DOCKETI	$\mathbf{E}\mathbf{D}$
Docket Number:	79-AFC-03C
Project Title:	Compliance - Application for Certification of PG&E Geysers Unit 18
TN #:	206732
Document Title:	Geysers Power Socrates (Unit 18) - Cooling Tower Replacement Project Description and Request for Expedited Processing
Description:	N/A
Filer:	Camile Remy-Obad
Organization:	California Energy Commission
Submitter Role:	Commission Staff
Submission Date:	11/23/2015 3:05:00 PM
Docketed Date:	11/23/2015



GEYSERS POWER COMPANY, LLC

10350 SOCRATES MINE ROAD MIDDLETOWN, CA 9546

November 17, 2015

Mr. Robert Oglesby
Executive Director
California Energy Commission
1516 Ninth Street, MS-15
Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: Geysers Power Company Socrates (Unit 18) Geothermal Project (79-AFC-3C):
Request for Expedited Processing Pursuant to Executive Order B-36-15

Dear Mr. Oglesby:

Pursuant to Section 5 of Governor Brown's Executive Order B-36-15, issued on November 13, 2105, Geysers Power Company, LLC ("GPC") submits this request for expedited processing and approval by the Executive Director for the Socrates (Unit 18) power plant ("Project"), which was impacted by the Valley Fire. Specifically, the requested authorization will allow the Project to remediate wildfire damage and restore geothermal power plant operation by authorizing emergency construction activities, including replacement, repair and reconstruction necessary for geothermal power plant operation.

First, GPC requests that the Executive Director authorize GPC to immediately begin reconstruction of the cooling tower. GPC has selected a contractor. Sonoma County has agreed to be the Chief Building Official to oversee the construction. GPC is prepared to apply immediately to Sonoma County for a building permit and to begin construction promptly upon issuance of the permit and approval of the Memorandum of Understanding between the County and CEC.

The cooling tower to be constructed consists of replacement or reconstruction of existing structures and facilities where the new structure will be located on the same site as the structure replaced and will have substantially the same purpose and capacity as the structure replaced. The new structure will differ from the structure replaced only to the extent necessary to conform to current building codes and modern building and engineering practices. Therefore, the replacement of the cooling cover is categorically exempt under the California Environmental Quality Act and is presumed to have no possible significant environmental effects.

Second, GPC requests that the Executive Director approve the addition of an administrative Air Quality Condition of Certification.

GPC has already filed an application for an Authority to Construct with the Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District ("District") to add this condition to the Project's air permit.

{00340670;5}

Upon approval by the District of this condition, GPC requests that the Executive Director promptly approve the addition of the condition to the CEC license.

The new condition will add additional annual limits to hydrogen sulfide, PM_{10} and $PM_{2.5}$ emissions in the air permit and CEC license. Annual hydrogen sulfide emissions shall be limited to 24.4 tons per year, annual PM_{10} emissions will be limited to 15.9 tons per year and annual $PM_{2.5}$ emissions will be limited to 11 tons per year. This new condition will not increase the actual emissions of the facility.

The replacement of the cooling tower will not result in a significant change in the design, operation or performance of the project. The replacement will not require a change in any condition of certification in the license, except for the aforementioned additional Air Quality condition.

1. Section 1769 (a)(l)(A) and (B) requires a description of the proposed modifications, including new language for affected conditions and the necessity for the modifications.

Cooling Tower Replacement

A brief description of the cooling tower replacement is attached hereto as Attachment A.

No changes in conditions of certification are required.

Air Quality Condition of Certification

GPC proposes that Condition of Certification AQ-59 be added to read:

"Annual emissions from the cooling tower shall not exceed, on a calendar year basis, 24.4 tons per year of hydrogen sulfide (H_2S), 15.9 tons per year particulate matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) or 11.0 tons per year particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5)."

The purpose of this addition is to ensure compliance with NSCAPCD regulations and facilitate immediate replacement of the cooling tower.

The application submitted to the District is attached hereto as Attachment B.

