<b>Docket Number:</b>	15-AFC-02
Project Title:	Mission Rock Energy Center
TN #:	222665
<b>Document Title:</b>	Nina Danza Comments What Happens When You Build in the Floodplain
<b>Description:</b>	Presentation
Filer:	System
Organization:	Nina Danza
Submitter Role:	Public
<b>Submission Date:</b>	2/21/2018 9:00:15 PM
<b>Docketed Date:</b>	2/21/2018

Comment Received From: Nina Danza

Submitted On: 2/21/2018 Docket Number: 15-AFC-02

#### What Happens When You Build in the Floodplain

Additional submitted attachment is included below.

# WHAT HAPPENS WHEN YOU BUILD IN THE FLOODPLAIN?

Prepared for:
California Energy
Commission

Case: Mission Rock Energy Center

Prepared by: Nina Danza, PE

February 2018

#### **HOUSTON 2017**



THREE 500-YR FLOODS IN 10 YEARS

#### FLORIDA 2017



JACKSONVILLE WORST FLOODING IN ITS 150 YEAR HISTORY

### FLOODS ARE NOT TAKING PLACE AS PREDICTED BY STATISTICS

Flood Return Computations are Inaccurate and do not reflect:

- Poor Past Rainfall Records
  - Climate Change
  - Lack of Site Specific Data

#### BATON ROUGE, LA 2016



FLOOD DAMAGES ARE ESCALATING

#### **MISSOURI 2015**



CLIMATE CHANGE MEANS MORE FREQUENT, GREATER INTENSITY STORMS

#### FLOODPLAIN MAPS ARE FAULTY

**OFFICE OF INSPECTOR GENERAL** 

FEMA Needs to Improve Management of Its Flood Mapping Programs "Without accurate floodplain identification and mapping processes, management, and oversight, FEMA cannot provide members of the public with a reliable rendering of their true flood vulnerability or ensure that NFIP rates reflect the real risk of flooding."

"This review focuses on riverine flooding, which occurs in waterways subject to overbank flooding, flash floods, and urban drainage system flooding.

### NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM IS BANKRUPT

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES

#### CBO

The National Flood Insurance Program: Financial Soundness and Affordability

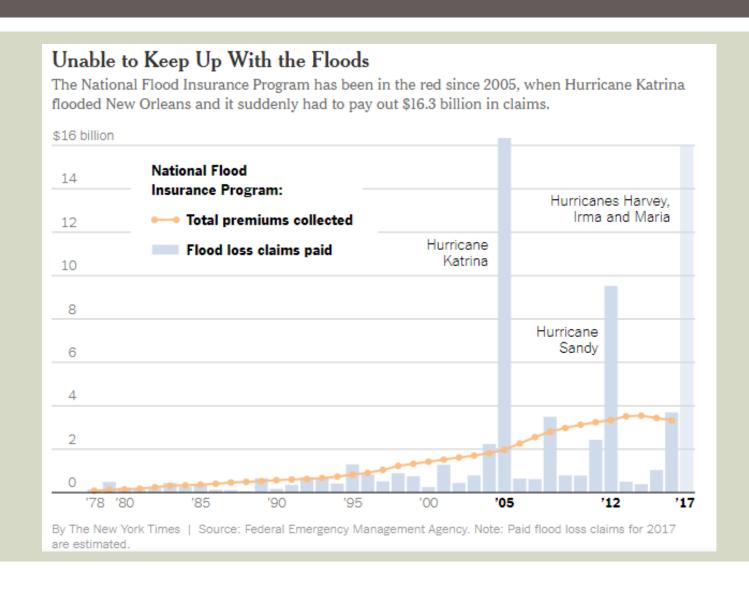


"Congressional Budget Office estimated that overall, considering all expenditures and premium income, the [NFIP] program had an expected one-year shortfall of \$1.4 billion."

Excluding costs for mapping floodplains, mitigating flood risk, and making interest payments on debt accumulated from previous claims, CBO indicates NFIP is still \$0.7 billion insolvent.

