

<b>DOCKETED</b>	
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<b>Project Title:</b>	Load Management Standards Implementation
<b>TN #:</b>	268107
<b>Document Title:</b>	Signed Order Approving LMS Compliance Plans for 3CE, CPSF, Pioneer, SDCP, and SVCE from Dec 8, 2025, Business Meeting
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<b>Filer:</b>	Ghaza Kamyabjou
<b>Organization:</b>	California Energy Commission
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STATE OF CALIFORNIA  
STATE ENERGY RESOURCES  
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION

***IN THE MATTER OF:***

**Approval of Load Management  
Standards Compliance Plans for 3CE,  
CPSF, Pioneer, SDCP, and SVCE**

**Docket No.: 23-LMS-01**

**ORDER**

**I. BACKGROUND**

The Load Management Standards (“LMS”) regulations (Title 20 California Code of Regulations “CCR” section 1621, et seq.) define Central Coast Community Energy (3CE), CleanPowerSF (CPSF), Pioneer Community Energy (PCE), Silicon Valley Clean Energy (SVCE), and San Diego Community Power (SDCP) as “Large Community Choice Aggregators” (“Large CCAs”), and require them to submit plans for complying with the LMS regulations (“plans” or “compliance plans”) to the California Energy Commission (“CEC” or “Commission”) for its review and approval (20 CCR section 1621(c)(8); 20 CCR section 1621(c)(10); 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3)).

As Large CCAs, 3CE’s, CPSF’s, PCE’s, SVCE’s, and SDCP’s compliance plans must show how they will comply with 20 CCR section 1623.1 of the LMS regulations. Among other things, this requires that the plans show how they will develop marginal cost-based electricity rates or programs, apply to their rate approving bodies for approval, and offer at least one such rate or program to their electricity customers. (20 CCR sections 1623.1(b)(2) and (4).)

In particular, the LMS regulations require that 3CE’s, CPSF’s, PCE’s, SVCE’s, and SDCP’s compliance plans show how they, with the approval of their rate-approving bodies, will:

1. Upload and maintain their time-dependent electricity rates in the CEC’s Market Informed Demand Automation Server (“MIDAS”) database and assign Rate Identification Numbers (“RINs”) to customers so they can access their electricity rates in real time and manage their energy use to optimize electricity savings and align it with supply and the availability of renewable energy. (20 CCR section 1623.1(c)).
2. Provide customers with access to marginal cost-based electricity rates that vary at least hourly for each customer class for which the rate-approving body determines such a program will materially reduce peak load. (20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(1) and (b)(4)). Where such rates have not yet been approved by a Large CCA’s rate-approving body, the Large CCA must provide programs identified as cost-effective according to 20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(3) that allow customers to respond to MIDAS signals indicating marginal cost-based rates, marginal prices, hourly or sub-hourly marginal greenhouse gas emissions, or other Commission-approved marginal signals (20 CCR sections

1623.1(b)(3) and (4)). To fulfill these requirements, Large CCAs may apply for approval of marginal cost-based rates that are offered by the Large Investor-Owned Utilities (“Large IOUs”, 20 CCR section 1621(c)(8)) in whose service areas the Large CCAs exist (20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(2).) By July 1, 2027, Large CCAs must offer each of its customers voluntary participation in either a marginal cost-based rate developed according to 20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(2) and approved by its rate-approving body, or a cost-effective program identified according to 20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(3). (20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(4).)

3. Conduct public information programs to inform customers of the benefits of marginal cost-based rates and automation, which may include saving money, aligning electricity usage with available green energy resources, and reducing use during periods of grid stress (20 CCR section 1623.1(b)(5)).

The LMS regulations also require 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, SDCP and the other regulated load serving entities (LSEs) to jointly build a RIN access tool so that customers and third parties may look up customers’ RINs and, with customer consent, program their electrical devices to connect with the rates uploaded to MIDAS (20 CCR section 1623(c)). However, large CCAs are not required to document these efforts in their compliance plans.

3CE and SDCP submitted their compliance plans to the CEC on March 7, 2024. PCE submitted its compliance plan on March 26, 2024. SVCE submitted its compliance plan on April 2, 2024, and CPSF submitted its compliance plan on May 21, 2024.

20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) establishes a process under which the Executive Director of the CEC (“Executive Director”) “shall review the plans and either return them to the Large CCA for revision or submit them to the Commission for review and potential approval.” The Executive Director “shall make an initial determination whether the plan... is consistent with the requirements of [s]ections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2).”