2. Section 1769(a)(l)(C) requires a discussion of whether the modification is based on information that was known by the petitioner during the certification proceeding, and an explanation of why the issue was not raised at that time.

The request for cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition is not based upon information that was known during the certification proceeding for the Project.

Authorization of the request is necessary to facilitate the prompt replacement of the cooling tower that was destroyed by the Valley Fire on September 12, 2015.

3. Section 1769(a)(l)(D) requires a discussion of whether the modification is based on new information that changes or undermines the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the final decision, and explanation of why the change should be permitted.

The request for cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition does not change or undermine the assumptions, rationale, findings, or other bases of the Commission's decision certifying the Project. The cooling tower replacement will not significantly change the design, operation or performance of the Project. The new condition will not increase the actual emissions of the Project.

The Air Quality condition should be added and GPC should be authorized to immediately proceed to construction of the replacement tower, in order to bring the Project - a valuable renewable energy resource - back into operation as soon as possible. If authorization is granted promptly, GPC hopes to be able to complete construction and bring the project back into operation before the summer of 2016.

4. Section 1769(a)(l)(E) requires an analysis of the impacts the modifications may have on the environment and proposed measures to mitigate any significant adverse impacts.

There is no possibility that the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will result in any significant adverse environmental impacts; thus, no mitigation measures are required. Neither the additional Air Quality condition nor the replacements will not increase the actual emissions of the Project. The Project will continue to meet all existing emissions limits established in the existing permits. The new structure will be located on the same site as the structure replaced and will have substantially the same purpose and capacity as the structure replaced. Therefore, there will be no material change in the impacts of the Project.

5. Section 1769(a)(l)(F) requires a discussion of the impact of the modification on the facility's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards.

The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not impact the Project's ability to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards ("LORS").

6. Section 1769(a)(l)(G) requires a discussion of how the modifications affect the public.

The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not adversely affect the public. The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air

Quality condition will not increase the actual emissions of the Project. Therefore, there are no significant adverse effects on property owners that will result from the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition.

7. Section 1769(a)(l)(H) requires a list of property owners potentially affected by the modification is required.

The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not adversely affect any property owners because the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not increase the actual emissions of the Project or result in adverse environmental effects. Therefore, a list of property owners affected by the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition is not required.

8. Section 1769(a)(l)(I) requires a discussion of the potential effect on nearby property owners, the public and the parties in the application proceeding.

The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not adversely affect any property owners, the public nor any party in the application proceeding. The cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will not increase the actual emissions of the Project or result in adverse environmental effects. Therefore, a list of property owners affected by the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition is not required. Therefore, the cooling tower replacement and addition of a new Air Quality condition will have no impact on property owners, the public, or any other parties.

CONCLUSION

GPS requests that the Executive Director exercise the authority delegated to him pursuant to Section 5 of Governor Brown's Executive Order B-36-15, issued on November 13, 2105, and approve the requested authorizations for the Project by November 30, 2015.

Please contact Bruce Carlsen at (707) 431-6198 if you have any questions regarding this request.

Sincerely,

James Kluesener

VP Geothermal Region Operations

Attachments: 2

CC:

Camille Remy-Obad, Compliance Project Manager

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Geysers Power Company Socrates (Unit 18) Geothermal Project (79-AFC-3C) Request for Expedited Processing Pursuant to Executive Order B-36-15

ATTACHMENT A

Cooling Tower Replacement Project Description

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GEYSERS POWER COMPANY, LLC

10350 SOCRATES MINE ROAD MIDDLETOWN, CA 95461

NYSE CPN

GWQ-15-166

November 17, 2015

Ms. Camille Remy-Obad Compliance Project Manager California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street, MS-15 Sacramento, CA 95814

RE: Project Description for Geysers Power Company Socrates (Revision 1) (Unit 18) Geothermal Project: 79-AFC-3C Replacement in kind of cooling tower damaged in the 2015 Valley fire.