SEPTEMBER 2017

#### NY TIMES 11/4/2017

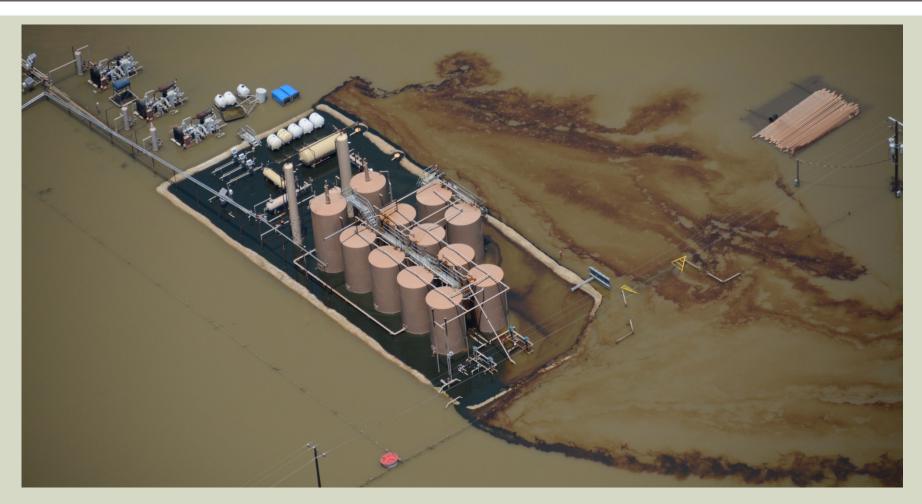


#### INDUSTRY SCIENTISTS WARN

- Flood damage in the United States continues to escalate. From the early 1900s to the year 2007, flood damage increased six-fold, and now averages over \$6 billion annually, even when Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, and Wilma (2005) are not included.
- ➤ This has occurred despite the investment of billions of dollars in structural flood control.
- ➤ Even in the face of increasing flood losses, we continue to intensify development, and to do so in a manner in which flood-prone or marginally protected structures suddenly become susceptible to damage.

Association of State Floodplain Managers [ASFPM]

### FLOODING CAUSES HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL SPILLS



2015 Austin TX Oil and Chemical Plant Failure

#### FLOODING CAUSES UTILITY FAILURES



2015 St Louis Sewage Treatment Plant Failure

## HOW DOES THIS APPLY TO MREC?

### DO NOT USE LOCAL ORDINANCES FOR ADEQUATE FLOOD PROTECTION



SANTA PAULA AIRPORT FLOOD DAMAGE 2005

### USE INDUSTRY EXPERTISE TO INFORM DECISIONS



A Guide for Higher Standards in Floodplain Management

Prepared by:

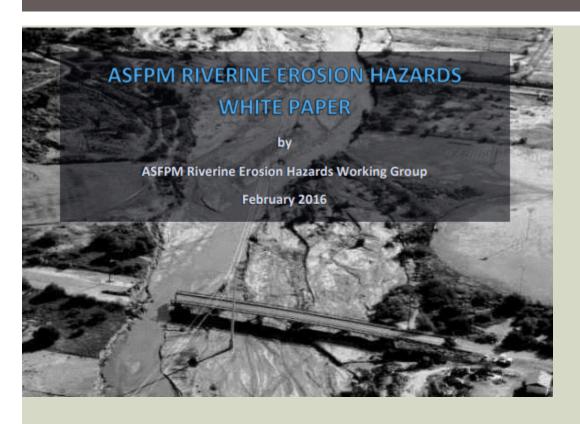
ASFPM Floodplain Regulations Committee

Revised March 2013

"ASFPM strongly believes the minimum NFIP floodplain regulations do not provide adequate long-term flood risk reduction for communities and that the benefits of flood risk reduction achieved by higher regulatory standards far outweighs the burden of administering them."

Association of State Floodplain Managers [ASFPM]

#### ADDRESS EROSION HAZARD



"The nation must begin to break the costly cycle of encroachment, erosionrelated damage, structural controls, further encroachment and so on."

"The main purpose of this White Paper is to encourage state and local governments to begin mapping riverine erosion hazard areas in their communities."

Association of State Floodplain Managers [ASFPM]

### EROSION CONTROL PROPOSED DOWNSTREAM OF MREC

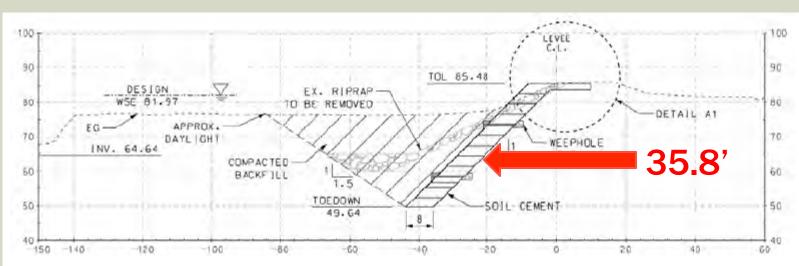


Figure 4.1 - Typical Cross Section of Alternative 1, Soil Cement for Design Flow (Sta. 270+00)

SANTA CLARA RIVER LEVEE REPAIR PROPOSED 8' THICK X 35.8' HIGH PAVED SIDE BANK

#### **ANALYZE HIGH RISK**



Geomorphic Assessment of the Santa Clara River Watershed, Synthesis of the Lower and Upper Watershed Studies

Ventura and Los Angeles Counties, California

April 2011



Prepared for Ventura County Watershed Protection District Planning and Regulatory Division 800 S. Victoria Avenue Ventura, CA 93009

Los Angeles County Department of Public Works 900 S. Fremont Avenue Alhambra, CA 91803

> U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Los Angeles District 915 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1101 Los Angeles, CA 90017

Prepared by Stillwater Sciences 2855 Telegraph Avenue, Suite 400 Berkeley, CA 94705





"The majority of sediment transport throughout the SCR occurs during very short periods of time...25% of the total sediment discharge out of the entire SCR watershed for the period 1928–2000 occurred in four days."

Stillwater Sciences Geomorphic Assessment of the Santa Clara River Watershed April 2011

> http://www.ladpw.org/wmd/scr/docs/ SCR\_Geomorph%20Synthesis\_SWS\_2011\_FINAL.pdf

### LEARN FROM THE PAST REALIZE THE FUTURE

DO NOT
BUILD
IN THE
FLOOD
PLAIN

