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<th><strong>Docket Number:</strong></th>
<th>09-AFC-07C</th>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Project Title:</strong></td>
<td>Palen Solar Power Project - Compliance</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>TN #:</strong></td>
<td>200177</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Document Title:</strong></td>
<td>Applicant Response to CEC Data Request 57- Part 5.3</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Description:</strong></td>
<td>N/A</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Filer:</strong></td>
<td>Tiffani Winter</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Organization:</strong></td>
<td>Galati Blek, LLP</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Submitter Role:</strong></td>
<td>Applicant's Representative</td>
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<td><strong>Submission Date:</strong></td>
<td>8/13/2013 11:07:01 AM</td>
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<td><strong>Docketed Date:</strong></td>
<td>8/13/2013</td>
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State of California - The Resources Agency
DEPARTMENT OF PARKS AND RECREATION
LOCATION MAP

Page 3 of 3
* Resource Name or # (Assigned by recorder) P-33-6831
* Map Name: USGS Quad Corn Spring
* Scale: 1:24,000
* Date of Map: 1983

SITE LOCATION

CONTOUR INTERVAL 5 METERS

QUADRANGLE LOCATION

DPR 523J (1/95) *Required Information
IDENTIFICATION
1. Common name: None
2. Historic name: None
3. Street or rural address: 1 mi. west of Corn Springs on Corn Springs Rd.
   City: Desert Center  Zip: 92239  County: Riverside
5. Present Owner: Dept. of Interior  Address: Washington, D.C.
   City: Washington, D.C.  Zip: 21401  Ownership is: Public  X  Private
6. Present Use: Vacant  Original use: Residential

DESCRIPTION
7a. Architectural style: Vernacular Wood Frame
7b. Briefly describe the present physical description of the site or structure and describe any major alterations from its original condition: Structures on this property include a small cabin, a shed, the remains of a mill for ore processing, a water tank, a windmill, and a well.
   The cabin is rectangular in plan with a gable roof, exposed rafters, a stone end chimney, a rock wall base with a wood frame structure and plywood siding over that, and mullioned casement and double-hung windows. A screened-in breezeway connects this cabin to a shed which has a corrugated sheet metal gable roof, plywood siding, and mullioned windows.
   The mill site has wood foundations, ore chutes, and two-by-four buttress supports, and a large ore bin, all located on the side of an embankment next to the wash.
   The water tank is about eight feet high, six feet in diameter, constructed of corrugated sheet metal.
   The well is about four feet square, has a wooden platform next to it, and a metal frame, windmill tower, minus its propeller, over it, also located on the side of an embankment next to the wash.

8. Construction date:
   Estimated 1930  Factual _______

9. Architect _______

10. Builder _______

11. Approx. property size (in feet)
    Frontage _______ Depth _______
    or approx. acreage 626.23 acres

2. Date(s) of enclosed photograph(s)
   March 24, 1987
   18-109-17-17
   18-109-16-16
   18-109-15-13
These structures represent the efforts of miners and prospectors in the area to carry on mining operations in a hostile desert environment.
The property was comprehensively recorded in 2008. The former Desert Center Army Air Base includes the airfield with a landing strip, taxiways, access roadways, and various other features and concrete pad foundations. There are no remaining original buildings on-site.

The site was revisited on July 11, 2013. Few changes to the remaining building foundations and features as recorded in 2008 (Yarbrough and Wetherbee 2008) were observed. The northern runway was removed. The Chuckwalla Valley Raceway, including a racetrack and office building, was built adjacent to the remaining foundations and runways on the site after 2008. The remaining features associated with the former Desert Center Army Air Base should be considered an archaeological site.

The former Desert Center Army Air Base is associated with the activities of the Desert Training Center California-Arizona Maneuver Area (DTC–CAMA)(recorded as P-33-11638), which is a California Point of Historical Interest and is eligible for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP). In 2008 (Yarbrough and Wetherbee 2008), it was evaluated as significant under NRHP Criteria C and D (although the arguments for meeting the NRHP criteria were not developed).

This property contains archaeological remains of the Desert Center Army Air Base that was associated with desert combat training operations that occurred during World War II, beginning under General George S. Patton, from 1942 through 1944. It is significant under NRHP Criterion A and CRHR Criterion 1. Although General Patton and other Army officials used the site, it does not have a specific association with a particular historical figure. There are no buildings remaining on the site, and the remaining concrete foundations and runways are not architecturally significant. The site has been reduced to foundations. It is possible that the site could yield information specifically related to the operations of the former Desert Center Army Air Base, but historical information about the air field is recorded, and the potential for important information is limited. The property does not appear significant under NRHP criteria B, C, or D or CRHR criteria 2, 3, or 4. The site does not retain sufficient integrity to convey its historic significance, and due to its lack of integrity, it is recommended not eligible for the NRHP or CRHR.

Reference:
Yarbrough, E. and M. Wetherbee
2008 DPR 523 forms for Desert Center Army Air Field (P-33-06836 Update). Prepared by Stantec for Chuckwalla Valley Associates, LLC. On file at the EIC.

Report Citation:
AECOM
2013 Class II and III Cultural Resources Survey Report for the Palen Solar Electric Generating System Riverside County, California.