At your request, we are providing a Project Description for replacement of the cooling tower that was damaged beyond repair during the September 12 Valley fire at the Socrates (Unit 18) power plant Project ("Project").

Geysers Power Company, LLC ("GPC") plans to replace the fire damaged cooling tower structure above the concrete basin. The replacement tower will be functionally equivalent to the cooling tower that existed prior to the fire. The replacement will be the same approximate dimensions, located in the same footprint as the prior structure.

Units 18

	OLD TOWER	NEW TOWER	Comment
Type	Crossflow	Crossflow	Equivalent
Model	674-5-11	F678A-20-11	Equivalent
Number of Cells	11	11	Equivalent
Structural Material	Treated fir	Fire Resistant FRP	More Fire Resistant
Cooling Tower Length (ft-in)	352'-8"	352'-8"	Equivalent
Cooling Tower Width (ft-in)	79'-1.5"	78'-2"	Equivalent
Discharge Elevation (ft-in)*	64'-4''	61'-7"	Slightly lower
Circulation Rate(gpm)	165,000	165,000	Equivalent

Drift Rate (%)	0.002	0.001	Equivalent and better than the 0.002 permit requirement
Air mass flow discharge per cell (MMlb/hr)	5.4	5.9	Functionally Equivalent or better
Color	Willow Green, Semi-gloss	Gray	Facility not visible to Community
Gear Ratio	12.98	12.98	Equivalent
Number of fan blades	8	8	Equivalent
Shroud Height (ft)	18	13.8	Shorter more rigid; lower noise design

The Unit 18 power plant is a steam limited facility and the replacement tower will not have a significant effect on the operation or megawatt output from the facility. The replacement tower will not result in a significant effect on the environment and will continue to comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, regulations, and standards ("LORS"). The facility will continue to meet all existing emissions limits established in the existing permits.

The proposed 0.001% drift eliminators satisfy the permit requirement of 0.002%. There will be no significant changes to the equipment description or operating conditions of the Permit to Operate for the Project and only one change to the permit will be required.

The replacement tower will differ from the original tower in several minor respects. The original tower was constructed to meet the 1976 California building Code. The replacement tower will meet the 2013 California Building Code. The drift eliminators will be more efficient – at 0.001% - which will more than satisfy the permit requirement of 0.002%. The structural components of the tower will be made of fiber reinforced plastic (rather than wood) and the drift eliminators will be more efficient. The only changes to the Permit to Operate for the project are the addition of annual synthetic minor limits. These limits are not expected to change how the plant is operated and are covered in the review of technical areas below.

Review of Applicable Technical Areas

Air Quality—

The proposed 0.001% drift eliminators satisfy the permit requirement of 0.002%, and there will be no significant changes to the equipment description or operating conditions of the Permit to Operate for the Project. An Authority to Construct will be required from Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District and one condition will be added including annual limits for hydrogen sulfide, PM10 and PM 2.5.

Biology

There will be no new ground disturbance or trenching; existing drill pads will be used for laydown areas during the tower reconstruction; no new laydowns will need to be created. Existing access roads (paved or with road base) will be used for construction access. Construction personnel will be restricted previous developed areas.

Cultural Resources

There will be no new ground disturbance or trenching; existing drill pads will be used for laydown areas during the tower reconstruction; no new laydowns will need to be created. Existing access roads (paved or with road base) will be used for construction access. No cultural resources will be impacted.

Noise

The Unit 18 cooling tower is located in a valley near Big Sulphur Creek and does not have a community exposure.

Visual

The Unit 18 cooling tower is located in a valley near Big Sulphur Creek and does not have a community exposure.

Water Quality, Hydrology and Water Resources

The plant yard is surrounded by an impermeable berm and is asphalted. All cooling tower construction activities will occur within the bermed, asphalted area. Any rain/stormwater generated during the cooling tower construction will be captured and sent to reinjection. The facility is a Zero Discharge facility so no stormwater will be allowed to run off the plant site.

