of .4 miles/one way, 360 1-way trips/day at 22days/month

Road Surface	VMT	E	Base Emissions	Corrected ¹	Ext	Mitigated Emissions	Corrected ¹
	miles/yr	lb/VMT	ton/yr	ton/yr	lb/VMT	ton/yr	ton/yr
Arterial	1,425,600	0.000155	0.11	0.11	0.0001519	0.11	0.11
Collector	42,768	0.000155	0.00	0.00	0.0001519	0.00	0.00
Totals				0.12			0.11

Note:

Paved Roads PM_{2.5} Passenger Vehicles

Equation Values		Source
k =	0.0024 lb/VMT	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.1: default k value for PM _{2.5}
sLa =	0.035 g/m ²	Silt loading values based on silt loadings measured by MRI in the South Coast Air Quality Management District
sLc =	0.035 g/m ²	District
W =	2 ton	Muleski, Greg. Improvement of Specific Emission Factors (BACM Project No. 1), Final Report, Midwest Research Institute, March 28, 1996.
C =	0.00036 lb/VMT	Assumed average passenger vehicle weight
P =	56 wet days	AP 42, Table 13.2-1.2: default C value for PM _{2.5}
N =	365 days	From WRCC Antioch meteorological station when >= 0.10 in.
Annual VMT arterial highway =	1,425,600 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of 15 miles/one way, 360 1-way trips/day at 22days/month
Annual VMT paved road on-site collector =	42,768 miles/year	Total annual VMT is calculated based on assumption of .4 miles/one way, 360 1-way trips/day at 22days/month

Road Surface	VMT	E	Base Emissions	Corrected ¹	Ext	Mitigated Emissions	Corrected ¹
	miles/yr	lb/VMT	ton/yr	ton/yr	lb/VMT	ton/yr	ton/yr
Arterial	1,425,600	-0.000286	-0.19	0	-0.0002558	-0.18	0
Collector	42,768	-0.000286	-0.01	0	-0.0002558	-0.01	0
Totals				0.000E+00			0.000E+00

Note: 1 AP 42, Fifth Edition, Volume I Chapter 13.2.1, page 13.2.1-5. "There may be situations where low silt loading and/or low average weight will yield calculated negative from equation 1. If this occurs, the emissions calculated from equation 1 should be set to zero."

**Mirant-Willow Pass Generating Station
Train Emission Estimations**

Combustion emissions from diesel trains: Trains will be delivering large equipment onsite during construction
4 rail deliveries for the entire project

Fleet average emission factors for all locomotives					4 trains 3600 bhp per train assume 20% load of total load 18,000 bhp for 5mph 0.45 miles onsite 5 miles/hr, assumed speed onsite	
Year	HC	CO	NOx	PM		
2010	0.44	1.32	7.64	0.26		

Reference: EPA Technical Highlights, Emission Factors for Locomotives, December 1997.

Peak hour onsite
 $Etr-h (lb/hr) = Ntr-h (trains/hr) * P (bhp/train) * (L (mile) / Vt (mile/hr)) * C1 (lb/g) * Etr (g/bhp-hr)$
assume max # of trains that would ever come in one hour is 1

CO 1,8hr (lbs/hr) NOx 1hr (lbs/hr) SO2 1,3 hr (lbs/hr) 3.69

Daily onsite
 $Etr-d (lb/day) = NTr-d (trains/day) * P (bhp/train) * (L (mile) / Vt (mile/hr)) * C1 (lb/g) * Etr (g/bhp-hr)$
assume max # of trains that would ever come in one day is 1
and that it would be onsite 1 hour
0.92 PM2.5 fraction of total PM. Reference: Caldata Table A for trains

PM10 24hr (lbs/day) PM2.5 24hr (lbs/day) SO2 24 hr (lbs/day) ROCs (use HCs) (lbs/day) 0.31

Annual onsite
 $Etr-a (tons/year) = Etr-d (lb/day) * 365 (days/year) * C2 (ton/lb)$
max # of trains that come in one year is 4
and that they would run 1 hour onsite each