The Commission approves CCA compliance plans that are consistent with sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2) “and which show a good faith effort to plan to meet the goals listed in sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2).” “The Commission may place conditions on its approval of [compliance] plans that are necessary to guarantee that the plan... will comply with [sections] 1623.1(a)(1) and (2).” (20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3)).

The Executive Director conducted an initial review of all the compliance plans submitted under the LMS regulations. The CEC staff reached out to the LSEs, including 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP, collaborated with them, and provided them with the technical assistance necessary to bring their plans into compliance with the regulations’ requirements. The CEC staff docketed formal compliance plan revision requests to 3CE, CPSF, PCE, and SVCE on June 19, 2025. The CEC staff also published documents providing technical compliance assistance. They are available at: <https://efiling.energy.ca.gov/Lists/DocketLog.aspx?docketnumber=23-LMS-01>.

In response, 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SDCP, and SVCE submitted revised compliance plans to the CEC. SVCE submitted its revised plan to the CEC docket on September 16, 2025. 3CE and CPSF submitted their revised plans on September 17, 2025. PCE submitted its revised plan on September 18, 2025. SDCP submitted its revised plan on August 29, 2025. A key feature of 3CE’s, CPSF’s, PCE’s and SVCE’s revised plans is the CCAs’ commitment to participate in the expanded California Flexible Unified Signal for Energy (“CalFUSE”) pilots that the California Public Utilities Commission

authorized in its Decision D. 24-01-032. These pilots utilize marginal cost-based electricity rates and will be offered by the Large IOU within the service areas of 3CE, CPSF, PCE, and SVCE.

SDCP's revised compliance plan notes that SDG&E, the IOU in whose service area SDCP is located, is experiencing delays in offering dynamic rates and CalFUSE dynamic rate pilots. This appears to foreclose the option of offering participation in such rates or rate pilots to SDCP's customers by the July 1, 2027, deadline and, according to SDCP, also deprives it of the data on dynamic rates that it needs to evaluate whether offering them will materially reduce peak load. SDCP's evaluation is methodologically sound, and the conclusion is reasonable.

Accordingly, instead of offering its customers participation in CalFUSE rate pilots at this time, SDCP will offer its customers a portfolio of load flexibility programs that, taken together, comply with LMS requirements. These include programs that incorporate hourly signals from MIDAS that enable continuous, daily load shifts and tiered incentive programs that incorporate pay-by-performance elements.

The Executive Director reviewed the revised plans 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, SDCP submitted, makes the initial determination that they are consistent with the requirements of 20 CCR sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2), and submits them to the Commission for review and potential approval pursuant to 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3).

As required by 20 CCR section 1623(c), 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP, are working along with the other load serving entities subject to the LMS regulations in an open, public process to develop the single statewide standard tool (RIN tool) which will allow authorized third parties access to customer electricity rate information. 20 CCR section 1623(c)(2)(A) requires the RIN tool to be submitted by October 1, 2024, but 20 CCR section 1623(c)(2)(B) authorizes the Executive Director to extend this deadline for good cause. The Executive Director finds that good cause exists for extending this deadline to May 8, 2026, as discussed below.

A workshop on the RIN tool was held on January 17, 2024. A draft plan for the RIN tool was submitted on October 1, 2024, and on November 15, 2024, the CEC staff published a notice requesting public comment on it. Developing the RIN tool is a complex matter. It involves highly technical issues, implicates sensitive customer information, and is of interest to many stakeholders and members of the public. Based on the comments received, staff's analysis of them and the draft RIN tool plan itself, additional time, public input, and analysis are required before the RIN tool can be finalized. Accordingly, pursuant to 20 CCR section 1621(c)(2)(B), the Executive Director finds that good cause exists to extend the deadline for submitting the final RIN tool plan to May 8, 2026, the date established in the Commission's Orders 25-0508-05a (covering Pacific Gas & Electric Company ("PG&E"), Southern California Edison ("SCE") and San Diego Gas & Electric ("SDG&E")) and 25-0508-05b (covering San Jose Clean Energy (SJCE), Valley Clean Energy (VCE), and Peninsula Clean Energy Authority (PCEA)).

Although their compliance plans indicate that 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP are participating in developing the RIN tool as required by 20 CCR section 1623(c), 20 CCR section 1623.1 does not specifically require that Large CCAs document these efforts in their compliance plans.