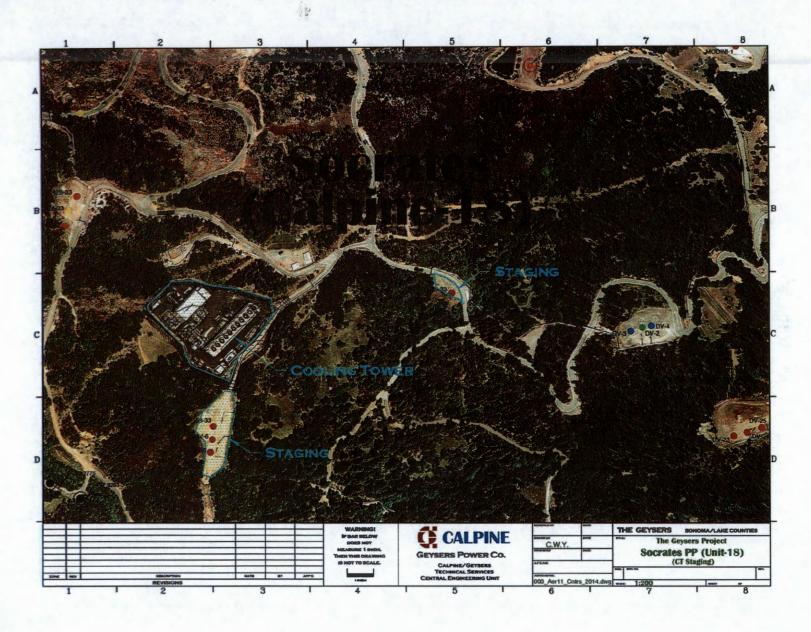
Worker Health (construction)/Safety/Misc

Reconstruction of the towers will take approximately five months and the number of workers will be an average of 30 and a predicted maximum of 55. There will be on-site security during the operation. Potable water, hygiene facilities and refuse containers will be provided to accommodate the number of workers.

Sincerely yours,

Bruce Carlsen

Director, Environmental Services



Geysers Power Company Socrates (Unit 18) Geothermal Project (79-AFC-3C) Request for Expedited Processing Pursuant to Executive Order B-36-15

ATTACHMENT B

Application for Authority to Construct Submitted to Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District



GEYSERS POWER COMPANY, LLC

10350 Socrates Mine Road Middletown, CA 95461

Letter GPP-15-078

October 29, 2015

Alex Saschin Air Quality Engineer Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District 150 Matheson Street Healdsburg, CA 95448

Subject: Permits: Unit 18 (Socrates) Power Plant Application for Authority to Construct for

Replacement of the Cooling Tower Destroyed by the Valley Fire

Dear Mr. Saschin:

Enclosed please find the Geysers Power Company LLC (GPC) Authority to Construct and Temporary Permit to Operate applications for reconstruction of the Socrates Power Plant cooling tower that was destroyed by the Valley Fire this September.

The start date for construction is dependent upon receipt of the building permit, Authority to Construct Permit and California Energy Commission approval to proceed.

Attached is Calpine Corporation's check (No. 1000078339) as payment of \$6,611 for the required application fees calculated for the Authority to Construct and Temporary permit to operate fees.

GPC is asking Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District (NSCAPCD) to commence review of this application at the earliest opportunity. Representatives of the California Energy Commission and Sonoma County have been coordinating with GPC to assist in GPC's recovery efforts as expeditiously as possible.

Please contact me at 707.431.6266, if you need any additional information in support of these permit applications.

Sincerely.