PM10 annual (tons/yr) PM2.5 annual (tons/yr) NOx annual (tons/yr) CO annual (tons/yr) SO2 annual (tons/yr) ROCs (use HCs) (tons/yr) 0.23

Etr-h=Peak hour locomotive emissions (lb/hr)
Etr-d=Daily locomotive emissions (lb/day)
Etr-a=Annual locomotive emissions (tons/year)
Ntr-h=Number of trains during the peak hour (trains/hr)
NTr-d=Number of daily trains
P=Power rating of locomotives for individual trains (18,000 bhp/train)
L=Length of one-way rail line across project site
Vt=Train speed
C1=Conversion factor 0.002206 lb/g
C2=Conversion factor 0.0005 tons/lb

SO2 ONSITE
20.8 bhp-hr/gal
18000 bhp
60
7.1
15
EPA estimated conversion factor
assumed typical brake horsepower of one locomotive full load
assumed percent load when train is traveling 5mph
lbs/gallon
sulfur fuel by weight (15 parts per million, multiplied by 100 for percentage)
3.69 lbs/hr SO2

SO2 OFFSITE
20.8 bhp-hr/gal
18000 bhp
60
7.1
15
EPA estimated conversion factor
assumed typical brake horsepower of one locomotive full load
assumed percent load when train is traveling 30 mph
lbs/gallon
sulfur fuel by weight (15 parts per million, multiplied by 100 for percentage)
11.06 lbs/hr SO2

Offsite Combustion emissions-trains
4 trains
10800 bhp per train
30.00 miles offsite round trip
30 miles/hr, assumed speed onsite
assume 80% load of total load 18,000 bhp for 30mph

Daily offsite
 $Etr-d (lb/day) = NTr-d (trains/day) * P (bhp/train) * (L (mile) / Vt (mile/hr)) * C1 (lb/g) * Etr (g/bhp-hr)$
assume max # of trains that would ever run in one day is 1
and that it would run 1 hour offsite
0.92 PM2.5 fraction of total PM. Reference: Caldata Table A for trains

PM10 24hr (lbs/day) PM2.5 24hr (lbs/day) SO2 24 hr (lbs/day) CO (lbs/day) NOx (lbs/day) ROCs (use HCs) (lbs/day) 10.48

Annual offsite
 $Etr-a (tons/year) = Etr-d (lb/day) * 365 (days/year) * C2 (ton/lb)$
max # of trains that come in one year is 4
and that they would run 1 hour offsite each

PM10 annual (tons/yr) PM2.5 annual (tons/yr) SO2 annual (tons/yr) CO (tons/yr) NOx annual (tons/yr) ROCs (use HCs) (tons/yr) 7.85



BEFORE THE ENERGY RESOURCES CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
COMMISSION OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
1516 NINTH STREET, SACRAMENTO, CA 95814
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APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATION
FOR THE *WILLOW PASS*
GENERATING STATION

Docket No. 08-AFC-6
PROOF OF SERVICE
(Revised 10/24/2008)

INSTRUCTIONS: All parties shall either (1) send an original signed document plus 12 copies or (2) mail one original signed copy AND e-mail the document to the address for the Docket as shown below, AND (3) all parties shall also send a printed or electronic copy of the document, which includes a proof of service declaration to each of the individuals on the proof of service list shown below:

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION
Attn: Docket No. 08-AFC-6
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DECLARATION OF SERVICE

I, Hilarie Anderson declare that on November 4, 2008, I deposited copies of the attached Revised Air Quality and Public Health Tables in the United States mail at Sacramento, CA with first-class postage thereon fully prepaid and addressed to those identified on the Proof of Service list above.

OR

Transmission via electronic mail was consistent with the requirements of California Code of Regulations, title 20, sections 1209, 1209.5, and 1210. All electronic copies were sent to all those identified on the Proof of Service list above.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Original signature in Dockets
Hilarie Anderson