## **II. THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR'S INITIAL DETERMINATION, FINDING OF GOOD CAUSE AND RECOMMENDATION**

20 California Code of Regulations section 1623.1(a)(1) provides that each Large CCA “shall submit a plan to comply with Section 1623.1.” 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) then requires the CEC Executive Director to “review the plans and either return them to the Large CCA for revision or submit them to the Commission for review and potential approval.” The Executive Director “shall make an initial determination whether the plan... is consistent with the requirements of [s]ections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2).” 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) requires the Commission to approve Large CCA compliance plans that are consistent with sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2) “and which show a good faith effort to plan to meet the goals listed in sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2).” Section 1623.1(a)(3) also provides that the Commission may impose conditions on its approval of the plans.

The Executive Director has reviewed the revised plans submitted by 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP, and makes the initial determination that the plans are consistent with the requirements of the LMS regulations. The Executive Director also finds that good cause exists to extend the deadline for submitting the final RIN tool plan to May 8, 2026. However, since, as discussed above, the law does not specifically require Large CCAs to document their efforts to develop the RIN tool in their compliance plans (although most do), there is no basis for including the RIN tool’s completion as a condition of approving 3CE’s, CPSF’s, PCE’s, SVCE’s, and SDCP’s compliance plans. The Executive Director recommends that the Energy Commission approve the revised LMS compliance plans submitted by 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP without conditions.

## **III. ENERGY COMMISSION FINDINGS**

The CEC makes the following findings:

- 1) 20 CCR section 1621(c)(10) defines 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP as “Large CCAs” for purposes of the LMS regulations (20 CCR section 1621, et seq.).
- 2) 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) requires Large CCAs to submit plans to the CEC for complying with the Load Management Standards regulations. 3CE submitted its plan on March 7, 2024, PCE submitted its March 26, 2024, SDCP submitted its March 7, 2024, and SVCE submitted its plan on April 2, 2024. CPSF submitted its plan on May 21, 2024.
- 3) 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) establishes a process under which the Executive Director of the CEC “shall review the plans and either return them to the ... Large CCA for revision or submit them to the Commission for review and potential approval.” The Executive Director reviewed the original plans 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP submitted and sought revisions to them. SVCE submitted its revised plan to the CEC docket on September 16, 2025. 3CE and CPSF submitted their revised plans on September 17, 2025. PCE submitted its revised plan on September 18, 2025. SDCP submitted its revised plan on August 29, 2025. The Executive Director made the initial determination that these plans comply with the requirements of the Load Management Standards regulation and submitted these revised plans to the Commission for its review and approval. The Executive Director also found good cause exists to extend the deadline for submitting the final RIN tool plan to May 8, 2026, the same extended deadline that has been established for other LSEs.
- 4) 20 CCR section 1623.1(a)(3) requires the Commission to approve Large CCA compliance plans that are consistent with sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2) “and which show a good faith effort

to plan to meet the goals listed in sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2)." The Commission finds that 3CE's, CPSF's, PCE's, SVCE's, and SDCP's revised compliance plans are consistent with 20 CCR sections 1623.1(a)(1) and (2) and show good faith efforts to plan to meet the goals of the LMS program.

- 5) The CEC has considered the application of CEQA to its approval of 3CE's, CPSF's, PCE's, SVCE's, and SDCP's revised compliance plans and concluded that its approval is not a "project" under CEQA, but that in the event that approval were determined to be a project, that it would nonetheless be exempt from CEQA under Class 7 (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15307) and Class 8 (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15308) because it constitutes a regulatory action that would protect natural resources and the environment, and the commonsense exemption (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15061 subd. (b)(3)) because there is no reasonable possibility that its approval would have a significant effect on the environment, even due to unusual circumstances.

#### **IV. CONCLUSION AND ORDER**

The California Energy Commission hereby approves the revised Load Management Standards compliance plans submitted by 3CE, CPSF, PCE, SVCE, and SDCP.

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

#### **CERTIFICATION**

The undersigned Secretariat to the CEC does hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct copy of an order duly and regularly adopted at a meeting of the CEC held on December 8, 2025.

AYE: Hochschild, Gunda, McAllister, Gallardo, Skinner

NAY: NONE

ABSENT: NONE

ABSTAIN: NONE

Dated: December 9, 2025

***SIGNED BY:***

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Kim Todd  
Secretariat