Brian J. Berndt

Environmental Services Manager, Geysers Region

CC:

Ms. Camille Remy-Obad California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street, MS-15 Sacramento, CA 95814-5512 Mathew Layton California Energy Commission 1516 Ninth Street, MS-15 Sacramento, CA 95814-551

Attachment & Enclosure

Enclosure

Applications For Authority To Construct and Permit To Operate

- Application Forms
- Project Description
 Introduction
 Regulatory Background
 Past Baseline Actual Emissions for Unit 18
 Proposed Replacement of Unit 18 Cooling Tower
 Unit 18 Emissions Review

NORTHERN SONOMA COUNTY AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DISTRICT PERMIT APPLICATION FORM

BUSINESS NAME	Geysers Power Com	it 18 FA	FACILITY ID#			
PERMIT TO TRANSFER	PLIED FOR: TY TO CONSTRUCT O OPERATE R OF OWNERSHIP ODIFICATION PTO 79-25A		X EPA ID SIC COD	E 491	1	
		GENERAL IN	IFORMATION			
Other Business Name (if any)	Socrates Power Plant - Unit 18		Parent Company	Calpine Corpo	ration	
Mailing Address	10350 Socrates Mine	Road	Middletown City	CA State	95461 Zip Code	
Phone Number:	(707) 431-6266	E COLUMN TO THE	Fax Number:	(707) 431-6246		
Plant Address	Big Sulfur Creek Roa Street adress or P.O. Box	ad, Middletown	n, CA City	State	Zip Code	
Phone Number:	(707) 431-6781		Fax Number:	(707) 431-6246		
Principal Product / Ope	eration:	Geothermal	Electric Power Genera	tion		
Name of Responsible Official:		Mike Puccio	ni Title:	General Manag	er, Area 2	
Total # of S	ources:	2	# of Pmtd Sources	2	-	
# of Exemp	t Sources		Emission Sources:	2		
Plant Area	(Acres)	5 Acres	# of Employees:	300	Hally to start	
Is the business/facility/ school site? YES	operation located within	1,000 feet of to	he outer boundary of a s	chool or		
	emissions >25 tons per pollution rules and regu NO		r operated by application	in California in		
If not in compliance ab emission limitations an YES		s) on a schedul	e for compliance with all	applicable		
Name Brian Bern (Printed)	TO SELECTION OF THE PROPERTY.	AUAN CANA	Butt out to an all and the	— nental Services M	anager	
Signature	Der	2	Date	10/28/201	5	
Fees \$6,611	Receipt #		Date Received	The Charles		

INTRODUCTION

The Valley wildfire of September 2015 resulted in the destruction of cooling towers and associated equipment at five power plants owned by The Geysers Power Company, LLC (GPC). GPC is currently assessing its alternatives for reconstruction or repair of these towers. At this time, GPC has decided to move forward with replacement of Unit 18's (Socrates Power Plant) cooling tower and ancillary equipment with similar like kind and functionally equivalent equipment. GPC is requesting that Northern Sonoma County Air Pollution Control District (NSCAPCD) proceed with review of this application at this time so as to assist GPC in completing replacement of the cooling tower as expeditiously as possible.

REGULATORY BACKGROUND

According to NSCAPCD rules, "[a]n Authority to Construct, Modify, Replace, Operate or Use shall be obtained from the District prior to starting construction, modification, operation or use of any stationary or indirect source which may cause, potentially cause, reduce, control or eliminate the emission of air contaminants." Prior to issuing an authority to construct, the Air Pollution Control Officer (APCO) must make several determinations, including "[w]hether the project is subject to the new source review procedures specified in Rule 220(c)." According to Rule 220, in determining whether emissions from a new or modified source will result in an increase in emissions, the APCO shall compare the emissions during the two years preceding the application date (i.e., the two-year baseline) with the source's potential to emit, as established by permit limits.³

For the purposes of emission considerations:

- Emissions from a proposed new <u>or modified stationary source</u> shall be based on the source's potential to emit any air contamination subject to regulation under the Clean Air Act of 1977. (40 CFR 52.21(b)(4))
- 2. Emissions from a proposed modified stationary source shall be based upon the cumulative net emissions increases or reductions that may occur as a result of the modifications and subsequent operating permit conditions, excluding any emission reductions required to comply with federal, state or district laws, rules or regulations. (40 CFR 52.21(b)(2 & 3)
- 3. Emissions from an existing stationary or previously permitted source shall generally be based on the actual rate of air contaminant emissions during the two year period of operation prior to the date of application of specific limiting permit conditions. A different averaging period may be used if the applicant demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Control Officer that it would be more representative of normal source operation.

¹ NSCAPCD Rule 200(a) (emphasis added). While the Title V permit for Unit 18 provides that no permit modification is required for "[r]outine maintenance, repair or replacement with identical or equivalent equipment" (see Title V Operating Permit, at § I.A), GPC does not believe it can rely upon this provision to excuse the requirement to obtain an Authority to Construct or that the replacement can be deemed "routine" in these circumstances.

² Id.at Rule 200(c)(3).

³ Both the current version of Rule 220 and the version incorporated into the California State Implementation Plan (SIP) include the same substantive calculation procedure. The SIP-approved District Rule 220(a) provides as follows:

PAST BASELINE ACTUAL EMISSIONS FOR UNIT 18

GPC has calculated the baseline actual emissions for Unit 18 for the two preceding calendar years using data obtained through monitoring conducted pursuant to the requirements of the Title V permit. For reference, the cooling tower emissions of PM will be deemed to be equivalent to PM10 and PM2.5 (i.e., no separate speciation of particulate matter is made and all PM is assumed to be either PM10 or PM2.5). Actual H₂S emissions were based on estimated actual emissions, calculated on a monthly basis using the accepted monitoring methods and hours of operation, while emissions of PM are based on total dissolved solids (TDS), circulating water flow rate and hours of operation. The preceding two years of operational data was used to establish the baseline actual emissions for the facility, as required by Rule 220(a). Table 1 summarizes the 2013 and 2014 actual emissions for H₂S and the previous 24 months for PM10/2.5.

Table 1 Unit 18 Baseline Actual Emissions	Tower H ₂ S (Calculated Actual*)	Tower PM10/2.5 (Calculated Actual)	
January - December 2013 Emission (lbs/yr)	30,558		
January - December 2014 Emission (lbs/yr)	27,758		
24 Month Average (lbs/yr)	29,158		
January 2013 – December 2014 Baseline Actual Average (tons per year (tpy))	14.58		
* H2S emissions are reported as an estimated actual emission on a Mon	nthly basis.	North No.	
September 2013 – August 2014 Emission (lbs/yr)		2,155	
September 2014 – August 2015 Emission (lbs/yr)		2,683	
24 Month Baseline PM Emissions (lbs/yr)		2,419	
September 2013 – August 2015 Baseline Actual Average (tpy)		1.2	

The baseline actual emissions of PM (as PM10 and PM2.5) and H₂S from cooling tower are significantly lower than Unit 18's potential to emit, as established by the permitted hourly emissions limits for these pollutants. The significant difference between baseline actual emissions, in tons per year (tpy), and Unit 18's potential to emit, as established by the permitted hourly emissions rates, is due to several factors outside of GPC's control, including the inherent variability in monitored hourly emissions, generation need, reservoir variability, and the availability of Santa Rosa treated water. Although annual emissions are significantly lower than Unit 18's potential to emit, due to the variability in hourly emissions, GPC is seeking to maintain its existing hourly limits of 11.46 lb/hr H₂S and 40 lb/hr PM.

PROPOSED REPLACEMENT OF UNIT 18 COOLING TOWER

The proposed replacement cooling tower for Unit 18 is the same or equivalent to the cooling tower that was destroyed by fire. The replacement of the cooling tower and associated equipment will be with like-kind design. The pre-fire Unit 18 cooling tower design is compared with the proposed

replacement cooling tower shown below in Table 2.

Table 2 Unit 18 Cooling Tower	Pre-fire Design	Replacement Design	Notes
Туре	Crossflow	Crossflow	Equivalent
Model	674-5-11	F678A-20-11	Equivalent
Number of Cells	11	11	Equivalent
Wet Bulb Temperature (WBT °F)	65	65	Equivalent
Water inlet height above basin curb	45'-2 1/2"	45'-2 13/16"	Equivalent
Drift Eliminators	Marley Xcel PVC Cellular	Marley TU12X	Equivalent or better
Drift Rate (%)	0.002	0.001	Equivalent or better
Fan Diameter (ft)	28	28	Equivalent
Gear Ratio	12.98:1	12.98:1	Equivalent
Number of Fan Blades	8	8	Equivalent
Motor Size (hp)	200	200	Equivalent
Shroud Diameter (ft)	31.5	31'-5 5/8"	Equivalent
Shroud Exit Area (ft²)	778	778 <u>785</u>	Equivalent**
Air volumetric discharge per cell (cfm)	1,357,325	1,508,300 1,497,000	Equivalent or better**
Air mass flow discharge per cell (lb/hr)	5,096,484	6,014,498 <u>5,923,629</u>	Equivalent or better **
Discharge Velocity (fpm)	1,745	1920 - <u>1,906</u>	Equivalent or better**
Maximum Circulation Water Flow Rate (gpm)	165,000	165,000	Equivalent
Discharge Elevation (ft-in)*	64-4	61'-7"	2' 9" Lower
Structural Material	Treated Fir	Fiberglass	More fire resistance
Cooling Tower Length (ft-in)	352-8	352'-8"	Equivalent
Cooling Tower Width (ft-in)	79-1.5	78'-2"	Equivalent
Shroud Height (ft)	18	13.8	Shorter

^{*} ref. Top of basin curb to top of shroud

^{**} Air Flow calculations amended based on design as of 11/16/2015.

UNIT 18 EMISSIONS REVIEW

The replacement cooling tower will incorporate a higher level of control for particulate matter. Specifically, the cooling tower drift rate will be reduced from 0.002% to 0.001%. Due to the calculation methodology prescribed by the SIP-approved version of Rule 220 and the fact that GPC has operated Unit 18 with emissions significantly below its annual potential to emit, GPC is proposing that it voluntarily take synthetic minor limits on its annual emissions of both H₂S and PM and thereby avoid triggering NSR as a result of the cooling tower replacement. Unit 18's potential to emit, baseline actual emissions and the proposed annual limits are shown below in Table 3.

Table 3 Unit 18 Emissions	Cooling Tower H ₂ S	Cooling Tower PM10	Cooling Tower PM2.5
Current Potential to Emit (Based on Permit Limits) (tpy)	50.2	175.2*	175.2*
24 month Baseline Actual Emissions (annual average (tpy))	14.58	1.2	1.2
Major Modification Threshold (tpy)	10	15	10
Proposed Annual Limit (tpy) *PM = PM10 = PM2.5	24.4	15.9	11.0

As suggested above, in requesting these synthetic limits on the annual emissions, GPC proposes to maintain the existing Title V permit hourly emission limits of 11.46 lb/hr H₂S and 40 lb/hr PM.

Accordingly, upon issuing the requested Authority to Construct for the new cooling tower at Unit 18, GPC is requesting that NSCAPCD establish three (3) new federally enforceable conditions on Unit 18's operations, as follows:

"Annual emissions from the cooling tower shall not exceed, on a calendar year basis, 24.4 tons per year hydrogen sulfide (H_2S), 15.9 tons per year particular matter less than 10 microns in diameter (PM10) or 11.0 tons per year particulate matter less than 2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5)."

These limits will assure that reconstruction and replacement of the cooling tower can be commenced in compliance with the requirements of NSCAPCD's rules and the California SIP.

Attachment 1

Sulfide	14 Hydrogen	- December 20	January	destable in the second	Sulfide	3 Hydrogen	- December 201	January
Estimated	Rest Mar Ver	SHE AND DISTORT	Estimated		Estimated			Estimated
Actual			Actual		Actual			Actual
Emissions	arm att		Emissions		Emissions			Emissions
(Lbs/Q)	hours	Report	(Kg/hr)		(Lbs/Q)	hours	Report	(Kg/hr)
		GPC-14-037	2.7				GPC-13-060	1.0
1148	2140	GPC-14-037	1.9		9877	2068	GPC-13-060	2.7
		GPC-14-037	2.7				GPC-13-060	2.8
		GPC-14-074	0.7				GPC-13-074	2.0
314	2139	GPC-14-074	0.4		5314	2127	GPC-13-074	0.9
		GPC-14-074	0.9		NOT A STATE		GPC-13-074	0.5
		GPC-14-086	0.0				GPC-13-086	0.4
145	2192	GPC-14-086	0.4		2271	2207	GPC-13-086	0.6
		GPC-14-086	0.5				GPC-13-086	0.4
		GPC-15-002	0.5				GPC-14-002	2.5
1168	2208	GPC-15-002	3.6		13096	2121	GPC-14-002	2.2
17 m		GPC-15-002	3.1				GPC-14-002	3.7
27,75	y (lbs/year)	Summar	144		30,558	(lbs/year)	Summary	
		29,158	ssions (lb/yr)	age H2S Emi	4 Actual Aver	2013/201		
		14.58	average (tpy)	ons (annual	al H2S Emissi	aseline Actu	24 month B	
		1.0	reshold (tpy)	difference Th	Males Me			The same

Proposed Annual Limit (tpy)

ID	Sample Date	Unit 18 TDS	Circ. water flow rate (gpm)	drift eliminator rate	lb/hr	Operation hours/mo	lb/mo
3188	25-Aug-15	615	84000	0.00002	0.514	733.3	377
3171	28-Jul-15		84000	0.00002	0.464	734.1	340
3156	24-Jun-15	748	84000	0.00002	0.626	720.0	451
3134	27-May-15	220	84000	0.00002	0.184	731.1	135
3117	29-Apr-15	242	84000	0.00002	0.202	612.2	124
3101	31-Mar-15	263	84000	0.00002	0.220	744.0	164
3088	23-Feb-15	399	84000	0.00002	0.334	672.0	225
3064	26-Jan-15	118	84000	0.00002	0.099	744.0	74
3044*	16-Dec-14	262	84000	0.00002	0.219	744.0	163
3025*	24-Nov-14	261	84000	0.00002	0.219	720.0	157
3009*	28-Oct-14	372	84000	0.00002	0.312	744.0	232
2993*	24-Sep-14	412	84000	0.00002	0.344	704.4	243
2905	26-Aug-14	252	84000	0.00002	0.211	744.0	157
2979**	24-Jul-14	610	84000	0.00002	0.510	744.0	380
2965	30-Jun-14	248	84000	0.00002	0.207	720.0	149
2952	27-May-14	218	84000	0.00002	0.182	739.7	135
2938*	23-Apr-14	404	84000	0.00002	0.338	678.9	230
2928*	26-Mar-14	356	84000	0.00002	0.297	744.0	221
2921*	24-Feb-14	253	84000	0.00002	0.212	672.0	142
2914	27-Jan-14	264	84000	0.00002	0.221	724.3	160
2835*	23-Dec-13	257	84000	0.00002	0.215	735.2	158
2819*	26-Nov-13	260	84000	0.00002	0.218	642.3	140
2804*	23-Oct-13	331	84000	0.00002	0.277	744.0	206
2789	24-Sep-13	129	84000	0.00002	0.108	720.0	78
	Sum September 2013 – August 2014 Emission (lbs/yr) September 2014 – August 2015 Emission (lbs/yr)						4,83
24 month Actual Average PM Emissions (lb/yr) 24 month Baseline Actual PM Emissions (annual average (tpy)						2,419	
						1.2	
						PM10	PM 2.5
Major Modification Threshold (tpy)						15	10
	THE REAL PROPERTY.		P	roposed Annua	I Limit (tpy)	15.9	11.0

^{*} Total solids (TSDS) data are calculated from analytical results of hotwell water samples and analysis of concentration cycles.

^{**} Total solids (TSDS) data are calculated from IC analytical results of Circulation water samples and analysis of concentration cycles.